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Vol. 48 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1915. | No. 295

Blind and Dumb Through Gas Fumes

Canadians, Unconscious for Eight Hours Suffer Terrible—The Effect of the Poisonous Gas

LONDON, April 30.—A Canadian now under treatment at the base arrived eight hours after he had been caught and overcome by the fumes liberated by the Germans. He was still unconscious, but soon after being installed in the hospital revived under strenuous treatment. He was blind and for a time dumb. His blindness is apparently only temporary, purely functional and occasioned by shock, but other symptoms, the direct results of gas, are very remarkable. His tongue is swollen to nearly double its normal size, blotched with black patches and badly ulcerated underneath. The membrane of the mouth and throat is excessively inflamed, the lungs attacked and very severe bronchitis has set up. His pulse is no more than a faint flutter, his temperature high and respiration labored and difficult.

When after an hour or two in the hospital he came to sufficiently to be able to say something of his experiences. He said that he was involved only in the extreme edge of the gas cloud. All of a sudden he found a greenish yellow vapor enveloping him. A couple of inhalations completely incapacitated him, his throat became constricted and the earth seemed to be spinning around him like a top. He was violently sick, his knees gave way, and he rolled over on his back, three-parts unconscious. He just managed to crawl feebly out of the poison zone, then remembered no more until he awoke in the hospital. When he was undressed it was found that his arms and legs had turned a mottled blue, or rather violet. This was due to inhalation of the fumes, preventing proper oxydization of the blood.

Winnipeg, April 30.—A cablegram was received last night by A. [illegible] Hargraft, president of the Union Grain Company, from his son Captain Stuart Hargraft, of the 90th Winnipeg Rifles, announcing that he is ill in London. Captain Hargraft has not been wounded, but he has been placed hors de combat as a result of the poisonous gases used by the Germans.

Captain Hargraft has lived in Winnipeg for the past thirteen years. He is a graduate of McGill University, and also of the Royal Military College at Kingston, Ont.

WAR PURCHASES

Arrests Probable in Connection With Recent Revelations

OTTAWA, April 30.—A number of arrests is probable as a result of the examination which has been made by the Justice Department of evidence taken before the Public Accounts Committee in connection with war purchases. The evidence given before the committee was referred to the department by the House of Commons and has been carefully reviewed by officers of the department, assisted by outside counsel. The transactions regarding the sale of horses, field dressings and binoculars have been gone into, but it is understood that the binocular matter will be the first taken up and is now ready for action.

ALLIES' BIG VICTORY AT THE DARDANELLES

Sweep Turks Before Them and Occupy Several Towns—Australian and New Zealand Troops Have Baptism of Fire and Acquit Themselves Splendidly

LONDON, April 30.—(Special.)—The British War Office to-night made public an official communication concerning the operations of the allies against the Dardanelles:

"The disembarkation of the army in the Dardanelles began before sunrise on April 25. Six different beaches were used, and the operation was covered by the whole fleet.

"The landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strongly entrenched enemy in successive lines, which were protected by barbed wire entanglements, in some places fifty yards wide, and supported by artillery.

"On the sixth beach, near Sedd-el-Bahr, the troops could not advance until evening, when a fine attack by the British infantry from the direction of Cape Tekeh relieved the pressure on their front. The arrangements for landing had been concerted in the utmost detail between the fleet and the army.

"The result of the first day's operations was the establishment of strong British, Australasian, and French forces at three points; namely, the Australian and New Zealand troops on the lower slopes of Sari Bair, to the north of Gaba Tepe; the British troops at Cape Tekeh, at Cape Helles and near Morto Bay, and a French force on the Asiatic shore at Kum Kale, after a gallant attack toward Yeni Shehr.

"During the afternoon of the 25th strong counter-attacks by the enemy began, and hard fighting took place. Meanwhile the disembarkation of the army proceeded and was continually favored by good weather.

"At daybreak on the 26th the enemy was still holding the village and position of Sedd-el-Bahr, which was a labyrinth of caves, ruins, trenches, pits and entanglements. Aided by the gunfire of the fleet, the position was stormed by the British in frontal attack through undamaged wire entanglements. Sedd-el-Bahr was taken about 2 p.m., four pom-poms being captured. The situation at this end of the peninsula thus was definitely secured, and the disembarkation of French and British forces proceeded.

"On the morning of the 27th, after repulsing a Turkish attack upon their left towards Cape Helles, the allied forces advanced, and at 8 p.m. were established in an entrenched line running from a point about two miles north of Cape Tekeh to a small plateau above De Totts Battery. From this line an advance since has been made to the neighborhood of Krithia.

"Meanwhile Australian and New Zealand troops at Sari Bair, who pushed on with the utmost boldness, after the landing on the 25th, had been engaged almost constantly with the enemy, who made strong repeated counter-attacks, which invariably were repulsed. The Australian and New Zealand troops fought with a fine spirit of determination.

"On the morning of the 27th a fresh Turkish division was launched against Sari Bair, preceded by a heavy artillery fire. A hot engagement followed. The enemy came on boldly time after time, but the Australian and New Zealand troops defeated their every attempt, and by 3 p.m. had resumed the offensive."

"The French troops at Kum Kaleh also were four times strongly counter-attacked on the 26th, but retained all their positions. Five hundred Turks, who in the course of one of these counter-attacks were cut off by the fire of the fleet, were made prisoners.

"The operation of the landing army in the face of modern weapons and in spite of wire entanglements, under sea as well as on the land, and of land mines and deep pits with spikes at their bottoms, thus has been accomplished.

"The Admiral reports that the fleet is filled with intense admiration over the achievements of their military comrades.

"The casualties in the army necessarily have been heavy. The casualties in the fleet were not numerous. They appear to have been confined to torpedo-boat destroyers and to boats' crews engaged in landing operations, in which merchant captains and officers and crews of transports also have taken part.

"During the operations Turkish warships from Nagara (in the straits) several times have attempted to intervene, but have always made off directly the Queen Elizabeth was at hand.

"At noon on the 27th, however, a transport of about 8,000 tons was reported off Maidos, and before she could escape the Queen Elizabeth opened fire. The third shot hit and destroyed her. She sank rapidly, but whether she contained troops or not could not be seen.

"On the 28th and 29th the allied forces rested and improved and consolidated their positions and continued the disembarkation of stores and artillery. All counter-attacks by the enemy, which were incessant on the 28th, but weaker on the 29th, were repulsed.

"The fleet, as well as the supporting army, have begun to engage these batteries. The Triumph bombarded Maidos, which was in flames last night, the 29th."

Death of J. S. Tupper

TORONTO, April 30.—A cable was received tonight by Mr. Thomas Galt, K.C., stating that his brother-in-law, James Stewart Tupper, K.C., of Winnipeg, had died in England, where he had been under the care of Sir William Osler for the past few months.

The late Mr. Tupper was the oldest son of Sir Charles Tupper. He was called to the Ontario Bar in 1875; called to the Manitoba Bar in 1882 made a Queen's Counsel in 1890 and a bencher of the law society of Manitoba in 1900.

Look gentlemen! I will change this American eagle into a roaring, raging British Preference lion.

Mail Horse Ran Away

Broke up 21st Parade—Sent Bugle Bandsmen Scurrying—Driver Injured

KINGSTON, April 30.—A runaway horse that threatened to make a clean sweep of the 21st Battalion that was drilling on the Cricket Field Thursday morning, started on Union street west and dashed eastward along this thoroughfare barely escaping the drums of the Bugle Band that were lying on the lawn in front of the Court House. The animal made the soldiers beat a hasty retreat. It dashed across the Cricket Field and many of the battalion gave chase. Finally the animal came to grief when the mail delivery cart No. 1, to which it was attached struck forcibly against one of the large trees, caving in the front of vehicle.

J. Hanson, the driver who was inside of it, was thrown heavily against the roof of the waggon and was stunned. The force of the collision against the tree dazed the horse and it was grabbed by the soldiers.

Mr. Hanson was taken from the vehicle and it was some time before he recovered. The horse was so badly frightened that it would not stand, and it fell prostrate where it remained until the arrival of its owner, J. McFadden.

Another horse and waggon was secured to finish collecting the mail.

FIGHT IN HOME FOR GIRLS

Ten Magdaline Inmates Arrested After Wrecking Dining-Hall

NEW YORK, April 30.—A telephone call for help reached the West 117th Street Police Station last night from the Magdalene Home for Wayward Girls at 191st Street and Bolton Road Inwood, and Sergeant Parsons and the reserves hurried there in an automobile patrol wagon. They found 100 of the 175 girls in a fight. The dining room, where they were fighting, was almost a wreck. Windows had been broken and shattered glassware and crockery littered the floor.

The policemen had a hard time separating the combatants, but they succeeded at last and picked out ten girls who, Miss M. B. Conachie, the Superintendent, said, were ringleaders of the trouble. As soon as they were arrested the trouble subsided quickly and the other girls went quietly to their quarters.

Miss Conachie said yesterday was her first day as Superintendent, and she had expected a little trouble possibly, but nothing like what came. The girls were dissatisfied, apparently, with the change in Superintendents, for Mrs. Freedman, whom Miss Conachie succeeded, had promised them many small liberties, and there was much whispering among the girls at dinner time. Then the plates began to fly.

Miss Conachie said she and the attendants had exhausted their own efforts to get order before telephoning for the police. The ten girls she accused were taken to the station and locked up.

Irish Will Fight Till Drop of Hat

Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Devlin Head Delegation to Paris

PARIS, April 30.—A delegation of Irish members of the British Parliament headed by T. P. O'Connor and Joseph Devlin, bearing addresses to President Poincare and Cardinal Amette, has arrived here and will deliver the messages to the President and Cardinal today.

The address to President Poincare affirs the absolute adhesion of the Irish race to the cause of the Allies and expresses its firm resolution to participate in the struggle "until a regime of justice based upon the sacred rights of nations shall have been established in the world."

Mr. Devlin, on behalf of the ancient Order of Hiberians, will present to Cardinal Amette an address which is a tribute of esteem from the Catholics of Ireland to those of France.

All parties are uniting to extend a cordial reception to the Irish delegation. Premier Viviani and Foreign Minister Delcasse, will speak at a luncheon to be given in their honor Saturday by the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber of Deputies presided over by Leon Bourgeois, former Premier, at which the British Ambassador will be present.

The Allies are reported as having made great progress at the Dardanelles. The Terrible Turk seems to be having a hard time of it.

GEN. FRENCH REPORTS FOES' ATTACK CEASED

Great Artillery Activity Prevails Around Ypres, However—The French, Supported by Artillery, Have Made Remarkable Progress

LONDON, May 1.—(Special.)—The semi-weekly report from the headquarters in the field of the British commander-in-chief, Field Marshal Sir John French, dated April 30, was given out here last night as follows:

"The situation on our front has remained unchanged during the last 48 hours. The area in the neighborhood of Ypres has been the scene of great artillery activity throughout this period, but there have been no other operations so far as the British army is concerned.

"On our immediate left the French made counter-attacks today, supported by our artillery fire, which made sensible progress.

"Yesterday a German aeroplane was attacked in the air and fired at by our guns and was brought down at our lines east of Ypres.

"Successful mining operations have been carried out southwest of Wytschaete and in the neighborhood of Givenchy."

CALL TO BE MADE FOR FIFTH CONTINGENT

Canadian Losses at Langemark Have Given Great Impetus to Recruiting—Four Complete Army Divisions in the Field This Year

OTTAWA, May 1.—Special—The casualties to the Canadians have stimulated recruiting in Canada. Men all over the country are joining the colors in larger numbers than since the first enlistment after the war began. This is the reply of Canada. One hundred thousand men are now under arms. Soon there will be one hundred and fifty thousand. In the commons towards the end of last session, General Hughes intimated that 150,000 men would be sent if they were required. This force will be necessary.

It is probable that before the end of the present year Canada will have four complete army divisions in the field according to the results of the fighting which has already occurred; these will require very large reinforcements so that the whole 150,000 men will be needed. A British army division, it is understood, is about 21,000 men.

A Fifth Contingent

There is a full Canadian division at the front. There are several thousand men still in England, who went with the first contingent, and these are being rushed to the front according to cables, which have been received. Canada has two more contingents ready and the fourth is being recruited. Soon the call will go forth from General Hughes for recruits for a fifth contingent.

REFUSED 17 1-8 CENTS

For Cheese Offered on Frontenac Board Thursday

KINGSTON, April 30.—At the Frontenac Cheese Board meeting on Thursday afternoon, 17 1-8c was offered for white cheese, but the offer was refused. This is a record price. The market opened at 15c bid by L. W. Murphy and in quick order the bid was raised to 17 1-8c for the white offered, and 16 9-16c by G. A. Smith for all the colored. The latter bid was only accepted by Forest Factory. L. W. Murphy, J. Gibson, city; G. A. Smith, Parham; George Thompson and George Cleall, Napanee, were the buyers present. Mr. Cleall represented Alfred Alexander, Napanee who is ill.

The following factories boarded cheese: Elm Grove, 25; Forest, 40. Glenvale, 35; Bay View, 40; Collins Bay, 30, all colored, and Glenburnie, 50 white.

In the absence of the president, George Potter presided.

48th Highlanders Taken Prisoners

(Canadian Press Special)

TORONTO, May 1.—Mrs. C. D. Cory received a cable this morning from her son, Colonel George Cory, in France, saying: "Colonel Currie (commanding 48th Highlanders) writes me that Bob's company was cut off and practically all were captured."

Capt. Bob Cory commanded B. Company of the 48th.

Did anybody ever hear of a more generous April in respect to places in the sun?

WILL APPOINT ARBITRATOR

Conferences Between British Ministers and Employers Broke Down

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 1.—Conferences between ministers and employers have broken down, the men asking a ten per cent. increase, and the matter has been left in the hands of Premier Asquith, who will appoint an arbitrator.

KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

(Canadian Press Special)

CHATHAM, Ont., May 1.—Joseph Fahey, of Dundas, and Leslie Gerow of Chatham, while inspecting a Hydro-Electric line at Kent station, came in contact with a high voltage wire. Gerow was badly burned on the right arm, and Fahey instantly killed.

RUSSIAN STEAMER SUNK

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 1.—The Russian 2000-ton steamer Svorono, bearing Welsh coal to Archangel, a Russian port on the White Sea, was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine off the west of Ireland. The crew were all saved.

BERLIN USUAL REPORT

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, May 1.—A German military headquarters report says: All attacks of the enemy on the west bank of the canal, northwest of Ypres, and on the east bank of the canal north of Ypres, resulted in failure.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS IS IN PERFECT HEALTH

WASHINGTON, May 1.—(Special.)—The Russian Ambassador today received the following telegram from the Minister of Foreign Affairs in Petrograd:

"Please contradict most categorically false reports spread by the German press, according to which the Grand Duke Nicholas was said to be ill. The Grand Duke, Commander-in-Chief, is in perfect health and has been accompanying his Majesty the Emperor, in his recent visit to Galicia."

Third Contingent to Supply Men

Notices Being Sent Out to Candidates on Waiting List

TORONTO, April 30.—According to the estimate of the military authorities, no less than 5,000 soldiers will be included in the latest draft for reinforcements for the First Canadian Contingent. There are in Canada about twenty units which are officially known as "reserve battalions" and the call from the Militia Department has been made approximately 250 men from each of these active service regiments, making 5,000 in all.

Replacements in the reserve battalions are to be made from the militia units. In the case of the 35th Battalion, of Toronto, Lieut.-Col. F. C. McCordick is making arrangements to send out notices to candidates on the waiting list to fill up the gaps caused by the draft. The local militia units will, in turn, take on more recruits.

According to Lieut.-Col. H. M. Elliot, A.A.G. to-day, there will be no concentration of the draft in Toronto, but the various details will probably gather in an Eastern Canadian centre. The date of departure is not known, but it is very improbable, according to Col. Elliot, that these reinforcements will reach the firing line before the second contingent go into action.

No advantage of the permission of the Militia Department to allow members of the Canadian Mounted Rifles to join these reinforcements will be taken. Lieut.-Col. Vaux Chadwick has decided to keep his unit intact for special operations which are to come. This means that the three battalions of the third contingent of the local division will supply all the men needed from this division.

Dunkirk Still Being Shelled

Germans Still Have Eye on French Coast Nearest England

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 1.—(Afternoon's official statement)—No change is reported in the general situation on the front since giving out the official communication last night.

Ten more shells fell on Dunkirk during the evening of yesterday (Friday) and there were several victims.

London newspapers say the bombardment of Dunkirk means that the Germans still cling to their cherished hope of occupying the French coast nearest England. More than one editorial writer points out that Flanders still remains a critical theatre of operations.

Earthquake Shocks

Felt This Morning in London and Washington

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Earthquake shocks, described as unusually severe and probably destructive, were recorded on the seismograph today. Tremors continued for almost two hours at an estimated distance of 5,500 miles.

London, May 1.—A severe earthquake shock was recorded early this morning. The indications suggest the centre of the disturbance in Japan.

THE HIGH SCHOOL WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

At the annual meeting of the High School Women's Institute in the High School Assembly Room at 4 p.m., Monday, May 3rd, in addition to the election of officers, the following matters, concerning work, past and future, will be taken up: A report of the Secretary-Treasurer, Mrs. McFee; "What the Medical Inspection Committee have been doing," Mrs. (Dr.) Marshall; Past and Future in Our City Social Work, Miss Bradley; Our Playgrounds, Mrs. Armstrong; Principal MacLaurin's Message to High School Mothers. Every High School mother and all friends of High School students are urgently requested to be present.

GERMANY WARNS AMERICA

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 1.—An official notice published by the German embassy in every important city in the United States today says Americans are given renewed warning that they travel on ships flying flags of Germany's enemies at their own risk.

Saturday Bargains

$2.00 Men's Rain Coats, all sizes; sale $6.50
$3.00 Men's Trousers, all sizes; sale $2.00
$2.50 Men's Trousers, all sizes; sale $1.50
35c. Gents' Hook-on Ties; sale ..... 15c.
All kinds Men's Overalls, special ..... $1.00 and 75c.
Women's House Dresses, reg. up to $3.00; sale 75c
$1.25 Men's Negligee Shirts, collars reversible; sale ..... 79c.
75c. Ladies' Blouses, all sizes, sale price ..... 29c.
Special prices on all Laundry Soaps.
Handy Ammonia and Panshine ..... 3 pkgs. 25c.
25, 40, 60 Watt Tungsten Lights, sale, each 25c
25c. Boys' and Girls' ribbed Cotton Hose, sale ..... 15c.
Extra values in Ladies' Lisle Hose, sale ..... 25c.
15c. Ladies' fine Cotton Hose ..... 2 pairs 25c.
Great Wash Goods values in Crepe, Voile, Muslins, Ginghams, etc., at ..... 25c., 20c., 15c., 12½c., 10c.
15c. fancy Figured Curtain Muslin, sale ..... 10c.
New checked Dress Goods, double width ..... 30c. and 17c.
All kinds of Ladies' Fancy Neckwear .... 50c., 35c., 25c., 15c.
$1.00 White Flouncing Embroidery, 45 ins. wide, yard .... 59c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Solves the Breakfast Problem

For nine years Kellogg's Corn Flakes have constantly increased in popularity and have solved the breakfast problem in thousands of Canadian homes.

Made - in - Canada from the Sweet Heart of the finest white corn. 10c. per package.

The Full Story of Ypres Battle

An "Eyewitness" of British Army Gives Graphic Description of Memorable Fight

LONDON, April 30.—The British official "Eyewitness," in a narrative of the battle of Ypres, says the Germans had prepared to attack the allied line on the twentieth, but the wind not being favorable for the use of asphyxiating gases, they postponed it until the 22nd.

The gas, the narrative says, was distributed along the German front line in front of the French position, and the wind being from the north it was blown directly on the French. The German plan, according to the eyewitness, was to make a sudden onslaught south-westward, which, if successful, would enable the Germans to gain crossings on the canal south of Bixschoote and place them well behind the British line and in a position to threaten Ypres.

"Allowing time for the vapors to take full effect on the troops facing them," says the "Eyewitness," the Germans charged forward over the practically unresisting enemy in their immediate front, and, penetrating through the gap thus created, pressed on, silently and swiftly to the south and west. By their sudden irruption they were able to overrun and surprise a large proportion of the French troops billeted behind the front line in this area and to bring some of the French guns, as well as our own, under a hot rifle fire at close range.

"Our flank being thus exposed, the troops were ordered to retire on St. Julien, with their left flank parallel to, but to the west of the high road. The splendid resistance of these troops, who saved the situation, already has been mentioned by the commander-in-chief.

PROJECTILES CONTAINED GAS.

"Meanwhile, apparently waiting until their infantry penetrated well behind the allies' line, the Germans opened a hot artillery fire upon various tactical points to the north of Ypres. The bombardment being carried out with the ordinary high explosive shell and shrapnel of various calibres and also with projectiles containing gas.

The "Eye-witness" then tells how a battery of field artillery, which the Germans had virtually surrounded, held upon the Germans at point blank range, checked their rush and did not lose a gun. The infantry meantime had withdrawn to St. Julien. Reinforcements finally were brought up by officers on their own initiative to meet the Germans, who by this time were barely two miles from Ypres.

"These battalions," the narrative continues, "attacked the Germans with the bayonet, and then ensued a melee in which our men more than held their own, both sides losing heavily. The German battalion seems to have been particularly severely handled. Its Colonel was captured among several other prisoners.

"Other reinforcements were thrown in. As they came up when night fell the fighting was continued by moonlight, our troops driving back the enemy by repeated bayonet charges, in the course of which our heavy guns were re-captured. By then the situation was somewhat restored in the area immediately north of Ypres. Farther to the west, however, the enemy had forced their way over the canal, occupying Steenstraate, and crossing at Het Sas, had established themselves at various points on the west bank.

"In the early morning of Friday we delivered a strong counter attack northward in co-operation with the French. Our advance progressed for some little distance, reaching the edge of the wood about a half-mile west of St. Julien ana penetrating it.

AT 'EM WITH THE BAYONET.

"Here our men got into the Germans with the bayonet, and the latter suffered heavily. The losses also were severe on our side, for the advance had to be carried out across the open. But in spite of this nothing could exceed the dash with which it was conducted. One man—and his case was typical of the spirit shown by the troops—who had his rifle smashed by a bullet, continued to fight with an entrenching tool.

"About 11 a.m., not being able to progress further, our troops dug themselves in.

"Broadly speaking, on the section of the front then occupied by us the result of the operations had been to remove to some extent the wedge which the Germans had driven into the Allied line, and immediate danger was over. During the afternoon our counter-attack made further progress south of Pilkem, thus straightening the line still more."

The writer then tells how the Germans, bringing up strong reinforcements, "and again using gas," captured St. Julien and managed to throw several brigades across the canal. The British, "made a strong counter-attack Sunday, and while they gained some ground, it stopped in front of the village of St. Julien. The Germans, the narrative adds, made repeated attacks against the British near Broodseinde backed by a tremendous artillery bombardment and gas, but they all were driven off "with great slaughter to the enemy."

Read Ritchie's List of Saturday Night Bargains on Page 8. Exceptional Offerings for To-night.

FRENCH CRUISER WAS AT TERCENTENARY

Ill-Fated Ship at Quebec For Celebration—Was Visited by Kingston Press Representative

(Kingston Standard)

The news of the sinking of the French cruiser Leon Gambetta by an Austrian submarine in the Adriatic Sea on Tuesday will recall to many the fact that the ill-fated ship was one of the foreign representatives at the Quebec tercentary celebration on the St. Lawrence four years ago. The Gambetta was visited by many Canadians when she was at the ancient capital in 1911.

A representative of The Daily Standard who attended the tercentary celebration, was among the large number of press representatives who were invited by the French Admiral Jarregoubary to inspect the Leon Gambetta, and was shown every nook and corner of the fine French fighting ship. The Standard man with all the other press men sat down to a delightful lunch with the admiral and the officers of the ship which was sunk a few days ago in the Adriatic Sea.

GORMANS INSTALLED SHOE SHINE

A fertile in passing the Gorman Shoe House this morning, noticed a large number of heavy cases being taken in the Store. He walked in to investigate and interviewed the man boss, Mr. Thompson, and Mr. Thompson informed him that they were installing one of the most complete and up-to-date Shoe Shine Parlors, in connection with their business as he found anywhere between Toronto and Montreal.

Workmen were busy all day putting this heavy fixture in place and to-night the Gorman Shoe House will welcome the ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity to call in, at any time, and have their shoes shined. The usual price will be charged, namely: 5c. for black shoes and 10c. for colored shoes.

We are certain that the citizens, especially the ladies will appreciate this move on the part of this progressive Shoe House. 11

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 29th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

The 39th Battalion is most certainly learning that the musicians of Belleville are as kind as they are talented —and as talented as the best. The former part of this week's City Hall programme was arranged by Mrs. Wilmot; and to learn how much her efforts were appreciated one needs but to ask the first soldier met upon the street. The numbers given were: Vocal, "Annie Laurie;" Miss Ponton; encore, "Till the Boys come back." Violin Serenade by Drdla, Miss Higgs. Reading: "Recruiting," Miss Tutte. Vocal Duet, "Gondoliers" and "The Mocking Bird," Miss Wilmot and Miss Gwendolyn Wilmot. Banjo instrumental, Mr. Lack. Vocal: "New Troy Times," Miss McDonnell. Violin instrumentull: Humoresque by Davorak, Miss Higgs. Reading: "The Soldier's Call," Miss Tutte. Mr. Lack, who has just returned from Germany spoke for a few minutes, telling the boys some very interesting things about the people they are preparing to fight On behalf of the Battalion, Lieut. Preston thanked the artists of the evening for their kindness.

This morning on the armouries lawn 5 officers and 250 men were provided with all necessary equipment. They are the members of the 29th Battalion who have been selected to go as reinforcements to Flanders. Captain W. Hudson is to be in command of the body of men, and they are prepared to leave on short notice. The orders received, are to be in readiness at noon on Monday for marching orders.

KIP-STON

As a complement to the efforts of the Assault-at-Arms at the Royal Military College, the 21st Battalion took their quad by-rating moves through the city streets. The battalion was out in full strength and presented a fine appearance.

The annual camp for students of the School of Mining opened at Barriefield on Thursday morning, with about sixty students enrolled. Capt. W. P. Wilmot is in charge of the camp, which is located in the same position as last year. The camp will last for ten days.

The boys band of the 21st Battalion will take part in the closing concert of the Militia Y.M.C.A. in Orpheus Hall next Monday night.

It is now definitely decided that the Y.M.C.A. will have a large tent at Barriefield camp for the purpose of continuing the good work they have carried on in Ontario Hall for the past eight months.

Lieut. Massie of Cobourg, and Lieut. Greene of Halifax, have arrived at the R.S.A. and reported for drill.

Artillery has been received to place Queen's Engineer, under command of Barriefield, and in the course of a few days this will be done. Aboul fifty men will go into camp.

Lieut. Ross, No. 2 Company, C. F. A., is back from St. John's, Que., where he left the remount depot men whom he took from Kingston. Lieut. Ross said it was a sight to see the western cowboys who had responded to the call for men for the remount depot. They were there with all the picturesque trappings of the west—the ranch rider, and fit to break and handle the most vicious horse.

The ginger commons at Barriefield are being laid out for the purpose of accommodating the infantry units and the 8th C.M.R. who will come here about the 15th of May. The Mounted Rifles will come on the extreme right of the infantry, north east of the line of butts. The camp water supply will be extended to the lines of the mounted corps.

A vicious and annoying bull terrier attempted yesterday morning to interfere with the little mixed breed dog that follows the right half battalion of the 21st on all its parades and presentations. But the little military dog just stopped long enough to teach the other fellow that there was nothing in the 21st Battalion that would refuse a fight. The bull terrier got a good shaking, and he slunk away regretting interfering with a military dog on parade. After doing his training, the 21st canine caught up with the parade and marched along as though nothing of an unusual character had occurred.

Men of Sedentary Habits find Recall Orderlies the ideal laxative—their action being gentle and natural. Sold only by R. N. Sherman's. The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c & 50c. Boxes.

ONLY A "RING-OFF"

"Auntie, did you ever get a proposal?"

"Once, dear. A gentleman asked me to marry him 'over the telephone, but he had the wrong number."

About the best variety of mobilization is mobilizing prosperity.

WEDDING BELLS

KEARNS—FOSTER

An interesting marriage service was solemnized at St. Patrick's Catholic church, Toronto, on Tuesday morning at eight o'clock, when Miss Helen Lillian, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Foster, of Albert street, became the bride of Mr. John Kearns, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Kearns, St. Charles avenue. Rev. Father Connolly officiating. The bride was given away in a taupe silk suit with hat to match, and was given in marriage by Mr. Kearns, uncle of the groom. Miss B. Foster was the sister's only attendant. Mr. Bert Kearns assisted the groom. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Kearns drove directly to the depot and left for an extended trip to the West. On their return they will take up their residence on St. Charens avenue, Toronto.

Protect Your Children

Their little hurts, cuts, and bruises may have been caused by some germ infected object. Then is always the possibility that blood poisoning may be the result of neglect—don't neglect immediately apply Absorbine, Jr. It will thoroughly cleanse the affected parts, kill the germs, and promote rapid healing.

Absorbine, Jr. is a powerful germicidal liniment and yet absolutely harmless. It is made of herbs and is non-destructive of tissue. Can be used by the smallest member of the family without any danger whatever.

Use Absorbine, Jr. wherever a liniment or a germicide is indicated. Pleasant to use and economical as only a few drops are necessary for each application. Keep a bottle handy at all times—it will prove indispensable.

$1.00 and $2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered.

A Liberal Trial Bottle will be sent postpaid to your address upon receipt of 10c in stamps. Send for trial bottle or procure regular size from your druggist today. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

WHOOPING COUGH
SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS COLDS CATARRH

Vapo Cresolene

Est. 1879

Safe, sure and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vapo-Cresolene relieves Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma, preventing the distressing paroxysms if used early. Sold by druggists everywhere. Write for booklet.

Vapo-Cresolene Co., Limited
Canadian Building, MONTREAL, Can.

GRAVES OF CANADIANS

Arrangement Will be Made for Their Identification

OTTAWA, April 30.—Arrangements for the identification of Canadian soldiers killed in battle with a view to the return of their remains for interment at home if their relatives so desire, will be made as a result of representations by General Hughes, Minister of Militia to the British authorities. The Minister of Militia suggested that some distinguishing feature should be placed with every soldier buried in France.

CARLING'S GOLD MEDAL ALE & PORTER

For Sixty Years Canada's Finest Brands

These famous brands are brewed exclusively by the old English methods, as adopted by ENGLAND'S GREATEST BREWERIES

Our Ale, Porter and Lager are recognized as the greatest health giving tonics on the market to-day.

NEW STRIPED FOULARD

Foulards are keeping pace with the popular clothe and silks and the new striped foulard is even given preference now that the pleated skirts are in vogue as the stripes give that pleated effect. The flaring styles, if anything are fuller than before. This model in blue and white stripe has an embroidered belt and the white collar and cuffs are lined with blue silk. Deep flaring, turn-back cuffs of the same material as the collar are worn.

THE WEATHER.

Moderate to fresh northerly winds, cloudy and cool to-day.
Sunday, a few local showers.

TRY OUR

Buns — Tarts
Fried Cake — Cookies
Doughnuts — Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

KRYPTOK

I Want New Business —of discriminating people. I've many now on my records—I want yours.

There's a good reason why I should have it.

I give the best Complete Sight Service obtainable—and at moderate charges.

I've had over twenty years' experience, and my equipment and methods are up to date.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla — Lemon — Pineapple
Orange — Ginger — Cinnamon
Rose — Pineapple — Wintergreen
Almond — Peppermint — Strawberry
Raspberry — Maple — &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE

Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.

Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelly Powders ..... 5 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Pomeroy Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c. &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

CRS REDUCED

ON AND AFTER
May 1st
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at
30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store. Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

10 Per Cent Discount Off All Our New Stock

You can save money here this week on everything—Blouses, Hosiery, Glasses—Underwear, Dress Goods, Black Silk, Shirtings, Linens, White Cottons, House Dresses, Whitewear, Kimonos.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Sox, Braces—everything new.

Next Door to Geen's — Wims & Co — 282 Front Street

Cerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that establi shed the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Record Price Paid For Cheese

At the local Cheese Board today 564 boxes of white and 228 boxes of colored cheese were offered for sale. The price realized was the highest ever recorded in this city, if not in the Province. Mr. Watkins secured 156 boxes of white at 17 5-16c; Mr. Sprague 78 boxes of white at 17 11-16c, and Mr. Ayer 90 boxes of white at 17 11-16c. Mr. Sprague also secured 62 boxes of colored at 17 5-8c, and Mr. Kerr 159 boxes of colored at 17 9-16c.

"MADE IN CANADA"
RADNOR
RADNOR
THE NEW ARROW COLLAR

Belleville Branch Of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to April 27th:

Jodoin Long (March and April payments)	$ 2 00
Maidenland	5 00
J. W. Johnson, M.L.A., (5th contribution)	10 00
Customs House Staff (April payment)	10 00
Standard Bank Staff (April payment)	5 00
Rosalie Daly	10 00
T. H. Marshall	5 00
Dr. A. E. MacColl (March and April payments)	10 00
Knights of Columbus (8th contribution)	10 00
Thomas Moore (April payment)	10 00
E. V. Bronn (April payment)	1 00
A. R. Walker	5 00

Victories are desirable—but tragically expensive.

New Quarters for Orange Society

Up-to-Date Lodge and Other Rooms in Preparation—A Fine Home For Flourishing Society

The Orange Society in this city is having fitted up a new lodge room, which when completed will be up-to-date in every respect and make a fine home for this well-known and flourishing Order. The new hall is situated on the 3rd floor of what is known as the Corbett block on the east side of Front street, and will be ready for occupancy in about two weeks time.

The lodge room proper is a spacious apartment, being 55 feet in length, and 23 feet in width. The walls and ceiling are done in mirecco and present an inviting appearance. From the ceiling will be hung appropriate electric light fixtures. The floor will be covered with cork. The Master's, Deputy Master's Past Master's and Chaplain's chairs will be appropriately draped. The walls will be adorned with pictures and emblems. On either side of the lodge room pictures of Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Bro. F. M. Clarke, Grand Secretary, will be seen, they being two of the oldest and honored members of the Order.

Adjoining the lodge room to the north is situated a dining room, which is 25 feet in length and 12 feet 10 width. This will accommodate a large number and can be used for a committee room if necessary.

In the rear of the dining room is a kitchen 12x12, fee in which is placed a gas stove and all requisities.

Adjacent to the kitchen is the anteroom, being 22 feet by 12 feet. This will be properly fixed up. The perparation room, as it is termed, is located on the north side and is at the rear of the lodge room. Here candidates will be prepared for initiation. This room is 10x10 feet.

A paraphernalia room has also been provided. In this room are located seven cupboards or apartments where all the paraphernalia of the lodge will be kept under lock. This room is 22x8 feet, and is connected by a door to the lodge room proper.

The planning and preparation of these premises were done by Mr. L. Soule and reflects upon him much credit. When the work is completed and the lodge room ready for occupancy, it will be second to none in the city.

The Development of the Novel

Address by J.G. Carter-Troop M.A. Before Women's Club—Many in Attendance

Under the auspices of the Women's Canadian Club an address was given last evening in the assembly room of the High School, and despite the inclement weather there was a large attendance. Mrs. J. F. Wills, President, presided over the gathering.

The speaker of the evening was Mr. J. G. Carter-Troop, M.A., of Toronto, who is a versatile lecturer, and who has given addresses in many places in Canada and the United States. His subject was "The Development of The Novel." The learned lecturer, in the early part of his remarks, referred to writers of novels and stories, and depicted in an interesting manner the characters of the writers and the theme of their writings. In many instances, he said, the winning characters of stories or fiction were, let be done by women then men, but this was by no means the general rule. The learned speaker referred minutely to the early writers of fiction and their masterpieces. In the dark ages there was but little story telling, but as enlightment dawned stories were more frequently written. In speaking of the dramatic impulse in human nature Mr. Carter-Troop said it was such that it could not be overcome. The regular drama and writing of same was prevalent even as far back as the 16th century. After referring to the many writers of dramas and stories in the earlier centuries, the speaker referred explicitly to writers of more recent years. John Bunyan had given us a great book. A book which fe world-wide read, namely "Pilgrim's Progress." It is a wonderful book of art in the presentation of characters it desires to portray. Robinson Crusoe, also a delightful book is not a novel, and it has not a plot. It is however, a great story, and its realism is wonderful. Jane Austen had many respects a great novelist. She had a wonderful knowledge of the human heart. He wrote "Virtue Rewarded", "Pride and Prejudice." It was a definite novel with a definite plot. It is put on a par with the writings of such a man as Plato. He discovered the emotional power of mankind, but had no sense of humor. He had the art of constructing a drama, although he was not such a learned man. Henry Fielding was another great writer and wrote most interesting fictional stories. He was a sailor and he knew all war and wrote upon same. Scott, Dickens, Stephenson and other writers of fiction and stories were referred to in glowing terms by the learned speaker.

At the close of the address a vote of thanks, moved by Mrs. P. C. McLaurin and seconded by Mrs. A. C. McFee was tendered the speaker, and was most appropriately conveyed to Mr. Carter-Troop by the President, Mrs. J. F. Wills.

Exceptional Bargains at Ritchie's To-night. Read the List on Page 8.

The Late Hiram D. Lawrence

Mr. Hiram D. Lawrence, one of the oldest and most prominent business men of this locality, died on Monday, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Clarence C. Bullock. He was descended from an old and prominent New England family, being the eldest son of the late George Lawrence of Boston. The city of Lawrence, Massachusetts, is built on land which at one time belonged to his grandfather. For many years Mr. Lawrence has been actively engaged in business throughout Northumberland County and his business integrity and uprightness have gained him many friends. For many years he has been recognized as an excellent authority in all financial questions. For several years he lived in Campbellford, but on the death of his wife he came to Brighton to live with his only daughter, White here he made many friends and will be greatly missed. In religion he was a Methodist. Mr. Lawrence was in his 77th year. The burial took place at Warkworth on Wednesday—Brighton Ensign.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the most reliable blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Will You Be Ready

When warm weather arrives?

Don't wait for those hot sultry June days before discarding your high shoes.

Comfort combined with real style satisfaction awaits you in a pair of our pumps.

Pumps and Colonials, all the latest style effects, $2.00 to $4.50

Sole Agents for "Altro" and "Walk-Over" Shoes.

W. H. Adams
The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Oven linings are removable and cleanable—coated with anti-rust solution. The ovens of

McClary's Gas Ranges

For artificial or natural gas

Utilize all the heat to best advantage. Glass doors if desired. See the McClary dealer.

Sold By
The Smith Hardware Co.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 1.—(Special)—The following casualty list was given out by the Militia Department early this morning:—

FIRST BATTALION.
Wounded.

KOSOVICH, Pte. Eli (formerly 9th battalion), Next of kin not stated.

WARD, Thomas Chas., Oil Springs, Ont.

SWANSON, Sergt. Harry, Comber, Ont.

ROBERTSON, David, Montreal.

HANCOCK, Geo., 46 West Main St., Galt, Ont.

CHIVERS, Company Sergt. Major William, Waterloo, Ont.

THORNTON, John, 595 Peel Street Woodstock.

MACKINNON, Archibald, Canoe Cove, P.E.I.

CLARK, Ernest Victor, Box 86, Dundas.

MUTTON, Chas., 31 Highland Ave. Windsor.

BANKS, James-Corp. Edward, 25 St. David's Street, Stratford.

SIMMERS, G. E. A., Preston.

WHITLA, Lance-Corp. William, 184 North Water Street, Galt.

CROOKES, James Thurston, Copestone, Ont.

BYE, Arthur James, 152 Colborne Street, Chatham.

BOYCE, Thomas, 468 Hamilton Road, London, Ont.

SEXTON, Thomas Edward, 68 Dorset Street, Chatham.

O'NEIL, Corp. James, Dundas.

RICHARDSON, Wm. Walker, King Street, Dundas.

FRYER, Enoch D., 63 Dover Street Stratford.

STEELE, Lewis Anthony, Brougham Post Office.

LLOYD, N. Sydney Colston, Walkerville.

HARRASS, William Edward, Detroit.

BRICKER, Rifer, St. George, Ont.

TOMPKINS, Pte. Philip, Edmonton. Died of Wounds—MOYNIHIN, John Elora, Ont.

SECOND BATTALION.
Wounded.

WHEELER, Lieut. Otis Goodwin 209 Somerset St., Ottawa.

HOOPER, Capt. William Henry, 14 Monkland Ave., Ottawa.

THIRD BATTALION.
Wounded.

WOOD, James Harold, 145 Queen Street West, Ottawa.

HURD, G. K., 93 Lippincott St., Toronto.

FOURTH BATTALION.
Wounded—BLUNT, Harry, Meaford, Yorks, Eng., seriously.

FIFTH BATTALION
Wounded—GILES, Edward, 75 Turner Street, Ottawa.

EIGHTH BATTALION
Wounded.

MOTHERSILL, Major Georges Sydney, 254 O'Connor St., Ottawa.

KEES, Frederick John, Transcona, Manitoba.

TENTH BATTALION.
Killed.

HALL, Sydney Grafton, Saskatoon.

CLARKE, Maurice Tredway, Medicine Hat, Alta.

HULME, Alfred, Winnipeg.

WATSON, William Allen, Perth, Scotland.

Wounded.

HERON, Andrew, Calgary.

ROBBINS, Sergt. Roy Russel (formerly 11th) 295 Bay Street North Hamilton.

WHITE, S., 1375½ Front St., Sarnia.

BRANGAN, F., Winnipeg.

JOHNSON, Lance-Corp. B., Winnipeg.

PURMAL, Nicholls, Little Plume, Alta.

SERAIN, John (formerly 11th), Saskatoon.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.

JAMIESON, Capt. Harry Robert, Montreal.

LAIRN, Gilbert, Montreal.

HAMILTON, John Harrison, Montreal.

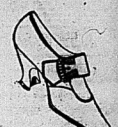
MCKENZIE, Robert, Outremont Quebec.

CLARK, John Miller, Ainprior.

ECCLES, Michael Vincent, Kingston.

Continued on Page Eight.

Our Handsome Footwear Styles elicit many compliments and much admiration



Our Ladies' Colonials, Oxfords and Pumps have a character of their own
Priced at
$1.50 to $4.00
Great Values

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.'s Specials for Saturday

$1.00 Ladies' Parasols in assorted handles, sale price ..... 75c. each
Young Girls' Rain Coats, Paramatta Cloth; special $2.49
$1.00 Ladies' fine Embroidered Underskirts, special ..... 79c.
$1.25 Ladies' soft White Cotton Nightgowns, sale price ..... 75c.
House Dress Special in variety of colors ..... 97c.
Washable Silk dress material in stripes and floral colors, regular $1.00 yard; sale price ..... 65c. yard
Children's Cotton Drawers, sale price ..... 10c.
35c. Women's Cotton Drawers, special ..... 25c.
Children's Fine Cashmere Hose, all colors, special ..... 15c. pair
Women's Good Cotton Hose ..... 15c. pair, or 2 pairs 25c.
Ladies' Silk Gloves, regular 75c. quality; sale ..... 35c.
Ladies' Ankle Silk Hose, very special ..... 25c. pair
75c. Ladies' Silk Hose on sale at ..... 50c. pair
New Corsettes in very pretty designs at ..... 49c., 75c. and 85c.
Saturday Rush price on Hammocks $1.98
Men's Fine Cashmere Hose, black and tan ..... 25c. pair
Men's Cotton Hose ..... 15c. pair; 2 pairs for 25c.
Great values in Men's Shirts ..... 75c. Shirts for 50c.
Men's Underwear, best quality at ..... 25c., 35c., & 50c. garment
2 only, Raincoats, sizes 34; sale price $3.85
$5.00 Men's Raincoats, best quality, cemented seams, good serviceable coats, special at $4.49
Men's Umbrellas, well made frames covered with good wearing material; special $1.00
25c. Men's Silk four-in-hand ties in all the leading colors; sale price 19c.
Boys' Blouses on sale ..... 25c. each

SEE WINDOWS FOR BARGAINS.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR April Sale

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

GERMAN ATROCITIES.

Stratagems—or to put it more plainly—tricks, necessarily form an important part of warfare. The Allies are quite fully a match for the Germans in this respect, but their methods are vastly different. This week's operations have made this difference all the plainer. Germans were elated at a temporary victory gained by overwhelming their opponents by means of poisonous gases. This stratagem had doubtless been planned with a secret demoniac glee which none but the Huns can feel. It was carried out successfully and its effects marked with grim satisfaction. When we come to the stratagem resorted to by the Allies we look upon a very different picture. To enable them to land troops on the Gallipoli Peninsula and yet evade the enemy's guns a novel device was resorted to. A thousand donkeys, with dummy baggage and mounting guns, were put ashore at a certain spot. The Germans and Turks at once directed a strong force in this direction; and were no doubt perplexed that the enemy they had come to attack did not return their fire. They found out the reason when it was too late. The ruse had succeeded splendidly and the Allies landed their force some distance up the coast without let or hindrance. The amusing incident comes as a welcome relief from the ordinary painful messages which are despatched from the seat of war. If the Germans would confine themselves to such harmless expedients as these the British—with their true sporting instincts, would good-naturedly admit they had been worsted and would respect their opponents. But the barbarous and inhuman tactics resorted to by the Germans has shocked the whole civilized world. It is the one surprising and lamentable feature of this terrible war. It should make every honest German who has a spark of honor or manliness in him hang his head with shame. The latest atrocity perpetrated by the Huns is vouched for by the correspondent of the London (Eng.) Daily Mail, who states that it is absolutely proved that "a Canadian ambulance was deliberately sought out and followed by a battery until all were killed." We can fully understand the effect that villainous acts such as this and the bayoneting of wounded Canadian soldiers have had upon British and Canadian soldiers. "Almost for the first time," adds the correspondent, "I found in our men that feeling of bitter rancor which makes even shattered men crawl back from the hospital in to battle." To read of these atrocities in the twentieth century, perpetrated by a nation which boasts of its "Kultur," is a staggering revelation of German character.

CLEAN-UP WEEK.

The Board of Health has recommended that the City Council proclaim from May 7th to May 14th as clean-up week for Belleville. The suggestion is an admirable one, and we have no doubt that it will be adopted by the City Council. In most houses spring-cleaning is being engaged in; and the idea of a public clean-up is that the inhabitants should pay attention to their back yards, removing any old rubbish which may have accumulated in the winter; and in other ways do everything possible to make their houses perfect from a sanitary point of view, and their surroundings bright and attractive. It follows that if the inhabitants carry out their part of the arrangement, the City Council must keep up their end. This will be the opportunity for the Council to bestir themselves and see in what way they can improve the city and make it more beautiful. There are many little ways in which they could benefit residents and visitors. On some of the timber sidewalks rotten boards have become loose and been dislodged, and pedestrians run the risk of a broken ankle. The names of some streets have become almost illegible, and might with advantage be attended to. There are several unsightly corners in the city, where rubbish meets the eye. The City Council has a big field over which to operate, and clean-up week will be a favorable opportunity to carry out many small improvements in the public interest.

CURRENT COMMENT

Possibly the increase in drinking among British workmen is due to a patriotic desire to drink more and thus help to swell the revenue from liquor duties.

Farmer's Advocate: "Horse breeders would welcome some outlet for Canada's surplus horses. From letters received at this office there is a growing feeling that Canada should have some chance to sell the kind of horses which the Allied armies require. There is something wrong with the horse market when in spring good horses are offered at auction, and bids are not forthcoming."

The best solution of the drink problem which Lloyd George is allowed to propose is a large increase in the customs and excise duties on spirits, wines and heavy beers—and even this proposal has raised a storm of protest from the Irish members. There are moments, probably, when Lloyd George wishes he were an autocrat—Hamilton Herald.

A lady recently said: "My son is in the battle line. If he is killed, I will run the Union Jack to the top of the mast." This is a magnificent exhibition of faith that the sacrifice of her son, if it must be made, will not be in vain; that she believes the world will be all the better because her boy has died for it. Surely there must be a silver lining to the war-cloud—Victoria Colonist.

One of the richest prizes which will fall into the lap of Great Britain is the Bagdad railway. Already a British-Indian force has been pushing its way up from the head of the Persian gulf, and driving before it the Turkish forces. The operations of the allies on the Bosphorous will cut the railroad at the other end, and in time it will pass from the possession of Turkey and Germany. The railroad is an immensely valuable concession, and it runs through the valleys of the Tigres and Euphrates, once the world's most fertile region. This district is not only a great oil producing area, but is capable of growing the finest wheat in the world—Journal of Commerce.

WALKED INTO GARAGE, DROVE OFF WITH CAR

CHATHAM, April 30.—The new seven-passenger automobile owned by John Park, well known foundryman of this city, was stolen last night. The machine had been in Mr. Park's possession only a couple of weeks. The thief entered the garage at the rear of Mr. Park's home and drove off with the prize.

Always Keep Them In The House

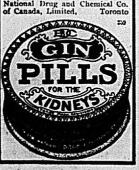
That's what Mr. H. J. Eastwood, of Carleton Place, Ont., says about Gin Pills.

"I have taken Gin Pills and find them good for pain in the Joints, Swollen Hands and Ankles, and all symptoms of Kidney and Bladder Trouble. We always keep them in the house."

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

If you are feeling badly, perhaps it is your Kidneys or Bladder that is causing the trouble. If there is pain over the Bladder—if the urine is hot and scalding—too free or scanty—if the urine shows brick dust deposits or mucus—if there is constant pain in the back—restless sleep and loss of appetite—then you certainly need Gin Pills. Get them to-day and feel better to-morrow.

Gin Pills are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 boxes for $2.50. Free trial treatment if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto



MADE IN CANADA
REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES AND DEMAND
ROYAL YEAST
THE BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD
E.W.GILLETT CO.LTD.
TORONTO, ONT
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Robert E. Kemerer

108 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT

TORONTO, May 1st 1915

Temiskaming-Beaver—Owing to the connection of the workings and management of the Temiskaming and Beaver Mines it is best to consider the two properties under the one head.

There can be no doubt whatever as to the value of the new finds. The ore is very high grade, and has been proven up on 5 levels on the Temiskaming and 4 levels on the Beaver, and the vein has now been cut on the 650 foot level of both properties. At one place on the Temiskaming 500 foot level the vein widens out to 7 ft. over all, splitting into six smaller veins all of the high grade. In addition Temiskaming is recovering excellent milling ore from the old workings in veins which were passed over by the former managements. It is a signficant fact that Cobalt people are steadily absorbing both Temiskaming and Beaver shares.

Insiders claim that the present liquid assets of the Beaver Mining Company amount to $750,000. From information received from thoroughly dependable sources I am satisfied that the price of Beaver will be materially advanced in a very short time. I believe that there is a quick ten point profit in the shares at present prices.

Kerr Lake—The draining of Kerr Lake by the Kerr Lake Mining Company, revealed a number of veins of remarkable richness and dividends are assured for a long time to come. The Main East vein appears on the surface as straight as though ruled and runs from three to six inches in width. This "silver curb" is so rich that it is possible to walk for a distance of 300 feet without touching anything but pure sliver. Though this may sound like an exaggeration I can assure my readers that it is an absolute cold fact. The Fleming and No. 10 vein are remarkably rich but are not quite so spectacular as the Main East.

The Main East vein has been stopped for a length of 200 feet and at a width of 20 feet, all ore extracted being very good mill grade. Nothing of any importance has been done on the Fleming or No. 10 as the Main East, and the underground workings are keeping the mill supplied up to capacity.

Crown Reserve—That portion of Kerr Lake which is the property of the Crown-Reserve has not as yet been cleared of clay and over-burden, but it is possible that they will encounter some veins similar to those located by the Kerr Lake Company. I would not, however, advise the purchase of Crown Reserve shares.

Chambers-Ferland—Rumors are prevalent in Cobalt to the effect that Chambers-Ferland have at last cut the Nipissing vein. This report has been current a number of times but even if it is correct I cannot see that it would justify the purchase of the stock. As a matter of fact I think that Chambers-Ferland is selling for more than it is worth.

Jupiter—These shares have shown marked activity during the week, and have shown uniform strength. The company have some $400,000 of ore blocked out, and a resumption of operations will cause a decided advance in the price of the stock. This stock should be purchased on all reactions.

Porcupine Imperial—This stock has held very firmly during the week. A carload of machinery has been sent up to the mine and operations will be started immediately. I regard this as one of best speculations on the list.

Porcupine Contact—This is a very promising property, and it would be well to watch developments as I think this will be a profitable trading stock later on.

	Asked	Bid
Brazilian	57½	56¾
Consumers Gas	183	..
Inter Petroleum	10.00	..
Mackay Com	82	81½
Mackay Pfd	70	..
Maple Leaf Com	59¼	59
Maple Leaf Pfd	96	95
Twin City	..	99⅞
Canada Bread Pfd	90	..
Porcupine Stocks		
Dome Extension	11	.10
Dome Lake	.20	.17
Dome Mines	13.50	13.00
Foley-O'Brien	.30	.25
Hollinger	24.50	24.20
Homestake Mines Fin	.30	.20
Jupiter	.13	.12
McIntryre	.51	.50
Porcupine Crown	.83	.81
Porcupine Vipond	.58	.56
Rea	.12	.11
Teck-Hughes	.05½	.05
Cobalt Stocks		
Bailey	.02⅞	.02⅝
Buffalo	.55	.40
Beaver	.37⅞	.37½
Chambers-Ferland	.23	21½
Crown Reserve	.95	.87
Kerr Lake	5.10	4.90
La Rose	.52	.49
McKinley-Darragh	.33	.30
Nipissing	6.20	6.20
Peterson Lake	.25	.24
Temiskaming	.39¼	.38½

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New Health-Giving Blood

In the spring the system needs a tonic. To be healthy you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new tap to renew their vitality. Nature demands it, and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia. Often there are disfiguring pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has lessened your vitality. What you need in spring is a tonic medicine to put you right, and in all the world of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new blood drives out the seeds of disease and makes easily tired men, women and children bright, active and strong. Miss Edith Brouseau, Savona, B.C., says: "I was as pale as a ghost, suffered from headaches, severe palpitation of the heart at the slightest exertion. I had little or no appetite and seemed to be drifting into a decline. I was attending High School in Vancouver at the time, and the doctor advised me to stop. I did so and took his treatment for some time, but it did not help me in the least. Upon the advice of a friend I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and in a very short time they gave me back complete health and enabled me to resume my studies. I have enjoyed the best of health since, and owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or can be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"THE FAMILY CANDY"

Keep it around the house for the children to dig into.

It can't hurt them no matter how much they eat, because it is absolutely pure—and not too rich for them.

And you will like it as well as they do.

Every piece machine-wrapped and absolutely clean and germ-proof.

Quaker REGISTERED MOLASSES CANDY

THE CALL TO CANADA

Canadian men, your brothers' blood
Cries out across the Atlantic flood
For vengeance on the Hun.
Be swift to answer, blow for blow,
And hurl back Freedom's deadliest foe
Till victory is won.

To arms! Fill up the shattered ranks
Of them that fell near Yser's banks,
But nobly won the day;
Immortal these—though never more
Their feet may tread their native shore,
Their deeds live on for aye.

More men! More men! Heard ye the call
Who answers, there to stand or fall,
In honor's sacred name
Their spirits call who stood the test;
On alien soil their bodies rest,
But theirs is deathless fame.

The cost! Aye, reckon it, but know
There is a deeper human woe
Than tidings of the slain;
It is to nurse the craven heart;
To shirk, to play the coward's part,
When duty's call is plain.

Thank God! No craven fears bring shame
To Canada; the ardent flame
Of valor thrills her men;
Their arms are strong; their hearts are true;
Their righetous vengeance will pursue
The spoiler to his den.

—A. M. BELDING.

St. John, N.B.

Convoy

MADE IN CANADA Tooke BROS LIMITED

KING OF SWEDEN ILL

King Gustave Reported to Have Recurrence of Stomach Trouble

LONDON, April 30.—A dispatch to the Central News from Stockholm says that King Gustave is ill, apparently with a recurrence of the stomach trouble for which he underwent an operation a year ago. The correspondent says it is stated that the illness of the King is of a somewhat serious character.

King Gustave was operated on early last April for ulceration of the stomach by Professor John Wilhelm Berg, the celebrated Swedish surgeon. It was said that the ulcer was more or less superficial in nature and showed no signs of being malignant. The King, after he had sufficiently recovered, went to Carlsbad to recuperate.

NEW ZEALAND'S OFFER

Large Force of Mechanics to Make Munitions of War

LONDON, April 30.—The New Zealand Government has offered to send a large force of mechanics to England to assist in the manufacture of munitions of war. It is stated that a sufficient number of first-class mechanics in New Zealand already have volunteered for this duty.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOUBLE TRACK ALL THE WAY
BELLEVILLE - CHICAGO
BELLEVILLE-MONTREAL
Unexcelled Train Service
Smooth Roadbed
Highest Class of Equipment

Homeseekers' Excursions

Round trip tickets to points in Western Canada, via Chicago, on sale each Tuesday until October 26, inclusive at low fares. Return limit two months.

Full particulars and tickets at Grand Trunk Ticket Offices.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

Maritime Express

Leaves 8.15 a.m. Daily

With Through Sleepers for

ST. JOHN and HALIFAX

Connection for the Sydneys Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

First Trip, Ocean Limited, May 2

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool	Montreal
Apr. 23, Metagama,	May 6
May 7, Missanabie,	May 20
May 21, Metagama,	June 3

Special Steamship Train with Lunch Counter Car will leave Union Station, Toronto, on Wed., May 5 at 10 a.m.

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily.
No. 16—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 62—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	2.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 p.m.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.00 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville, Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local.

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR LATEST MATCH?

ASK FOR

"THE BUFFALO"

LOOK FOR THE BUFFALO ON THE BOX

The E. B. EDDY CO, Limited
HULL, CANADA

The Standard Bank OF CANADA

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 98

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending the 30th April, 1915, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and its Branches on and after Saturday, the first day of May, 1915, to Shareholders of record of the 23rd April, 1915.

By Order of the Board,
G. P. SCHOLFIELD,
General Manager.

Toronto, 30th March, 1915.

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager Belleville Branch

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?

Each maturing son and daughter should have a personal Savings Account in the **Union Bank of Canada**, with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

Belleville Branch J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED

Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.

A General Banking Business conducted.

Belleville Branch H. SNEYD, Manager

Agricultural News

REMEMBER THE BEES

Beekeepers did not look with too much pleasure on the practice of spraying fruit trees with arsenicals when it first became a common operation in the orchard. Seldom has there been a beekeepers' meeting during recent years where the matter was not mentioned and discussed and with considerable vehemence. The trouble centres around the spray for the codling worm which should take place after the tree blossoms. Prof. Caesar in his pray calendar states the time as "immediately after the blossoms have all or nearly all fallen, and before the calyces close." If the trees are carrying considerable fresh bloom when the application of spray is made the bees are likely to be present in numbers working among the flowers and apiarists claim that large numbers are poisoned. Of course no fruit grower can spray trees here and there and leave many because, on account of the variety, they are not far enough advanced. When the majority of the trees are ready for spraying then the secretion of nectar will be about ended and the pollen will be practically dried up. Bees will not be working in the blossoms to any great extent, except on those in fresh bloom and the damage done will be overlooked by beekeepers.

It would be well to bear the importance of the honey bee in mind. Every fruit grower is dependent upon insects for the proper fertilization of the bloom and so efficient is the bee in carrying pollen from one flower to another that growers are establishing colonies of bees near or in the plantation so they may assist in securing a good set of fruit. Any personal dislikes which have been entertained regarding the bee should be banished when the matter of a fruit crop for the orchardist or a crop of honey for the apiarist is at stake. With just a little thought and just a little concession made, which will mean gain both to the fruit grower and beekeeper the trouble may not arise again this year. Everyone has a right to a place on the earth if not "in the sun" and with the increasing appreciation held of the honey bee we believe the time is fast passing when beekeepers will feel obliged to protest.

NATURE'S DIARY.

A. B. Klugh, M.A.

The woods of the East are now gay with spring flowers, the white, pink and mauve Hepaticas on their woolly petioles amid their dark green three-lobed leaves, the delicate pink bells of the Spring Beauty, the white, crocus-like blossoms of the Bloodroot, the pendant yellow flowers of the Adder's-tongue, the racemes of the Dutchman's Breeches and Squirrel Corn with their nodding, peculiar shaped flowers, Trilliums red and Trilliums white, Violets blue, white and yellow.

The Dutchman's Breeches is often termed "Boys and Girls" and the following by an unknown author expresses a quaint but pleasing fancy:—

"In a gymnasium where things grow,
Jolly boys and girls in a row,
Hanging down from cross-bar stem
Builded purposely for them.
Stout little legs up in the air,
Kick at the breeze as it passes there;
Dizzy heads in collars wide
Look at the world from the underside,
Happy acrobats a-swing,
At the woodside show in early spring."

Flowers at any season are welcome, but thrice welcome are the flowers of early spring. They are loved for their own beauties of form and coloring, but still more are they loved for the memories of past springs and for their promise for the future. They are symbolic of re-awakening, of resurrection. So closely are flowers associated with the finer feelings of humanity that they are, from the cradle to the grave, symbolic of many things. Several coffins containing the bodies of soldiers who had died in hospital were being carried out for burial. All but one had wreathes on them. A nurse noticing this, pulled a portion of a vine from a wall, wound a hasty wreath, and placed it on the unadorned coffin. A simple and pathetic incident of this great war, but one which illustrates how even in times of great stress the innate sensibility of the human mind expresses itself by means of a floral tribute.

The early Butterflies are now on the wing. One of the first to appear is the Mourning Cloak, a species of fair size, with purplish-brown wings which bear near the margin a row of oblong blue spots and which have a deep border of yellow.

The number of wild plants which are useful from a culinery standpoint is much larger than is commonly supposed, and among the tender green things which appear above the soil in the spring there are many which possess excellence of both flavor and texture. The Marsh Marigold, (Catha palustris) a plant with large golden yellow flowers (which resemble a huge Buttercup), and round or kidney-shaped leaves and which is very common in very marshy places, furnishes most excellent greens if the young leaves are githered when about half-expanded. If the flavor is a little too strong to suit the taste it is a good plan to throw away the first water after some fifteen minutes' boiling and to boil twenty minutes in the second water. This plant has many common names in different parts of the country, being known as Marsh Buttercup, Golden Blobs, and sometimes Cowslips the latter being an entirely unwarranted use of the name of a totally different European flower.

A very good substitute for asparagus is found in the Bracken. The young shoots must be cut very soon after they appear above ground and when the frond is still tightly coiled up like a little knob at the top. Each shoot should be rubbed with a towel in order to remove the woolly coating on the outside. They should then be tied in bundles, boiled for half an hour, and served hot with melted butter or white sauce. The main thing is to cut them young enough, as they soon become not only tough but bitter.

The spring migration is now in full swing and every day sees the arrival of one or more species. A flash of gold proclaims the Yellow Warbler, the Barn and Tree Swallows twitter gaily as they circle gracefully overhead, the House Wren fairly bubbles over with song. We greet them each one, as they announce themselves, and the glorious matin of a May morning awakes an echo in the heart of the nature lover.—Farmers' Advocate.

WHERE PRODUCER AND CONSUMER SHOULD MEET

The majority of apple growers will agree that the request for Spys is out of proportion to the demand that exists for other standard varieties of apples. Some say that 33 per cent., which is usually the quantity of Spys asked for in each order, represents the proportion of dessert apples required, and that the remainder will be used for cooking purposes. Such is not the case, for some consumers know too little about apples and the Northern Spy has been kept so persistently before the public in conversation, publications and advertising that everyone must have Spys, much to the consumer's detriment financially and to the inconvenience of the grower. Many apples have been bought and paid for as Spys, but eaten as Baldwins, Ontarios or Kings. That system of distribution and selling might have been passable, if it did lack justification two decades ago. However, from now onward, through the good offices of the law and competition, consumers will get what they ask for in most cases, especially in barrel and box lots.

For some time these columns have advocated a continuous, persistent and efficient campaign for advertising fruit, to be carried on by the growers in organization. At the last annual meeting of the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' Association members pledged themselves for certain amounts to conduct an advertising campaign, and organizations throughout Canada are making similar plans. As this movement grows it should attempt to place the different varieties of apples in their proper places and eliminate the misconception entertained regarding the undisputed superiority of the Northern Spy. There is no doubt as to the excellence of the Spy apple but what is wrong with the Snow, McIntosh Red or King for dessert purposes, and with Baldwin, Greening Talman Sweet Stark, and dozens of other kinds for cooking? We should not like to see the demands for Spys decreased but we should like to see the demand for varieties, that can be grown more cheaply, increase proportionately. The trouble is that Spys are being used for cooking purposes where a cheaper variety would do just as well and often better, while such estimable kinds as Snows, McIntosh, Kings and many others do not receive the consideration they should as dessert apples. There are many other dessert apples and dozens of kinds of cooking apples that we have not mentioned here, but they stand high in the estimation of those who know them and have used them.

Considering the years required for a Spy tree to come into bearing, and the careful handling and packing the fruit must have, Northern Spys are worth $1.00 per barrel more than most other varieties. In many cases this extra price is received, but too often they are sold below their value in order to obtain a sale, or only a very modest price for other kinds in the same shipment. We should consider it a very wise move on the part of growers to educate the consumers to an appreciation of our many standard varieties and disabuse their minds as to the outstanding and indisputable superiority of the Northern Spy which at present is deep seated. This would mean a financial saving to the consumer, and it would relieve the grower of an obligation he finds difficult to comply with. Such an understanding would ameliorate conditions for consumer and producer alike, both should be interested.

SOUR MILK FOR CHICKS

There is no better beverage for young chicks than sour milk. On many plants they take the newly-hatched chicks from the nest or incubator and with a medicine dropper or fountain-pen filler give the young ones a little, clean, sour milk. It is considered a preventive for white diarrhoea and many troubles that young chicks are heir to. Mortality can be decreased to a large extent in this way, for the germs of disease gain entrance while the organs of the chick are young and susceptible. The lactic acid and nature of the sour milk combine to clear the system and make it harded for disease to become fixed. Chicks will drink the sour milk readily, and with plenty of it they will not require much animal food. It is a good beverage both to encourage growth and prevent disease.

No Reciprocity With Motorists

Hon. W. H. Hearst Sends Reply to Ontario Motor League—Gives Room for Hope

TORONTO, April 30.—The Ontario Government refuses to go back on the stand already taken in witholding the exchange of automobile licenses between this Province and the United States, for which Ontario motorists have been so eager during the past few years. In a letter to the Ontario Motor League, Premier Hearst to-day states that after careful consideration the Government is unable to see its way clear to granting the request of the league, this year at all vents, for the interchange of automobile licenses with the United States.

On March 23rd a deputation of some 400 motorists representing motoring opinion all over the Province besieged the Parliament Buildings and laid a request before Premier Hearst that in return for similar action on the part of the authorities across the line, American motorists be allowed to enter Ontario without paying a license fee. The deputation came on the heels of a statement by Mr. Hanna that this privilege could not be granted, the motorists deciding to place the matter directly before the Premier. Consideration of the matter was promised and the final decision of the Government was given today.

At present Ontario is the only Province where a reciprocal agreement of this kind with States across the border is not in force. The State laws provide that wherever a Canadian Province decides to grant the right of free entry to motorists from the State in question, a similar privilege shall be accorded to motorists from the Canadian Province. The granting of this privilege by the Ontario Government would automatically secure a similar privilege to Ontario motorists in the States.

Means Big Revenue

The motorists contend that the large increase in the number of American motorists who would tour in Canada if the license fee were removed would indirectly be of greater benefit to the Province than the revenue derived from the license fees, although this money would not go directly to the Government. Last year there were some 6,000 cars from the other side registered in Ontario, and this meant a revenue of $60,000 for the Government. It seems that the Government is loth to give up this direct revenue for the benefits that the motorists declare would accrue from license exchange.

In the phrase, "at al, events, not this year," used in the Premier's letter, however, motorists see a gleam of hope that later on, when there is not such a depressing need for revenue the license exchange may be worked.

A student of New York University has invented a typewriter for the Chinese; there are 4,200 keys, each representing a character.

FAME AND JOHN BUNNY

(From the New York World)

Millions of persons no doubt will mourn the loss of John Bunny, to whom the death of a Prince or Prime Minister would be a matter of indifference. A discriminating London critic a year ago called him the "most famous man in the world," and the reels upon reels of films that have since then displayed his expansive features have certainly not dimmed his renown.

Bunny was a competent actor of comedy roles in the regular drama for years, yet unknown to one in a thousand of those who subsequently came to know and admire him through the movies. The advent of the film drama found him peculiarly well endowed for the new art of acting without words. The range of his facial expression was altogether wonderful, and when the emotion of the moment had told its story in his features there was nothing left for the words to do.

The London Saturday Review once said: "When Mr. Bunny laughs, people from San Francisco to Stepney Green laugh with him. When Mr. Bunny frowns, every kingdom of the earth is contracted in one brow of woe. When he smells a piece of Gorgonzola cheese, there is no doubt whatever that his nose had been seriously offended. His despair is incredible. His grief is unendurable. His wrath is apolectic. His terror is the panic of a whole army.

The movies gave him a unique fame, and he in turn gave to the movies a talent for entertainment which helped mightily in justifying their reason for existence.

A general attack on the Dardanelles forts has been commenced. Gen. Attack is likely to be a successful leader.

Italy seems practically to have decided upon war. Come on in Italy, the going's fine.

Beautiful weather and extensive casualty lists seem to be related.

A FAMILY REMEDY FOR MANY YEARS

(Used "Fruit-a-tives" With The Best of Results.

GEORGE McKAY Esq.

KIPPEN, ONT., June 17th, 1913.

"I have been using "Fruit-a-tives" as a family remedy for many years. They are the best medicine I have ever tried. "Fruit-a-tives" do me the most good—they never gripe and their action is pleasant.

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GEORGE McKAY.

The enormous demand for "Fruit-a-tives" is steadily increasing, due to the fact that this wonderful fruit medicine gives prompt relief in all cases of Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Rheumatism, Chronic, Headaches, and Neuralgia, and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. Sold by all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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The most useful article in the kitchen

—is a good Food Cutter. There are so many ways in which it helps—for making meat balls, rissoles or fish cakes—for mincing fruit and vegetables and for other purposes. You cannot buy a better machine than the—

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"HOME 65" FOOD CUTTER

—made in Canada by the only Canadian Firm manufacturing Food Cutters. Has four different cutting plates (or, if preferred, 3 plates and nut grater) and close fitting cap renders the machine quite watertight.

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THE DRIFT OF FATE

Her gaze left me, to dwell upon the old man with infinite affection. "John had no right to bring you in, sir," she said primly. "I have never known him do such a thing before, and—Lord 'a' mercy! there is the mistress' knock. Go, John, and let her in; and this gentleman," with an inquisitive look at me, "will not mind stepping a bit aside, while her ladyship goes upstairs."

"Certainly not," I answered. I hastened to draw back into one of the side passages, into the darkest corner of it, and there stood leaning against the cool panels, my hat in my hand.

In the short pause which ensued before John opened the door she whispered to me, "You have not told him, sir?"

"About the pictures?"

"Yes, sir. He is blind, you see."

"Blind?" I exclaimed.

"Yes, sir, this year and more; and when the pictures were taken away—by the present earl—that he had known all his life, and been so proud to show to people just the same as if they had been his own—why, it seemed a shame to tell him. I have never had the heart to do it."

Blind! I had never thought of that; and while I was grasping the idea, now, and fitting it to the facts, a light footstep sounded in the hall and a woman's voice on the stairs; such a voice and such a footstep, that, as it seemed to me, a man, if nothing else were left to him, might find home in them alone. "Your mistress," I said resently, when the sounds had died away upon the floor above, "has a sweet voice; but has not something annoyed her?"

"Well, I never should have thought that you would have noticed that!" exclaimed the housekeeper, who was, I dare say, many other things beside housekeeper. "You have a sharp ear, sir; that I will say. Yes, there is something gone wrong; but to think that an American gentleman should have noticed it!"

"I am not an American," I said, perhaps testily.

"Oh, indeed, sir. I beg your pardon, I am sure. It was just your way of speaking made me think it," she replied; and then there came a second louder rap at the door, as John, who had gone upstairs with his mistress, came down in a leisurely fashion.

"That is Lord Wetherby, drat him!" he said, on his wife calling to him in a low voice; he was ignorant, I think, of my presence. "He is to be shown into the library, and the mistress will see him there in five minutes; and you are to go to her room. Oh, rap away!" he added, turning toward the door, and shaking his fist at it. "There is many a better man than you has waited longer at that door."

"Hush, John! Do you not see the gentleman?" interposed his wife, with the simplicity of habit. "He will show you out," she added rapidly to me, "as soon as his lordship has gone in, if you do not mind waiting another minute."

"Not at all," I said, drawing back into the corner as they went on their errands; but though I said, "Not at all," mine was an odd position. The way in which I had come into the house, and my present situation in a kind of hiding, would have made most men anxious to extricate themselves. But I, while listening to John parleying with someone at the door, conceived a strange desire, or a desire which would have been strange in any other man, to see this thing to the end; conceived it and acted upon it.

The library? That was the room on the right of the hall, opposite to Mrs. Wigram's sitting room. Probably, nay I was certain, it had another door opening on the passage in which I stood. It would cost me but a step or two to confirm my opinion. When John ushered in the visitor by one door I had already, by way of the other, esconced myself behind a screen, that I seemed to know would face it. I was going to listen. Perhaps I had my reasons. Perhaps—but there, what matter? I, as a fact, listened.

The room was spacious but comber, wainscoted and vaulted with oak. Its only visible occupant was a thin, dark man of middle size, with a narrow face, and a stubborn feather of black hair raising above his forehead; a man of Welsh type. He was standing with his back to the light, a roll of papers in one hand. The fingers of the other, drumming upon the table, betrayed that he was both out of temper and ill at ease. While I was still scanning him stealthily—I had never seen him before—the door was opened, and Mrs. Wigram came in. I sank back behind the screen. I think some words passed, some greeting of the most formal, but though the room was still, I failed to hear it, and when I recovered myself he was speaking.

"I am here at your wish, Mrs. Wigram, and your service, too," he was saying, with an effort at gallantry which sat very ill upon him, "although I think it would have been better if we had left the matter to our solicitors."

"Indeed!"

"Yes. I fancied you were aware of my opinion."

"I was; and I perfectly understand, Lord Wetherby, your preference for that course," she replied with sarcastic coldness, which did not hide her dislike for him. "You naturally shrink from telling me your terms face to face."

"Now, Mrs. Wigram! Now Mrs. Wigram! Is not this a tone to be deprecated?" he answered, lifting his hands. "I come to you as a man of business upon business."

"Business! Does that mean wringing advantage from my weakness?" she retorted.

He shrugged his shoulders. "I do depreciate this tone," he repeated. "I come in plain English to make you an offer; one which you can accept or refuse as you please. I offer you five hundred a year for this house. It is immensely too large for your needs, and too expensive for your income, and yet you have in strictness no power to let it. Very well, I, who can release you from that restriction, offer you five hundred a year for the house. What can be more fair?"

"Fair? In plain English, Lord Wetherby, you are the only possible purchaser, and you fix the price. Is that fair? The house would let easily for twelve hundred."

"Possibly," he retorted, "if it were in the open market. But it is not."

"No," she answered rapidly. "And you, having the forty thousand a year which, had my husband lived, would have been his and mine; you who, a poor man, have stepped into this inheritance—you offer me five hundred for the family house! For shame, my lord! for shame!"

"We are not acting a play," he said doggedly, showing that her words had stung him in some degree. "The law is the law. I ask for nothing but my rights, and one of those I am willing to waive in your favor. You have my offer."

"And if I refuse it? If I let the house? You will not dare to enforce the restriction."

"Try me," he rejoined, again drumming with his fingers upon the table. "Try me, and you will see."

"If my husband had lived——"

"But he did not live," he broke in, losing patience, "and that makes all the difference. Now, for Heaven's sake, Mrs. Wigram, do not make a scene! Do you accept my offer?"

For a moment she had seemed about to break down, but her pride coming to the rescue, she recovered herself with wonderful quickness.

"I have no choice," she said, with dignity.

"I am glad you accept," he answered, so much relieved that he gave way to an absurd burst of generosity. "Come!" he cried, "we will say guineas instead of pounds, and have done with it!"

She looked at him in wonder. "No, Lord Wetherby," she said, "I accepted your terms. I prefer to keep to them. You said that you would bring the necessary paper with you. If you have done so I will sign them now, and my servants can witness them."

"I have the draft, and the lawyer's clerk is no doubt in the house," he answered. "I left directions for him to be here at eleven."

"I do not think he is in the house," the lady answered. "I should know if he were here."

"Not here!" he cried angrily. "Why not, I wonder! But I have the skeleton lease. It is very short, and to save delay I will fill in the particulars, names, and so forth myself, if you will permit me to do so. It will not take me twenty minutes."

"As you please. You will find a pen and ink on the table. If you will kindly ring the bell when you are ready, I will come and bring the servants."

"Thank you; you are very good," he said smoothly; adding, when she had left the room, "And the devil take your impudence, madam! As for your cursed pride—well, it has saved me twenty-five pounds a year, and so you are welcome to it. I was a fool to make the offer." And with that, now grumbling at the absence of the lawyer's clerk and now congrtulating himself on the saving of a lawyer's fee, my lord sat down to his task.

To be Continued

Huge Cemetery For German Dead

Gases Intended for Allies Wrought Havoc Among Huns When They Took Trenches

Belgian Frontier, April 30.—Poisonous gases are still being used by the German wherever an opportunity offers, but the Allies, who speedily found a means to counteract this deadly agent, have rushed up light guns to batter the German lines at short range. The Germans have been digging themselves in with haste and effectiveness at certain points of the line. Both here and at Pilkelen the combatants are extremely close.

There is not the faintest doubt that the Germans are on the defensive. Their only successes are of a purely local and temporary nature and are immediately countered by the Allies, who realize that they have once more got the position well in hand.

Wherever the Allied troops advance they do so over large numbers of fallen Germans, whose losses it is quite impossible to estimate.

The gases that were intended exclusively for the benefit of the Allies have also wrought havoc among the Germans, who were ordered to charge into and occupy the evacuated territory while the air was still heavily impregnated. Their own wounded fell in this atmosphere, and many who are now being removed to the rear of the lines present a terrible spectacle. All day and night huge transports of wounded steamed into Roulers. The ordinary Red Cross equipment cannot deal with these masses and the roads are choked with farm carts and every other vehicle that can be commandeered to collect the fallen. The inhabitants have been forced to drive these cars to and from the rear of the lines and attend to the wounded. The Red Cross automobiles are almost exclusively dealing with the large casualties among the German officers, of whom over 100 seriously wounded are at Bruges.

The whole neighborhood of Wyendryst has been transformed by the Germans into a gigantic cemetery. The inhabitants of Roulers have been pressed into service for burying the dead. Germans returning from the north of Dixmude complain of the terrible conditions under which they are asked to fight, the subsidence of the floods have bared many corpses of their late comrades.

SOUTH AFRICA'S TRIBUTE

Pietermaritzburg Stirred by Gallantry of Canadians

OTTAWA, April 30.—From South Africa comes the latest tributes to the gallantry of Canada's soldier sons in recent fighting near Ypres. A cablegram received from Pietermaritzburg today by Sir Robert Borden is as follows:

"Citizens of Pietermaritzburg feel proud of magnificent achievements and splendid gallantry brother colonists against enemy in Flanders and send heartiest congratulations. Well done, Canada."

(Signed) "MAYOR."

The Germans are using suffocating gas to overcome the French. The Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

To add to the life and beauty of woollens, flannels, laces and all kinds of sensitive fabrics—use

LUX

the *incomparable* cleanser. LUX is the pure essence of fine soap, in flakes It dissolves readily in hot water—makes a cream-like lather which cannot injure fine fabrics or dainty hands. Just try LUX.

Won't Shrink Woollens 10c.

Made in Canada by Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

Banish Pimples!

Pimples, Boils, and other skin eruptions are an almost infallible indication that the blood is impure.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is the simplest and most positive Blood Purifier that can be used. When we have perfect digestion we must have pure normal blood, which supplies healthful nutrition to all the organs and tissues of the body; and as a result we must have healthy functions and the absence of disease in any form. Abbey's Effervescent Salt produces this condition by ensuring healthy digestion and the elimination of all morbid matter from the system.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c.

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

Girls' Wash Dresses

From 75c to $2.00 each

Here is without doubt the best values we have seen in Girls' Cotton Wash Dresses, made in styles and sizes to fit every girl from 2 to 14 years of age, in Ginghams, Percales, Ducks, Drills and Chambrays, wonderful values at

75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.65 and $2.00 each

LADIES' SPECIAL SUIT VALUES AT $15.00

We have about Twenty-Five Ladies' New Spring Suits in Navy Blue, Belgian Blue, Sand, Putty and Black and White Checks, broken lines and odd sizes, but every one this season's New Spring Style, mostly 16 and 18 year sizes, that is 34 and 36 bust measure, with a few large sizes up to 40 bust measure, regular $17.50, $18.50, $20.00 and $22.50 Suits, on sale, to clear,

Your Choice for Only $15.00

NEW STENCILED WINDOW SCRIMS AT 15c. and 25c.

We doubt if you have ever seen such values in Curtain Scrims as we now offer at these two prices. First of all, they are all new designs in very pretty Stenciled Scrims, in Satin Stripes and Plain Centres with double reversible borders, regular values up to 45c. yard, on sale in two assortments, about 1,500 yards to select from, at .... 15c. and 25c. per yard.

THREE SPECIAL DRESS SILK VALUES.

No. 1.—Shantung Silks are among the most serviceable of Dress Silks for Summer Wear, and we offer 30 pieces of 31 inch Natural Shantung, regular 50c. quality, for only .... 39c. yard

No. 2.—Silk Poplins, 36 inches wide, in a full range of 12 colors, a beautiful Dress Silk, at .... $1.00, $1.25 and $2.00 yard

No. 3.—This is our 36 inch Black Satin Duchesse, of which we have sold Thousands of Yards, a guaranteed Dress Silk, with our name stamped on every yard, and selling now at the same price as before the war—the best silk in Canada at .... $1.25 per yard

NEW COTTON CREPES, 12½c. YARD.

Now is the time to purchase your Wash Crepes for Ladies' and Children's Summer Wash Dresses, with Hundreds of pieces to select from, in every new design and color, for only .... 12½c. yard

PEARL BUTTON SALE, only 5c. per card

At this price we offer 1252 cards of Pearl Buttons in every size from 16 to 36 lines, in 2 and 4 hole buttons, mounted from 3 only to 12 on a card, regular prices 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 65c. per dozen; on sale to clear for only 5c. per card

EMBROIDERED VOILES 75c. to $2.50 yd.

For Ladies' Better Summer Dresses we are showing a beautiful collection of very pretty Cotton Embroidered Voiles, in white and colored embroidery, to sell at 75c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 yard.

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Quick & Robertson

BETTER CLOTHES

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

KEYS FOUND

Two keys picked up from the street are at the police station awaiting an owner.

TAKEN CARE OF BY POLICE

One prisoner and two tramps, both of the latter being from a neighboring county, were last night taken care of by the police.

COLLISION BETWEEN RIGS

This morning a collision occurred on Front street between two vehicles. The result was that one of the wheels of the lighter vehicles was somewhat damaged.

PRIVATE FORNERI WOUNDED

Private Alwyn Forneri, son of Rev. Canon Forneri and nephew of Mrs. Albert Geen, and whose letters appeared in this paper this week, has been slightly wounded.

REMAINS SHIPPED

The remains of the late Mr. James Walker who died here at the residence of his niece, Mrs. O'Hara, 314 Coleman street, were last evening shipped to Eauclaire, Wis., for interment.

A LISTER ARRESTED

Yesterday afternoon the police arrested a young man on a charge of intoxication. The accused is upon the prohibited list and procured the stimulant, he alleges from a party he did not know. This morning he was fined $10 and costs, the minimum fine.

UPSET ON THE STREET

This morning a load of hay, to be delivered to Mr. F. Smith of this city, upset on the corner of Pinnacle and Mill streets. The horses, belonging to Mr. Fred Westnall of Huntingdon Township, swerved suddenly, upset the hay and started down Front street. They were stopped before anyone was injured.

AGED CITIZEN DEAD

Mr. James Brintnell passed away this morning at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Brintnell, 199 Dundas street. Deceased had been in failing health for some weeks, and his demise was by no means unexpected. On the 8th of November, 1839, Mr. Brintnell was born at Madrid, N.Y., and at the age of eight years came to this county with his parents. He had resided in this vicinity for many years, and was a gentleman who was well and favorably known. Deceased was a member of Plainfield Lodge, A. O. U. W. In religion he was a Methodist, having been for many years identified with that church. Mrs. Brintnell died a few months ago. One son, Mr. John B. Brintnell of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. H. Hamilton, 83 Ann street, this city, survive.

THE MARKET

The attendance upon the market today was the largest which has been seen here for some time. Much farm produce was offered for sale and prices were good for same. Dairy butter sold at 32c. to 35c. per pound; fresh eggs 18c. and 20c. per dozen; dressed chickens from $1.00 to $1.75 per pair and ducks from $1.50 to $2.00 per pair. Potatoes were quite plentiful and sold at 55c. and 60c. per bag. Garden produce was quite plentiful and was readily purchased.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from any druggist and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

DEATHS.

BRINTNELL—In Belleville on Saturday, May 1st, 1915, James Brintnell, aged 76 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, May 3rd, from the home of Mrs. J. C. Brintnell, 199 Dundas Street, at 12.30 p.m., to Plainfield Methodist Church. Interment, Plainfield cemetery.

SEVENTY-ONE BARS CLOSED

Montreal Licenses Brought Down to Prescribed Limit of Four Hundred

An important meeting of the License Commissioners was held in Montreal yesterday. It was the last meeting for the license year, which ended at 11 o'clock last night, when no less than seventy-one liquor places closed their doors, the majority having been refused renewals of their licenses under the new law that called for a gradual reduction until the number has been reduced to four hundred.

Many places in which liquor has been sold for half a century or more closed their doors at 11 o'clock last night. Out through Point St. Charles and Griffintown, as well as in the lower section of the East End of the city, dozens of places that have been saloons for years will go out of business.

COL. LOGIE INJURED

Exhibition Camp Commander in Motor-Car Accident

TORONTO, April 30.—Col. W. A. Logie, commanding officer at Exhibition park camp, sustained injuries to his shoulder in a motor-car accident this afternoon. He was riding with his chauffeur on the track at the grounds when a horse ran in front of the motor. When the car was swerved out of the way, one of the wheels collapsed and car turned turtle.

CANADIAN WOUNDED SLAIN IN AMBULANCE

Were Deliberately Sought Out and Followed by a German Battery Until all Were Killed

LONDON, April 30.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail declares emphatically that he has never sent, and never intends to send, unproven stories of German cruelty, but he says the following is absolutely proved that a "Canadian ambulance was deliberately sought out and followed with a battery until all were killed."

"Almost for the first time," he adds, "I found in our men that feeling of bitter rancor which makes even shattered men crawl back from the hospital into battle."

SUSPENDS TWO MEMBERS

NEW YORK, April 30.—The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday suspended for sixty days each Jesse L. Boskowitz and Joseph H. Sulzbacher for fighting on the floor of the exchange recently.

The suspension was the first of its kind in four years. The action of the governors was taken under that rule of the exchange which provides that no member shall employ indecorous language or perform an act subversive of good order and decorum or shall seriously interfere with the personal comfort or safety of another person.

Messrs. Boskowitz and Sulzbacher are brothers-in-law. Mr. Boskowitz alleged Mr. Sulzbacher employed indecorous language to him, whereas it was said Mr. Sulzbacher's personal comfort had been seriously interfered with by Mr. Boskowitz striking him in the eye.

CROSS, SICKLY BABIES

Mrs. Chas. E. White, Waterford, N. S., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for both my babies and find them excellent. My baby girl was cross and sickly but after giving her the Tablets she became strong, healthy and happy." Baby's Own Tablets never fail to make sickly children well and the mother can give them to her children with absoluto safety. They are guaranteed by a government analyst to be free from injurious drugs. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS PAINTS and VARNISHES Are BEST for Your HOME.

Information and Color Cards at WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed.

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY 343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE 208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

The Russians are reported to have taken 70,000 prisoners in the Carpathians. Is there any German army left?

Some of Germany's naval commanders are beginning to chose internment rather than interment.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

Established 1870. Men's Furnishings. Men's Hats.

Children's Hats

See our display of Children's Ready-to-Wear Hats. The showing includes all the newest and smartest styles. A splendid variety from which to choose.

Price 25c to $1

The New Shirts

Just what you would find if you went to the larger centres. They will satisfy the critical eye of the careful dresser. Your choice of the many new colors and fabrics.

$1, $1.25 and $1.50

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
242 FRONT STREET

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
STORAGE OF FURS
No time should be lost in having us send for your Furs for safe keeping. Our charges are most moderate
Phone 363. S. A HYMAN & CO.

STEAMER "Brockville" will be on her route Trenton to Picton ABOUT MAY 22nd. May be chartered for Excursions. Apply— CAPTAIN CHRISTIE Picton, Ont.

The Belleville Burial Co. 189 Front Street South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers. CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to Phone 774

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

ALLAN LINE Royal Mail

	From MONTREAL		To
Pretorian	May 8		Glasgow
Corinthian	May 9	June 13	London
Grampian	May 13	June 18	Liverpool
Scandinavian	May 22	June 19	Glasgow
Hesperian	May 27	June 24	Liverpool
Sicilian	May 30	July 4	London
Corsican	June 5	July 3	Glasgow

For full particulars apply Local Agents, or
The ALLAN LINE
95 King St. West, Toronto

An Event of Vital Importance To Every Housewife

Our special low prices on the very highest quality of Electric Appliances will continue until the 8th of May. Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to purchase Canadian Beauty Appliances at less than they were ever sold before. After May 8th they will go back to the Regular Prices.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Regular $5.50 Special, $3.75 — Regular $4.50 Special, $3.00 — Regular $4.50 Special, $2.75

The John Lewis Co. Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON THE CYCLE STORE.

For your CARBIDE LAMP BEST CARBIDE
1 lb. tins 15c
2 lb. tins 25c
Loose, 10c per lb.

The Cheapest Carbide Lamp in town, $1.00 We have plenty of them.

333 FRONT STREET

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes, Harry L. Shepherd

Western Town Bonds

Western Town Bonds are largely held by the most conservative of our Life Insurance Companies. No investor has lost a dollar of interest or principal money in this class of investment in the last twenty years. Western towns owe their existence to farming which is the most stable of all industries. As long as the farmer must ship produce, purchase supplies and do banking, these towns will never peter out.

Before purchasing the bonds we offer for sale, we investigate the municipality thoroughly from the standpoint of permanent prosperity and present financial standing.

The conservative investor can safely buy this class of security through us.

Good Western Town Bonds in amounts of $100. and up maturing in almost any year from one up to thirty years are now available at a rate to yield

7%

Consult—
R. W. ADAMS,
Campbell Street,
Belleville, Ont.,
Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

"No Interest or principal money has ever been lost through default on any securities sold by us.

Give it Fair Play

Why not decide NOW to give ZUTOO Tablets, the remedy so generally used for headache, a fair and square trial?

If there is any doubt in your mind as to the worth of these tablets or of their harmlessness, try them and KNOW the truth.

Don't sacrifice your comfort on account of prejudice or skepticism. Try the tablets and know. 25c at dealers or by mail prepaid. B. N. Robinson & Co. Reg'd. Coaticook, Quebec.

Zutoo

If you want to insure your chickens' lives use Pratt's Baby Chick Food for first two weeks. It will pay you. I also keep Chicken Scratch Feed and everything for Hens. Live hens wanted. GEO. PERRY, Bridge Street.

Mrs. Paul Wagner, of Goforth, Texas, gave birth to three girls and a boy, her first children.

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 103

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Our Exclusive Styles in MILLINERY

Is perhaps the secret of our success. Many of the elite of the city are wearing one of our up-to-the-minute styles. If you need a NEW HAT, see ours—the Popular Hat—at moderate prices.

Miss M. Campbell

All Kinds of HATS Cleaned and Blocked. NO ACIDS USED Therefore will not injure the FIBRE. WE CLEAN THE HATS

DELANEY'S

236½ Front St. Phone 797 (Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

N.B.—Furs Stored

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

Just Think What 20 Per Cent Off Your Housefurnishings Will Mean!

No reason now to delay the selecting of your Curtain Materials, Rugs, Linoleums, etc.

At a General Discount like this you cannot help but save much money, and money saved is money earned.

We have countless new patterns and materials just freshly placed in stock that will help you solve the perplexing problem of decorating, and all at 20 per cent off.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
The Glasgow Warehouse
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Store hours, 8.30 till 5.

No Goods Taken Back or Exchanged.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.
will meet in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church tomorrow afternoon at 2.30.
Lesson—I Samuel 19th chapter—"A King with Murder in his Heart." Golden text—"whoso putteth his trust in Jehovah shall be safe."
The Kaiser's position in the present war compared with the ancient king.
Stephen Burrows, Esq., has kindly consented to give a solo. The class will close at 3.45 sharp so engagements can be made at that hour by those who wish to meet friends at the close of the class.
Students, soldiers, business men, employees, mechanics, men out of work, gentlemen of leisure are cordially invited. Any members of the class who are detained by friends calling at this inopportune hour are requested to bring them along.
H. W. ACKERMAN, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

BETHEL HALL.
Over Lattimer's Drug Store
Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
11 a.m.—Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
SUNDAY EVENING.
Subject—Salvation—Past, present and future. What is it? How is it to be had?

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL.
Victoria Ave. between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Pastor.
11 a.m.—Communion Service: Meditation—"Remembrance."
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Pulpit theme: A Righteous War and our Slain Canadians. Soldiers invited.
Monday evening—Y.P.S.C.E. Prayer Service.
Tuesday 4 p.m.—W.F.M. Society in the Rectory.
Wed. evening—Prayer, Praise and Bible Reading.
Seats free. Visitors welcome.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
Organized in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S Osborne, B.A., B.D.
10 a.m.—General Fellowship Service.
11 a.m.—Public service. Preacher, the pastor. Subject—"Some Safeguards of Religious Life." Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organized Bible Classes. Judge Deroche, Supt.
7 p.m.—Sermon by the pastor. Subject—"The Supreme Choice of Life."
Choirmaster—Prof. D. A. Cameron. Organist, Miss Elliott.
Monday 8 p.m.—Epworth League. Business meeting and election of officers.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer and Praise Service.
Cordial invitation to all to attend these services.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church St.
Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A., Pastor.
10 a.m.—Love Feast
11 a.m.—Subject: "The Captain of our Salvation." The celebration of the Lord's Supper.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School; Alpha Club; Good Orchestra.
7 p.m.—Patriotic Memorial Service for the Victory of Langemarck. Rev. Dr. Baker, Albert College, will speak on "Thanksgiving for Victory and for the Living Heroes." The pastor will speak on "A Memorial to the Brave Lads who have Fallen." Mr. W. D. Reid will recite "Belgium."
The Ladies' Quartette will sing "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground." Special music etc. Soldiers and the friends who have lads fighting for their country are specially invited.
Mrs. M. P. Duff, organist; Mrs. J. Grant, Leader.

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Pastor.
Parsonage: Hillside Street.
10 a.m.—Regular Classes and Junior League.
Connexional Day.
11 a.m. and 7 p.m.—Rev. John Garbutt, of Cobourg, President of the Bay of the Bay of Quinte Conference, will preach Special music by the choir at each service.
8 p.m. Wed.—Praise and Prayer Service.
8 p.m. Friday—The Senior League.
Mrs. Denmark, organist and choir directress.
Students, strangers, soldiers, and all welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.D., Rector.
Residence, 80 Commercial St.
4th Sunday after Easter.
Holy Communion, St. George's ..... 8 a.m.
Choral Communion and sermon .... 11 a.m.
S. S.'s and Adult Bible Classes; Religious Study Class .... 3 p.m.
Evensong Memorial Sermon for our lost Canadians .... 7 p.m.
Seats Free. Visitors and strangers welcome.

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. C. Currie, Pastor.
11 a.m.—Rejoicing in the Way.
3 p.m.—Church School and Bible Classes
7 p.m.—Why the Stripling was Victorious.
Mrs. A. E. MacColl organist and choir leader.
Tues. 8 p.m.—Meeting of the Guild.
Wed. 3 p.m.—Union Meeting of St. Andrew's and John Street W. M. Societies in lecture room.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Congregational Prayer meeting.
Strangers and visitors welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Prisoners of War.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes. (Ladies' and Brotherhood.)
7 p.m.—Service in Honor of the Canadian Soldiers who have laid down their lives recently in the service of the Empire.
Guild meeting Monday eve at 8 o'clock.
Mid-week service Wed. eve at 8 o'clock.
A cordial welcome to all.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH
Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.
The pastor will preach at both services tomorrow.
11 a.m.—Subject—"Christ's Friends."
—5-minute talk to boys and girls. Subject: "The First Man to Walk With God." The Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of this service; also reception of new members.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Pastor's subject—Jonah; An Ancient Quitter.
Splendid Gospel singing led by chorus choir. Soloist, Miss Brown. Organist, Miss Riggs.
Tuesday 8 p.m.—The Outlook Club will present: "Things as They Are."
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer Service.

Store Open To-night until 9.30

RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

Watch for the Blue Price Cards To-night

Great Buying Chances are Here Tonight, so Come Early

$1.50 LADIES' HOUSE DRESSES 98c.
Made of best quality Percales in light and dark stripes and other fancy patterns of fast colors; good roomy garments that are regular $1.50 value. Tonight only 98c. each

50c. CHILDREN'S PRINT DRESSES 39c.
Made in four different styles of good quality print; neat patterns, for ages 2, 4, 6 years. Regular 50c. For .... 39c. each
(Mantle Room)

To-night's Bargains For the Women

LADIES' SUMMER WEIGHT COMBINATIONS 25c.
Extra special for tonight; splendid size, with loose knee and no sleeves. Regular 35c. For 25c. garment

LADIES' BLOUSES, 50c.
Odd lines, slightly soiled; worth up to $1.50; on sale at .... 50c.

LADIES' STREET DRESSES, $1.00.
Odd lines made up of Embroidered and Fancy Striped Ginghams, worth up to $2.50. Tonight only, your choice $1.00
(Mantle Room)

HALF PRICE SALE OF REMNANTS.
Remnants of Embroidery, Flouncing, Lawn, Cottons, Ginghams, Chambrays, Crepes and Ducks, all on sale tonight at Half Regular prices.

LACES ON SALE TONIGHT AT 5c. YARD.
Pure Linen Torchon Lace edgings in narrow and wide widths; your choice tonight at 5c. yard.
(Front Store.

PENMAN'S HOSE, 25c. PAIR.
Mercerized Lisle Thread Hose in white and black, sizes 8½ to 10. Special value tonight .... 25c. pair.

20c. COLORED EDGE HANDKERCHIEFS, 5c.
5 dozen odd ones in Cross-bars and Linen, assorted colors. Regular 20c. On sale to clear tonight at .... 5c. each

PILLOW CASES, 20c. EACH.
Made of fine English Cotton, hemmed, in sizes, 40, 42 and 44—very special tonight at .... 20c. each

27" FLOWERED MUSLINS, 15c. YARD.
In all the newest dress patterns on white and colored grounds. Extra special tonight at .... 15c. yard

CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, 15c. PAIR.
Black Ribbed Cotton Hose in fast black only; good Spring weight, sizes 6 to 10. Special tonight at .... 15c. pair.

BATH TOWELS, 2 FOR 25c.
In white and colored with fringed ends, very fine quality and exceptional value tonight at .... 2 for 25c.

HEMMED HUCK TOWELS, 2 FOR 25c.
Sizes 18x36, pure white; regularly sold at 15c. each. Tonight special .... 25c. pair

HABUTAI SILK, 50c. YARD.
Suitable for Dresses, Blouses and Linings, 36 inches wide, good shades and specially priced for tonight at ...... 50c. yard
(Front Store)

Men!

THESE BARGAINS FOR YOU TO-NIGHT

MEN'S COTTON HALF HOSE, 15c. PAIR
In black, tan and grey, size 10, 10½ and 11. Tonight only .... 15c. pair.

MEN'S SUMMER WEIGHT UNDERWEAR, 38c. GARMENT.
Double thread Balbriggan shirts and drawers; French neck and sateen faced; very special tonight .... 38c. garment

MEN'S TWO-PIECE SUITS, $7.95.
Coats half lined, and trousers with cuffs. Regular $10.00. Tonight $7.95

BOYS' TWEED KNICKERS, 85c.
Fifty pairs in bloomer style, full lined, sizes 24 to 33. Regular $1.25. Tonight ..... 85c.
(Men's Store)

GREAT DRESSMAKING OFFER FOR ALL NEXT WEEK
Ladies' and Misses' **Silk Suits** $29.00 Complete
Choose your material from our large stock of SILK POPLINS, AURORA CORDS, and SILK GABARDINES in all the leading shades. Suit Coats silk lined and made under the personal supervision of Miss Cook.

Window Shades

REGULAR 40c. VALUES, ON SALE TO-NIGHT AT 30c.
Tonight's your chance to buy Window Shades at a bargain. Here they are, Regular 40c. Oiled Opaque, in shades of cream, green and white; size 3x6 feet, mounted on good strong rollers, for only .... 30c. each

CURTAIN STRETCHERS AT $1.00.
Good strong serviceable Curtain Stretcher, with brass pins; full size and very easy to adjust .... $1.00 each

CRETONNE SPECIAL AT 13c. YARD.
A splendid range in standard colorings and designs, suitable for windows or box coverings, 31 inches wide. Regularly 17c. yard. For tonight .... 13c. yard
(Third Floor)

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS. **The RITCHIE Company Limited** WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

WANTED, A GOOD MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 41 Victoria Avenue. a30-2t

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN FOR GENERAL servant for small family without children. Apply evenings, 115 Dundas Street. a30-3td

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED, AGENTS. BEST PROPOSITION in Canada. Restricted territory, no competition, no house-to-house canvassing. Expressage paid. Jos. Moloney, Manager, 152 Major Street, Toronto. 28-6td

THE WORLD WAR — INCLUDING CANADA'S part in the great conflict. Splendidly illustrated. Only one dollar. Big money maker. Unusually liberal terms. Sample book and instructions free. Winston Co., Toronto. 4td:a24,28,m1,5

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything. Write or call, Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

FOR SALE

$100 WILL BUY THE CORNER LOT OF Everett and Moira Streets. Terms may be arranged. E. T. Cherry. 1-2td

FOR SALE, LARGE PIER MIRROR WITH Claw Feet; also rosewood and mahogany desks, dinner wagon and old Queen Anne Parlor Table; odd chairs and hall pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 1-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander streets—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

A LARGE TRACT OF PASTURE LAND only, near Massassaga Park, but not to include the island, or cottages, or lands used in connection therewith. Offers will be received by the undersigned. The highest or any offer not necessarily accepted. Northrup & Ponton, Barristers, Belleville. a30-2td:1tw

FOR SALE, GENERAL STORE WITH POST Office. Stock about $1800. Terms cash. John M. Chislett, Rednerville. 1-6td

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—287 ALBERT ST. New modern house. Apply Wm. Donahue, 26 Grove Street. a24-12td

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

FLAT WITH ALL CONVENIENCES IN good repair, available at once, 101½ Mill Street. Reasonable rent. C. A. Hart. 29-3t

ROOMS ABOVE RIGGS' STORE. EXCEPtionally fine; to let. Apply to J. J. B. Flint. 1-6td

WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WISHES TO COMMUNICATE with Dry Goods merchant in city of Belleville, view of securing position to learn the business. Apply Box D, Intelligencer. a30-6td

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Thousands Injured Killed and Homeless

(Canadian Press Despatch)

COLON, May 1.—More than half the city of Colon was swept by a disastrous fire last night. Ten persons are dead, several hundred injured, and between 10,000 and 12,000 negroes homeless. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

Tenders For Sewer Construction

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed, "tender for Sewer System City of Belleville" will be received at the City Hall, Belleville, until 5 p.m. May 13th, 1915, for the construction of sewers on the following streets:—

Coleman Street,
West Moira Street,
West Bridge Street,
Catherine Street.

Plans and specifications and forms of tender can be seen at the office of the City Engineer in the City Hall.

Parties tendering are notified that the tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank for one-tenth of the amount of the contract, payable to the City of Belleville.

The City do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tenders.

By order,
A. C. McFEE,
Chairman of Public Works.
Belleville, May 1, 1915. 3t:m1,4,8

Our : : : California Peach Pies Are Swell!
Try one of these delicious Pies and you'll surely come right along for them.
Some fresh to-day 20c each.
Chas. S. Clapp

THIS IS THE BEGINNING of a Boom in RAILWAY, MINING AND INDUSTRIAL SHARES
Write for My Weekly Market Letter
Accurate Advice
ROBT. E. KEMERER
108 Bay Street TORONTO, ONT.

Canadian Casualties

Continued from page 3

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
BARNETT, William, Toronto.
BROOKS, Augustus, Toronto.
CROCKFORD, Alfred, Toronto.
M'MILLAN, Alfred, Collingwood.
BARNES, B., McNab, Ont.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—AVERY, John Henry, Edmonton.
Wounded.
LIDDLE, Charles Deson, Winnipeg.
BAKER, Archibtld, D., Kildonan Man.
KIRK, John F. C., Seattle, Wash.
OSBORNE, James Arthur, Stirling, Ont.
ALLAN, Robert Marshall, Winnipeg
M'SLOY, William K., Winnipeg.
M'LEOD, Geo. Alex. Norman, Winnipeg.
FERRIER, James, Winnipeg.
RICHARDSON, John Henry, Keating, B.C.

First Batt.: Wounded—Pte. Alfred Dennington, Blenheim, Ont.; Pte. Harold Beardmore, Belleville.

Sixth Batt.: Wounded—Pte. Thomas H. Thomas (formerly 15th batt.) N. Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Walter A. E Grim, Winnipeg; Pte. J. Smail (formerly 23rd and Princess Pats) West Toronto; Pte. Alex. Mowatt, Winnipeg; Pte. John Alex. MacDonald, Winnipeg.

Seventh Batt.: Wounded—Pte. W Smith, Vancouver.

First Field Artillery Brigade: Wounded—Sergt. John Heaton, Kingston, Ont.; Driver J. A. Quinn, Rosetown, Sask.

Third Field Artillery Brigade: Wounded—Gunner Joseph Lawson Toronto; Bombardier Wm. Niven, Toronto; Driver Peter McIntyre, Hamilton, Ont.

Third Field Ambulance: Wounded—Pte. Norman H. White, St. John's Nfld.; Pte. Wm. Black, Vancouver.

Missing—Pte. Alexander W. Walsh Saskatoon, Sask.

Second Field Ambulance: Wounded—Pte. William Millar Leishman, Hamilton, Ont.

Seriously wounded — Pte. Sydney Smith (gunshot wound in arm), St. David's, Ont.

Third Field Company Canadian Engineers: Wounded — Sapper Frank McGuinness, Montreal.

Princess Pats: Wounded—Pte. Frederick Foreman, Toronto.

BLOCK DAY NOTICE

Annual Block Day for the Hospital will be Thursday, May 6th.

The collectors will call for envelopes, which will be previously distributed, on above date. The Hospital needs your contribution this year; any amount gratefully received. 1,2t

CITY AND VICINITY

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF

If you are suffering and have found no relief, investigate Chiropractic. Consultation costs you nothing and may result in health for you.
DR. B. G. HAHN,
42½ Bridge St., opp. Post Office.
Hours, 1 p.m. to 8 p.m Phone 758.
M26,tf

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence. Lewis street

Ask your neighbor about this milk. The Citizens' Dairy has installed an up-to-date plant. The milk is scientifically pasteurized; it is delivered absolutely fresh in sterilized bottles. Watch where the wagon calls and ask your neighbor what she thinks of the milk. Her enthusiasm will astonish you. You will want that kind of milk, especially since it doesn't cost a cent more than ordinary milk. Call at the dairy, or phone 236, and have the driver call every day. A27,tf

DANCING

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnstone's
New Academy,
Social Dance
For pupils, former pupils and friends
Monday Evening.

Everybody, who can, have joined the terpsichoreans. The benefits are unquestionable.

First there is the pleasure and the peculiar assurance that dancing imparts. But there is a greater compensation. Sciatica disappears, motor nerves are re-strung, narrow lasts are forgotten and insomnia is banished. Whatever does this even by the power of suggestion, is worth while.

Private lessons given at any hour by appointment. Phone 750. 1t

Newest style hats for Ladies, Misses and Children constantly arriving at Miss Farley's High Class Millinery Parlos, 271 North John St (near Victoria Avenue. Price always moderate, satisfaction absolutely guaranteed. A26,6t

Band Concet, Griffin Theatre Sunday evening at 8.30. Fifteenth Regimental Band, assisted by Mrs. Allen and Miss Sharpe.

A CHALLENGE

The Grand Trunk Basketball team hereby challenge the winnters of the City Basketball League to a game to be played on Saturday May 8th. Please reply to this paper.

Executor's sale by auction. Contents of 8 roomed house, goods and chattels. Late Mrs. H. M. Clarke, No. 21 Octavia street, West Belleville. On Monday, May 3, 1915. Everything to be sold without reserve. Sale is beginning 1 p.m. sharp. Joseph Baldwin, Administrator; John L. Palmer, Auctioneer. 1t

Salvation in its different aspects, past, present and future. How it can be had will be the subject Sunday evening at Bethel Hall. If you want Salvation, come.

Would you like to hear Elmer Luck, M.A., talk about his EXPERIENCE AND OBSERVATION IN GERMANY? Come to Tabernacle Church, Friday evening, May 7th. 1t

The regular monthly meeting of the Red Cross and Women's Patriotic Association will be held Tuesday evening next at the Liberal Club rooms, at 8 o'clock. 1t

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Twelve Pages

The Daily Intelligencer

Pages 9 to 12

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

V 1, 48 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1915. | No. 295

A Valued Pocket Piece

By JOHN Y. LARNED

My father was killed fighting on the northern side in the battle of Gettysburg, on the 2d of July. I was old enough to remember the news of his death and the sufferings general that was given him when his body was sent home. Thirty years after his death I was paid a silver dollar bearing date of 1863. Since it marked the date of my father's death in battle, I prized it, and, instead of parting with it for love or money, I gave it away.

One day while traveling I fell in with a young man, with whom I chatted. On entering the station of Cleveland the car door was thrown open and a trainman called: "Cleveland! All out!"

The young man, surprised that the train would go no farther, made inquiries and was astounded that he must stop overnight in Cleveland. That at once began to examine the contents of his pocketbook and found that he had barely enough to pay his bill at a hotel. I asked him to permit me to lend him some funds, but he refused, saying that he had just sufficient to get through. I insisted on taking more, and he said if I had any loose change in my pocket he would accept it as a loan. He only took a dollar. It was my pocket piece. After a moment's hesitation I handed it to him. He tried to get my address, but I was not aware of his intention of leaving town, so we were leaving the train in a crowd, and I lost sight of him.

Not long after this the newspapers were filled with accounts of the murder of Edgar Thornton, a banker in Buffalo. The case was one of those mysterious happenings that attract widespread attention. A nephew of the deceased, Edgar Thornton, was accused of the murder. He made a will in order to secure his estate. The murdered man was very old, a bachelor, and his immediate relatives were astonished at the will. Mr. Ferguson, a widow, who, the evidence seemed to indicate, was supposed to be a friend of Edgar, was left a large sum of money. The bulk of the will in her favor. The state attorney, by means of certain bits of evidence, made a very good case, showing that the nephew, in whose favor a will had already been made, fearing that the woman would succeed in securing one-third of the property, had murdered the uncle in order to avoid doing so.

Mrs. Ferguson swore that Edgar Thornton was with his uncle on the night of the murder, the two being together in the latter's bedroom. She claimed to have heard high words between them. Edgar had left her alone at 11 o'clock. She did not see Richard Thornton till the next morning, when he found his dead uncle with a pillow pulled over his face. A weak point in the prosecution was that some $200 that the deceased had on hand in a desk was missing. The state showed that the fact that the accused had taken the money in order to make it appear that the murder had been committed for the purpose of robbery.

I read the newspaper reports of the trial, missing only one day's report. The next issue of the paper mentioned that the accused had undergone the prove an alibi.

The servants in the house were all against Mrs. Ferguson, testifying that she kept Mr. Thornton in a sort of impetuousness, and that she was given to no education, and their evidence was easily pulled to pieces by the prosecutor, indeed the prosecution thought they had been liberally tipped by Edgar Thornton whatever he had called on his uncle.

It did not take me long to make up my mind that the accused was not guilty. He could not have been innocent unless Mrs. Ferguson had perjured herself in testifying that he was with his uncle, and the only person with him, on the night of the murder.

I read the summing up of the case by the prosecutor, and my attention was attracted to these words:

The prisoner has claimed that on the night the murder was committed he was traveling on a train between Cleveland and Buffalo.

My meeting with the man to whom I had loaned a silver dollar flashed upon me. Could this be the prisoner? Could he be the person I had met? That person was to report over in Cleveland at a hotel. The accused claimed to have been on a train.

A human life might depend on my action. I took a train for Buffalo and when I arrived at the court I inquired where the trial was being held. In the prisoner I recognized my fellow traveler. I called for his attorney, told my story and was put on the stand. I testified that on a certain date—the evening of the murder—I had attended Cleveland with the accused and had loaned him a silver dollar, which I described. The prisoner produced the identical dollar I had given him with the initials and date I had scratched on it.

There was a sensation in the court-room. A man who was about to be convicted of murder was acquitted and I was held to a session. When I asked how he happened to have been on a train instead of in a hotel in Buffalo he said he had found passage on a combination milk and passenger train. Mrs. Ferguson had perjured herself in order to get my money. Thornton went to his home on his release he found it filled with flowers from sympathetic friends.

I "lent the pocket piece, more valued than ever.

Her Account Of Herself

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

My Dear—I have received your letter, and it has recalled many incidents concerning our childish friendship. Two years have passed since we were last together. Those years have made a great change in both of us. You, being a year older than I, must now be twenty-three. You ask me to give an account of myself during our separation, and I will proceed to do so.

Father died two years ago, and since mamma left us some years before his demise I was left an orphan at seventeen. My brother, Ralph, who was then twelve, appointing an old chum of his, Charles Edwards, my guardian and directed me to take care of me by Mr. Edwards till I should come of age. When papa died his attorney sent a copy of the will to my guardian, who directed that I be sent to him.

What do you think I found on my arrival? The housekeeper received me, and when she had made a very humble would have a fit. It seems that, my father's directions having been laid down in the will, I was a mere child old, it was supposed that I was a child still. Papa and Mr. Edwards had lived apart and had not met each other for ten years. The housekeeper told me I was now mistress of the establishment arrangements regarding my room, but I was very tired after my journey and preferred to go to bed at once.

I was never more amused in my life than at the reception I received at the hands of the housekeeper, Mrs. Sherriff. Tried to confession. I knew his thoughts and by my expression invited confidence.

"Servants," he said, "I was one of the goldurnedest, meanest, unfeelin', low down critters in the territory. I was mean enough to rob a graveyard of old bones. But I wasn't afraid o' nothin', and, thinkin' I was born to a fool was thar, Fact is, I was regarded so dang'rit that nobody dast interfere with me. Then Mr. Sherriff tried it, and failed, and after that I was let alone till I got so bad that the people couldn't stand me, and the committee got after me. That ended my career as a desperado."

"Evidently," I put in, "they didn't hang you or you wouldn't be here telling me your story."

"My story hasn't begun. One day when I was down on my luck and I couldn't get it went into a house for a meal, which I intended to pay for by takin' anything the woman could lay her hands on. I run across a young woman and when I left I thought I could give me a hundred or fifty. 'You just come right in here,' she said, 'and make yerself at home.'

"Wal, that gal cooked me as fine a meal as I ever sot down to in my life, and I was in a hurry for a meal, for I was hungry, and there was somepin about the gal that made me like her. I liked, and when I was eatin' it she was sittin' right opposite me and askin' me all sorts o' questions about myself, and as I was talkin' to a respectable party. When I got through I thought I'd tell her who you suppose I did? I just told her that I was Bill Hathaway, the noted desperado, and I wanted her to find out any valuables there might be in the house without troublin' me to look for 'em.

"Somebowabe didn't look frightened, which I reckoned she would look under the circumstances. She got up without sayin' a word, went upstairs and come down with a big canvas sack, grit about coins in the toe and put it on the table before me. Then she looked at me a bit with that hateful look I had been used to from primmen. I'd robbed, but with this difference, as much as to say, 'Poor fellar, what an awful life you're leadin' and how uncomfortable you'll be when you get to the end of your rope!'

"Somehow I couldn't stummick that sort of thing. I jist opened the stockin', and instead of takin' anything out I put my hand in my pocket, took out a fist fulle loose change and some bills, slammed 'em into the stockin' and shoved it toward her, tellin' her that she'd given me a banquet and meal she deserved as well paid for it.

"She turned the stockin' over, dumped all the money in it on the table, counted it, and then she'd had in the fore I put in anything and shoved my money back into me.

"'You don't take pay from strangers' here,' she said. 'and if we did we wouldn't take yours. That had been gathered by robbery.'

"I'd heard about o' things said to me, but somehow I'd never had anything like that. They was all either fearful of bein' discharged or bashed and spitfired at me. I got up from my chair and went outer that house like a whipped cur.

"When the man folks come home and found that Bill Hathaway had been there they organized a committee to run me down. It was a long chase, but I finally succeeded in gittin' full o' tricks, and since none o' those folks ever seen me they never got me. So they killed another and served to take me to the gal I've been thinkin' you about for sleeping with me.

"They brought me before the house with my arms tied behind my back and a rope around my neck. The gal came out, and they asked her if I was the man that had been to the house before. When she saw me the rope was pulled a bit and, pretendin' that she was wanted to git that danged rope her way and better, drew her apron across 'em. But I knowed it was to get rid of notacing. She looked at me pitiful, and at last she said:

"'No; that ain't the one. The other was a trifling bit taller. I'm afraid that if he's ever done anything I'm sure he has repented.'

"Hist," he said, putting a finger to his lips. 'She's comin' downstairs."

A CONVERSION

By DONALD CHAMBERLIN

Having occasion to visit a town in Arizona, where there were no hotel accommodations worthy of the name, I was forced to look for a good room in a private house. I was fortunate in finding one, and I was soon comfortably settled in a private home.

The family consisted of a man, his wife and two children. The husband and wife were both from the east, and I was soon acquainted with their history.

"I believe," I remarked, "that you people out here have settled down and are contented more than those in the east than you used to be."

"Indeed we are," they replied.

Into these parts we was all bad except a sprinklin', and they was mostly women and children.

"Surely you were not one of the bad ones," I objected.

The man took a pipe out of his mouth and looked at me, apparently wondering if I had a right to hear his confession. I knew his thoughts and by my expression invited confidence.

"Stranger," he said, "I was one of the goldurnedest, meanest, unfeelin', low down critters in the territory. I was mean enough to rob a graveyard of old bones. But I wasn't afraid o' nothin', and, thinkin' I was born to a fool was thar, Fact is, I was regarded so dang'rit that nobody dast interfere with me. Then Mr. Sherriff tried it, and failed, and after that I was let alone till I got so bad that the people couldn't stand me, and the committee got after me. That ended my career as a desperado."

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Points for Mothers

The Mother's Authority.

Obedience that cannot be secured without punishment is worthless. Absence of threatening manner is of little value. A prompt response to a simple request is of great value in securing an obedient habit of mind. For instance, if you say, "Mary, please close the door," Mary may do so immediately without waiting to be told repeatedly. She is doing at the same time, or she may overdo another thing, and the omission of the order and finally say, "Yes, when I get this done," or something of the kind. The mother's training should quickly is seen one already on the path to refined and instant obedience, without servility, simply showing the recognition of simple orders, a most valuable point in the education of little children.

In the other a careless habit of mind is fed, and the recognition of the mother's authority, which should be held always in gentle sway, and which must be recognized at first in every way. Abbott says in his "Gentle Measures in the Management of the Young" that there are three ways the mother governs the child: first, by unkindness and strifice; second, by reason and affection; and, third, by authority. He says that of the three methods the last is the only one which can be followed either with comfort to the parent or safety to the child, and that this method can be brought effectually into operation by gentle measures. It is, indeed, true that the importance of tact and skill in the training of the young and of cultivating their reason and securing their affection cannot be overrated. The influences secured by these means form at the best but a sandy foundation for filial obedience to rest upon, and this basis must be a gentle but firm authority.

Babies Should Sleep Alone.

From the very dawn of his precious life the baby should sleep alone in his own bed.

From the viewpoint of hygiene it is the only thing to do. Co-sleeping is an only possible way of insuring comfortable rest for either child or mother.

When the baby is put into bed at the time of baby's arrival to provide a loose flat crib a very good substitute for the regular and of cutting off the upper and old fashioned clothes basket, which has the advantage of being easily transported from one room to another.

It should be fitted from top to bottom with a mattress which will not mold or dotted swiss skirred over pale blue cambric. The mattress should be of white cotton flannel and made to fit the bottom of the basket, and it should be well protected with rubber sheet.

Over this—not under it—should be smoothly spread the usual white sheet, made preferably from a piece of old or old sheet of soft linen, and over this again should come the washable pad and coverlet.

There is no need of no upper sheet, but the baby should be tucked in a soft, warm blanket before being laid in his snug little nest, nor should a pillow be used, as it is not only a needless luxury without one.

The coverlet should be light of weight, but well wadded, with three or four thicknesses of silkoline over the cotton filling. Down fillings should never be used for a baby's pillows or coverlets, as the particles of down, piercing through the covers, will almost certainly find their way into the nostrils and mouth and thence into the lungs and air passages.

Purpose of Going to the Theater.

"Please, dear friend, since you are acquainted with the legal business of today's play, be kind enough to ask him to allow more time between the acts."

"What for?"

"You see, I have on a new gown to-day, and I should like to display it."—Humoristische Listy (Prague).

Foodstuffs Got to Germany.

Since the war began the following foodstuffs have found their way to Germany from Canada: 982,383 bushels of wheat, value $1,030,382; 356 barrels of flour, value $3,382; 2,000 bushels of wheat, value $2,140. The wheat, however, was for re-export.

Photo by American Press Association.

This is the picture of a small kid who won a prize with his pet rabbit hunting dog at the recent dog show held at Madison Square Garden, New York City. The dog is named Lord Edward, and he is a pure bred English setter of high degree; otherwise he wouldn't have won a prize in so great an exhibition. The proud boy's name is Bradley Neal, and he is the son of Mr. West, one of the owners of a well known kennel. Little Bradley was probably the most interested individual at the show. He felt sure that his dog was deserving of a prize and that he should capture the blue ribbon, but he was wise enough to understand that perhaps the judges might not think so highly of Master Edward as he did. But in this case it turned out that he was right, and the show officials decided that his pet was the best dog in the class. It is safe to say Bradley thought the judges were wise men, for didn't they honor his dog?

When the award was announced Bradley was right there, and he hugged his prize winner delightedly. That was the moment when the camera man snapped their pictures.

For the Children

A Little Boy and His Pets Winning Dog.

The Bow and the Gun.

"The modern hunting gun," says Forest Thompson Seton, "is an irresistible weapon for wholesale murder, and it is but a deadly matter of pulls the trigger. It spreads terror as well as death by its loud discharge, and it leaves little else as to who is responsible for the shot. Its deadly range is so terrifying that it puts the game at the mercy of the clumsiest tyro immediately, the silent art of fitness and one of the best, has steadily declined since the coming of the gun, and it is certainly the most ancient, the unbridled power that America has lost in many of its wilder regions.

"The bow is a far less destructive weapon, and to succeed at all in the game the hunter must be a skilful and real forester. The bow is silent, and it sends the arrow with such force that some power that the bowman's arm puts into it—no more, no less—so it is only his own skill that sends the arrow."

"There is no question as to which hunter has the right to the game or is responsible for the shot when the archer is there to claim his animals.

The Ideal and The Practical

By EDITH V. ROSS

Wickersham was a literary genius, but an undiscovered genius. There are geniuses whose work any one may recognize as something that appeals to him strongly, but he would not stop to ask why. Even such a gift may be a long while in securing recognition, and the chances seem to be largely in favor of its never attaining it. The public is the final judge in such matters, and the public is often slow in making a decision.

When Wickersham first began to write he was told that he must write something original. This was exactly what he was fitted to do, and he did it. He was disappointed in the result. Those who had advised him to produce original matter forgot to remind him that he must educate a clientele to appreciate the novelty. Meanwhile the literary space in the periodicals and other mediums was occupied by the commonplace.

Then Wickersham was told that what publishers wanted was something on a subject which the people were discussing. It was explained to him that advertisement was essential, and a work on such a subject was largely self advertised. So Wickersham chose a theme that was uppermost in the minds of the public and treated it in an original fashion. Again he was disappointed. He could not find a publisher. Why? "My dear fellow," explained an editor, "you lean to one side of the question. Your work will offend every one on the other side." Another said, "You are constantly firing over the heads of the people."

Wickersham was in despair. All his instructions had come to naught.

Then when his failure was complete he had no more sense than to get married. His wife was as pretty as a peach, very practical and had the faculty of making herself liked. When she married Wickersham he had had for months a book on the stands the publication for which he had paid. There was no sale for "The Wanderer," and the copies which were beginning to get soiled were being returned to the publisher.

"I think I will try to do something with that book to get it introduced," said Mrs. Wickersham to her husband.

"Have you read it?"

"Read it? No. It wouldn't do any good for me to read it. What is wanted is to sell it."

Mrs. Wickersham had an intimate friend, Mrs. Singleton, who was at the head of the literary department of a women's club. She took the book to this lady, asked her as a favor to read it and recommend it to her friends. Mrs. Singleton happened to be one calculated to appreciate Wickersham's genius. She did more than recommend the book to her friends; she delivered a lecture on it one afternoon in the clubhouse. Anything Mrs. Singleton said about a book was not disputable among the members of the club.

Presently there sprang up a demand for "The Wanderer." This demand occurred in the city where Mrs. Singleton reigned as literary queen. A few of the women who read it appreciated it, but it mattered not to those who failed to do so, for since Mrs. Singleton had put her stamp on it none of the others would dare condemn it, for they would thereby condemn themselves for lack of appreciation. The calls for "The Wanderer" at the stands increased, and presently a new edition was necessary to supply the demand.

One morning Wickersham woke up to find himself famous. Mrs. Wickersham was famous, too, not only for being the wife of a famous man, but because she was the first to discover his genius, Mrs. Singleton being the second person. Mrs. Wickersham bore her honors modestly. She did not take the trouble to read her husband's book, for she would no more understand it after the public had put its stamp of approval on it than before. There was no necessity for her to read it. When persons congratulated her on her husband's success and her own discernment of his genius she looked modest and said nothing. What is there for a person to say when complimented? Anything said is calculated to do harm rather than good. Mrs. Wickersham stood pat. Among the many persons who congratulated her there was not one who knew that she had never read a word of her husband's book.

Mrs. Wickersham got out all her husband's unpublished manuscripts and offered them to publishers. They were snapped up greedily. A taste for Wickersham's work was gradually growing upon the public, and the sale of his books increased proportionately. Meanwhile he wrote a new one and one day informed his wife that he had given it to a publisher for publication.

"At what royalty?" asked the lady.

"Royalty? I don't know. I suppose the usual royalty."

"Albert," his wife exclaimed, "you are the stupidest man in America!"

Then she visited the publisher in question and returned with a contract to pay her husband double the usual royalty.

Wickersham remained famous for a time. Then his fame began to wane. Some said he had written himself out. Others declared that it had been a mistake to consider him a genius at all. This doesn't matter to his wife, since she is cutting the coupons off the bonds she bought with the money reaped when her husband was a star, and it makes no difference to her now that his star has set.

Last year's comets did not wear tails, but this year's most notable visitant is reported to have two. Being a comet is becoming increasingly costly.

The First Victim.

Chief Justice Doherty used to relate an experience which befell him during a visit to a country house in Ireland. His friend, the host, sent a car to the railway station to bring him to the place. He had not gone far when the horse became restless and finally upset the car into a ditch. The judge asked the driver how long the animal had been in harness.

"Half an hour, sur."

"I mean how long since he was first put in harness?"

"Shure, I've tould you—half an hour, sur," answered the driver. "An' the masther said if he carried ye safe he'd buy him."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Life Amid Deathlike Stillness.

In the rainless interior of Australia there is a "silence of the grave." This deathlike silence has a peculiarly depressing effect. If two men are camped and one of them goes to a distant township to get provisions while the other remains behind to look after the camp, the man who is to remain says to his friend in forcible, gold fields language: "Now, Bill, don't be long away. You know what kind of a place this is to live in by yourself," or words to that effect. If his mate is away for two or three days the silence gets on the man's nerves and in the end he shouts to make a noise. And often he is afraid of the sound of his own voice.—Exchange.

Called His Papa Down.

Little Willy is a bright boy and a saucy boy. His apt answers have often turned away wrath and often turned it upon him strongly. The other day his father was reprimanding him for some misdeed, and Willy was answering very saucily. The father became very angry and, seizing the youngster by the collar, said: "See here, young man, you must not talk like that to me. I never gave my father impudence when I was a boy." Willy was not fazed at all. With a cherubic smile he looked into papa's eyes and said, "But, papa, maybe your father didn't need it." 'Twas all off. Willy escaped punishment, while papa retired to another room.

A Test of Friendship.

Just before Artemus Ward's death Robertson poured out some medicine and offered it to the sick man, who said, "My dear Tom, I won't take any more of that horrible stuff."

Robertson urged him to swallow the mixture, saying, "Do, now—there's a dear fellow—for my sake. You know I would do anything for you."

"Would you?" said Ward feebly, grasping his friend's hand for the last time.

"I would indeed," said Robertson.

"Then you take it."

Ward passed away a few hours afterward.—"Recollections of the Bancrofts."

Swiss Glaciers.

As the Matterhorn is the grandest object to be seen in Switzerland, so also are the glaciers above Zermatt the most magnificent. In the Oberland and at Chamonix the glaciers are frozen rivers and cataracts. From the Gorner Grat the glaciers are vast seas of ice, with ledges of rocky beach, over which the frozen breakers are beating. The Aletsch and the Rhone glaciers are grand frozen torrents of immense volume, and the ice fields of the Mont Blanc range are of vast extent, but it is from the Gorner Grat, where the spectator is surrounded by frozen seas, out of which the snow peaks rise, like islands, that the imagination is overpowered by stupendous glacial effects.

BE KIND TODAY.

Less spent on the dead and more spent on the living would bring about many happy results. Hearts are breaking, loved ones wait, and tears flow all because of the withholding of kind words unspoken and letters never sent. Behold the sad mistakes of others, their remorse, and profit by the same before it is too late. Today, now, speak the loving word, send the tender message, write the letter you put off day by day, and don't wait until you forget it or until bitter memories haunt you.

Avoid Mannerisms.

The "slinker" slouch, the "pumphandle" shake and the excessive use of slang even in smart circles are being frowned upon these days.

Perhaps it is that we have advanced sufficiently in common sense to regard these hardly human social peculiarities as showing nothing more than a lack of good breeding. Whatever the cause, the natural manner is now regarded as the "thing."

Naturalness, after all, has a charm which affectation can never attain. When we meet a person who displays a perfectly natural manner, is charming, vivacious in her own, not any one else's, way, we are so delighted that invariably the possessor of these natural manners is regarded as a woman of peculiar fascination, and yet any one can be natural if one will. There lies the trouble—"if one will." It is most difficult to be oneself—not to imitate others. It is so easy to pick up the forms of speech, the affectations of manner which our associates display, so easy and so dangerous to the cultivation of a natural charm. It is human nature to imitate and to imitate the bad as well as the good. But once good habits of thought are formed the problem solves itself.

Many persons imagine that they are getting exercise enough when they begin wearing the "athletic" kind of undergarments in the spring.

SPRING NOVELTY.

Tan Checked Worsted Used For Useful Garment.

SPORTS COAT.

The up to date girl is quite as much interested in seasonable sports as is her brother, and the clothing she selects to wear upon the occasions when she participates in a game of tennis is quite as smart as is his. The coat shown in the illustration is designed to be worn to and from the tennis court in the motor and is to this end built of heavy tan checked worsted. It is smartly short in front, sloping downward to three-quarter length in the back. The collar is high, and huge patch pockets snugly envelop the hands. The buttons are large and are covered with the material.

THE DETACHABLE LINING.

This Is For Wear Under Handsome Blouses of Silk or Crape.

The careful woman will find it advisable to instruct her seamstress to make a detachable lining of fine net or habutai silk for wear beneath the blouse of georgette crape of radium or of some one of the new striped silks. Such a foundation should have sleeves rather loosely shaped and terminating just above the elbow. In warm weather the perspiration across the back and on the arms is apt to stain or fade the fine material of the outer garment.

The lining should be made separately and then loosely tacked to the inside of the blouse about the neck and shoulders. It will then be easily removed for a visit to the laundry or for other renovation. Two linings for a fine waist are better than one, because this insures a greater preservation of the outer fabric through cleanliness of the inner, and while one lining is being laundered the other may be readily adjusted to the blouse. This same idea applies to the frock of silk or of linen. Of course it is not advisable where the outer fabric is of sheer material like organdie, thin voile or kindred materials.

Allowance should be made for shrinkage when making up a new blouse or dress. A couple of extra blouse inches should be extended beneath the belt, and at the top of the skirt the material may be turned back so that after it comes from its first tubbing it may be let down without serious inconvenience.

Filling For Pincushions.

Coffee grounds rinsed in cold water and spread out to dry thoroughly on a sheet of paper make filling for a cushion which is warranted not to rust needles or pins thrust into it.

FADS AND FANCIES.

Shirring marks many frocks of soft fabrics. The skirts are shirred on cords about the hips, thus disposing of fullness that might otherwise be awkward in a skirt not cut on circular lines.

The fichu has many advocates this spring. There are some pretty frocks of taffeta, with hemstitched fichus of the sheerest muslin. Many lingerie frocks have ruffled fichus draped about the shoulders. And even some evening frocks show this quaint adjunct.

If one may judge by the shops, women are again going to buy separate leather belts, for many and good ones are shown. They are to wear with one piece frocks and with coats of linen and of wool.

There is some difficulty about getting imported laces owing to the war, but there is no difficulty in getting lacy and sheer fabrics. There is lace cloth, for instance, a fabric with all the sheerness and irregularity of surface of an over lace, yet with a good deal of body and strength.

The Hungarian Chamber has refused to pass the new military credits. They fail to see any sense or reason putting more paint on a house that is about ready to fall to pieces.

Woman's World

Why a Society Woman Joined a Labor Union.

Photo by American Press Association.

MRS. J. SERGEANT CRAM.

Mrs. John Sergeant Cram, society woman of New York city, has joined a union. She has taken out her card in the Musicians' local No. 210, has paid her dues for the year, and now the cause of labor is her cause in reality.

"It is my affair and your affair if a woman drags out her life in a sweatshop," said Mrs. Cram when interviewed about her reasons for having joined a union. "All of us are in a measure responsible for the bad conditions under which she works.

"I don't like this talk about improving the working people," she explained. "The only way we can help them is by helping them change their own conditions. The improvement must come from them up and not from some one else down. And if they are paid a just wage in return for their labor they can improve themselves."

Mrs. Cram attends the meetings of the Woman's Trades Union league in New York city and is deeply interested.

"Why, these women workers are the most altruistic human beings in the world," she said. "You have no idea how generous and self sacrificing they are. Men have said that women do not stand by each other and have no loyalty to other women. It may have been true before women went into the world to earn their living, but it isn't now. These organized women are just as faithful to each other and the principles for which they stand as men."

Those who work for a better adjustment of social and industrial conditions may see in Mrs. Cram's act a forecast of a finer future. It is one of the little straws which point the way of an evolution which will end in an understanding more friendly and co-operative than the traditional capital-labor antagonism has yet permitted.

To Lullaby Town.

Ready for bed in her long white nightgown,
Betty is starting for Lullaby Town.
Sweet is the music she hears on the way—
Ready for lullabies, tired of play.
Soft is her carriage; on rockers it goes,
As grandmother counts all the pink little toes.

Each little toe in a vision she'll see,
Safe on her journey on grandmother's knee.
"This is a robin asleep in a tree;
This is a butterfly; this is a bee;
This is a pig with a lovely pink nose,
And this last little one is a tiny white rose."

Ready for bed in her long white nightgown,
Safely goes Betty to Lullaby Town.
Soft is her carriage; on rockers it goes
As grandmother counts all the dear little toes.
Each one as soft and as pink as a rose.
—St. Nicholas.

Limit of Laziness.

Weary Winfield was looking over a scrap of paper that had come with a handout.

"Dis paper tells erbout a feller wot died from ennui. Wot's dat?"

"Dat," replied Tired Thaddeus, "is de feelin' wot comes to a man when he gets so lazy dat loafin's hard work."—Indianapolis Star.

Her Relative.

Little Lola was standing at the front gate gazing anxiously up and down the street when a woman passerby paused and asked, "Are you looking for some one, dear?"

"Yes, ma'am," replied Lola. "Dinner is on the table, and I came out to see if mamma's husband was coming."—Chicago News.

Thanked His Stars.

When the French revolution broke out a number of scientists lost their lives, but Lalande, the astronomer, only paid the more attention to the skies and its constellations. When he found, after the reign of terror, that he had escaped the fury of the mob he exclaimed gratefully, "I may thank my stars for it." Would any apparent jest possess more genuine truth?

A Tribute.

Walter—They do say ye're a great hand at a Welsh rabbit, sir. The Clubman—They do, eh? The Walter—Yis, sir. Oi heerd wan man say ye made wan that was worth all the throuble it gev him afther he ate it.

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CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.

YOUNG PRINCE OF BELGIANS GOES TO FIGHT AS A PRIVATE SOLDIER

Eldest Son of King of Belgium Is Not Yet Fourteen Years Old.

Story of a Young Doctor Who Gave His Life For an Officer.

FAR more vivid pictures of conditions in war stricken Europe are given in private correspondence than in the official reports. This is so not only of life in the cities, but even in the field.

William Kysh, a New Yorker, who enlisted in Princess Patricia's Canadians, writing home from France, shows that he is having no easy time with the allies.

"Things are pretty tough here on the firing line," he writes, "especially sitting in the trenches full of water and getting shelled all day. The 'Black Johnsons' which the Germans send us sing a mean song. But we

THE DUKE OF BRABANT.

are getting used to it now. We are gradually driving the Germans back, but thus far only by yards, and you may realize what work that is.

"I am writing this in an old barn which has been occupied in turn by both French and Germans. All the ground we are now on has been fought over. We get a certain number of days in the trenches and then a certain number of days out, different regiments relieving each other, and all getting a turn at the good and bad features of the campaign. In some places our trenches are only a matter of fifty yards from the Germans. There are all kinds of sniping going on both day and night and occasionally a charge."

DUKE OF BRABANT NOT FOURTEEN.

Just going to find what life in the trenches is like is the little Duke of Brabant, the not yet fourteen-year-old son of the King of the Belgians. He has joined the Twelfth infantry regiment as a common soldier, according to reports from Dunkirk. Recently the prince, with a rifle on his shoulder and a knapsack on his back, marched past the King, the Queen, and Prime Minister de Broqueville in the midst of his company.

The heir to the Belgian throne expects to enter the trenches whenever his regiment is ordered to the firing line.

Prince Leopold has been in constant touch with the Belgian army for three months. He begged his

ROYAL SCOTS FIRING "TAPS" OVER GRAVE OF CAPT. ERDMANN OF THE BLUECHER.

father, King Albert, to allow him to join, and ultimately the King gave his consent. The boy joined on his father's fortieth birthday.

When the regiment in which the young prince enlisted paraded before his mother and father the King expressed his joy at seeing his son in such a heroic regiment, which had made a glorious defence of Dixmude.

The prince is unusually tall and looks much older than his years. He was born in Brussels, Nov. 3, 1901. He has one brother, Prince Charles, who is eleven years old, and one sister, Princess Marie, who is eight. The home life of the Belgian royal family is said to be particularly happy, and the Duke of Brabant has seldom been away from his mother.

GETS KING'S FIRST WHISTLE.

"Well done, Indomitable stokers!" signaled Admiral Beatty after the fleet he commanded had sunk the Bluecher and crippled the German fleet as it scuttled back to Heligoland, while in his report afterward he said, "Great credit is due to the engine room staffs for the fine steaming of the squadron." That tribute gave as much pleasure to the men as the admiral's little son, David, felt later when King George specially invited him to Buckingham Palace and presented him with a whistle, the very first one which the King himself had owned and which when he was a small boy was attached to his first sailor suit.

THE BRAVEST DOCTOR.

This story stands out for cool, superb heroism. Learning that an officer was lying badly wounded in a trench 400 yards beyond the dressing-station, Dr. D. C. Turnbull, a lieutenant in the R.A.M.C., determined to bring him in. Although it meant almost certain death to attempt to reach the officer by daylight, Dr. Turnbull took the risk and won through. Finding an operation necessary, he decided to remove the officer, but could not get beyond the communication trench. A heavy German fire was directed at him, and all through that day he lay in the trench, compressing an artery by hand to check the bleeding. As darkness fell, Dr. Turnbull, helped by an orderly, lifted the officer and started the perilous journey. He got his patient safely through, but in doing so he received a shot through the lung, from which he subsequently died.

A HERO'S ERRAND.

Blackburn is proud of Thomas Duxbury, of the East Lancashire

AUSTRIAN INFANTRY IN THE CARPATHIANS.

regiment, and justifiably so; for the gallant achievement which won for him the Distinguished Conduct Medal stands out prominently among the thousands of other heroic deeds which have been performed in this war. Duxbury volunteered to convey an important despatch for the commanding officer to a regiment seven miles away. His hazardous errand lay across the firing line, where shells and bullets fell thickly. After traversing five and a half miles he was badly wounded in both legs. Determined to accomplish his mission, he crawled the remainder of the journey, suffering agonizing pain, and delivered his despatch. Duxbury, by the way, is the second Blackburn soldier to win the D.C.M.

LIFE FOR A COMRADE.

It was during a hot attack in the Dardanelles, at a point where British landing-parties had gone ashore to complete the demolition of some of the forts, that a British "Tar" gave his life for a comrade. One man of the Royal Naval Division, a marine, was seen retiring, carrying one of his comrades on his back. Shots were fired at him by the Turks, and the man tried to take cover. In an instant he was up again, struggling with his human load, and once more shots rang out. The gallant effort was repeated several times, until the brave fellow fell not to rise again. The man whom he was carrying afterwards recovered consciousness, but does not know the name of the hero who sacrificed his life to save him.

The women's peace conference at The Hague is now branded as a German scheme. Sounds not unreasonable as that.

Australia Offers More.

The Australian Government's offer to send 10,000 additional troops to England will bring the total of the Australian Expeditionary Forces up to 60,000.

This is to be said concerning the love letters that are read in the American divorce courts: Some of them are sloppier than others.

The Story of Captain Graham

By M. QUAD

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We had called at Mauritius on our way from Liverpool to Bombay in the ship Farewell and were five days out from the island when the adventure occurred by which we lost the captain and laid the foundation for this story. He was swept overboard in the course of a heavy storm.

Almost before he realized his position the ship was a mile away, and he felt sure that no boat would be lowered to make a search for him. Having found a spar and lashed himself to it, he drifted away to the west and evening came on. Night passed and another day came, and toward the close of that day Captain Graham lost consciousness. He may have drifted a day after that—perhaps two days. When he came to his senses again he was lying on a sandy beach with his feet in the water. He had been cast ashore on an island.

Along the beach were oysters and shellfish a-plenty. What struck him curiously was the entire absence of life on the island. He had been on the island a week or so and had twice walked clear around it, when one day, as he was gathering fruit in an open spot, he was suddenly and fiercely attacked by a naked man. The surprise was great, and the captain had not yet recovered his strength; but, shaking the man off, he seized a club and laid about him so vigorously that his assailant ran away.

In breaking away from the captain he ran for the beach. The latter followed at his heels, shouting for him to stop, but the unknown ran to the water, plunged in and swam straight out to sea, looking back now and then and seeming to be in a terrible fright. He held to his course until he could no longer be seen, and there was no doubt he went to his death, as he did not return. In a dense thicket the captain found a rude shelter which the man had used, and among the dried grass forming his bed were a few fragments of cloth, which had once been a pea packet. There were also a sailor's pipe and an empty tobacco box.

The center of the island was considerably higher than elsewhere, and exactly in the middle was a single tree, surrounded by a thicket, which the captain had never yet penetrated. In carrying out his explorations he entered this copse, finding a hard beaten path, evidently made by the crazy man. Piled up at the roots of the tree the captain found a great stock of small iron bound boxes, and it needed but one glance to satisfy him that they were treasure boxes. There was the cavity where they had once been buried, and the boxes were weather beaten, as if long exposed. Two or three large shells lay about, which had doubtless been used to dig out the dirt, and one of the boxes had been opened.

The captain shouldered this box and carried it down to the spot he called "home" and there inspected its contents. It contained about $6,000 in gold. In the pile at the foot of the tree were fifteen other boxes of the same size.

Well, there was a big fortune there, and it belonged to the finder, but it might have been so much sand for all the good it could do him. Days and weeks and months passed away, and one day the castaway counted up the pebbles he had laid in rows along the beach to mark the time and found he had been eleven months on the island. On that day there came a furious gale from the east and a very high tide, and from some wreck at sea the waves brought in a vast quantity of stuff. There was nothing to eat or wear among the wreckage, but there were planks and spars and a carpenter's tool chest, and as soon as the storm had abated the castaway went to work to build him a raft. He had determined to leave the island at any hazard, and after four or five days' work he had his raft completed. It was a rude but stout affair. Wild fruits were taken for provisions, and fresh water was carried in a wine keg which had come ashore with the wreckage. From one of the boxes the captain took $500 in gold pieces, and one morning when the wind was from the west he launched his raft and drifted off before it. By his reckoning, which was probably correct, it was seven days before he was picked up by the John J. Speed, an American merchant vessel, homeward bound.

Captain Graham at once set about finding a ship to bring the treasure off. A brig was finally chartered and sailed with him aboard, but after a cruise of months she failed to find the island.

In the space of two years he made three different voyages in search of the island, and when the story leaked out three or four other expeditions were fitted out, but in all the sailing to and fro no human eye could find the looked for spot. If it had been raised from the sea by a volcanic disturbance had a second disturbance caused the sea to swallow it up? There are many reasons to believe that this was the fate which overtook it. About ten years after the captain's last voyage a volcanic island, which was simply a barren rock about a mile in circumference, was pushed above water where his island was supposed to be, and it is there today with a fringe of trees all around the outer edge. It has been searched inch by inch for treasure, but not a single gold piece has it yielded up.

Do Your Best.

To do anything in this world worth doing we must not stand back shivering and thinking of the cold and danger, but jump in and scramble through as well as we can.

A Popular Leader!

Popular among Britons everywhere—whether fighting in France or carrying on "business as usual" in Canada.

Black Cat

Cigarettes—10 for 10 Cents,

have been promoted to the leadership they so thoroughly merit. If you are not yet a member of the Black Cat Army of Smokers, "enlist" before you're a day older.

Every cigar store in Canada is a Black Cat "recruiting station." By paying the nominal sum of 10 cents you can get a trial packet and test for yourself the wonderfully mild, yet distinctive, flavor that has caused smokers by the thousands to fall in line and cheer for Black Cats.

30 Coupons bring the exciting Black Cat War Game. Save the coupons enclosed in Black Cat packets. They entitle the entire "rank-and-file" of Black Cat Smokers to "a share in the spoils." Note the splendid Profit Sharing Gifts obtainable by returning the coupons to Black Cat Headquarters at Montreal.

GERMANY'S METAL FAMINE.

She Is Now Using Brass Doors as Ammunition.

Will the copper famine seal Germany's fate? The question is one which may well cause our foes some perturbation, for without copper there can be no ammuntion, and without ammuntion there can be no war. That is why England and France have taken such determined steps to prevent any supplies of this metal reaching Germany and Austria. Once their supplies of copper are exhausted the fate of both countries seems certain.

Copper is the essential metal in the manufacture of munitions of war. Neither cartridge nor shell can be made without it. Time after time experiments have been made with other metals, but without any marked success. Aluminium is the nearest approach to copper for war material, but it cannot be depended upon. The alloy of zinc and copper from which cartridge cases for rifles are drawn is so thin that the metal must be very pure to insure against flaws. Then there are the cartridge cases for quick-firing guns. These also require the highest quality of copper and zinc, since they must be exact to the 500th part of an inch, and gas-tight. On shells there are copper bands encircling the shell to ensure close fitting in the rifling, pure copper being the only substance known that gives satisfactory results.

The fact that the price of copper in Germany has increased 200 per cent. since the commencement of the war is striking evidence of the shortage of this precious metal. At the lowest estimate it is reckoned that German troops fire 26,000,000 shots every twenty-four hours, the total weight of brass necessary for this daily rifle fire being roundly 305 tons. If we calculate, says the London Times, Maxim gun fire at 10 per cent. of the rifle-fire, we have: rifles, 305 tons; Maxim guns, roughly 30 tons; making a total of 335 tons.

To this total must be added copper used in regard to shells, amounting, according to the authority already mentioned, to 105 tons a day. This brings the total up to 440 tons. Copper in the brass used by Germany and Austria-Hungary forms 72 per cent. of this metal, so that the total need of copper in the above-mentioned weight of brass is about 320 tons per day, or nearly 120,000 tons a year.

The Town of Bushire.

Residents of a miserable seaport on the Persian gulf called their town Bushire (Boosheer). It has narrow, dirty, ill paved streets. The city is visited by earthquakes and simoons and stints its children of wholesome air and fresh water. It appears, however, to have enjoyed high repute among the ancient Elamites, who have left buried about under moldering heaps bricks with cuneiform inscriptions. In summer the citizens of Bushire live in a heat that is almost unbearable.

McLAUGHLIN

Power and Economy

Combined with Permanent

Service

The "McLaughlin Six," which we made last year caused an entire revolution in automobile construction—providing a most luxurious and powerful Motor Car at a moderate price.

Experienced Motorists throughout Canada showed their appreciation by creating such a demand that we were unable to meet it.

The result is that we have been assured of its popularity, and are able to produce them at

LOWER PRICES

and give an even better car—that is the car has many minor improvements in body refinements and mechanical details.

The McLaughlin-Buick famous "Valve-in-Head" Motor develops most power with least fuel. Every Motor is guaranteed to develop and DELIVER more power than any other type of Automobile Motor of equal size of any make.

The "McLAUGHLIN SIX" is of the graceful Streamline design—has Delco starting, ignition and lighting system—dimming searchlights—disappearing tonneau seats—best hand buffed leather upholstering—English weatherproof top material—new vacuum gasoline feed—cantilever rear springs.

Every "McLAUGHLIN SIX" is GUARANTEED to run at least 17 miles to each gallon of gasoline.

LET US ARRANGE A DEMONSTRATION

Literature gladly sent on request.

McLaughlin Carriage Co., Limited

Head Office and Factory - - Oshawa, Ontario

BELLEVILLE MANAGER; MR. P. J. LEE

McLAUGHLIN SERVICE

This Company is one of the oldest Carriage Companies in Canada—is a purely Canadian Company—built up with entirely Canadian capital.

Having our own branches distributed throughout the Dominion from Halifax to Vancouver—we are in a position to give owners of McLaughlin Cars unexcelled service and constant prompt attention—also to give quick repairs and parts.

A Fully Equipped Motor Ambulance

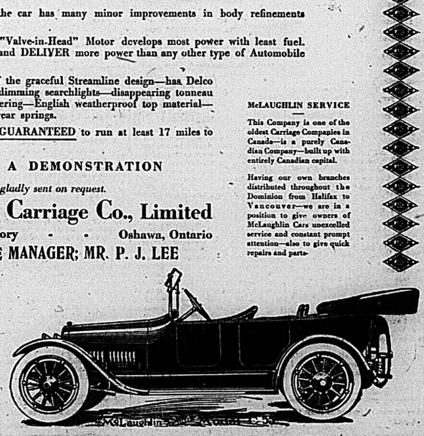
was presented to the Canadian Red Cross Society, by the McLaughlin Carriage and Motor Companies.

This ambulance was on exhibition at their Toronto Showrooms, during the week ending February 27th, and was an object of great interest, being admired by many.

Also the Lincoln County Council ordered an exact duplicate, and will present it to the Canadian Red Cross Society.

Branches in the following towns:

St. John, N.B.	Winnipeg, Man.
Montreal, Que.	Regina, Sask.
Belleville, Ont.	Saskatoon, Sask.
Toronto, Ont.	Calgary, Alta.
Hamilton, Ont.	Edmonton, Alta.
London, Ont.	Vancouver, B.C.



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The Mocking Bird Girl

By F. A. MITCHEL

One afternoon in April while on a visit to Washington I was sitting on a bench in one of the parks. The leaves were half blown, and among them birds were twittering. One little songster in a tree above my head was now and again giving two melodious notes, the first higher than the second. Then suddenly just behind me these notes were repeated by a human voice, followed by a girl's laugh. I cannot say which was the more musical, the imitation of the bird's piping or the laugh. I turned and saw three girls, all with their backs toward me, moving away.

Cupid has many arrows in his quiver, but there is one, called fancy, that he uses more than all the others. At any rate he had let drive at me with such an arrow and pierced my heart. I had been caught by the trifling incident that I have mentioned and was enamored of the girl who had mocked a bird and laughed. I fancied her the embodiment of feminine mischief; her smile between dimples was doubtless expressive of that melodious laugh, and her eyes laughed as well as her lips and her voice.

Had I been a trifle less fanciful and more practical I would have arisen and hurried after the girls to get a view of the one who had bewitched me. But by the time I became aroused to the situation it was too late. I went after them, but the park was full of people, and they were lost in the crowd.

A few evenings later I was attending a reception at the White House. I was standing near the opening to the conservatory with a married lady to whom I was indebted for invitations. Suddenly from within the conservatory I heard the musical laugh that had charmed me. But unfortunately high growing plants were between me and the person who laughed, and I could not see her.

I would have given all I possessed if I could have left my companion and hurried around what screened the girl I longed to see. But no. Conventionality held me. To leave a woman standing alone at a function would be unpardonable. And what excuse could I make for such an act? Could I say: "Madame, pardon me. There is a mocking bird girl behind those palms with whom I am enthralled. I must leave you to go to her?" Such a course would be to commit social suicide, for I have observed that of all the women in society the most sensitive to the attention shown them are those who have husbands. I remained at my post, but heaven knows what it cost me to do so. Later I would have tried to find her, but how could I do so never having seen her face?

The next time I heard my mocking bird laugh I was at the capitol, up in a gallery under the dome. Directly below me walked a man, a woman and a girl. I could see the tops of their heads and shoulders, but nothing more. Then up came the laugh. It was the same I had heard twice before. I would know it among a thousand.

I was tempted to jump down fifty or a hundred feet and land before my charmer. Instead, I turned and ran down the stairs so fast that I fell and when I tried to rise found it impossible to do so. I had broken my leg.

I cursed my fate for many reasons, but the principal one was that I must give up hope of ever finding my charmer—that is, if she was a stranger in Washington. If not, I would remain there as long as I lived in order to find her.

I did not get the use of my leg again till July, and then it was too hot to remain in one of the hottest cities in America. I would have done so, but I didn't believe the girl I was looking for would be there. With a heavy heart I went northward.

In October I returned to prosecute my search. I accepted all the invitations I received, hoping to meet my mocking bird girl. I was doomed to disappointment. Everywhere I went I listened and never heard a girl laugh that I did not feel a pang because it was not the one I longed to hear. I was introduced to many girls, but none of them could fill the gap in my heart.

One evening I was assigned to take a certain young lady out to dinner. She was very pretty. Her eye was liquid, her smile flanked by dimples. I passed a delightful period chatting with her, for there was between us that wireless something which tells two persons that they like each other. I parted with her under the impression that she might make me forget my laugh girl.

I met this young lady again and asked permission to call. It was granted, and during the first evening I spent at her home I made a discovery. She began to play the piano, and this set a canary bird in another room to singing.

"I once heard a girl," I remarked, "imitate a bird to perfection."

"I can do that," she said and straightway reproduced some of the canary's notes. Whether it was the expression on my face or what it was I know not, but she laughed.

I sprang toward her and took both her hands in mine.

"I've been hunting you since last April!" I exclaimed. "I heard you imitate a bird in the park and laugh. That laugh made me your slave forever."

And I spoke the realistic truth. We have been married ten years, and I have never yet had my way in a single instance.

Italy seems practically to have decided upon war. Come on in Italy, the going's fine.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

CHARCOAL BURNING.

Wood Now Destroyed Might Be Profitably Converted Into Charcoal.

In land clearing work, use may be made of wood taken therefrom for the production of charcoal. Canada has a constantly growing market for charcoal, and with good prices for the supply, it is advisable to increase the production. While the retort is, undoubtedly, the more economical means of producing charcoal, the advantage is offset by the fact that the wood which would be utilized in the production by pit burning would otherwise be waste material, and, consequently, the return from its use would offset the additional cost of production by the latter method.

For charcoal burning, it is essential to have a piece of land sheltered as much as possible from the wind. All kinds of hardwood not under two inches in diameter may be used. The wood should be sawn into two-foot lengths, and split, if required, into pieces not over four inches square. Sufficient wood should be provided for two pits; it is advisable to burn two pits at once, as during the charring process two pits can be attended to as readily as one, night and day attention being required.

Charcoal "pits" are usually built about twenty-one feet in diameter and about nine feet high. To commence the pile, a strong stake is driven into the ground, having about one foot exposed. Around this stake are placed upright small pieces of dry wood of equal length, and this is continued until a layer of wood is formed the size of the pit. A circle about one foot in diameter is built around the stake driven into the ground by placing the pieces of wood horizontally on the upright pieces, the end coming to the centre circle. This circle is thus built up to the required height, forming a chimney for the pit, by which it is fired. Outside this circular core the wood is piled on end and reclining inwards, layer upon layer, until the pit is of the size required. When the building is completed it is covered with newly-cut sod, the grassy side inwards, commencing at the base and working upwards, the sod overlapping a few inches, and the chimney being left open. Before covering the top part of the pit, all crevices between the wood should be packed with sod or sawdust to exclude the air. The pit is fired by dropping hot coals and small pieces of dry wood into the opening at the top; the opening is then covered with sod, which effectually closes in the pit, and the charring commences.

Constant attention is required day and night during the burning, especially during stormy weather, as the wind, by striking a particular part of the pit, causes that part of the pit to burn more rapidly and possibly fall in. Should this occur, the space should be at once filled in with rough logs and again covered with sod.

The time required for burning varies from seven to nine days, according to weather conditions, dry and mild weather requiring the longer period.

As the charring proceeds, the sod covering gradually disappears until only a slight covering of burnt earth remains. When the pits have burned out and become cool their size will be reduced to somewhat less than half of the original. The charcoal may be extracted by means of a fine-toothed rake, after which it should be stored in a dry place, care being taken to see that no live embers are left.—Conservation.

Atrocities In Canada.

Canadians will be interested in an article in the Cologne Gazette recently from an American correspondent, in which he describes the experience of a German-American writer, who has spent the greater part of his life in the States and is a man of education. In his opinion the position of the German-American in Canada is even worse than in the States. "One is horrified to learn that a Canadian mob has slaughtered Germans on the street for no other reason than that they were Germans. In Toronto the police pay daily domiciliary visits to houses of German-Canadians, and their mails are all opened. German newspapers, especially the New York Staats Zeitung, are prohibited, and any person found with a copy is liable to a penalty of five years' penal servitude. These enormities are not printed in the United States, but the correspondent of the Cologne Gazette knows all about them from other sources."

Lately, the correspondent adds, a meeting was dispersed by Canadian police, merely because some person recited a German poem, which happened to have some nasty verses about England.

An Excellent Scholar.

"John Wasyleczko, Kom from Galicia, born Kalash, Old 32 ers, merry wayf in Old Kontry, 3 ers in Canada. No soldier. Workin in Blackvel Co, Liav Niagara St. N. 81." This, on a leaf torn from a notebook, was brought by an alien, wishing to register at the office of the Registrar of Alien Enemies in Toronto the other day. John had been to a friend, an "excellent" English scholar, having been in this country for five or six years, who had written it out for him.

Dominions Aid Each Other.

Owing to the shortage of the wheat supply in New Zealand the Prime Minister recently arranged a transaction on behalf of his Government with the Prime Minister of Canada, who purchased for New Zealand 250,000 bushels of wheat in Canada. Wheat rather than flour was arranged for in order to keep men at work in the New Zealand mills.

To Organise Canadian Air Corps.

Capt. E. L. Janney, a Canadian aviator, who has made a name for himself both before and in the present war, has returned from the front. He had been doing scout duty for the British army, but is returning to organize a squadron of aeroplanes to be built, equipped and manned in Canada.

Japan's ambition may be to star in the role of international auspicious character.

Victories are desirable—but tragically expensive.

THE VISITORS STAYED.

Canadian Officer at Front Tells of Some Voluntary Prisoners.

The following very interesting letters have been received by The Toronto Star Weekly from a Canadian officer now at the front with the British reservists. The letters are addressed from "Signal Service R.E., 3rd Army Headquarters, British Expeditionary Force, France," and commence with a valuable hint to Canadians writing to friends at the front.

"In order to save delay in the delivery of letters I would suggest that letters intended for British reservists from Canada serving with the Imperial army be addressed: British Expeditionary Force; those for soldiers serving with the Canadian contingent, Canadian Expeditionary Force. Several of my letters have only been addressed Expeditionary Force, and these have been sent to Salisbury Plain and have been marked 'Not with the Canadian Forces. Try Imperial,' and this has caused six weeks' travel from time of leaving Toronto."

"The German artillery have kept us busy sending over Christmas boxes for the past few days, very little damage being done beyond the destroying of a few houses in a town that is already in ruins. The German gunners seem to like trying to demolish our hospitals. They have not been very successful up to the present, whether it is due to bad markmanship or Providence I cannot say.

"Aeroplanes have been very valuable during this campaign. If you are anywhere within range of German guns and one of their aeroplanes is about dropping lights or smoke signals, it is a safe bet to expect a few shells in that direction tout de suite.

"Our aviators have done splendid work. If a German gets over our lines and there are any of our fellows around he seldom gets back. Too much praise cannot be given to the men who command the air as they run enormous risks to carry out their duties. I saw a plane come down the other day. The airman was quite jovial, and later we found no less than 10 bullet holes in the machine. Some kind friend sent me a copy of your paper and I noticed that the 2nd Contingent are going in for aeroplanes. I was pleased to see this, as the aeroplane wireless has proved very valuable. Some of our fellows were much amused over the mobilization confab. It is not policy for me to add further.

"Christmas Day passed off very quietly in this district. On the night of the 24th heavy cannonading was resorted to by the enemy to no effect. On the 23rd the Germans tried to break through our lines on seven different occasions, but were repulsed by our infantry with the aid of the Indians. Two English soldiers left their trenches and walked over to the German trenches to wish the Germans a Merry Christmas. The trenches at this particular point were not more than 100 yards apart. They carried their message and returned to our lines without harm. Two of the German infantry came over to our trenches to return the compliment. These two must have been envious of the dinner Tommy was expecting to have, as they absolutely refused to return to their own lines. I saw these two men last night, and if looks count for anything they were not disappointed in their anticipation of Tommy's generosity. They, with many others, prefer to finish the war behind our lines, where they are assured of square treatment."

Conservation of Fish.

Dealers in fish find it difficult to dispose of the inferior varieties and the smaller grades of fish that are brought in by the fishermen. Consumers forget that little fish are taken in the nets as well as large ones and that all are delivered to the merchants. It follows, therefore, that, if there is only a small demand for the less choice fish, the dealers must obtain higher prices for the better grades. This is an aspect of the high cost of living which deserves the serious consideration of the public. Except for the slight extra labor involved in preparing small fish for the table, they are in no way inferior to the larger fish, their flavor and nutritive qualities being quite as good. Similarly, many of the so-called coarser grades of fish, when skillfully cooked, are not only very palatable, but are very nutritious.

Consequently, it will be seen that greater economy can easily be practiced in the use of this very important natural resource. The fisheries of Canada are both varied and extensive and should prove to be an important factor in reducing the cost of living. What is needed is more conservation in connection with them, or in other words, more careful and intelligent use.—A. D. in Conservation.

Province Planning Road Patrol.

If a certain plan now understood to be engaging the attention of the Ontario Government works out into practice, motorists traveling provincial highways next year will find along every five or ten mile strip a solitary road patrol engaged in keeping the roadbed in first-class shape. He will have with him a horse and cart and a complete one-man repair equipment, and will be held personally responsible for the maintenance of the stretch alloted to him. His home will be in the vicinity and his daily task will be to traverse the section, to make all minor repairs, and if flaws of great extent are discovered to communicate with the county road authorities to see that it be dealt with at once. No break will be allowed to gain headway.

If this plan is adopted it will likely be worked on the county road basis. Each county would then appoint its own patrols under the direction of the engineer, and allot the road length for them to guard. Thus in Ontario there would be nearly 200 men constantly employed after the manner of section workers on a railroad.

Col. Roosevelt seems positively determined to retain his place in the sun.

Peace Rumors are made-in-Germany the Hamilton Times says. And consumed in Canada.

THE MAGIC OF LIFE

Unchecked It Would Kill Everybody and Everything.

ONLY BY DEATH DO WE EXIST.

Codfish Alone, If All Were Allowed to Live and Propagate Freely, Would in a Few Years Smother the Earth and Be Dropping Off Into Space.

Suppose for a moment that the equilibrium between life and death were to cease—imagine death arrested in its work! What would happen? The number of living beings upon the surface of the earth would be so great there would be no room for them. The atmosphere would be transformed into a compact mass of birds and insects which would be impenetrable even by the rays of the sun. In its superabundance life would suffocate and crush out life itself, and then death would rule supreme all at once. In a few days all organic life would have disappeared from the earth. It would be nothing but a waste and a desert.

That microscopic animal, the rotifer or rotator, lays thirty eggs at a time and starts seventy generations every year. If all these individuals remained alive at the end of a year their total would be so enormous as to make a sphere larger than the known universe.

The cynips, which produce the galls on the oak trees, the rose lice, the phylloxera and other aphidians or insects, which extract the sugar from plants, multiply in enormous numbers. One aphidian produces twenty-five descendants in a single day; on the second day we should have 25 by 25, or 625 individuals; the third day 15,625, and so on in geometrical proportion. Ten thousand of these insects, lighter than ether, weigh one-twentieth of a gram. Ten consecutive generations would make a cube equal to 1,000,000 men weighing 200 pounds each, and this in ten days.

One fly gives birth to about 20,000,000 individuals in a single summer. At the end of five summers of free propagation we should reach a fantastic figure—32 followed by 35 zeros.

Consider the vegetables for a moment. One plant of henbane can produce no less than 10,000 seeds in a single year. In five years it would have covered the entire surface of the earth with an impenetrable layer. And what about all the mushrooms that multiply so rapidly in a few days as to make all other vegetable life almost impossible?

The destruction of life is as cruel in the depths of the ocean as it is on earth, and the same terrible things would happen if there were no death in the sea. If there were no death one cod would in six years fill the ocean solid full and running over. Of course the original codfish wouldn't do it alone, but she would be responsible for it. One cod lays about 9,000,000 eggs in the year after she is three years old.

Three years later, if there were no death, all the progeny of this first fish would each deposit 9,000,000 eggs during that year, making a total of 81,000,000,000,000. Of course these figures are so great that they mean nothing to us except perhaps a gasp of astonishment. Now, take another three years—making six in all from the time the first cod deposited her eggs—each of these cod deposits 9,000,000 eggs, making the total of six years 64,081,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000! And this from one codfish only!

If there were no death, imagine what all the codfish would do at this rate! As a matter of fact, taking codfish alone, if there were no death among them, they would smother everything to death with their numbers in the first three years and leave the old earth dripping codfish into stellar space.

Medusae are destroyed in enormous numbers by aquatic animals, but the stomach of each medusa contains more than 100,000 of those microscopic marine algae called diatoms. One whale at a single mouthful swallows billions of these marine animalculae.

From the bottom to the top of the scale the scene is the same. The greater the propagating power of specie the greater and more rapid is the work of death, so as to preserve the equilibrium, without which all life would cease. Nature seems cruel to us, but is it?

Of course such a thing as no death is a great deal like an irresistible force striking an immovable body, for in an unbelievable short time the earth would be covered with animal and vegetable matter, the air packed solid with birds and all flying things and the seas made solid by fish. The result would actually be a paradox, to the effect that if there were no death everything would promptly be smothered to death. One need but give a few minutes' thought to this before he understands why there is death, why, after all, it is only by death that we live.—New York American.

Getting the Business.

"What is that letter?" asked the busy merchant.

"Answer to your letter to a young lady proposing matrimony. Replying to your esteemed favor, the young lady declines."

"Hum! Send her our follow up form No. 17."—Puck.

The persistent aspirations of the human are to society what the compass is to the ship. It sees not the shore, but it guides to the shore.—Lamartine.

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.

COUSIN LISA

By DONALD CHAMBERLIN

When I tell you that my name is Shovaloff you immediately picture a man with a heavy beard, shocky hair, large and thick set form. In other words, you fancy me to be a Russian. If you were to see me you would behold a rather small man with closely cut light hair and clean shaven face. Moreover I cannot speak a word of Russian. I can only speak English and American English at that, for I was born in the United States and till recently had never been off the North American continent.

My father was born in the province of Perm in eastern Russia, lying next to Siberia. He came to America when he was very young, married an American girl and died within a year after I was born.

My father brought a little money with him from Russia, which he used to a profit and left my mother in comfortable circumstances. When I was twenty-five a letter came to her stating that the farm which had been in the Shovaloff family for many years must be sold, and I was interested. She proposed that I go to Russia and look after the matter. I loved travel and caught at the plan eagerly.

When I reached my father's former home I did not wonder that he had left it. The country round about was thinly settled, though a village had grown up near the farm. The people had their own customs, which had been handed down to them through many generations. Some of these customs were very quaint.

My father had left a brother and a sister in Russia. The brother had died unmarried, but the sister, a widow, still lived. She had but one child, a daughter, who jointly with me would inherit the farm. She was a very odd, though a very pretty, little damsel about seventeen years old. I could not talk with my aunt or my cousin because they spoke no English and I no Russian, but we found an interpreter who served our purpose fairly well.

There was no hotel in the place, and I was obliged to set up a dwelling of my own. This I did in a small house which had been vacated. A middle aged woman who spoke a little English consented to be my housekeeper and do my cooking. My aunt did not invite me to stay at her house. Why I knew not.

The business that brought me to Russia was very slow in working itself out, and the prospect of my getting away was not propitious. I had been in the village several weeks when one morning I was surprised by a visit from my Cousin Lisa. She came in, all blushes and with a shrinking manner. My housekeeper being present, I saw no impropriety in her coming, but I nevertheless wondered at it. Not being able to communicate with her more than to say good morning, I asked the housekeeper to inquire if there was anything I could do for my cousin. A few words passed between the two, and the housekeeper, with some embarrassment I thought, said that there was only one thing I could do for my cousin, but I had better find it out for myself.

I concluded that I had struck another of the strange customs of the country and that I might as well let it work itself out. Lisa assisted the housekeeper in the work, and I went out about the business concerning which I had come to Russia. I did not return till evening, expecting surely that my cousin had gone. What was my surprise to find her still there.

"How long," I asked my housekeeper, "is Lisa going to stay here?"

"Always, unless you turn her out."

"Turn her out!"

"Yes. And you cannot do that unless you are willing to suffer the resentment of every one hereabout."

"What does all this mean?"

"It means that Lisa has offered to marry you."

I was thunder struck. Little by little I drew from my informer that in this region of Russia when a woman wished to marry a man she went to his house and remained there, awaiting his action. If he refused her it was considered a great insult to her and her family. If she had male relatives they were likely to avenge what was considered a slight to her and them.

While I had been charmed by my little cousin I had had up to this moment no thought of marrying her. Her action put the idea into my head. A marriage between us would greatly facilitate the settling of the inheritance in which we were interested. She was very lovely, very modest, and in her quaint Russian costume she looked very pretty. If dressed as an American lady I would have no reason, at home, to be ashamed of her.

I accepted Lisa's proposal and as soon as I had done so sent her home to prepare for the wedding. My aunt told me that she had seen from the first that her daughter had given me her heart, and she had encouraged her to act as she had done.

When I took home with me a bride my mother was surprised, but when I told her how the betrothal had come about she was astonished. Fortunately my wife's modest demeanor did not permit my mother to associate any boldness with her act.

We have but recently returned to America and, although Lisa is studying English with great assiduity, we are not yet able to converse with much ease.

We'll have to enlist an army of dentists and send them over to administer gas to the Germans in return.

Baby's Food Step by Step

You know all about cow's milk and preparing it for baby's bottle. You know the difficulty of making it digestible, and that the modifying must be changed to provide for baby's growing needs. You know the milk is likely to be infected with germs and often causes grievous troubles.

You must have the best for baby. Just a word about the 'Allenburys' Foods—fresh, pure, rich milk from healthy cows, pastured in old England—handled in model laboratories in these ideal surroundings—and modified by expert staffs in accordance with highest medical knowledge of baby's needs.

The 'Allenburys' Foods comprise a series of three foods each to suit baby's needs and progress. A moment's thought will convince every mother of the reasonableness of this method. What could be more irrational than to feed a baby of three weeks and one of six months on exactly the same food?

The 'Allenburys' Foods

Milk Food No. 1. From birth to 3 months. **Milk Food No. 2.** From 3 to 6 months. **Malted Food No. 3.** From 6 months.

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Rooms with Bath, $1.50 per day upwards.

$1.00 Extra each Additional Person

JOHN F. DOWNEY, MANAGER.

Houses Built of Meerschaum

The town of Vallecas, in Spain, is almost entirely built of meerschaum. Vallecas has on its outskirts great quarries of a meerschaum too coarse for pipemaking, and a meerschaum built town is the result, an ivory white town that shines in the Spanish sun. In Morocco meerschaum is so plentiful that they use it when soft and fresh for soap. It gives a plentiful and cleansing lather. Ekdischehr, in Asia Minor supplies the world's meerschaum. There are 2,000 mines, large and small there, and 8,000 Kurd and Persian meerschaum miners work day and night in them. The meerschaum comes from the earth yellow and turns white after ten days' bleaching in the sun.

Heroic Treatment.

In Guiana if a child is slow in its movements the parents apply an ant to the child instead of a whip to make it move faster. This little ant bites more cruelly than a mosquito, and its bite is apt to be troublesome afterward. As you can imagine, this treatment [illegible] others, and the children of Guiana are said to be particularly cruel to animals. The little boys in Guiana do not reckon their age by years, but by their ability to endure pain. Until he gets to the point where he can let the Hugo ant bite him without wincing he is considered merely a baby.—London Saturday Review.

Airing Ironed Garments.

The importance of a thorough airing of clothes after ironing cannot be overemphasized—not only on the score of health, but on those of appearance and economy. Clothes put away damp do not look smooth and well finished when taken out for use, and there is a danger of their becoming damaged by mildew.

APPEARANCES.

Never be influenced by external appearance in forming your judgment of a person's worth. This is an important rule, for many a noble spirit is covered by habiliments of poverty, while not infrequently a showy exterior conceals a villain of the basest kind.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MAY 3, 1915. No. 296

SIX THOUSAND CANADIANS ESTIMATE OF YPRES BATTLE

Casualty Lists Continue to Pour in at Rate of 150 a Day—More Than 225 Officers so Far Announced Dead, Wounded or Missing

OTTAWA, May 3.—(Special)—Private cables tonight state that the Canadian casualties may exceed 6,000 and that the number killed in action may approximate 600. It is estimated that of the 5,000, 1,500 may be on the list of "missing." There is no official confirmation of the above estimates.

Casualty lists among the rank and file of Canadians in the battle of Ypres continue to pour in to the Militia Department at the rate of about 150 per day. Already more than 225 officers have been accounted for in dead, wounded and missing, and there are reasons to believe that few more casualties among officers will be received. Every battalion at the front has its toll of dead and wounded, while all the detail units, including Engineers, Army Service Corps, and even the Ambulance Corps, have suffered heavily. Yesterday and today, not including the heavy list received late tonight, the casualties totalled 239. Toronto and western Ontario, Winnipeg, Victoria and Vancouver have all suffered heavily according to today's lists.

HEAVY LOSSES OF TWO CORPS.

The 48th Highlanders of Toronto have many casualties, bearing testimony to the gallant stand they made during the strenuous days. While the casualties among the Montreal regiment have not been comparatively heavy, fears are expressed that there will be many missing in this regiment. The intelligence conveyed in the Eye-witness' report leads to the fear that certain detachments at least of these two regiments were surrounded at St Julien, and will not be heard of again until the war is over at least.

LOSSES MAY REACH 6,000.

The Canadian casualties at Ypres may total up to 5,000, and the indications are that they may even exceed that number. Officers on the week-end casualty list include: Lieut. Bruce Fred Bainsmith of the Princess Pats, wounded; Lieut. Reginald H. Tupper, son of Sir Charles H. Tupper of Vancouver, formerly reported wounded, now reported dangerously ill; Capt. George William Northwood of the 8th Battalion, missing; Capt. Gault McComb, 14th Battalion, Montreal, wounded; Capt. R. N. Harvey, Lieut. H. A. Brombey, Lieut. N. A. Jessop and Lieut. C. C. Holmes, all of Victoria, killed; Lieut. A. Leslie Bell of the 10th Grenadiers, who comes from Montreal, killed; Lieut. R. P. Latta, Victoria, killed; Lieut. Ronald Hoskins and Capt. H. A. C. Wallace of Winnipeg, killed; Captain Frank Pott, Medicine Hat, killed; Lieut. George A. Coldwall of Brandon, killed; Lieut. H. G. Lloyd Owen, Port Arthur, missing; Lieut. Thos. C. Fyer and Lieut. Herbert Maxwell Scott, of Winnipeg, missing; Lieut. R. P. Steeves of Vancouver, missing, and Lieut. Albert R. Ball of Winnipeg, died of wounds.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 3.—An official statement says the Canadian casualties from April 22nd to 30th total well up to 6,000. Non-commissioned officers and men killed number 705, wounded 2,162 missing 2,536, a total of 5,403, exclusive of the officers already reported.

The statement is supplementary to Saturday's eye-witness story from Sir Max Aitken, issued by the Militia Department. The statement summerizes the main points of the engagement and mentions the corps and commanding officers who figured in the several phases of the Canadians' gallant stand.

Wealth Will Be Reduced by $60,000,000,000

Means Destruction of Twenty Per Cent. of Wealth of Nations Involved

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—Simon N. Patten, noted educator and economist, in discussing "the menace to America of European war expenditures," before the American Academy of Political and Social Science, estimated that one year of the war will mean the destruction of $30,000,000,000 worth of property, and a total reduction of the value of the world's capital by $60,000,000,000. This means, he said, a destruction of twenty per cent. of the weath of the countries involved.

'If the war continues more than a year these losses will be enormously increased and the difficulties of readjustment correspondingly great," he said.

"I do not, however, from this infer that the total value of the world's wealth will be permanently decreased. No matter how destructive the war is, none of the permanent resources of the world will be disturbed.

"The liquidation of the losses will take place, bringing a higher total value than before. Such, at least, has been the result that has followed all the financial crises in the past, and it is likely to be true again."

Allies' Finance Ministers Meet

Conference Between Lloyd George and Alexander Ribot of France

LONDON, May 3.—Special—At the French embassy in London it was announced yesterday that Aelxander Ribot, the French minister of finance, had returned to Paris after spending three days in London conferring with David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer.

The two statesmen discussed various financial questions, particularly the advances to be made to the allied countries and the payments to be made to England, Canada and the United States for purchases made by the French Government.

A perfect understanding, the embassy statements say, exists between the finance ministers of the allied powers.

G.T.P. Refuses To Operate N.T.R.

Road Which Cost About $173,000,000 is on Hands of the Government

OTTAWA, May 1.—The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway has finally refused to take over the National Transcontinental Railway. Negotiations which have been in progress for some months between the Government and the company have at length terminated in the latter's decision not to carry out their contract to take over the road, and as a result the Government itself will today take over for operation, the Transcontinental eastern division from Moncton to Winnipeg. At the same time the Lake Superior division of the Grand Trunk Pacific, lying between Superior Junction and Fort William, and including the terminals at the latter place, is also to be acquired and operated.

The jurisdiction of the general officials of the Canadian Government Railways will extend over these new lines, and they will take immediate charge. The employees of the Grand Trunk Pacific Company on the line between Fort William and Winnipeg will be absorbed into the Government railways staff, and this will also be the case with the staff which has under an arrangement with the railways department been operating for the contractors east and west of Cochrane, about 300 miles. For the past year the I. C. R. has been operating the line between Moncton and Levis. The advance guard of rolling stock, including fifteen locomotives, left Moncton yesterday, and will be taken across the river at Quebec by the N. T. R. car ferry Leonard, and proceed westward from Quebec, carrying the officials who will organize the new service which will be instituted with the least possible delay.

The refusal of the G. T. P. to operate the N.T.R., built at a cost of about $173,000,000 emphasizes the weakness of the contract made with the company by the Laurier Government, the agreement providing no means of determining when the road would be definitely completed, and provided no security upon which the Government could compel the company to execute the contract and operate the line.

The result is that in addition to the cost of operation the Government will have to provide out of the public revenue for the enormous interest charges which were to have been offset by the rental to be paid by the G. T. P.

Soldier Sustains Scalp Wounds

An Enlister Victim of Assault—Injuries Not of Fatal Nature—Assailant Arrested

Charles Childs, a member of C company of the 39th Battalion, which mobilized in this city, is in the military hospital here suffering from scalp wounds, and Alexander T. Gilmore, of this city, is languishing in jail, charged with having wounded Childs. It appears that on Saturday night an altercation occurred between Childs and Gilmore at a boarding house on Front Street conducted by Mr. Thomas Mahoney. The result was that Gilmore procured a table knife and commenced wounds upon his head. When the affray was over the soldier presented a terrible appearance, being covered with blood. The police were called to the place, and in the meantime two members of the military police were upon the scene. Childs was temporarily attended to by a local physician, after which he was taken to the military hospital on Church street. His wounds whilst not necessarily of a fatal nature, were serious, one requiring to be stitched up. There were in all five scalp wounds, which had penetrated to the skull.

Gilmore, the alleged assalant, was placed under arrest and conveyed to the police station. This morning he appeared before the Police Magistrate and was remanded to jail until Tuesday next, 11th inst. It is alleged that at the time of the affray the parties were somewhat under the influence of liquor. Childs' condition today was such that he was unable to appear in court.

The affair caused considerable excitement on Saturday night and led to a wild rumor that a soldier had been fatally stabbed. Gilmore is well known about the city, where he has resided for some time.

RUSSIANS DRIVE ENEMY TO MAZURIAN LAKE

First Round of Bitter Contest in North Poland Campaign Between Von Hindenburg and General Alexeyeff Ends in Success For Russians

PETROGRAD, May 3.—(Special.)—Along the Carpathians the Russians have resumed the initiative. They gained an important tactical success Friday when on the topmost heights overlooking a pass in the road from Strong to Munkacz they captured some mountain guns.

The army of Archduke Joseph Ferdinand, which the Russians defeated two months ago at Stanislau, has now been brought round to the northwest of Hungary, below Dukla Pass, and is covering the retreat of the Austrians from the Beskids. The enemy has also been forced back somewhat from Gorlice, but he has enormous artillery there upwards along the Nida, covering Cracow. There has also been a very heavy exchange of artillery fire in region of Rawka and Pilica Rivers, is beginning to develop into a great battlefield, where the Germans are resisting the Russian advance westward.

The first round of a bitter contest between Von Hindenburg and Gen. Alexeyeff for the initiative in the northern campaign is turning in favor of the Russians. On Friday they drove the German infantry in north Poland back upon their rear trenches below the Mazurian Lakes with immense losses caused mostly by Russian cross fire. As the Germans retreated thru the villages the streets of the Town of Seraenhina were covered with dead and wounded.

TWO MONTREAL REGIMENTS ARE SUPPOSED ANNIHILATED

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 3.—The Militia Department expresses the fear that the 13th and 14th battalions, consisting of Montreal regiments, have been annihilated. Long lists of casualties are coming to the department, but have not yet been accurately tabulated.

Swedish Steamer Sunk by Pirates

She Goes Down Almost Instantly—Crew Escape and Picked up After Two Hours

LONDON, May 3.—An Exchange Company despatch from Copenhagen says: The Swedish steamer Ellida timber laden, from Helsingborg for Hull, has been torpedoed in the North Sea by a German submarine. She went to the bottom in less than three minutes.

Sixteen men and two women aboard had barely time to make their escape in a small boat. After cruising about for two hours they were picked up by a Danish schooner and landed at Lemvig, Denmark.

Huns Sink Two Scotch Trawlers

Crews Drowned—Several Other Fishing Boats Chased for 20 Miles, But Escaped

ABERDEEN, May 3.—Trawlers arriving here today say a German submarine ran amuck among a trawling fleet fifty miles off Aberdeen on Sunday, sinking two with their crews, and chasing three others twenty miles, when a patrol appeared and the submarine fled.

Private H. G. Fraser Wounded

Rev. J. F. Fraser Received Official Notification From Adjutant General

Rev. J. F. Fraser, of the Merchants Bank Building, this city, received the following telegram this morning:

"Sincerely regret to inform you that Private Harold Grant Fraser, second battalion, formerly 9th, officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.
"Adjutant General."

SAVED BOY'S LIFE AT RISK OF OWN

WINDSOR, May 3.—Special—Risking his own life and that of his companion, Harvey Grenfield, William T. Westgate, an ice cream manufacturer, drove his automobile down a 35-foot embankment in front of Stepenhon Inn, Sandwich street east, to avoid down Albert Hope, 14 years old, Saturday night. Both Grenfield and Westgate escaped with a few cuts and bruises. The two men had a miraculous escape from death.

Westgate was driving about 10 miles an hour, when the Hope boy, riding a bicycle, was thrown from his wheel. He fell directly in the path of the automobile. Although Westgate immediately applied the brakes, he was too near Hope to avoid running over him without changing his course. With less than 12 feet in which to stop before reaching the embankment, Westgate's machine plunged down the incline, taking with it a telegraph pole. The automobile overturned and landed at the foot of the bank, both occupants pinned beneath the wreckage Westgate and Grenfield crawled from beneath the car unassisted. The machine was badly wrecked.

COBOURG CASUALTIES

(Canadian Press Special)

COBOURG, May 3.—Private advices received here today state that Major H. G. Bolster and Private Swift of the second battalion were killed, and Sergt Paul Skidmore, first battalion, slight-

Germans Resort Again to Gases

Make Two More Attacks Near Ypres Both of Which However are Failures

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 3.—A British official statement, dated today, says that at 7 o'clock Saturday evening the Germans attacked Hill No. 60, and Sunday evening they attacked near St. Julienne, but both attacks were repulsed. We lost no ground and inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy, in spite of the fact that he again used poisonous gases. A German aeroplane was chased by one of our machines within rifle range of our trenches, and was brought down by fire.

Zeppelin Driven From England

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 3.—A German aeroplane today scouted over Folkestone and Dover today at noon, and was driven off by gunfire. A German Zeppelin passed over the Island of Vlieland, Holland, at 10 o'clock this morning, travelling towards England.

WATER TO CHRISTEN NEW BATTLESHIP

PHOENIX, Ariz., May 1.—Water instead of customary champagne has been chosen by Governor Hunt for christening the battleship Arizona when it is launched at the New York Navy Yard June 19.

As Arizona is a dry State Governor Hunt says that he has selected water taken from the first flow over the spill ways of the great Roosevelt dam.

Miss Esther Ross, seventeen, of Prescott, has been appointed by Governor Hunt as spensor for the battleship.

Huge German Gun Put to Silence

Marine Gun, Which Fired From a Distance of 23 Miles, Located and Destroyed

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 3.—The British Information Bureau, in a statement issued yesterday, says the bombardment of Dunkirk was from a huge marine gun located at Dixmude. A despatch from northern France says the great gun, which bombarded Dunkirk from a distance of 23 miles, has been put out of action.

SHIP OWNERS ARE MAKING MILLIONS

LONDON, May 1.—Several large English ship-owners are piling up profits at the rate of $500,000 or over a month and one firm at least is reported to have averaged practically a million dollars a month since the beginning of the war.

It is, of course, only those who have had their ships free who have been able to make money. Some owners had their vessels tied up by charters at normal figures and others had their ships taken by the government. Then all the ship-owners have had to bear increased expenditure for wages, fuel, insurance and delays in port.

The people who are really making the money, according to a London shipping journal, are the Greek ship-owners. "For the last few years," it explains, "the Greeks have been steadily buying ships, and they now have a very considerable merchant marine. They can take full advantage of the high rates, and do not have to face the risks British shippers do, nor pay the extra wages."

Constable's Quick Work Saved Lives

Father and Two Daughters Almost Overcome By Gas

TORONTO, May 1.—Neglect to fasten securely a cap on a gas-pipe in the cellar at 57 Sion street nearly had fatal results this morning for the three occupants of the House, Mr. James Kent and his two daughters, Margaret and Elizabeth, aged 15 and 17 respectively. They had only moved into the house last night from 54 Beaconfield avenue and had neglected to see to the gas fixtures. Early this morning P. C. Craig attached to Claremont Street Police Station, while pacing his beat, was attracted to the house by the odor of gas. He tried to effect an entrance, but the door was locked. He thereupon broke it in and, making his way to the bedrooms, found Mr. Kent unconscious in bed in one of the rooms and his two daughters in a similar condition in another.

The officer immediately telephoned for Dr. Heggie and two attempted to revive Mr. Kent and his daughters until the arrival of the police ambulance which removed them to the General Hospital. They recovered consciousness after a while, and so satisfactory is their condition that it is expected they will be able to leave the hospital today.

OXEN TO REPLACE HORSES IN BERLIN

BERLIN, May 1.—Oxen may soon take the place in this city of many of the truck horses which have been requisitioned for military purposes. The police have abrogated their use in the city and the first yoke seen in the streets of the city in many years appeared today.

Motor Turns Turtle

Farmer Instantly Killed, Physician Has Narrow Escape

ST. THOMAS, May 1.—(Special.)—John Wise, ex-Reeve of Yarmouth township, was instantly killed when he and Dr. A. T. Tufford, St. Thomas, were pinned underneath the doctor's auto. Dr. Tufford had been to visit Mrs. Wise, who is very ill, and Mr. Wise was taking a ride with him in his car as far as the main roadway. Passing over a fill-in over a ravine on the private road leading from the house the wheels slipped and the car was thrown over the embankment, turning turtle. Mr. Wise and Dr. Tufford were pinned underneath, but the latter was able to give the alarm. The doctor escaped with bruises to his face and arms. Mr. Wise was 63 years of age, and leaves his wife, two daughters and one son.

Most Unlikely—Austrians Win

BERLIN, May 3.—A German Army Headquarters' statement says: The Austrians have pierced and broken the entire Russian front in western Galicia.

French Advance In Lorraine

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 3.—Berlin despatches report that the Germans made an advance at Ypres yesterday of several hundred metres. The advance of the French in Lorraine and the occupation of former German positions is admitted.

VANCOUVER VANDALS AGAIN START FIRES

VANCOUVER, May 3.—Two further attempts have been made to burn the Granville Street Bridge, but both fires were easily extinguished. On the last occasion men were seen running from under the bridge.

SERIOUS PRAIRIE FIRE

ONION LAKE, Sask., May 3.—A serious prairie fire has been raging in this district for the past three days. Several houses and barns have been burned, but no loss of life is reported.

HAD MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Workman's Experience While Putting On Belt.

Vincent Farrelly, employed at the Kingston Hoisery Mill, had a thrilling experience while at his work, but escaped without injury. He was engaged in putting on a small belt on a machine when his overalls caught in the machine, but luckily he was able to stop the machine in time to save himself.

ELECTION RUMOR DENIED

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 3.—Bulletin: There is no foundation for the rumor that June 28th has been decided on for the general election.

STEAM BARGE SUNK NEAR NORTHPORT

Laden with coal on the way from Oswego to Trenton, the steam barge Jeska, owned and sailed by Captain Smith, ran on a shoal near Northport Saturday night and was sunk. The

VIGOROUS WAR OF PIRACY IS RENEWED BY GERMANS

Enemy Paid Dearly For Attack on Destroyer and Trawler, But Took Heavy Toll on Merchant Shipping

In North Sea—British destroyer Recruit sunk by German submarine and trawler Colombia by two German torpedo boats. Recruit's survivors 25. Colombian's one. Flotilla of British destroyers pursued and sank the two German torpedo boats. German survivors 46.

Off Scily Islands—Oil tank steamer Gulflight, flying American flag, torpedoed by German submarine, but ... shock; two sailors drowned.

British steamer Edale sunk by German submarine. No lives lost, but rescuing patrol boat fired upon.

Off Southwest Coast of Ireland—British steamer Fulgent sunk by German submarine. Captain shot and killed. Only nine survivors.

Off Coast of Cornwall—French steamer Europe sunk by German submarine. Crew rescued.

Off Belgian Coast—Trawler Barba-

French Approach Metz Fortress

French Atrillery Within Striking Distance of Fortress—Outer Forts Bombarded

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 3.—A despatch from Paris states that the French artillery is within striking distance of the German fortress of Metz, and have bombarded the outer forts.

SAFEGUARDING LINERS

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 3.—It is reported that the Admiralty have made preparations to safeguard the Lusitania and other liners when nearing the English coast. Liverpool and other centres of shipping announce no curtailment of

THE TOWN OF DARDANELLES DESTROYED BY ALLIES' GUNS

LONDON, May 3.—(Special.)—A Mitylene despatch to The Daily Telegraph says: "The bombardment of the Dardanelles continued Saturday. Refugees say that the Queen Elizabeth's guns did tremendous damage to the Turkish trenches. The town of Dardanelles was totally destroyed. The forts in the Narrows were considerably damaged, but the action of the fleet it was hampered by mines, the clearing away of which has been made difficult by the mobile Turkish batter-

... Tepeh is expected to enable the allies to place guns which will silence these batteries."

Progress on Asiatic Side

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphs this statement:

"The landing of allied troops on the Asiatic coast has been accomplished successfully at Kerikli. This force is advancing rapidly, according to latest information."

In mentioning Kerikli the correspondent probably refers to Gheyikli,

Wash Goods. Wash Goods

Thousands of yards of the newest in Wash Materials, including plain and fancy Crepes, beautiful figured Voile, white and colored Muslins, checked and plain Dress Ginghams, etc., at .... 10c. to 25c. yard.

Double Width Dress Materials

We are showing a splendid range of new White Crepes, Ratines, Voiles, Cashmere, Serges, etc., all double width, 36 to 54 inches wide, at .... 35c. to $1.00 yard

Specials in Our Men's Department

Men's Black Cotton Socks, sale, pair 5c
Men's Tan Cotton Socks, sale, pair .... 10c.
Men's fine soft shirts, separate soft collars, each .... 75c.
Men's blue and white stripe overalls, pair 75c
$1.25 Men's fine Negligee Shirts, reversible collars, each ... 79c.
$9.00 Men's Genuine Waterproof Coats, sale, each $6.50

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Bale of Gloves For Soldiers

The secretary of the Quinte Chapter I.O.D.E. has received the following letter from the Ladies' Territorial Committee, London, England:

Dear Madam—Thank you very much indeed for your kind letter. The bale of gloves has arrived and we are indeed immensely grateful for it. It is a splendid contribution, quite one of the best we have ever had. Please convey our heartiest thanks to Mrs. Boyce and all the members of the Order who so kindly contributed. The gloves will be immensely useful and not at all too late. We are still supplying mine-sweepers with the waistcoats and they are delighted with them. We have sent out 6000. We are now busy collecting socks and shirts as these are and will be greatly needed. With renewed heartiest thanks,

Yours truly,
The Ladies' Territorial Committee

LITERARY NOTES

LITERATURE AND WAR

A recent issue of the Manchester Guardian, an English newspaper, had an entertaining article which, mutatis mutandis, as our terrible lawyers say will, no doubt, be applicable to a certain extent in this country.

It appears that the editor of the Book Monthly had prevailed upon a number of English authors to express their opinion in regard to the probable effect of the war on the future of literature. To begin with, the length of the replies received appears to have been in inverse ratio to the literary importance of the men who wrote them, but there is nothing surprising about that.

Summarising the opinions expressed in the Book Monthly, we find that Mr. H. G. Wells, apparently because the wish is father of the thought, hopes that the war "will kill the six shilling novel business and oblige publishers to be more intelligent." Sir William Robertson Nicoll thinks there will be a great literature on the reconstruction of society, while Eden Phillpotts believes the war will discourage the psychological hair-splitting which was formerly such a feature in English literature. Mr. W. J. Locke, a writer who is well known on this side of the water, thinks the war will put an end to what he calls morbid psychology in literature, while Mr. W. L. George thinks there will be more need than ever of psychology, morbid or otherwise.

After this summary, the reader begins to realize that the various writers quoted believe, or say they believe, that the effect of the war will be to increase the demand for their particular class of writing, or, as The Guardian amusingly describes it, they are taking time by the forelock in an endeavor to convince that "Codlin is the friend, not Short." This, of course is merely another illustration of the fact that human nature will "out" wherever human beings are concerned. At the same time, it is not well that the writers of a great nation should, consciously or otherwise, adopt the publicity methods of a patent pill manufacturer in order to force their wares upon the public. It must in fairness be admitted that the spirit of these literary men is probably only the reflection of the spirit of the age.—Montreal Gazette.

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Secretary MacQueen, Military Secretary Y.M.C.A., is in Toronto for a few days on business.

Mr. John Connors, 39th Battalion, of Marlbank, will leave Belleville at once for oversea service. He is a son of Michael Connors of Marlbank.

Mr. James Ray of Chicago, formerly of Avondale, Front of Sidney, is visiting his brother, Mr. Alexander Ray, William street.

Miss Marie C. Blanchard, 277 Church street, has returned home from Toronto, where she has been pursuing her studies at Toronto University.

Mr. T. B. Flint and son of Toronto, Miss Casswell, Toronto, and Mr. Fred Shortill, Georgetown, have arrived in the city to attend the obsequies of the late Mrs. R. J. R. Shortill.

Quartermaster Sergt. John L. Lourie returned to Belleville last night, after spending a few days with his wife and family. Mrs. Laurie left today for a short time in Belleville before leaving for Scotland—Port Hope Times.

DEATH ROLL

MRS. R. J. R. SHORTILL

On Sunday morning Mrs. R. J. R. Shortill passed away in this city, after being ill for some time. Deceased, whose maiden name was Mary Margaret Belsey Flint, was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Flint, and granddaughter of the late Major Casswell, and was born in Montreal in 1888. The family removed to Toronto when she was quite young. She passed through the public schools there and graduated from Jamieson avenue Collegiate, and subsequently took honors at Normal School. Last September she was married to Mr. R. J. R. Shortill, B.SA. of O.S.D. staff, Belleville. She is survived by her father and mother, one sister, Mrs. W. Elmo Campbell of Toronto, and one brother, T. R. C. Flint, B.S.C. of Hydro-Electric Co. Toronto. Mrs. Shortill for a number of years was a member and active worker of Parkdale Baptist church and choir. Since coming to Belleville she has been a member of Bridge Street Methodist church and choir.

Consigned to The Tomb

FREDERICK W. McCREADY

The funeral of the late Frederick W. McCready took place on Saturday from the residence of his parents, 57 Everett street. Rev. A. M. Hubly conducted the services at the house and grave, in Belleville cemetery. Many beautiful floral tributes, and the numerous mourners in attendance testified to the popularity and respect in which deceased was held. The bearers were Messrs. C. M. Hall, W. H. White, G. A. Morton, W. Delyea, W. Fitchett, and Chas. Chapman.

JOHN E. PRINGLE

On Saturday afternoon the funeral of the late Mr. John E. Pringle took place from the residence of his sister, Mrs. J. O. R. McCurdy, Church street. Services at the house and grave were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Clarke. The large number of mourners aand the beautiful tributes showed the great respect in which the deceased was held. The bearers were Dr. Day, Messrs. Chas. Frost, W. Crysler, R. Snell, H. Deyman, and Jack Calcutt.

In the Supreme Court of Ontario

Sexsmith vs. McMath.—This was an action for malicious prosecution brought by Thomas Sexsmith of Tyendinaga against James McMath of Richmond, the latter having accused the plaintiff of stealing a bull and shipping the same through drovers west of Toronto. At the criminal trial at Napanee Mr. Sexsmith, the plaintiff, was honorably acquitted, and now seeks $10,000 damages for false arrest and malicious prosecution. Mr. I. McCarthy, K.C., represented the defendant with Mr. John English of Napanee and asked for an adjournment of the action till the next jury sittings, on account of the absence of Mr. Preston, partly on whose advice it was said the arrest had been made. There were troops of witnesses from the eastern part of the county subpoenaed for the plaintiff and the Tyendinaga public was much disappointed at the interesting trial not being proceeded with. Messrs. Northrup & Ponton represented the plaintiff, who is also bringing an action for slander against the defendant, McMath.

Reid vs. Lazier and Allen.—This was an action brought by W. W. Reid, of Shannonville, against the executors of the late Frederick R. Lingham Estate and Mr. Lucius E. Allen, for commission on the purchase of lands from the Mohawk Indians and others for the purposes of the Ontario Limestone, Cement and Clay Company, about six years ago. The Chancellor gave judgment for the plaintiff for $500 and full costs against the Lingham Estate and dismissed the action against Allen, who, however, was ordered to pay his own costs. Messrs. Northrup & Ponton for plaintiff; Messrs. Porter & Carnew for defendant Allen, and S Masson, K.C., for defendants the Laziers.

Wilson vs. Rathbun Company.—Probably the smallest verdict ever given by a jury in the Supreme Court of Ontario for the death of a man was that given in this action brought against the Rathbun Company by the widow and administratrix of a resident of Deseronto for alleged negligence and insufficiency of equipment in connection with a building in their lumber yard at Deseronto, through which alleged defects it was claimed the deceased lost his life by falling through and drowning. It was shown that the deceased had been subject to fits, that the buildings in question had been used as they were for seventeen years without an accident, and that the defendants had no notice or knowledge of any want of safeguards. The jury apparently took a compromise and sympathetic view of the situation and gave a verdict to the widow and children for $150 for which judgment was entered (subject to appeal within 30 days) but on the lower scale of costs only. Porter & Carnew, solicitors for plaintiff; Northrup & Ponton, solicitors for defendants.

Band Concert At Opera House

Lovers of music enjoyed a rare treat at last night's Band Concert given by the Fifteenth Band, under the leadership of Bandmaster Hinchey, and again we have to claim it the best yet. Very noticeable progress is being made at each of these concerts given by our popular band. Last evening's programme was well chosen and enjoyed from start to finish. They were very ably assisted by Mrs. A. P. Allen, who sang "Nearer My God to Thee", in excellent voice, and also Miss L. Sharpe with "Hark! Hark My Soul", which she rendered in excellent form, fairly captivating her audience. It is to be hoped the band will secure these two vocalists at some future concert. Following is last night's programme:

PROGRAMME

March—Onward Christian Soldiers.
Overture—Poet and Peasant.
Trombone Solo—When the Sands of the Desert Grow Cold.
Song—Nearer My God to Thee—Mrs. Allen.
Selection—Grand Fantasia.
(a) Melody—Un Peu d'Armour.
(b) Patriotic Song—Knitting.
Song—Hark! Hark! My Soul—Miss Sharpe.
Fantasia—The Allies—Introducing the national airs of Great Britain, France, Russia, and Belgium.
God Save The King.

DEATHS.

SHORTILL—At Belleville, May 1st, 1915, Mary Margaret Belsey Flint, beloved wife of R. J. R. Shortill and daughter of T. R. Flint of Toronto.

Funeral from the residence of her uncle, Alexander Ray, 223 Wm. St., Tuesday, May 4th at 2.30 to Belleville Cemetery. Service at the house at 2 o'clock.

Almost any householder can be eloquent when bravely refused to deprive the professional carpet beater of work in his line.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 3.—(Special.)—The following casualties were announced by the Militia Department, yesterday:

2ND BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. George Henry Wickham, 38 King street west, Kingston, Ont; Pte. R. Theodore Hopkinson, 624 Kinnard street, Edmonton, Alta.; Pte. Albert Wilks, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.; Pte. Donald Bennett, Renfrew, Ont.; Pte. Ernest Wilward, Coalman, Alta.; Pte. Herbert Saunders, 34 Hayter street, Toronto; Sergt. James Larkin, Renfrew, Ont.; Pte. Arpad Urquhart, Williamstown, Ont.; Pte. Herbert Joseph Walsh (formerly 12th Battalion), Quebec.

3RD BATTALION

Pte. James Craddock, 9 Florence St. Toronto; Lance-Corporal Donald V. Hammond, 3 Hoskin avenue, Toronto; Lieut. W. D. Jarvis, 33 Prince Arthur avenue, Toronto.

4TH BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. Frank Baskin, 29 Bellevue ave., Toronto; Pte. Joseph Carleton, 377 Carlton street, Toronto; Pte. Edgar Morris, 481 Church street, Toronto; Pte. J. Kinghorn, Grasshill, Ont.; Pte. Robert McCartney, Brantford, Ont.; Sergt. William Dunn, Dunnville, Ont.; Pte. George Bradbury, Orillia, Ont.; Pte. A. Bennie, 65 First avenue, Hamilton, Ont.; Corp. John Nixon, 253 Young street, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Napoleon Larkin, Paris, Ont.; Pte. Daniel Richardson, Warkworth, Ont.; Pte. William Morgan, 775 Queen street west, Toronto; Pte. Henry Letoureau, Winnipeg, Man.; Pte. Joseph Harboard, 153 Perth avenue Toronto; Pte. William Gillies, Flamboro' Centre, Ont.; Pte. George W. Baylis, Milton West, Ont.; Pte. M. Babcock, 301 Chuter street, Buffalo, N.Y.; Pte. Thomas Mills, 54 Scollard street, Toronto; Pte. W. John Farrell, 66 Charles street west, Toronton; Corp. Walter Fairclough, 82 Glendale avenue, Hamilton; Pte. Ernest Shipman, 72 Norman ave., Hamilton, Ont; Pte. Alfred Frederick Rabbitt, 528 Burlington street, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Arthur Robinson, Southampton, Ont.

Death

Pte. Stewart L. Mountain, Chedoke, P.O., Hamilton, Ont., at No. 10 Stationary Hospital, St. Omer, April 29, from cerebro-spinal meningitis.

5TH BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. Alexander Smith, Alsask, Sask. Lieut. James Maxwell Currie, Tantallon, Sask. (slightly).

Wounded

Capt. John Weightman Warden Vancouver, B.C.; Lieut. Henry Charles Victor McDowall, Victoria, B.C.; Maj. Harold Hafford Mattheys, Matheson P.O., B.C.

Wounded and Missing

Lieut. William De Courcy O'Grady, 175 Mayfair street, Winnipeg.

Lieut. John Charles Thorn, 1,925 Whyte avenue, Kitsilano, Vancouver, B.C.

Missing

Lieut. George Fred Andrews, care of Rothwell & Johnson, Winnipeg, Man.

Lieut. Rufus Palmer Steeves, Sussex, N.B.

Killed

Lieut. Carleton Colquhoun Holmes, 704 Esquimalt road, Victoria, B.C.

Lieut. Robert Peter Latta, 33 Gore avenue, Vancouver, B.C.

8TH BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. Orton Breally Lawrence (formerly 11th Battalion), 220 Fourth ave. west, Calgary, Alta.; Pte. John Neil Marshall Walkleburg, Man.; Pte. Alec Lawrence Saunders (formerly 6th Battalion), Alice street, Kingston Ont.; Pte. Lawrence E. Brown, 435 Victor street, Winnipeg.

Missing

Capt. George William Northwood, West Seaside Boulevard, Long Beach, Cal.

Seriously Ill

Pte. Alexander S. Kirkwood, 130 Annette street, Toronto (effects of bomb fumes).

Death

Pte. Wilfred Harrison, 356 McLaren street, Ottawa.

Wounded

Pte. Sydney Bonny, Portage la Prairie, Man.; Lieut. Guy Mewburn, Harris, Winnipeg; Pte. Christopher David T. Johnston, Winnipeg; Pte. Stanley Frederick Thornley, Winnipeg; Sergt. Albert Edward Sartin, Winnipeg; Pte. Charles Bailey, Winnipeg.

10TH BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. William A. Cann, Portage la Prairie, Man.; Pte. Fred William Trim Vancouver.

Killed in Action

Capt. Henry Athol Charles Wallace, Winnipeg.

Lieut. Andrew Leslie Bell, 301 St. James street, Montreal.

Lieut. George Alfred Coldwell, Brandon, Man.

Died of Wounds

Lieut. Albert Ransome Ball, Winnipeg.

13TH BATTALION
Wounded

Company Sergt.-Major Arthur Adams Hampton, N.B.; Pte. James Wallace, Verdun, Montreal.

14TH BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. Albert Henry Hunt, 24 First avenue, Toronto; Pte. Samuel Hirschorn, 75 Strathcona avenue, Toronto; Corp. Volney G. Rexford, 745 University street, Montreal; Pte. Emile Bourgault, 183 Galt street, Verdun, Montreal; Capt. Gault McCombe, 304 Prince Arthur street, Montreal.

15TH BATTALION
Wounded

Lieut. Wilfrid Mavor, University of Toronto; Lieut. Edward W. Bickle 457 Indian road, Toronto.

Lance-Corp. Arthur Fyffe Gold, Forfarshire, Scotland; Pte. Charles Coyde Guernsey, Channel Islands; Pte. Geo. Shine Wilson, London, Eng.; Pte. William Cowie Stirling, Scotland; Pte. Arthur Frank Clifford, Eastborune, Eng.; Pte. David E. Lothian, Edinburgh, Scotland; Pte. John William Winn, Leeds, Eng.

Missing

Capt. Robert Young Cory, 5 Deer Park crescent, Toronto; Lieut. Edward Osler Bath, Oakville, Ont.; Capt. Albert Murdock Daniels, Cobalt, Ont.; Capt. Archibalt Robert McGregor Marintown, Ont.; Lieut. Frank J. Smith, 487 Huron street, Toronto; Lieut. Fred Wyld Macdonald, 127 St. George street, Toronto; Lieut. Geoffrey Barren Taylor, 36 Springhurst avenue, Toronto.

Lieut. Charles Vivian Fessenden, 602 Rubidge street, Peterboro, Ont.; Lieut. Fred Wyld Macdonald 127 St. George street, Toronto; Lieut. Gavin Ince Langmuir, 2 North street, Toronto.

Wounded and Missing

Maj. James E. Kerr Osborne, 50 Crescent road, Toronto.

Seriously Ill

Sergt. Louis Donald Anderson, 90 Admiral road, Toronto; Pte. Franklin Challenger, 206 Dunn avenue, Toronto (gas poisoning); Pte. W. Wallace, Weston-super-Mare, Eng.; Pte. Theodore E. Mankey, Plymouth, Eng.

16TH BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. Thomas Lindsay, care H. A. Douglass, Hartney, Man.; Pte. Donald Munroe (formerly 9th Battalion), Sydney River, N.S.; Pte. D. McGregor, Vancouver.

Dangerously Ill

Lieut. Reginald H. Tupper, Vancouver; Pte. Arthur William Perks, Birmingham, Eng.

PRINCESS PATRICIAS
Seriously Injured

Pte. P. J. Daly, Cork, Ireland.

Wounded

Lieut. Bruce Fred Bainsmith, St. Ives, Cornwall, Eng.

1ST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE
Died of Wounds

Gunner Frederick Murray, 225 Montreal street, Kingston, Ont.

Wounded

Driver William Donald, Edmonton, Alta

2ND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE
Wounded

Corp. John Allan Currie, Glace Bay, N.S.

NO. 2 FIELD AMBULANCE
Dangerously Wounded

Pte. J. W. Cook, 636 Ossington ave., Toronto.

3RD FIELD AMBULANCE
Wounded

Pte. William John Holloway, Milwood, Man.

DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS
Wounded

Corp. R. A. Allison, Belfast, Ireland; Sapper John Joseph Gallagher, County Tyrone, Ireland, Driver Percy Herbert Ellis, Dewbury, Eng.

Seriously Wounded

Driver Thomas Clark, Malmesbury, Wilts, Eng.; Sergt. Dennis William Robins, Saudgate Gore, N.Z.; Sapper J. Burden, 376 Nepean street, Ottawa.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 3.—First battalion: Wounded—Pte. Jos. Wilmot, Detroit, Mich.

Second battalion: Wounded—Sergt. Bertram John Parker, Toronto; Pte. Sherbourne Wilder, Kingston; Pte. Harold Wright Saunders, Peterboro; Seriously wounded—Pte. George B. Johnson, St. Thomas; Pte. Mac Grant, Ottawa. Wounded—Pte. Thomas Potter, Ottawa; Pte. Owen Lawrence Morgan, Ottawa; Pte. Reuben Smith, London, Eng.; Pte. William Rawlingson, London, Eng.; Pte. Joseph Rigby, Lancashire, Eng.; Pte. Frank Dudley, Weymouth, Eng.; Pte. Walter Wardlaw, Airdrie, Scotland; Pte. Leonard E. Mayne, Bexhill-on-Sea, Sussex, England.

Third battalion: Wounded—Corporal Sam Johnson Peters, Toronto; Pte. Charles Edward Thomas, Toronto; Pte. George Polson, Toronto; Pte. Harold Reginald Peat, Toronto; Pte. David Shanks, Toronto; Pte. Robert H. Williams, Toronto.

Seriously wounded—Pte. W. M Frederick Yates, Toronto. Wounded—Pte. Peter Chalmers Stewart, Toronto; Pte. Bernard Heath Martin Toronto; Pte. Clifford Earl Moffit, Toronto.

Fourth battalion: Wounded—Pte. Henry Albert Houlding, Brantford, Ont.; Pte. John Goodhouse, Brampton, Pte. David Norman, Toronto.

Seriously wounded—Pte. George Walsh Sharp, Summerside, P.E.I.

Fifth battalion: Wounded—Pte. W Charles Kyle, Barrington, Que.; Pte. Walter Thorvaldson, Bradenbury, Sask.

Seventh battalion: Seriously wounded—Pte. Herbert Chambers Stacey Chilliwack, B.C.

Fourteenth battalion: Wounded—Pte. Joseph Chouinard, Ottawa.

Second Field Artillery brigade: Wounded—Bombardier John Stewart Murray, Picton, N.S.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVIVLLE

Rumors were rife in the city that the 250 members of the 39th Battalion who had been selected to leave this city would depart from here today, but such was not the case. It is not definitely known when the men will leave but it may possibly be on Wednesday. Everything is in readiness for their departure when definite orders are received. Capt. W. H. Hudson of this city will be in command and the other officers will be Lieut. Allen, Lieut. Hopkins, Lieut. Craig and Lieut. Edwards. The members of the contingent have been provided with every necessary equipment. The men are anxious to go to the front.

KINGSTON

Capt. Grant, adjutant of the 14th and the officers of the guard have in the office a very fine military map of Ostend and the surrounding country, especially that part involved in the last big fight.

Captain Ringwood has had two large marquees erected back of the officers quarters at the barracks for the purpose of giving lectures to the large class attending the R.S.A.

The right half of the 26th Battery received their second inoculation against typhoid Saturday. The left half will receive theirs today.

Col. Hemming has been instructed to recruit men to take the place of the two companies from the 38th and 39th Battalions who will be sent overseas as reinforcements, taking the place of the men killed in recent battles.

A petition is being circulated at the City Hall to have the 38th Battalion train in Ottawa instead of at Barriefield as it contemplated. The petition is to be forwarded to Major General Sam Hughes, and has been signed already by the mayor, the controllers, and many of the aldermen.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

INTOXICANTS DISPOSED OF

William Loft, Geo. W. Claus and John Murphy were this morning before the police magistrate charged with intoxication. The parties have previously been before the magistrate on a similar charge. They were each fined $5 and costs, or in default 21 days in jail. All were committed to jail.

BOYS' CANADIAN CLUB

On Friday last the Boys' Canadian Club held the last meeting of the term. Some of the girls were kind enough to serve the boys with refreshments, and Mrs. Wilkin and Miss I. Lane favored them with music. After all signs of refreshment were over, Harold Copin moved that a toast be given to the King, which was responded to by the boys. Miss A. Logue sang "Johnnie Canuck's The Boy," and was encored. Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P. gave an interesting address on France, speaking principally on Calais and Paris. Master Grant Maidens moved a hearty vote of thanks, which was seconded by Master Harry Mills. The meeting broke up about four o'clock by singing the National Anthem.

TEAM AND VEHICLE TAKEN

Yesterday morning Mr. Joseph Milne, who resides in the 2nd concession of Thurlow, drove to the city for the purpose of attending services at St. Michael's church. Owing to the inclement weather he placed his team attached to a democrat wagon, under a shed in rear of the Kyle House. When the services were over Mr. Milne was surprised to find that his outfit was missing. He informed the police, and the result was that later in the day the horses and vehicle were found in possession of William Patterson, a soldier who is connected with the 39th Battalion here. Patterson admitted he had taken the out fit away, and when brought before the magistrate to-day pleaded guilty to the charge. The accused was remanded until Wednesday. It is alleged that Patterson was not alone in the transaction, but was accompanied by other comrades. It was ascertained that the team had been driven to Shannonville and also about the city. Mr. Milne did not recover his outfit until about 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

THE WEATHER.

Fresh to strong winds, and cold today.

Tuesday, easterly winds and showery.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

I Want New Business—of discriminating people. I've many now on my records—I want yours.

There's a good reason why I should have it.

I give the best Complete Sight Service obtainable—and at moderate charges.

I've had over twenty years' experience, and my equipment and methods are up to date.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple
Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon
Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen
Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry
Rasperry, Maple, &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.
Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER
May 1st
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at
30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

10 Per Cent Discount Off All Our New Stock

You can save money here this week on everything—Blouses, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Dress Goods, Black Silk, Shirtings, Linens, White Cottons, House Dresses, Whitewear, Kimonos.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Sox, Braces—everything new.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

THE DETACHABLE LINING.

This Is For Wear Under Handsome Blouses of Silk or Crape.

The careful woman will find it advisable to instruct her seamstress to make a detachable lining of fine net or habutai silk for wear beneath the blouse of georgette crape of radium or of some one of the new striped silks. Such a foundation should have sleeves rather loosely shaped and terminating just above the elbow. In warm weather the perspiration across the back and on the arms is apt to stain or fade the fine material of the outer garment.

The lining should be made separately and then loosely tacked to the inside of the blouse about the neck and shoulders. It will then be easily removed for a visit to the laundry or for other renovation. Two linings for a fine waist are better than one, because this insures a greater preservation of the outer fabric through cleanliness of the inner, and while one lining is being laundered the other may be readily adjusted to the blouse. This same idea applies to the frock of silk or of linen. Of course it is not advisable where the outer fabric is of sheer material like organdie, thin voile or kindred materials.

Allowance should be made for shrinkage when making up a new blouse or dress. A couple of extra blouse inches should be extended beneath the belt and at the top of the skirt the material may be turned back so that after it comes from its first tubbing it may be let down without serious inconvenience.

Filling For Pincushions.

Coffee grounds rinsed in cold water and spread out to dry thoroughly on a sheet of paper make filling for a cushion which is warranted not to rust needles or pins thrust into it.

SPRING NOVELTY.

Tan Checked Worsted Used For Useful Garment.

SPORTS COAT.

The up to date girl is quite as much interested in seasonable sports as is her brother, and the clothing she selects to wear upon the occasions when she participates in a game of tennis is quite as smart as is his. The coat shown in the illustration is designed to be worn to and from the tennis court in the motor and is to this end built of heavy tan checked worsted. It is smartly short in front, sloping downward to three-quarter length in the back. The collar is high, and huge patch pockets snugly envelop the hands. The buttons are large and are covered with the material.

Dominions Aid Each Other.

Owing to the shortage of the wheat supply in New Zealand the Prime Minister recently arranged a transaction on behalf of his Government with the Prime Minister of Canada, who purchased for New Zealand 250,000 bushels of wheat in Canada. Wheat rather than flour was arranged for in order to keep men at work in the New Zealand mills.

Will You Be Ready
When warm weather arrives?

Don't wait for those hot sultry June days before discarding your high shoes.

Comfort combined with real style satisfaction awaits you in a pair of our pumps.

Pumps and Colonials, all the latest style effects,
$2.00 to $4.50

Sole Agents for "Altro" and "Walk-Over" Shoes.

W. H. Adams
The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

BELLEVILLE MOURNS CANADIAN HEROES

Memorial Services Held in the City—British and German Ideals Contrasted—Canadians' Self-Sacrifice—"Martyrs in Our Time"

The self-sacrifice and heroism shown by the Canadian volunteers who have recently died on the battlefield in Flanders, were recognized yesterday in all the place of worship in Belleville. In most of the churches a memorial service was held in the evening, the preachers laying emphasis upon the righteousness of the cause for which the Canadians had laid down their lives.

CHRISTS CHURCH

At Christ Church (Anglican) the psalm and first lesson formed part of the funeral service and the selected hymns were appropriate for the occasion. Miss LaVoie rendered a solo with much expression, and at the conclusion of the service Mrs. Campbell the organist, played the Dead March from "Saul" as a voluntary.

The Rev. R. C. Blagrave (Rector) preached from the text "Life is more than meat, and the body more than raiment" (St. Luke xii:23). "We enter with the great world into the sorrow of our times," said the preacher, "and we feel with sorrowing Europe, Belgium, Servia and with Poland. But in the reports which came to us of great losses there also came to us reports of great achievements. We have been told of what our Canadian boys have done, and how they have acted bravely and won laurels for their country that can never be forgotten as long as history is written. We have been told of brave dashes and heroism and nobility of character and bearing. We have realized that these men have been willing to sacrifice their lives for something they held to be more valuable than the things men generally hold to be valuable. There was some motive behind it something for which the sacrifice was made. And so we have recognized that their lives have thereby been ennobled, because they realized that 'Life is more than meat, and the body more than raiment'."

The preacher proceeded to ask what there was to justify these men in sacrificing themselves; what worthy motive could there be that would justify the country and the men? He asked if we shared in the ideals of Midianites and Babylonians; of Alexander the Great and Napoleon, and gave a negative reply to the question. Did we share in the ideals of Germany? She sought to justify herself by saying that German culture stood for the highest ideals in social progress, and that it was a moral and definite duty for Germany to impress that culture upon the rest of the civilized world. Hence she must have dominions, that other people might share the glory of her culture and ideals. But they of British birth, while having confidence in their culture and ideals, had also confidence in this—that the spread of culture or moral ideals was not confined by national boundaries: that our scholarships, culture and humanity could just as well influence nations as if we entered into the heart of Germany or Austria. We did not believe that our culture was to be measured by the might of the sword, and hence it was we were not on the same basis as Germany in justifying the slaughter of so many lives.

"We are not anxious for territorial expansion," continued the Rector "We do not want to rule over Berlin if Berlin wants to rule over England We do not want to force our culture upon the rest of the world, but we seek to stand by the noble heritage God has given us. We want to stand by the noble institutions that have evolved out of great and holy sacrifice. We want to stand by Christian sacrifice; we want to stand for the liberty of the individual; for the right of man to express himself and to have some idea of his own; for the progress of civilization, and therefore for the good of mankind. That is the highest ideal and noblest motive man can possibly have. It is superior to all others by far, and is more sacred and true. If we have learned this lesson—that material, selfish and narrow interests are not the end of all life, then we have benefitted by the noble example and inspiration of our Canadian brethren who are martyrs in our time."

ST. ANDREWS

A large congregation was present at this place of worship last evening when a memorial service for the brave Canadians who have fallen upon the battlefield was held. The Pastor, Rev. A. S. Kerr, officiated, and his discourse was in keeping with the occasion. After the usual devotional exercises the Pastor gave his address. As the basis of his remarks he chose the 13th verse of the 15th chapter of St. John: "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friend." In his opening remarks the preacher referred to the appropriatness of the words upon such an occasion. What had transpired in France the past few days, he said, had filled all with sorrow and yet pride. The past week had been the most memorable Canada had passed through; it had been a week of intense anxiety, a week of great sorrow to relatives and friends. It had indeed been a week of solemn joy. What a testimony had been given the Canadians by those high in authority for their bravery. It was said they not only did their duty but saved the situation. There was mingled with sorrow a satisfaction that Canadians had rendered a great service to the British Empire, an empire that has given us freedom and religious liberties. We honor the gallant men who have fallen in the fight. It surely becomes our duty to do this in a public way. What thanks we should render to God that our Belleville boys had been spared. They have been preserved in the midst of great peril and danger. What an admiration there is for the living and dead who took part in that great struggle. They faced death in defence of their country and this increases or should increase our faith in mankind. It refreshes our souls to think there are those who were willing to die for national freedom and national life. They measured up and displayed heroism and chivalry. Their love was such that they laid down their lives for their friends. This feeling is intensified when we realize that they freely and gladly responded to the call of their country and were not pressed into service.

A question we should ask ourselves is, are we worthy of the sacrifice that is being made by these brave men who are fighting for us, and even giving up their lives for us? This is a pressing enquiry. Are we as a people and a nation worthy of this great sacrifice? We should search our souls to find out if we are worth the price that is being paid on our behalf. The heroic sacrifices which are being made will we not take to heart. Heroic dying calls for heroic living. We should live on day by day meeting the sorrows and temptations of life heroically. These men are by their action calling upon us to purify and chasten ourselves. The divine then referred generally to war and what a ghastly thing it was. What lives have been sacrificed in the present struggle. One-half of the Canadian officers have been killed, wounded or taken prisoners. Can we estimate the sorrow and loss sustained. How many husbands and fathers will never again be seen. In concluding the address the minister said there was no doubt a new day and a better civilization will dawn and a greater brotherly love will exist. We are called upon to present our bodies as a living sacrifice for the Master's work.

During the service special hymns of an appropriate nature were sung. Miss Lillian Sharpe sang in splendid voice "Like as the Hart Desireth." and Mrs. A. P. Allen rendered most acceptably "God of Battles."

SALVATION ARMY

In the Savation Army Citadel on Sunday night a special memorial service was conducted by Captain Ruston. On the march up from the open air stand the band played "Promoted to Glory." Inside special hymns were sung, and the choir sang very effectively "Lead Kind Light." After Lieut. Foster had spoken, and while the congregation stood the band played the "Dead March in Saul." Captain Ruston took for his text, "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lays down his life for his friends. (John 15: 13) coupled with it, "There is but one step between me and death (1 Samuel 20-23) In a very forceful manner he brought before the congregation the great need of being ready for that step.

DAVIES

Smoked Rolls 16c lb.

Pink Salmon 3 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

June Peas 4 tins 25c

St. Michael's Academy

HONOR ROLL FOR APRIL

Senior IV.—Stella Hanley, Anna Lafferty, Maud Lee, Lillian Manley, Mary Davison, Alice Deacon, Verna Plue.

Junior IV.—Isabel Orrill, Edward Hart, Margaret Gallagher, Beatrice DeMarsh, Annae McCourt, Kathleen McHugh, Protase Blanchard, Muriel Paterson, Teresa Callaghan.

Senior III.—Henry Ryan, Agnes McCormack, Leo Manley, Thomas McDermott, Stella Tisdale, Leo St. Louis, Mildred Mackie, Grace Coughlin, Vera Gorman, Bernice McDermott, Helen Hurley, Aileen Rauhan, Lelna Melchoir, Isidor Wims, Philip Smith, Edmund Caron.

Junior III.—Joseph Farrell, Loretto Hanley, Helen McAuley, Francis Kelly, Irene Kelly, Edmund Quinn, Gerald Milne, Helen McGuinness, Aileen Logue, Patrick Corby, Violet Deacon, Anna Ross, James Gill.

Senior II.—Hugh Coyle, Francis Stitt, Madeline McCormack, Harold Sumeurs, Maxwell Matthews, Agnes Hickey, Arthur Whalen, Agnes Gallagher, Mabel Paterson, Eileen Boyle.

Junior II.—Veronica Burns, James Mullins, Alphonsus Black.

Part Second—Mary Donovan, Carroll Venn, Gwendolyn Logue, Laurina Gauthier, Marjorie Deane, Marjorie Lynch, Margaret Smith, Stella Melchior, Evelyn McCourt, Violet DeMarsh, Helen McDermott, William Ross, John VanNorman, Helen Harris, Charles Orrill, William Scott, Estella Ryan.

Senior Primary—Catherine Boyle, Ormonde Butler, Mary Hanley, Catherine Belair, John Murphy, Agnes Ross, Frances Blakely, Eileen Finnegan, Bessie McCormack, Harry Corby, Teresa Walker, Nora Lynch, Hellen Paterson, Aileen Shortt, Margaret Black, Veronica Donoghue, John McCrodan, Margaret Mayles, Helen Harrigan, Arthur Sulilvan, Timothy Hogan, Francis Donoghue, Frank Mackie, Donald Smith.

Junior Primary—Harold Walker, Walker, Margaret Truaisch, James Sumers, Harry Lee, George Frechette, Marjorie Callanan, Harold Pascoe, Evelyn Whalen, Godfrey Donoghue, Calrinda Crusje, Dorothy Pascoe, Denis Donovan, Gerald Barriage, Mary Carnahan.

WEDDING BELLS

KILLORAN—HANLEY

Miss Anna Frances Hanley, sister of Mrs. Leonard M. Staley of 1293 West 114th street, Cleveland, Ohio, became the bride on Tuesday morning at St. Rose's church, of Mr. Theo Killoran, of Spokane, Wash. Rev. J. J. Stewart, pastor, officiated, in the presence of relatives and friends. Present from out of town were Miss Mary and W. D. Hanley, of Belleville, Ontario. The bridesmaid was Miss Mary Hanley, sister of the bride, and Mr. L. M. Staley served Mr. Killoran as best man. The bride wore white silk crepe de chene with bandings of white satin and a white maline hat with pearl trimmings. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid was gowned in champagne silk poplin with bouquet of pink sweet peas. The sanctuary arches were banked with palms and the altar decorated with pink and yellow snap dragons. A wedding breakfast was served at the Hollenden Hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Killoran left for San Francisco where they will spend the summer; after which they will take up their residence at Spokane, Washington.

APRIL REPORT, S.S. NO. 7, SIDNEY.

Senior IV.—Harry Lott.

Senior III.—Clayton Eggleton, Vera Ray, Edgar Ray.

Junior III.—Lizzie Thrasher, Myrtle Cooke, Jessie Curlett, Clinton Eggleton, Edward Gascoyne, Harry Waite, Bessie Lanabeer.

Senior II.—Gilbert Waite, Aletha Rutter, Clara Adams.

Junior II.—Helen Cummings, Edna Roblin, Clarabel Rutter, Clinton Rutter, Jimmie Curlett, Muriel Thrasher.

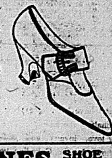
Senior Primer—Kenneth Ray, Everett Cooke, Gordon Waterhouse, Delbert Nelson, Bruce Nelson.

Junior Primer—Harold Thrasher, Katharine Waterhouse, Jean Adams, Helen Ray, Herbert Adams.

J. McKenna, Teacher.

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

Our Handsome Footwear Styles
elicit many compliments and much admiration



Our Ladies' Colonials, Oxfords and Pumps have a character of their own
Priced at
$1.50 to $4.00
Great Values

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Sale of Washable Silks
For Tuesday Morning, May 4th

A rare opportunity to buy yourself a beautiful Silk Dress at just about the half price mark.

Tuesday Morning at 9 o'clock, 50c yd.
worth twice as much in the regular way. The lot includes all brand new goods in the latest colors and designs.

New Arrivals in LADIES' SILK UNDERSKIRTS
$2.75 to $3.00 Underskirts for $1.99
Made of fine Moire Silk with 10 inch accordion pleating with flounce. Colors Black, Navy and Copenhagen Blue. Ask to See Them.

$1.25 MIDDY BLOUSES for 85c
Made of good strong material, colors Light Blue and Red Strip, all sizes.

Ladies' Parasols in all the new style handles, best frames and covers, that will give good serviceable wear, at 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $1.25.

Ladies' and Gent.'s Raincoats.—A few odd sizes to clear at half price.

See Windows for Bargains

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

CANADIAN MARTYRS.

Sunday was a day of mourning in Belleville for the Canadian heroes who have laid down their lives on behalf of the Empire. The brotherly love, loyalty and self-sacrifice shown by the Canadian volunteers was enlarged upon by the preachers; and the Rev. R. C. Blagrave, of Christ Church, described them as "martyrs of our times." It is to be feared that very many more Canadians must follow the noble example of those whose loss we deplore ere this terrible war will be brought to a conclusion, and the cause of justice and righteousness triumphs. The ninth month of the war has closed with conditions in the main field of operations such as to fully justify the grave words that have recently been spoken by the statesmen of Great Britain. Lord Derby, a creditable member of the great family which has given England a succession of able statesmen, the other day declared he had Lord Kitchener's authority for saying that "the time will come, and come sooner than people expect, when he will ask for additional and redoubled sacrifice. It is very plain that this country will have made to it, in a very short time, an appeal to which none will be able to say nay. I advocate national service now to a far greater extent than I ever advocated it before. I believe that a compulsory demand will very shortly be made on the men of this country." "These are grave words," says the Montreal Gazette. "They mean with other things that have been said by authority, that France's strength is all in the field or needed to maintain the lines of men that are facing and fighting the Germans, and that the extra force that will avail to overcome the German armies must be raised within the British Empire. There is meaning for Canada as well as for the United Kingdom in the conditions presented. The prestige, if not the continuance of the British Empire, depends on the war being fought to a satisfactory ending for the Allies; and Canada's interests and fortunes are those of the British Empire." When the full significance of the situation is realized we feel assured that there will be a sufficient proportion of the manhood of Canada to come forward without compulsion; and the cause for which they will fight being founded on the principles of justice and righteousness, it may truly be said of them—should they be stricken unto death on the battlefield—that they died the death of martyrs.

TOURISTS FOR CANADA.

Canada can look forward with confidence to receiving this year a large proportion of American tourists who usually visit Europe in the summer. The number who will cross the Atlantic for the express purpose of going as near as possible to the seat of war will be very small. Steamship bookings from January 1st to mid-April are only 30 per cent. of what they were last year. That is some indication of the falling off there will be during the summer months. In the first three-and-a-half months of last year nearly 42,000 first and second class bookings to Europe were reported. Taking the average of expenditure at $600 each that would be an expenditure by tourists of $25,200,000 already, for a little more than one-quarter of the year, to say nothing of the much larger number of third class passengers, all of them taking money to Europe to spend.

It is computed that the aggregate expenditure of American money for pleasurable living and travelling in Europe has probably been between $100,000,000 and $200,000,000 a year of recent times. The effect, economically and financially, is the same as if that amount of luxuries were imported in the way of trade. This year Europe is practically a sealed book to these American travellers, and that vast sum will be lost to Europe. It is only reasonable to suppose that a large proportion of these tourists will still take their accustomed holiday, and will either explore their own country, or cross the border into Canada. Here they will meet with a hearty reception and will find a great deal to interest them. Those who see for the first time the beauties of the Thousand Islands, our glorious lakes, and other notable sights in the Dominion will be so favorably impressed that many will be anxious to pay a second visit, and some will doubtless be induced to take up a permanent abode here. Europe's loss will be Canada's gain. We extend a cordial welcome to these prospective tourists, and assure them that they will have a good time in Canada.

CURRENT COMMENT

Canada has fewer objections to an election in 1915 than Canada has to Sir Wilfrid Laurier in 1915, 1916, or any other year.

The Globe insists that a 1915 election would be an insult to Canada. Did not the Globe also insist that Canada would be "an insult to Germany?"

Hon. Geo. P. Graham is quoted as having tried to arouse the electors of Sturgeon Falls against Government on the ground that it has imposed war taxes. "Every time you lick an extra large postage stamp think of the Hon. Frank Cochrane." George, this wind of clap-trap may prove a boomerang.

The militiamen at Niagara Falls, Ont., are undismayed by the reports of the casualties among the Canadian regiments at the front and are preparing to fill the gaps in the ranks. This is the spirit which enabled the men from across the border to withstand the German onslaughts of the last few days.

Buffalo Express: "The progressive party will be in the fight in 1916 with either Victor Murdock of Kansas or Hiram Johnson of California leading and on a platform of national prohibition and woman suffrage, says William Allen White, national committeeman from Kansas. Has T. B. been read out or has he fled from the party?"

"Change in the Dominion Cabinett." So says the grits press. When the minister, Hon. Mr. Coderre was approached by a reporter, and questioned he replied: "All I can say," said Hon. Mr. Coderre, "is that the Prime Minister, my colleagues and the Quebec members have long known that I am not enamoured of the political life. If this rumor of my retirement proves true I shall personally be very happy." Sensible man.

Mr. Arnold Haultain, writing to The Daily News from Geneva, Switzerland, says: "Every day Canada is standing higher in the estimation of the Empire." He says further: "Tell your farmers to grow wheat, more wheat and still more wheat. Urge your producers to produce—beef, pork, bacon, hams, leather. Send over as much as you can. Buy ships if necessary for transport. Even when the Dardanelles are opened there will still be a market for Canada. She ought to grow rich."

The native of Germany who, in a burst of candor, said, "You English will always be fools and we Germans will never be gentlemen," laid his finger on a fundamental difference between the two peoples. In the German sense the Englishman is a fool, and the better he understands why the German thinks him a fool the prouder he is of his folly. For that folly consists in his maintenance for himself of the standards of British fairplay and his expectation that others will observe them also—Vancouver World.

To encourage resolution in attacking enemy submarines the nation might honor the heroes of its merchant service in ways which most appeal to gallant men. There should be a special order and a special medal, carrying a pension, for officers and men who have displayed unusual courage against the pirate craft. They should be regarded as combatants and honored as such in life and death. Such a man as the captain of the Falaba, who refused to stop at the enemy's order and laid down his life to save humbler women and men, should have been accorded a military funeral—London Daily Mail.

Earl Kitchener has never in his life spoken with more feeling than when he discussed on Tuesday night the treatment of British prisoners in Germany. One of the last notable utterances of Lord Roberts before his death was a protest against what he considered unmilitary rancor toward the Germans. He believed that acts inevitable in war had been exaggerated into wanton atrocities. The course of events appears to have led both Kitchener and Sir John French to accept and denounce as a deliberate part of the German policy the kind of acts which Lord Roberts supposed to be exaggerations by the unmilitary. Kitchener goes so far as to say that Germany has stooped to deeds "which would vie with barbarous savagery of the dervishes of the Soudan."

The story is still circulated that 166 of the 2,200 binoculars supplied, the First Canadian Contingent were imperfect and inferior in quality, such as should not have been furnished to our officers. The fact is that none of the glasses were poor or in any way ill-suited for use by our soldiers. Both high and low power glasses are required at the front. For some purposes the cheaper low-power glasses, such as the 166, are better adapted than the higher-priced higher-power instruments. The only objection to the 166 glasses was that too high a price was paid for them and we expect that restitution will be made as in the case of the drugs. No binoculars taken to the front would in any sense menace the safety of any of our men, as on of our political sob-artists has contended for partisan effect—Toronto News.

Why were the British not in great force in the vicinity of Ypres? For an explanation, we must turn our gaze to the other end of Europe. All Lord Kitchener's new army was not shipped to France. A large part of it has been landed in European Turkey. For the completion of the work of the warships in the Dardanelles, the garrisons on the Gallipolis peninsula must be overpowered. Enos has just been successfully bombarded, and doubtless a land movement will be started with headquarters at that point. And so, if we are a little weaker than we should be in the west we are on the eve of great things in the east. Mighty as is the British Empire, it cannot make its full force felt everywhere at once—Hamilton Spectator.

AN APPEAL FOR THE SERVIAN RED CROSS

The correspondent of the "Standard," writing from Servia, says:—"The most pitiful and heartrending aspect of these scenes was presented by the long procession of Servian survivors, consisting of old men, women and children, bringing in a heavy toll of mutilated human beings. At Valivio, the nearest town to the field of battle, large masses of Servian and Austrian wounded kept pouring incessantly. 10,000 had already arrived. All had to be examined, all had to have their wounded dressed. . . . In the name of gallant little Servia—in the name of a humane pitiful people I make urgent appeal to the Red Cross to send a portion of their staff here, there are thousands to be saved."

At a late period, the correspondent of the London "Times" writes:—"The town itself has been transformed into one huge camp of wounded. All adaptable buildings, cafes, halls, schoolrooms, have been rapidly commanded for hospitals. Sometimes there are beds, more often rudely made mattresses, for little Servia, worn out by too constant wars, is ill equipped to meet the onslaught of a great Power. In the streets—what misery. The lame, the halt, the maimed. Men with damaged leg or foot, men nursing broken arms or shattered hands, men with bandaged heads, men being carried from operating shops to cafe floor, men with body wounds lying on stretchers. All with ragged, blood-bespattered remnants of what once were uniforms. There is no patriotic fund in Servia. When one leaves the organized hospitals and wends one's way through the crowd of wounded who block the pavements and enters a lower class cafe, the appalling tragedy of it all fills the spectator with a sense of hopelessness. There, like cattle upon their beds of straw, lie sufferers from all manners of hurt. They remain mute and uncomplaining, just as they have been dropped down from the incoming oxen transports. Their wounds—three, four, or five days' old, have yet received no attention, save the primitive first aid of the battle field. Blood poisoning is setting in—libs, that prompt dressing would have saved, are fast becoming victims for the surgeon's knife. It is a heartrending sight to look upon this helpless mass, and to realize that many of them have been sentenced to painful death to mere lack of primitive medical attention."

For reasons which you will perfectly understand, it was not considered advisable in the early stages of the War to make known the stricken condition of the people, the absolute lack of all that was needed for the relief of their sick and wounded, but the constant drain upon our resources makes this further appeal imperative.

Servia is surrounded by hostile or impoverished countries, and her people have not been able—as the Belgians have done—to take refuge in neighboring friendly States. Relief can only be given by sending supplies and material help, and this work can only be continued by your and other donations. The Admiralty take out our goods free of charge. Last week Chloroform, Morphia, Bandages and other medical requisites, were shipped and we have still to send Arrowroot, Meat Extracts, Quinine, and many other necessities.

Our people are fighting not only for their own freedom, but as your Allies. Is it to be wondered at that I appeal for sympathy? But I know I do not ask in vain.

Please make all cheques payable to Mabel S. Grouitch, or Lady Boyle, Hon. Treasurer, and crossed Union of London & Smiths Bank.

MABEL S. GROUITCH.

THE MAGIC OF LIFE

Unchecked It Would Kill Everybody and Everything.

ONLY BY DEATH DO WE EXIST.

Codfish Alone, If All Were Allowed to Live and Propagate Freely, Would in a Few Years Smother the Earth and Be Dropping Off Into Space.

Suppose for a moment that the equilibrium between life and death were to cease—imagine death arrested in its work! What would happen? The number of living beings upon the surface of the earth would be so great there would be no room for them. The atmosphere would be transformed into a compact mass of birds and insects which would be impenetrable even by the rays of the sun. In its superabundance life would suffocate and crush out life itself, and then death would rule supreme all at once. In a few days all organic life would have disappeared from the earth. It would be nothing but a waste and a desert.

That microscopic animal, the rotifer or rotator, lays thirty eggs at a time and starts seventy generations every year. If all these individuals remained alive at the end of a year their total would be so enormous as to make a sphere larger than the known universe.

The cynips, which produce the galls on the oak trees, the rose lice, the phylloxera and other aphidians or insects, which extract the sugar from plants, multiply in enormous numbers. One aphidian produces twenty-five descendants in a single day; on the second day we should have 25 by 25, or 625 individuals; the third day 15,625, and so on in geometrical proportion. Ten thousand of these insects, lighter than ether, weigh one-twentieth of a gram. Ten consecutive generations would make a cube equal to 1,000,000 men weighing 200 pounds each, and this in ten days.

One fly gives birth to about 20,000,000 individuals in a single summer. At the end of five summers of free propagation we should reach a fantastic figure—32 followed by 35 zeros.

Consider the vegetables for a moment. One plant of henbane can produce no less than 10,000 seeds in a single year. In five years it would have covered the entire surface of the earth with an impenetrable layer. And what about all the mushrooms that multiply so rapidly in a few days as to make all other vegetable life almost impossible?

The destruction of life is as cruel in the depths of the ocean as it is on earth, and the same terrible things would happen if there were no death in the sea. If there were no death one cod would in six years fill the ocean solid full and running over. Of course the original codfish wouldn't do it alone, but she would be responsible for it. One cod lays about 9,000,000 eggs in the year after she is three years old.

Three years later, if there were no death, all the progeny of this first fish would each deposit 9,000,000 eggs during that year, making a total of 81,000,000,000,000. Of course these figures are so great that they mean nothing to us except perhaps a gasp of astonishment. Now, take another three years—making six in all from the time the first cod deposited her eggs—each of these cod deposits 9,000,000 eggs, making the total of six years 64,081,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0001. And this from one codfish only!

If there were no death, imagine what all the codfish would do at this rate! As a matter of fact, taking codfish alone, if there were no death among them, they would smother everything to death with their numbers in the first three years and leave the old earth dripping codfish into stellar space.

Medusae are destroyed in enormous numbers by aquatic animals, but the stomach of each medusa contains more than 100,000 of those microscopic marine algae called diatoms. One whale at a single mouthful swallows billions of these marine animalculae.

From the bottom to the top of the scale the scene is the same. The greater the propagating power of specie the greater and more rapid is the work of death, so as to preserve the equilibrium, without which all life would cease. Nature seems cruel to us, but is it?

Of course such a thing as no death is a great deal like an irresistible force striking an immovable body, for in an unbelievable short time the earth would be covered with animal and vegetable matter, the air packed solid with birds and all flying things and the seas made solid by fish. The result would actually be a paradox, to the effect that if there were no death everything would promptly be smothered to death. One need but give a few minutes' thought to this before he understands why there is death, why, after all, it is only by death that we live.—New York American.

Getting the Business.

"What is that letter?" asked the busy merchant.

"Answer to your letter to a young lady proposing matrimony. Replying to your esteemed favor, the young lady declines."

"Hum! Send her our follow up form No. 17."—Puck.

The persistent aspirations of the human are to society what the compass is to the ship. It sees not the shore, but it guides to the shore.—Lamartine.

The Germans are using suffocating gas to overcome the French. The Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

THE VISITORS STAYED.

Canadian Officer at Front Tells of Some Voluntary Prisoners.

The following very interesting letters have been received by The Toronto Star Weekly from a Canadian officer now at the front with the British reservists. The letters are addressed from "Signal Service R.E., 3rd Army Headquarters, British Expeditionary Force, France," and commence with a valuable hint to Canadians writing to friends at the front.

"In order to save delay in the delivery of letters I would suggest that letters intended for British reservists from Canada serving with the Imperial army be addressed: British Expeditionary Force; those for soldiers serving with the Canadian contingent, Canadian Expeditionary Force. Several of my letters have only been addressed Expeditionary Force, and these have been sent to Salisbury Plain and have been marked 'Not with the Canadian Forces. Try Imperial,' and this has caused six weeks' travel from time of leaving Toronto."

"The German artillery have kept us busy sending over Christmas boxes for the past few days, very little damage being done beyond the destroying of a few houses in a town that is already in ruins. The German gunners seem to like trying to demolish our hospitals. They have not been very successful up to the present, whether it is due to bad markmanship or Providence I cannot say.

"Aeroplanes have been very valuable during this campaign. If you are anywhere within range of German guns and one of their aeroplanes is about dropping lights or smoke signals, it is a safe bet to expect a few shells in that direction tout de suite.

"Our aviators have done splendid work. If a German gets over our lines and there are any of our fellows around he seldom gets back. Too much praise cannot be given to the men who command the air as they run enormous risks to carry out their duties. I saw a plane come down the other day. The airman was quite jovial, and later we found no less than 10 bullet holes in the machine. Some kind friend sent me a copy of your paper and I noticed that the 2nd Contingent are going in for aeroplanes. I was pleased to see this, as the aeroplane wireless has proved very valuable. Some of our fellows were much amused over the mobilization confab. It is not policy for me to add further.

"Christmas Day passed off very quietly in this district. On the night of the 24th heavy cannonading was resorted to by the enemy to no effect. On the 23rd the Germans tried to break through our lines on seven different occasions, but were repulsed by our infantry with the aid of the Indians. Two English soldiers left their trenches and walked over to the German trenches to wish the Germans a Merry Christmas. The trenches at this particular point were not more than 100 yards apart. They carried their message and returned to our lines without harm. Two of the German infantry came over to our trenches to return the compliment. These two must have been envious of the dinner Tommy was expecting to have, as they absolutely refused to return to their own lines. I saw these two men last night, and if looks count for anything they were not disappointed in their anticipation of Tommy's generosity. They, with many others, prefer to finish the war behind our lines, where they are assured of square treatment."

Conservation of Fish.

Dealers in fish find it difficult to dispose of the inferior varieties and the smaller grades of fish that are brought in by the fishermen. Consumers forget that little fish are taken in the nets as well as large ones and that all are delivered to the merchants. It follows, therefore, that, if there is only a small demand for the less choice fish, the dealers must obtain higher prices for the better grades. This is an aspect of the high cost of living which deserves the serious consideration of the public. Except for the slight extra labor involved in preparing small fish for the table, they are in no way inferior to the larger fish, their flavor and nutritive qualities being quite as good. Similarly, many of the so-called coarser grades of fish, when skillfully cooked, are not only very palatable, but are very nutritious.

Consequently, it will be seen that greater economy can easily be practiced in the use of this very important natural resource. The fisheries of Canada are both varied and extensive and should prove to be an important factor in reducing the cost of living. What is needed is more conservation in connection with them, or in other words, more careful and intelligent use.—A. D. in Conservation.

Province Planning Road Patrol.

If a certain plan now understood to be engaging the attention of the Ontario Government works out into practice, motorists traveling provincial highways next year will find along every five or ten mile strip a solitary road patrol engaged in keeping the roadbed in first-class shape. He will have with him a horse and cart and a complete one-man repair equipment, and will be held personally responsible for the maintenance of the stretch alloted to him. His home will be in the vicinity and his daily task will be to traverse the section, to make all minor repairs, and if flaws of great extent are discovered to communicate with the county road authorities to see that it be dealt with at once. No break will be allowed to gain headway.

If this plan is adopted it will likely be worked on the county road basis. Each county would then appoint its own patrols under the direction of the engineer, and allot the road length for them to guard. Thus in Ontario there would be nearly 200 men constantly employed after the manner of section workers on a railroad.

The Hungarian Chamber has refused to pass the new military credits. They fail to see any sense or reason putting more paint on a house that is about ready to fall to pieces.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

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OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays 8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

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E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

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Muskoka Lakes	Lake of Bays
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On Sale May 1st from certain stations in Canada. Liberal Stop-Overs.

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REDUCED FARES TO SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO

Full particulars, berth reservations, etc., at Grand Trunk ticket offices.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool	Montreal
Apr.23, Metagama,	May 6
May 7, Missanabie,	May 20
May21, Metagama,	June 3

Special Steamship Train with Lunch Counter Car will leave Union Station, Toronto, on Wed., May 5 at 10 a.m.
Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Many persons imagine that they are getting exercise enough when they begin wearing the "athletic" kind of undergarments in the spring.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily.
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.16 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13— 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'
Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.
Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY
EFFECTIVE JAN. 28, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Parker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—6.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
Belleville Branch H. SNEYD, Manager

The Standard Bank OF CANADA

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 98

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending the 30th April, 1915, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and its Branches on and after Saturday, the first day of May, 1915, to Shareholders of record of the 23rd April, 1915.

By Order of the Board,
G. P. SCHOLFIELD,
General Manager.

Toronto, 30th March, 1915.

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

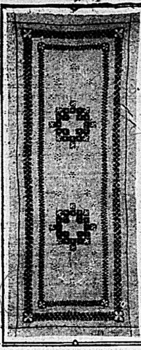
THE
DOW
ALES & PORTERS
DELICIOUS APPETISING NOURISHING

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

WHITE LINEN RUNNER.

Mexican Drawn Work and Hand Embroidery Effectively Used.

The buffet cover shown in the illustration was selected from a set for showing. There was a square table



BUFFET COVER.

spread for the center of the dining table and a dozen each small plate doilies and tumbler doilies. Hand embroidery is used very effectively with Mexican drawn work.

One Hostess' Secret.

A very successful hostess was asked the secret of her success with her dinners. She said that when she heard a friend mention a dish that he liked or disliked very much she jotted it down in a small memorandum book, and when she planned her dinner she consulted the book first. The consequence was she never served string beans to the man who detested them nor ice cream to the woman who couldn't "endure cream in any form."

The Poor Beneficiary.

Some nations were fighting fiercely.

"Why are you fighting so?" inquired the bystanders, moved at length to curiosity.

"To save civilization," replied the nations severally.

Here a draggled figure rose from the mire under the feet of the combatants and limped lamely away.

"And who are you?" asked the bystanders, with a disposition to get to the bottom of the matter.

"Don't speak to me! I'm Civilization!" the figure made answer, somewhat pettishly.—New York Post.

Wasted Effort.

Peter Thompson went to visit his son in Montreal. It was his first visit to the city, and the young man showed him all the sights, concluding with an ascent of Mount Royal. In a burst of enthusiasm young Thompson said:

"See, father, isn't it wonderful down there?"

"Well," said his father, "if it's so wonderful down there what did you drag me up here for?"—Everybody's.

HOUSECLEANING
FLOORS
need attention now that the winter is over. Give them a good, preservative Wax dressing, which will bring out the natural beauty of the wood.

RONUK
the English Wax Polish and Cleanser gives a transparent, bright and durable polish. It is easy to apply (which cannot be said of some waxes), will not dry out in the tin, is economical in use, and owing to its sanitary qualities, it gives a pleasing freshness to the atmosphere. 75
On sale at all stores 25c. to $1.00

THE FIRST CANNON

They Were In Use Long Before Hand Firearms Appeared.

CRUDE GUNS OF EARLY DAYS

Curious Weapons From Which Have Been Evolved the Modern Deadly Engines of War—Uncle Sam's Famous Collection in the National Museum.

Specimens of military and other forms of firearms from England, France, Russia, Japan, Germany, and many other countries, are to be seen in the small arms exhibition of the United States national museum. The exhibit includes some 1,400 individual pieces and comprises probably the best general collection in the United States, considering that there are represented examples of military rifles, pistols and revolvers, sporting shotguns and rifles, target rifles and pistols, and numerous odd and unusual pieces relating to the development of firearms.

Although the discovery of gunpowder is attributed by some to China, there is no positive evidence that the Chinese ever made use of it. At an early period they produced certain kinds of fireworks, accounts of which came through Persia, Egypt and the Moorish countries in southern Europe, but gunpowder for use in firearms, it is believed originated in Italy, Spain or Germany. While cannon of a sort were built in the early part of the fourteenth century, hand firearms were slow to be adopted on account of their unreliability, and it was not until about 1881 that they are known to have appeared in Germany, while Europe in general did not take them up until the middle of the fifteenth century, when they became known as hand cannon.

The earliest form of hand gun was a crude affair, fired by the application of a burning match to the touchhole. The first improvement was the mounting of the match on a springless lock or cock, which later, upon the addition of a spring, became known as the matchlock. Examples of this early weapon from India, China, Afghanistan, Japan, Formosa, Arabia, Morocco and Mexico are in the museum collection.

The next development was the wheel-lock gun, about 1515 or 1517, fired by a spark struck on pyrites by a roughened wheel revolved by a spring. Specimens of this type of gun and pistol from Greece, Germany and England are also included in the museum exhibit.

A form of flintlock, called the snaphaunce, followed in 1540. This substituted in place of the wheel a lock, which held in its jaws a piece of pyrites and when released hit the cover of the pan, striking a spark, which ignited the charge of powder. A pair of pistols of this type from Constantinople illustrate the principle well. Further improvements in the snaphaunce resulted in the flintlock gun, in which a piece of flint replaced the pyrites. Examples of this style are more common, and some sixty are included in the museum collection, representing nearly every country and well illustrating the various changes and improvements made.

One of the most interesting and valuable arms in the collections is the John Cookson flintlock breech loading magazine gun, made in 1586, which has a magazine in the stock, capable of holding ten rounds of loose powder and bullets.

One movement of the lever feeds the ammunition into the barrel, cocks the hammer and primes the pan. In spite of the English name of the maker, this odd piece is believed to be of Spanish origin on account of its general type and the style of its decoration. It was probably brought to Maryland by the early English colonists. At least it was found in Baltimore and confiscated in 1863 and held by the government until 1867, when it was thrown away. In 1888 it was purchased for a small sum and put in its present perfect condition by a gunsmith of Baltimore, from whom it was secured by an American collector and presented to the museum.

From a military viewpoint, the design of this gun evidences great advances of its time, for, with the magazine charging appurtenance, ten shots could be fired in a little more time than is required for a modern magazine gun. Altogether, the antiquity, design, workmanship and beauty of this gun make it a most valuable and remarkable relic.

The collection also contains several pillock, and the percussion cap guns, which followed the flint lock, and the Prussia needle gun, and the French Chassepot which appeared somewhat later.

The development of the gun and ammunition in the United States is well illustrated by a series of historical cases showing the types used in the succeeding wars from the French and Indian to the war with Spain, thus connecting closely history and invention.

While many foreign guns are represented they are not all of the latest patent or of the type now in use. In the case of our military rifle, however, the latest developments are shown, and it is interesting to note that the Springfield rifle, generally known as the 1903 model, though it has been improved upon since, is to be found in three separate series—the target, game and military—showing that it is suitable, with different sorts of ammunition, to many uses.

Some of the museum specimens are the donations of individuals, others are from American manufacturers, the war and navy departments, and the patent office.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Last year's comets did not wear tails, but this year's most notable visitant is reported to have two. Being a comet is becoming increasingly costly.

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT

GLAD TO GIVE IT UP.

Sir Richard Peirse Held a Prussian Red Eagle, Second Class.

The commander of the British battle squadron bombarding Smyrna, Sir Richard H. Pierse, is one of the men who found it necessary to return a Prussian decoration when the war broke out. Sir Richard held the Red Eagle of Prussia, second class, as a memento of his association with the Kaiser while serving as aide de camp to King Edward VII., but since the

SIR RICHARD H. PEIRSE.

turn which things have taken since last August he will not be sorry to part with a Prussian dignity be it ever so lofty in the country of its origin.

Sir Richard is fifty-five years of age and was born in the city of York. His father was a colonel in the British army and Richard was educated on H. M. S. Britannia. Graduating from the cadet ship in 1873, he entered the navy and in 1881 received his lieutenancy for meritorious standing in his examinations. He was present at the bombardment of Alexandria, and commanded the Barracouta in the South African war. He has held several official positions, including the inspectorship of target practice in the navy and the command of the First Battle Squadron of the Home Fleet.

Fort Sumter.

For four years Fort Sumter, in Charleston harbor, resisted every attempt at its capture. For 280 days the fort was actually under fire. "The duration of the three principal and eight minor bombardments was altogether 157 days and 116 nights. The total weight of metal thrown against the fort from land and sea aggregated 3,500 tons, and of this great mass the fort was actually struck by 2,400 tons. The number of projectiles fired against the fort was 46,058.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Egyptian Lotus.

The lotus figures to a very great extent in ancient Egyptian sculpture though the flower is often crude and difficult to make out. The fruit of the Egyptian lotus was forbidden as food to disciples of Pythagoras. The lotus was dedicated to the goddess of fecundity, Isis, and buds are said to have been found in the tombs of ancient Egyptian kings. Egyptologists have decided that the lotus of Egypt was the common white water lily of the Nile and not the true sacred nelumbo of the far east.

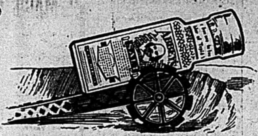
Curious Laws in India.

Some of the old laws of Nepal, India, were curious. Killing cows ranked with murder as a capital offense, for instance. Every girl at birth was married with great ceremony to a betel fruit, which was then cast into a sacred stream. As the fate of the fruit was uncertain, the girl was supposed never to become a widow. To obtain divorce from a husband a wife had only to place a betel nut under his pillow and depart.

In Nepal the day is considered to begin when it is light enough to count the tiles on the roof or distinguish the hairs on a man's hand against the sky.—Exchange.

Old English Slaves.

Before the conquest and for a long time after at least two-thirds of the people of England were denuded of all the substantial attributes of freedom. The lords had the absolute disposal of them. They might be attached to the soil or transferred by deed, sale or conveyance from one lord to another. They could not chance their place or hold property—in short, they were slaves under their obligation of perpetual servitude, which the consent of the master alone could dissolve. The system was not fairly abolished until the reign of Charles II., and so late as 1775 men were bought and sold in Scotland with the estates to which they were bound.



Fortify yourself

against the most insidious enemy to good health—Constipation. The regular use of Abbey's Salt will keep the intestinal track clear, tone up the stomach and induce a vigorous, healthy condition of the whole digestive system.

Abbey's Salt is the concentrated essence of the medicinal salts extracted from pure, fresh fruit juices—granulated, sealed and sold everywhere in 25c. and 60c. bottles.

Constipation

is an enemy against which you must be eternally vigilant. In the opinion of conservative physicians the neglect of it and its results leads to over 90% of the serious illnesses from which we suffer. And all of us know that it means headache, stomach disorder, loss of appetite, biliousness, bad condition of blood and a host of other ailments.

In preventing and relieving Constipation, Abbey's Salt takes rank with the few really indispensable specifics. It is a whole medicine chest in itself. Made in Canada for twenty years.

A spoonful in a glass of water—taken morning or evening.

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

FOR SALE BY; J. S. McKEOWN

11

Praise For Australians

Imperial Gov't. Warmly Congratulates Australian and New Zealand Contingents on Gallantry

LONDON, May 1.—Special—King George has sent to Acting Vice-Admiral John Michael De Robeck, commander of the allied fleet at the Dardanelles, and to General Sir Ian Hamilton, Commander-in-Chief of the Dardanelles land forces, the following despatch:

"It is with intense satisfaction that I have heard of the success which, in the face of determined resistance, has attended the combined naval and military operations at the Dardanelles. Please convey to all ranks, including those of our allies, my hearty congratulations on this splendid achievement."

The morning papers publish despatches from Sydney and Wellington stating that Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, on behalf of the Imperial Government, has sent telegrams to the Governors warmly congratulating them on "the splendid gallantry and magnificent achievements" of the Australian and New Zealand contingents in the fighting in the Dardanelles. These messages, which were read to the public, caused much gratification. Although no details have been given out regarding the operations, these despatches seem to confirm reports that the fighting has been heavy but successful.

A despatch to The Post from Sydney says that much indignation has been aroused there by the complete suppression of the news upon which the congratulatory messages are based. There was a stormy scene in the House of Representatives yesterday when protests were made by members. While every desire was shown not to impede military operations in any way, the opinion was virtually unanimous that the Australian people had a right to know the fate of the troops engaged in the Dardanelles operations.

JAPAN LADY SUES ERRANT LOVER FOR MARRIAGE BREACH

TOKIO, May 1.—Tokio has just had its first breach of promise case. In reality, it was a breach of marriage, but it still marks a step forward in the matter of women's rights. In the existing law no marriage is recognized as having any legal authority unless it is registered. Registration is not compulsory, and is not even usual.

A new precedent, however, was established on Monday, when the Court of Cassation in Tokio, the highest tribunal, granted £2,000 damages to Miss Hede Nozawa for having been unceremoniously divorced by her husband, Mr. Sozaburo Yanaka. The pair had been married without registration in 1911, and the very next month defendant divorced his wife because of a quarrel he had with the go-betweens who arranged the marriage. The ground of the quarrel was not stated.

The husband, after dismissing his wife, doubtless expected to hear nothing more about it but the lady promptly brought an action. She was defeated in two lower courts, but she persevered and finally the highest court in the Empire awarded her as damages the sum stated, thereby recognizing for the first time the right of the woman to equality, or something approximating to equality, in the relationship of the sexes.

The women's peace conference at The Hague is now branded as a German scheme. Sounds not unreasonable as that.

When real summer troops along it will find that mild ethereal spring has stolen all its best stuff.

Destroyed Track But is Captured

French Aviator's Motor Stalled Two Thousand Feet in Air

MILAN, May 1.—A motor which stalled suddenly while he was 2,000 feet in the air was responsible for the capture by the Germans of Roland Garros, the famous French aviator, according to an account of the incident given the Kriegs Zeitung, of the fourth German army and reproduced in the Corriere Della Serra here.

Garros was flying over the Ingelmunster-Courtrai railroad when a train passed. He made a wonderful swoop from a height of 6,000 feet until he was 1230 feet from the ground, describing a series of daring circles over the train and then dropping a bomb which blew up a section of track. When sentries opened fire upon him at close range, he dropped another bomb and rose to a height of 2,000 feet.

Suddenly the motor stopped and the aeroplane swayed dangerously, but Garros volplaned safely down and made a successful landing. He sprang out, set fire to the machine and took refuge in a cottage. Pursuing soldiers found him after a long search, crouching in a ditch behind a thick hedge. Asked if he had a companion, Garros gave his word that he had not. He explained that his engine probably had been struck by a bullet.

MAKING SHRAPNEL SHELLS

MILWAUKEE Wis., May 1.—A complaint was filed today under the so-called "discovery" statute of Wisconsin to secure information to determine whether the Allis-Chalmers Company, a corporation, Otto Falk, its president, and others, have entered into a conspiracy with the Bethlehem Steel Company and others not yet known to manufacture and ship shrapnel shells to European belligerents, contrary to the Wisconsin law. A hearing was set for May 5.

John Barleycorn received a body blow in England yesterday but he is still alive.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

WRIGLEY'S

means the *best* in chewing gum — it means the Perfect Gum in the Perfect Package — sealed air-tight.

It means the largest, most up-to-date and most sanitary chewing gum factories in the world.

It means a wholesome, beneficial, economical confection, good for everybody.

Two delightful flavors — cooling, soothing Peppermint, and the delicious tang of fresh Mint Leaves.

Helps appetite and digestion, quenches thirst, steadies the nerves.

Make it your regular practice to ***Chew It After Every Meal*** — see how much better you will feel!

MADE IN CANADA

Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., Ltd.
Toronto, Ontario

C 16

THE DRIFT OF FATE

A hansom cab rolled its way to the East India Club, rattled through the square, and under cover of the noise of the cab-horn behind the street-sweeper, and stood in the middle of the room, looking down at the unconscious sleeper. He for a minute I felt strongly the desire to raise my hand and give his lordship such a surprise as he had never in his life experienced, any other man would have felt the desire; and, as I was, I put it away and only looked quietly about him. Some years of smashing fell on and glorified the Whetherly coat of arms blazoned over the wide fireplace, and so erected the one bright spot in the bare, dismantled room, which had once, unless the tiers of empty shelves and the pet lingering odor of Russia leaf, been lined from floor to ceiling with books. My lord had taken the furniture; my lord had taken the books; my lord had taken nothing but his rights.

Retreating softly to the door by which I had entered, and rattling the handle, I strutted across into the room. "Will your lordship allow me?" I said, after I had in vain coughed twice to gain his attention.

He turned hastily and looked at me with a face full of suspicion. Some surprise on finding another person in the room and close to him was natural; but possibly, also, there was something in the atmosphere of that house which threw his nerves off their balance. "Who are you?" he cried, in a tone which matched his face.

"You left orders, my lord," I explained, "with Messr. Durgan & Poole that a clerk should attend here at eleven. I very much regret that some delay has unavoidably been caused."

"Oh, you are the clerk!" he replied ungraciously. "You do not look much like a lawyer's clerk."

Involuntarily I glanced aside and saw in a mirror the reflection of a tall man with a thick beard and mustaches, gray eyes, and an ugly scar seaming the face from ear to ear. "Yet I hope to give you full satisfaction, my lord," I murmured, dropping my eyes. "It was understood that you needed a confidential clerk."

"Well, well, sir, to your work!" he replied irritably. "Better late than never. Only, after all I may as well be seated for you to be here and see it duly executed. Only you will not forget," he continued hastily, with a glance at the papers, "that I have myself copied four—well, three, three full folios, sir, for which an allowance must be made. Don't forget that, you understand,

$15

If you know nothing, Sir, of the excellence of our Fifteen Dollar Suits, we've a great surprise in store for you.

An army of Men who do know of these Special and unusual Values come here for Suits, Season after Season, and pay us for a Splendid Suit—

JUST FIFTEEN DOLLARS!

We pick out the choicest woolens to be had, and have them made up in a manner unknown to usual clothing at this price. In fact, we use all of our power and prestage to supply the Best Suits ever made to sell at this moderate price.

Not a style detail or good feature of Clothes making is omitted. They are the limit of value tor the money.

Take a look at our Fifteen Dollar Suits this Spring and we'll wager anything that you'll leave your Suit Money here!

Quick & Robertson

BETTER CLOTHES

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS PAINTS and VARNISHES

Are BEST for Your HOME.

Information and Color Cards at

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

Established 1870. Men's Furnishings. Men's Hats.

Children's Hats

See our display of Children's Ready-to-Wear Hats. The showing includes all the newest and smartest styles. A splendid variety from which to choose.

Price 25c to $1

The New Shirts

Just what you would find if you went to the larger centres. They will satisfy the critical eye of the careful dresser. Your choice of the many new colors and fabrics.

$1, $1.25 and $1.50

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
242 FRONT STREET

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

STORAGE OF FURS

No time should be lost in having us send for your Furs for safe keeping. Our charges are most moderate

Phone 363. S. A HYMAN & CO.

We'll have to enlist an army of dentists and send them over to administer gas to the Germans in return.

Italy seems practically to have decided upon war. Come on in Italy, the going's fine.

Points for Mothers

Care of the Children's Feet.

Before you put on a child's stockings in the morning pass the hand over the bottom of his foot to brush off any particles of dirt or foreign matter that may have adhered to each moist little member in the scamper across the floor after the bath.

You will be surprised to see how often you will find something that would have been a source of irritation if it had been allowed to remain. Before you put on the shoes shake them well to be sure that they contain nothing that will irritate the feet.

Look carefully at the feet at night to see if any red or inflamed spot testifies to a badly fitting shoe or a too large wrinkled stocking. Wet and stretch the shoe if it seems to press upon some particular spot.

Watch for ingrowing toe nails and insert a bit of cotton under the corner of the nail at the first indication of trouble.

Teach the children as they grow older to take the same precautions, and they may avoid at least some of the minor ills of life. We all know how much discomfort to the square inch we can get from an undue pressure on the foot.

Let us remember that when a healthy child is fretful there is pain or discomfort somewhere and it is "up to us" to find and remedy it.

New Road Policy.

The principle that a stitch in time saves nine will henceforth dominate Ontario's roads policy. It is recognized that first-class roads quickly deteriorate through the neglect of minor flaws. In Europe the plan of a patrol has been tried and found to work well, and through the labor of solitary individuals with their picks and barrows the life of the highway has been doubled or tripled.

For some time the Ontario Government has been considering the problem of maintenance, and it is thought that when instrumental legislation pertaining to the $5,000,000 scheme is brought down in the Legislature, provision will be made for the unsatisfactory up-keep of roads. Several in attendance at the Canadian and International Roads Convention in late March, and it is likely that the benefit of their advice will be secured before the Government adopts any prescribed methods. The problem in all its aspects will be discussed on that occasion by experts.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

BELT FOUND

A soldier's belt picked up from the street, is at the police station awaiting an owner.

THE LATE MR. WOOD

The remains of the late Mr. Wood, of Smithfield, are being brought here this evening for interment.

FLOWER PARTY

A number of High School students formed a party on Saturday and went to the woods for the purpose of gathering flowers.

CLEANING UP

Station Road and the station grounds are being much improved by the levelling and grading of the street and walk.

CITY COUNCIL

A regular meeting of the City Council will be held this evening. There are several matters of more or less importance to be attended to.

LOST BOOTS AND CAP

Patrick Coleman reported to the police that a pair of boots and a cap belonging to him were taken from a place where he was staying.

REMANDED TO JAIL

Arthur McDonald, alias Alexander Kelly, was on Saturday night arrested for being drunk and disorderly. He was this morning by the Magistrate remanded to jail until to-morrow.

CALLS RESPONDED TO

On Saturday evening the police were kept somewhat busy answering calls, no less than five being responded to. As a result two arrests were made, one being for a rather serious offence.

BUSINESS PLACES INSECURE

During their rounds of inspection at an early hour on Sunday morning, the police found the side door of a front street business place insecure, and also the key in the front door of another business establishment.

BROKE A DISH

Saturday evening a party visited a Chinese restaurant in this city and after partaking of a meal, broke a dish. The police were called to the place, and a satisfactory settlement was effected.

POLICE KEPT BUSY

Since Saturday afternoon the police have made four arrests and have sheltered seven weary pilgrims. The latter are all comparatively young men.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

"BRINGING UP FATHER"

The very best rule for the occasional theatregoer to make is to go to a theatre every time a Gus Hill show comes to town, then there will be no disappointment. The work of a successful producer will always be worthy of your patronage. You've found it so in all lines of business. Mr. Hill's latest, and we may say greatest effort in cartoon musical comedy production, is founded on George McManus' cartoon series "Bringing up Father," which comes to the Griffins for one night, Friday May 7. It's a big vaudeville review, with real comedy enough to make two more plays. Don't miss it. Seats at Doyle's.

GRIFFINS

One Night Only, FRIDAY, MAY 7

Gus Hill's Big Laugh Show

BRINGING UP FATHER

30 People, Mostly Girls 30

Prices, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

Seats at Doyle's, on Sale Tuesday morning

WHY NOT EXECUTE FORT HENRY REVOLTERS

If Private Lonsdale Must Die Men at Kingston Should Get Same Justice

KINGSTON, Ont., May 1.—Discussing the revolt on Thursday of the war prisoners at Fort Henry, when several of them made a concerted attack on their guards who were obliged to defend themselves with bayonets. The Daily Standard in a first page editorial today points out that the news of this revolt was made public on the very day that Germany officially announced confirmation of the sentence of death upon Private William Lonsdale for his attack on a non-commissioned officer in a German military prison camp.

The Standard then goes on to say: "Considering the callousness of the German official heart perhaps it might not be amiss if it were quite frankly and officially stated by Canada and Great Britain to German officials that if a prisoner like Lonsdale is to suffer death for a revolt against the inhuman treatment accorded him by his captors, no less a punishment must be accorded the men who participated in the concerted revolt at Fort Henry

"Especially so when, as United States Consul Johnston, the acting German consul, testifies in his interview with the Standard, the men have been more than considerately treated, and have nothing to complain of but have much to be thankful for.

"If Lonsdale, revolting because barbarously treated, must die, why not Count von Riessenthall and the other Fort Henry revolters who turned against and attacked their guards with no legitimate excuse. If there be justice according to the military law in Germany's condemnation of Lonsdale, shall Canada be any less just to the revolters here?"

Men, women and children of every age, all find Rexall Orderlies a perfect laxative. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c & 50c. boxes.

BEAT ENGLAND OR BUTCHERY GOES ON, SO GERMAN WRITES

PARIS, May 1.—This strange and tragic letter from his wife was found on the body of Lieutenant Otto Fritsch, who was killed in Poland, and is published in the Mercure de France, "I feel—I know—dearest, that I shall not see you again. Mother wants me to move, because in our house I cry all day, but I was so happy here that I cannot make up my mind to leave. As long as we cannot beat England there will be no end to this butchey. I can't make out how we still find men for the army. These three terrible great powers have decided never to make peace separately. That means that this fearful war will never end.

"I do not at all like your being named aide-de-camp, for you will have much work to do, and will run greater risks. You are my only happiness, and I shall wait for you here in our house where we were so happy together. As a matter of fact, I think of nothing at all. I only feel that I shall never see you again. I have just had your portrait made up into a locket which I shall always wear round my neck. You have already fought in three battles against the Russians, but these people are capable of fighting thirty-three more battles. I know I shall never see you again."

The letter found on Lieutenant Fritsch's body, killed near Routka, was handed to the general commanding the 9th Russian army corps, who had the following order read to his men: "The letter found on Lieutenant Fritsch's body says that he has already fought in three battles against the Russians but that they are capable of fighting thirty-three more. The letter is right; the Russians will fight as many more battles as necessary to crush finally the enemies of holy Russia."

Card of Thanks

Mrs. F. McCready and Mr. T. and Mrs. T. McCready wish to convey thanks to all who were so very kind to them in their recent bereavements.

Someone says that "a friend is better than money." Especially if he has money.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

An Event of Vital Importance To Every Housewife

Our special low prices on the very highest quality of Electric Appliances will continue until the 8th of May. Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to purchase Canadian Beauty Appliances at less than they were ever sold before.

After May 8th they will go back to the Regular Prices.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Regular $5.50 Special, $3.75 | Regular $4.50 Special, $3.00 | Regular $4.50 Special, $2.75

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

"NATIONAL" CYCLES are SIMPLY GREAT

And The Price! ONLY $28.50

Lamp, Bell, Pump and Tools thrown in.

Oh, yes, we Re-tire Baby Carriages

333 FRONT STREET

FUNDS Needed for Serbia

Please send Cheques and Postal Orders to Lady Boyle, Hon. Treasurer of the

SERBIAN RED CROSS

Offices, 5 Cromwell Rd., S.W., London, England.

A Khaki Election

Rumor Still Busy as to An Early General Election

"The holding of elections is still under consideration. The Conservative party organs continue to dwell on the necessity of the Government challenging Opposition criticism at the polls, in order to have a freer mandate to carry on the war. The Liberal organs' objections to an election become more pronounced, and emphasis is laid upon the dire results that will follow a political division of the people of Canada at this time. At the same time much criticism of the Government and the Premier is intermingled with this contention. If such criticism were to be taken at its face value, the effect must be to weaken the Government at a time when it needs support. This is an essential fact in the situation.

The public will applaud the administration in all steps taken to punish those who took advantage of a crucial situation to line their pockets improperly out of the transactions connected with the furnishing of war supplies. The wheels of justice are being prepared to revolve in this connection. They cannot start too soon.

If the elections are called, as has been more than hinted at, a campaign of brief duration will probably be decided on at the same time. The decision of the electors at the polls will be one of the most momentous in Canadian history. Pecularly important questions will be dealt with and cleared away. But the people will be unanimous on one point—the prosecution of the war from the Canadian standpoint must not be interfered with during the campaign or afterwards. It may be assumed that both parties will see to this, though there may be differences in detail as to what will be the best method to reach the desired result. We may expect from the Government of Sir Robert Borden a comprehensive justification from its standpoint of the appeal, if it be decided on. If the Opposition challenges the step, as they will undoubtedly do in no feeble manner, there will be placed before the voters issues that will loom large in importance and be of the most delicate nature. A khaki election in Canada would challenge the best thought of the voters in an unmistakable and unprecedented way —Montreal Mail.

Victories are desirable—but tragically expensive.

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors COME** to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Our Exclusive Styles in **MILLINERY**

Is perhaps the secret of our success. Many of the elite of the city are wearing one of our up-to-the-minute styles. If you need a NEW HAT, see ours—the Popular Hat—at moderate prices.

Miss M. Campbell

All Kinds of **HATS**

Cleaned and Blocked.
NO ACIDS USED
Therefore will not injure the FIBRE.
WE CLEAN THE HATS

DELANEY'S

236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)
N.B.—Furs Stored

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

Just Think What

20 Per Cent Off

Your Housefurnishings Will Mean!

No reason now to delay the selecting of your Curtain Materials, Rugs, Linoleums, etc.

At a General Discount like this you cannot help but save much money, and money saved is money earned.

We have countless new patterns and materials just freshly placed in stock that will help you solve the perplexing problem of decorating, and all at 20 per cent off.

Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Store hours, 8.30 till 5.

No Goods Taken Back or Exchanged.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (133) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN FOR GENERAL servant for small family without children. Apply evenings, 115 Dundas Street. a30-3td

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED, AGENTS. BEST PROPOSITION in Canada. Restricted territory, no competition, no house-to-house canvassing. Expressage paid. Jos. Moloney, Manager, 152 Major Street, Toronto. 28-6td

FOR SALE

$100 WILL BUY THE CORNER LOT OF Everett and Moira Streets. Terms may be arranged. E. T. Cherry. 1-2td

FOR SALE, LARGE PIER MIRROR WITH Claw Feet; also rosewood and mahogany desks, dinner wagon and old Queen Anne Parlor Table; odd chairs and hall pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 1-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander streets—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

FOR SALE, GENERAL STORE WITH POST Office. Stock about $1800. Terms cash. John M. Chislett, Rednerville. 1-6td

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 106 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—287 ALBERT ST. New modern house. Apply Wm. Donahue, 36 Grove Street. a24-12td

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

ROOMS ABOVE RIGGS' STORE. EXCEPtionally fine; to let. Apply to J. J. B. Flint. 1-4td

WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WISHES TO COMMUNICATE with Dry Goods merchant in city of Belleville, view of securing position to learn the business. Apply Box D, Intelligencer. a30-6td

PERSONAL

IF BUILDING, SEE ME. I CAN FURNISH you building material—lumber, lath and shingles. Thos. Finnegan, Lumber Dealer, 86 Chatham Street. Phone 242. 4tms

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Our : : :
California Peach Pies Are Swell!
Try one of these delicious Pies and you'll surely come right along for them.
Some fresh to-day
20c each.
Chas. S. Clapp

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence. Lewis street

Ammonia fumes stifled firemen at a blaze in New York. Sounds like a tale from the trenches.

Tyendinaga Patriotic Fund

J. Badgley	$ 5 00
E. J. English	5 00
J. Macfarlane	5 00
G. Badgley	5 00
J. Taylor	5 00
T. A. Macfarlane	5 00
C. Osborne	2 00
R. Sherman	2 00
R. Macfarlane	2 00
J. Morden	2 00
Rev. M. Hall	2 00
W. Sills	2 00
Geo. Macfarlane	5 00
Jas. Bunnett	2 00
Geo. Smith	1 00
F. Graham	50
T. Porte	3 00
F. O. Bennett	3 00
W. Sine	2 00
D. Milligan	2 00
D. Beatty	2 00
R. Sparrow	2 00
T. Ogden	2 00
W. I. Robinson	1 00
R. McMechan	5 00
W. Liddle	1 00
I. Eaton	1 00
Wm. McLaren	3 00
R. R. Tripp	1 00
Geo. Henderson	2 00
S. Yeatman	1 00
R. Miller	2 00
H. Swan	2 00
S. Haight	2 00
Fred Robinson	2 00
I. Robinson	3 00
C. Cole	5 00
Geo. Lazier	3 00
I. McConnell	3 00
G. Cole	1 00
A. Hagerman	1 00
W. Robinson	2 00
Rev. Mr. Robeson	5 00
W. W. Reid	5 00
P. McLaren	5 00
J. F. Hill	5 00
F. Buskard	5 00
Dr. Moore	5 00
L. E. Mills	5 00
J. Cole	5 00
Jas. Little	5 00
T. F. Morden	5 00
C. Long	5 00
J. J. Brennan	5 00
A. Mark	10 00
J. Leverton	5 00
A. Yeatman	2 00
B. Juby	1 00
I. Cook	1 00
C. Reid	1 00
Ladies' Aid Spencer's	10 00
I. F. Melbourne	5 00
M. Hill	5 00
W. N. Bell	5 00
L. O. L. 242, Shannonville	15 00
Epworth League, Shannonville	5 00
J. McKinney	1 00
A. W. McLaren	5 00
Collections	17 80
Jas. Coulter	1 00
L. J. Buckley	1 00
Alex. Culter	50
R. Crawford	1 00
Sam. McLean	1 00
J. Bennett	1 00
E. C. Carter	1 00
Jas. Cross	1 00
S. Howe	50
B. Colden	1 00
R. Copeland	1 00
H. Alford	50
J. Howe	1 00
Roy Tracey	1 00
R. J. Hamilton	1 00
Wm. Goodfellow	50
C. M. Hubble	50
T. Hopkins	1 00
W. Purdy	1 00
J. O'Sullivan	1 00
F. Casey	1 00
B. Leavens	1 00
M. A. O'Sullivan	50
J. O'Sullivan	2 00
W. J. O'Sullivan	1 00
M. A. Lally	50
J. Lally	1 00
Jas. Pitt	1 00
H. McWilliams	1 00
P. Leveque, sr.	30
P. Leveque	50
Mrs. I. Vanmeer	30
Geo. Boldrick	75
Jas. McWilliams	1 00
H. Ross	1 00
Halston Women's Institute	10 00
P. A. Shannon	2 00
C. L. Goodman	2 00
Lottie Goodman	1 00
J. Boldrick	1 50
G. W. Sherry	2 00
Edna Parks	1 00
M. Parks	1 00
T. Parks	1 00
R. F. Ellott	2 00
Wm. McCreary	1 00
J. Shannon	2 00
A. Crawford	1 00
A. Gibson	1 00
P. Shannon	1 00
E. R. Wilson	1 00
Mrs. W. O'Brien	1 00
C. A. Sargent	1 00
N. Wilson	1 00
S. Copeland	1 00
R. Gibson	1 00
G. W. Moult	2 00
S. Moult	2 00
O. Glass	1 00
E. Sherry	50
H. W. Burley	1 00
J. Carter	1 00
E. Barber	1 00
A. Parks	1 00
R. Shannon	1 00
F. Hodgins	50
H. Larkins	1 00
T. Joyce	1 00
E. F. Barber	1 00
Wm. Cockins	1 00
P. McAlpine	2 00
R. G. Martin	2 00
Wm. Martin	1 00
J. G. Campbell	1 00
Jas. McAlpine	2 00
J. Fahey	1 00
Mrs. Anderson	2 00
L. O. L. No. 274 Ebenezer	8 50
	$361 71

T. A. MACFARLANE,
Treasurer

INVALIDED HOME

KINGSTON, May 3.—Special— Private George Watts, of the Princess Patricias, has been invalided home. He shows by his appearance that he has undergone a great deal of hardship and will not be able to go back to the front. He is an ex-member of the 14th Regiment and also of B Battery

About the best variety of mobilization is mobilizing prosperity.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

LADIES OF BELLEVILLE!

FOR ONE WEEK ON Y

Commencing TO-DAY, And Ending Saturday, May 8th, We Announce a

Great Dressmaking & Ladies' Tailoring Offer

During That One Week Only Our Dressmaking Department Will Tailor

Ladies' And Misses' Silk Suits

From $2.00 Yard Silk Materials for

$29.00
Complete

Every woman with thoughts of a New Silk Suit for summer wear, will undoubtedly be stirred to action by this splendid offer; but you will have to act quickly, as it holds good for one week only. The materials we have selected for the making of these Suits are all this season's best, such as **SILK POPLINS, AURORA CORDS,** and **SILK BENGALINES,** in all the leading shades, namely, Russian Green, Belgian Blue. Battleship Grey, Rose, Black and Navy, Copenhagen, Sand, Havana Brown, Putty. Nigger, Tan, Reseda and Military Blue. Surely one could not wish a better selection than this, and when you consider that every garment will be made under the personal supervision of Miss Cook the offer is doubly attractive.

(Every garment silk lined.)

Miss Cook
Promises Personal Supervision on all Garments Sold in this Sale.

Miss Cook's ability for designing and making the highest class of garments is well illustrated by the dozens of satisfied customers who have entrusted their Dressmaking and Tailoring problems to her care. Her prices have always been reasonable for the high standard of work turned out, and only by co-operating with the Dress Goods Department was the

Exceptional Offer Made Possible

and Miss Cook wants everyone to know that she will give the same undivided attention to the ladies purchasing garments at the sale prices as though they bought in the regular way.

Regular to $25.00
Ladies' and Misses' Spring Suits
on Sale This Week at $9.75

NEMO CORSET WEEK

May 3rd to May 8th

During This Week We Will Sell Styles 344 and 345, Reg. $5.00 Models, For **$4.00**

The reason for this reduction in price is the firm making these corsets decided that instead of spending large amounts of money in magazine advertising, they would give their Nemo customers a good corset at a reduced price.

We took advantage of this offer, and now have a good stock of these models on hand. They are made of extra fine quality French Batiste trimmed at top with silk embroidery. These two models being the newest have the reducing straps under instead of outside the corset, giving a smooth appearance. Sizes 24 to 36 in both styles. Reg. $5.00, for This Week Only, $4.00 pr.

(Corset Department Main Floor Rear)

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS. | The RITCHIE Company Limited | WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

CHARCOAL BURNING.

Wood Now Destroyed Might Be Profitably Converted Into Charcoal.

In land clearing work, use may be made of wood taken therefrom for the production of charcoal. Canada has a constantly growing market for charcoal, and with good prices for the supply, it is advisable to increase the production. While the retort is, undoubtedly, the more economical means of producing charcoal, the advantage is offset by the fact that the wood which would be utilized in the production by pit burning would otherwise be waste material, and, consequently, the return from its use would offset the additional cost of production by the latter method.

For charcoal burning, it is essential to have a piece of land sheltered as much as possible from the wind. All kinds of hardwood not under two inches in diameter may be used. The wood should be sawn into two-foot lengths, and split, if required, into pieces not over four inches square. Sufficient wood should be provided for two pits; it is advisable to burn two pits at once, as during the charring process two pits can be attended to as readily as one, night and day attention being required.

Charcoal "pits" are usually built about twenty-one feet in diameter and about nine feet high. To commence the pile, a strong stake is driven into the ground, having about one foot exposed. Around this stake are placed upright small pieces of dry wood of equal length, and this is continued until a layer of wood is formed the size of the pit. A circle about one foot in diameter is built around the stake driven into the ground by placing the pieces of wood horizontally on the upright pieces, the end coming to the centre circle. This circle is thus built up to the required height, forming a chimney for the pit, by which it is fired. Outside this circular core the wood is piled on end and reclining inwards, layer upon layer, until the pit is of the size required. When the building is completed it is covered with newly-cut sod, the grassy side inwards, commencing at the base and working upwards, the sod overlapping a few inches, and the chimney being left open. Before covering the top part of the pit, all crevices between the wood should be packed with sod or sawdust to exclude the air. The pit is fired by dropping hot coals and small pieces of dry wood into the opening at the top; the opening is then covered with sod, which effectually closes in the pit, and the charring commences.

Constant attention is required day and night during the burning, especially during stormy weather, as the wind, by striking a particular part of the pit, causes that part of the pit to burn more rapidly and possibly fall in. Should this occur, the space should be at once filled in with rough logs and again covered with sod.

The time required for burning varies from seven to nine days, according to weather conditions, dry and mild weather requiring the longer period.

As the charring proceeds, the sod covering gradually disappears until only a slight covering of burnt earth remains. When the pits have burned out and become cool their size will be reduced to somewhat less than half of the original. The charcoal may be extracted by means of a fine-toothed rake, after which it should be stored in a dry place, care being taken to see that no live embers are left.—Conservation.

Atrocities In Canada.

Canadians will be interested in an article in the Cologne Gazette recently from an American correspondent, in which he describes the experience of a German-American writer, who has spent the greater part of his life in the States and is a man of education. In his opinion the position of the German-American in Canada is even worse than in the States. "One is horrified to learn that a Canadian mob has slaughtered Germans on the street for no other reason than that they were Germans. In Toronto the police pay daily domiciliary visits to houses of German-Canadians, and their mails are all opened. German newspapers, especially the New York Staats Zeitung, are prohibited, and any person found with a copy is liable to a penalty of five years' penal servitude. These enormities are not printed in the United States, but the correspondent of the Cologne Gazette knows all about them from other sources."

Lately, the correspondent adds, a meeting was dispersed by Canadian police, merely because some person recited a German poem, which happened to have some nasty verses about England.

Bake Shops Close.

As the use of eggs and milk has been prohibited for pastry, many Vienna bakeries and confectionery shops have closed.

CITY AND VICINITY

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF

If you are suffering and have found no relief, investigate Chiropractic. Consultation costs you nothing and may result in health for you.

DR. B. G. HAHN,
42½ Bridge St., opp. Post Office.
Hours, 1 p.m. to 8 p.m Phone 758.
M26,tf

Ask your neighbor about this milk. The Citizens' Dairy has installed an up-to-date plant. The milk is scientifically pasteurized; it is delivered absolutely fresh in sterilized bottles. Watch where the wagon calls and ask your neighbor what she thinks of the milk. Her enthusiasm will astonish you. You will want that kind of milk, especially since it doesn't cost a cent more than ordinary milk. Call at the dairy, or phone 236, and have the driver call every day.

A27,tf

BLOCK DAY NOTICE

Annual Block Day for the Hospital will be Thursday, May 6th.

The collectors will call for envelopes, which will be previously distributed, on above date. The Hospital needs your contribution this year; any amount gratefully received.

1,2t

MADMAN THRIVED ON ASPHYXIATING GAS

Paris Had to Adopt Wild West Methods to Capture Him

PARIS, May 1.—Asphyxiating gas which has been used with considerable success along the battle line, failed to assist the authorities materially in their efforts to capture Jean Boutet, an insane workman, who attempted to kill his wife and then barricaded himself in the cellar of his home at St. Ouen, a town on the outskirts of Paris. A lasso and the adoption of "wild west" methods proved more effective, however.

Efforts of the police to drive Boutet out of the cellar were futile and an appeal was made to Paris. Firemen were sent from that city with the director of the city laboratory and a supply of the gas which was pumped into the cellar. One fireman equipped with a smoke helmet entered and tried to seize the mad man, but soon crawled out half suffocated and without his helmet which Boutet had pulled off. After a somewhat prolonged siege the workman was lassoed and carried off to an asylum.

Mrs. Paul Wagner, of Goforth, Texas, gave birth to three girls and a boy, her first children.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

ALLAN LINE

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1915. | No.296

To Promote and Expand Trade

British Empire Industrial League Doing Good Work in Promoting Canadian Trade

OTTAWA, May 3.—The British Empire Industrial League an organization which includes among its subjects the expansion and protection of Canadian industry and trade, the coordination and harmonizing of the industrial forces of the Dominion, and the promotion of an active fraternal and co-operative spirit between Canada and her sister dominions and colonies and the Empire, has been formed in England, according to a communication forwarded to the Government by Mr. W. L. Griffith, secretary to the High Commissioner in London, and has been carrying on splendid work for the promotion of trade since the war started.

The league has already commenced to carry out its objects in a practical way by asking quotations from Canadian manufacturers of cloth and other army supplies for shipment to the continent of Europe and enclosing a list of some of the requirements. These include 2,000,000 yards of army cloth, 160,000 yards of white and tan haversack cloth, 160,000 yards of khaki cloth or French blue gray, 20-ton lots of leather, sole or harness, etc.

The president of the league is the Duke of Sutherland and the list of vice-presidents and council is made up for the most part of men of high rank and undoubted standing. The league aims at the expansion and protection of British trade throughout the world and its operations on behalf of the British industry, manufacturers and merchants are worldwide. The motto of the organization, which is non-political in character, is "support home industries." Its members bind themselves always to ask for, and, other things being equal, to purchase articles produced or manufactured at home or in the colonies. Its aims are thus practically identical with the objects of the Made-in-Canada propaganda.

BETTER TREATMENT FOR BRITISH OFFICERS IN GERMAN PRISONS

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—A British official announcement issued today says Germany is arranging through the United States ambassador to accord exactly similar treatment to British officers who have been especially confined in Germany as that given by Great Britain to German submarine prisoners.

Allies Gain In the Argonne

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 4.—(Official statement) There was a German attack yesterday evening on the British front north of Ypres. The Germans were driven back by our allies.

In the Argonne district we delivered an attack which resulted in gaining ground.

None of his many critics have yet accused Sam Hughes of wearing his hair pompadour.

ITALY'S ATTITUDE CAUSES ANXIETY

Negotiations Between Austria and Italy Said to be Broken off—Several Conferences Have Been Held, and Troops are Being Moved to the Frontier

ROME, May 3. — (Special) — A lengthy conference between King Victor Emmanuel and Foreign Minister Sonnino late this evening is believed to presage the immediate entrance of Italy into the war.

The conference followed the receipt by Baron Sonnino of a note from the German ambassador, Prince Von Buelow. This not was delivered by special messenger.

Earlier in the day Premier Salandra had unexpectedly called a Cabinet meeting.

It was also announced during the day that "owing to the international situation," the King and his Ministers would not attend the Quarto celebration."

It is generally believed tonight that negotiations with Austria are definitely off. Information from the German Embassy tends to confirm this report.

Great significance is attached to the abandonment of the King's trip to Quarto. He had promised to be present at the unveiling of a monument to Garibaldi and it was expected that Premier Salandra would make an important speech.

The commercial and industrial life of the city virtually came to a standstill tonight when the developments of the day became known.

As a result of warnings circulated by Italian Consuls in Austria-Hungary recommending that Italians leave the country as soon as possible many Italian merchants, manufacturers and professional men have arrived at Udine, near the Austrian border.

Bucharest, May 3.—A great movement of troops is going on in Italy. Between Milan and Como numerous trains of young and well-equipped soldiers are passing, as well as ammunition and hospital trains.

Similarly there is a movement of Austrian troops to the Austrian frontier, comprising regiments of the Hungarian Landsturm. The Austrians are taking military precautions in Bukowina in case of an attack by Roumania. Hungarian infantry of the Landsturm, part of which fought against the Serbians, as well as several Erzats batteries, are now in Bukowina behind defences recently erected.

A LATER CABLE.

(Canadian Press Special)

Rome, May 4.—The decision reached by King Victor Emmanuel and his Ministers not to take part in the unveiling of the Garibaldi monument at Quarto Sant Elena is being interpreted as meaning that the participation of Italy in the European conflict has again been postponed. The King's presence at this ceremony would have been looked upon as tantamount to a declaration of war.

Our Duty Is to Fight

"It is our duty to be fighting the enemy abroad, not quarrelling among ourselves at home," said Hon. George P. Graham, in reference to the rumored election, speaking last night at the preliminary organization meeting of the Liberals of the new riding of West Toronto in Broadway Hall on Spadina avenue. "Parliament can sit until November, 1916. There is no need for an election now. For my part, I would be welling to ask the Imperial Government to extend the term of Parliament for one year, that there might no division in Canada during the war. It would be a national outrage to call an election now."

DARDANELLES' CASUALTIES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—No further official news has been received from the Allies concerning the Dardanelles, but the publication of a list of casualties gives ample evidence of the stubborn opposition with which the Turks met the landing of the troops.

Thaw has four alienists and fifty witnesses to swear that he is sane. To make it sure he says so himself.

United States And Britain

Sir Edward Grey States No War Material Has Been Supplied to British Gov't. by U. S.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—The United States Government has not at any time in the present war supplied any war material to the British Government, said Sir Edward Grey, Foreign Secretary, in the Commons today, in reply to a question asked by Sir Arthur B. Markham, who was anxious to know whether The Hague Convention was being strictly adhered to in this respect.

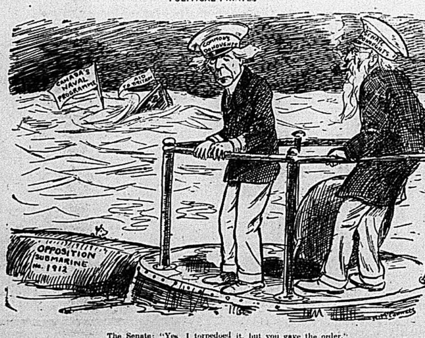
The Foreign Secretary added that it was entirely consistent for individual manufacturers of neutral states to supply material to belligerents, "and they no doubt are being supplied in this way now."

REPORTED RUSSIAN REVERSE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—The reported Russian reverse in western Galicia took precedence over all other phases of the war today. London newspapers agree that the Russians must have been pushed back a considerable distance along this front.

POLITICAL PIRATES



The Senate: "Yes, I torpedoed it, but you gave the order."

Ontario High School Clubs

Belleville Delegates Attend the Annual Conference Held in Toronto

At the Ontario High School Club Conference held in Toronto last Saturday, Belleville High School was clearly shown to be in line with everything that will help sustain its splendid reputation for progressiveness and high standards of school life. Belleville High School had the largest delegation at the conference, and that the conference was no small affair is borne out by the fact that there were delegates from Ottawa on the east, Cobalt on the north and St. Thomas on the west, or about one hundred delegates from different parts of Ontario.

The Belleville delegation, ten in all, was made up as follows: Mr. Irwin and Mr. Haynes of the teaching staff, Kelso Roberts, Will Boyce, Willis Tait, Gordon Robertson, Robt. Lazier, Arthur Quick and Ernest Taylor, pupils, and Mr. W. W. Allison, Boys' Work Secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

The High School Clubs are destined to be a mighty force in building up strong, clean, Canadian manhood among our boys. The slogan: "Clean Speech, Clean Living, and Clean Athletics," is a challenge to every High School fellow, and a challenge that every High School fellow, if helped and encouraged, will accept.

EIGHT MORE VESSELS SUNK BY GERMANS

LONDON, May 4.—Eight more vessels were yesterday reported sunk by German submarines in the North Sea. Of the eight reported destroyed four were Norwegian steamers, one was Swedish and three were British trawlers. The loss of life, which is confined to the crews of the trawlers, was light.

The Norwegian steamer Baldwin was sunk by a German submarine in the North Sea on Sunday.

The members of the crew, numbering seventeen men, were allowed to take to the boats. Yesterday they landed at Leith.

Nine shots were fired into the Baldwin before she went down.

The Norwegian steamship America was torpedoed in the North Sea on Saturday. The vessel sank within two hours.

The crew of the America, consisting of 39 men, were picked up thirteen hours later by the Norwegian mail boat Sterling, and were landed at Newcastle today.

The America left Sunderland Saturday morning for Bergen.

The steamship America was owned by the Sweden-Norway Line, and carried a cargo of lubricating oil and merchandise valued at $240,000. She sailed from Philadelphia, March 28, for Bergen and Christiana, in command of Captain Endresen. Her tonnage was 2,395.

The Norwegian steamer Laila was sunk in the North Sea on Friday by a German submarine. Her crew was landed at Copenhagen yesterday by the steamer Anna, which witnessed the sinking, and at the request of the commander of the German submarine took the crew of the Laila aboard.

The Laila was a small freighter engaged in the North Sea. Her tonnage was 415. She was last reported as arriving at Bergen on April 30.

China and Japan

(Canadian Press Special)

TOKIO, May 4.—Minister of Justice Ozaki is quoted by newspapers as having announced to the Cabinet that he had decided to send an ultimatum to China urging her to reconsider her decision to make no further concessions to Japan.

Pekin, May 4.—The sympathetic attitude of the foreign press, especially the British papers, has encouraged the Chinese until they now apparently have resolved to concede nothing further to Japan.

COPPER CARGO CAPTURED

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—Reuter's correspondent at Copenhagen telegraphs that an attempt to smuggle a shipload of copper into Germany from Denmark has been discovered by the police. The despatch says the attempt was made by two Danish skippers, brothers named Christensen, who were sentenced to three years each in the House of Correction and the cancellation of their certificates.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES NUMBER SIX THOUSAND

The List Has Not Been Increased to Any Considerable Extent—Most of Those Injured Come From Old Country—Sergt. Lavin, Belleville is Among Wounded

OTTAWA, May 4.—A further casualty list, containing 162 names was issued this morning by the militia department, the main losses being given in the first, second, eight and tenth battalions, although the casualty office had intimated earlier that a large list would be forthcoming to the 13th and 14h Battalions of Montreal. It is understood that a large number of names of killed, wounded and missing among these latter battalions and also the 15th, is coming into the department, but will not likely be available until late tonight:

1ST BATTALION

Died of Wounds

Pte. Edward James Murch, Wingham, Ont.

Wounded

Lance-Corp. S. Saunders, Tobias, Petrolea, Ont.; Pte. Albert Edward Wilkins, Galt, Ont.; Pte. Griffith Vaughan, Windsor, Ont.; Pte. Angus McMillan (formerly 9th Battalion) Edmonton; Pte. John Munro, 414 Sumach street, Toronto; Pte Charles Pinnejar, Galt, Ont.; Pte. Charles Moulding, Collingwood, Ont.; Pte. Wm. McNeekin, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. H. Richards, West Edmonton, Alb.; Pte. George Neil, London, Ont.; Pte. Alfred Walker Stone, Petrolea, Ont; Pate. Victor Clarence Howe, Dundas, Ont.; Pte. Abner E. Claus, St. Thomas, Ont.; Lance-Corp. Leonard Halliday Bertram, Dundas, Cnt.; Corp. Henry Frank Burchett, London, Ont.

2ND BATTALION

Wounded

Pte. Frank J. Hawkins, 90 John St., Brockville, Ont.; Pte. William Mitchell 525 Albert street, Oshawa; Pte. Geo. E. Malone, Almonte, Ont.; Pte. Arthur A. Markey, Pawtucket, R.I.; Pte. Alfred Nicholson, Cobourg, Ont.; Pte. George Albert Stevenson, No. 105 Seaton avenue, Toronto; Pte. Wm. Robert McDowell, No. 544 Delaware avenue, Toronto; Pte. Joseph Stanley Marchant (formerly 12th) Montreal; Pte. James Robertson, Peterboro, Ont.; Pte. Henry Caillard, Hove, Sussex, Eng.; Pte. Edward Edwards(formerly 9th) North Wales, Eng.; Sergt. Thos. Green, Glasgow, Scotland; Lance Corp. Montague Cotgrave, Mannamead, Plymouth, Eng.; Pte. William Graham, Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, Eng.; Pte. John McClelland, Dunmurry, County Antrim, Ireland; Pte. Lewis Cox, Norway, Eng.; Pte. Wm. H. Beavan, Hampstead, London, Eng.; Pte. Daniel Maldock Douglas, Edquaro road, London, Eng.; Pte. Wm. Jones, Chester, Eng.; Pte. Victor Aaron Gifford, Lydland, Dorset, Eng.

3RD BATTALION

Wounded

Pte. Arthur Palmer, Tottenham Ont.

5TH BATTALION

Wounded

Pte. Robert Matrot, Vancouver; Pte. Murdock Joseph McLeod, Calgary.

Died of Wounds

Capt. Reginald Arthur Sinclair Allen, Kamloops, B.C.

Wounded

Pte. Geoge Flood, Port Coquitlam, B.C.; Pte. Tom Peter Edmunds, No. 42 Brookfield street, Toronto; Pte. W. Angus Cunning (formerly 11th) Regina; Bugler George Clarke, Vancouver; Lance-Corp. Reginald Hammond Brown, Yeovil, Somerset, Eng.; Pte. Harry G. D. Bird (formerly 11th) Penzance, Eng.
Penzance, Eng.; Pte. Wm. Brown, Paton Hill, Shropshire, Eng.

7TH BATTALION

Missing

Lieut. Edward Donald Bellew, North Vancouver, B.C.; Lieut. Philip Joseph Locke, Crawford Bay, B.C.

Wounded

Pte. Frederick Rose, Rosetown, Sask.; Pte. James Sears, Sherbrooke, Que.

10TH BATTALION

Wounded

Pte. James Hatton Glenn Turnbull, Medicine Hat, Alb.; Pte. Frank A. Stockall, Humboldt, Sask.; Pte. Edward Theodore Walker, Wellwood, Man.; Company Sergt.-Major George Ernest Winter, Castor, Alb.; Pte. Arthur Sylvester Rosenroll, Wetaskinwin, Alb.; Pte. Harry Tribe, No. 309 Sackville street, Toronto; Pte Charles Edward Reilly, Edmonton, Alb.; Pte. Alfred James Davis Brentwood, N.S.; Pte. James Thomas Bridge, Medicine Hat, Alb.; Pte. James Alfred Clayson, 85 Oakwood avenue, Toronto; Pte. Patrick Rafferty, Waterloo, Ont.; Pte. William A. Neale, Winnipeg.

Dangerously Ill

Pte. Edward John Stephens, Calgary Alb.; Pte. Earl Leslie Dewar, Rosthern, Sask.

13TH BATTALION

Wounded

Corp. Edward Mather, Montreal; Pte. John Smith, St. Charles, Que.; Pte. C. R. McKensie, Halfway Brook, Stewiache, N.B.; Lance Corp. John W. Dyce, No. 539 C. Papineau avenue, Montreal; Lance Corp. Wm. W. Baker, Hochelaga, Montreal.

14TH BATTALION

Died of Wounds

Pte. Allan Gifford, 429 Church street Toronto.

Wounded

Pte. J. Marr, St. John, N.B.; Pte. Wm. H. Moffitt, Montreal; Pte. Alphonse Trepanier, Montreal.

15TH BATTALION

Dangerously Wounded

Pte. Wm. James Barry, Dunkeld, Ont.

Missing

Lieut. Russell McKessock, Montreal

16TH BATTALION

Wounded

Lance Corp. Henry Irvine Bird, 99 South Drive, Toronto.

PRINCESS PATRICIAS

Wounded

Pte. Thomas West Brown, Charleswood, Winnipeg; Pte. Samuel Melville Davison, Chesley, Ont; Pte. James Martin Christie, Carman, Man.; Pte. Robert J. Buchanan, No. 18 Rose ave., Toronto; Pte. Albert Charles Wilshire, Montreal.

SECOND FIELD CO. ENGINEERS

Wounded

Sapper Edward Gardner Ewing, Los Angeles, Cal.; Sergt. Wm. Hammond Smith, No. 93 McKay street, Toronto.

3RD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE

Wounded

Driver Alfred Frederick Wheeler, Denver, Colo.

CANADIAN DIV. CYCLIST CO.

Wounded

Pte. Robert Ogilvie, Regina, Sask.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 4.—Casualties issued today:

2ND BATTALION

Seriously Wounded

Corporal Alex William Savage, address unknown.

Wounded

Pte. Lucas, Smith's Falls; Pte. Harry Grant, St. Johns, Nfld.; Pte. Lott, Tamworth; Pte. Harold Grant Fraser, Belleville; Pte. Jas. Elmer Kingston, Spencerville.

That German scientist who has a plan for making oil from molasses flapjack season.

EXPORT OF GRAIN TO THE U.S. PROHIBITED

OTTAWA, May 4.—Special—An order-in-council has been passed prohibiting the export of grain, flour and forage to the United States except it is to be used for domestic consumption, and a certificate to this effect must be given at the port of exit.

This is simply an extension of the previous order issued some time ago that shipments of Canadian foodstuffs may be made only to the countries of the allies' and those neutral countries from which there would be no doubt of the enemy countries obtaining these supplies exported from Canada. Certain ports in Europe ports in Europe, particularly the Mediterranean, were specified as the only ports to which these shipments could be consigned.

The new order is more specific. The Canadian foodstuffs specified may be exported to the United States provided they are for domestic consumption only. They may be sent through United States ports in bond to the countries of the allies or the neutral countries specified, but the undertaking is demanded that this arrangement will be observed.

Winston Churchill Visits Canadians

First Lord of Admiralty Paid a Visit to Cliveden, the Beautiful Temporary Abode of Canadians

LONDON, May 4—(Special)—Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Mrs. Churchill visited the Canadian wounded at Cliveden Hospital and spent considerable time with the men, who number about fifty, and although they include some serious cases, all were reported as making satisfactory progress.

Pte. J. H. C. Watson, 9th Winnipeg Rifles, told an interesting story of the advance of that corps in the fighting around Ypres under Col. Lipsett.

"The ground," he said, "as we advanced, appeared to be swept by machine guns. Col. Lipsett, leading in front, was continually encouraging us by shouting 'come on, boys!' In spite of the fire we succeeded in reaching the trench, but just as we got in a shrapnel shell burst, and a piece struck my left arm. I felt a strange sensation in the limb, but I stood up. Col. Lipsett was near and shouted to me to come over. The firing at that moment was terrific. I went to him and he coolly took out my bandages and, amid bursting shells, he bandaged my arm. After this he suggested that I should go back to a farm house building some distance in the rear. This I succeeded in doing and subsequently with another wounded soldier I proceeded to St. Julien and afterwards to Ypres.

"At Ypres we made an interesting discovery on entering a chemist's store in a cellar. Everything was laid out for a meal and we had a splendid feed. The occupants of the house had evidently become scared about the shelling of the town by the Germans. After our meal we found a bed with silk coverlets. Being wounded, we could not remove our boots, so we lay down as we came from the trenches and remained there till 3 o'clock Monday morning. We then walked to Poperinghe."

The cigarettes sent to the hospital by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught gave great pleasure to the men.

New Budget for England

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—Lloyd George introduced today his second war budget. The figures presented were vast, but another supplementary budget is probable in six months time.

In presenting the budget Mr. Lloyd George estimated that if the war lasted during the whole of the fiscal year, Great Britain's expenditure in that time would be $5,682,170,000. He said if the war should last six months instead of a year, Great Britain's estimated expenditure would be $3,952,290,000. The Chancellor estimated that the estimated revenue for the year 1915-16 would be $1,350,910,00. This is an increase of $218,190,000 over the total of last year.

Sergt. J. Lavin Reported Wounded

Mrs. Catherine Lavin, of 23 Charlotte Street, Belleville, received the following telegram from Ottawa:

"Sincerely regret to inform you Sergt. John Lavin, 2nd Battalion, officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

"Adjutant General."

Military Honor For Canadian

LONDON, May 4.—Special—Lance-Corporal Guthrie of the 7th Battalion, Canadian Infantry, has been recommended for military honor for bravery displayed near Ypres during its heavy bombardment by the Germans. Guthrie, it is stated, showed extraordinary coolness while attending the wounded men under particularly heavy fire.

Canadian Heroes

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 4.—A memorial service for Canadians who have fallen in the war will be held at St. Paul's Cathedral, May 10th.

Whatever is the opposite of a hero medal might be conferred upon the early swimmer in Lake Erie.

Wash Goods. Wash Goods

Thousands of yards of the newest in Wash Materials, including plain and fancy Crepes, beautiful figured Voile, white and colored Muslins, checked and plain Dress Ginghams, etc., at .... 10c. to 25c. yard.

Double Width Dress Materials

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Specials in Our Men's Department

Men's Black Cotton Socks, sale, pair 5c
Men's Tan Cotton Socks, sale, pair .... 10c.
Men's fine soft shirts, separate soft collars, each .... 75c.
Men's blue and white stripe overalls, pair 75c
$1.25 Men's fine Negligee Shirts, reversible collars, each ... 79c.
$9.00 Men's Genuine Waterproof Coats, sale, each $6.50

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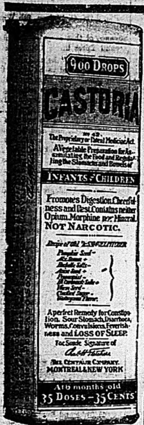

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CITY COUNCIL GIVES GRANTS TO SOLDIERS

Daylight Saving Legislation Supported—Other Business Disposed of In Brief Sitting

At the City Council meeting held last evening the business was transacted in an expeditious manner. A motion prevailed to give £10 to Capt. Hudson and Lieut. Allen, who are leaving for the front, and £1 to each of the Belleville boys. A motion also carried to concur in the petition to the Legislature regarding the daylight saving proposition.

Those present at the meeting were: Mayor Panter, Aldermen Wallbridge, Woodley, Smith, St. Charles, McFee, Duckworth, McCurdy and Earle.

After the reading and confirming of the minutes of the last meeting, the Council went into committee of the whole on reports, communications, etc., Ald. St. Charles in the chair.

PAVING STREETS.

Mr. R. W. Adams addressed the Council in reference to having a pavement build on Forin street. The residents of that street were today prepared to pay their share toward having a permanent pavement upon that street.

Mayor Panter stated that the Council would consider a petition and would give a pavement on the street as quickly as it is possible to construct it.

The Council went into committee of the whole. The accounts recommended by the various committees were passed and the following recommendations were adopted:

"That the city engineer and clerk be advised to advertise at once for tenders for the sewers in West Belleville.

"That Mayor Panter, Ald. McFee and Ald. Wallbridge be a special committee with power to act, to look into the matter of the purchase of a tank of oil, suitable for oiling the streets, and that they also get petitions from those desirous of having streets oiled instead of watered."

Recommended by Alderman McFee that the preparation of all specifications for the West Belleville sewers, a clause be inserted that all material brought by rail into the city, for use in the sewers in any way must be, as far as it is possible, be handled on the Grand Trunk Railway.

"That the week of May 7th to 11th be declared a clean-up week for the city.

"That Mayor Panter, Aldermen Smith, Wallbridge, Earle and McFee be a committee to look after the reception of the representatives of the Trent Valley district of the Hydro Electric Railway Association, who meet in this city on May 11th."

"That the treasurer be advised to bill owners of boat houses or city property with the rent for the land at once."

A petition for a granolithic walk on Strachan street was on motion referred to the assessor and city clerk.

The committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

INQUIRIES.

Ald. St. Charles asked who gave Mr. Henderson power to stop the work of cleaning up the dump at the end of Panter's Park.

Ald. Duckworth—I gave instructions to Mr. Henderson to stop the work if the man was doing unnecessary work.

Ald. Earle asked about a granolithic walk on Chatham street.

City Clerk.—Estimates are being prepared.

Ald. Earle asked what was going to be done about Front street being sprinkled.

Ald. McFee—This matter will be attended to.

MOTIONS.

Ald. St. Charles moved, seconded by Ald. Wallbridge, that whereas Capt. Hudson and Lieut. Allen are leaving for the front with the third contingent, this Council, to show our appreciation of these young men grant each of them £10 and the mover and seconder be a committee to act to find out what residents of Belleville are leaving and get their names, and supply each of them with £1.

Ald. St. Charles—These boys are going over to take the place of those who have been lost at the front. It would, be believed, be a good move and show our appreciation of the boys who are going away.

Ald. Woodley spoke in support of the resolution.

The motion was unanimously adopted.

Ald. Smith moved, seconded by Ald. Woodley, that the council of the corporation of the city of Belleville petition the local Legislature to pass an Act at its next session by which the working day shall begin an hour earlier and end an hour earlier than at present, this result being brought about by advancing the hands of all clocks one hour from the 1st of May to the 1st of November, and thus securing an additional hour of daylight during the afternoon.—Carried.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Under this head Mayor Panter stated that the Harbor Commissioners had no money at present to repair the rip-rapping about Victoria Park.

Council adjourned.

The Stamp War Tax

Post Office Dept. Notify That Inland Revenue Stamps Cannot be Used on Letters

Enquiries having been received in regard to postage stamps being used for the prepayment of war duties on bank cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, express money orders, proprietary or patent medicines, perfumery, wines or champagne, as well as upon letters and postcards, postal notes and post office money orders, notice is given by the post office department that this use of postage stamps is in strict accordance with the provisions of the special War Revenue Act, 1915, which provides that postage stamps is in strict accordance with the provisions of the special War Revenue Act, 1915, which provides that postage stamps may be used in lieu of Inland Revenue War Stamps in fulfilment and discharge of any requirements under the Act that adhesive stamps be affixed.

The public is at liberty at all times to use postage stamps for any purpose for which Inland Revenue War Stamps may be used, but it is especially provided in the Act that Inland Revenue War Stamps are not to be used on letters, postcards, postal notes or Post Office money orders, the only stamps allowed on these being ordinary postage stamps or postage stamps upon which the words "War Tax" have been printed.

Belleville Club License Opposed

The Ministerial Association Passes Resolutions Protesting Against Granting the License

The following resolution was passed by the Ministerial Association at a meeting held yesterday:—

That whereas the Belleville Ministerial Association did forward under date of October 26th, 1914, a petition to the Honorable W. J. Hanna, Provincial Secretary, strongly protesting against the granting of a liquor license to the Belleville Club Limited. And whereas many similar petitions very largely signed by the citizens of Belleville were sent in to the Honorable Minister, earnestly praying that the said license be not granted; and whereas the local Board of License Commissioners for West Hastings, in their dying hours, did grant such license to the Belleville Club, Ltd., contrary to the prayer of the said petitioners, and purpose among other reasons that he, (the Hon. Minister) might be able to exercise that power over any such acts of local Boards in their dying hours; and whereas the granting of the license gives our city the unenviable distinction of reaching the absolute maximum of drinking places allowed by law, a notoriety shared by no other town or city in Ontario, and that the time is inopportune for granting a new license, in view of the present war conditions; and whereas it is against the public interest that such license should be allowed to operate in our midst; and whereas the Honorable, the Provincial Secretary, has retained for the present the veto power over all licenses, for the purpose among other reasons that he might be able to exercise that power over any such acts of local Boards in their dying hours, and whereas the new Provincial Board of License Commissioners are not so circumstanced as to be able to take immediate action against granting said license: therefore be it resolved that we, the Belleville Ministerial Association, do earnestly pray that the Honorable, the Provincial Secretary, will exercise his power and veto the action of the said dying local Board of Commissioners of West Hastings, in granting the license to the Belleville Club Ltd.

Address and Presentation

Mr. Robert Parmenter, who has been for some time caretaker of Holloway Street Methodist Church recently resigned his position, as he, with his family will leave tomorrow for the old country, where they intend to remain. Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Parmenter were presented with a beautiful oak clock in recognition of the services they had rendered. The address accompanying the presentation was as follows:

Belleville, April 30th, 1915

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Parmenter,—

Dear Friends: The ceaseless and resistless march of time reminds us that the two years you have served our church has expired and you are about to leave us and return to England. Faithfully and well have you taken care of West Belleville Methodist Church, ever showing an interest in your work, always courteous to the people, young or old, and ever evincing an anxiety to do your duty.

The hour of your departure is at hand and while we would be glad to have you remain in Canada, yet in your judgment you have decided to at least pay a visit to the loved ones on the other side of the ocean, so as a small expression of appreciation of faithful services rendered, we ask you in behalf of your many friends in the church to accept this clock. We wish you all a safe voyage across the ocean and trust in the not distant future you may all return to spend the rest of your days in the land of the maple. May the Divine blessing signally rest upon you and yours. Signed on behalf of the people of West Belleville Methodist Church.—A. R. Sanderson, Minister, A. E Bailey, Chapel Steward.

We'll have to enlist an army of dentists and send them over to administer gas to the Germans in return.

DEATHS.

GLASS—At Woodstock, Ontario, on Monday, May 3rd, 1915, Frederick Edward McCuaig Glass, son of the late James M. Glass of Belleville, in the 50th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning, May 4th at 10 o'clock from the residence of his sister, Mrs. R. J. Bell.

YOUNG—In Smithfield on Monday, May 3rd C. W. Young, aged 76 years.

The funeral will take place from Tickell & Sons Undertaking Establishment, Wednesday May 5th at 2.30 p.m. Services at 2 o'clock. Interment Belleville Cemetery.

Beautiful weather and extensive casualty lists seem to be related.

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Safe and Sure

should be your relief from indigestion, biliousness, or constipation. Known to be reliable and famous for their prompt and certain efficacy—are

Beecham's Pills

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

KINGSTON

The officers attending the R.S.A. course were given their first "Numneh" ride this morning in three sections of 19 each. The officers were delighted with the ride, but expressed the hope that it would not occur very often.

Lieut. Light, Adjutant of the R.C.A. and bandmaster of the same, leaves for Ottawa today to confer with the Minister of Militia over the arrangement of military band music.

Major Jones of the 21st Battalion morning.

Sergt.-Major Edwards, instructor in musketry for the third divisional area, has been given a commission and will go overseas with the 21st Battalion. Mr. Edwards is one of the best musketry instructors in the Canadian militia, and an authority on the machine gun. He will make a good officer, and Lt.-Col. Hughes is pleased to have him in his battalion.

There are now 78 officers and 41 N. C.O.'s attending the R.S.A. course.

BELLEVILLE

Captain F. B. Carron, of the 39th Battalion, A.M.C., Belleville who spent Sunday in Brockville, returned to Belleville yesterday.

BELLEVILLE CADET CORPS NUMBER 8

The inspection of the school cadets last week has aroused interest in the and their work. Great credit is due to Major Barragar, for the founding of this movement.

The Queen Mary School cadets, Corps, No. 8, formerly the Octavia street school cadets were organized on Feb. 18, 1908, with Milton Vandervoort as captain and Arthur Bishop and Russell Woodley as Lieutenants, and fifty of the rank and file. This corps has never been beaten in any local competition in which it has taken part.

In 1912 one of the teams chosen to represent the 3rd Division, at the Toronto Exhibition, was chosen from Corps No. 8. The competition was open to the entire British Empire, and teams from England, Ireland, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand, and the various provinces of the Dominion were present. Capt. Woodley commanded the team and the officers and men were highly praised by the authorities in charge of the competition for good conduct and efficient work.

In 1913 and 1914, the prizes offered by the "Strathcona Trust Fund," for company drill and rifle shooting, were also won by the corps.

A beautiful silk flag was offered as a prize by the Argyle Chapter of I.O. D.E., in 1914, for competition between the corps of the city. It was presented to the Octavia Street School cadets by H.R.H. the Duke of Connaugh, on his visit to the city. A silver cup, presented for competition in the city by Lieut. W. S. Robb was also won. Rifle shooting is an important part of the training, in which a keen interest is taken.

The corps is indebted to Messrs. R. Tannahill, J. Elliott, H. Sneyd, R. E. Lazier, and Rev. A. L. Geen, for prizes offered to the corps of the city schools.

At the last inspection, held on April 30th last, the inspecting officer, Major Gillespie highly complimented the officers, N.C.O.'s and men, on their very efficient work.

The success of the corps is largely due to the energy and efficiency of the captain and his subordinate officers, and the Esprit de Corps of the rank and file.

The following former members are now on active service, or enlisted in Battalions in reserve:

Milton Vandervoort, 2nd Batt. 1st Brigade.

Lionel Harris, 2nd Batt., 1st Brigade.

Floyd Plumpton—2nd Batt., 1st Brigade.

Gordon Hay—2nd Battalion, 1st Brigade.

Willie McKenna—2nd Battalion, 1st Brigade.

Henry Jones—Montreal Highlanders
Frank Rayfield—21st Battalion.
Harper McElrath—21st Battalion.

H. Yoemans—Signaller, Divisional Artillery.

Ted Yoemans—Signaller, Divisional Artillery.

Altogether, this corps has a record that the city can be proud of, and should be proud of. The other corps should enter into the spirit of the idea and make the rivalry keener; and while there cannot be two "best" in the city, it should be remembered that there can be five good ones.

Consigned to the Tomb

MR. JAMES BRINTNELL

The funeral of the late James Brintnell took place yesterday to Plainfield, from the residence of Mrs. Brintnell, Dundas street. Services at the house were held by the Rev. W. G. Clarke. At West church, Plainfield, Rev. Mr. Huffman, officiated, and also at the grave. Deceased was buried under the auspices of Thurlow Lodge, of the A. O. U. W., No. 313. There were many beautiful floral tributes upon the casket. The bearers were Messrs. T. Mills, T. Hamilton, C. C. Carter, H. Campbell, L. Graham.

Italy seems practically to have decided upon war. Come on in Italy, the going's fine.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

LEFT THE CITY

Arthur McDonald alias A. Kelley, who was arrested on Saturday on a charge of drunkenness, was this morning by the magistrate allowed to go upon promising to leave the city.

FIREMEN'S ANNUAL TOURNAMENT

A meeting will be held in the City Hall to-morrow night at eight o'clock, to decide whether the Firemen's Annual Tournament shall be held this year or not.

A CORRECTION

In yesterday's issue an article states that the body of the late Mr. Wood of Smithfield, was being brought to this city for interment. We were misinformed, as it was the body of the late Mr. C. W. Young and not Mr. Wood.

WELL AT THE FRONT

Mr. George I. Thomas, butcher of this city, to-day received a post card from his son, Harry, who is with the 34th Battery from this city. The card was dated from France, April 19th, and intimated that he was well, and had received letters and parcels from home.

COMMOTION ON FRONT STREET

Last night between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock there was considerable commotion on Front street, caused by soldiers and civilians becoming engaged in an altercation. The affray was soon settled when the police and military police arrived upon the scene.

MAY LEAVE TO-MORROW

While it is not at present definitely known when the 250 members of the 39th Battalion will leave this city, it is thought that they will leave here to-morrow afternoon. The men are prepared to leave at a moment's notice.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Y.M.C.A. NOTES

The programme for Friday evening May 7th: Juniors, Dumb Bell drill; Big Juniors, Pyramids; Hand Balancing; Intermeriates, Horse and Bars; Business Men's Volley Ball, Team vs Seniors; Big Juniors, Bars and Horse. The replay basket ball game between the High School and the six o'clock class.

Mr. Allison returned last night with his High School delegates to the Conference held in Toronto. Belleville had the largest outside delegation.

Mr. McQueen returned from a week-end trip to Collingwood.

DEATH ROLL

C. W. YOUNG

C. W. Young, Smithfield, died at an early hour yesterday morning. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Osterom of Trenton, and 2 sons, William of Orillia, and Wellington of L'Amable. He was a member of the Methodist church.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Deegan left this morning for Belleville, where they will take up residence. Both are natives of Brockville and will be greatly missed among a wide circle of acquaintances.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Peace Rumors are made-in-Germany the Hamilton Times says. And consumed in Canada.

Japan's ambition may be to star in the role of international suspicious character.

He who wishes to get a hearing nowadays should not talk about the war, but scout the prospects of peace.

THE WEATHER.

East to north winds, cloudy and cool with showers today and on Wednesday.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

I Want New Business—of discriminating people. I've many now on my records—I want yours.

There's a good reason why I should have it.

I give the best Complete Sight Service obtainable—and at moderate charges.

I've had over twenty years' experience, and my equipment and methods are up to date.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple, Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon, Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen, Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry, Rasperry, Maple &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.
Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRI ES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER **May 1st**

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at **30c Each**

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

10 Per Cent
Discount Off
All Our New Stock

You can save money here this week on everything—Blouses, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Dress Goods, Black Silk, Shirtings, Linens, White Cottons, House Dresses, Whitewear, Kimonos.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Sox, Braces—everything new.

Next Door to Geen's — **Wims & Co** — 282 Front Street

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes In Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

SUPREME COURT SITTINGS

We are indebted to Mr. J. Williams, Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Marshal of Assize, for the following information, etc.

O'Connor vs. Southworth. — This was an action for libel. The parties reside near Marmora, the plaintiff being the proprietor of the O'Connor Hotel, and the defendant the vice-president of the Deloro Mining and Reduction Company, both doing business in the Township of Marmora. During a local option campaign in that township last winter the defendant published and circulated an open letter wherein he referred to the business of hotel keeping as a business for making drunkards, that licenses were issued for that purpose and the persons procuring such licenses knew it and referred to Mr. O'Connor's bar as being the one most inimical to the people where the defendant carried on their business. Plaintiff contended these statements were a libel on his business. Defendant contended it was fair comment on a matter of public interest directed against the business in general and not Mr. O'Connor in particular. Judgment was entered on the finding of the jury dismissing the action with costs. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; King & King, Mr. J. Moss, counsel of Toronto, for defendant.

Ashley vs. Hamilton Bridge Co.—This was an action for damages for personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff while a workman in the employ of the defendants in constructing a bridge on the line of the Campbellford, Lake Ontario and Western Railway, which was under contract by the defendants. Plaintiff contended the defendants caused him to work in an unsafe place owing to them allowing water when supplying their engine standing upon the bridge to escape and fall upon the ties and freeze, and over which the plaintiff had to walk in performing his work and on which he slipped and fell through the bridge, injuring himself. The parties settled at court, the defendants satisfying the plaintiff's claim for damages and paying all his costs. Porter & Carnew for Plaintiff; Gauld, Langs & Crosthwaite, Hamilton, for defendants.

Meagher vs. Randolph McDonald Co—This was an action arising out of the construction by the defendants of the new docks at Belleville. The plaintiff was a workman in employ of defendants in doing the cement work on the piers. During the course of his work of top dressing he had to wash his roller for finishing the top in the Bay-reaching down from a pier to do so. Plaintiff complained that the place where he had to get down and cross was dangerous on account of wires strung across it to reinforce the concrete, and not being sufficiently lighted at night when he was working he tripped on the wires and fell on an upright stake, injuring his side. The parties settled in court, the defendants satisfying the plaintiff's claim for damages and paying all his costs. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; R. J. McGowan, Toronto, solicitor, and Langs, Hamilton, counsel for defendant.

Wilson vs. Rathbun Co.—This was an action for damages by the widow of James Wilson, who was a workman for the Rathbun Co., and, who claimed that the defendants had negligently constructed and maintained a building which Wilson as one of their employes had to frequent and in doing so met his death. Judgment was entered for the plaintiff on the finding of the jury for $100 and costs of suit. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; Northrup & Ponton for defendant.

Coulson vs. Dingman.—A great deal of interest was taken in this suit, the parties being prominent in this county and Prince Edward. The plaintiffs (husband and wife) brought the action against the defendant who is the executor of the will of Jane Dingman late of Picton, and an aunt of the female plaintiff, claiming that they had left their home in Foxboro and went to live with Jane Dingman in Picton under a bargain with her that she would pay them well or would give them $1,200 she had in the Bank of Montreal in Picton if they remained with her as long as she lived and took care of her, she to furnish everything in the matter of living. Jane Dingman had no children or nearer relatives than nephews and nieces, of whom Mrs. Coulson, the plaintiff, was one the others, some 13 or 14 in number, opposing her claim. The deceased, it appeared, had made a will after the plaintiffs went to live with her, by which she willed Mrs. Coulson $300, but her husband was one of the witnesses to the will, so that the devise was void The plaintiffs remained with her from April to December. Judgment was entered upon the finding of the jury for the plaintiffs for $1,000 and costs. Porter & Carnew for plaintiffs; R. H. Hubbs, Picton, solicitor; G. Grant, K. C., Toronto, counsel for defendant.

Blohm vs. Hayes—Hayes vs. Blohm—These two actions were consolidated and ordered to be tried together. The actions arise out of a contract by which Blohm purchased from Hayes his apple crop for 1914 and each party claims the other did not perform his part of the contract. Owing to the war Blohm was in England and could not return to Canada for the trial, and on motion of his counsel the trial was postponed till next sittings. O'Flynn, Diamond & O'Flynn, for Blohm; A. Abbott, Trenton; E. Guss Porter, K.C., counsel for Hayes.

Sexsmith vs. McMath.—The parties lives near Napanee, being farmers. The plaintiff sold some cattle to a cattle buyer in Napanee where they were to be delivered by the plaintiff, which was done. After the delivery the defendant claimed that he had lost a young bull and that it was in the bunch of cattle delivered by the plaintiff, and was seen in the yard at the railway station with the plaintiff's cattle and was subsequently shipped away, and the defendant claimed to have followed it and recovered the animal from the person to whom it had been sold in Toronto. The defendant laid an information against the plaintiff for stealing the bull and at the trial at Napanee the plaintiff was found "not guilty." The plaintiff then brought this action, claiming damages, alleging the defendant had maliciously and falsely prosecuted him for stealing, having no reasonable cause for doing so. On account of the absence of a material witness fo rthe defendant the trial on defendant's application was postponed till the next sittings of the court. Northrup & Ponton and E Guss Porter, K.C., counsel for plaintiff; John English, Napanee; L. McCarthy, K.C., Toronto, counsel for defendant.

Sanford vs. Grand Trunk Railway, et al.—The plaintiff, a fish dealer of Belleville, is the owner of a house and lot abutting on the G. T. railway track on Pinnacle street just where it crosses the C. N. O. railway and the C. P. R., and claimed that in the construction of the latter railways the line of the G. T. R. in front of his house and Pinnacle street, on which the road is situated, had been raised up to such a grade as to cause the water to flow on to his hous and lot, causing ice, carrying earth and debris thereon and causing other damage and depreciation of his property as a home. The parties settled in court, the defendants constructing a stone wall along the railway to prevent the water, etc., from going on to plaintiff's lot; building a new walk and driveway approach to plaintiff's premises and satisfying the plaintiff's claim for damages and paying all his costs. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; MacMurchy & Spence Toronto, for defendants.

ACTIONS TRIED WITHOUT JURY.

Froats vs. Ore Mountain Mines.—Plaintiff, who resides in Marmora, made a contract with defendants who carry on mining in Lennox and Addington for the construction of a shaft at their mines. Plaintiff contended defendants prevented him from carrying out his contract and sued for wages and damages. Defendant contended plaintiff did not perform his contract through his own default and forfeited any right to be paid. Settled between the parties at court, the defendants satisfyin gthe plaintiff's claim. A. A. McDonald, solicitor; E. Guss Porter, K.C., counsel for plaintiff; Farmer & Schelter, Kingston, for defendant.

Walker vs. Bacon.—The plaintiff, Stanley Walker, and defendant, Chas. W. Bacon, are farmers owning adjoining farms in Thurlow. Very near the line fence between their farms there is a living spring, which the plaintiff claimed was on his land and had been used by him and his predecessors in title for over 40 years and was at least two feet inside the fence dividing the lands and on his side, and that the defendant had, five or six years ago without permission, moved the fence so as to enclose the spring on his side and deprive the plaintiff of the use of it. The plaintiff moved the fence back where it was before and the defendant again moved it around the spring, this being done two or three times during the last five years, when plaintiff brought action to have it declared that the spring belonged to him and was on his land, and that the defendant had moved the fence. After the evidence was all in, His Lordship visited the premises and hearing argument after returning by defendant's counsel, entered judgment declaring the spring to be entirely on the plaintiff's land and that the fence had been moved in on to the plaintiff's land and should be moved back on the true line 3¼ feet from the spring. The defendant was ordered to pay the plaintiff's costs of the action. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; O'Flynn, Diamond & O'Flynn for defendant.

Lummiss vs. Wilson.—Action for seduction; dismissed without costs. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; O'Flynn, Diamond & O'Flynn for defendant.

Reid vs. Lazier and Allen.—Action for commission plaintiff, claiming he had an agreement with defendants secured the surrender of 700 acres of Indian lands in Tyendinaga Indian Reserve for defendants to establish thereon lime works near Shannonville for $28,000, upon which he was to be paid 5 per cent. on the purchase price. Lazier is executor of the estate of the late Frederick Lingham and Allen is a civil engineer, practising in Belleville. Defendant Lazier contended agreement as made had not been fulfilled by Reid and was not entitled to the commission as alleged. The defendant Allen contended he was not a party to the agreement and not liable in any manner. Judgment for plaintiff against Lingham estate for $500, and costs, according to scale of amount recovered, and declaring the defendant Allen not liable for anything. Northrup & Ponton for plaintiff; S. Masson, K.C., for defendant Lazier; Porter & Carnew for defendant Allen.

The court finished on Friday afternoon, 30th ultimo.

Rexall Orderlies, the modern laxative, cleanse the system and beautify the complexion. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

WEDDING BELLS

BETHKA—VANCOTT

The Syracuse Sunday Herald in its last issue had the following account of a wedding of local interest:

The marriage of Miss Florence Louise VanCott of this city, to William Bethka of Camillus, took place Tuesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Miss Etta May Pettit of Solvay, attended the bride, and Alfred VanCott, brother of the bride, attended the groom. Following the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Wellington VanCott, at No. 407 Chemung street. The table was centered with a large wedding cake and at either ends were white carnations. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Wellington VanCott, Miss Elsie VanCott, Alfred Vancott, Mrs. Christopher Bethka, Miss Florence Bethka, Albert Bethka, Charles Mersfelder, Mrs. Margaret Hughes, Mrs. Sophia Clapp, Mr. and Mrs. William Clapp, Charles Clapp, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Snider, Elmore Hymes, Louis Rudiger, Miss Etta Pettit, Miss Daisy Pettit, Mrs. William Dorr, Miss Jennie Moth, Miss Minnie Laylor, Miss Carrie Laylor, John Laylor, George Minnick and Miss Gertrude Warner. Mr. Bethka and his bride left Tuesday evening to spend their honeymoon touring Canada and will be at home to their friends at No. 112 Alice avenue, Solvay, after May 10th.

Donations to The Shelter

The Following Subscriptions were Received in April,—

G. T. R. Bro. of L. F. E. 6 fruit and layer cakes, ham sandwiches, quantity of cut cake; Mr. Nightengale, 2 bus. of apples; Miss Bradley, Deaconess, 7½ doz. eggs; Mrs. Weir, hat and clothing; Mr. Buchanan, 1 pk. parsnips; Mrs. Jas. Wallace, clothing; Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, 4 doz. friend cake; Yoke Fellows Bible Class, Baptist Church, 3 boxes ham sandwiches, bannas, cheese and cut cake; Mrs. Chas. Ketcheson, clothing; Mrs. Faulkner, Y.M.C.A., box of sandwiches; Mr. Knight, Marchmont Home, clothing and toys; Miss McPherson, 8 hats; Mrs. Greenleaf, Charles St., clothing and shoes; Christ Church Parish Guild, box pop corn, candy, bread, butter, pickles, pork and beans.

CITY ASSESSMENT AND POPULATION INCREASES

At the Council meeting last evening, Mr. J. A. Kerr, City Assessor, presented the following statement which showed that the assessment of the city was increasing and that the increase in population was 752 over that of last year.

Assessment Liable for all Taxes	
Real Property	$5,613,410.00
Business Assessment	582,805.00
Income Assessment	143,375.00
Total	$6,339,590.00
Real property liable for School rates only	55,000.00
Assessment liable for all rates over last year	323,913.00
Population	
For. 1915	12,620
Increase over 1914	752
Value of all Real Property	
Actual value of lands	$2,098,565.00
Actual value of buildings and improvements	5,023,725.00
Total assessment of all real property	$7,122,390.50

FOUND GUILTY OF BIGAMY

James Freeman of Belleville appeared before Judge Ward on a charge of abducting Violet Parcels of Havelock, taking her to Port Hope and marrying her. As no satisfactory evidence could be produced the charge was dismissed. As Freeman had a wife living at the time of his second marriage, a charge of bigamy was laid, on this charge he was found guilty and sentenced to eighteen months in jail.—Port Hope Guide.

Playing Safety.

There was a diplomat whose mind
Was one of wondrous strength,
Yet who in speech was not inclined
To go to any length.

On the piano he could play,
Likewise the violin.
He touched the harp strings in a way
That great applause would win.

The classics he would sound with zeal.
With ragtime, too, he paced.
He was equipped for an appeal
To every style and taste.

And now when interviewers seek
His presence to commune
He smiles on them, but does not speak.
He simply plays a tune.
—Washington Star.

Real Need of Two Cars.

"Still have two cars?"

"Yes."

"I thought you intended to sell the older one?"

"No. My son and his high school friends keep the old car busy."

"I see. You get the use of the new car yourself."

"No; I don't. It keeps the new car hustling to tow the old car home."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Soldier's Ammunition.

The United States soldier goes into battle with 100 rounds of ammunition, the German with 120, the French with 120, the British with 100, the Russian with 120, the Italian with 162 and the Japanese with 150. The ammunition carts are, of course, always in the near rear to keep up the supplies.—New York American.

Belles-Lettres.

Two authors' wives were having tea together.

"My husband," said one, "often sits at his desk thinking and thinking and chewing his pen handle."

"As for my husband," said the other, "he has already gnawed off a corner of his typewriting machine."—New York Post.

Vanished Vegetation.

The ancient vegetation which grew in South Carolina and Georgia during upper cretaceous and eocene times, as geologists state, at least several million years ago—included the sequoia or "big tree," now confined to the Pacific coast. Also there were three kinds of araucarias or Norfolk island pines, which at the present time live only in South America and Australia, a pine with the leaves in clusters of three, as in the living pitch pine, and a number of cypress-like trees which were once widely spread over the world but are now extinct.

Tipping His Hand.

Rankin — Uncle Sol Sodbuster pretends to be an experienced chauffeur, but I know he hasn't owned a machine very long. Phyl—What makes you so certain of it? Rankin—When he left home this morning he absently chucked a bag of oats in the back of the automobile.—Youngstown Telegram.

Relieving His Feelings.

"Father, don't men call themselves bachelors before they get married?"

"Yes, my boy."

"And what do they call themselves after, dad?"

"Hush! It isn't fit for little boys to know."—Exchange.

Your Own House.

A man may be said to have done better than the average if, when he dies, the house in which he lived is in his own name and free from mortgage.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Baffled Science.

Science solves formidable problems and is powerless before apparently simple ones. She discovers steam power and electricity and bends the forces of nature to our needs. Nevertheless she cannot yet tell why the acorn becomes an oak, why a stone falls to the ground. She is full of "whys" that remain unanswered.

Well Answered.

Restaurant Patron (caustically):—I am glad to see your baby has shut up, madam.

Mother—Yes, sir. You are the only thing that's pleased him since he saw the animals eat at the zoo.—Puck.

Thought He Was Mad.

The late Count de Lesseps was traveling on one occasion in a French railway train in a compartment with two commercial travelers.

"I beg your pardon, sir," said one of them—"are you not a traveler?"

"Certainly I am," said the count.

"We thought so! What is your line?"

"Isthmuses."

"Wh-wh-what," asked the other commercial—"what are they?"

"I am introducing ship canals," said De Lesseps gravely.

The commercial travelers [illegible] that they had fallen in with a [illegible] and were making preparations [illegible] cape when the count handed [illegible] card and put them at their [illegible]

Will You Be Ready

When warm weather arrives?

Don't wait for those hot sultry June days before discarding your high shoes.

Comfort combined with real style satisfaction awaits you in a pair of our pumps.

Pumps and Colonials, all the latest style effects,
$2.00 to $4.50

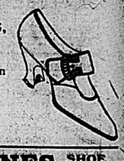
Sole Agents for "Altro" and "Walk-Over" Shoes.

W. H. Adams
The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Our Handsome Footwear Styles
elicit many compliments and much admiration



Our Ladies' Colonials, Oxfords and Pumps
have a character of their own
Priced at
$1.50 to $4.00
Great Values

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Sale of Washable Silks
For Tuesday Morning, May 4th

A rare opportunity to buy yourself a beautiful Silk Dress at just about the half price mark.

Tuesday Morning at 9 o'clock, 50c yd.

worth twice as much in the regular way. The lot includes all brand new goods in the latest colors and designs.

New Arrivals in LADIES' SILK UNDERSKIRTS
$2.75 to $3.00 Underskirts for $1.99

Made of fine Moire Silk with 10 inch accordion pleating with flounce. Colors Black, Navy and Copenhagen Blue. Ask to See Them.

$1.25 MIDDY BLOUSES for 85c

Made of good strong material, colors Light Blue and Red Strip, all sizes.

Ladies' Parasols in all the new style handles. best frames and covers, that will give good serviceable wear, at 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $1.25.

Ladies' and Gent.'s Raincoats.—A few odd sizes to clear at half price.

See Windows for Bargains

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
275 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually largestock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality, We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION.

The suppression of, or at least the limiting and restriction of the liquor traffic, is at the present time agitating all parts of the world, owing, principally, to the war now raging in Europe. France and Russia have taken drastic steps in dealing with this question, and now England has to a limited extent fallen into line, and is fighting a battle of suppression, not at all relished by the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

In dealing with the subject Chancellor Lloyd George declared in his speech when introducing a measure providing for an increased tax upon beer and spirituous liquors, that

"The task of finding a solution to the drink problem is the worst that could possibly befall a Minister," he said in introducing the bill. "After seventeen weeks of work on the problem I am prepared to take a pledge never to touch drink again—politically. Every Government which has touched alcohol has burned its fingers in the lurid glow."

He added that

"Nothing but real necessity has driven the Government to submit these proposals. The consideration of this question was forced upon us by the officials who are responsible for the output of war material. When the time comes to drive the enemy out of Flanders, the expenditure of money and material must be on a scale unprecedented in any war. The reports showed that the drink evil was largely responsible for our failure to produce material and ammunition as fast as we should."

Strange as it may appear, the Irish members, led by O'Brien, opposed the measure on the ground, he

"declared, that the Chancellor was "killing the trade of Ireland by inches. If he succeeded in his new taxes "the results would be as horrible for "Cork as if that city were bombarded and sacked by the Germans. The "only just and logical course was to "exclude Ireland altogether from the "operation of the plan."

The beer drinkers in England are also strongly opposed to any interference with their favorite tipple. The measure, however, was carried in the Commons on a vote of 89 yeas to 5 nays, a very small vote, considering the number of members who constitute the House of Commons—between 600 and 700 members. Does this vote not indicate an indifference on the part of the people upon the subject of the baneful results following the too free use of intoxicants, and that, too, of the necessity of raising additional funds for war purposes, leading members to avoid recording their votes in favor of restricting the drinking habits of the people, the result of which has been severely felt by the Government, not only in its effects upon the soldiers, but in the difficulty in securing labor to produce the munitions of war necessary in the conflict now raging between the Allies and Germany, Austria and Turkey.

The Chancellor gave as his reasons for the introduction of his measure that

"In the shipyards the slackness was so great as to cause serious anxiety to the fleet commanders. Every report received by the Government, both from the shipyards and the Royal arsenals, was to the effect that the lack of efficiency and the failure of the men to show up for their work was due to excessive drinking amongst a section of the workmen. The latest reports indicated that in spite of the recent agitation of this subject there had been no perceptible improvement.

"In one important works the loss of time in a week by fitters was 23 per cent.; in another it was 15 per cent.; both were attributed to drink. In the transport service the director stated that it was being conduced under serious difficulties, owing to the excessive drinking. The delay was a real danger to the success of naval and military operations.

"Out of 8,000 employees in one munition plant alone 1,800 of the workers failed to resume work after the three days' holidays at Easter. At Portsmouth 78 per cent. of the men are working on an average of 60 hours and more a week, but Portsmouth is the one exception. In other big shipyards the average number of hours is little greater than in ordinary times."

The time lost by drinking, the Chancellor said, was equivalent to the services of 150,000 men, and the whole community was being asked to make sacrifices because of the weakness of a section of the workers.

"The British nation must subordinate everything to this struggle and clear away all obstacles that we may win the war. Victory is largely a question of material."

Continuing, the Chancellor explained that the Government had decided mere restriction of the hours of sale would not be adequate to deal with the question. The Government, he said, did not feel itself justified in adopting total prohibition until it had tried everything else. "Prohibition would be a too serious interference with the people's habits," he declared.

Mr. Lloyd George then outlined the proposed measure as stated above. He estimated that the new duties on beer would produce $8,000,000 of revenue, and that the duties on wines would produce $7,500,000.

This state of affairs, at a time when the very existence of the nation is at stake would justify the closing of every brewery, distillery and public house where liquor is sold in the Kingdom.

The latest news from England upon the subject is that

"A flood of protests have come from "all parts of the country against the "proposals of David Lloyd George, "Chancellor of the Exchequer, to increase the duty on alcoholic drinks. "Distillers, brewers, saloon and hotel "keepers have held mass meetings of "protest and in many place have decided on an immediate increase in "prices. Ireland particularly is disturbed, it being the belief there that "if the proposals were adopted they "would spell ruin to brewers, licensed "traders and farmers who have sown "barley in large quantities this year."

"This ends," says the report, "one of the bitterest and most interesting campaigns ever waged in Britain. That is has been a source of serious embarrassment to the Government was indicated by the Chancellor in his speech, causing Lloyd George to declare that "every Government which has touched alcohol has burned its fingers in the lurid glow," and that he was prepared to take a pledge never to touch drink again—politically."

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

MADE IN CANADA
PLEASE ALL

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

CURRENT COMMENT

Sir John French is proud of the Canadians. So is Canada.

Perhaps Americans will have to learn the goose step in order to placate Dr. Dernburg.

It is high time for Maud to put on a becoming costume, take her spade and come into the garden.

German prisoners at Fort Henry have rebelled. They should know when they are well off and keep quiet.

While swatting the fly why not remove the place where the fly is fruitful and multiplies and replenishes the earth?

Many hopeful citizens who had cleaned out the furnace in the belief that winter's backbone was permanently broken, forgot the tricks of April and May.

The civilization of the Spaniards of four hundred years ago, which they forced on the Mexican Indians, was very similar to the German Kultur of the 20th century. Only the Germans will not succeed in their venture.

Perhaps, after all, the noblest and best answer to Germany's chant of hatred of Britain is the prayer that out from Anglican churches for our own wounded warriors, and also those of Germany."

A new definition of an island is "a piece of land surrounded by submarines." The German torpedo boat destroyers, however, realize by this time that there is "something in between." —Montreal Daily Mail.

Las nigh's cables announce that the British troops are moving steadily forward on the Gallipoli peninsula. And the day will soon dawn that will prove to Germany if Turkey was an asset or a liability, as an ally.

Vice-Admiral Jellicoe writes to the Admiralty that he is being hampered by dilatory shipbuilders engaged on refitting work on the Clyde. It is to be hoped these men will not await disaster before they learn the part of wisdom.

A German submarine has sent an American oil-tank steamer to the bottom of the sea. The American flag seems to provoke rather than allay the Teuton suspicion these days. It is in order for Uncle Sam to read Germany a stern lesson.

British sailors secured a quick revenge yesterday for the sinking of the destroyer Recruit. The enemy's guilty submarine apparently escaped but two German torpedo boats were overtaken by British destroyers and wrecked. No part of the German fleet ever ventures from its shelter and within sight of the British warship without realizing the patent fact that there is plenty of room at the bottom.

Rexall Orderlies are a safe laxative even for the most delicate worman or child. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

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BERMUDA
3 for 50¢
SALISBURY
2 for 25¢
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THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED
BERLIN, ONTARIO

Alien Prisoner Killed by Guard

General Hughes Witnesses Shooting of Austrian Prisoner, Who Tried to Escape

The grim realities of war were brought home to many in Montreal on Saturday night at the Windsor Station when an Austrian reservist was shot and killed on Osborne street by one of the guards from the Detention Prison. The man, Jan Bauzek, was one of a party of Austrian alien prisoners being sent up to Spirit Lake Detention Camp by the Soo train from the Windsor street station: The party of prisoners arrived at the station shortly before nine, marching two and two, in the usual way, under Major W. E. Date, provost marshal, and Capt. Griffiths with a strong guard. They had marched quietly up from the detention prison on St. Antoine street, and nearly the whole 106 of them had entered the station when Bauzek made a sudden break for liberty.

Rushing from the ranks, Bauzek sprinted along Osborne street, toward Stanley, dodging through the crowd that had been watching the entrainment of the alien prisoners. As soon as he started the sergeant and one of the guards at the rear rank gave chase.

"Halt, or I'll fire," called the guard, who was in the lead. The Austrian took no notice, although it is stated he had a fair knowledge of English. Twice more the guard warned Bauzek, but he still ran. By this time the fleeing Austrian had reached the cornor of Stanley street. The guard then manoeuvred so that he could fire without danger to anyone else, took careful aim and brought down his man at the first shot, firing from a distance of about 30 yards. The bullet struck Bauzek in the back, behind the right lung, passed clean through his body, and embedded itself in a nearby wall.

Bauzek fell with a shriek, and lay writhing on the road. A moment later he was picked up by Sergt. Terry Lewis, who is attached to the Detention Prison staff, when it was clear that he had received a fatal wound. Bauzek asked for water, which was brought him, and Sergt. Lewis telephoned to the General Hospital for an ambulance which arrived within a few minutes. By this time Bauzek, who was bleedly profusely, was barely conscious. He was hurried to the hospital, and given every attention, but died within half an hour.

The incident was witnessed by Maj.-General Hughes, minister of militia, who had arrived on his way through to Quebec and Col. E. W. Wilson, O.C., both of whom happened to be outside the station when the Austrian prisoner made his sensational break for liberty.

"You did your duty, my boy," said Major-General Hughes to the guard when he returned after shooting Bauzek, with the sergeant who had assisted in the chase. The private was a French-Canadian soldier but the officers in charge refused to give his name.

A general attack on the Dardanelles forts has been commenced. Gen. Attack is likely to be a successful leader.

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.

About the best variety of mobilization is mobilizing prosperity.

It's a pleasure to bake and roast with an oven that's always bright and clean. See

McClary's Gas Ranges

For artificial or natural gas

fitted with white enamelled roast pan and anti-rust oven. Ask the McClary dealer. 533

Sold By
The Smith Hardware Co.

The Nerlich Case At Toronto Assizes

First Time in Seventy Years a Charge of Treason Has Been Tried in Ontario

"I am not at all impressed with the idea that all the expedition that could have been used in this case has been used, and so far as I am concerned this case will not be traversed by me unless it seems quite manifest that it would be an injustice to others. It is in the public interest that this matter should be expeditiously tried, and not wait till the termination of the war before disposing of this matter."

Mr. Justice Lennox gave voice to the above in the Criminal Assizes at the Toronto City Hall, yesterday, in refusing for the time being a motion to have the charge of treason against Emil Nerlich traversed till the next Assizes in October on the ground that there was an appeal pending on Nerlich's behalf on the charge of conspiracy of which he was found guilty at the last Assizes.

"There has been nothing shown to me this morning," said his Lordship, "that would justify me in traversing his trial until next October. It may be quite possible that there are circumstances which would justify postponement. I have not the reserved case before me, nothing to enable me to say that the disposal of the conspiracy charge necessarily disposes of the treason charge. At the present time, my mind is very, very strongly against traversing the case till October. If I do so it will only be because it appears clear that it would be improper to try the treason case pending the final disposal of the conspiracy.

"Though the basic facts are the same, it does not mean that the trial will be the same, it does not mean that the evidence will be the same, and does not necessarily mean that the very fact that the Crown fails in certain maters in the earlier trial will give an opportunity of presenting the matter in a different light. It is very embarassing to know what to do. What I will do is this: I will speak to the Chief Justice of the Appellate Division and see what the probabilities are so far as he is disposed to mention them, and I will allow the matetr to be spoken to this afternoon. In the meantime I would like to see the reserved case.

"I think it would be even better to prolong this Court for an extra week or two and have this matter disposed of rather than have it go over till October. There is no reason why that could not be done."

Mr. W. A. Mason made the application on behalf of Nerlich, and Mr. W. C. Mikel, K.C., opposed the application on behalf of the Crown. Mr. Mikel stated that the Crown was ready and willing to go on, and argued that the conviction on the charge of conspiracy to commit treason did not necessarily affect the treason charge. At any rate the appeal in the conspiracy charge might be disposed of before the present Assizes closed.

Points of Appeal

The points raised by the reserved case are:

(1)—That the treason charge should have been tried before the conspiracy charge.

(2)—That the evidence did not show conspiracy.

(3)—That the evidence did not show treason.

(4)—That the address of the Crown Counsel was inflammatory.

'So Did King George'

Col. Roosevelt's Retort to Dr. Dernburg Who Objected to His Criticisms

NEW YORK, May 3.—Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, the former Colonial Secretary for the German Government, recently sought Col. Roosevelt to express his regret at the ex-President's public criticism of Germany's position in the war, and tried unsuccessfully to convince the Colonel that the friendship existing between him and the Kaiser should make his attitude a more friendly one. Lucien Bonheur, ex-chairman of the Progressive Campaign, chairman of the Pregressive Campaign Committee of Nassau County, asserted last night. Mr. Bonheur said he had heard the story from Col. Roosevelt.

"During the conversation, Dr. Dernburg took exception to Col Roosevelt's attitude toward Germany, and asked him why it was," said Mr. Bonheur.

"Because I think the position of Germany is wrong," replied the Col.

"'But you and the Kaiser are friends,' interposed Dr. Dernburg.

"'I have great respect for the Kaiser and admiration for the German people; I object to the war policy, that is all.'

"'Nevertheless the Kaiser and the German Government honored you on your visit there above any other citizen of a foreign country. Why, the emperor invited you to dinner,' concluded Dr. Dernburg.

"'So did King George,' replied Mr. Roosevelt.

"And that concluded the interview," said Mr. Bonheur.

John Barleycorn received a body blow in England yesterday but he is still alive.

The women's peace conference at The Hague is now branded as a German scheme. Sounds not unreasonable as that.

Almost any householder can be eloquent when bravely refused to deprive the professional carpet beater of work in his line.

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Through Sleepers.

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Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

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Highest Class of Equipment

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Round trip tickets to points in Western Canada, via Chicago, on sale each Tuesday until October 26, inclusive at low fares. Return limit two months.

Full particulars and tickets at Grand Trunk Ticket Offices.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool	Montreal
Apr.23, Metagama,	May 6
May 7, Missanabie,	May 20
May21, Metagama,	June 3

Special Steamship Train with Lunch Counter Car will leave Union Station, Toronto, on Wed., May 5 at 10 a.m.

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or

S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

When real summer troops along it will find that mild ethereal spring has stolen all its best stuff.

Mrs. Paul Wagner, of Goforth, Texas, gave birth to three girls and a boy, her first children.

Last year's comets did not wear tails, but this year's most notable visitant is reported to have two. Being a comet is becoming increasingly costly.

A student of New York University has invented a typewiter for the Chinese; there are 4,200 keys, each representing a character.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 20— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 11 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.30 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	2.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.25 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—4.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.05 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 6.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto . .	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville . .	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal . . .	6.20 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton . . .	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville . . .	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls . .	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal . .	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville . .	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto . . .	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

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ALMOST FAINTED IN THE STREET

In Daily Fear Of Death—Until "Fruit-a-tives" Brought Relief.

CHATHAM, ONT., April 3rd. 1913.

"Some two years ago, I was a great sufferer from Indigestion. One day my eye caught a billboard of "Fruit-a-tives" and I said to myself "if Fruit-a-tives will build me up like that, it is good enough for me". I bought some. After taking these wonderful tablets for only three weeks, I found myself wonderfully improved. In a short time longer, I cured myself entirely. My case was no light one, either, Gas would often form in my stomach and I was in daily fear that it would get around my heart and kill me. "Fruit-a-tives" is the only remedy for Indigestion".

C. T. HILL.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SPORT AND GUNNERY

Admiral Scott Made Shooting a Matter of Competition

When the war broke out, and for some considerable time before, heavy gun shooting was the sport par excellence of the navy, both "Gun-layers' Test" and "Battle Practice" creating an astounding amount of enthusiasm and emulation—and also betting!—and Sir Percy Scott is the man, above all others, who was responsible for it. Twelve years ago, gunnery was a dead letter, and target practice a nuisance. On February 2nd, 1902, Captain Percy Scott, C.B., delivered a lecture at the United Service Institution of Hongkong, on "The Fighting Efficiency of a Fleet which is Dependent on the Straight Shooting of the Guns." Out of that lecture arose a host of ques-

SIR PERCY SCOTT

tions from the officers present, and one was in connection with creating interest and the need of competition. Captain Scott replied: "You relied entirely on competition in the past; in Malta harbor you never did the weekly sail drill without one or two men being killed in their anxiety to be first ship in the fleet—that same spirit still lives. I only want to introduce it into gunnery; we ought to make use of the national vice, namely 'sport,' and to create the same ambition among our officers and men in shooting as existed in sail drill."

He saw his ideal come to fruition before he retired, but it was not without a considerable amount of unpleasantness. When, in February, 1905, he was appointed to the newly created post of Inspector of Target Practice, he found himself faced with a dead weight of opposition and indifference, but so vigorously did he prosecute his office that he received the sobriquet of "The cursed Sport," which he took quite smilingly, and at last had the satisfaction of seeing the whole service as keenly enthusiastic over good shooting as he was himself. Now he has been recalled from the Retired List to lend a hand with the present war.

A Brother's Heroism

From South Africa comes the touching story of a brother's heroism. The elder of two brothers named Winslow was shot down at the first volley of firing. His brother, stationed behind some rocks, at once rushed out to give him a drink. While doing so he, too, was shot by the German force. A fellow soldier afterwards came across the sad sight of the two dead brothers. The brave would-be rescuer had one arm around his elder brother's neck, and he still held the cup in his other hand. A hero's death indeed!

German Officer's Queer Kit

A complete burglar's kit was found on the body of a German lieutenant of the 69th Prussian Infantry, killed in action near Ypres. Tools for unlocking doors, drilling holes in safes, etc., were contained in a rich leather case, which bore a card showing that it was not sent surreptitiously, but through official channels.

Belgian Refugees Now in Canada

Tell Terrible Stories of Murdered Men and Boys, Whose Bodies Were Thrown Into Wells

There are a few people even in Belleville who will scarcely believe the horrible stories which have been told of the brutality and ferocity of German soldiers and perhaps now that some Belgian refugees have arrived in Toronto they may be disposed to accept as truth the sad tale they have to tell.

The refugees represent all that are left of four families. Their names are:

Gerard and Alphonse Brunyneel, brothers, aged 17 and 19.

The Marechal family, of father, mother and children—Jean, 8; Susanne, 6; and Helene, 4.

Joseph Verboven and Marie Theresa Verboven, his wife.

Francois Joseph Colin Justin, Madame Colin Justin and their sons, Maurice, 9, and Marcel, 7.

Not long ago Cardinal Mercier, of Antwerp, the distinguished member of the Catholic Church who for some time was imprisoned by the Germans interested himself in the future of the little band, and through Father Prevot cabled to Archbishop McNeil, Toronto, enquiring if there was a possibility of an opening for the homeless families in Canada. The reply was flashed back immediately: "Send the people on; we will care for them." The refugees left England on the Metagama and were met at the Union Station yesterday by R. P. Goiff, Gordon Taylor, Father Castex, representing Archbishop McNeil and Tom Flanagan. The company were conveyed to the Grand Central Hotel and will there remain for the present, the guests of Tom Flanagan. From appearance and manners, the whole are people who must have walked in the higher planes of Belgian life.

The story of Madame Justin eclipses in its gruesomeness that of the others. A most intelligent lady, Madame Justin still bears in her eyes a suggestion of the horrors she was compelled to witness. After the taking of Aerschot by the Germans about one hundred women and children were herded together in the garden attached to her father's home. This done, the German soldiers massacred the whole of the male population on whom they could lay hands. Almost eight hundred men and boys were put to death either by shots or bayonet stabs. Two wells were filled with six hundred corpses and then the Germans told the women they might if they cared to bury the rest. This the women were only to glad to do, and in the sad work Madame Justin helped. Prior to the massacre the priest protested against the murders. He was arrested and shot two days later. His body was recovered by the women and buried in the churchyard close to that of the priest's housekeeper, the only woman to be shot. Her body also had been thrown into one of the wells. Finally after undergoing suffering and privations amid the ruins of their homes, a number of the women escaped to England, and it was there Madame Justin met her soldier husband, who had been wounded and sent across the Channel.

The Sinking of The Gulflight

Complications With Germany Likely to Arise Through the Deliberate Sinking of Steamer

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Although Secretary Bryan and other officials of the State Department said last night that no official information had been received by the Department confirming the report that the American oil steamer Gulflight (flying the American ag) had been sunff off the Scilly Islands, presumably by a German submarine, the concern of the Government over the possibility of serious national complications on account of the German warfare has been increased considerably. Coming so quickly after the action of the German Embassy in Washington in inserting in many American newspapers an advertisement warning Americans not to take passage on Trans-Atlantic liners flying the British flag, or any of the flags of Great Britain's allies, the sinking of the Gulflight is regarded with additional significance. The vigorous language employed by the State Department in protesting to the Government of Germany, that the German war zone order, with its consequent submarine warfare, was likely to result in suvh a case as now seems to have arisen, affords an inkling of the temper in which the Government will view the sinking of an American ship and the loss of the lives of American citizens.

The Hungarian Chamber has refused to pass the new military credits They fail to see any sense or reason putting more paint on a house that is about ready to fall to pieces.

Some of Germany's naval commanders are beginning to chose internment rather than interment.

FIRST PEACE RIVER WHEAT REACHES MARK

Grown in What Was Once Considered Barren North, Shipment Arouses Interest Among Grain Men

The first car of wheat ever shipped out of the Peace River country in northern Alberta has arrived at Winnipeg, Grand Trunk Pacific officials report. It was grown at Vanrena, but how the wheat got from Vanrena to Peace River landing is not known at the present time. From Peace River landing to Edmonton the trip was made by the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway Line. It was then transferred to the G.T.P. and forwarded to Winnipeg.

When it is considered that Edmonton is located in 53-24 W. 4, and that Vanrena is located in 81-3 W. 6, some idea can be grasped of the lang haul necessary to get this wheat to market. As the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia line runs close to direct north from Edmonton, and then west, the distance is close to 400 miles. From Edmonton to Winnipeg the distance is over 800 miles, so that a trip of around 1200 miles was made before this wheat reached, Winnipeg, to have government inspectitors announce that a point so far north could produce No. 3 Northern wheat.

It is not very many years since the agricultural world labored under the impression that grain-growing was well-night impossible in Western Canada. Later, everyone marveled at the possibilities of such northerly districts as Prince Albert and Edmonton. During the last few years crops have been grown in the Grand Prairie and Peace River countries in Northern Alberta. With this first shipment comes initial evidence that at least part of the crop is genuine hard wheat.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

TRENTON.

Dr. Preston, Murphy Street, is building a new garage. His new auto will arrive in a few days.

Mrs. McCullough, Ford Street, is in Toronto visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stanley Bond.

Mrs. Emerson Parks died at her home on Marmora street last week.

Mrs. David Jones entertained the Daughters of the Empire last week.

Mr. William Bensley is able to walk out now with the aid of a cane.

Capt. Atkinson of the Salvation Army has been removed to Montreal.

Mr. A. Duelta has a new car.

Mr. Theron Graydon and bride have returned from their honeymoon trip to Chatham and other points in western Ontario.

The young people have been getting their tennis court ready on the Public School grounds.

Mr. S. Lundstrum, electrical engineer, formerly of Trenton, called on friends here on his way to Ottawa.

Mr. W. Saylor is repairing the old Montreal Bank building on Dundas Street. It will be used for offices and stores.

Miss Anna Arthur and Miss Minnie Young, of Consecon spent a few days in Trenton last week.

A young son has come to the home of Mr. W. Polley, jr., in Toronto.

Dr. McGlennon of Wellington was in town on Saturday.

Rev. W. P. Rodgers preached to the Oddfellows in King street church on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Lodge No. 113 of Trenton and Quinte Queen Lodge No. 135 of Belleville marched through the street en route to the church, headed by the citizens' band. Suitable music was rendered by the choir.

Mrs. McBeth of Toronto visited Mrs. Gordon at the Parker house recently.

Mr. G. Sprental, general agent of the C.N.R., spent the week-end in Toronto.

Mr. Fred McDonald was home from Kingston on sick leave last week.

Mr. O'Connel of Louisville, Kentucky, has returned to town after an absence of several months and resumed his work at the creosote works.

Rev. Mr. Foster was in Kingston last week.

Mr. Plumley has moved back into his old stand and has taken up his old business of baking.

The residence of Mr. W. Groff, Dayhill road, was totally destroyed by fire on Friday night. The contents were all burned Mr. and Mrs. Groff were absent from home at the time.

Mrs. John McLean and Miss Maggie Holmes of Consecon spent Saturday in Trenton.

AMELIASBURG

Mrs. Edgar Alyea of Adams' spent Thursday with Mrs. Chas. Kemp.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Parliament spent Friday at Wallbridge attending the funeral of the latter's uncle, the late Mr. J. Seely.

Mr. W. Masters was in Belleville on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Gibson were guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Calnan, Victoria, on Sunday.

Mrs. W. Mastin of Consecon is spending the week with her daughter. Mrs. V. Brown, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Black of Bayside, visited friends in this vicinity on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Reddick spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. Sager, Ameliasburg.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Lont and Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wycott and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Wycott's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Carnrike.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Dolan spent the week-end in Trenton, visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McDonald.

Mr. H. Seely of Ameliasburg has returned home after spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. E. Parliament.

WELLINGTON.

Mr. M. Doyle of Belleville was in town last week.

All our winter visitors are home again.

The Public School Inspector of Picton inspected the school here last week.

Mrs. W. Fox had the misfortune to fall off a step-ladder last week and is now laid up with a sprained foot.

Mr. and Mrs. G. McCartney are out again after a long illness.

Bishop Bidwell of Kingston will be at St. Andrew's Church (Anglican) on Monday evening, May 10.

All our doctors are very busy. Grip and measles have been here.

There are not many vacant houses, but all hope to see lots of summer visitors at the hotel.

Mr. Byron Palmer, of Pleasant Bay was in town this week.

Some say lots of fruit this year. We hope so.

HOUSECLEANING FURNITURE

A Wax polish is as easy to use as any oily preparation and will not give that bluish, foggy tinge which so spoils the appearance of a good piece of furniture.

RONUK removes grease spots and stains and gives a soft, durable gloss, which does not finger-mark. A *dry* dusting keeps it bright.

RONUK

the English Wax Polish and Cleanser is used by the leading Furniture Factories in Canada for the final finishing of all high-class furniture. 76

On sale at all stores 10c. to $1.00

WIFE IS SQUEEZED BONE IS BROKEN

SUNBURY, Pa., May 3.—After she gave as one of her reasons that her husband, in one embrace, squeezed her so hard that her breast bone was broken, leaving her in a weakened condition for a long time, Mrs. John J. Carr was recommended for a decree in County Court.

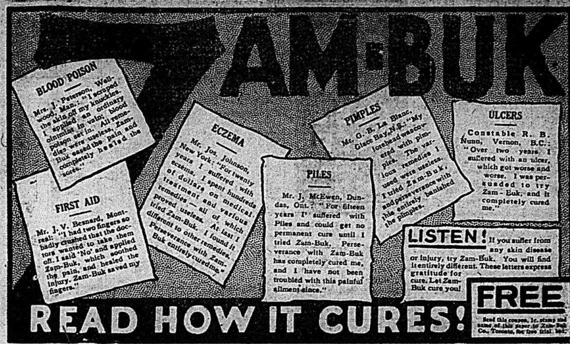
According to the woman's testimony, they were wedded in November 1911 and she lived with her husband until January of this year.

He was under the influence of liquor often, she said.

One sees the movies on the streets as well as in the picture houses in these gladsome days of spring.

Huerta went to the United States just in time to help Uncle Sam's paragraphers over a comparatively dull time.

Someone says that "a friend is better than money." Especially if he has money.



WHY REMAIN POOR?

Goose Farm Prospectus Shows Millions of Purely Imaginary Dollars

Get-rich-quick men of every class should get a few pointers from the following prospectus of a goose farm, which is taken from the New York World:

Incorporate for two years only, with capital 1,000 geese—$1,000.00.

Each goose lays an average of three eggs per week, or 156 per year. Do not sell any eggs, but incubate them, thus raising in the first year 156,000 geese.

Statistics show that of this number 77,000 will be ganders, which will be sold, leaving with the original capital a total of 80,000 geese. These will lay 156 eggs each, which will be incubated, giving at the end of the second year 21,481,000 geese plus ganders sold first year, 77,000; total 12,558,000.

12,558,000 geese at $1.50 each dressed $18,837,000

Each goose will produce 2 lbs. feathers, 25,116,000 lbs. feathers, at $15 per lb. 376,740,000

By-products

12,558,000 prs. goose livers at 60c per pair.......... 7,534,800

12,558,000 upper bills for buttons at 1¼c. 12,558,000 lower bills for buttons at 1c (upper bills bring the higher price because they already have two holes punched) 25,116,000 bills at an average of 1¼c each 283,555

10,046,400 doz. goose quills for toothpicks, at 10c per doz. 1,004,640

$404,395,995

Less original capital.$1,000

Less expense........74,000

75,000

Leaving profit for two years $404,324,995

NOGI'S ADVICE TO BOYS

Some Gems of Wisdom From Famous Japanese General

General Nogi, idol of Japanese soldiery, wrote some time before he died the following note of instructions to the pupils of the Peers' School:

Keep your mouth closed. He who has always his mouth open shows that his mind is blank.

Mind what you are looking at. One whose eye is always wandering tells that his mind is also wandering.

Do not forget your coat-of-arms, family standing and ancestors. Due respect to your ancestors is important.

A boy should act like a boy. Avoid becoming effeminate.

Never indulge in luxury. There is nothing that makes a fool of a man like luxury.

How many of you wash your face with cold water in the winter? You should not use warm water.

It is a shame to wear torn clothes without mending them. But to wear the torn part patched is nothing to be ashamed of.

Know what is shame; he who does not know what is shame is inferior to dumb animals.

Become a man useful to your country. Whoever cannot be so is better dead.

Don't Overfeed Oyster Shell

A poultry exchange says: "There is danger of overfeeding laying hens oyster shell. Under ordinary conditions they would, no doubt, hatch all right, but if the conditions during hatching time would not be exactly correct, for instance if the amount of moisture would be insufficient, the chances are the chicks would find a difficult time in breaking the shell."

Laugh less at your neighbor's troubles and more at your own.

THE DRIFT OF FATE

What was he going to do? His face was gloomy, his hands were twitching. "Who are the witnesses, my lord?" I asked, in a low voice.

So low—for, under certain conditions, a tone conveys much, very much—that he shot a stealthy glance toward the door before he answered, "John Williams."

"Blind," I replied, in te same low tone.

"William Williams."

"He is dead. He was Mr. Alfred's valet. I remember reading in the newspaper that he was with his master, and was killed by the Indians at the same time."

"True. I remember that that was the case," he answered huskily. "And the handwriting is Lord Wetherby's." I ascented. Then for fully a minute we were silent, while he bent over the will, and I stood behind him looking down at him, with thoughts in my mind which he could as little fathom as could the senseless wood upon which I leaned. Yet I, too, mistook him. I thought him, to be plain, a scoundrel; and—well, so he was, but a mean one. "What is to be done?" he muttered at length, speaking rather to himself than to me.

I answered softly, "I am a poor man, my lord," while inwardly I was quoting, "Quem Deus vult pedere."

My words startled him. He answered hurriedly. "Just so! just so! So shall I be when this cursed paper takes effect. A very poor man! A hundred and fifty thousand gone at a blow! But there, she shall have it! She shall have every penny of it; only," he continued slowly, "I do not see what difference one more day will make."

I followed his downcast eyes, which moved from the will before him to the agreement for the lease of the house; and I did see what difference a day would make. I saw and understood and wondered. He had not the courage to suppress the will; but if he could a slight advantage by witholding it for a few hours, he had the mind to do that. Mrs. Wigram, a rich woman, would no longer let the house; she would be under no compulsion to do so; and my lord would lose a cheap residence as well as his hundred and fifty thousand pounds. To the latter loss he could resign himself with a sigh; but he could not bear to forego the petty gain for which he had schemed. "I think I understand, my lord," I replied.

"Of course," he resumed nervously, "you must be rewarded for making this discovery. I will see that it is so. You may depend upon me. I will mention the case to Mrs. Wigram, and—and, in fact, my friend, you may depend upon me."

"That will not do," I said firmly. "If that be all, I had better go to Mrs. Wigram at once, and claim my reward a day earlier."

He grew very red in the face at receiving this check. "You will not, in that event, get my good word," he said.

"Which has no weight with the lady," I answered politely but plainly.

"How dare you speak so to me?" his lordship cried. "You are an impertinent fellow But there How much do you want?"

"A hundred pounds."

"A hundred pounds for a mere day's delay, which will do no one any harm!"

"Except Mrs. Wigram," I retorted dryly. "Come, Lord Wetherby, this lease is worth a thousand a year to you. Mrs. Wigram, as you well know, will not voluntarily let the house to you. If you would have Wetherby House you must pay me. That is the long and short of it."

"You are an impertinent fellow!" he repeated.

"So you have said before, my lord."

I expected him to burst into a furious passion, but I supose there was a something of power in my tone, beyond the mere defiance which the words expressed; for, instead of doing so, he eyed me with a thoughtful, malevolent gaze, and paused to consider. "You are at Duggan & Poole's", he said slowly. "How was it that they did not search this cupboard, with which you were acquainted?"

I shrugged my shoulders. "I have not been in the house since Lord Wetherby died," I said. "My employers did not consult me when the papers he left were examined."

"You are not a member of the firm?"

"No, I am not," I answered. I was thinking that, so far as I knew those respectable gentlemen, no one of them would have helped my lord in this for ten times a hundred pounds. My lord! Faugh!

He seemed satisfied, and taking out a notecase laid on the table a little pile of notes. "There is your money," he said, counting them over with reluctant fingers. "Be good enough to put the will and envelope back into the cupboard. To-morrow you will oblige me by rediscovering it—you can manage that, no doubt—and giving information at once to Messrs. Duggan & Poole, or Mrs.

Wigram, as you please. Now," he continued, when I had obeyed him, "will you be good enough to ask the servants to tell Mrs. Wigram that I am waiting?"

There was a slight noise behind us. "I am here," said someone. I am sure that we both jumped at the sound, for though I did not look that way, I knew that the voice was Mrs. Wigram's, and that she was in the room. "I have come to tell you, Lord Wetherby," she went on, "that I have an engagement from home at twelve. Do I understand, however, that you are ready? If so, I will call in Mrs. Williams."

"The papers are ready for signature," the peer answered, betraying some confusion. "and I am ready to sign. I shall be glad to have the matter settled as agreed." Then he turned to me, where I had fallen back, as seemed becoming, to the end of the room, and said, "Be good enough to ring the bell, if Mrs. Wigram permit it."

As I moved to the fireplace to do so, I was conscious that the lady was regarding me with some faint surprise. But when I had regained my position and looked toward her, she was standing near the window, gazing steadily out into the square, an expression of disdain rendered by face and figure. Shall I confess that it was a joy to me to see her fair head so high, and to read, even in the outline of her girlish form, a contempt which I, and I only, knew to be so justly based? For myself, I leaned against the edge of the screen by the door, and perhaps my hundred pounds lay heavily on my heart. As for him, he fidgeted with his papers, although they were all in order, and was visibly impatient to get his bit of knavery accomplished. Oh, he was a worthy man! And Welshman!

"Perhaps," he presently suggested, for the sake of saying something, "while your servant is coming, you wil read the agreement, Mrs. Wigram. It is very short, and, as you know, your solicitors have already seen it in the draft."

She bowed, and took the paper negligently. She read some way down the first sheet with a smile, half careless, half contemptuous. Then I saw her stop—she had turned her back to the window to obtain more light—and dwell on a particular sentence. I saw—God! I had forgotten the handwriting!—I saw her gray eyes grow large, as she grasped the paper with the other hand, and stepped nearer to the peer's side. "Who?" She i. "Who wrote this? Tell me! Do you hear? Tell me quickly!"

He was nervous on his own account, wrapped in his own piece of scheming, and obtuse.

"I wrote it," he said, with maddening complacency. He put his glasses up and glanced at the top of the page she held out to him. "I wrote it myself, and I can assure you that it is quite right and a faithful copy. You do not think——"

"Think! think! No! no. This I mean! Who wrote this?" she cried, awe in her face, and a suppliant tone, strange as addressed to that man, in her voice.

He was confounded by her vehemence, as well as hampered by his own evil conscience.

"The clerk, Mrs. Wigram, the clerk," he said petulantly, still in his fog of selfishness. "The clerk from Messrs. Duggan & Poole's."

"Where is he?" she cried out breathlessly. I think she did not believe him.

"Where is he?" he repeated, in querulous surprise. "Why here, of course. Where should he be, madam?" He will witnes my signature."

Would he? Signatures! It was little of signatures I recked at that moment. I was praying to Heaven that my folly might be forgiven me; and that my lightly planned vengeance might not fall on my own head. "Joy does not kill," I was saying to myself, repeating it over and over again, and clinging to it desperately. "Joy does not kill!" But oh! was it true? in face of that white-lipped woman!

"Here!" She did not say more, but gazing at me with dazed eyes, she raised her hand and beckoned to me. And I had no choice but to obey; to go nearer to her, out into the light.

"Mrs. Wigram," I said hoarsely, my voice sounding to me only as a whisper, "I have news of your late—of your husband. It is good news."

"Good news?" Did she faintly echo my words? or, as her face, from which all color had passed, peered into mine, and searched it in infinite hope and infinite fear, did our two minds speak without need of physical lips? "Good news?"

"Yes," I whispered. "He is alive. The Indians did not——"

"Alfred!" Her cry rang through the room, and with it I caught her in my arms as she fell. Beard and long hair, and scar and sunburn, and strange dress—these which had deceived others were no disguise to her—my wife. I bore her gently to the couch, and hung over her in a new paroxysm of fear. "A doctor! Quick! A doctor!" I cried to Mrs. Williams, who was already kneeling beside her. "Do not tell me," I added piteously, "that I have killed her!"

"No! no! no!" the good woman answered, the tears running down her face. "Joy does not kill!"

An hour later this fear had been lifted from me, and I was walking up and down the library alone with my thankfulness; glad to be alone, yet more glad, more thankful still, when John came in with a beaming face. "You have come to tell me," I cried eagerly, leased that the tidings had come by his lips, "to go to her? That she will see me?"

"Her ladyship is sitting up," he replied.

"And Lord Wetherby?" I asked, pausing at the door to put the question. "He left the house at once?"

"Yes, my lord, Mr. Wigram has been gone some time."

THE END.

NOTICE OF INTENTIONS TO CONSTRUCT SANITARY SEWERS IN WEST BELLEVILLE

TAKE NOTICE THAT

1.—The Council of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Belleville intends to construct a System of Sanitary Sewerage on the following streets, viz.:—

A 20 inch Sewer on Coleman Street, from 100 feet South of the C.N.O. Railway Bridge, to Moira Street, estimated cost $12,352.00,

A 10 inch Branch Sewer on Bridge Street, from Yeomans Street to Coleman Street, estimated cost $10,857.64,

A 10 inch Branch Sewer on Catherine Street, from Yeomans Street to Coleman Street, estimated cost $9,449.83,

A 10 inch Branch Sewer on Moira Street, from Yeomans Street to Coleman Street, estimated cost $5,648.83,

as Local Improvements, and intends to specially assess the total cost of said Sewers upon the lands directly abutting on the works, with the exception of corner Lots at the junction of two Sewers, the cost of which shall be charged two-thirds to the property and one-third to the Corporation at large, and all Street intersections to be paid for by the Corporation.

In assessing the cost of the Coleman Street Trunk Sewer the estimated cost of a 10 inch Sewer shall be charged against the Property directly abutting on the work, and the difference in the cost between a 10 inch and a 20 inch Sewer shall be charged against all property immediately benefitted, or that will be benefitted in the near future as follows:

All that property fronting on Coleman Street, between the C. N. O. Railway Bridge and Moira Street.

Also on Bridgo Street, from Yeomans to Coleman Streets.

Also on Moira Street, from Yeomans to Coleman Streets.

Also on Everett Street, from Bridge to Moira Streets.

Also on Cedar Street, from Bridge to Moira Streets.

Also on Isabel Street, from Bridge to Catherine Streets.

Also on Murney Street, from Catherine to Moira Streets.

Also on Octavia Street, from Bridge to Catherine Streets.

Also on Dunbar Street, from Bridge to Catherine Streets.

Also on Henry Street, from Murney to Coleman Streets.

Also on Jane Street, from Cedar to Coleman Streets.

Also on Sinclair Street, from Bridge to Catherine Streets.

Also on Hillside Street, from Holloway to Moira Streets.

2.—The estimated cost of the Sewer on Coleman Street is $12,352.00, of which $1,142.73 is to be paid by the Corporation as aforesaid.

The estimated total cost of the Sewer on Bridge Street is $10,857.64 of which $1,477.41 is to be paid by the Corporation as aforesaid.

The estimated total cost of the Sewer on Catherine Street is $9,449.83 of whiegh $1,210.96 is to be paid by the Corporation as aforesaid.

The estimated total cost of the Sewer on Moira Street is $5,648.04 of which $709.76 is to be paid by the Corporation.

The estimated rate per foot frontage is as follows:

Catherine Street $1.67 per foot.
Moira Street $1.11 per foot.
Bridge Street $2.10 per foot.
Coleman Street $2.15 per foot.

The estimated extra cost per foot frontage for all property immediately benefitted or to be benefitted in the near future by the Trunk Sewer on Coleman Street, is 12 cents per foot.

The properties thus affected are those fronting on the aforesaid portions of the following streets: Coleman, Bridge, Catherine, W. Moira, Jane, Cedar, Isabel, Murney, Hillside, Octavio, Dunbar, Sinclair, Everett.

The Special Asment is to be paid in Thirty Annual Instalments.

Persons desiring to petition against the undertaking of the work must do so on or before the 27th day of May 1915, that being one month from date of first publication.

Dated Belleville April 27th, 1915.

J. WILFRED HOLMES, Clerk.

2t-a27,m4

$15.00

Buys a New Spring Suit

This week we are offering wonderful value in Ladies' and Misses New Spring Suits. These are all the very latest models and include many of the "Northway" Tailored Suits in Black, Navy Blue, Belgian Blue, Sand Shade, Grey, Black and White Checks, and Tweed Effects, in Ladies' sizes, also Misses 16 and 18 years, all odd lines that have sold at $17.50, $18.50, $20.00 and $22.50, are on sale this week, your choice,

Only $15.00

Ladies' Silk Suits, $25.00

Ladies' Silk Suits are among the most fashionable of Ladies' Garments shown this season, and just now we offer exceptional value in Silk Poplin Suits, in Black, Navy, Putty, Sand, Battleship Grey and Belgian Blue, in Ladies' and Misses' sizes, at

$25.00 per Suit.

40 inch Satin Foulards, only 59c

Here's a snap in Dress Silk.

We have 8 pieces only of these 40 inch Pure Silk Satin Foulards in Rose, Putty, Navy, Blue and Black grounds with figured designs, all regular $1.25 Satins, on sale to clear for only

59c yard

These would make handsome kimonas.

Black and White Coatings, $1.50

This week we place in stock Four Patterns in Black and White Check and Plaid Wool Coatings.

These make very smart Outing Coats, are 54 inches wide, and special coat values for

Only **$1.50** yard

Linens at All Prices.

In our windows we have one pile of Linen Towellings, 1450 yds. in all, and all Pure Linen, and notwithstanding the effect the war is having upon the world's linen markets, we are selling the Towellings at old prices,

Only **10c** yard.

Window Scrims, 15c

Now is the time to buy your Window Scrims, because you do not often see such values as we are now showing in Printed Window Scrims. All new designs and regular values up to 25c for

Only 15c per yard.

Sinclair's See Our LADIES' WASH DRESSES, Only $1.00 **Sinclair's**

NOTICE OF INTENTIONS TO CONSTRUCT PRIVATE SEWER CONNECTIONS OR LATERALS

TAKE NOTICE THAT

1.—The Council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville intends to construct as Local Improvements all Private Sewer Connections or Laterals, while the Sewers are under construction on both sides of the following streets, viz.:—

Coleman Street from 100 feet south of the C. N. O. Railway bridge to Moira Street.

Bridge Street, from Yeomans Street to Coleman Street.

Catherine Street from Yeomans Street to Coleman Street.

Moira Street from Yeomans Street to Coleman Street.

And intends to specially assess the whole of the cost of the works upon the lands directly abutting on said works.

The estimated cost of the said works are as follows:

On Catherine Street $3372.60.
On Moira Street $1107.00.
On Bridge Street $3901.00.
On Coleman Street $2539.00.

The whole of which is to be charged against the properties benefitted thereby.

The estimated special rate per foot frontage is:

Catherine Street 15 cents per foot.
Moira Street 23¼ cents per foot.
Bridge Street 19 cents per foot.
Coleman Street 12 cents per foot.

The Special Assessment is to be paid in 30 annual installments.

3.—A Petition against the work will not avail to prevent its constretion.

Dated Belleville April 27th, 1915.

J. WILFRED HOLMES, Clerk.

N.B.—The Estimated cost of the Private Sewer Connections are included in the estimated total cost of the Sewers as given in Notice of Intentions to construct Sewers.

2t-a27,m4

Tenders For Sewer Construction

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "tender for Sewer System City of Belleville" will be received at the City Hall, Belleville, until 5 p.m. May 13th, 1915, for the construction of sewers on the following streets:—

Coleman Street,
West Moira Street,
West Bridge Street,
Catherine Street.

Plans and specifications and forms of tender can be seen at the office of the City Engineer in the City Hall.

Parties tendering are notified that the tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank for one-tenth of the amount of the contract, payable to the City of Belleville.

The City do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tenders.

By order,

A. C. McFEE, Chairman of Public Works.

Belleville, May 1, 1915. 3t:m1,4,8

Many persons imagine that they are getting exercise enough when they begin wearing the "athletic" kind of undergarments in the spring.

The Russians are reported to have taken 70,000 prisoners in the Carpathians. Is there any German army left?

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S

BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.

Office and stables, etc. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229

ENGINEERING.

J. D. EVANS, C.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 392

Words Not Adequate.

Human emotions may be portrayed with words. Anger and every emotion are common qualities, generally understood. But the external spectacle, the Zambezi that leaps over a 400 foot precipice, the active volcano, the geyser that hurls boiling water into the heavens, the hurricane, the battle, flood, earthquake, conflagration—these elemental things cannot be portrayed by the finest artifice. They must be seen, heard, realized through an impact of the senses before they gain full meaning.—Exchange.

Early Western Banking.

Here is an odd item written by an observer who visited Cleveland in 1849. It will have an amusing flavor for the modern banker.

"In the western states the business of private banking flourishes to a considerable extent. A deficiency of banking capital and the demands of commerce called it into existence, and the competition for money has made it the most certain, and perhaps the most profitable business of the west."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

...tary Buys Horses.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18. — The Italian Government has signed contracts with a firm here for the delivery of 8,000 war horses, it was announced Saturday by a member of the firm. An inspector of the Italian army now is here looking after the stock, and a party of Italian army officers will arrive on Monday. The contract calls for the delivery of 200 horses a day, none of which is to be white.

Musical Advice.

A bit of musical advice: B sharp if you can; if you can't, B-natural, but never B-flat.—Florida Times-Union.

How It Happened.

"How did the cashier of your bank get into jail?" "Left the 'e' off speculation."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Very High.

"I just got that doctor's bill for that fever of mine."

"How was it?"

"It was a very high fever—higher than I dreamed."

Unusual Sight.

Once we were young, and now we are older, but never yet have we seen a man's wife going to his folks for advice as to what she should buy.—Galveston News.

Classifying Man.

Men may be divided into two classes—those who regard whiskers as an ornament and those who hold shaving as a sacred duty.—Atchison Globe.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under the head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.

Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P
W. N. PONTON, K.C
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.

Barrister, &c., 23 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office. Solicitor for Molsons Bank. Phone 77.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT

Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.

Office: Corner Queen and John Streets Phone 716

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER

Licensed Auctioneer . . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license. Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co. Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

W. H. HUDSON

Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161 Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE

I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.

Call and see me before renewing your insurance.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.

Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated. Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed Office: 27 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.

Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville. Phone 545.

LEE CHEW.

CONTRACTOR.

THOS. MANLEY & SON,

GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS. Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to. Phone 428

W. H. PATTERSON.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.

Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations. Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to.

Leave orders at J. W. Davison's Insurance Office, 28 Bridge Street. Phone 581 or 296 Charles Street.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

PRESENTED WITH WATCH

Mr. Frank Elvins, son of Mr. George Elvins, Belleville, was presented with a beautiful silver wrist watch by friends, on leaving with the 2nd Overseas Contingent.

PROMOTION

Sergt.-Major D. T. McManus, from the Royal Military College who is now in Belleville, with the 39th Battalion, has been appointed assistant adjutant in the 39th Battalion, C.E.F. and promoed to the rank of Lieutenant.

DEATH OF FOREIGNER

An Austrian named George Caminel yesterday died at the hospital here from an attack of lung trouble. Deceased was a young man about 26 years of age, and had no relatives in this country as far as can be ascertained.

FURTHER REMAND GRANTED

Thomas J. Hull, who is accused of feloniously wounding Isaac Claus, was this morning brought up before Magistrite Masson, but owing to the fact that Claus was unable to appear he was remanded back to jail for a week. The affair took place at Point Ann on Saturday evening, April 24th, and the condition of the injured man is still serious.

HOTEL BROKEN INTO

Some time during last night an entrance was effected into the Albion Hotel in this city. The bar was entered and the cash register was broken into and between $5 and $6 was taken out. The liquor taken, if any, was of a small quantity. The affair has been reported to the police, who are endeavoring to ascertain who committed the offence.

ALLEGED ILLEGAL SELLING

Yesterday afternoon before Magisertate Masson Mrs. Thos. Mahoney of this city, was charged with selling liquor without a license. It was at this place where a stabbing affray took place on Saturday night. The evidence in the case was somewhat conflicting. After all the witnesses had been examined the magistrate deferred judgment until Friday.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

GRIFFINS

Manager Gus Hill has launched another winner apparently in his latest production "Bringing Up Father," a new three act singing and dancing comedy suggested by the popular cartoons of George McManus, the famous artist. The latest offering will be the attraction at the Griffin pera House on Friday, May 7. In point of plot, interest and continuity, the vehicle is easily the best that Mr. Hill has fostered in his long and successful career as a surveyor of wholesome theatricals. The aim has been to provide entertainment on a scale calculated to appeal to the masses as well as the classes. There are no lagging moments in the fun which accrues from the situations as well as the lines of the piece which has been pronounced one of the best of its kind now catering to the approval of a critical and exacting theatre-going public. Seats now on sale at Doyle's.

Victories are desirable—but tragically expensive.

GRIFFINS

One Night Only, FRIDAY, MAY 7

Gus Hill's Big Laugh Show

BRINGING UP FATHER

30 People, Mostly Girls 30

Prices, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

Seats now on Sale at Doyle's Drug Store.

Salvation Army Self-Denial Week

It Is Hoped to Raise $300 in Belleville By Means of This Annual Effort

This is the annual Salvation Army self-denial week, and it is hoped to raise $300 in Belleville through this effort. The annual week of self-denial was inauguarated by the Salvation Army in the year 1886. The amount raised was $24,000. The total result of the Army's week of self-denial last year was $860,800, of which amount the Army in the Dominion of Canada, raised $44,343.

Perhaps no religious organization has more readily responded to the cry of King and Country than the Salvation Army. There are over ten thousand Salvationists in the Army and Navy, eighteen hundred of them being bandsmen. Salvationists are largely engaged in humanitarian work and several of them have received distinguished conduct medals, or have been mentioned in dispatches. Instructor Harry Ranger, B.A.M.C. was awarded the distinguished Conduct Medal for helping to rescue Prince Maurice of Battenburg, when mortally wounded. Up to the present, the General has provided two motor ambulance units, one of five and another of six cars. The first unit was dedicated by the Lord Mayor of London in the historic Guildhall. The second unit is named "The Queen Alexander Unit," Her Majesty having been pleased to inspect and name them. These are all operated by Salvationists. Salvation Army Offiecers have proved themselves so efficient that the Imperial authorities have availed themselves of their services in connection with the Imperial Ambulance sections. No fewer than nine thousand wounded Belgian Soldiers have convalesced at Salvation Army Farms and Social Institutions.

In connection with the training of Kitchener's Army, the Salvationists have three hundred tents and hutments in the training localities, for the purpose of affording rest rooms and supplying the boys in khaki with refreshments, conducting meetings and serving the soldiers generally. With respect to these meetings, the following story is told: A Tommy had been marching all day and was coming into camp dead tired. The number of his brass tag was 246. Presently he came by the tent, and the hymn was just being announced. "Number 246" came the preacher's voice "Art thou weary, art thou heavy laden." Tommy poked his head through the flap of the tent "Not arf" he said.

The comforting and cheering of the bereaved ones and assisting those materially in need, is largely done by an organization called the Special Service Legion. This provides that in all large towns, twenty or more women salvationists will comfort and help the wives and friends of those at the Front. It appears that the First Sea Lord inquired at the offices of a London Distress Committee for information as to what was being done to cheer up the wives of the soldiers and sailors. He was informed that the Salvation Army had undertaken to do all that was necessary in that direction. "We have set apart for it," he was told "women with tender hearts and cheerful countenaces." The remark delighted Lord Fisher. He slapped his thigh in sailor fashion, laughed heartily and exclaimed "splendid, this is the best I have heard yet. I will tell the King about it."

It was in connection with this branch of work that the following took place: A Sunderland woman lay dying, her five sons being in the army. Her one desire was to see her boys again, and through the officers of a local Salvation Army Corps, four of the sons serving in England, reached home in twenty-four hours. Their expenses were paid by the authorities. The fifth son, however, was at the front, and there seemed little chance of the old woman seeing her wish fulfilled. But the Salvationist Officer wired to the War Officfie, and back came the reply over Lord Kitchener's signature, saying if the son could be found he would be sent home, and eventually he landed in time to see his mother before her death. The authorities had paid his expenses and given him seven days' furlough and rations.

The Salvation Army has three Chaplains with the rank of honorary captains connected with the Canadian forces, and official and unofficial chaplains with every belligerent nation except Turkey and Austria.

The funds raised by this special effort are mainly devoted to the missionary work o fthe Army, which organization is at work in fifty-eight countries and colonies, and the gospel is preached in thirty-six languages. The operations of the Army, comprise medical missionary work, educational enterprises, social institutions and preaching the gospel.

It is hoped that when the officers or any of the local Salvationists call at the doors of your readers, that they will give liberally towards the word. The address of Captain Ruston, should anyone desire to send a donation towards this effort is Salvation Army Citadel, Pinnacle St.

An Event of Vital Importance To Every Housewife

Our special low prices on the very highest quality of Electric Appliances will continue until the 8th of May. Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to purchase Canadian Beauty Appliances at less than they were ever sold before.

After May 8th they will go back to the Regular Prices.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Regular $5.50 Special, $3.75 — Regular $4.50 Special, $3.00 — Regular $4.50 Special, $2.75

The John Lewis Co.

Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 103

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

"NATIONAL" CYCLES are SIMPLY GREAT

And The Price! ONLY $28.50

Lamp, Bell, Pump and Tools thrown in.

Oh, yes, we Re-tire Baby Carriages

333 FRONT STREET

Our Exclusive Styles in MILLINERY

Is perhaps the secret of our success. Many of the elite of the city are wearing one of our up-to-the-minute styles. If you need a NEW HAT, see ours—the Popular Hat—at moderate prices.

Miss M. Campbell

FUNDS Needed for Serbia

Please send Cheques and Postal Orders to Lady Boyle, Hon. Treasurer of the SERBIAN RED CROSS

Offices, 5 Cromwell Rd., S.W., London, England.

All Kinds of HATS

Cleaned and Blocked.

NO ACIDS USED

Therefore will not injure the FIBRE.

WE CLEAN THE HATS

DELANEY'S

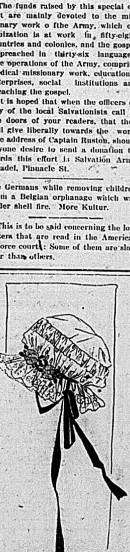
236½ Front St. Phone 797

(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

N.B.—Furs Stored

the Germans while removing children from a Belgian orphanage which was under shell fire. More Kultur.

This is to be said concerning the love letters that are read in the American divorce courts: Some of them are sloppier than others.



DAINTY BOUDOIR CAP

Of pink silk and shirred ribbon, trimmed with black velvet and rosebuds.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS PAINTS and VARNISHES Are BEST for Your HOME.

Information and Color Cards at WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE

Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

The Germans are using suffocating gas to overcome the French. The Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

House of Hobberlin

House of High Grade Clothing

Hobberlin Clothes Are All Wool

It's the certainty of getting what you buy that gives gives satisfaction in buying a Hobberlin tailored-to-measure suit. Everything is just as represented—the garment as you see it from the outside—all the hidden parts that are not seen.

Would you have a Suit of this character made in the NEW SEASON'S English, Scotch or Irish fabrics, - - - - - $15 up

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

Sole Agents for Hobberlin Tailoring

HAVE YOUR FURS STORED and insured against all damage or loss by Moths or Fire. Our charges are three per cent on your own valuation. Phone 363 and we will send for them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

242 Front Street.

His Definition.

A Liverpool teacher asked her class to write an essay on London.

Later she was surprised to read the following in one attempt:

"The people of London are noted for their stupidity."

The young author was asked how he got that idea.

"Please, miss," was the reply, "it says in the textbook, 'The population of London is very dense.'"—London Answers.

To Organize Canadian Air Corps.

Capt. E. L. Janney, a Canadian aviator, who has made a name for himself both before and in the present war, has returned from the front. He had been doing scout duty for the British army, but is returning to organize a squadron of aeroplanes to be built, equipped and manned in Canada.

GOOD HABITS.

Good habits bring a personal freedom that it is impossible to obtain otherwise. The man who has the habit of doing anything that he ought to do with clocklike regularity is saved from a galling bondage of uncertainty, hesitation, energy wasting debate with himself, renewed day after day and growing more of a burden as life advances.

FADS AND FANCIES.

Shirring marks many frocks of soft fabrics. The skirts are shirred on cords about the hips, thus disposing of fullness that might otherwise be awkward in a skirt not cut on circular lines.

The fichu has many advocates this spring. There are some pretty frocks of taffeta, with hemstitched fichus of the sheerest muslin. Many lingerie frocks have ruffled fichus draped about the shoulders. And even some evening frocks show this quaint adjunct.

If one may judge by the shops, women are again going to buy separate leather belts, for many and good ones are shown. They are to wear with one piece frocks and with coats of linen and of wool.

There is some difficulty about getting imported laces owing to the war, but there is no difficulty in getting lacy and sheer fabrics. There is lace cloth, for instance, a fabric with all the sheerness and irregularity of surface of all over lace, yet with a good deal of body and strength.

Business.

New Son-in-law—Here's only 19,000 marks. You promised my wife a dowry of 20,000. Father-in-law—I always knock off 2 per cent for cash.—Fliegende Blatter.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

Just Think What 20 Per Cent Off Your Housefurnishings Will Mean!

No reason now to delay the selecting of your Curtain Materials, Rugs, Linoleums, etc.

At a General Discount like this you cannot help but save much money, and money saved is money earned.

We have countless new patterns and materials just freshly placed in stock that will help you solve the perplexing problem of decorating, and all at 20 per cent off.

K E Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
The Glasgow Warehouse
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Store hours, 8.30 till 5.

No Goods Taken Back or Exchanged.

Tragic Tale of Belgian Couple

Torn Apart in Belgium, Re-United in London, They are Now Living in Canada

When Mr. Maurice Clement Lambert, now helping Mr. Clarence I. do Sola, Belgian consul, with Belgian relief work, and Madame Lambert arrived in Canada a short time ago, it was because Mrs. Alfred Lyttleton and other ladies well known throughout England became interested in the dramatic tale of how they lost each other in Belgium and came together again in England. On the first call, Mr. Lambert went to the front, where he was badly wounded and sent to England. Madame Lambert, however heard he was dead and so she believed when fleeing from Antwerp when that city was bombarded. For two days she travelled on foot and in country carts at the mercy of the kindness of Dutch peasants for food and sleep. For thirty-six hours she was without food of any kind but was at last able to get a train for Flushing, and thence a boat to Tilbury and London.

Though penniless on arrival her first endeavor was to get definite news of her husband. She was taken to the place where the list of the dead and wounded was kept, and so found that her husband was in London. She was invited by an English lady to stay with her and later, when she found her husband convalescing with another English family, the same lady asked that she should bring her husband as well. For more than three weeks this lady tried to make them forget their misfortunes, and then, through the interest of London ladies, they were allowed to go to Canada as they desired to earn their own living rather than take through the period of the war the hospitality so generously offered them as to so many other Belgian refugees.

When Madame Lambert was seen at 40 Drummond street on Saturday, where she had been given a room by Miss Patricia Irwin to help her start against the millinery business she lost through the war in Antwerp, she did not want to speak of her own sufferings. She seemed so filled with the sense of the wrongs of her country that her own troubles seemed small to her, and she was more anxious to have the reporter publish a translation of an article in Russian by Leo Pasvolsky on Belgium its innocence of offence, its wrong, its unquenchable spirit and its gratitude to the countries which came to its aid.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

LADIES OF BELLEVILLE!

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

Commencing TO-DAY, And Ending Saturday, May 8th, We Announce a

Great Dressmaking & Ladies' Tailoring Offer

During That One Week Only Our Dressmaking Department Will Tailor

Ladies' And Misses' Silk Suits

From $2.00 Yard Silk Materials for

Every woman with thoughts of a New Silk Suit for summer wear, will undoubtedly be stirred to action by this splendid offer; but you will have to act quickly, as it holds good for one week only. The materials we have selected for the making of these Suits are all this season's best, such as **SILK POPLINS, AURORA CORDS, and SILK BENGALINES**, in all the leading shades, namely, Russian Green, Belgian Blue, Battleship Grey, Rose, Black and Navy, Copenhagen, Sand, Havana Brown, Putty, Nigger, Tan, Reseda and Military Blue. Surely one could not wish a better selection than this, and when you consider that every garment will be made under the personal supervision of Miss Cook the offer is doubly attractive.

(Every garment silk lined.)

$29.00 Complete

Miss Cook

Promises Personal Supervision on all Garments Sold in this Sale.

Miss Cook's ability for designing and making the highest class of garments is well illustrated by the dozens of satisfied customers who have entrusted their Dressmaking and Tailoring problems to her care. Her prices have always been reasonable for the high standard of work turned out, and only by co-operating with the Dress Goods Department was the

Exceptional Offer Made Possible

and Miss Cook wants everyone to know that she will give the same undivided attention to the ladies purchasing garments at the sale prices as though they bought in the regular way.

Regular to $25.00 Ladies' and Misses' Spring Suits on Sale This Week at $9.75

NEMO CORSET WEEK

May 3rd to May 8th

During This Week We Will Sell Styles 344 and 345, Reg. $5.00 Models, For **$4.00**

The reason for this reduction in price is the firm making these corsets decided that instead of spending large amounts of money in magazine advertising, they would give their Nemo customers a good corset at a reduced price.

We took advantage of this offer, and now have a good stock of these models on hand. They are made of extra fine quality French Batiste trimmed at top with silk embroidery. These two models being the newest have the reducing straps under instead of outside the corset, giving a smooth appearance. Sizes 24 to 36 in both styles. Reg. $5.00, for This Week Only, $4.00 pr.

(Corset Department Main Floor Rear)

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT. | The RITCHIE Company Limited | SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

LOST.

LOST—WATCH FOB, GOLD SEAL, F.W.E. Reward at Intelligencer. m4-3td

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED, AGENTS. BEST PROPOSITION in Canada. Restricted territory, no competition, no house-to-house canvassing. Expressage paid. Jos. Moloney, Manager, 152 Major Street, Toronto. 28 6td

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, LARGE PIER MIRROR WITH Claw Feet; also rosewood and mahogany desks, dinner wagon and old Queen Anne Parlor Table; odd chairs and hall pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 1-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander streets—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

FOR SALE, GENERAL STORE WITH POST Office. Stock about $1800. Terms cash. John M. Chislett, Rednerville. 1-6td

WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WISHES TO COMMUNICATE with Dry Goods merchant in city of Belleville, view of securing position to learn the business. Apply Box D, Intelligencer. a30-6td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, FOR SMALL TEXTILE FACtory, experienced Mechanic and Millwright. Must be capable of assuming responsibility over all mechanical equipment, including two boilers; no engine. No previous experience of individual machines necessary, but general mechanical skill indispensable. No lack of semi-experienced help. Certificated engineer preferred. Apply, giving fullest references on similar work, Box P., Intelligencer. 1t

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. G. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a6-dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—287 ALBERT ST. New modern house. Apply Wm. Donahue, 36 Grove Street. a24-12td

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

ROOMS ABOVE RIGGS' STORE. EXCEPtionally fine; to let. Apply to J. J. B. Flint. 1-6td

FINE RESIDENCE CORNER QUEEN AND Charles; all modern improvements; also fine dwelling, all modern improvements, 55 Baldwin street. J. J. B. Flint. m4-5td

HOUSE TO RENT ON CHATHAM STREET, in good repair. All modern conveniences. Apply to Geo. A. Reid, 94 Chatham Street. Phone 809. m4-6td

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

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Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

The Belleville Burial Co.
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South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
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M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Our : : : California Peach Pies Are Swell!
Try one of these delicious Pies and you'll surely come right along for them.
Some fresh to-day
20c each.
Chas. S. Clapp

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Mother and Four Children Cast Into Oven

Terrible Story of Barbarity of German Soldiers in Belgium

An American correspondent has received details of atrocities committed in Belgium by German soldiers on Aug. 22, of which there is sufficient evidence, obtained by Firmin Roz, a well-known author, who has often visited America, to make the account reliable. Mr. Roz secured a written statement from an eye-witness of the atrocities. The details were learned after the French had captured the village of Messin, in the province of Luxemburg in Belgium, after a fight with the Germans. The witness saw German troops leaving a bakery, which he and others had entered five minutes later. The Germans had set fire to the building, and the witnesses upon entering found four children and a woman lying on live coals in a big bake oven. The woman was pulled out unconscious, though she recovered later, but the children were dead from gas asphyxiating and the intense heat. The woman said that the children were hers, and that the Germans had put all of them in the oven before leaving the place.

The witness asked the name of the woman, but it was not given, for fear of reprisals by the Germans if she was captured later. The name of the French soldier who entered the bakery with the witness is known, however. He is a sergeant.

A SQUARE PEG in a Round Hole

You may be alright, but if you are in the wrong position you are like a square peg in a round hole. You want a position where you fit.

This paper is read by intelligent business men, and a Want Ad. in our classified columns will reach them.

FOR EVENING AFFAIRS.

Between Season Dance Frock With Gathered and Pointed Tunic.

CHARMING PARTY GOWN.

From now until Lent society will make the best of its time. For the dances, dinners and theater parties with which the days before the penitential season will be crowded, the gown pictured here is a charming model. It is of pale green crepe. The gathered tunic is attached to the skirt on the hips. The smart sleeveless effect is used for one shoulder, which is draped with white lace and net and garlanded with pink roses. The girdle is of sequin embroidered net.

WHEN BUYING FURS.

Hints That May Help Solve the Problem of Many Shoppers.

Coats for morning, afternoon, evening and for motoring are made of fur, from seal to astrakhan. Suits of indescribable elegance are fashioned of broadtail and caracul. Fur adorns evening dresses in both narrow and wide bands.

* * *

Kolinsky is the new fur of the season for coats. It strongly resembles sable. It has the warm, soft coloring of Russian sable, but not the same quality of hair.

* * *

Fitch is the favorite trimming for fur. Skunk remains the choice of the conservative yet modishly gowned woman. Blue fox is very fashionable for bordering the high neck, sleeve edges and outlining the edges of wraps.

* * *

Very tiny barrel shaped muffs are an interesting novelty. They come in sets that include tippet, hat and muff.

* * *

Any one fur does not seem to take the lead in fashionable favor, as was the style formerly, and if there is a pelt that is left out of the fashionable scheme it must be accidental.

* * *

This season monkey fur, that lovely long haired, glossy pelt, has been added to the already long list of peltry.

Houses Built of Meerschaum.

The town of Vallecas, in Spain, is almost entirely built of meerschaum. Vallecas has on its outskirts great quarries of a meerschaum too coarse for pipemaking, and a meerschaum built town is the result, an ivory white town that shines in the Spanish sun. In Morocco meerschaum is so plentiful that they use it when soft and fresh for soap. It gives a plentiful and cleansing lather. Ekdischehr, in Asia Minor, supplies the world's meerschaum. There are 2,000 mines, large and small, there, and 8,000 Kurd and Persian meerschaum miners work day and night in them. The meerschaum comes from the earth yellow and turns white after ten days' bleaching in the sun.

CITY AND VICINITY

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF

If you are suffering and have found no relief, investigate Chiropractic. Consultation costs you nothing and may result in health for you.

DR. B. G. HAHN.
42½ Bridge St., opp. Post Office. Hours, 1 p.m. to 8 p.m. Phone 758. M26,tf

Ask your neighbor about this milk. The Citizens' Dairy has installed an up-to-date plant. The milk is scientifically pasteurized; it is delivered absolutely fresh in sterilized bottles. Watch where the wagon calls and ask your neighbor what she thinks of the milk. Her enthusiasm will astonish you. You will want that kind of milk, especially since it doesn't cost a cent more than ordinary milk. Call at the dairy, or phone 236, and have the driver call every day. A27,tf

Want a Partner?

Perhaps business is dragging for the want of a helping hand, or a little more capital. Men with money and men with brains read this paper. You can reach them through our Classified Want Ads.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence, Lewis street

Experiences and Observations in Germany. Mr. Elmer Luck, M.A., Friday evening, May 7th. Hear him tell how he got out of Germany. 1t

Farm Ducks.

The value of ducks on the farm is not yet fully appreciated, says Elizabeth Pollard in Canadian Countryman. One reason is, the constantly-increasing demand for eggs has caused the hen to overshadow all other fowls as a money-getter. Still, judging from our own experience, the duck can be raised on the farm to nearly, if not quite, as good advantage as the hen. We like the eggs as a table food. When fed on practically the same feed as hens, the eggs haven't that objectionable flavor which is imparted by fish and other matter that ducks pick up in running streams, lakes or marshes, where water life abounds. Such grain-made eggs have a rich, agreeable flavor when you get used to them.

We began by wintering five ducks and a drake. They began laying in February, while hen eggs were bringing a high price. We did not care to set any before April, so used them on the table, and for baking, so as to leave all the hen eggs for the market. To get ducks laying early they require the right care, but not the pampering that hens do.

For shelter, any building sufficiently well-built to keep out snow, and rain will do. The floor may be of earth, or anything else, but must be dry, with plenty of straw. They make their own nests in the straw, require no roosts, and do not keep vermin.

They do not thrive on whole grain. The ideal mash for ducks, we find, is made something like this: Boil any kind of vegetables till tender. Then mash in the water in which they were boiled, and thicken with a mixture of ground corn, oats, bran and shorts, adding some meat scraps.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City, thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co. Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1915. No. 298

CHINA AND JAPAN SERIOUS SITUATION

Japanese Legation to Leave China—Japan Believed to be About to Take Immediate Action, Owing to Refusal of Her Demands.

(Canadian Press Special)

PEKIN, May 5.—A Japanese cruiser and four torpedo-boat destroyers have arrived at Chin-wang-tao, about 150 miles east of Pekin, evidently for the purpose of removing from China members of the Japanese legation. Consular reports from all parts of the country announce the departure of Japanese or their concentration at Japanese consulates. There is a substantial opinion in Pekin that Japan may take action in regard to the non-acceptance of her demands by China, without waiting upon the issuance of an ultimatum.

ULTIMATUM ISSUED BY JAPAN

It is Expected That Martial Law Will be Declared in South Manchuria

Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 5.—"A Japanese ultimatum to China," cables the Tokio correspondent of the Central News, "grants a delay of 48 hours."

Tokio, May 4.—An ultimatum to China has been approved by the eldes statesmen after long explanations from Premier Okuma, says the Yomiuri in an extra edition this afternoon. The nature of China's refusal to comply with the Japanese demands, says this paper, makes it necessary to resort to this logical step. There is an impression here that the Chinese President, Yuan Shi Kai, desires an ultimatum in order to justify China's final acceptance of the demands in their entirety.

As soon as the ultimatum is issued, martial law, it is expected, will be declared in South Manchuria.

DEFENSIVE MEASURES IN PEKIN

PEKIN, May 5.—(Special)—Military preparations are being made for the defence of Pekin. According to Chinese officials, whose statements have been corroborated in other circles, the Government is making no preparations elsewhere than at the capital for defence, considering that the Chinese will be unable to oppose the Japanese should they make an attack.

It is asserted in high quarters that one hundred thousand troops have been concentrated in the environs of Pekin, but with sufficient ammunition for only a brief resistance.

Several police and military precautions have been taken throughout the city, especially around the Winter Palace, where President Yuan Shi Kai resides. The officials declare that they are suspicious that the Japanese may attempt a repetition of the Korean coup d'etat.

Thousands of Women Workers

Are Stated by Premier Asquith to be Engaged in Making Shells

LONDON, May 5.—(Special)—Premier Asquith, addressing a meeting of a committee formed to encourage recruiting among employees in the wholesale and retail distributing trades of the country today, said that out of 790,000 clerks, commercial travellers and other workers in these trades, 430,000 had joined the army. He proceeded to point out what women have done to release men for the army. Up to April 24, more than 50,000 women had enrolled on the war register initiated by the Board of Trade. In one of the largest engineering works in Newcastle in the department devoted to the manufacture of shells, he saw three or four thousand women at work. If that could be done in an occupation so far removed from the normal activities of women, it ought to be a far easier task in other trades.

BACK WITH BODY

Mrs' Darling En Route to Toronto With Husband's Remains

Mrs. Robert Clifford Darling and Mrs. Trumbull Warren, formerly the Misses Braithwaite, granddaughters of the late William Hendrie, arrived in New York last night on the Transylvania with the body of Capt. Darling. Both are widows. Capt. Darling died in a London hospital, while Capt. Warren was killed instantly by a bursting shell at Ypres. The interment of Capt. Darling's remains will take place at Toronto.

TURKS' AEROPLANES DESTROYED BY ALLIES

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 5.—A despatch from Athens says the inhabitants of the Gallipoli Peninsula were crossing in large numbers to the Asiatic shore yesterday. Two Turkish aeroplanes, which were reconnoitering and dropping bombs, were brought down by shells from allied ships and the German aviators captured. Adrianople has been denuded of all troops and heavy artillery and Turks are apprehensive of a sudden attack by Bulgarians.

Russian Victory In Caucasus

Turks Suffered Heavy Losses—Russians Still Pursuing Enemy—Turkish Hospital is Captured

PETROGRAD, May 5.—(Special)—The following official communication was issued today:

"In the Khori-Dilman region of the Caucasus our troops, after two days of fighting, opened a determined offensive against Turkish corps under Khali Bey and completely defeated the enemy.

"The Turkish losses may be estimated by the fact that more than 3,500 Turkish dead were found on the battlefiedl, 900 of whom were picked up in the central sector of the battle line along a front of 800 paces.

"At Dilman we captured a Turkish hospital, together with its entire staff.

"Pursuit of the defeated enemy continues."

British Success At the Dardanelles

Terrific Onslaughts of Turks Repulsed With Great Loss to Enemy

LONDON, May 4.—(Special)—British troops are now advancing into the interior of the Gallipoli Peninsula, according to the following official statement issued in London this evening.:

"During the night of 1st-2nd of May and the night of the 2nd-3rd the enemy launched strong and determined attacks in mass against our positions, constantly bringing up fresh troops.

"Not only did the allies repulse every attack, inflicting enormous losses on the enemy, but we assumed the offensive, drove the enemy out of his positions and are now advancing into the interior of the peninsula."

Petrograd supplies details of the operations of the Russian Black Sea fleet against the Turkish Bosphorus forts, stating that besides the firing of the Elmas fortress several others were badly damaged. The fortified works at Fener, Karidje, Fil-Burnu, Burnuliman, upper and lower Kavak-Kale and Elmas, all were under the fire of the Russian guns and their reply to the fire was weak. Scouting ships along the coast failed to find any Turkish warships.

Labor Leaders Allege Overwork

Strain of Overwork is Alleged to be Responsible for Slackness and Not Drink

LONDON, May 4.—The labor leaders plan to make an open protest in Parliament against the charge that through drink their followers have seriously impeded British successes in the war. They will cite figures to show that the contrary is the case. One concrete instance to be cited is that of Edward Cook, of Enfield, employed at the Royal Small Arms factory at Enfield. Cook died, the death certificate says, of "strain due to protracted hours of labor."

Coroner Forbes' certificate set forth that the long hours were made necessary by the demand for munitions.

The London Daily Citizen, organ of the Laborites, in discussing Cook's death said: "Cook worked himself to death. There are thousands of them who are working to meet national emergency demands under an equal strain. Some are able to it; others are not. The injustice of putting down the effects of this strain wholly to the vice of self-indulgence is so palpable and gross that to attempt to reput such a charge would be an insult to the men who have in this way responded to the country's call. One of the facts—the long spell of high pressure and overtime—is kept out of sight; another, much less important in its effects, is thrown up as the whole explanation. To all who have been and are concerned in this misrepresentation is a discredit."

LESLIE GEROW DIES AS RESULT OF SHOCK

CHATHAM, May 4.—Leslie Gerow, who was seriously burned in the accident at the Kent Hydro station on Saturday morning, in which Joseph Fahey lost his life, died shortly after noon today in the public General Hospital. The two men were putting up a ladder when it came too close to a wire carrying 110,000 volts. Gerow was burned on the right arm and both legs, and had he lived it is probable he would have lost these limbs. He is the fourth man to die as a result of using one ladder at the plant.

Gerow was born in Michigan twenty-seven years ago, but when he was a child the family moved to Belleville, but he had lived in Chatham since last fall. Surviving are his widowed mother, Mrs. R. E. Gerow, and one brother, Norbert, who is an operator at the Hydro station. The remains will be taken to Belleville tonight, and the funeral will be held there on Thursday

Gerow was a lineman with the Ontario Commission, and was recognized as a careful and efficient workman. An inquest into the fatality has been opened, and will be continued on Friday evening.

The victim of the unfortunate accident is kell known in this city. He was connected with a local baseball team for some time and was universally respected by all who knew him. His demise will be learned with much regret.

He was a member of the A.O.U.W. of Ameliasburg and a former member of the C. O. O. F. Belleville. He is a son of the late Richard Gerow of Crofton. He was an attendant of the Baptist Church.

British Liquor Act Opposed

LONDON, May 4.—Following a conference of the Nationalist members of Parliament, it was announced that they had decided to oppose the new Cabinet drink tax. This is the first open break in Parliament since the outbreak of the war and it is feared may prove the entering wedge to more serious dissentions. It is considered certain that many of the Laborites will support the Nationalists in their stand. They are very bitter over the continual reiteration by the Government leaders of the charge that the workers of the nation in reality are drunkards.

One More Local Soldier Wounded

Mrs. Chas. Gatcum, of Canifton, received the following telegram this afternoon:

Sincerely regret to inform you that 1404 Gunner Chas. Gatcum, 1st Brigade, 2nd Artillery, Canadian Field Artillery reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

Adjutant General

British Retire, to Re-adjust Lines

Movement Was Made Necessary by Ground Lost Last Week when French Were Driven Back

LONDON, May 4.—(Special)—The British War Office tonight made public the following official communication:

"The loss of ground which resulted from the unexpected use of asphyxiating gases by the enemy last week necessitated a readjustment of our line in front of Ypres. This readjustment, which has been in progress in the last few days, was successfully completed last night. The new line runs to the west of Zonnebeke.

"During the last 21 hours the situation has been normal along the whole front, with the exception of one half-hearted attack by the enemy north-east of Ypres last evening. It was beaten off."

German Pirates Sink Trawlers

Three More Blown up, and Others Shelled and Fired Upon With Rifles

(Canadian Press Special)

HULL, May 5.—Three more trawlers have been added to the list of those blown up by German submarines in the North Sea on Monday, and it is feared others were lost, as they were shelled and fired upon with rifles by the crews of submarines. The crews of the trawlers Iolanthe, Hero and Northward have landed here reporting the destruction of their boats. No lives were lost on board any of the three.

LIFE SENTENCE

A Leader of United Mine Workers Sentenced

TRINIDAD, Col., May 5.—John R. Lawson, a leader of the United Mine Workers, was found guilty yesterday afternoon of murder in the first degree. He was sentenced to spend the rest of his life at hard labor in the Colorado penitentiary.

Lawson was charged with the death of John Nimmo, a deputy sheriff, who was shot down at Ludlow on October 25, 1915, during a battle between the deputies and strikers. Lawson was accused on the theory that he was in charge of the tent colony and in command of the strikers during the fight.

GOWN FOR MINISTER

Macnab Street Congregation Honored Rev. H. B. Ketchen

A entertainment and tea was held at Macnab street Presbyterian church, Hamilton, last evening in celebration of the sixtieth anniversary of the institution. One of the pleasant events of the program was the presentation of a gown to the Rev. H. Beverly Ketchen, and a basket of flowers to his wife. They were the gifts of the ladies and the presentations were made by Dr. Herridge, moderator of the general assembly. The Rev. Mr. Ketchen replied in a fitting manner on his own behalf and also for his wife.

RANGE OF BIG GUNS

Theoretically There is No Limit to It

PARIS, May 5.—"Theoretically, there is no limit to the range of the big guns," said Henry Turpin, the inventor of melinite, to a representative of the Petit Parisien, in discussing the bombardment of Dunkirk. "When I was attached to the technical artillery section of the ministry of war, Gen. Andre, then minister, asked me to make special experiments to see if it was possible to produce a projectile with a range equivalent to the distance from Calais to Dover. My first experiments and calculations showed that it was possible to attain a much greater range than that."

It was while connected with the ministry of war that M. Turpin invented the aerial torpedo which the Germans appear to be using on both fronts, and the inventor is unable to understand how they learned the secret.

LETTER FROM THE FRONT

A postal card was received today by Mr. Charles Aselstine of the Crystal Hotel from Gerald Spafford, who is at the front. He reports being well and at the time of writing had not received any injuries. The writer is a non-commissioned officer of the 34th battery, which left this city

Enemy Repulsed and Outflanked

British Repulse Germans—French Artillery Outflanked Them—Suffered Serious Losses

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 5.—(Afternoon official statement)—To the north of Ypres the Germans yesterday evening delivered an attack against the left sector of the British front. They were repulsed and taken in the flank by French artillery. They suffered serious losses.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 5.—Another casualty list containing the names of nearly two hundred members of the first Canadian division killed, wounded, died of wounds, and gas poisoning, and suffering from the effects of the German gases, was issued from the Militia Department this morning. Heavy losses among the Fourth, Tenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Battalions are recorded, the list of killed in the Fourteenth, which comes from Montreal and other eastern points, being the most extensive in any one battalion list so far received, as a result of the fierce battle around Langemarch and St. Julien. The list of killed in the Fourteenth are mostly of English addresses, such casualties being given out immediately after received. It is expected a heavy list of members with Canadian addresses will be given out tonight, when confirmation of notification of next of kin has been received by the casualty office. The Fifteenth Battalion includes the 48th Highlanders of Toronto.

Following are the casualties in the 2nd Ba[illegible] which the Belleville boys and surrounding district are connected with.

Wounded

Pte. Alfred Belanger, St. Alexis de Mont, County Maskinonge, Que.

Pte. David A. Powles, Picton, Ont.

Pte. L. V. Stephens, 113 Mutual St., Toronto.

Private Leslie Brassey, 307 Balliol street, Toronto.

Pte. David Henry Lucas, Smith's Falls, Ont.

Pte. Edward Walter Huggett, 122 Ossington avenue, Toronto.

Sergt. John Lavin, 23 Charlotte St., Belleville, Ont.

Company Sergt.-Major Lawrence Howard, Aylmer, Que.

Pte. Stanley Garrett, Peterboro', Ont.

Pte. A. Knight, Renfrew, Ont.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Ont., May 5.—Casualties issued today.

First Battalion: Wounded—Pte. King, London, Ont.

Second Battalion: Wounded—Bugler Banks, Huntsville, Ont.; Pte. Haynes, Northwestbury, Eng.

Fourth Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Barrett, Hamilton; Pte. Frame, Windsor Mills, Que.

Seventh Battalion Wounded—Sergt. Weeks, Windsor, Eng.; Corp. Grindell, Hull; Lance Corporal Anderson, Wooler, Eng.; Pte. Miller, Devonport, Eng.; Pte. Martin, Durham, Eng.; Pte. Morrison, Glasgow; Pte. Stewart, London; Pte. Fry, London, Eng.; Pte. Grand, Glasgow; Pte. Smale, Plymouth, Eng.; Pte. Mitchell, Morayshire, Scotland; Pte. Tait, Wattalen, Scotland; Pte. Alker, Wigan, Eng.; Pte. McDowell, Ballmony, Ireland; Pte. Hetherington, Moy, Ireland; Pte. Shaw, Paris, France; Pte. Gardner, Birmingham; Pte. Lanarkshire, Scotland; Pte. Liddicoat, Stanstill, Eng.

Eight Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Green, Fort William.

Tenth Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Duff, Montreal; Pte. Bonna, Quesnell, B.C.

Thirteenth Battalion: Seriously ill—Pte. Thyer, Montreal. Wounded—Lance Corp. MacLean, Inverness Scotland; Corp. Orr, Clydesdale, Scotland; Pte. MacFarlane, Devizes, Eng.; Pte. Cunningham, Reading, Eng.; Pte. Day, Welwyn, Eng.; Pte. Pearce, Bristol; Pte. Hall, Malvern Wells, Eng.; Pte. Jones Bangor, Northwest; Pte. Saggers, Stanstead, Eng.; Pte. Gardner, Alresford, Eng.; Pte. Eldridge, Hastings, Eng.

Fourteenth battalion: Wounded—Pte. Lemesurier, Quebec; Lance Corp. Cantin, Montreal; Died of wounds—Pte. Dabate, Montreal. Wounded—Pte. Callahan, Manchester, N.H.; Pte. Constable, Toronto; Corp. Hunt, St. Johns, Newfoundland; Pte. DeLongchaps, Quebec; Pte. Allen, Burlington, Ont.

Killed in action—Pte. Cameron, Lepreau, N.B.; Pte. Humphrey, Toronto; Pte. Haldeman, Toronto; Pte. Dupuy, Amherst, N.S.; Sergt. Dauvergne, Arundel, St. John.

Seriously ill—Corp. Corrigan, Ottawa.

Lieut. A. G. Caldwell, son of Hon. G. R. Caldwell, is among the killed. He was a native of Winnipeg and was educated at Trinity College School, Port Hope. He was employed in Brandon for three years, and went to the front with the 12th Brandon Horse, 10th Battalion. He is a nephew of Mrs. Hannah Caldwell Farncombe, wife of Dr. Farncombe of Newcastle.

OVERSEAS CONTINGENT AWAITING ORDERS

Names of Officers and Men of the 39th Battalion Who Have Been Selected to go to the Front at Once

Five officers and 250 men of 39th Battalion stationed in this city are prepared at a moment's notice to leave here for oversea service. They are a fine body of men and there is not the slightest doubt that they will follow the example of the Canadians of the First Contingent, who shed lustre upon their country. The names so far available and the places the volunteers are from are as follows:

Officers in Command

Capt. W. H. Hudson, Belleville.
Lieut. B. Allen, Belleville.
Lieut. Edwards, Port Hope.
Lieut. Craig, Peterborough.
Lieut. Hopkins, Lindsay.

Fifteenth Regiment

Privates A. E. McGlashan, R. J. Smith, C. H. Billinger, Fred Belton, H. J. Price, A. Topp, Frank Elvins and S. Murdoff.

Forty-Ninth Regiment

Lieut. G. E. G. Craig, Sergt.-Major P. M. Cook, Sergt. G. Simons, Corp. R. Morrison, Privates G. Cronkwright, J. Halyer, H. Woodacre, E. Taylor, F. Leveradge, G. Sager, R. Snell, R. J. Logue, F. A. Hollobon, D. Walker, W. J. Wallace, W. Ross, E. Burns, A. Gadsby, J. Krampe, E. Dack, J. Murdock, H. Grounds, C. Lawrence, G. Conley, A. Youngs, J. Blakeley, M. Gifford, F. Kinlock, F. Smith, W. Rushlow, W. McMichal, E. Benson, W. Ellis, J. Dale J. Ferries, W. Wilkinson, J. Melady.

COBOURG

Sergt. Blue, Lance Corp. H. O. White, Privates L. T. Russell, F. R. Baker, C. Holden, H. F. Hutchins, W. McMichal, W. Holme., J. McFarlane, R. H. Court, A. H. Wilson, A. White, N. A. Knobs, A. Dewey, S. Beach, W. Gouldbria, A. Vickery, G. Durran, W. Alpinson, M. Waldron, A. McWade, G. McCann, A. Beacham, Hill, Moffatt, McLaughlin, J. Jones, B. Battlemon.

LINDSAY

Sergt. Branagh, Sergt. McDonald, Corporals Deacon, Green, Reynolds, Privates Allen, Baker Berkley, Bearley Bell, Burt Blake, Brown Boulter, Court Crisp, Child Cochrane, Courtin Cheeseman, Dugdale King, Duncan LittleJohn, Sidmore Lebell, Driscoll Meluish, Dariss Murray, Ellerson Mayers, Edgar McDonald, Fraser McKeown, Fortier Sheton, Green McDonnell, Gordon Newmon, Graham Summery, Hill Scobie, Jones Stone, James Storey Alson, Peterson, Patton, Wayne, Wells, Welch, Garside, Bugler Doyle.

PORT HOPE

Capt. Gilbert Edwards, Sergt. Clinton, Sergt. Rome, Corp. Welch, Privates J. Ham, G. T. Carmichael, E. Skeeles, S. Rosser, L. Alsthorpe, J. Edmunds, O. Dyer, O. Hurst, J. E. Jones, W. Goodman, S. Hayden, A. Burnett, J. H. Gillon, G. James, C. Clarke, T. Wheatley, E. Dawe, V. Collet, P. Nixon, A. Rosser, J. Harris, H. Roache, S. White, H. Stubbs, D. Butler, R. Jordan, B. G. Evans, W. E. Pomfret, A. A. Powell, H. Thompson and R. Bennett.

PETERBORO

Sergt. Walter Glew, Corporal J. Coppock, Lance-Corp. A. Moscrop, Bugler Alan Sharpe, Private L. J. Murtagh, H. McClunnan, W. Allen, H. C. Amos, E. Holland, W. Elliott, A. Picard, F. Sullivan, F. Eggleton, G. T. Grist, T. Hellson, G. A. Robinson, J. Sandbach, H. Burrows, T. Hunter, E. H. James, W. Hamilton, F. Bridcott, F. Ashford, G. Wilkins, R. Walsh, H. Kershaw, T. Turner, M. Sergeant, E. Lindsay.

KINGSTON

Privates F. Kennedy, J. Graham, A. Dixon, H. Brown, J. Prior, W. J. Bryant, P. Hampson, J. Wainwright, M. Maddigan, S. Hill, W. Heap, W. A. Cropp, E. Suddard, H. C. Griffiths, Sergt. H. J. Rogers, D. Young, F. Pallard.

PICTON

N. Baker, John Narn, W. J. Conley, A. Raddick, F. C. McNorton, W. A. Taylor, F. Wolfenden, J. Palord, G. N. Wright, T. Maunce, W. H. Selley, J. J. Kirby, A. C. Abbott, J. F. Bamsey, D. McNorton, J. Beelor, Sergt. Guest.

NAPANEE

J. E. Walker, J. Palmer, A. E. Walker, W. Gray, E. T. Leggett, C. J. Leggett, H. E. Salisbury, G. Harmen, F. A. Laughlin, R. Shortts, R. H. McConachie.

LINDSAY

P. Puttick.

GANANOQUE

C. Matthews.

TWEED

L. Cole, C. E. Woodcock, A. McNichol, J. Chapelle, C. Cummings, T. P. Cummings, C. Spencer.

Wounded at The Front

Another Belleville Boy to be Included in List of Wounded

Mr. Frederick Slater, of 42 North Front Street, has received word that his son, Lance Corp. F. E. Slater, of A Co., Q.O.R., has been wounded at the front. The following is the official notice:—

"Sincerely regret inform you Lance-Corp. Frederick Edgar Slater, 3rd Battalion, officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

Adjutant General."

BRITISH NAVAL LOSSES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 5.—British naval losses in the entire war up to April 1st are:

Killed—332 officers, 4,981 men. Wounded—61 officers, 640 men. Interned—41 officers, 1,524 men. Missing—7 officers, 72 men. Prisoners—11 officers, 924 men.

Total—452 officers, 8,141 men.

Exciting Chase After Trawler

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 5.—Submarines sank altogether nine British trawlers with, so far as is known, no loss of life. The trawler Portia has reached Hull after an exciting pursuit by a submarine.

WOOLWICH STRIKE ENDED

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 5.—The strike of eighteen hundred carpenters and builders at Woolwich arsenal has ended. The men have gone back to work and the question of higher wages will probably be arbitrated.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT BY HIS REVOLVER

(Canadian Press Special)

MONTREAL, May 5.—Jack Hebden, son of General Manager Hebden, of the Merchants' Bank, has been killed by the accidental discharge of a revolver while staying for a few days at his father's cottage at Manitou.

German Raiders In Baltic Trapped

LONDON, May 5.—(Special)—The Petrograd correspondent of The Times telegraphs that he learns that three brigades of cavalry and one of infantry, composing the German raiders of the Baltic provinces, have been trapped. He adds that probably none will escape unless they succeed in reaching ships from the coast.

Great Sale of Mill-Ends of Table Linens

We have just placed in stock a very large assortment of beautiful patterns of Table Linens, all mill-ends, ranging from 3-4 yard to 4 yards in length, nearly all 2 yards wide.

These linens would sell for $1.00 to $2.00 yd but will be put

On Sale Thursday Morning
At 50c, 75c and $1.00 yard.

COME THURSDAY MORNING AND SECURE YOUR SUPPLY OF NEW LINENS

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

"MADE IN CANADA"

Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.

Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

Ford Touring Car $590. Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840.

(All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.)

Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
OF CANADA, LIMITED.

W. B. RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.

Ford

MEETING TONIGHT AT THE CITY HALL

Belleville to Have Big Firemen Meet in July—Up to the Citizens to Make the Day a Big Success.

The energetic efforts of our local fire fighters have been rewarded with success, and the 6th Annual Convention and Firemen's Tournament of the Eastern Ontario Firemen's Association will be held in our city, July 27 and 28. This is a big thing for Belleville as the Firemen in the other cities and towns are already making preparations for special excursions and Civic Holidays to allow all to participate in Belleville.

The following letter was received by Ald. Jas. St. Charles, Chairman of Fire, from W. H. James, secretary of the Eastern Ontario Firemen's Association; and a mass meeting of the citizens will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, TONIGHT, to discuss the event and appoint committees for the Day. Every citizen having the interest of the old city at heart should attend and help boost Belleville's Firemen's Day, 1915.

The following letter will explain itself:

Dear Sir,—

Now that the date for the Eastern Volunteer Firemen's Association Convention and tournament draws near, the date being the last Tuesday and Wednesday in July, we trust the City of Belleville is already forming plans for the reception of the Firemen of Eastern Ontario. I might say that the Convention is held on Tuesday, July 27th, and the big day of sports &c will be on Wednesday, July 28th, 1915. Several of the Fire Companies are already making arrangements for trains and excursions, and this promises to be one of the largest events ever held in Eastern Ontario; for the Firemen will be in Belleville on the 28th in full force. I would suggest, if you could get a Civic Holiday on that day that it would help some. We intend to ask the town here, (Trenton) for a Civic Holiday on that day and we will bring down some crowd. I know that several of the other towns are making arrangements to run excursions to your town. In references to sports; the town holding the demonstration is supposed to arrange the sports, which consists of Hose Reel Race, Ladder race, Chief race, 100 yards race for Firemen, prize for best dressed company in parade, prizes for company bringing band, prize for company coming longest distance, etc, etc., and any other events which you wish to put on to make the day a success.

Yours truly,
W. H. James Sec. Treas. Eastern Ontario Firemen.

Every citizen should not forget to atend the meeting in the Council Chamber at 8 o'clock sharp tonight. Every member of the Citizen's Celebration Committee is especially requested to be there, as well as the citizens generally.

Presentation to A City Pastor

Rev. A. R. Sanderson Met With a Pleasant Surprise Last Night

Last night the members of Mr. Sanderson's Bible Class took him by surprise. About 8 p.m. they met at the church and walked to the parsonage, where one of the ladies rang the bell in such a way as to cause alarm. Mr. Sanderson answered the alarm, and to his surprise, there stood his Bible Class of ladies, who were at once made welcome to the home of their pastor and wife. After a social hour had been enjoyed, the following address was read to Mr. Sanderson:

Belleville, May 4th, 1915.

Rev. A. R. Sanderson.

Dear Teacher,—We, the members of your Bible Class, have gathered here tonight to express our sincere regret at your removal from our midst, and to show our appreciation of you as a teacher. You have been faithful. It has always been your aim to lead up to high and holy things. You have given us food for spiritual thought. We shall never forget your open, frank, and constant friendship, which has characterised you, and which has immeasurably strengthened the ties which bind us together as teacher and class. We felt that we must in some tangible way show our love and esteem for you, and now we ask you to accept this electric parlor lamp. We trust it may serve as a reminder of our pleasant associations together. May the great and all-wise God abundantly bless you and Mrs. Sanderson, and keep you in health and strength. We wish you success and happiness in your new field of labor, and trust you may be spared for long years of useful service. Signed on behalf of the class by Mrs. W. H. Gilbert, Mrs. W. A. Dreury, Mrs F. Herity.

Mr. Sanderson thanked the class for their beautiful gift and said that he and Mrs. Sanderson would ever have the kindliest remembrance of them and the pleasure of teaching them the last four years.

Refreshments were served, and a most enjoyable evening was brought to a close by all joining in singing "Auld Lang Syne," and prayer by the pastor.

ROYALTY OF BELGIUM SEEN AT LONG RANGE

Even now, while Albert of Belgium has become almost an international household word for the noblest of qualities, act very much is known about him. An interesting contribution to the rather scanty stock of information is made by Mr. Charles Maskens, first secretary to the Belgian Legation in Washington. Where the world sees a gallant soldier Mr. Maskens sees the conscientious, laborious student. In other words, he sees King Albert as he was before the war.

King Albert came to the throne on the death of King Leopold. It is to the credit of the young man that he was cordially disliked by his uncle, who would never, if he could help it, have the Prince about the Royal palace or present at any court function. He grew up therefore on his father's estate at Ciergnon. He was studious, and his greatest pleasure seemed to be derived from long walks in the country.

According to Mr. Maskens, King Albert is probably the tallest man in Belgium, while Queen Elizabeth is rather short, and in the days before their marriage, when they used to walk together through the streets of Brussels, they caused considerable amusement on account of the disparity in their height. In other respects than stature the difference between the King and the Queen is equally marked. Whatever taste his Majesty may have for art, he is no performer. The Queen, on the contrary is a remarkable musician, and is a brilliant violinist. She has done much to elevate the general taste of the citizens of Belgium with regard to music. She is also a clever painter.

It is odd to remember that Queen Elizabeth of Belgium is the daughter of the Archduke Karl Frederick of Bavaria, and that one of her kinsmen, Ruprecht, the Crown Prince, is probably the bitterest hater of England in all Germany.

THE WEATHER.

Moderate to fresh winds, becoming westerly. A few local showers, but mostly fair today.

Thursday a little warmer.

TRY OUR
Buns, Fried Cake, Doughnuts | Tarts, Cookies, Alberts
All kinds of pastry made fresh daily
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

I Want New Business—of discriminating people. I've many now on my records—I want yours.

There's a good reason why I should have it.

I give the best Complete Sight Service obtainable—and at moderate charges.

I've had over twenty years' experience, and my equipment and methods are up to date.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

THE FIRST SUBMARINE

Invented by Yale Student, it Was Used in Attack on British Fleet

To the existence of Britain's great navy may be traced the invention of the submarine. Its attack on the American colonies during the revolution brought forth what is generally acknowledged to have been the first successful under water craft.

The invention is accredited to David Bushnell, a Yale freshman. All through his college days, from 1771 to 1775, he worked steadily on a vessel that would sail under water. When the revolutionary war broke out he had ready a submarine boat which, on account of its shape, was called the Turtle. The Chicago Tribune relates how he was given a chance at the British fleet under Admiral Lord Howe while it was blockading New York harbor. The strange submarine was launched in New York, but owing to the fact that Mr. Bushnell could not navigate the Turtle himself, as he had not sufficient physical strength, he was forced to turn it over to another man. The Turtle was propelled by hand, and had a maximum speed of two miles an hour.

First Attempt Failed

"Ezra Lee, the man chosen to make the attack on the British flagship, the Eagle," says the Tribune, "had little time to learn how to operate the new craft. He succeeded in getting the Turtle underneath the Eagle, placing a torpedo under the ship's hull, but was unable to fasten it, as the Eagle was sheathed with copper. The torpedo had a time lock on it which caused it to explode within thirty minutes. It was, however, carried away from the hull of the Eagle by the tide and at the appointed time it exploded, sending up a huge column of water not far from the British flagship. The failure of the enterprise disgusted the continental authorities, and the whole matter ended in ridicule.

A quarter of a century later Robert Fulton took the Bushnell invention over to France and interested Napoleon I. in it. He was given a try at the British squadron off the coast of France, but here again the craft failed to catch any of the British ships. Napoleon, tiring of its failure, dismissed Robert Fulton. The British were aware of what was transpiring and managed to open negotiations with Fulton and invited him to go to London. They saw that if a submarine should be developed their great naval strength would vanish. They offered Fulton a large sum of money to pigeonhole his invention and to return with it quietly to America. This offer was spurned by Robert Fulton, but the far-seeing English statesmen and sea lords of Great Britain had grasped the significance of the submarine—that its success would mean the annihilation of British sea power.

The "Fenian Ram"

"The second impetus given to the perfection of the submarine also came from England. John P. Holland of New Haven, Conn., worked for years to perfect what was known as the 'Fenian ram.' Lieut. Holland was an enthusiastic member of the Fenian clan, whose chief object was to precipitate a war between Great Britain and America. It raised $50,000, and with this fund the first Holland submarine was constructed. Holland used practically the same fundamental principles that were utilized by David Bushnell. The Germans, likewise, concede to Mr. Bushnell the original invention of the undersea boats.

"The French began to develop the submarine about the year 1900, following the Fashoda affair, which nearly brought Britain and France to war in 1898. In 1892 Britain awakened to the fact that the submarines had been pronounced a success, and began building submarines after the Holland type.

"Germany did not begin to build submarines until 1908. Since then she has carried on an active 'unterseeboote' programme."

1,200 Architects in Army

The Royal Institute of British Architects has compiled a record of the members of the profession who have joined various branches of the Imperial Forces. The list contains more than 1,200 names.

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

CHRIST CHURCH JUNIORS

The girls of the Junior Auxilliary put on a very interesting programme last night in the Parish Hall of Christ Church. The rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, occupied the chair. The programme was in charge of Mrs. Brown, assisted by Mrs. Adams and Mrs. Wood; but the girls had been trained by Mrs. J. L. Tickell, who is superintendent of the Guild, and who was presented by the girls, in token of their affection and gratitude, with a bouquet of pink carnations. Following is the programme:

Song by the girls of the Guild.
Piano Solo—Viola Munroe.
Recitation—Winnie Riggs.
Star Drill—by 10 girls.
Solo—Miss Florence Brown.
Violin and piano solo—Mrs. and Gerald Watts.
Recitation—Kenneth Clarke.
Daisy Drill—12 girls.
Recitation—Ruth Twining.
Penny Drill—15 girls.
Recitation—Luella Morton.
Piano Solo—Albert Adams.
Vocal Duet—Florence Brown and Mable Clarke.
Recitation—Gertrude Lloyd.
Missionary Doll Drill—10 girls.
Reading—Ruth Twining.
Piano Duet—Lillie and Charlie Pratt.
Recitation—Queena Kerr.
Hymn—The girls of the Guild.
Reading—Mabel Clarke.
Piano Solo—Zenda Wilson.
Recitation—Gertrude Lazier.
Song—"He died, Motherland for you"—The girls of the Guild.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Geer, were in Kingston yesterday.

Rev. and Mrs. A. L. Geen are in Kingston today.

Mayor Fortune of Trenton and Mr. H. Gill of that town were in the city today.

Bugler James Varley of the 21st Battalion, Kingston, spent yesterday in the city, visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. F. Rainbird of Belleville, Ont., who is visiting Battle Creek, Mich., was in the party entertained at the Postum Cereal Co., plant on Saturday afternoon.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

DIED IN THURLOW

Mrs. Ann Creeper, wife of Mrs. John Creeper, passed away last evening at the family residence, Thurlow Township. Deceased was 78 years of age and had had resided in this vicinity for many years. She was a lady who was much respected by all who knew her for years. Mrs. Creeper had been a member of the Methodist Church. In addition to the husband, two survive, namely Frank at home, and William of Northport.

DEATHS.

GEROW—At Chatham on May 4th, James, Leslie Gerow, aged 27 years.

The funeral will take place Thursday, May 6, from the home of his mother, Mrs. Awilda Gerow, 22 Pope St. at 2 p.m. Interment Simond's Burying Ground, Prince Edward County.

Mouth Organs For Tommies

Gifts of Various Kinds Have Been Sent to Canadian Hospital at Le Touquet, France

A letter was received on Monday, May 3, from Miss Ethel Ridley, Canadian Hospital Le Touquet, France, by Miss Falkiner, requested the following articles, which were sent to France May 3rd: 4 dozen boxes of Dutch Cleanser, 3 dozen cakes of Bon Ami, 3 dozen cakes of Sapolio, 8 doz. cakes of Ivory Soap, 2 dozen hard combs, 4 dozen teaspoons, 1 case of mouth.

Cash received with thanks, and used on the above articles.

Mrs. R. J. Graham	$5.00
Mrs. Donald Waters	5.00
Mrs. E. G. Porter	1.00
Mrs. John McKeown	1.00
Miss Fraleck	50
Mrs. Cherry	2.00
Mrs. Rogers	1.01
Total	$13.50

Mrs. Fred Smith 4 doz. teaspoons.

CONSIGNED TO THE TOMB

C. W. YOUNG

The funeral of the late C. W. Young, who died in Smithfield, took place this morning from Tickell & Son's Undertaking Establishment, to Belleville cemetery. The remains were accompanied by the widow, daughter, Mrs. Ostrom of Trenton, two sons, William of Orillia, and Wellington of L'Amable. Deceased was in his seventy-sixth year, and a respected former resident of Sidney Township.

F. E. M. GLASS

This morning, at 10 o'clock the funeral of the late Frederick E. M. Glass took place from the residence of his sister, Mrs. R. J. Bell, Queen street. Services at the house and grave were conducted by the Rev. R. C. Blagrave. There were many in attendance, and the floral tributes were beautiful and many. Deceased was interred in the family plot in Belleville cemetery. The bearers were: Messrs. G. F. Wills, R. Lazier, W. Thomson, H. C. Thompson, L. C. Yeomans, and J. L. Tickell.

MRS. R. J. R. SHORTHILL

The funeral of the late Mrs. R. J. R. Shorthill took place yesterday from the residence of her uncle, Mr. Alexander Ray, 223 William Street. The Rev. H. S. Osborne conducted the services, assisted by Rev. E. A. Baker, of the Albert College, and Rev. C. G. Smith. There were many mourners present, and many beautiful floral tributes were laid upon the casket, including ones from the Parkdale Baptist church, Toronto, her former Bible class, and the choir, of which deceased was a valued member, Fern Avenue School, Parkdale, Bridge St. church choir, Belleville, Y.W.C.T.U., Belleville, O.S.D. staff, and other friends. The bearers were Messrs: J. Sergeant, D. A. Cameron, W. E. Osborne, F. French, Prof. Staples and G. Berkley. Amongst others who attended the obsequies were: Mrs. W. H. Shorthill, Messrs. W. B. and S. W. Shorthill, Georgetown, Ont.; Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Flint, Mr. T. R. C. Flint, Mr. Wm. E. Campbell, Miss Caswell, Mr. Ormond Adams, Toronto.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

A Belated Despatch

LONDON, May 5.—(Special)—Reports received from Dunkirk via Amsterdam claim that the Canadians have again been in action and that on Friday last they had to surrender their trenches. "On Friday morning," says the message, "the Germans began an attack aided by a north-easterly gale and the use of gas-clouds. Although the Canadians gallantly fought with bayonets the Germans finally took possession of the trenches, but only at the price of very heavy losses."

Previous despatches have stated that the Canadians were resting, and the above message probably refers to the engagement of Friday, April 23.

AUSTRALASIA'S MEAT SUPPLY REQUISITIONED.

LONDON, May 5.—(Special)—Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons last night that the British Government has requisitioned the entire supplies of meat from Australia and New Zealand.

The supplies that were not needed for the army, Mr. Runciman added, would be marketed for the benefit of the civil population in order to prevent such increase in price as would arise from a shortage of supplies.

John Barleycorn received a body blow in England yesterday but he is still alive.

Almost any householder can be eloquent when bravely refused to deprive the professional carpet beater of work in his line.

Some of Germany's naval commanders are beginning to chose internment rather than interment.

When real summer troops along it will find that mild ethereal spring has stolen all its best stuff.

will clear up your urine—neutralize uric acid—dissolve stone in the Bladder or Kidneys—stop the pain in the back—and cure all Kidney and Bladder Trouble. 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50. Trial treatment free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

Gives Cork Legs For the Soldiers

COUNTESS MANON VON DUMREICHER

Countess Manon von Dumreicher has made a remarkable gift of 5,000 cork legs for maimed soldiers to the Austrian military hospitals.

SHORTAGE OF TORPEDOES

The Enemy's Submarines Have Been Very Prodigal of These Weapons

If we could only get behind the scenes we should find, the London Daily Telegraph's naval writer is convinced, that Germany has suffered very heavy losses of submarines that she has not more than about three dozen remaining, of which about a dozen, are of the seagoing type; and that she is running short of the very effective torpedoes with T.N.T. which were used in the early days of the war. It is impossible even to estimate the number of these weapons which have been used, both in the seaways round the British coasts and off Belgium, and which have failed to hit anything; but the number must, from all accounts coming from the British fleet, be so large as to have made appreciable inroads on the enemy's reserves. Torpedoes cannot be turned out rapidly like rifles; they are completely equipped automobile vessels of very delicate construction. In engineering details they are beautifully contrived. It must be apparent that torpedoes are not to be turned out rapidly by the thousand. The mere fact that a single one of the 21-inch type costs about $5,000 is proof of the niceness of the work involved in manufacture. I am convinced that the Germans have already made such demands on their supplies of torpedoes that they think it wise to fall back for their submarine operations on older and less powerful types which they had by them, and which they never expected circumstances would force them to employ.

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple, Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon, Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen, Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry, Rasperry, Maple, &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.

Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRI ES RED CED

ON AND AFTER May 1st

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at 30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Buy Blouses Now

We secured from a large Blouse Factory a clearing line of their most up-to-date BLOUSES, confined to ourselves. We place the lot

On Sale Thursday Morning At

$1.19

Less 10 Per Cent Off

SEE THESE IN OUR SOUTH WINDOW. Enough Said.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill,
The same fine materials,
The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

PRODUCED WAR FILMS

Charles Weston Describes Making of Picture Plays

Charles Weston, a well known film producer, describes as follows some of his recent experiences in making motion picture war plays:

"Producing war films is hardly a drawing room occupation, as you will realize when I tell you about a few of the injuries I have had when trying to put realistic thrills into battle scenes. My hearing has been ruined by explosives, and I have to wear artificial ear-drums; my nose has been broken; the hair on my face has been completely scorched off by the flame of exploding gunpowder; the bone of my right leg has two silver screws in it where it was fractured; and that deep scar on my lower lip was caused by the rifle-butt of a too enthusiastic super.

"I started producing battle films the day after war broke out, for I realized that actual views of the struggle would be almost impossible to obtain, as cinema men at the front are objects of suspicion and are arrested on sight. I journeyed to the village of Irthlingborough, in North Hants, where I produce most of my war pictures. The country there, with its rolling plains, hills, and valleys, is ideal for depicting battle scenes. Also a number of iron factories are in the vicinity, from which I can obtain all the supers I require for my temporary armies. They act in their spare time and all day Sundays. I believe those supers would have worked for nothing had I asked them. They could not get into their uniforms fast enough, and they displayed such martial spirit that I trembled to think what would happen when fighting commenced. The trouble started when I began to choose several hundred actors to play the part of Germans. They all wanted to be Britishers, who would 'fight their way to victory,' for I did not need to tell the 'Germans' that their work would mainly consist of retreating at the double. The 'German' supers eventually waived their grievances when I offered them extra money. The films were a great success, for the supers 'fought' with a will in the battle scenes, and many of them were a mass of bruises when the cameras stopped clicking. In one scene the 'Huns' had to storm a barricade set up in a village street. The din of the conflict had a very disturbing effect on the more nervous of the inhabitants, who really believed that the Germans were actually invading their town. So terrorized were they that some of the villagers barricaded their doors and windows and sat awaiting the worst."

A BATTLESHIP'S HEART

Control Room in Close Touch With Every Part of the Vessel

One of the most wonderful features of a battleship is the manner in which it is controlled by the heart of the vessel. Under the deck, situated aft, is the control room, a noise-proof steel vault, about 10 feet by 6 feet. From floor to ceiling the walls are lined with dials, wires, gauges, electric bells, speaking tubes, switches, and a great amount of other apparatus, which keeps the commander in constant touch with every corner of the ship.

It is through the control room, which is usually staffed by about six men, that the commander issues his instructions, calls the gun crews from place to place, directs the engineers, steers the whole ship, and supervises everything. If a submarine, for instance, is seen in any direction, it is through the control room that it is reported. A little bell rings, a voice from far away—probably from the fire control station, which is on one of the masts above the deck—speaks: "Submarine on port bow, sir. Two leagues off." In an instant an officer thrills the gun crews: "'Ware submarine on port bow. Enemy's craft. Ready!" The gunners have been ready for some time, and when the chief gunner has "laid" the gun to his satisfaction, bang! goes a message the enemy will not forget if it hits him.

Will You Be Ready

When warm weather arrives?

Don't wait for those hot sultry June days before discarding your high shoes.

Comfort combined with real style satisfaction awaits you in a pair of our pumps.

Pumps and Colonials, all the latest style effects,
$2.00 to $4.50

Sole Agents for "Altro" and "Walk-Over" Shoes.

W. H. Adams
The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Belleville Boy Censures Censor

Lieut. Lynn, of Engineers Thinks The War Will End About October

Major W. W. Pope, secretary of the Provincial Hydro Commission, has received a letter from Lieut. E. E. Lynn, of the Canadian Engineers, at the front. Lieut. Lynn was in Major Pope's regiment down in Belleville before they both went to Toronto.

Writing on April 8, Lieut. Lynn said: "There will be some big doings soon, and our Canadian lads will most likely be in the thick of it all through, but they will do better yet. The Engineers have been complimented on their good work by Sir John French. When this war will be over is hard to say, but I should say it will be along about next October, for their seems to be a good deal of fight in our enemies yet."

Speaking of the censorship, he says: "We have a censor in our corps that never hears anything more than the distant report of the guns, and he likes to scratch out portions of our letters, so now we write so little he does not get an opportunity to erase anything. So here's hoping he will soon tire of his job as a censor. I wonder what he will think of the foregoing."

HONOR ROLL

APRIL REPORT, S. S. NO. 3, THURLOW

IV Class—Margery Grills, Teressa Whalen, Theadore Sprackett.

Senior III.—Sidney Davenport.

Junior III.—Mary Whalen, Thelma Loucks.

Senior I—Edna Carson, Grace Loucks.

Junior I.—Granville Kent, Mary Browning, Clifford Carson, Alex Kent, Mabel Howes.

Primer Class—Donald Calnan, Gertie Kent.

Present every day: M. Grills, S. Davenport, M. Whalen, E. Carson, M. Browning, M. Howes, A. Kent, G. Kent. Number on roll 15. Average attendance, 12.

M. Fargey, Teacher.

APRIL REPORT S.S. NO. 11, THURLOW

V.—Geraldine Garrison.

Junior IV.—Harold Bradshaw, Chas. Martin.

Senior III.—Beatrice Snider, Bessie Snider, Perry Badgley, Frank Garrison.

II.—Greta Bradshaw, Everette Windover, Fred Garrison.

I.—Edna Badgley, Kathleen Bradshaw Everette Hanna, Phylis Snider, Derwood Windover, Neva Garrison.

Primary—Julia Roblin, Blair Snider, Irene Latta.

B. Ross, Teacher.

APRIL REPORT, 22 SIDNEY AND RAWDON

Names in order of merit.

Junior IV.—Annie Abbott, Roy Armstrong.

III.—Howard Holden, Evelyn Holden, Hazel Smith, Ethel Armstrong, Wava Wallace, Myrtle Brown, Retta Carlisle, Hazel McDonald.

II.—Whitney Armstrong, Vernon Holden, John Carlisle, Bruce Armstrong, Edith Abbott.

I—Elma Armstrong, Clarice Holden, Violet Winsor, Walter Benedict, Frank Abbott.

Average attendance 20; visitors, 12.

H. T. Hutchinson, Teacher.

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's lamoratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

THIRD LINE, THURLOW.

Mr. Carpenter of Gananoque is spending his holidays with his sister, Mrs. W. H. Clark.

Miss Flossy Lawrence of Cannifton, is visiting her friend, Miss Pearl Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Way, 4th line, spent one day last week with their daughter, Mrs. Clinton Casey.

Miss Laura Phelps of Belleville spent Sunday at the home of her brother.

Mrs. W. O'Brien is quite ill.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

MELVILLE.

Nature, with skilful brush, is presenting to our view a most beautiful picture of the old earth re-habilitated in its spring vesture of green and over-arched by a sky of cloudless azure. The green grass of roadside and meadow, the darker shade of the evergreen in contrast with the lighter and more vivid foliage of the deciduous trees, the buds of the maple bursting into leaf, revealing a reddish glow against the sun, the waters of the lake laughing in exuberant joyfulness in the release from winter's bonds—all these combined, make a picture to gladden the eye and cheer the heart of the most pessimistic.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Osborne left on Monday for Toronto to attend the obsequies of a sister-in-law, the late Mrs. Trimble, of that city.

Misses Lois and Ella Locklin were guests of Miss Ida Burkitt, of Burr's, on Sunday.

Mr. L. Mikel, Frankford, spent the week-end with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weeks, Consecon, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Vance were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Weeks.

Mr. Percy Chase and Miss Annie visited thier sister, Mrs. Arthur Hough, Burr's, on Sunday.

Mr. Wm. H. Kinnear is very ill, suffering from heart trouble.

The young people of Melville League enjoyed a pleasant time socially on Thursday evening. A varied program was given, consisting of songs, recitations and instrumental music, etc. An address "Personal Power in Christian Service," by Rev. E. Harston, an instrumental solo by Mr. Thos. Mikel, and a recitation, "The Itinerancy Again," by Miss Alice Harston, were among the prominent features of the programme. Refreshments were served at the close. The Epworth League will hold no meetings during the summer months.

Mr. and Mrs. Caleb French have taken up their residence in their new home in Melville.

Mr. Frank Jones, Wellington, enjoyed a trip to Melville on Monday in his new car.

Visitors to Wellington on Saturday included Mr. and Mrs. C. H. French, Mr. G. Osborne, Mr. J. Wessels and Master Clifford Carley.

Mr. Freeman Cronk, Wellington, canvassed this locality last week, selling various toilet preparations. It seems miraculous that one deprived of sight as is Mr. Cronk, can make his way without assistance over our country roads.

Mr. W. H. Anderson and Mr. W. E. Davidson delivered fat calves to Consecon on Tuesday for shipment.

Messrs. L. Q. Leavens, Geo. Hubbs and N. Dafoe, Niles' Corners, passed through this locality last week with a fine drove of fat cattle which they were delivering to the purchaser, Mr Howard Anderson, Mountain View.

Mr. Fred Weeks, our new milk-drawer, traversed for the first time this season the entire route of South Lakeside to Weller's Bay cheese factory, beginning at W. H. Anderson's, the eastern extremity of the route.

Mrs. Albert Davern and sons, William and Lancelot, will return to their summer residence, South Lakeside, this month, after spending the winter in Georgia.

Melville was well represented at the quarterly sacramental service of Hallowell circuit at Bowerman's on Sunday, May 2. The pastor, Rev. E. Harston, conducted the service.

The condition of Mr. John Kinnear, who has been seriously ill for some weeks, shows signs of improvement.

The members of the Quarterly Official Board of Hallowell Circuit met for the transaction of business at Bowerman's on Monday afternoon.

VICTORIA.

Next Sunday is Mother's Day, and each one is to wear a white flower in honor of their mother, at the afternoon service.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Weese spent Sunday at Mr. Everett Brickman's.

Miss Vera Brickman and Master Gerald spent Monday with friends at the Carrying Place.

Mr. Norman Weese spent Sunday in Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sager, and Mrs. J. Sager spent Sunday at Mr. Carman Adams'.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Fox motored to Campbellford to attend the funeral of Mrs. S. Fox's cousin, the late Mr. Gibson.

Andra Brickman spent Sunday with Mr. E. Brickman.

Mrs. J. Sager is spending a couple of weeks at Belleville visiting her sister and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Brickman and Mrs. L. Brickman drove to Wellington on Friday and spent the day at Mrs. L. Ainsworth's.

CARMEL.

Our Sunday service was withdrawn owing to quarterly services on the other appointments.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitman spent Friday at C. Pitman's, Foxboro.

The Sunday School was reorganized on Friday evening, the old officers being elected unanimously.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. J. L. Clapp is not improving as rapidly as we would like to hear.

Rev. Wilson of Cannifton called at Mr. J. L. Clapp's and Mr. E. Horton's one day last week.

Mrs. Paul Wagner, of Goforth, Texas, gave birth to three girls and a boy, her first children.

We'll have to enlist an army of dentists and send them over to administer gas to the Germans in return.

MASSASSAGA.

Nearly everyone in this vicinity has finished spring seeding.

Mrs. Ward, of Stirling, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Wallbridge, who is ill.

There was a good attendance at the prayer meeting on Wednesday night. Mr. Hazzard led the meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter May attended quarterly service at Mountain View church.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Lent and Abbot motored to Fish Lake to see Mrs. Gorsline, who is ill, on Saturday.

Mr. John Reid and family have moved into Howard Wallbridge's tenant house

Mr. B. D. Adams was the guest of Jas. Broad on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy, and Edith, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Robinson, of Rossmore, spent Sunday at Jas. Robinson's.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Brummel spent Sunday at Crofton.

Sinking of U. S. Vessels

Report That Submarines Have Instructions to Sink Vessels to Show U. S. Impotence

The Hamilton Herald publishes the following cablegram:—

"The Financial News prints the following: "It is reported from a Dutch source that German submarines have been ordered to sink every American vessel sighted, especially passenger liners, without regard for loss of American life, in order to demonstrate the absolute impotence of the United States.

No Action Yet.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—President Wilson refrained from comment today on the wrecking of the American steamer Gulflight by a German torpedo, while awaiting advices on all the facts. The president expected a ful report from Consul Stephens at Plymouth, England, as well as from Ambassador Gerard at Berlin.

When asked concerning the case of Leon C. Thresher, an American drowned when the British steamer Falaba was sunk by a German submarine, President Wilson revealed that no representation had as yet been made to Germany, but that very probably it would be treated with the other cases that has arisen, as, in his opinion, they all seemed a part of the war zone circumstances.

W. M. S. Meeting

Large Number of Delegates at Hamilton For Annual Meeting

The first annual meeting of the Ontario Women's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church of Canada was opened in the Sunday school room of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Hamilton yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Charles Robertson, of Toronto, is presiding. About 450 delegates are in attendance.

Routine business and the roll call of the sub-organizations of the presbyterials all through Ontario was proceeded with in the afternoon, and in the evening an open conference on mission work was held.

Mrs. John G. Gauld and her committee, which has the responsibility of billeting the visiting delegates, have made every preparation and each delegate will be well looked after.

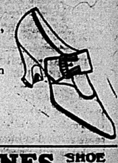
FOR A YOUNG GIRL

A striking suit of soft green silk with a darker green stripe. The stripes are fitted together as shown.

Our Handsome Footwear Styles

elicit many compliments and much admiration

Our Ladies' Colonials, Oxfords and Pumps have a character of their own



Priced at **$1.50 to $4.00**
Great Values

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Sale of Washable Silks
For Tuesday Morning, May 4th

A rare opportunity to buy yourself a beautiful Silk Dress at just about the half price mark.

Tuesday Morning at 9 o'clock, 50c yd.

worth twice as much in the regular way. The lot includes all brand new goods in the latest colors and designs.

New Arrivals in LADIES' SILK UNDERSKIRTS
$2.75 to $3.00 Underskirts for **$1.99**

Made of fine Moire Silk with 10 inch accordion pleating with flounce. Colors Black, Navy and Copenhagen Blue. Ask to See Them.

$1.25 MIDDY BLOUSES for 85c

Made of good strong material, colors Light Blue and Red Strip, all sizes.

Ladies' Parasols in all the new style handles, best frames and covers, that will give good serviceable wear, at 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $1.25.

Ladies' and Gent.'s Raincoats.—A few odd sizes to clear at half price.

See Windows for Bargains

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

A GENERAL ELECTION AND THE LIBERAL PRESS.

The Intelligencer has not in the past, during the ravings of the Liberal Press against an election, taken any part in the controversy, leaving that important question of policy to be decided by those responsible for the administration of the Government of the country. Should the Government decide that in the interest of the Dominion the people who have to bear the burden's imposed upon them through the imposition of additional taxation in aid of the war, it will be the duty of the electors to accept that decision and return to power the men who have courageously performed a duty approved by all loyal subjects who desire the continuance of the freedom enjoyed in all parts of the world by British subjects.

Apart altogether from the war policy of the Government, the administration of the affairs of the Dominion during the past three years has been of such a character when fully and imparially analyzed, that it cannot but meet the approval of the people.

The large expenditures, other than for war purposes, were the result of legacies left them by the Laurier administration, which have been repeatedly pointed out and enumerated, for which the present Government are in no way responsible. The attempt, therefore, to mislead the electors upon this point which has been the policy of the present Opposition, is deceptive and dishonest; not less so than the attempt to hold Ministers, personally and as a Government, responsible for the dishonesty of those men who abused the trust placed in them, in the purchase of war supplies. No sooner were these crimes discovered than the Government insisted upon thorough investigations, by appointing legal men to ferret out every wrong act that had been committed, referring all suspicious cases to the Justice Department with instructions to prosecute and punish every evildoer who did defraud or attempted to defraud the Government. Not satisfied with these drastic steps, Sir Robert Borden, Premier of the Dominion, indignantly and boldly in the House of Commons, denounced certain members of his party, and supporters of his Government, virtually reading them out of the ranks of the party. For this he has received little credit from the Liberal leaders or the Liberal press.

GRITS RAVING.

Instead of taking a patriotic view of the difficulties surrounding the administration of affairs at the present eventful times, the Toronto Globe has become hysterical, and raves more like a maniac than a reasonable being upon the question of an election. It may be said that that journal has "Bob Rogers," as he is dignified, and the fear of a general election upon the brain. Not an issue of late has been published without its editorial columns being filled with condemnations of what it declares to be the policy of the Dominion Government upon the question of an early election and the Hon. Robert Rogers as the master mind who is controlling and dictating what shall be done. It declares that "political organizations" are "self seeking," "corrupt," and "dare-devils," exhibiting "vulpine intelligence," whose "vices are the more deadly because they are virtues gone bad." All this can be yielded as true, if the Globe is from experience speaking for itself, and its own party. Why all this tirade and vituperation? The answer is in the following sentence: "Canada at this "moment is threatened with an utterly indefensible and scandalous "war election"; and all this is the result of, says the Globe, a "Rogers cabel." This is the kind of food dealt out daily to gratify and appease a mortal fear of the result of an election at the present time.

Not having any legitimate complaint against the administration of the affairs of the Dominion during the three years of Conservative reign, an attempt is made to create what is termed a "war election." No such election will be held. If electors are asked to cast their votes it will be upon the merits of the Government, and not upon its policy of, as an integral part of the Empire, aiding to its fullest extent in the suppression of a war forced upon us by an ambitious militarism desirous of conquering the world and making it subservient to the German Emperor, for at present all profess to have but one mind upon that subject, though but a few years ago everything that could be done by the Liberal party, was done to prevent the country from placing itself in a position to aid more effectually the Motherland in a struggle that was known to be in the near future. It is well that these parties have seen the error of their ways and are now atoning for past unpatriotic conduct.

THE HON. ROBT. ROGERS.

This gentleman must feel highly flattered at the attention which the Liberal press is giving him, as being the great conquering Mogul of the Cabinet at Ottawa. He is represented as being the dictator, the master, and director-general of the Cabinet. Sir Robt. Borden is represented as a mere creature in his hands. No matter what the Premier may think upon public questions questions, he has to yield to "Bob," so say Liberal organs. In addition to this he is represented to be a corrupt election manipulator, knowing how to win elections, not by prayer as the late Israel Tarte expressed it No charge has, however, been laid at his door, and none proved to be true. It is the old adage, give a man a bad name, and something will stick, though not based upon a tittle of evidence. The abuse heaped constantly upon the Hon. Robt. may lead his to repeat the answer given by the late Sir John Macdonald when his attention was drawn to the constant virulent attacks made upon him, "That if you want to find where the best apples are in an orchard, go to the tree where the boys have thrown the most sticks and stones." So it is with public men, the more they do, the more they are abused. Time alone justifies statesmen's actions when in office, and history belies the charge, laid at their doors.

COUGHED ALMOST CONSTANTLY

Great Victory for Vinol Over a Severe Bronchial Cough. Vinol Succeeded After Everything Else Failed.

Bogalusa, Ala.—"I am a housekeeper and have three in my family, and I had a terrible cough and pains in my chest for so long I was discouraged. I coughed almost constantly and would almost lose my breath. My trouble interfered with my work because I was so weak and run-down from continual coughing. I took cod liver oil emulsions and other medicines which did me no good. Finally our druggist told me about Vinol. I tried it and noticed an improvement almost immediately and its continued use has completely cured me. Vinol is certainly wonderful and I praise it wherever I go."—Mrs. W. E. CARLISLE, Bogalusa, Ala.

The reason Vinol is so successful in curing chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis, is because of the healing and tissue building influence of the medicinal principles of cod liver oil, assisted by the tonic and blood making properties of tonic iron, all contained in Vinol.

If Vinol fails to benefit any person in this vicinity who suffers from chronic coughs, colds or bronchitis, or to build up the weak, run-down or debilitated, we will pay back their money

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store Belleville, Ont.

GLOWING DESCRIPTION OF IMMORTAL LANGEMARCK

Canadian Eyewitness Tells Thrilling Story of the Heroism Displayed by Canucks, Their Fight Against Superior Numbers, and Their Re-capture of the Guns

The following description of the memorable battle of Langemarck was written by Sir Max Aitkin, the Canadian Record Officer now serving with the Canadian Division in France. It created a sensation in London, and is generally considered to be the best description of a battle which has been sent from the front during the war. The account is taken from the Toronto Star.

The recent fighting in Flanders, in which the Canadians played so glorious a part, cannot, of course, be described until the time has made possible the co-ordination of relevant details, and the piecing together in a narrative both lucid and exact of much which, so near the event is confused and blurred. But it is considered right that the mourning in Canada today for husbands, sons or brothers who have given their lives for the Empire should have, with as little reserve as military considerations allow, the rare and precious consolation which, in the agony of bereavement, the record of the valor of their dead must bring, and indeed the mourning in Canada will be very widely spread, for the battle which raged for so many days in the neighborhood of Ypres was bloody, even as men appraise battles in this callous and life-engulfing war. But as long as brave deeds retain the power to fire the blood of Anglo-Saxons, the stand made by the Canadians in those desperate days will be told by fathers to their sons, for in the military records of Canada this defence will shine as brightly as in the records of the British army the stubborn valor with which Sir James Macdonnell and the Guards beat back from Hougomont the division of Foy, and the army corps of Reille.

AN AMAZING PERFORMANCE.

The Canadians have wrested the trenches over the bodies of the dead and maimed, the right to stand side by side with the superb troops who, in the first battle of Ypres, broke and drove before them the flower of the Prussian Guards. Looked at from any point the performance would be remarkable. It is amazing to soldiers when the genesis and composition of the Canadian division are considered. It contained, no doubt a sprinkling of South African veterans, but it consisted in the main of men who were admirable raw material, but who at the outbreak of the war, were neither disciplined nor trained as men count discipline and training in these days of scientific warfare. It was, it is true, commanded by a distinguished English general. Its staff was supplemented, without being replaced, by some brilliant British staff officers. But in its higher and regimental commands were to be found lawyers, college professors, business men and real estate agents, ready with cool self-confidence to do battle against an organization in which the study of military science is the exclusive pursuit of laborious lives.

With what devotion, with a valor how desperate, with resourcefulness how cool and how frightful the amateur soldier of Canada confronted overwhelming odds, may perhaps be made clear, even by a narrative so incomplete as the present.

A KNOWN WEAKNESS.

The salient of Ypres has become familiar to all students of the campaign in Flanders. Like all salients it was, and was known to be, a source of weakness to the forces holding it, but the reasons which have led to its retention are apparent, and need not be explained.

On April 22 the Canadian division held a line of roughly, 5,000 yards, extending in a north-westerly direction from the Ypres-Roulers Railway to the Ypres-Poelchapelle road, and connecting at its terminus with the French troops. The division consisted of three infantry brigades in addition to the artillery brigades; the first was in reserve, the second was on the right, and the third established contact with the allies at the point indicated above.

GASES USED ON FRENCH FIRST

The day was a peaceful one, warm and sunny, and except that the previous day had witnessed a further bombardment of the stricken town of Ypres, everything seemed quiet in front of the Canadian line. At five o'clock in the afternoon a plan carefully prepared was put into execution against our French allies on the left. Asphyxiating gas of great intensity was projected into their trenches probably by means of force pumps and pipes laid out under the parapets. The fumes, aided by a favorable wind, floated backwards, poisoning and disabling over an extended area those who fell under their effect. The result was that the French were compelled to give ground for a considerable distance. The glory which the French army has won on this war would make it impertinent to labor on the compelling nature of the poisonous discharges under which the trenches were lost. The French did, as everyone knew they would do, all that stout soldiers could do, and the Canadian division, officers and men, look forward to many occasions in the future in which they will stand side by side with the brave armies of France.

The immediate consequence of this enforced withdrawal was, of course, extremely grave. The Third Brigade of the Canadian division was without any left, or, in other words, the left was in the air. It became imperatively necessary to greatly extend the Canadian lines to the left rear. It was not, of course, practicable to move the First Brigade from reserve at a moment's notice, and the line extended from five to nine thousand yards, was not naturally the line that had been held by the allies at five o'clock, and a gap still existed on the left.

The new line, of which our recent point of contact with the French formed the apex, ran quite roughly to the south and west. As shown above, it became necessary for Brigadier-General Turner, commanding the Third Brigade, to throw back his left flank southward to protect his rear. In the course of the confusion which followed upon the readjustment of position, the enemy, who had advanced rapidly after his initial successes, took four British 4.7 guns in a small wood to the west of the village of St. Julien, two miles in the rear of the original French trenches.

CANADIANS OUTNUMBERED

The story of the second battle of Ypres the story of how the Canadian division, enormously outnumbered, for they had in front of them at least four divisions, supported by immense heavy artillery, with a gap still existing, though reduced in their lines, and with dispositions made hurriedly under the stimulus of critical danger, fought through the day and through the night; and then through another day and night; fought under their officers until, as happened to so many, these perished gloriously, and then fought from the impulsion of sheer valor because they came from fighting stock.

The enemy, of course, was aware, whether fully or not may perhaps be doubted, of the advantage his breach in the line had given him, and immediately began to push a formidable series of attacks upon the whole of the newly-formed Canadian salient.

If it is possible to distinguish when the attack was everywhere so fierce it developed with particular intensity at this moment upon the apex of the newly-formed line running in the direction of St. Julien. It has already been stated that four British guns were taken in a wood comparatively early in the evening of the 22nd. In the couse of that night and under the heaviest machine-gun fire, this wood was assaulted by the Canadian, Scottish, 16th Battalion of the Third Brigade and the 10th Battalion of the Second Brigade, which was intercepted for this purpose on its way to a reserve rench. The battalions were respectively commanded by Lieut.-Col. Leckie and Lieut.-Col. Boyle, and after a most fierce struggle in the light of a misty moon they took the position at the point of the bayonet. At midnight the Second Battalion, under Lt.-Col. Watson, and a Toronto regiment, the Queen's Own (3rd Battalion), under Lieut.-Col. Rennie, both of the First Brigade, brought up much-needed reinforcements, and though not actually engaged in the assault, were in reserve.

SHELLS "LIKE WATERING POTS"

All through the following day and night these battalions shared the fortunes and misfortunes of the Third Brigade. An officer who took part in the attack describes how the men fell about him under the fire of the machine guns, which, in his phrase, played upon them, "like a watering pot." He added quite simply: "I wrote my own life off. When one man fell another took his place, and, with a final shout, the survivors of the two battalions flung themselves into the wood. The German garrison was completely demoralized, and the impetuous advance of the Canadians did not cease until they reached the far side of the wood and entrenched themselves there in the position so dearly gained. They had, however, the disappointment of finding that the guns had been blown up by the enemy, and later on in the same night a most formidable concentration of artillery fire, sweeping the wood as a tropical storm sweeps the leaves from a forest, made it impossible for them to hold the position for which they had sacrificed so much.

The fighting continued without intermission all through the night, and to those who observed the indications that the attack was being pushed with

Continued on Page Eight.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
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CURRENT COMMENT

"In Great Britain there has been no attempt to hold the Government peculiarly responsible for waste and jobbery in war contracts," says the Toronto News. "It was frankly admitted that in war time only eternal vigilance could prevent corruption in contracts and in the purchase of supplies. It was assumed that British Ministers weer as concerned as were the leaders of the Unionist party to prevent irregularities and punish offenders. Here, however, the Opposition held Ministers personally responsible for all waste and all irregularities, has contended that they were partners in these rascalities, and has sought chiefly to make party capital at the expense of the Administration in a time of unexampled trial and difficulty." It must not be forgotten that in dealing with national questions, an Opposition in England is not composed of men of the calibre of the Liberal party in Canada today.

"If Parliament should be dissolved why should we have a "frightful" election?" asks the Toronto News. "No one assails the loyalty of the Liberal party. There are thousands of Liberals fighting in the trenches. We could raise an army in Canada if no Conservatives were allowed to enlist. But while this is true of the Liberal party, it is just as true that its leaders have sought to take advantage of an unprecedented crisis and that they demand an attitude in the Government which they have not adopted themselves. Are there any greater issues affecting a free country than those which enter into a general election, and why should consideration of these issues, even in time of war, be objectionable or discreditable?" The News should not forget that power is all the Liberal leaders are seeking, caring little for their consistency or the welfare of the country.

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Ar. OTTAWA 7.40 a.m.
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(Daily except Sunday)
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May 21, Metagama, June 3
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Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
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Many persons imagine that they are getting exercise enough when they begin wearing the "athletic" kind of undergarments in the spring.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 70— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'
Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.30 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.56 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.
Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.15 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Parker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10 35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.08 p.m
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5 10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local
Leave Trenton 8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville 9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls 2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.
Leave Smith's Falls 7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville 12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton 12.35 p.m.
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CHRISTIAN SCIENCE IS IT SPIRITUAL?

"THE WAGES OF SIN IS DEATH"—THE SOUL THAT SINNETH, IT SHALL DIE"

Sickness, and Death Abnormal—Death the Penalty Man's Sin of Disobedience—Jesus, the Divinely Appointed Redeemer of Man—Jesus' Death and Resurrection the Satisfaction for Man's Sin—Healing a Restitution Work—"God is a Spirit"—His Personality—His Attributes—Omnipotent, Omniscient, But Not Omnipresent

NEW YORK CITY, May 2.—New York City Temple had its usual crowded audience when Pastor Russell spoke here tonight. His sermon, a continuation of his masterly discourse of last week, was based on the text, "There shall be no more death, neither sorrow nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain." (Revelation 21:4). He said in part:

Having in our address of last week fairly stated, we believe, the facts and claims of Christian Science, and having pointed out the unreasonableness and inconsistency of some of its statements, we now proceed to inquire whether its teachings are Scriptural. This is the question of special interest to us. We hold, and will endeavor to show, that Christian Science is in conflict with the Bible.

The Bible distinctly avers that God created man perfect—in His own likeness, morally, intellectually. It declares that Adam's disobedience was sin, punishable, not with eternal torment as the creeds declare, but with death—Romans 5:12; 6:23. Corinthians 15:21, 22; Genesis 2:17; 3:17, 19; Ezekiel 18:4, 20.

Christian Science denies these facts declaring that there is no death and that whoever dies merely commits "mortal error." It is surely against Christian Science, but confirmatory of the Bible, that for more than six thousand years mankind have been dying. Even Mother Eddy," who was expected yet to commit "mortal error," finally succumbed to it. What answer can our Christian Science friends make to this? We know of none, except that they might claim that the unreasonableness of their position is no greater than the unreasonableness of any of the other sects and creeds. Logic seems never to be taken into consideration in religious matters; the more illogical a statement, the more commendable its acceptance.

If all disease is error, if death is the greatest error, and if the escaping of "mortal error"—death—brings everlasting life, how do our Christian Science friends expect to get everlasting life, when at the last moment of their trial they make failure? For those of them who are at all logical, this must be another very perplexing problem. The Bibles declares that whoever fails in one point is guilty of all the Law. (James 2:10.) Surely whoever commits "mortal error" has failed in attaining the desideratum of Christian Science. If "mortal error" thus takes hold at the dying moment, what hope would there be for such a person as respects everlasting life, if only overcomers will be granted that life and if none overcome, but all succumb to "mortal error"? The corollary of the argument would be hopeless death for all mankind. In this conclusion the Bible agrees: . . . "The wages of sin is death;" sin, "mortal error," brings death.

What the Scriptures Say

The Bible logically and beautifully points out God's compassion for our race and His provision in Christ for our recovery out of this death condition by a resurrection from the dead. The Bible logically shows that the Divine sentence of death (not torment) must be met either by humanity or by a Redeemer and informs us that Christ left his Heavenly glory for the purpose of redeeming Adam and his race from sin and death. So the Apostle writes by inspiration: "As by a man (Adam) came death, by a man (Jesus) also comes the resurrection of the dead. For as all in Adam die even so all in Christ shall be made alive." (1 Corinthians 15:21, 22.) What is this but a declaration that the sin leading to "mortal error" is atoned for by Divine favor, to the intent that all sinners may be rescued from "mortal error"—death?

The Bible is so much more reasonable and beautiful that, we believe, Christian Scientists, seeing its teachings with clear vision, will gladly exchange an inferior for a superior. Why should they bind themselves too closely to "Mother Eddy," who, according to her own theory, failed in the highest degree, in committing "mortal error"—and hopelessly? Would they not rather take the older and still better teaching of God's Word, and realize that Jesus' resurrection from the dead was the Divine recognition of His perfect sacrifice and a guarantee that His death had accomplished the designed purpose of providing a way for the removal of "mortal error"—death—from humanity?

Those who accept Jesus' death and resurrection as the satisfaction for sin provided by God, and who believe the Bible teaching that the actual resurrection is to occur after the Second Advent of Jesus, may by faith speak of themselves as already risen with Him. But those who deny that there is any death must of necessity deny that Jesus died, and hence would be, whether intentionally or otherwise, denying the Ransom-Price—the Redemption-Price—given for the sins of the whole world.

Cannot our Christian Science friends accept the Redeemer and His work, and by faith look forward to the Restitution, which St. Peter declares will follow our Lord's Second Advent? (Acts 3:19-21.) It will be for all mankind, and will last a thousand years, dealing with "every man in his own order"—Bringing them back from the tomb and from all their weaknesses, which are the blemishes of sin—back to the perfect image and likeness of God, originally represented in Adam.

Healing the Sick not a Sin

Christian Science healers necessarily acknowledge that sickness exists when they speak of healing. We have conceded that sickness, sorrow and pain would not be proper for God's people; and that the prevalence of these conditions attests the fact that God is dealing with the world as criminals under death sentence. The question arises, Is not the Church an exception in this matter? We answer that those believers in Jesus' redemptive work who fully concentrate their lives to God are counted as separate from the world. (John 17:16.) Nevertheless it is not the Divine Plan that they be released from sickness and death.

Take the case of Jesus. (Hebrews 7:26; Matthew 3:17; John 1:14.) He was sorry, He mourned. He agonized in the Garden. He died on the Cross. Nor were these errors; they were the very things for which He came into the world, as He declared—and without Jesus suffering as our Redeemer, Adam and his race could never be released, according to the Divine arrangement.

The Church is invited to "suffer with Him," to "be dead with Him," and thus to share in His resurrection—to the Divine nature. (2 Timothy 2:11, 12; 2 Peter 1:4.) Therefore the Church should not expect Divine healing, which is so much of Restitution and will belong to the world during Messiah's Reign. Restitution is not the promise to the Church, but a new nature—obtained only by participation with the Redeemer in "the sufferings of this present time."—Romans 8:18, 19.

Neither Jesus nor His Apostles experienced healing—nor did the early Church, so far as the record shows. Dorcas and St. Peter's wife's mother are not to be considered exceptions to this rule. Nor was this because none were sick. Jesus Himself evidently was very sick in Gethsemane, and fainted on the way to the Cross. St. Paul mentions how sick Trophimus was; yet there is no suggestion that the Apostle healed him. St. Timothy had dyspepsia, but instead of healing him, St. Paul wrote to him, advising a certain diet.

These things are not accidental, but in full accord with the Scriptural teachings. The healings were done in exceptional cases, for the purpose of establishing the Church. Even Jesus Himself did not heal all who needed aid. At the Pool of Bethesda there were many impotent folk; but He healed one only. (John 5:1-15.) He informed us that His Work was mostly a sample of what Restitution will be, when Messiah's Kingdom shall prevail world-wide: "These things did Jesus, and manifested beforehand His (coming) glory"—His Kingdom work at His Second Advent, when He will be the great Healer, the great Life-Giver, for all of Adam's race—John 2:11.

Mark 16:17, 18 is often quoted in support of Divine healing. But all scholars know or should know, that these are not Jesus' words and that St. Mark did not write them. In fact these words do not appear in any Greek manuscript of earlier date than the Seventh Century. This is not Higher Criticism. I am not a Higher Critic. It is the simplest form of criticism to reject frauds and impositions when we have proof that they are such, as in this case. John 21:25 is another fraudulent addition. Another is found in 1 John 5:7,8, where unscrupulous men sought to establish the false doctrine of the Trinity; for not even one Scripture could be found to its support. In the oldest M.S.S. this text reads, "For there are three that bear record, the Spirit, and the water, and the blood; and these three agree in one (record)." All these spurious additions involve absurdities.

The God of the Bible

Christian Scientists declare that the most potent words ever spoken in creation are the first ten words of Mrs. Eddy's "Scientific Statement of Being"—"There is no life, truth, intelligence, nor substance in matter." How does this agree with their teaching that God is everywhere and in everything?

It further declares that God is a Principle, yet discusses Him as a personality quoting, "God is of purer eyes than to behold iniquity." On the strength of this misapplied text Christian Scientists hold the theory that God is ignorant of everything impure or injurious; that to Him and to them such things are not realities. Nevertheless, the context contradicts all their theories by declaring, "Wherefore beckest thou upon them that deal treacherously, and beholdest thy tongue when the wicked devoureth the man that is more righteous than he?" —Habakkuk 1:13. See also Verse 2.

Christian Science is in conflict with the Bible along another very important line. According to Christian Science, "God is a divine Principle, supreme Incorporeal Being. . . . Mind, Spirit, Soul, Life, Truth, Love. These are symonymous terms. They refer to the infinite God and Justice, mercy, wisdom, goodness and so on. Principle is divine, one Life, one Truth, one Love, and this is God omnipotent, omnipresent, and omniscient. Soul, or Spirit, signifies Deity, and nothing else. These is no finite soul, or spirit."

But the God of the Bible is a Person a Spirit. Jesus said, "God is a Spirit, and they that worship Him must worship Him in spirit and in truth. (John 4:24) God is a Soul: "If any man sin against God shall have no plea to save him." (Hebrews 1:3; 10:38.) He is "the God of all grace, the Father of mercies," "the God of comfort," "every good and perfect gift." (2 Corinthians 1:3; James 1:17.) All these expressions tell us of personality, as do those Scriptures which declare His Justice, Wisdom, Power and Love. These qualities are properly attributed to a good principle; principles of right and wrong have no personality.

Man was made an earthly image of his Creator, who is a Spirit. Man was made "a little lower than the angels." (Psalm 8:5); for angels have God's likeness on the spirit plane. The likeness is not necessarily one of form, but of character and of organization to the extent that man can reason with God and appreciate God's revelations respecting moral and religious things. Other animals, not in God's image, cannot reason on those subjects and cannot be appealed to as can man. To humanity God says, "Come now, let us reason together."—Isaiah 1:18.

A personal God must have a place of presence, as suggested in Jesus' prayer, "Our Father, which art in Heaven." For God to be everywhere, as Christian Scientists and others assert, would make him impersonal. Principle. This wrong thought is held by many who, contrary to the Bible, declare that God is omnipresent—everywhere present.

While God is not omnipresent everywhere present. He is omniscient; that is, He has knowledge of everything and of every place, beholding the evil and the good." (Proverbs 16:3.) We know that there are "both evil and good to be beheld; and that the eyes of the Lord represent His intelligence, taking cognizance of everything everywhere. Since the invention of the telephone and wireless, we may much better than ever before understand how God can have fullest knowledge of everything throughout the Universe just as man can receive instant information from the remotest parts of the earth. What man can do under Divine appliances and enlightenment is, we may be sure, but nothing in comparison with what his Creator can do with that Creator's power and knowledge. Let us, therefore, never lose sight of the Living and True God.

In conclusion, we urge upon Christian Scientists as upon all the following the name of Christ, the importance of coming into relationship with Jesus by faith; first, faith in Him as the Redeemer, through whom alone is there escape from sin, sorrow, sickness, and death; secondly, faith in Him as the great King whose Reign will overthrow sin; thirdly, belief in the Scriptural testimony that the Gospel Church will be His Bride, and share His glorious work throughout eternity—Ephesians 2:7.

Definition of a Righteous War

Rev. A. M. Hubly Discourses on The War and the Slain Canadians

"Righteous War and Our Slain Canadians," was the title of Rev. A. M. Hubly's sermon last Sunday evening at the Reformed Episcopal Church.

The text—Deut. xx:1-5, was treated under three headings. War, to be righteous, must be: first, divinely sanctioned; second, for accomplishing a Divine purpose; third, conducted and carried on in the Spirit of the precepts of the Divine Word. Israel was not a warlike nation, but was often compelled to enter into conflict with other nations; when the above conditions were met by the covenanted people of God, victory crowned their efforts. When they failed to meet these conditions, their enemies, though outside of the Divine covenant, triumphed over them.

Defeat may be the consequences of rash and inconsiderate war. But victory is sure to the people who undertake war for the defence of righteousness against unrighteousness, and who with unselfish motives, honesty of purpose and with lofty aims can say: "In the name of God we will set up our banners." This is very different from setting up our banners in the name of military and naval equipment, in air and land and sea. Let not the people of the Lord put their hope, altogether, in great fleets and vast armies, nor boast of what they will do to crush and annihilate the foe. God, "whose throne is in the heaven, and whose kingdom ruleth over all," has something to do with the warring nations, it may be for chastisement of those most beloved!

War, unprovoked, and for unlawful conquest finds no sanction in the Bible. When it becomes a necessity of defend the right, and to punish evil doers, when it cannot justly be avoided, then the nation at war becomes the executioner of Divine judgment. But such a nation must also know and confess that it is used by God for this purpose. A righteous nation can only carry on war aright when under this lofty conviction. With the Christian nation as with the Christian believer, every purpose, in peace or war, should be established by counsel, and with good advice, sought by prayer. God alone was Israel's confidence in time of war. The enemy might exist in numbers and in military strength, but the people of Jehovah were not to be afraid. The LORD of Israel is the God of England, and also of Canada. May we not also say that he is the God of all nations. Yea, surely, but His strength is with the righteous. He exalteth the righteous nation, while sin is the destruction of any people..

Therefore, the great aim of Canada, as part of the British nation, should be the establishing of righteousness in all her doings. Only thus can she be loyal to the Empire. We believe that by the providence of God, England was compelled to enter this war, the most terrible the world has ever known, and that her armies are fighting in defence of righteousness; and yet there is danger of Britain and her allies erring in diplomatic negotiations and methods of warfare.

There may be the "Achan" in the camp—the dishonest politician, the blasphemer, the drunkard, the gambler, the liar. If these go unrebuked, in places of trust and in command, our hope in God will be frustrated; our prayer to the God of our Empire might bring back the answer, "Why callest thou upon me? England has sinned." Have we sigh "Wherein have we sinned?" Rather, we must bow our heads in contrition, as we read of the best blood of the sons of England and of Canada and of other parts of the Empire being spilt by the weapons of the enemy, and acknowledge our transgressions against our high calling of God in Christ Jesus. Instead of giving ourselves to humiliation, prayer and holy worship, we resort to increased revelry. Every decree for gratifying the love of pleasure, laughter, and frivolity is largely patronized, while the voice of God which calls to prayer and heart-searching repentance and worship is treated with almost universal contempt.

We read of the awful toll of suffering and death our beloved Canada has paid in the bloody carnage at Langemarck. Would this have been exacted of us if our united prayers were unto our God, for his covering over the heads of our boys in the day of battle? It may be and that all the Christian nations at war with one another are praying to the same God, each one for the success of their armies. Where there is iniquity in the heart of a nation or individual the lips cannot address the Throne of Infinite Righteousness. No war in which the presence of God cannot be expected is justifiable. But the people who fear sin more than death have a strong fortress in God, for it is the promise: "No weapon that is formed against thee shall prosper: and every tongue that shall rise against thee in judgment thou shalt condemn. This is the heritage of the servants of the Lord, and their righteousness is of me, saith the Lord." Let us express our heartfelt sorrow for the slain; our deep prayerful sympathy for the wounded, for the bereaved loved ones of the dead and absent in the homes made desolate by cruel war. Let us not insult the glorious Kingdom of Peace by boasting not the glory of war. Let us not talk of the honor our beloved Canadians gained by their bravery in the hour of peril and death, until we rid our skirts of their blood by being true to the requirements of a blood-washed nation! The God of Moses, of Joshua, of Gideon, and of David is still active among the nations. He is not always "on the side of the great battalions." He will not give His glory to another.

When little ones are peevish, give Rexall Orderlies; constipation is often the cause. Sold only by J. S. McKown, The Rexall Store, No. 25c. & 50c. boxes.

The Germans are using suffocating gas to overcome the French. The Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

The Hungarian Chamber has refused to pass the new military budget. They fail to see any sense or reason putting more paint on a house that is about ready to fall to pieces.

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Lawrason's Snowflake Ammonia
gets all the grime and grease off pots and pans. Contains no "grit" to scratch them. Especially good for aluminum.
Ask for it by name—say "Snowflake."
5 and 10 cent packages.

IN STOVE POLISHES
The Shine that Lasts
BLACK
WHITE
TAN
Dep't. I. Eclipse Co., Ltd., Berlin, N. S. Canada

Boy Scouts know that, with a good meal of Corn Flakes, they can stand the strain of a long scouting tour.
The strong sustaining qualities of corn was recognized by the Egyptians in the days of Pharaoh.
Kellogg's
CORN FLAKES
The Sweet Heart of the Corn.
Canada. 10c. per package.
TOASTED CORN FLAKES

HOUSECLEANING
WOODWORK
A wax dressing is the best wood food, and prevents woodwork and panelling from shrinking or warping, which often happens on account of the dry heat of a house.
RONUK
The English Wax Polish and Cleanser for furniture, floors and linoleum is easy to apply; it gives a soft, durable polish and your woodwork will be both clean and bright. 73
On sale at all stores use, 1s 6d.

St. Lawrence Sugar
Children Need Sugar
Pure sugar is necessary to the health of young or old. Good home made candy, sugar on porridge, fruit or bread—not only pleases but stimulates.
Buy St. Lawrence Extra Granulated in bags and be sure of the finest pure cane sugar, untouched by hand from factory to your kitchen.
Bags one lbs., 2 lbs., 10 lbs., Cartons 5 lbs., 10 lbs.
FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.
Sold by best dealers.
St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries, Limited, Montreal.

A BLUE MANOR EPISODE

Not very remarkable was this courtship; there was nothing very strange about it, or more romantic than is apt to be the case with such things. I doubt not that since the daughters of the children of men were wooed, there have been many millions of such May-time passages of greater interest, and that countless Pauls and Virginias have plucked the sweet spring flowers together amid more picturesque surroundings. Every matron—and some maids, if they will, though we deprecate the omen—can recall at least one wooing which she can vouch as a thousand million times more extraordinary than that of my commonplace hero and heroine. That is so; but for that very reason let her read of this ode, and taking off the cover of her own potpourri savor some faint scent of the dewy roses of the past springtime.

It had its origin in the 12.10 down train from Euston to Holyhead, which carried, among other passengers, Charles Maitland of the Temple, barrister by theory and idler by, or for want of, practice. He travelled first-class. When you come to know him better you will understand how superfluous was this last piece of information. Ten minutes before the train was due out, he arrived at the station in a hansom. A silk hat, a well-fitting overcoat—the weather, for March, was mild—gray trousers, and brown gaiters over his patent-leather boots were the most salient details of a costume of which the chief characteristic was an air of perfect correctness. At the bookstall he did not linger, culling with loving eyes the backs of many books, and reveling in his choice with florin hand, as do second-class passengers, but without hesitation he purchased a Saturday Review and a Cornhill Magazine. After he had taken his seat a Smith's boy invited him to select from a tray, upon which glowed half a dozen novels; but he gazed sublimely into vacancy over the boy's head; who soon left him; and prompted by vengeful spirit only inferior to his precocious knoweldge of passenger nature, directed upon him the attacks of two kindred sprites with Banbury cakes and British sherry. The window was slight protection against their shrill voices, but soon the train started and freed him from them. He changed his hat for a brown deer-stalker, and having the compartment to himself, had recourse to his own thoughts. It was not unlikely, he told himself, that he had been precipitate in undertaking this journey. An Easter, coming somewhat early, seemed to have forestalled his wonted invitations for that season; and, to stay in London being out of the question, he had accepted Tom Quaritch's offer. He began to have doubts of the wisdom of this course now, but it was too late. He was bound for Tom Quaritch's. He had known something of Tom at college; and recently he had done him a slight service in town. No more genial soul than the latter existed, and he did not rest satisfied until he had won from Maitland a half promise to come and see his beagles at Easter. At the time our traveler had but the remotest idea of doing so. He did not know enough of Tom's people, while to have acquaintance of the right people and of no one else was part of his creed. But now he was between the horns of a dilemma. These people, of whom he knew nothing, might not be the right people; that was one horn. The other consisted in the fact that to spend a vacation in town was not the thing. When we have chosen our horn it is natural it should seem the sharper of the two. Mr. Charles Maitland frowned as he cut the pages of his Churchill. And then he made up his mind to two things. Firstly, to bring his stay at Blore Manor within the smallest possible limits, and secondly, to comport himself while there with such a formal courtesy as should encourage only the barest familiarity.

At Stafford he had to change into another train, which he did, even as he cut his magazine, with characteristic precision and coolness. And so he reached Blore Station about half-past five, still neat and unsullied, with all the aroma of the street of scents about him.

He let down the window and put out his head. The country thereabouts was flat and uninteresting, the farming untidy, the fences low, yet straggling. A short distance away a few roofs peeping forth from a clump of trees, above which the smoke gently curled, marked the village. The station consisted of a mere shed and a long, bare platform. There were but five persons visible, and of these one was a porter, and one a man servant in a quiet, countrified livery. The latter walked quickly toward him but was forestalled by three girls, the other occupants of the platform, who, at sight of the stranger, came tearing from the far end of it at a headlong pace.

"Here he is! Here he is!" cried the foremost, her shrill voice drawing a dozen heads to the windows of the train. She owed her success to an extempore tug in the form of an excited bull terrier, which, dragging violently at a strap attached to her wrist, jerked her after him much as if she had been a kettle tied to his tail. She might be anything between twenty and five-and-twenty—a tiny little creature of almost fairylike proportions. Her color was high and her hair brown; she had curiously opaque brown eyes, bright as well as opaque. Gloves she had none, and her hair was disordered by her struggles with the dog. But, after all, the main impression she made upon Maitland was that she was excessively small. He had no eyes for the others at present. But one, owing to the reckless method of her progression, gave him a dim notion of being all legs.

"You are Mr. Maitland, are you not?" the first comer began volubly, though loss of breath interfered a little with the symmetry of her sentences. "Tom had to attend a meeting of the fox committee at Annerley. I'm Maggie Quaritch, and this is Dubs—I beg your pardon, how silly of me—Josen, I mean, and this is Agnes. Why, child, what have you done with your hat? Pick it up at once! What wild things Mr. Maitland will think us!"

The youngest girl, whose hat was lying upon the platform some distance away, hung her head in a very pretty attitude of shy "gaucherie." She was about fifteen—rising sixteen in her brother's phrase—and taller than the elder girls, with a peculiarly pale complexion, greenish-gray eyes, and a mass of brownish-red hair. Her loosely made dress was more in consonance with her style than Maitland, staggering under the shock of such a reception, had time or mind to observe. He formally acknowledged the introductions, but words did not come easily to him. He was dumfounded. He was so unaccustomed to this, or to people like these.

"And we must not forget Bill," resumed Miss Quaritch, if possible faster than before. "Isn't he a beauty now, Mr. Maitland? Look at his chest, look at his head, look at his eyes. Yes, he lost that one in a fight with Jack Madeley's retriever, and I'm afraid the sight of the other is going, but he's the most beautiful loveliest, faithfullest dog in the whole world for all that, and his mother loves him, she does" All in a shrill tone, rising a note perhaps with the final words.

The train was moving out. The last that the twelve faces, still glued to the carriage windows, beheld of the scene was Miss Quariech rapturously kissing and hugging the bull terrier, while the Londoner looked on sheepishly. He was horribly conscious of the presence of those grinning faces and suffered as much until the train left as if the onlookers had been a dozen of his club comrades. Whereas the fact was that they found whatever amusement the scene afforded them not in the girl's enthusiasm—she was young enough to gush prettily—but in the strange gentleman's awkward consciousness.

"Now, Mr. Maitland, shall Abiah drive you up in the dog cart, or will you walk with us? Agnes!" this suddenly in a loud scream to the youngest girl, who had moved away, "you can let out the dogs! Down, Juno! Go down, Jack o' Pack! Roy, you ill-conditioned little dog, you are always quarelling! I'm afraid they will make you in a dreadful pickle."

Indeed it seemed to Maitland that they would. An avalanche of scurrying dogs descended upon him from some receptable where they had been penned. He had a vision of a red Irish setter with soft brown eyes, not unlike to, but far finer than Miss Maggie's, with its paws momentarily upon the breast of his overcoat; of a couple of wiry fox terriers skirmishing and snarling round his trousers, and of a shy, lop-eared beagle puppy casting miserable glances at them from an outside place. And then the party got under way in some sort of order. At first Maitland had much ado to answer yes and no.

He was still bewildered by these things, crushed, confounded.

He could have groaned as he sedately explained at what time he left Euston, and where he changed. He was conscious that when their attention was not demanded by the pack of dogs, the girls were covertly scrutinizing him; but in his present state of mind, it mattered not a straw to him whether they were calling him a prig, and a "stick", and affected, and supercilious, or were admiring half in scorn the fit clothes and boots, and his lordly air. All these remarks were in fact made by some one or other of them before the day was over. But he was, and would have been supremely indifferent to their criticisms.

To be Continued.

WOMAN SUFFERAGE

IT'S WAR TIME ASPECT

LONDON, May 5.—The women of England are doing their duty. They are taking care of the wounded, or if they cannot assist in work of that kind they are adding their savings to promote the good work. They are knitting and sewing for the soldiers at the front. The suffragists have given so little trouble to the government that it will undoubtedly soften the hearts of those in Parliament since the "militants" have turned all their energies to aid the fighting men of England, and so suffrage may soon come after this terrible war is over.

Thousands of women in Canada have overcome their sufferings and have been cured of womanly ills by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine, though started nearly half a century ago, sells more widely today than any other womanly tonic. It can now be had in tablet form as well as liquid and every woman who suffers from backache, headache, nervousness pain at times, should take this "Prescription" of Dr. Pierce.

Many a woman is nervous and irritable, feels dragged down and worn out for no reason that she can think of. In ninety-nine per cent. of these cases it is the womanly organism which requires attention; the weak back, dizzy spells and black circles about the eyes, are only symptoms. Go to the source of the trouble and the other symptoms disappear.

Doctor Pierce's pellets are unequaled as a Liver Pill. Smallest, easiest to take. One tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a Dose. Cures Sick Headache, Billious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Billious Attacks and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. 25 cents vial, by druggists—Dr. Pierce's Medicines are manufactured in Canada at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

A Strength Flesh and Body Builder For Spring

Run Down, Underweight People Put on Ten to Twenty Pounds of Healthy Flesh

Most people show a tendency to lose weight in winter. The fat making material in the foods they eat, which at other seasons keep flesh and weight at normal is partially diverted in cold weather and instead is used to furnish heat for the body. Then most of us acquire coughs, colds or the grippe which tear down flesh, lowed vitality, cause a considerable loss in weight and leave us in a rundown condition in the spring.

Any material loss of weight should be regarded with alarm and prompt measures taken to regain the lost flesh. A splendid body builder and flesh producer is found in a preparation known as Sargol which can be found at druggists everywhere and which seldom fails to give the user a weight increase of from ten to twenty pounds within a few weeks. Sargol does not of itself make flesh. It is a small tablet which readily dissolves in the stomach and. mixing with the fats, sugars and starches of the food you eat, prepares these flesh making materials into a form where the blood can easily absorb and distribute them throughout the body. It is really amazing how quickly and easily lost flesh and weight return when Sargol is used with your meals. With returning normal weight comes too a corresponding return of health, spirits, ambition and vitality and you soon feel your old self again. J. S. McKeown and leading druggists everywhere sell and recommend Sargol and every package contains a guarantee of weight increase or money back.

Caution—While Sargol is also widely used for overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles its action in increasing weight is so practically certain that its use is not recommended to those who are not willing to put on ten or more pounds of flesh.

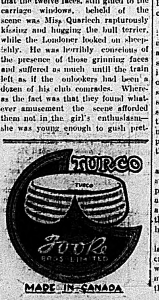
A GERMAN'S OPINION OF THE ENGLISH

While in England all is done for the sake of "respectability," and the wealthier classes can drink what they like, and as much as they like in their clubs, the working man, who in Germany has his comfortable beer-house or garden, in Britain, has to be content with a dirty drinking bar.

Yet, well knowing as they do that it is impossible in such circumstances and environments to expect sobriety and decency, Britain's Ministers, instead of allowing the worker to share in the amenities provided for the clubman, have recourse to compulsory laws of abstinence by which they seek to deprive the poor of their only source of entertainment, while they themselves, with true British smugness, fuddle themselves with post-prandial whiskies in the sanctum of their palatial dwellings.

Intoxicated men, as well as women, are daily found lying by the dozen in streets and squares and in the public parks. In Liverpool and Manchester armies of helplessly drunken women are daily carried to their homes by the police, where their miserable and half-starved children await them.

This is the chosen people of England, the nation of shameless hypocrites and drunkards, which is waging war on the industrious, sociable, and moral Germans! Could irony go further than this?—Berlin Lokalanzeiger.



MADE IN CANADA

$15.00

Buys a New Spring Suit

This week we are offering wonderful value in Ladies' and Misses New Spring Suits. These are all the very latest models and include many of the "Northway" Tailored Suits in Black, Navy Blue, Belgian Blue, Sand Shade, Grey, Black and White Checks, and Tweed Effects, in Ladies' sizes, also Misses 16 and 18 years, all odd lines that have sold at $17.50, $18.50, $20.00 and $22.50, are on sale this week, your choice,

Only $15.00

Ladies' Silk Suits, $25.00

Ladies' Silk Suits are among the most fashionable of Ladies' Garments shown this season, and just now we offer exceptional value in Silk Poplin Suits, in Black, Navy, Putty, Sand, Battleship Grey and Belgian Blue, in Ladies' and Misses' sizes, at

$25.00 per Suit.

40 inch Satin Foulards, only 59c

Here's a snap in Dress Silk.

We have 8 pieces only of these 40 inch Pure Silk Satin Foulards in Rose, Putty, Navy, Blue and Black grounds with figured designs, all regular $1.25 Satins, on sale to clear for only

59c yard

These would make handsome kimonas.

Black and White Coatings, $1.50

This week we place in stock Four Patterns in Black and White Check and Plaid Wool Coatings.

These make very smart Outing Coats, are 54 inches wide, and special coat values for

Only **$1.50** yard

Linens at All Prices.

In our windows we have one pile of Linen Towellings, 1450 yds. in all, and all Pure Linen, and notwithstanding the effect the war is having upon the world's linen markets, we are selling the Towellings at old prices,

Only **10c** yard.

Window Scrims, 15c

Now is the time to buy your Window Scrims, because you do not often see such values as we are now showing in Printed Window Scrims. All new designs and regular values up to 25c for

Only 15c per yard.

Sinclair's See Our LADIES' WASH DRESSES, Only $1.00 **Sinclair's**

Enormous Cost Of The War

The British Chancellor of the Exchequer Gives Some Tall Figures

In the course of his budget speech in the British House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd George said much depended upon the operations of the next two or three months. Experts gave various predictions as to the duration of the war, but the best of them could not tell how long it would last. The operations of the summer alone could give the Government a dependable opinion.

The first eight months of the war cost net £[illegible],000,000. The cost is a progressive one. The first four months cost £102,000,000, the second four months £177,000,000.

One of the most important announcements made by the Chancellor was that no fresh taxes were now contemplated. In this connection he called attention to what he characterized the wonderful buoyancy of the income tax and the supertax, the actual yield being £60,[illegible],000, or an increase of nearly £8,000,000 over the estimates.

He said that the income tax would be renewed in its present form, with a slight modification, but warned the House that if the war were prolonged it would be his duty to consider in what other form the general community could provide funds to enable the country to carry on the war.

As a result of the year's operations, the Chancellor said, the national debt was now £1,165,857,000.

Acid Stomachs Are Dangerous

Common Sense Advice by a Distinguished Specialist.

"Acid" stomachs are dangerous because acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach, thus hindering and preventing the proper action of the stomach, and leading to probably nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble from which people suffer. Ordinary medicines and medicinal treatments are useless in such cases, for they leave the source of the trouble, the acid in the stomach, as dangerous as ever. The acid must be neutralized and its formation prevented, and the best thing for this purpose is a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, a simple antacid, taken in a little warm or cold water after eating, which not only neutralizes the acid, but also prevents the fermentation from which acidity is developed. Foods which ordinarily cause distress may be eaten with impunity if the meal is followed with a little bisurated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist, and should always be kept handy.

Last year's comets did not wear tails, but this year's most notable visitant is reported to have two. Being a comet is becoming increasingly costly.

A general attack on the Dardanelles forts has been commenced. Gen. Attack is likely to be a successful leader.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

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BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
Phone 229

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EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 392

A TRENCH "CARUSO"

Welsh Soldier Caused Temporary Truce by Singing For Fighters

The depressing feature of this war is its anonymity, wrote a Central News correspondent from "a town in Flanders." We know of its terrors, but we rarely hear of the deeds which have brought frequent bright rays of glory into the drab work of trench fighting, and even less of the little exhibitions of humanity sometimes displayed by the grim combatants.

I have just received a story of a Welshman which is altogether remarkable. The soldier, I am informed, came from Tonypin, or Llwynypandy, or some place with an equally unpronounceable name, and except that he possessed a remarkably good tenor voice was an otherwise undistinguished wearer of the King's khaki. Now he has acquired a local fame not only amongst his comrades but also amongst his foes in the opposite trench.

It seems to have happened in this way: It was one of the many miserable nights that our troops have spent in the muddy trenches. There was no sound beyond the occasional "plip-plop" of a German rifle and the sharp bark of a reply shot. In these circumstances the gallant Welshman suddenly lifted up his heart in song. He sang a merry Welsh ballad, "Hob y deri dando," and when he had finished not only did his own cold and rain-sodden comrades applaud him, but across from the opposite trench there came in excellent English a demand for more! So once again the clear voice was lifted up into the grey night. This time the song was "Mintra Gwen," and again the Germans applauded. "Have you got Caruso there?" one of them shouted across.

At this moment it seemed to dawn upon both sides that the singer had created a truce, for whilst he had sung not a shot had been fired. Everyone within earshot had momentarily forgotten the deadly work of war to hang upon the melodies arising from the mud of Flanders. A bargain was struck on the German proposition that if the soldier with the beautiful voice would sing again they would agree to fire no more until daylight.

For the third time the singer entertained his strange audience, this time choosing "Hen Wlad fy Nhadau," and the stirring strains of the Welsh National Anthem arose for, perhaps, the first time over the dismal Flemish morass.

Will Consult With Colonies

In the British House of Commons Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, made an important statement stating that the colonies would be consulted by Great Britain when the time came to make peace.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
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Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

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Barrister, &c., 28 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
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DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 715

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BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
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Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co. Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co. and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell-St. Phone 161, Belleville.

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I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
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Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
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W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

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Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 545.
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GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.
Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.
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W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to.
Leave orders at J. W. Davison's Insurance Office, 38 Bridge Street. Phone 562; or 298 Charles Street.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

NEGLECTED TO DELIVER

Two citizens have reported to the police that on Saturday they purchased potatoes on the market and the vendor failed to deliver same.

DISTURBER ARRESTED

Last evening the police answered a call to a restaurant and arrested a party who was intoxicated and desired to create a disturbance.

DRUNKS LOOKED AFTER

Three drunks and a vagrant who were arrested about the G.T.R. premises, were last night taken in charge by the police.

SENT TO JAIL

Patrick Coleman was last evening arrested on a charge of drunkenness, after having been discharged from a similar offence yesterday. A fine of $10 and costs or in default 30 days in jail was imposed. Coleman went up on the hill as he was unable to pay the fine.

DIED IN BUFFALO

A message was received in the city last evening announcing the death of Mrs. Lizzie Harmon of Buffalo, N.Y. Deceased was the eldest daughter of Mr. Fred Palos, Sr., of this city. Her demise was sudden. Mr. Harmon preceded her to the tomb. One son and two daughters survive. Relatives of the deceased left to-day for Buffalo to attend the obsequies.

CASE SATISFACTORILY SETTLED

William Patterson, who is connected with the Militia, was this morning before Magistrate Masson on a charge of taking a team of horses and vehicle from Mr. Joseph Milne, who resides in Thurlow Township. The accused pleaded guilty to the offence charged against him. An amicable settlement of the affair was arranged by Patterson paying the costs and reimbursing Mr. Milne for damages to his outfit.

COMFORTS FOR THE BOYS

A box to be sent by the Red Cross and Patriotic Association, will be packed at 186 John street, on May 11. Red and blue cotton handkerchiefs, writing pads and pencils, tobacco, chocolates and gum and small donations to buy these articles will be greatly acknowledged. It has been sugested that school girls and boys might like to assist in making contributions.

GRIFFINS

One Night Only, FRIDAY, MAY 7

Gus Hill's Big Laugh Show

BRINGING UP FATHER

30 People, Mostly Girls 30

Prices, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

Seats now on Sale at Doyle's Drug Store.

COMMITTED TO JAIL

Arthur Bolyear was this morning by Magistrate Masson fined $5 and costs for being drunk and disorderly. The accused was committed to jail, as he was unable to pay the fine.

CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY

George Ashton, a stranger in the city, was last night placed under arrest on a charge of vagrancy. The accused was about the G.T.R. station at the time of his arrest and apparently was endeavoring to board a train. This morning the Magistrate remanded him to jail to the 13th inst.

'Things as They Are'

An Interesting Missionary Drama at the Baptist Church

The young ladies of the Outlook Club of the Baptist Church presented "Things as they are" (in India), a missionary drama, written by Mrs. Leslie, to a crowded audience in the school room last night. A special platform was erected and fitted out to represent an Indian bungalow. Mrs. Chas. Buck took the part of the lady missionary and explained the various "castes" among the women of India, also the marriage customs and other social ceremonies as they affect the women of the Hindu and Mohammedan faiths. Miss Elsie Gastrell assumed the role of an American visitor to the Orient, who is out for information, and is horrified by the hideous domestic customs and the servitude of the women of India. She also feels the delightful thrill of being called a "foreign devil." The following young ladies took part in the representation of the various social and sexual embroglios of India, as they affect the women, and also engaged in instructive dialogues and Telegu songs: Miss Mary Hess, Miss Lorena Chute, Miss Cecil Kiser, Miss Edna Barlow, Miss Elsie Forman, Miss Ethel Nurse, Miss Neva Deeton, Miss Edna Case. Miss Bessie Handley presided at the piano, and Miss Anna Lounsberry acted as the missionary treasurer and received the offerings, which will be devoted to the support of a native missionary whose salary is provided by the Outlook Club. At the close of the missionary drama the audience were treated to refreshments in the form of curry and rice—India's staple dish. This hot and wholesome relish proved too much for western palates—judging by the fragments that remained over after the audience had dispersed. Nevertheless the inovation was much appreciated. A delegation of thirty young people were present from the Sidney Baptist Church, along with their pastor, Rev. Arthur Richmond, who spoke a few words of appreciation. During the programme Mrs. W. R. Deeton gave a piano solo that was heartily encored. The Sidney delegates were subsequently served to a dainty luncheon in the ladies' parlors, and afterwards visited the church auditorium and listened to a short organ recital by Miss Wanda Riggs. The costumes for the drama were kindly loaned by Miss Lorena Chute, and the brochure was given gratis by the talented authoress, Mrs. Leslie.

An Event of Vital Importance To Every Housewife

Our special low prices on the very highest quality of Electric Appliances will continue until the 8th of May. Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to purchase Canadian Beauty Appliances at less than they were ever sold before. After May 8th they will go back to the Regular Prices.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Regular $6.50 Special, $3.75 — Regular $4.50 Special, $3.00 — Regular $4.50 Special, $2.75

The John Lewis Co.

Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

THE ONLY SPECIALISTS in CYCLES & ACCESSORIES

We Are THE REPAIR PEOPLE

333 FRONT STREET

Our Exclusive Styles in MILLINERY

Is perhaps the secret of our success. Many of the elite of the city are wearing one of our up-to-the-minute styles. If you need a NEW HAT, see ours—the Popular Hat—at moderate prices.

Miss M. Campbell

FUNDS Needed for **Serbia**

Please send Cheques and Postal Orders to Lady Boyle, Hon. Treasurer of the SERBIAN RED CROSS

Offices, 5 Cromwell Rd., S.W., London, England.

All Kinds of HATS

Cleaned and Blocked.

NO ACIDS USED

Therefore will not injure the FIBRE.

WE CLEAN THE HATS

DELANEY'S

236½ Front St. Phone 797

(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

N.B.—Furs Stored

DAVIES

Smoked Rolls 16c lb.

Pink Salmon 3 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

June Peas 4 tins 25c

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

When "Bringing Up Father," the latest singing and dancing comedy, presented by Manager Gus Hill, comes to Griffin's on Friday, May 7, the public will have an opportunity of seeing a new style of play. The piece, which is written in three acts, contains a real plot, is extremely well written and constructed and contains a number of features and novelties out of the beaten path. The offering was suggested by the clever cartoon drawings of George McManus, bearing the same title. Seats now at Doyle's.

Japan's ambition may be to star in the role of international suspicious character.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS and VARNISHES

Are BEST for Your HOME.

Information and Color Cards at WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE

Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.

Beautiful weather and extensive casualty lists seem to be related.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

House of Hobberlin

House of High Grade Clothing

Hobberlin Clothes

Are All Wool

It's the certainty of getting what you buy that gives satisfaction in buying a Hobberlin tailored-to-measure suit. Everything is just as represented—the garment as you see it from the outside—all the hidden parts that are not seen.

Would you have a Suit of this character made in the NEW SEASON'S English, Scotch or Irish fabrics, - - - - $15 up

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

Sole Agents for Hobberlin Tailoring

HAVE YOUR FURS STORED and insured against all damage or loss by Moths or Fire. Our charges are three per cent on your own valuation. Phone 363 and we will send for them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

242 Front Street.

POLAND IS TRAMPLED

Millions Are Homeless, Workless and Starving on Vast Battlefield

The attention of the world has been so concentrated on the ruin of Belgium and the terrible sufferings of its people that almost similar conditions in the eastern theatre of the war have attracted little notice in Britain or America. Yet we are told that the suffering and want in Poland have been appalling since the very first weeks of the war. M. Henri Sienkiewicz, the author of the world-famed novel "Quo Vadis" says that in the kingdom of Poland alone 15,000 villages have been burned or damaged, a thousand churches and chapels have been destroyed. In nine out of ten provinces the Germans have seized everything, even to the peasant's chicken. Homeless, the villagers have sought shelter and found starvation in the forests.

The correspondents of the "London Chronicle" summarizes the situation as follows: Over a line of 650 miles some 3,000,000 Austro-Germans and 4,000,000 Russians have been fighting each other ever since the war begun. They have been treading down and tearing the Polish land and famishing and exterminating its inhabitants. The Poles have furnished 1,500,000 soldiers, almost equally divided between the Russian and Austro-German armies. Everywhere the tide of fighting has repeatedly over-run the country. It has submerged about 250 towns and 9,000 villages. The material damages amount to more than $600,000,000. About 5,000 villages have been razed to the ground, either in battle or in retreat. All stores of corn and forage have been seized or destroyed and 1,000,000 horses and 2,000,000 cattle have been taken for the armies or have perished for want of pasture. The rural population of 7,000,000 is reduced to beggary.

All factories have long ago stopped working. Many are greatly damaged; 100 very important ones have been destroyed. The whole of the industrial production amounting to above $400,000,000 yearly, has been ruined, and 400,000 workmen are now without means of subsistence, together with a multitude of artisans and tradesmen deprived with their families of any earnings. The great majority of townsmen, 3,000,000 in number, are destitute.

M. Sienkiewcz, in appealing for aid for his suffering countrymen says: "Two countries have especially suffered in this frightful war in which the demons of Death and Destruction are struggling for the empire of the world. These countries are Belgium and Poland. The splendid help that many peoples have given to Belgium honors humanity. We are not jealous of the sympathy shown to that little nation; we know that we should have similar sympathy if the world only knew the miseries that our unhappy people have undergone and are undergoing."

FOR SORE MUSCLES STRAINS, SPRAINS, BRUISES

Rub in a few drops of Absorbine Jr. and you will be agreeably surprised at the prompt relief. It reduces inflammation and swelling—allays pain and soreness.

Used as a Rub-down after violent exercise or physical exertion it puts vim and energy into jaded muscles, limbers the joints and gives the body the glow of health. Rub-down made by adding one ounce Absorbine, Jr. to a quart of water or witch hazel.

Absorbine Jr is more than a liniment—it is a positive germicide and therefore its uses and efficiency are doubled. Applied to cuts, wounds, sores, it kills the germ, makes the part aseptically clean, and promotes rapid healing. Economical as only a few drops are required at an application.

Made of herbs and safe to use anywhere.

At all druggists, $1.00 per bottle or postpaid. Manufactured only by W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

Bright Glassware

To make glassware glisten, wash the glass and rinse in hot water, then plunge into cold water into which a handful of starch has been dissolved. Drain the glassware on towels until perfectly dry, then polish with a dry cloth.

German Helmet a "Hoodoo"

Driver Fred Rogerson, of Preston, England, says that a German helmet is regarded as a very bad omen in his battery. "A gunner of ours got a helmet at Chevny; the next time we came into action he was killed. The helmet changed hands, this time to a corporal, who had his horse's head and his own leg blown off by the enemy's shell. Again the helmet was given to a gunner, who has his head blown off at the battle of the Aisne. The helmet then passed to a sergeant-major, who was killed at Ypres. Since then," adds Rogerson, "no one who has been with us long will touch one."

Do as Mr. Gard

Mr. Anson A. Gard, the well known Littérateur of Ottawa, called the Wandering Yankee, says in an unsolicited testimonial for ZUTOO Tablets:

"Zutoo Tablets stop my headaches so completely that I do not mind having them any more."

No need for any one to suffer from headache if they do as Mr. Gard does

and take Zutoo

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles To Choose From

Chairs $5.60 — Such Prices as These — **Rockers $6.15**

Have Never Been Equalled Before In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts

Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse 210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

LOST.

LOST—WATCH FOB, GOLD SEAL, F.W.E. Reward at Intelligencer. m4-3td

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, LARGE PIER MIRROR WITH Claw Feet; also rosewood and mahogany desks, dinner wagon and old Queen Anne Parlor Table; odd chairs and hall pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 1-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander streets—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15–3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

FOR SALE, GENERAL STORE WITH POST Office. Stock about $1800. Terms cash. John M. Chislett, Rednerville. 1-6td

WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WISHES TO COMMUNICATE with Dry Goods merchant in city of Belleville, view of securing position to learn the business. Apply Box D, Intelligencer. a30-6td

WANTED BY MAN AND WIFE, A SMALL house or apartment with all conveniences—rent moderate. Box C., Intelligencer. 1t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS and tool makers. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. m5-3t

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything. Write or call, Robertson, 156 King Street E., Toronto.

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—287 ALBERT ST. New modern house. Apply Wm. Donahue, 36 Grove Street. a24-12td

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

ROOMS ABOVE RIGGS' STORE. EXCEPtionally fine; to let. Apply to J. J. B. Flint. 1-6td

FINE RESIDENCE CORNER QUEEN AND Charles; all modern improvements; also fine dwelling, all modern improvements, 55 Baldwin street. J. J. B. Flint. m4-5td

HOUSE TO RENT ON CHATHAM STREET, in good repair. All modern conveniences. Apply to Geo. A. Reid, 94 Chatham Street. Phone 809. m4-6td

AGENTS WANTED

THE WORLD WAR — INCLUDING CANada's part in the great conflict. Splendidly illustrated. Only one dollar. Big money maker. Unusually liberal terms. Sample book and instructions free. Winston Co., Toronto. 4td:a24,28,m1,5

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

Advertise In The Intelligencer.

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Our : : :
California Peach Pies Are Swell!
Try one of these delicious Pies and you'll surely come right along for them.
Some fresh to-day
20c each.
Chas. S. Clapp

GLOWING DESCRIPTION OF IMMORTAL LANGEMARCK

Continued from Page Four.

ever-growing strength, it hardly seemed possible that the Canadians, fighting in positions so difficult to defend, and so little the subject of deliberate choice, could maintain their resistance for any long period. At 6 a.m. on Friday it became apparent that the left was becoming more and more involved and a powerful German attempt to outflank it developed rapidly. The consequences if it had been broken or outflanked need not be insisted upon. They were not merely local.

It was, therefore, decided, formidable as the attempt undoubtedly was, to try and give relief by a counter-attack upon the first line of German trenches, now far, far advanced from those originally occupied by the French. This was carried out by the Ontario First and Fourth and Battalions, of the First Brigade, under Brigadier-General Mercer, acting in combination with a British brigade. It is safe to say that the youngest private in the rank, as he set his teeth for the advance, knew the task in front of him and the youngest subaltern knew all that rested upon its success.

SUFFERED TERRIBLE LOSSES

It did not seem that any human being could live in the shower of shot and shell which began to play upon the advancing troops. They suffered terrible casualties. For a short time every other man seemed to fall, but the attack was pressed ever closer and closer. The Fourth Canadian Battalion at one moment came under a particularly withering fire. For a moment, not more, it wavered. Its most gallant commanding officer, Lt.-Col. Birchall, carrying after an old fashion, a light cane, coolly and cheerfully rallied his men and at the very moment when his example had infected them, fell dead at the head of his battalion.

With a hoarse cry of anger, they sprang forward (for indeed they loved him), as if to avenge his death. The astonishing attack which followed, pushed home in the face of direct frontal fire made in broad day light, by battalions whose names should live forever in the memories of soldiers, was carried to the first line of German trenches. After a hand-to-hand struggle the last German who resisted was bayonetted, and the trench was won.

The measure of this success may be taken, when it is pointed out that this trench represented in the German advance the apex in the breach which the enemy had made in the original line of the allies, and that it was two and a half miles south of that line. This charge, made by men who looked death indifferently in the face, for no man who took part in it could think that he was likely to live, saved, and what was much more the Canadian left. But it did more, up to the point where the assailants conquered or died, it secured and maintained during the most critical moment of all the integrity of the allied. For the trench was not only taken, it was thereafter held against all comers, and in the teeth of every conceivable projectile, until the night of Sunday, the 25th, when all that remained of the war-broken but victorious battalions were relieved by fresh troops.

(To be continued tomorrow)

"INVALIDES" BABY

Hero of the Present War Joins Veterans of 1870

The veterans of the Invalides in Paris, men who fought in "L'Annee Terrible" of 1870, have received a young comrade—the first of this war to be given sanctuary in this rest house of heroes.

He is Jean Marie Caujolle, aged twenty-six, and, in spite of having lost both his legs, he has kept the gaiety of his heart. After the amputation he said to the general who stood by his bedside, "I am still good for military service as an aviator; I shall be lighter than before." His spirit is still so restive that for two days his wooden legs had to be taken away from him so that he should rest quietly in his new quarters.

The old veterans make a fuss of him. "He has a right to be proud of himself," they say; "the battles we went through were child's play compared to those of modern war."

Now Jean Marie Caujolle, stumping about the Invalides on his wooden pins, is a guardian of national trophies and waits impatiently for a new consignment of German guns and flags.

British Use Wire-wound Guns

British guns still retain their supremacy. They are lighter and more easily handled than the German guns. This is due to the fact that German guns are solid, while the English weapons are wire-wound. The Germans have never believed in the wire-winding; they have always regarded it as a piece of British stupidity.

A Canadian Touch

The Duchess of Connaught's gift of a box of maple sugar to every officer and man in the first Canadian contingent and in Bermuda was appropriate and characteristic. It recalls the old exchange of telegrams when the Duke was first called upon to take up his work in Canada. The Duchess received a cryptic message asking whether or not she thought maple sugar would agree with her. She caught on to the meaning in a flash, and wired back to the Duke that it agreed admirably.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN CHINTZ and TAPESTRY RUGS

On Sale All This And Next Week At Drastic Discounts

What three more important articles could we have reduced in price? And at what more opportune time could we have reduced them than right now at house-cleaning time? Note the drastic reductions at which we have marked them, and then come in at the first opportunity and share in the splendid offerings.

Reg. 35c Curtain Chintz for 18c yd.

For this sale we have chosen a large stock of beautiful AMERICAN ART CHINTZ in all the standard shades in floral, conventional and verdure designs. They are suitable for window draperies for dining-room, bed-room or living-room: also for chair covering, 36 ins. wide and reg. 35c yd. While they last for this sale at 18c yd.

Regular 35c For 18c Yard

Lace Curtains On Sale

Regular $1.25 Values

99c Pair

An extra special bargain in White Nottingham Lace Curtains, consisting of 5 designs, size 45 to 50 ins. by 5 yds. wide. They have the Colbert overlock stitch edge, and are in the very newest designs, such as Bungalow Net centres and insertion border, also pretty scroll designs and all-over patterns. Reg. $1.25 for Only 99c Pair

25 Per Cent Discount Sale On all Odd Pairs of Lace Curtains

Odd pairs of Curtains, only one pair of a pattern, but they are the balance of our season's best selling lines, such as Swiss Applique, Battenburg, Brussels Net, Voiles, Marquisettes and fancy Coristine Lace Curtains in white, ivory, ecru, and two tone effects. Some are slightly soiled through handling, and we will sell them to clear quickly at

25 Per Cent off Retail Marked Prices

Size 3 x 3½ Reg $15.00 For $11.75

Tapestry Rugs on Sale

Seamless Tapestry Squares of best English manufactnre, all the standard colorings, are represented in these Rugs in pretty conventional, floral and motif patterns. If you have a room in need of a new Rug, and you want one that will give good service—cheap—why, this is your chance.

Size 3 x 3½ Regular $15.00 for $11.75
Size 3 x 4 Regular $17.50 for $14.75

Size 3 x 4 Reg. $17.50 For $14.75

REMEMBER! We make Window Shades To Order | The RITCHIE Company Limited | REMEMBER! We make Window Shades To Order

FIRST SENTRY DUTY

Everything Plays Ghoulish Pranks With Raw Soldier's Nerves

A member of the French Foreign Legation writes:

Possibly it was not fair to make the men go on sentry work the first night in the trenches but still, there were the lives of the others to protect.

It was a fair night, but the moon had a nasty habit of throwing twisty shadows. One could just see the German lines, which were quite close, and horrible shapes lurked in that depth of darkness.

It must not be forgotten that trenches advance towards the enemy zigzag fashion, while the actual trenches are formed as corrugated paper viewed edgewise. We were thus stationed one in each bend of the line, in easy earshot, but completely out of sight of each other.

On occupying the post, provided one's work is done conscientiously with a sharp eye and an alert ear, one always feels that something is going to happen. It is far too quiet for a battlefield, one reflects. The Germans must be creeping up. After straining the eyes in the darkness for a few minutes the shadows begin to dance, the props to which the barbed wires are fixed a few yards before you assume human forms, while the uncollected bundles of hay become corpses or crouching "Boches."

The wet black nights are the "nervy" nights. Impossible to see a yard before one, the least sound to the high-strung nerves suggests a horde of Germans creeping up.

"Lok out there," whispered an eerie voice, "those two bundles of hay are moving forward. I can hear someone breathing behind them." One recalls the advancing wood dodge in "Macbeth," and the hair stands on end. Before you have further time to reflect your companion lets fire. There follows a hideous yell, the straw quivers, and something black hisses past you. The poor old sergeant's cat has had its tail amputated by a bullet! And so for a further hour the cold night creeps on.

Then it is yourself who sees a form lying a few yards away. A crouching man without a shadow of doubt. You wait five minutes and look in a different direction. On turning round the eyes catch it at once. It is still there—lying very close to the earth and hiding its head. You compare notes with the next sentinel, and he agrees. A volley of balls are discharged, but the form does not budge. Next morning you look over the trench to verify or explain the mysteries of the yore. The horrible, low-lying shadow we shot at is still there—the corpse of a soldier left unburied.—London Daily Mail.

Well Stocked Aeroplane

More than 200 pounds of tinned meat and preserved fruits were carried in the cradle of a German aeroplane which was brought down by the Russians near Przemysl.

LAUGHING AT SWORD CUTS

Experiences of a Famous General—Bullet Wound Causes Createst Pain

Of particular interest is the confession made in "The Life of General Sir Harry N. D. Prendergast," concerning a soldier's feelings on being wounded.

"I have often been asked," to quote the words of the General, "'How do you feel when you are wounded?' Some people expect you to say that the excitement of action is such that you don't feel your wounds till afterwards. A wound in action is like any other wound; the severity of it in a measure depends upon its locality. A poke in the ribs with a finger does not hurt much, but a poke in the eye is a different matter.

"A man who is shot is generally more frightened than a man who is cut; that is, the nerves are more affected by the shock. I have seen brave men cry about bullet wounds, and others laugh at sword cuts probably quite as severe. When I was shot in the body at Mundisore, I felt the same sort of sensation as if a man had hit me hard with a stick. It was not very painful, but the wound was close to the heart, and I was very anxious to know whether it would kill me."

A Russian's Fish Story

A wounded officer who arrived at Petrograd from the front recounted an amusing instance of the benefits of teetotalism. The commander of a company ordered 800 casks of spirit found in a captured German village to be poured into a fish pond. The fish became intoxicated and floated to the surface, where they fell an easy prey to the Russian soldiers. The supply lasted some days.

CITY AND VICINITY

Experiences and Observations in Germany.—Mr Elmer Luck, M.A., Tabernacle Church, Friday, May 7th. Admission, 25c. wt

Do you want a good building lot? See Charlie Smith, Real Estate man. Office: Scantlebury NEW STORE.

Look at your Shoes, then look at Gormans. wt

The annual meeting of the Women's Canadian Club will be held in the Y. M. C. A., Thursday, May 6th, at 4 p.m. All members are hereby requested to be present. 1t

Gorman's Shoe Shine Parlor is open evenings until 9 o'clock.

I can give you a home at very low cost; all the way from $600 to $6,000. Call on Charlie Smith. Office: Scantlebury NEW STORE.

The Quinte Chapter, I.O.D.E., will give a Tea at the home of Mrs. H. C. Earle, 244 Ann St. on Friday afternoon, May 7th, from four to six. Silver collection. Homemade bread and cake for sale. Proceeds in aid of Canadian Military Hospital, Boulogne, France. M5,2t

I represent Best FIRE offices at lowest rates. See Charlie Smith. Office: Scantlebury NEW STORE.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

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If breaking your arm would you consult a surgeon or a blacksmith? If decorating, would it be a decorator you would advise with or a bill poster? We make a specialty of decorating—that is our high class exclusive business. We know it from bottom to top. We study it every hour of each day. It is a hobby. We are specialists. Our artisans are schooled to our methods. We will advise you correctly and at no greater cost than the bill poster—indeed, at a marvellous saving to you in many ways. Satisfaction, promptness, correct treatment and monetary saving. Our wallpapers are the very best; our prices the very lowest. C. B. Scantlebury, Decorator and Designer, at the New Store, upper Front Street. 1td&w

The women's peace conference at The Hague is now branded as a German scheme. Sounds not unreasonable as that.

Peace Rumors are made-in-Germany the Hamilton Times says. And consumed in Canada.

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All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
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ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City, thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
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SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1915. No. 299

Twenty Contingents if Needed

Major-General Hughes' Statement Made in a Church at Montreal

MONTREAL May 5—"We have sent over the first and second contingent, the third is ready to go, the fourth will soon be prepared, but we will not stop here. We will send a fifth and a sixth, and up to twenty contingents if needed, and we will fight until German militarism is crushed forever," declared Major-General Hughes, the Minister of Militia, to an audience gathered in St. James Methodist Church last evening to join in the service in commemoration of the gallant Canadian dead of Langemarck.

"There must be no talk of truce in this war until the German autocracy is smashed, if it takes every man in the British Empire," said the General. "Twenty thousand to thirty thousand men are leaving your ports to-morrow or the next day. You will see them march through the street tomorrow. Colonel Gunn's regiment marches off in a very few days. And in the course of another moon 35,000 more Canadian soldiers will stand face to face with the Kaiser and his tyrannical hordes. Mothers, wives, sweethearts, and daughters will join us in sending these boys to keep the old flag of liberty afloat and crush the hydra-headed monster of German tyranny."

Allies' Shells Fire Towns

CONSTANTINOPE May 4 (via London, May 6.)—Despite the decision of the Turkish Government to refuse all correspondents access to the Dardanelles region, exception was made in the case of two Germans and the Associated Press correspondent. The party arrived on the night of May 1, while the town of Dardanelles, after thirty hours, as still ablaze. The scene was one of desolation, with crumbled wall and houses.

Maidos also was burned, and yesterday the town of Gallipoli was set ablaze—all by indirect fire from the Gulf of Saros, with ignition shells directed by captive balloons and aeroplanes.

Incessant and heavy fighting on the Gallipoli Peninsula has continued from the first landing of the allied forces, but details of the new campaign cannot be told for military reasons. The Straits themselves, so far as is known have not been seriously attacked since the reopening of the operations, but yesterday seven ships were seen and heard off Sedd-el-Bahr firing intermittently.

Ships Bought?

Report States That A. B. Mackay Has Bought Vessels

A dispatch from Port Arthur states: "It is rumored that the vessels comprising the Canadian Northwest Steamship company has been purchased by the A. B. Mackay interests of Hamilton."

A. B. Mackay has been out of the city for the past few days. He is expected back from Clevland this evening. His lawyers claim to know nothing about such a transaction.

Germans Advance On Hill No. Sixty

Gain a Footing on Hill by the Excessive Use of Poisonous Gases

LONDON, May 5.—(Special.)—The following official communication was issued this evening by the British War Office:—

"The general situation remains unchanged.

"Fighting is in progress on Hill No. 60, southeast of Ypres, on which the Germans attained a footing this morning under cover of poisonous gases, which were excessively used and were favored by weather conditions. A feeble attack, also preceded by an extensive use of poisonous gas was made east of Ypres, and was easily repulsed our artillery inflicting severe loss on the enemy.

"In the neighborhood of Givenchy the Germans exploded a mine and again employed poisonous gases. Four men were poisoned, but otherwise the enemy's efforts in this direction have failed completely."

NO SIGNS OF PEACE

Berlin Newspaper's Review of Situation is Significant

ROTTERDAM, May 5.—The following significant editorial appears in the official Berliner Tageblatt:

"Now it is recognized that even three-quarters of a year of unbroken fighting, in numerous theatres of war has not been sufficient to give even the dimmest outline of what must become the reality of peace.

"Views of official circles as among the broad masses of people in different countries, as to experiences of war and conditions of peace, are diametrically opposed to each other, so that it is absolutely impossible to think of any understanding which could be arrived at.

'Even the Belgian Government, in exile, wishes to carry on the war until it can put its foot on our neck.

"In such circumstances nothing can be done but carry the burden further until events show so clearly that nowhere can they be misunderstood.

"On the western front our recent position in the war has been the most important for several months and it would be premature to say that this position or the war is finished, but the British position at Ypres is heavily threatened, even if it had become entirely untenable."

GERMAN WARSHIPS BUSY

Moving in the Northern Part of the Gulf of Bothnia

LONDON, May 5.—The Daily News received from Copenhagen, under Monday's date, the following despatch:

"Private Stockholm advices say that German warships are busy in the northern part of the Gulf of Bothnia, especially in the Aland Sea. To-day a Swedish ship arrived and reported that the military lighthouse at Langskaeron, Aland Island, was set on fire yesterday morning by shells from a warship.

"This is the first direct German attack on the Important Russian naval yard at Aland. It is expected that a general naval offensive will begin shortly in the northern Gulf of Bothnia."

TURKS ATTACK ALLIES AND SUFFER HEAVILY

Enemy Was Driven Back, Leaving 1,500 Dead on the Field—Allies Occupy Important Strategic Position

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 6.—An Exchange Telegraph despatch from Mitylene says: The Turks, considerably reinforced, attacked the Allies' camp at Krithia early Tuesday morning, and were repulsed, leaving 1500 dead. The Allies now occupy positions of great strategic importance.

On the other hand, a Constantinople official statement received via Berlin says: "The unfavorable situation of the enemy in the Dardanelles remains unchanged. The enemy holds only two ports on the coast, where he is protected by the fire from his ships."

WERE TO ANNEX BELGIUM

German Plan If Allies' Lines at Ypres Were Pierced

LONDON, May 5.—The Morning Post's Amsterdam correspondent quotes the Echo Belge as stating that in expectation of being able to pierce the Allies' line near Ypres, the Germans decided to proclaim formally the annexation of Belgium.

With this in view several Antwerp journalists, connected with the papers which were still allowed to appear under German censorship, were summoned to the German headquarters, where they were told they must prepare Belgian public opinion for the approaching announcement.

Despite the almost menacing tone of the commandant's secretary, the journalists left without committing themselves in any way and the next day the commandant learned the German troops had made no appreciable progress. Whereupon, it is said, all idea of a campaign for annexation was abandoned.

CAPT. RICHARDSON MISSING

State Department at Washington Sends Querry to Berlin

KINGSTON, May 5.—The State Department of the United States Government is trying to locate Captain Geo. T. Richardson of the 14th Regiment. He was officially reported wounded in the battle at Langemarck but all efforts to locate him have been unavailing. It is thought he was taken prisoner.

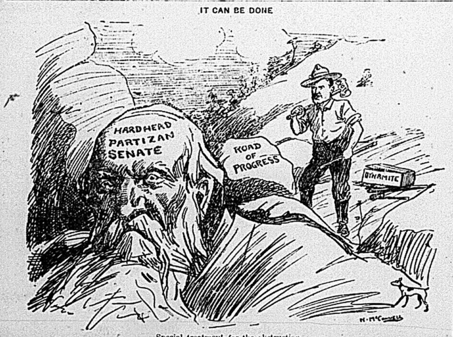
United States consul F. F. Johnson is now in communication with the State Department and a wireless message has been sent to United States Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, asking him to endeavor to get trace of the missing Kingston officer.

Canadian Crucified by Enemy

Sensational Story Given on the Authority of a General

LONDON, May 4.The Morning Post says: "A lieutenant-colonel, writing April 29, says the Canadians have done splendidly. They are mad with rage because they say they found one of their men crucified. This is not mere camp gossip. A general vouches for the fact."

IT CAN BE DONE



Special treatment for the obstruction.

ORANGE PARADE AS USUAL

Anniversary of the Boyne Will be Celebrated on July 12

Toronto Orangemen will hold their usual parade on July 12, anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, just as if there was no war on. Emphatic denial was given by Mr. William Lee, secretary of the County Orange Lodge to the rumor that the parade might be called off because of the war.

"The County Lodge has decided to hold, and the committee has been appointed to arrange for it. I received a cable message from Fred Dane, who is still in Glasgow, today, asking me about the parade. He had evidently heard the same question."

"Will your ranks not be thinned by reason of so many of your members being at the front?"

"Yes, some of the men will be missing, but we have a lot of new members and I expect our parade will be the usual strength."

Gradually Growing

One More Addition to the List of Canadian Wounded

Mrs. T. Clarke, Mill street, has received a telegram, acquainting her with the information that her son Pte. Clement Carl Clarke, was wounded in action.

Pte. Clarke enlisted with the Fifteenth regiment immediately the call for the first contingent came.

The telegram reads as follows:

"Sincerely regret to inform you 8193 Pte. Clement Carl Clarke, Second Battalion, officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

ADJUTANT GENERAL

WAS HEROINE OF A WAR

Mrs. Virginia Gwynn, War-Time Belle of Confederate Army

BALTIMORE, May 5.—Mrs. Virginia Taylor Gwynn, a war-time Virginia belle, widow of Capt. Henry Gwynn, died at her home in Pikesville today at the age of 75. Capt. Gwynn was one of the few who succeeded in getting over the stone wall defended by the Union forces during the third day of the Battle of Gettysburg when Pickett made his desperate charge.

Mrs. Gwynn often accompanied the Confederate army and led the troops into several engagements herself. She knew the country and led detachments of the troops out of tight corners. For these acts she was mentioned several times in despatches.

She volunteered to carry mail and despatches from one division of the army to another, and to do this had to pass and repass through the Union lines several times. This attracted the attention of General Lee and he publicly complimented both her great bravery and her beauty.

General Election Not Expected

OTTAWA, May 5.—After this afternoon's brief cabinet council it was freely stated that there is to be no general election.

A cabinet minister on making this statement to a correcpondent said that Imperial and National issues far exceel in importance any question of partyism.

"I do not believe," he said, "that an election will be held until the war is over."

Strong protests from public bodies and influential people have been received and while a few days ago everything indicated an election, the signs today are just the reverse.

Germans Plan Big Assault

Pouring Troops Into Belgium and Massing Artillery—Indications Point to Another Drive

LONDON, May 5.—Preparations are being made by the Germans for a grand assault against the British and Frenh troops defending Ypres in west Flanders. The German staff is pouring troops into Belgium, and great quantities of artillery are being passed on the west Flanders front to support the infantry. Six troop trains bearing first line soldiers passed through Antwerp in the direction of Dixmude on Tuesday. On Sunday 15,000 German soldiers that had been in training in the Hasselt district of Belgium, were moved westward toward the Dixmude-Ypres front.

Railway lines running from Germany into Belgium are glutted with troop trains and endless processions of cars bearing artillery, ammunition and provisions. The indications are that the Germans have decided to try for another drive against the French coast, first delivering a series of smashing blows against the Ypres and Dixmude fronts.

The new British line which now lies west of Zonnebeke is being strongly fortified.

Zonnebeke is about four miles northeast of Ypres and two miles southeast of St. Julien. The Germans have taken up strong positions on elevated ground. The importance of the capture of Zonnebeke and four other minor positions in west Flanders by the Germans is minimized by their military experts.

Fierce Fighting Near to Ypres

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 6.—To the south of Ypres the Germans yesterday at a point near Zwartelen attacked the trenches of Hill number sixty, occupied last month by the British troops.

There was a violent ouslaught during the course of which the Germans made use of asphyxiating gases, which made them masters in the beginning of the attack this position, but our Allies subsequently delivered a counter-attack and recaptured portion of the trenches previously lost.

In the forest of Ailly a counter-attack delivered by the Allies toward the end of the day made slight progress. During the night the Germans delivered a counter-attack against our position at Mameton, east of Sillakerwasdsn summit, which they re-occupied. All the remainder of our gain in the direction of the River Fecht has been consolidated and maintained.

THE LATE J. S. TUPPER

Sir Charles Tupper Attended Funeral of Son

LONDON, May 5.—The funeral of the late James Stewart Tupper, K.C., of Winnipeg, eldest son of Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., took place yesterday at Wolvercote, near Oxford. Sir Charles, who had been present at his son's deathbed, journeyed again from Bexley Heath, and entered the church, supported by members of his family, but was unable to go to the cemetery. J. Obed Smith attended on behalf of the Law Society of Manitoba, and Fred Griffin, of the Canadian Pacific, Winnipeg, was also present.

SENDS CALL FOR AIRMEN

British Admiralty Gets Ready Response at Toronto

TORONTO, May 4.—The British Admiralty has called to the Dominion for airmen, and on Thursday morning at Toronto Island some twelve or more recruits for this service will begin a course of instruction which will fit them for commissions in the Royal Naval Air Service in three weeks or a month.

Vice-Admiral Kingsmill, of Ottawa, was in Toronto today enrolling pupils, who will be trained under the supervision of Mr. J. A. D. McCurdy.

Schooner Sunk Off Irish Coast

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 6.—The schooner Earl of Latham, was sunk by a German submarine off Kinsale, on the Irish coast. The crew were permitted to take to small boats and were rescued by a trawler.

Steamer Sunk In North Sea

Passengers and Crew Escape in Small Boats—Landed at Ramsgate

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 6.—The steamer Cathay, from Copenhagen for Chinese ports, was either mined or torpedoed late last night in the North Sea. She went down in twenty minutes. The passengers and crew, totalling 43 persons, escaped in small boats and landed safely at Ramsgate today.

Not for U. S.

German Suggestion About Ship Sunk Rejected

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The text of the American note to Germany declining the suggestion that reparation for the sinking of the American sailing ship William P. Frye by the converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich be made through a German prize court and reiterating the representations for indemnity, was made public today by the state department. It already has been presented to the Berlin foreign office in the form of a communication from Ambassador Gerard.

LT. R. TUPPER'S WOUNDS

Signs of Improvement, But Condition Still Serious

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 5.—Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper today received a cablegram stating that the condition of Lieut. Reginald Tupper, who was wounded at Ypres, shows some signs of improvement, but he is still in a serious condition. Apparently he was struck by shrapnel, for his legs were both shot through, and one leg suffered a compound fracture. He also received a bullet wound in the abdomen.

MAY ADOPT NEW HELMET

French Army May Abandon Antiquated Military Headgear

NORTH FRANCE, May 5.—It has been noticed for some time that the French soldier's kepi did not protect him from small splinters of shrapnel. A conservative spirit has so far prevented those in authority changing anything in the historic headpiece.

In this war, however, sentiment must give way to utility and an effort has been made to find a suitable helmet. One just proposed to the military authorities is all in one piece, so as to protect the head, back of the neck, and temples. The whole thing weighs about 28 ounces, which seems at first sight much too heavy.

All Going Well at Dardanelles

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON May 6.—Operations in the Dardanelles are being pressed forward under satisfactory conditions Premier Asquith told the Commons this afternoon, in the course of a statement upon the combined naval and land attacks on Gallipoli peninsula.

French Repel Night Attack

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 6.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out a report on the progress of hostilities, saying: "To the north of Ypres we repulsed with facility a night attack made by the Germans from Steenstraate."

Many Recruits In Australia

(Canadian Press Special)

A despatch from Sydney says, recruiting shows no sign of falling off. Premier Fisher says: "Our offer is unlimited."

GERMAN OFFICER WITH BRITISH HEART

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 6.—The Trawler Stratton of Grimsby was sunk in the North Sea yesterday by gun fire from a German submarine. The crew were taken on board the submarine.

Private David E. Haig, of the divisional cyclist corps died of spinal meningitis in the General Hospital, Toronto.

Jury Locked Up all Night

Charge of Conspiracy to Blow up a Powder Magazine

(Canadian Press Special)

HAILEYBURY, May 6.—At 5.30 this morning the jury trying the case of John Syskoe and Walter Henshall on a charge of conspiracy to blow up a Nipissing Company's powder magazine last February brought in a verdict of not guilty. Thos. Syskoe, who actually lighted the fuse, will be tried separately today.

SENTENCED TO 14 YEARS

Tom Syskoe pleaded guilty to lighting the fuse, to conspiracy, and to theft, and received sentences, fourteen years, two years and three months respectively, sentences to run concurrently. John Syskoe and Walter Henshall pleaded guilty to supplying powder and fuse, and to stealing same, and received sentences of three months for each offence.

Kingston Firm To Make Shells

KINGSTON, May 5.—The Canadian Locomotive Works has a new contract for shells for British use. The works will be kept busy for a year with 700 employees. At present shrapnel shells are being finished at a rate of 700 per day.

Mr. Wheatley intimates that the company is still in communication with the Russian government for locomotives and he is hoping that a contract will be secured very shortly. Orders from Belgium for Canadian locomotives products are also pending.

BULGARIA AND ROUMANIA

Agreement Has Been Arrived at to Support Each Other in Event Of War

(Canadian Press Special)

TURIN, May 6.—A despatch from Saloniki says Bulgaria and Roumania have concluded a military agreement making it obligatory on the part of each power to support the other in the event of war.

Large U. S. Flag

It Was Carried by the Gulflight When She Was Sunk

PENZANCE, Eng., May 5.—At the inquest to-day into the death of Captain Alfred Gunthier, of the American oil tank steamship Gulflight, which was torpedoed May 1 off the Scilly Islands, the verdict reached was heart failure accelerated by shock caused by the torpedoing of the ship.

Evidence given at the inquest showed that the Gulflight was flying a very large American flag at the time she was torpedoed.

KING AND QUEEN REGRET

Sent to Mrs. Hawthorne, of Cornwall, For Loss of Husband

CORNWALL, Ont., May 5.—Mrs. Hawthorn received the following cablegram from the private secretary of His Majesty King George last evening:

"The King and Queen deeply regret the loss you and the navy have sustained in the death of your husband in the service of his country. Their Majesties truly sympathize with you in your sorrow."

SET-BACK FOR RUSSIANS AUSTRIANS ADVANCE

(Canadian Press Special)

VIENNA, May 6.—The victorious Austrian advance continues on the entire west Galicia front, according to an official announcement made by the war office today. Russian prisoners to the number of 50,000 have been taken.

China and Japan

(Canadian Press Special)

PEKIN, May 6.—The ultimatum of Japan to China reached the Japanese legation to-day. It was probably presented to the Chinese Government this afternoon.

SIR HENRY RUNDLE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 6.—Sir Henry Rundle, Governor of Malta, has been appointed to command one of Great Britain's six armies.

Great Sale of Mill-Ends of Table Linens

We have just placed in stock a very large assortment of beautiful patterns of Table Linens all mill-ends, ranging from 3-4 yard to 4 yards in length, nearly all 2 yards wide.

These linens would sell for $1.00 to $2.00 yd. but will be put

On Sale Thursday Morning
At 50c, 75c and $1.00 yard.

COME THURSDAY MORNING AND SECURE YOUR SUPPLY OF NEW LINENS

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

KINGSTON

Lieut. Hipburn, who was attending the course of the R.S.A. at Tete du Pont barracks was called to his home in Toronto last night by a telegram which informed him that his brother had been accidentally shot. The brother was dead, so the telegram stated, and the Lieutenant has the sympathy of the entire class at the school.

"C" battery R.C.H.A. are busy with signalling. Like all other units, the men are given a thorough training in the use of semaphore, morse flag and heliograph. Sergt.-Major McKay has charge of the signalling instruction.

All the men and officers of "C" battery are anxious to go to the front. The battery is getting the best of training, and all feel that they are fast fitting themselves for active service. The battery will be compelled to maintain a strength of sixty per cent. guners and forty per cent. drivers for "A" and "B" batteries.

Mayor Donaldson of Brockville, is in the city, and this morning called on Lt.-Col. Hughes of the 21st Battalion. The mayor has a son in the battalion.

OBITUARY.

MRS. MARGARET JAMES

Mrs. Margaret James, aged 85 years, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Walter Gerish, 608 Marsac St., Bay City, Mich. Mrs. James had been a resident of Bay City for many years, and was the widow of the late Capt. Geo. James, who saw service all through the Crimean war. For many years he was chief of the police at Belleville. Two daughters, one son from Chicago, and one son from Memphis, Tenn., were at her bedside at the time of her death.

To Celebrate King's Birthday

A meeting was held last evening in the Council Chamber, City Hall, in reference to the holding of the Eastern Ontario Volunteer Firemen's Association here, and also the holding of a celebration here on June 3rd, the King's Birthday. There were a number present and the proposition to have the Firemen's Tournament and also the celebraton on June 3rd was unanimously agreed upon. After some discussion it was proposed to have a celebration on June 3rd, and the officers for same were elected as follows:

Hon. President—Mayor Panter.
President—Lt.-Col. Marsh.
Vice President—Ex-Mayor Wills.
Sec.—Arthur Jones.
Treasurer—Wm. Carnew.

Mayor Panter was by virtue of his official position, selected Hon. President.

Mr. W. B. Deacon resigned his position as Vice President, and ex-Mayor Wills was appointed to the office.

The following were appointed as chairmen of the various committees:

Decoration—Ald. S. Charles.
Sports—Ald. McFee.
Procession—S. R. Burrows and S. E. Carman.
Boys Brigade—Major Barrager.
Grounds—R. L. Terwilliger.
Publicity—J. F. Wills K.C.

Lieut. Col. Preston Lieut. Col. Smart, Lieut. Col. Ketcheson were elected members of the Celebration Committee.

Moved by Ald. St. Charles, seconded by Mr. Wm. Carnew, that the usual Citizens' Celebration held on June 3rd, the King's Birthday, be changed to an exclusively military day in which the 39th Battalion, C.E.F., the military organizations and Boys' Brigade be invited to participate.

Moved by Ald. McFee, seconded by Mr. L. B. Terwilliger, that all the proceeds be donated to the regimental fun of the 39th Battalion, C.E.F., to assist in procuring needs and comforts for the men at the front.

Meeting adjourned until Monday next, May 10th.

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

GILLETT'S LYE
CLEANS AND DISINFECTS

THIS LYE IS ABSOLUTELY PURE. THEREFORE TOTALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE IMPURE AND HIGHLY ADULTERATED LYES NOW SOLD.

Canadian Aid for Wounded Soldiers

A Resume of the Work of the Canadian Red Cross Society Since the War Began

The people of Canada have been as generous in their aid for the sick and wounded as they have been prompt in sending soldiers for the fighting ranks. Last autumn Colonel Hodgetts, Chief Commissioner of the Canadian Red Cross, arrived in London and established himself in offices in Cockspur street. A steady stream of gifts for the sick and wounded has since poured into this country, including a complete hospital at Taplow, a coach for the Princess Christian Hospital Train, 20 motor ambulances for the front, gifts of money to the British Red Cross of about £15,000, and many thousands of packages of comforts and clothing, the work of love of Canadian women. Large numbers of Canadian doctors and nurses have been brought over, and Canadian women in Britain have been organized for service. From the wife of the ex-Governor-General to the bride of the private in the "Princess Patricia's," waiting in London for news of her man at the front, they have enrolled themselves for practical work among the victims of the war.

The Canadian Red Cross Society has one special distinction. While a voluntary organization, it is at the same time a regular part of the machinery of the State. It is incorporated by act of Parliament, officially recognized, and is required to report its work regularly to the Minister of Militia, the head of the Canadian War Department. Immediately the war broke out the society got to work. Churches and societies of all kinds at once responded to its appeal; newspapers opened their columns to it; groups of workers in all parts began making and collecting comforts. Housewives in Ontario made jams; British Columbian farmers gave the pick of their apples; Winnipeg and Halifax, Toronto and Vancouver had their friendly rivalry about which should do most. Before the end of the year nearly three-quarters of a million articles of clothing etc., had been collected and dispatched to England, besides medical supplies. When the First Canadian Contingent reached Plymouth in October, there were 1,700 packages from the Red Cross in the holds of the ships. The Society raised in money up to the end of the year $279,291 (£56,000).

THE CLIVEDEN HOSPITAL.

The recently opened hospital at Cliveden, the Duchess of Connaught's Canadian Red Cross Hospital, has 108 beds, and buildings are now being planned there for a further 500. Last autumn Mr. and Mrs. Waldorf Astor offered Colonel Hodgetts the use of Taplow Lodge and the grounds around and when the offer was accepted Mr Astor undertook sweeping structural alterations and additions to make the place suitable. Then the Canadian Red Cross arranged the equipment. An ideal hospital, complete in every detail, from a laboratory for pathological investigation to a baseball field, is to-day in full working order, under Canadian doctors, and with Canadian nurses and orderlies, while its store rooms are stocked with Canadian dainties, the gifts of the women of the Dominion.

A full account of the Cliveden Hospital appeared in The Times of March 30; and it need only be said here that it owes very much to Mr. Astor, who gave much personal thought and care to the work of putting it in order before he handed it over to the Red Cross. It is also fortunate in having as its director Colonel Charles R. Gorrell, an Ottawa physician now of the Canadian medical service. Colonel Gorrell is a born organizer, who recognizes that successful hospital administration is largely a matter of attention to detail, and who is equally interested in seeing that the men in the ward farthest from the kitchen hot and in the work of the operating and pathological research rooms.

AN INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.

Another branch of the work of the Canadian Red Cross can be seen at Cockspur street, where the Canadian women in England, under the lead of Lady Drummond, have established an Information Department. When any sick or wounded Canadian soldier arrives in England, a local visitor is notified. It is her business to keep in touch with him and let the London office know how he is. The London office keeps the friends of the man informed, wherever they are. It is difficult to overestimate the usefulness of such work as this, in allaying the anxiety of distant friends, and in seeing to the after-care of the injured man. It is typical of Canadian thoroughness.

Colonel Hodgetts and his assistants work in the closest cooperation with allied bodies. They are in complete touch with the British Red Cross, and the larger part of the funds spent here has been paid over to the British organization. The St. John Ambulance Society is receiving £2,500 to equip a Canadian ward in its hospital for the front. The War Contingents Association has been given 66,000 articles of one kind or another. In addition to eight motor ambulances provided for the Canadian Contingent, 12 were given to the British Red Cross, and have done good service. A novel feature with these is the travelling field kitchen, driven by motor power, moving in the rear of the fighting line, and distributing hot soup, hot coffee, and bread among the wounded men. The Canadians have come here to help, and they are efficiently doing their task. In Colonel Hodgetts they have found a practical and able director.—The times.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

GOOD BEFORE, AFTER OR AT MEALS

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Wells Poisoned in South Africa

Another Diabolical Trick Proved Against the Germans

LONDON, May 5.—(Special)—In support of charges that the Germans had poisoned wells in the Southwest African campaign, the Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, tonight issued a communication in which he says that when General Louis Botha, Commander of the Union of South Africa forces, occupied Swakopmund he discovered that six wells had been poisoned by an arsenical cattle wash.

As a remonstrance General Botha sent a communication to Col. Francke, commander of the German forces. This elicited a response, according to the statement of Mr. Harcourt, that the German troops had been given orders that "if they possibly can prevent it, not to allow any water supplies to fall into the hands of the enemy in a form which allows it to be used for man or beast."

General Botha has informed the commander of the German forces that he will hold the officers concerned responsible for acts contrary to The Hague Convention, and will take measures of reprisal.

THE LATE MAURICE MOOREMAN

Following is a list of the floral tributes to the late Maurice Mooreman, who was interred on Saturday last.

Sheaf—Miss Hattie Rosevear, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bell, Misses Bessie Aileen and Dorothy Thomas, Mrs. Lazier, Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Bateman, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Luscombe, Mr. Harry Dulmage, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Stewart.

Heart—Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Garbutt.

Wreath—Canadian Home Circle, Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas, Family.

Gates Ajar—Mrs. R. P. Naylor.

Anchor—Mrs. J. Henderson.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Geen are in Toronto.

Mrs. J. D. Cookson left today for Blenheim, Ont., where she will spend a month with relatives.

H. A. Logan, formerly of this city, now at Ottawa with the 2nd Contingent, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. A. P. Allen entertained the officers who are leaving for overseas, to a most enjoyable evening and dance at her home on William street.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

"BRINGING UP FATHER"

The very best rule for the occasional theatregoer to make is to go to the theatre every time a Gus Hill show comes to town, then there will be no disappointment. The work of a successful producer will always be worthy of your patronage. You've found it so in all lines of business. Mr. Hill's latest and we may say greatest, effort in cartoon musical comedy production is founded on George McManus's cartoon series "Bringing Up Father," which comes to Griffin's Friday, May 7. It's a big Vaudeville review, with real comedy enough to make two more plays. Don't miss it, and get your seats early.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

THE WEATHER.

Moderate southwesterly winds, fine and a little warmer.

Friday, southeasterly winds, becoming showery.

TRY OUR

Buns, Fried Cake, Doughnuts | Tarts, Cookies, Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

KRYPTOK
Two Pairs of Glasses in One

I Want New Business
—of discriminating people. I've many now on my records—I want yours.

There's a good reason why I should have it.

I give the best Complete Sight Service obtainable—and at moderate charges.

I've had over twenty years' experience, and my equipment and methods are up to date.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple
Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon
Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen
Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry
Rasperry, Maple, &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE

Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.

Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER May 1st

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at 30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

FREE!
A 25c TOOTH BRUSH FREE
With a purchase of REXALL TOOTH PASTE or POWDER

IF QUALITY COUNTS GET IT AT McKEOWN'S
The Rexall Store
McKEOWN'S DRUGS
TO SAVE MONEY GET IT AT McKEOWN'S

Moth Bags
All Sizes
From 25c To $1.50

Friday and Saturday Sale

Household Aids and Cleaners

Borax, lb.	10c.
Gillett's Lye	8c.
Bon Ami	12c.
Bon Ami Powder	12c.
Old Dutch Cleanser	8c.
Castile Soap	10c. and 25c.
Chamois Skin, for polishing	10c. and 25c.
Sapolio	10c.
Ivory Soap	5c.
Whiting	2 lbs. for 5c.
Sponges	10c., 15c., 25c.

Disinfectants and Insect Exterminators

Moth Flakes	10c. lb.
Formaldehyde Candles	25c.
Bed Bug Poison	25c.
Creolo Disinfecting Fluid	25c.
Red Cedar Compound for Moths	15c.
Sulphur	7c. lb.
Copperas	2 lb. for 5c.
Kreso	50c. pint

Toilet Articles

$1.00 Herpicide	64c.
75c. Toilet Water	49c.
$1.00 Hair Brushes	60c.
50c. Sage and Sulphur	33c.
25c. Dressing Combs	19c.
75c. Dressing Combs	49c.
50c. Ingram's Milk Weed Cream	33c.
75c. oz. Perfumes	49c.
25c. Winter Cream	17c.
10c. Infants' Delight Soap	7c.
25c. Violet Soap (3 cakes in box)	19c.

Patent Medicines

60c. Abbey's Salts	49c.
50c. Gin Pills	25c.
50c. Fruitatives	28c.
75c. Beef, Iron & Wine	40c.
25c. Weeks' Laxatives	17c.
25c. Electric Oil	15c.
25c. Belladonna Plaster	17c.
25c. Four T's	17c.
25c. Parmalees Pills	17c.
25c. Fluid Magnesia	15c.
10c. Bromo Seltzer	7c.
25c. Baby's Own Tablets	15c.

A man is judged by the Chocolates he sends. Send Page & Shaw's and you will be safe.
Price, - $1.00 a lb.

Free! Free!
All day Saturday, to every person making a purchase, we will give a package of Choice Flower Seeds
ABSOLUTELY FREE!

KODAKS
Let us Develop your Films. Our work is Guaranteed.

Cigar Specials
5 FOR 25c.
Garcia, Van Horne, Travellers, (Havana, Panetelas.)
4 FOR 25c.
Sir William, Japs, Bachelors, La Preferencia, Ben Bay, Orido.

Stationery Specials
A 10c. package of Linen Envelopes FREE with any Writing Pad, at 10c. or over.
A 50c. box of Linen Note Paper, containing 48 sheets and 48 envelopes, special 29c
35c. Blue Bell Paper 25c
25c. Stratford Linen 15c
25c. Playing Cards 15c

A tin of JAP-A-LAC will work wonders in your home. It will make the old Chair or Table look like new. It will put a beautiful finish on a badly scratched floor whether it be hard wood or soft. Jap-alac is not a "varnish" in the ordinary sense of the word. It varnishes, stains, and enamels in one process. It gives "finish" to any household article.
Sold in 18c, 30c, 50c and 90c tins

Sick Room Needs At Lowest Prices
We sell practically everything for the treatment and comfort of the sick. If you want reliable articles you will get them from us at prices that are fair and reasonable.
Fountain Douch Bags
Syringes of all kinds
Ice Bags
Bed Pans
Crutches
Bandages, etc.
SPECIAL FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
50c. lb. Absorbent Cotton ..38c

Fresh Lawn Grass Seed
Rapid Growing
25c. per lb.
5 lbs. for .. .. ..

Candy Specials
50c lb. Saturday Candy, 29c lb.
Fresh this Week
Mermaid English Toffee, - 5c, 10c and 15c Bars
30c Virginia Salted Peanuts, - - - 20c lb.

Come, Send, Phone or Write
To our store for anything we sell. Our store is as near to you as the nearest phone or post office. You'll save money and get a service that satisfies.

Buy Blouses Now

We secured from a large Blouse Factory a clearing line of their most up-to-date BLOUSES, confined to ourselves. We place the lot

On Sale Thursday Morning At

$1.19

Less 10 Per Cent Off

SEE THESE IN OUR SOUTH WINDOW. Enough Said.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Cerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,

316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

OLD-TIME RECRUITING

When our ancestors wished to obtain recruits for the army they issued posters which painted pleasing pictures of the gay life of a soldier, and endeavors were made to round up laggards by promises of cheap beer and the possibility of marrying an heiress. Here are two typical recruiting announcements which decorated the walls of English cities one hundred years ago:

"WANTED, ABLE SUBSTITUTES

To serve in the 52nd Battalion of Militia for three years. Commanded by the worthy Lord George Sutton, and now quartered in the delightful and plentiful Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, where excellent ale is sold at only

3d. THE FULL QUART

and fish, fish of the best quality at 1d. the pound."

Another advertisement issued in 1801, by the colonel commanding the Light Dragoons, says:

"You will be mounted on the finest horses in the world, with superb clothing and richest accoutrements. Your pay and privileges are equal to two guineas a week. Your society is courted. You are admired by the fair, which, combined with the chance of getting swished to a buxom widow or brushing with a rich heiress, renders the situation truly enviable and desirable.

"Young men out of employment, there is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune. Nick it."

MAN FOR THE OCCASION

Mr. Graeme Thomson Spoken of as "Greatest Transport Officer Since Noah"

A few months ago the name of Graeme Thomson would have conveyed nothing to the great British public. To-day it suggests the sudden and well-merited rise to reputation of a man who has done the State great service. The hour produces the man, and at the Admiralty, as well as at the War Office and in the field, the right person has appeared in not a few instances. In a memorable statement Mr. Churchill let the Empire know to whom it is indebted for the unparalleled feats of sea-transport by which Britain's navy has been kept in abundant supplies and her vast armies carried overseas without the loss of a single life or mishap to a single ship. That man is Mr. Graeme Thomson, who a few months ago was superintending clerk in the Admiralty transport under Rear-Admiral H. W. Savory, and who is now director of that department.

Mr. Churchill has alluded to him as "one of the discoveries of the war." That discovery began when Mr. Thomson, as superintending clerk, first came into contact with the First Lord, who marked him as "a very likely man." Very soon he was placed in full control of a section of the transport, where he showed such mastery of detail and administrative ability that he was promoted again. It was not long before the First Lord, now assured of his man by daily consultations, put him in his present position of huge responsibility. His rise was extraordinarily rapid—it probably creates a "record"; but Mr. Thomson earned it all.

He is a native of Cheshire; but, as his name implies, he is of Scottish lineage. His record is now before the world in Mr. Churchill's eulogy: "A man who stepped into the place when the emergency came, who has organized and presided over performances and transactions the like of which were never contemplated by any State in history." Mr. Thomson is not yet 40; and he is the youngest director of naval transport the British Admiralty has ever known. He takes his blushing honors modestly. "There is really nothing in it," he said to the inevitable interviewer. Over one million men, to say nothing of colossal stores, carried without mishap in the face of the enemy, is a considerable performance. At the Admiralty they are said to parody Sir George White's epigram on Sir Edward Ward and to call Mr. Thomson "the greatest transport officer since Noah."

Neuve Chapelle and Waterloo

British casualties at Neuve Chapelle mark that battle as more costly to British arms than any conflict prior to the present war. Here is how it compares with Waterloo:

	Killed and Missing	Wounded	Total
Chapelle ...	4,278	8,533	12,811
Waterloo ...	2,009	4,923	6,932

The total casualties of Britain and her ally at Waterloo were 22,976.

At Paardeburg the British casualties were only 1,440 and at Colenso 1,100, so that the South African battles are in a different class altogether from that at Neuve Chapelle.

Will You Be Ready

When warm weather arrives?

Don't wait for those hot sultry June days before discarding your high shoes.

Comfort combined with real style satisfaction awaits you in a pair of our pumps.

Pumps and Colonials, all the latest style effects,

$2.00 to $4.50

Sole Agents for "Altro" and "Walk-Over" Shoes.

W. H. Adams

The Shoeman

Next Door to Sinclair's

Red Cross Box For Shorncliffe

Monthly Report of Red Cross and Women's Patriotic Association

The monthly meeting of the Red Cross and Women's Patriotic Association was held on Tuesday evening in the Liberal Club rooms and was well attended. The Association was pleased to have the President, Mrs. Lazier with them again after her long illness.

The Treasurer's report showed a balance on deposit of $191.10 and wished to acknowlege with thanks the following donations for April. The Rainbow Circle, per Mrs. Mather, Treasurer $74.25; Balance from sock kshower, 60c.; Miss Dora Frost, $5.00; Box at Jennings and Sherry's, $1.75; Miss Aull, $5.00; Mrs. Wright, 50c; Bean jar, Mrs Post and Mrs. Woodley $5.00; Box from Mrs. Neate's, $3.10. Making in all $95.20. Expenditure $106.60, leaving a balance of $179.78.

Mrs. O'Flynn, Convenor of Camp supplies, reported two boxes sent since last meeting, to Sir. Geo. Perley, High Commissioner, London, 684 prs. of socks, 20 lbs. of tobacco, note-paper and envelopes, house-wives, handkerchiefs, scarfs, etc., and has on hand 130 prs.

Miss Green, Con. of Hospital supplies, reported that a box had left on Tuesday for Shorncliffe, containing the following articles: 4½ dozen hospital night-shirts, 16 flannelette night-shirts, 34 nightingales, 56 prs. bed socks, 24 prs. socks, 2 doz. pneumonia jackets, 1½ doz. abdominal binders, 22 wollen abdominal binders, handkerchiefs, 15 hot water bottles and covers, wash cloths, 1 doz. pairs rubber gloves, 21 doz. 2½ inch bandages, 3 dob. 3 inch cotton bandages, 24 doz. 3 inch gauze bandages, 5 doz. flannel bandages, surgical dressings, several bundles of old linen, 50 stick packages of gum, 20 lbs. of tobacco. Miss Green wishes to thank all who gave donations towards supplying the box.

The Rainbow Circles, Mrs. Yeomans Convenor, are doing excellent work and returning a great number of socks and are doing hospital supplies in addition to the knitting.

Mrs. Wills, Convenor of Soldiers' wives league, reported they have been sewing for the last two weeks in Christ Church Hall and are still very busy.

Mrs. Lazier read a letter from Miss Ridley of Col. Shillington's Hospital, La Touquet, France, saying the box containing the pillows, and cases, convalescing shirts, etc has been received and what pleasure Miss Geen, Miss Denmark and herself had in unpacking it. It was voted at the meeting that $200 be sent Miss Ridley to buy necessaries for the hospital.

In future the Red Cross rooms will close at a quarter to one on Saturdays.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 6.—Amongst the casualties issued this morning are the following:

2ND BATTALION.

WOUNDED.

Pte. Joseph Kubanek, Wavy Lake, Alta.; Pte. David Brown, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Thos. J. Aitchison, Cobourg, Ont.; Pte. Bert Charlton, Harlowsmith, Ont.; Sergt. John Layland, England; Lance-Corp. Mark Bignell Brown, Stratford, Bucks, Eng.; Pte. W. Haining Murray, Dumfriesshire, Scotland; Pte. John Wilson, Seacombe, Eng.; Pte. Harry R. Yates, Brighton, Eng.; Pte. Wm. Wright, Burnley, Eng.; Pte. Chas. Walter Jeffries, Bromley, Eng.; Pte. T. George Kirk, Birmingham, Eng.; Pte. Wm. George Bastin, Silverton, Devon, Eng.; Pte. Fernand Marguery, Louvain, Belgium; Pte. Sidney Armstrong, Swindon, Wilts, Eng.; Pte. Joseph Lander, Ottawa.

LATER.

15TH BATTALION.

Died of wounds—Pte. Barrett, London, Eng.

Died of hemhorrage—Pte. Robertson, Uddingston, Scotland.

Died of suffocation—Pte. Weeks, Windsor, Eng.

Wounded—Pte. Bennett, Glossop, Eng.; Pte. Herrott, London, Eng.; Pte. Cornhill, Faversham, Eng.; Pte. Archibald, Belfast; Lance-Corp. Tyler, Toronto; Pte. Goode, Toronto.

Died of wounds—Pte. Alfred Stevens, Toronto.

Wounded—Pte. Wheeler, Toronto; Pte. Meredith, Toronto; Pte. Sinclair, Keady, Ont.; Corp. Matthews, Clarksburg, Ont.; Pte. McLeod Sinclair, Toronto.

16TH BATTALION.

Wounded, Corp. Fiddes, Aberdeen, Scotland; Pte. Lloyd, London, Eng.; Pte. Caie, Bodden, Scotland; Pte. Tugnett, St. John, Eng.; Pte. Grierson, Lerwick, Shetland Isles; Pte. McLeod, Edinburgh; Pte. Holmes Knaresborough, Eng.

Death—Pte. Bridgeman, pneumonia after asphyxiation, Plymouth, Eng.

Wounded—Sergt. Mark Wolff, London, Eng.; Lance Corp. Mitchell, Southsea, Eng.; Lance Corp. Bryce, Tweedmouth, Eng.; Pte. Gallagher, Nottingham, Eng.; Pte. McPhee, Isle of Skye, Scotland; Pte. Grant, Glasgow; Pte. Peel, Pietermaritzburg, S. Africa.

Died of wounds—Pte. Hill, Gloucester.

Dangerously ill—Pte. Price, London, Eng.

Wounded—Pte. Love, Winnipeg; Pte. McNutt, Vancouver; Pte. Mossman, Vancouver Heights; Pte. Gibson, St. Boniface.

1ST BATTALION.

Wounded—Pte. Page, Exeter, Eng.; Pte. Irvine, Craiglie, Scotland; Corp. Christie, Glasgow; Pte. Joseph Gildden, Ingersoll; Pte. Stevens, Kitscoty, Alberta.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Sergt. Gillat, Sheffield, Eng.; Sergt. Parkinson, Chorley, Eng. Pte. Pouchet, Antwerp, Belgium; Pte. Bain, Glasgow; Pte. Charles Butler, Hallwood, Liverpool; Pte. Lyttle, Belfast; Pte. Goldike, Fort William; Pte. Ruthven Gibson, Fort William; Sergt Stanton, Winnipeg; Pte. Sandford, Belleville; Pte. McDonald, Halifax; Pte. McIntosh, Brandon; Pte. Ferguson, Brandon.

STROUD'S Friday-Saturday Specials

To Clear Out And Have Nothing Left Over.
3 Large 5c Packages Flower or Vegetable Seeds, 5c
6 Large Boxes of Matches for 25c

Fancy Market Baskets, reg 60c for 40c

4 large 10c rolls of Toilet Paper for 25c

10c Infants' Delight Toilet Soap for 7c cake

10c Gas Mantles 3 for 25c

6 Bars of Capital Naptha Soap for 25c

6-ft. Georgian Pine Step Ladder for $1.00

Our Own Blends of Indo-Ceylon TEAS are the best values on the market. 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c per lb.

Pure Coffee Fresh Ground and delicious aroma, absolutely pure, 30c, 35c, 40c lb.

PURE DUTCH COCOA 40c a lb.

We positively guarantee entire satisfaction or cheerfully refund your money

$8.00 Dinner Set for $6.00

Regular $4.00 1847 Rogers' Tea Spoons for $3.50 doz.

Glass Tumblers, 60c and 75c a doz., for 40c

Reg. 50c Jardineres 25c each

Reg. $5.00 Electric Lamps for $3.50

10 Piece Toilet Sets, Regular $3.00, For $2.25

STROUD'S Tea, Coffee and China Store

Sole Agent for Rogers' 1847 Silver Plate.

Specials—Androch Gas Oven, 75c. Coal Oil Stovos, 75c

SPROUTING PARSNIPS CAUSE OF DEATH

(Canadian Press Special)

ST. THOMAS, Ont., May 6.—Mrs. George Andrews, aged 48 years of Aylmer, died last night, having eaten sprouted parsnips at noon. Her husband was violently ill, but recovered.

Recruiting Officer—You want to enlist, eh?—Irish Recruit (enthusiastically)—Yes sir—for the duration of the war, or longer if it lasts—London Opinion.

Georgine Chilcott, Queen of the gypsies, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for defrauding, under the head of fortune teller.

Beautiful weather and extensive casualty lists seem to be related.

New Zealand in 1914 exported $2,460,000 worth of butter.

FIREMEN'S CONVENTION TO BE HELD HERE

A number of citizens were last evening in attendance at the meeting held for the purpose of considering the proposition of holding here this year the annual convention of the Eastern Ontario Volunteer Firemans' Association. It was unanimously decided to have the gathering here on Tuesday and Wednesday the 27th and 28th of July. Officers were elected as follows:

Hon. President—Mayor Panter.
President—Ald. St. Charles.
Sec.—W. Doyle.
Treasurer—Arthur Jones.

Executive Committee—Chief Brown, Robert Symons, George and Bert Campbell, ex-Mayor Wills, L. R. Terwilliger, Ald. McFee, Wm. Carnew, Robt. Tuite, Leo Barrett, Thos. O'Hara and all members of the Belleville fire brigade and chief of the G. T. R. hose team.

The secretary was authorized to write W. H. James, secretary treasurer of the Eastern Ontario Volunteer Firemen's Association, to assure him that Belleville will do all in its power to entertain the visiting firemen during their stay in the city.

SUSPENDED JUDGMENT

Washington Not Satisfied as to How Gulflight Was Sunk

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The official attitude of the Washington Government in the Gulfight case to-day still was one of suspended judgment.

This position was taken on the ground that the preliminary reports thus far received have failed to establish beyond a doubt just how the American oil steamer met disaster off the Scilly Islands.

It was expected by state department officials, however, that detailed reports would be received before the close of the day from the consular officers in England which would help to clear the situation.

Quick, Accurate Thinking

requires mental faculties thoroughly energized.

Energy comes from food—right food. Not heavy, indigestible food, but food easily digested and at the some time highly nutritious. This double requirement is splendidly combined in

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

Made of choice wheat and malted barley, this famous food retains all the nutriment of the grain, including those priceless mineral elements that must be furnished the system for the best activities of body and brain.

The delicate nut-like flavor of Grape-Nuts, its concentrated energy and ease of digestion make this a wonderful food a standby in the homes of thoughtful people everywhere.

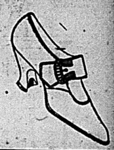
"There's a Reason"

MADE IN CANADA —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Our Handsome Footwear Styles

elicit many compliments and much admiration



Our Ladies' Colonials, Oxfords and Pumps

have a character of their own

Priced at

$1.50 to $4.00

Great Values

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Sale of Washable Silks
For Tuesday Morning, May 4th

A rare opportunity to buy yourself a beautiful Silk Dress at just about the half price mark.

Tuesday Morning at 9 o'clock, 50c yd.

worth twice as much in the regular way. The lot includes all brand new goods in the latest colors and designs.

New Arrivals in LADIES' SILK UNDERSKIRTS
$2.75 to $3.00 Underskirts for $1.99

Made of fine Moire Silk with 10 inch accordion pleating with flounce. Colors Black, Navy and Copenhagen Blue. Ask to See Them.

$1.25 MIDDY BLOUSES for 85c

Made of good strong material, colors Light Blue and Red Strip, all sizes.

Ladies' Parasols in all the new style handles, best frames and covers, that will give good serviceable wear, at 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $1.25.

Ladies' and Gent.'s Raincoats.—A few odd sizes to clear at half price.

See Windows for Bargains

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in

CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,

273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates. Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

THE HON. GEORGE P. GRAHAM

This gentleman is a true type of the Laurier School of statesmen. Not long ago he fought desperately against any strengthening of the Empire, by a Canadian contribution to the navy. Now his tone has changed, the country is against him and his leader's attitude on the question of aid to the Mother country, hence his vociferous declaration to a Toronto audience that "It is our duty to be fighting the enemy abroad and not quarrelling among ourselves at home." Why, then, have you vaulted so suddenly, and why ocntinue your daily unjust attacks upon the Government? Is it not because public opinion has registered a condemnation of your party's past conduct upon the vital subject of the defence of the Empire?

This is not George's only somersault within a few weeks. It is not many moons ago that he threw down the gauntlet and challenged the Conservative party to mortal combat by an appeal to the people. Now he vociferously belches forth the declaration that "It would be a national outrage to call an election." His reasons are apparent. At the last election he met his Waterloo in his own constituency and had to seek a resting place elsewhere. Fearing a similar result in another contest, he therefore pettishly whines out a whimper that "there is no need for an election now." The honorable gentleman has been whipped into line by the Director-General of the Grit party, the Rev. Editor of the Toronto Globe.

Not only are the leaders of the Liberal party uttering denunciations against those who desire an opinion from the electorate upon the policy oif the Government upon the war and other questions, but they are falsifying the record and the utterances of Ministers of the Crown. A notable example of this kind of warfare is found in a despatch sent from the city of Sherbrooke, where the Hon. Mr. Doherty, Minister of Justice, had been visiting, charging the Minister with having stated in that city "that the Governor-General had refused to sign an Order for the dissolution of Parliament." This statement the Minister denounced as an "absolute fabrication," adding, after reading the telegraphic message sent to the Montreal Herald-Telegraph:

"I said nothing of the kind. Nothing that I said in Sherbrooke could be interpreted in the way that it was put by the correspondent of the Montreal Herald-Telegraph. It is absolutely untrue; an absolute fabrication. I don't know that I can put it more emphatically than that. Moreover, I did not speak at a public meeting in Sherbrooke. I did speak to friends both in French and English, but did not make any such statements as credited to me. Again, I repeat they are an absolute fabrication."

People hear occasionally from financiers of a "frenzied money market." Now we have the frenzied politicians raving in fits of fear against a general election. There may be honest differences of opinion upon the advisability of holding an election at the present time. One thing is sure, if the Government in its wisdom thinks it a duty to appeal to the people for approval of their policy in every respect, there is no doubt of what the verdict will be, no matter how often the Hon. George P. Graham and his race and creed agitators appeal to the French electors and others not to vote against Sir Wilfrid Laurier as he is one of their countrymen and of their creed, or how often the falsehood in reference to the Governor General and his advisers may be repeated. Fortunately the electors at the present read, and study public questions, and are not, as in former days, so easily led astray by political demagogues.

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PYJAMAS
SUMMER UNDERWEAR
BOYS' BLOUSES

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As soon as applied, Zam-Buk penetrates right to the very root of the disease and kills the cause thereof. The rich herbal essences then so stimulate the cells below the surface that new healthy tissue is formed, which, as it grows, forces out the diseased tissue. Zam-Buk cures from the bottom up. This is the reason that sores and skin diseases cured by Zam-Buk, do not return.

Zam-Buk is entirely different from all other ointments. It does not contain harsh minerals, or poisonous coloring matter. Nor does it contain coarse animal fats, which, in a short time, go rancid. Zam-Buk will keep indefinitely.

Many people have been cured by Zam-Buk after having suffered years and spent hundreds of dollars trying various remedies in vain. If you suffer from any skin disease or injury, benefit by the experiences of others. Try Zam-Buk first. Don't trouble with useless remedies.

Zam-Buk is unequalled for eczema, piles, pimples, cuts, burns, bruises, cold sores, frost bites, chapped hands, and all skin diseases and injuries.

We are so convinced that a trial of Zam-Buk will prove to you its superiority, that we will send you a FREE TRIAL box on receipt of this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp to pay return postage. Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

All Druggists and Stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box

HELP FOR THE BELGIANS.

We publish in our columns to-day an appeal on behalf of those Belgians who, loving their native land have remained in the country and are enduring the hardships which are inevitable under the circumstances. The surprising feature in this appeal is the fact that there are no less than seven million Belgians who have dared to stay in their native land. The general impression which recent events have conveyed to most people is of a desolate country, with the principal buildings destroyed, and only a comparative few of the inhabitants remaining in each city and town. We have read the pathetic accounts of the thousands of harassed refugees who fled the country and sought a domicile in Holland and England; and it is certainly in the nature of a surprise that we learn that seven million faithful Belgians remain in the country. Of this number we are assured by the National Committee for Relief in Belgium that at least a million and a half are now entirely destitute, and that with the rapid exhaustion of the meat and vegetable supplies there will probably be, before harvest time, 2,500,000 in Belgium who must be fed and clothed solely by charity. The remaining 4,500,000, we are told, will get their pitiful daily allowance of bread through the Commission, and will pay for it.

We are convinced that this appeal for help will not fall on deaf ears in Canada. The terrible sufferings of these people, brought about by no action of their own, save that they bravely defended their hearths and homes, have wrung the hearts of all Canadians, as they have of every civilized nation under Heaven. It is only necessary to say that the appeal comes from a committee of men in the very highest position in England to ensure a generous response from the Dominion. The chairman is the Lord Mayor of London; the vice-chairman the Archbishop of Canterbury, Cardinal Bourne, the Duke of Norfolk, Lord Lansdowne, Lord Rosebery, Lord Bryce, Rev. Thos. Nicol, (Moderator of the Church of Scotland), Sir J. Compton Rickett, (President of the Free Church Council) Rev. J. H. Hertz (Chief Rabbi), Mr. John Redmond, M.P., (leader of the Irish Nationalist party), Mr. Arthur Henderson, M.P. (leader of the Labor party), Mr. A. Shirley Benn, M.P., (hon. treas.), and Mr. W. A. M. Goode (hon. sec.), are only a few of the distinguished public men who have signed the appeal.

It is satisfactory to learn that a system of distribution has been organized so perfectly as to make it almost physically impossible for a German soldier to touch one loaf of Belgian bread. That is a statement which reflects unbounded credit upon the Committee. Under the exceedingly difficult circumstances it is a veritable triumph of organization. It opens the way for everyone to contribute who might be disposed otherwise to withhold their support if they felt they were helping to feed an army of ferocious German soldiers, whose unwelcome presence is making life almost unbearable to the unfortunate Belgians. Notwithstanding the many calls now being made upon Canadians, the Belgian appeal is of such a nature that it cannot fail to meet with a generous response.

CURRENT COMMENT

Men and women in China are suiciding in place of "seeing China subjected."

Lloyd George is a great power in Britain, but John Barleycorn appears to be a greater.—Hamilton Herald.

Dr. Dernburg naturally approves of the use of gas by his country's soldiers, but as for him he prefers to continue the use of hot air.

Secretary Bryan will now doubtless distinguish himself again as a diplomat by recommending some particular brand of grape juice to King George.—New York Evening Sun.

One Winnipeg newspaper calls another "just a commonplace, day-in-and-day-out unblushing cheap liar." The talk of elections seems to be livening up in the country.

A year of war will cost Britain five thousand million dollars. The national debt will be more than doubled. But the British purse is long, and will not be exhausted even if the war should be prolonged for another year.

If it is true that the British government is distributing an order among western Ontario shoe manufacturers, the fact would seem to indicate that Canadian army boots haven't such a bad reputation at the front after all.

Speculation on the duration of the war shows some changes. The latest odds made by the London Lloyds are one to six that the war will end by August 31 next, even money that it will end by January 15, 1916, and nineteen to one that it will end by December 31, 1916.

John McCormack, the Irish tenor, is a rabid pro-German because he is a Sinn Feinner and hates England. John overstrained his voice the other evening while singing the Chant of Hate to a crowd of German-Americans in New York, and has had to cancel engagements and lose money. May such luck continue to befall the King's enemies.—Hamilton Herald.

Is von Bernstorff trying to frighten the people of the United States into a clamor that their government meet German demands? Or is he merely trying to wage war against British commerce from his vantage point as ambassador to a neutral nation? In which case how much is his tactical position different from the position of the German officer who blew up the C.P.R. bridge over the St. Croix river at Vanceboro?—Detroit Free Press.

France must remain a military nation no matter what happens, says the Echo do Paris. Probably every Frenchman is fully convinced of that statement. To disarm would mean that the Republic would have to take orders from an ambitious and powerful neighbor that in the future is likely to be smarting for revenge. The profession of arms promises to furnish an occupation for more Europeans than ever for a good many years to come after this great war is ended.

"Long live the Czar! Long live our little father!" shouted the people as the Emperor of Russia drove through the streets of Odessa. The war certainly seems to have united the Russians in love of their country and its head. When it is considered that it is only a few years since His Imperial Majesty dared not go abroad unless the streets were lined with troops, and that for a time he found safety only in his yacht at sea, the change in popular sentiment seems marvellous.—Montreal Gazette.

The grain acreage in Canada will be increased from 30 to 50 per cent this year. This is the result of the appeal of England that Canada do more to help feed the empire in the present crisis. In this matter, as in the matter of raising men and money, Canada is showing its loyalty in a very practical manner and living well up to its watchword of "patriotism and production."—Boston Herald.

Old Ways Merely Quieted The Corn

The New Way Ends It

Some folks still cling to liquids, to inefficient plasters, or to merely paring corns.

They wrong themselves.

Their own friends keep free from corns by using Blue-jay plasters.

They apply one in a jiffy, then forget the corn. In 48 hours, without pain or soreness, the entire corn comes out.

A famous chemist found this way which makes corns out-of-date. One can't prevent them easily, but to keep them is folly.

Millions of people know that.

Blue-jay Plasters

15 and 25 cents—at Druggists
Samples Mailed Free

Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York
Makers of Physicians' Supplies

sale of immature spirits. That means that the Right Hon. David Lloyd George is of the belief that there is one thing worse than whisky—and that is bad whisky. The theory is worthy of the consideration of the Ontario license commission. They might well investigate how much havoc in this province is caused by fusel oil concoctions and home made distillations.—Toronto Telegram.

No man can do effective work if constipated—Rexall Orderlies are an effective laxative. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.

WAR

(By a schoolboy, aged 16, at Marlborough College)

We see a figure, white as snow, and sweet,
Sweet as the flowers that clothe a summer field;
Peace is her name, a name all nations greet
As Love's defender, faithful sword and shield.
We see a spectre hovering o'er the world,
Darkening all the glorious sun-lit sky;
We see dear Peace, shattered by him and hurl'd
From off her throne; we see her fall and die.
Who is this monster, raiser of men's ire,
Who knows no God, and disregards his law
Who is this King, this lord of Death and Fire?
Listen, and hear him thunder: "*I am War!*"

Nestling in a valley, by a stream,
Lies a village, joyous, free from care;
Suddenly we hear the dreadful scream,
Suddenly we see the awful flare.
Striding down the valley with his cloak
Wrapp'ed about him and his sword in hand,
Leaving behind him one black cloud of smoke
To show what once was happy, peaceful land.
Comes the War-God, with his face aflame,
Burning the village, crushing to the ground
E'en the church, that stands for God's pure name;
A foul hell-breathing spectre with fierce sound.

That is War's work, a devil's work, indeed;
When shall we see his hated face no more
Never, for nations' pride and human greed
Cannot die out; and so men go to War.

J. E. B.

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

The Germans are using suffocating gas to overcome the French. The Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

This is to be said concerning the love letters that are read in the American divorce courts: Some of them are sloppier than others.

THERE HAS NOT BEEN any increase in the price of Columbia Records

They are made in Canada—Consequently are not subject to the 7½ p.c. War Tax.

They sell from 85 cents to $7.50, but no matter what price you pay, the Columbia Record at that price is exceptionally good value for the money.

Go to the dealer whose name is mentioned below, and ask him to give you a catalogue of Columbia Records.

If he hasn't any, owing to the big demand, write direct to the Columbia Graphophone Co., Toronto, and you will receive one by return mail. But go to the local dealer whose name is mentioned below, and ask him first; also ask him to play over some of the newest Records, including:

Mary Pickford's official song, entitled—

A1701	Sweetheart of Mine I'm Not Ashamed of You, Mollie	.85
A1686	Somewhere a Voice is Calling Whispering Hope	$1.00
A5649	Handel's Largo, by Casals Melody in F, Casals	$1.50
A5644	A Perfect Day Suzi	$1.25

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316 FRONT ST. PHONE 387

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RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays 8.15 a.m.

Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Reduced Tourist Fares TO

Muskoka Lakes	Lake of Bays
Georgian Bay	Kawartha Lakes
French River	Algonquin Park
Maganetawan River	Timagami Etc.

On Sale May 1st from certain stations in Canada. Liberal Stop-Overs.

Panama Pacific Exposition

REDUCED FARES TO SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO

Full particulars, berth reservations, etc., at Grand Trunk ticket offices.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent. Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool		Montreal
Apr. 23,	Metagama,	May 6
May 7,	Missanabie,	May 20
May 21,	Metagama,	June 3

Special Steamship Train with Lunch Counter Car will leave Union Station, Toronto, on Wed., May 5 at 10 a.m.

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or

S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail, train, daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily
No. 15—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8 20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10 35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.08 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—6 10 p.m., 1.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Bailer, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.45 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily

Attractive Tours to PACIFIC COAST

Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M G Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Pointers For Youth.

Don't get your ideas of married life altogether from the comic weeklies, young man.

Mothers-in-law are often affable. Sometimes they leave you money.

A bride frequently knows how to make biscuit.

And if she doesn't, it is not absolutely impossible to secure a cook. Don't believe all you read in the funny magazines.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

An Awful Shock.

Once upon a time a man remembered that the day was the tenth anniversary of his wedding, and he brought home some flowers and candy to his wife and gave her a kiss. And it took eight doctors nine days to restore the poor woman from the effect of the shock.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.

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AFRAID SHE WAS DYING

Suffered Terribly Until She Took "Fruit-a-tives"

ST. JEAN DE MATHA, JAN. 27th, 1914.

"After suffering for a long time with Dyspepsia, I have been cured by "Fruit-a-tives". I suffered so much that I would not dare eat for I was afraid of dying. Five years ago, I received samples of "Fruit-a-tives". I did not wish to try them for I had little confidence in them but, seeing my husband's anxiety, I decided to do so and at once I felt relief. Then I sent for three boxes and I kept improving until I was cured. While sick I lost several pounds, but after taking "Fruit-a-tives", I quickly regained what I had lost. Now I eat, sleep and digest well—in a word, I am completely cured, thanks to "Fruit-a-tives".

(Mme.) M. CHARBONNEAU

"Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest stomach tonic in the world and will always cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, "Heartburn", Dyspepsia and other Stomach Troubles.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Starving Belgians Appeal for Help

Urgent Appeal, Issued by Leading and Representative Men in Great Britain

The National Committee for relief in Belgium has issued the following eloquent appeal:—

Sir,—On behalf of seven million Belgians, who have dared to stay in their native land, we appeal to our fellow-countrymen throughout the British Empire. A great emergency has arisen; an emergency which involves our national honor. We are well aware of the magnificent response already made by generous and patriotic individuals to appeals for funds during the present war; yet, under the circumstances, we do not hesitate to say that we must make further and even greater sacrifices to meet the misery of which the people now left in Belgium from the horrors of slow starvation. No victory could be lastingly glorious if it involved the destruction by famine of a small nation that deliberately sacrificed itself rather than sacrifice its honor.

From the day when the people in Belgium laid down their land and lives for the sake of their country's independence and the honorable fulfilment of its undertaking to maintain a perpetual neutrality, the German Army of occupation has refused to feed them. They have been kept alive only by the merciful and effective intervention of a neutral Commission for Relief, formed under the auspices of the American and Spanish diplomatic representatives in Brussels and London. That Commission, of which Mr. Herbert Hoover is Chairman, has worked miracles by arranging for the importation into Belgium, in the face of unparalleled difficulties, of food supplies valued at over £10,000,000. The philanthropy, rendered necessary by the large number of destitute who cannot pay for their food, has been generously aided by the United States and the British Dominions. No national has been made by Mr. Hoover's Commission in the United Kingdom because, normally, these people are perfectly comfort this was not within their province. Mr. Hoover and Mr. Francqui, Chairman of the Commission in Brussels, now write:—

"Unless we get more assistance hundreds of thousands of the seven million people still in Belgium will actually starve. At least a million and a half Belgians are now entirely destitute. With the rapid exhaustion of the meal and vegetable supplies there will probably be, before harvest time, 2,500,000 in Belgium who must be fed or clothed solely by charity. The remaining 4,500,000 will

Let their pitiful daily allowance of bread through the Commission and will pay for it. Will you help us to feed these destitute alive?"

To this question there can only be one answer. Having satisfied themselves that His Majesty's Government saw no objection, the undersigned have formed the National Committee for Relief in Belgium, in the confident belief that the people of the British Empire will most allow the bulk of the Belgian nation to die for lack of bread.

In providing a national channel for every part of the British Empire through which benevolence to meet this emergency shall directly and safely reach the Belgians in Belgium, it is also intended to consolidate the existing philanthropic efforts in this direction.

As it is obviously impossible for any British subject to enter the occupied part of Belgium, the representatives of the neutral Commission will distribute the relief purchased from the National Committee's funds. Mr. Whitlock, the American Minister in Brussels, on March 29th, wrote as follows:—

"I am glad to be able to say that there is not a single instance in which a pound of food sent under our guarantee has been touched by the German authorities."

In conjunction with the Belgian "Comite de Secours" and under the supervision of neutral Americans actually in Belgium, a system of distribution has been organized so perfectly as to make it almost physically impossible for a German soldier to touch one loaf of Belgian bread. All the neutral authorities on the spot are convinced that if the supplies of food to Belgium are discontinued the Germans will act up to their declaration that they will not, or cannot, save the seven million people from starving to death.

To keep body and soul together in the 1,500,000 who are now utterly destitute £500,000 a month is required. The desolating hand of war has thrust the Belgian industries entirely out of land almost a third of her population. In Liege 30,000 women, old men, children and cripples daily line up to get their half-pennyworth of bread and their pint of soup. In Malines, 25,000 out of 40,000 are entirely destitute; in Brussels nearly 200,000 Belgians wait every day for their bread of tears. Babies and children are barely being kept alive for want of milk. So it is throughout all the country where those who stayed and bravely faced the invader are now dependent upon the mercy of the world. And if that mercy is denied, the amazing well-restraint of these seven million people will collapse. Under the impelling anguish of hunger they may be tempted to strike, desperately, but with tragic unarmed futility, and will be shot down, like so many wild creatures, in streets that were lost by sacrifice as noble as the world has ever known.

Only organized effort on an unprecedented scale will avert this tragedy. In caring for 200,000 Belgian refugees now in this country, we are apt to forget that the great bulk of the Belgian nation—at least seven millions—of them—are living under conditions of such misery as can scarcely be conceived by a people, who like ourselves, have been scarce by horrors of invasion.

Faced with a situation from which there is no immediate escape, imprisoned in their country, the people of desolated Belgium only ask from us enough bread to keep themselves alive. Shall it ever be said that we denied them this?

Food cannot be exported from this country to Belgium. The Committee has urgently needed to buy it should be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Mr. A. Shirley Benn, M.P., Barclay's Bank, Lombard Street, London, E.C. The working expenses of the National Committee have all been generously provided for, and every penny or every pound received by the Treasury will, without any deduction whatever, reach the hungry people of Belgium in the form of food.

The appeal is signed by the Lord Mayor of London (Chairman), the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Duke of Bourne, the Duke of Norfolk, Lord Lansdowne, Lord Rosebery, Lord Bryce, Rev. Thomas Nicol, Moderator of the Church of Scotland, Sir J. Compton-Rickett, President of the Free Church Council, Rev. J. H. Herts, Chief Rabbi, Mr. John Redmond, M.P., leader of the Nationalist Party, Mr. Arthur Henderson, M.P., leader of the Labor Party, and Mr. A. Shirley Benn, M.P., Hon. Treasurer, W. A. M. Goode, Hon. Secretary.

Other members of the Committee include the Duke of Wellington, K.G., the Marquess of Salisbury, the Earl Grey, the Earl of Durham, K.G., the Earl of Selborne, K.G., the Earl of Halsbury, the Earl Loreburn, the Earl of Beasborough, K.P., the Viscount Halifax, the Viscount Peel, Lord Michelham, Lord Courtney of Penwith, Lord Swaythling, Lord Aberconway, Lord Glenconner, with Sir Rennell Rodd, Colonel Lord Claud Hamilton, M.P., Lord Hugh Cecil, M. P., the Right Hon. A. Bonar Law, M. P., the Right Hon. J. A. Pease, the Right Hon. Sir George H. Perley, K.C.M.G., M. P. (Canada); the Hon. H. W. P. Schreiner, K.C., C.M.G., High Commissioner for the Union of South Africa; Sir Reginald L. Antrobus, K.C.M.G., C. B., Crown Agent for the Colonies; Sir T. A. Coghlan, Agent-General for New South Wales; the Hon. Peter McBride, Agent-General for Victoria; Sir Sir T. B. Robinson, K.C.M.G., Agent-General for Queensland; Mr. F. W. Young, Agent-General for South Australia; Lt.Cl. the Hon. Sir Newton J. Moore, K.C.M.G., Agent-General for Western Australia; the Hon. Sir John McCall, Agent-General for Tasmania; Mr. John Howard, Agent-General for Nova Scotia; Mr. Harrison Watson, Agent-General for Prince Edward Island; Mr. John A. Reid, Agent-General for Alberta; Mr. E. Hallaway Turnbull, Acting Agent-General for New Brunswick.

A SCHOOL DRESS

Here we have the newest thing to a shirtwaist and skirt that the little girl may enjoy. The kilted skirt fastens with buttons and buttonholes to a blouse that is quite fashionable with its frills and furbelows.

LITERARY NOTES

CANADA'S GREAT MOUNTAINS

The Grand Trunk System has just issued a booklet which takes high rank amongst railway literature in general. This publication is entitled "The North American Alps" and is descriptive of that magnificent territory in the Canadian Rockies which has Mount Robson as its centre and which includes two great mountain parks with scores of glaciers, waterfalls and flower strewn valleys. The illustrations are especially fine in this brochure, presenting for the first time many of the beauties of the region recently opened up by the Grand Trunk Pacific transcontinental line. Travelers taking a trip to the Pacific Coast should see this great alpine playground so well depicted in this booklet. A copy may be had free on application to C. E. Horsfin, D.P.A. Toronto, Ont.

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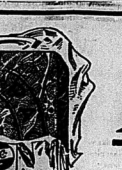

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THE STORY OF CANADIAN HEROISM AT LANGEMARCK

Conclusion of Sir Max Aitkin's Graphic Description—"Glorious Fruitful and Costly" No Canadian Guns Lost—"To Arms Then, and Still to Arms"

(Continued from Yesterday)

FORTUNES OF THIRD BRIGADE

It is necessary now to return to the fortunes of the Third Brigade, commanded by Brigadier-General Turner, which, as we have seen, at 7 o'clock on Thursday was holding the Canadian left and after the first attack assumed the defence of the new Canadian salient, at the same time shaping all the men it could to form an entrenchment line between the wood and St. Julien. This brigade also was at the first moment of the German offensive, made the subject of an attack by the discharge of poisonous gas. The discharge was followed by two enemy assaults. Although the fumes were extremely noxious, they were not perhaps, lethal regard to the wind, so disabling as on the French lines (which ran almost east to west) and the brigade, though affected by the fumes stoutly beat back the two German assaults.

Encouraged by this success it rose to the supreme effort required by the assault on the wood, which has already been described. At 4 a.m. in the morning of Friday, the 23rd, a fresh emission of gas was made, both upon the Second Brigade, which held the line running north-east, and upon the Third Brigade which, as has been fully explained, had continued the line up to the first point, as defined above and had been spread down in a south-easterly direction. It is perhaps worth mentioning that two privates of the Forty-Eighth Highlanders who found their way into the trenches commanded by Col. Lipsett, 80th Winnipeg Rifles, Eighth Battalion, perished of the fumes and it was noted, that their faces became blue immediately after dissolution.

CASES AFFECTED 48TH

The Royal Highlanders, of Montreal, 13th Battalion, and the Forty-Eighth Highlanders (Toronto), 15th Battalion, were more especially affected by the discharge. The Royal Highlanders, though considerably shaken, remained immovable to meet their ground. The Forty-Eighth Highlanders which no doubt received a more poisonous discharge, were for the moment dismayed and indeed their trench, according to the testimony of very hardened soldiers became untenable. The battalion retired from the trench, but for a very short distance, and then, as usually short time, in a few minutes they had regained their own. They advanced upon and occupied the trenches which they had momentarily abandoned.

In the course of the same night the Third Brigade, which had already displayed a resource, a gallantry, and a tenacity, for which no eulogy could be excessive, was exposed (and with it the whole allied cause) to a peril still more formidable.

It has been explained, and indeed the fundamental situation made the peril clear, that several German divisions were attempting to crush, or drive back, this devoted brigade, and in any event to use their enormous numerical superiority to sweep round and overwhelm our left wing at a point in the line which cannot be precisely determined. The last attempt partially succeeded, and in the course of this critical struggle German troops in considerable, though not overwhelming numbers were past the unsupported left of the brigade and slipping in between the wood and St. Julien. This movement threatened the appearance, and indeed for the moment the reality of isolation from the brigade base.

MONTREALERS WERE GALLANT

In the exertions made by the Third Brigade during this supreme crisis, it is almost impossible to single out one battalion without injustice to another, but though the efforts of the Royal Highlanders of Montreal 13th Battalion, were only equal to those of the other battalions who did such heroic service. It so happened by chance that the fate of some of its officers attracted special attention. Major Norsworthy, already almost disabled by a bullet wound, was bayoneted and killed while he was rallying his men with easy cheerfulness. The case of Captain McCuaig, of the same battalion, was not less glorious, although his death can claim no witness. This most gallant officer was seriously wounded in a hurriedly-constructed trench. At a moment when it would have been possible to remove him to safety, he absolutely refused to move from the discharge of his duty. But the situation grew instantly worse and peremptory orders were received for an immediate withdrawal. Those who were compelled to obey them, at whatever risk to their own mobility and safety, an officer to whom they were devotedly attached, but he knowing, it may be, better than they, the exertions which still lay in front of them, and unwilling to inflict upon them the disability of a maimed man, very resolutely refused and asked of them one thing only, that there should be given to him his rifle at request. And so, with three revolvers ready to his hand to use, a very brave officer waited to sell his life, wounded and racked with pain, in an abandoned trench.

On Friday afternoon the left of the Canadian line was strengthened by important reinforcements of British troops, amongst others two battalions. From this time forward the Canadians also continued to receive further assistance on the left from a series of French counter-attacks pushed in a north-easterly direction from the canal bank.

But the artillery fire of the enemy continually grew in intensity, and it became more and more evident that the Canadian salient could no longer be maintained against the overwhelming artillery numbers by which it was assailed. Slowly, stubbornly, and contesting every yard, the defenders gave ground until the salient gradually receded from the apex near the canal to a point to the west of St. Julien, with French and fell back upon St. Julien.

Soon it became evident that even St. Julien, exposed from right and left, was no longer tenable in the face of overwhelming numerical superiority. The Third Brigade who, therefore, ordered to retreat further south, selling their ground yard of ground dearly as it had done since 7 five o'clock on Thursday. But it was found impossible without hazarding in the larger forces to disentangle the detachment of the Royal Highlanders of Montreal, 13th Battalion, and of the Royal Montreal Regiment, 14th Battalion, which had been ordered, and not a moment too soon, to move back. It left these units with hearts as heavy as those with which his comrades had left their numbers by which it was assailed.

The German line rolled indeed over the deserted village, but for several hours after the enemy had become master of the village the sullen and persistent rifle fire which survived showed that they were not yet master of the Canadian rear guard. If they died they died worthily of Canada. The enforced retirement of the Third Brigade (and to have stayed longer would have been unmeaning heroism) exposed for the Second Brigade, commanded by Brigadier-General Curry, in a singularly exact fashion the position of the Third Brigade itself at the moment of the withdrawal of the French. THE BRIGADE STOOD ITS GROUND

The Second Brigade, it must be remembered, had retained the whole line of trenches, about two hundred yards, which it was holding at 5 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, sup-

Continued on Page Six

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A BLORE MANOR EPISODE

The weight of the conversation did not fall heavily upon him; indeed, when Miss Quaritch had a share in it, no one else was overburdened. And from time to time they met upon the road old women or children to whom the girls had always something to say. It was, "Well, Mrs. Marjoram, and so the donkey is better," or, "Now, Johnny, get along home to your mother," or, "How are you, daddy?" in the high-pitched key so trying to the cockney's ear.

In these parleys Joan, the second girl was foremost. Maitland glanced at her. A young man may be very fastidious, but neck-ribbons awry and brown hair in rich disorder do not entirely close his eyes to a maiden's comeliness. It would be strange if they did, were she such an one as Joan Quaritch. Not tall, yet tall enough, with a full, rounded figure, to which her dress hardly did, hardly could do, justice, she moved with the grace and freedom of perfect health. Her fair complexion could afford to have its clearness marred by a freckle or two, such as hers, mere clots in the cream; and if her features were not perfect, yet a nose too straight and a chin too heavy were more than redeemed by great gray eyes that, sunny or tearful, could be nothing but true—eyes whose frankness and good fellowship aggravated the wounds they inflicted. Why she was called "Dubs" I cannot tell. Perhaps no one can. But, in her good nature and her truth, her simple pride and independence, it suited her.

He had just, to quote the language of this cynic's thoughts, catalogued the last of the Graces, when the party reached the house, which stood some way back from the road. Tom Quaritch had just returned, and welcomed the guest warmly; his mother met Maitland at the drawing-room door. She was a singularly comely woman, stately and somewhat formal. Her greeting so differed from that of her daughters that the visitor found himself speculating upon the extraordinary flightiness of the late Mr. Quaritch. Wherein I doubt not he did him injustice.

At dinner our hero had in some degree recovered himself, and he told them the latest news of the theatres, the clubs, and the book world, and while their ignorance filled him with a wonder he did not hide, their attention propitiated him. He talked well, and if he was inclined to lord it a little, a shrewd glance from Mrs. Quaritch, or a demure glance from Miss Joan's eyes would lower his didactic tone. The youngest girl promised to be an especial thorn in his side.

"Does everyone in London wear shiny boots in the daytime, Mr. Maitland?" she asked suddenly.

"A considerable number do, Miss Agnes."

"What sort of people? No, I'm not rude, mother."

"Well, I hardly know how to answer that. The idle people, perhaps." He smiled indulgently, which aggravated the young lady. She replied, crumbling her bread the while in an absent meditative way, her eyes innocently fixed on his face: "Then you are one of the idle people, Mr. Maitland? I don't think I like idle people."

"How singularly unselfish of you, my dear Agnes!" put in Joan vigorously—more vigorously than politely.

Maitland's last reflection as he got into bed was that he was quite out of place here. These might be very nice people in their way, but not in his way. He must make his visit as short as possible, and forget all about it as quickly as he could. The girls would be insufferable when they came to know him familiarly. Good gracious! fancy young ladies who had never heard of "John Inglesant," or of W. D. Howell's books, and confused the Grosvenor Gallery with the Water Color Exhibition! and read Longfellow! and had but vague ideas of the aesthetic! Miss Joan was pretty, too, yes, really pretty, and had fine eyes and a pleasant voice, and fine eyes—yes, fine eyes. And with this thought he fell comfortably asleep.

He came down next morning to find her alone in the breakfast room. A short-skirted beagling costume of scarlet and blue allowed him a glimpse of neat ankles in scarlet hose. She was kneeling before the fire playing with Roy. Her brown wavy hair fell in a heavy loose loop upon her neck, and there was something wonderfully bright and fresh in her whole appearance.

"How quickly you have fallen in with our barbarous ways!" she said with a smile, as she rose. "I did not expect you to be up for hours yet."

"I generally breakfast at nine, and it is nearly that now," he answered, annoyed by some hint of raillery in her tone, and yet unable to conceal a glance of admiration. "I think I must adopt the Blore breakfast hour; it seems, Miss Joan, to agree with you all so well."

"Yes," was the indifferent reply; "we get the first of the three rewards for early rising. The other two we leave for our betters."

And she turned away with a little nod as the others came in. In five minutes a noisy cheerful breakfast was in progress, and the chances of finding a hare formed the all-engrossing subject of conversation.

On this calm gray morning, warm rather than cold, the little pack, to the great delight of the household, found quickly, and found well. No October leveret was before them, but a good stout old hare who gave them a ringing run of two hours, the pleasure of which was not materially diminished when she baffled them at last in the mysterious way these old hares affect and huntsmen fail to fathom. The visitor performed creditably, though in indifferent training. At Oxford he had been something of a crack, and could still upon occasion forget to keep his boots clean and his clothes intact.

Returning home Maitland found himself with Joan. The heat and the pleasure of the chase had for the time melted his reserve and thawed his resolution. He talked well and freely to her of a great London hospital over which one of the house surgeons had recently taken him; of the quiet and orderliness of the lone, still wards; of the feeling that came over him there that life was all suffering and death; and how quickly in the bustle of the London streets, where the little world of the hospital seemed distant and unreal, this impression faded away. She listened eagerly, and he, tasting a stealthy and stolen pleasure in seeing how deep and pitiful the gray eyes could grow, prolonged his tale.

"I have enjoyed hearing about it so much," she said gratefully, as they entered the village. And indeed she had passed several people upon the road without a word of greeting. "I hope to be a nurse soon. The dear mother does not think me old enough yet."

"You are going to be a nurse!" he said in tones of such incredulous surprise that the amusement which first appeared in her face changed to annoyance.

"Why not? One does not need a knowledge of art and the newest books for that," she sharply retorted.

"Perhaps not," he said feebly. "But after such a life as this, it—the change I mean—would be so complete."

She looked at him, an angry gleam in her eyes, and the color high in her cheeks. "Do you think, Mr. Maitland, that because we run wild—oh, no, you have not said so—and seem to do nothing but enjoy ourselves, we are incapable of anything beyond hunting and playing tennis, and feeding the dogs and the hens and the chickens? That we cannot have a thought beyond pleasure, or a wish to do good like other people—people in London That we can never look beyond Blore—though Blore, I can tell you, would manage ill without some of us!—nor have an aspiration above the kennels and the — the stable? If you do think so, I trust you are wrong."

He would have answered humbly, but she was gone into the house in huge indignation, leaving our friend strangely uncomfortable. It was just twenty-four hours since his arrival; the opinion of one at least of the madcaps had ceased to be a matter of indifference to him. The change occurred to himself as he mounted the stairs, so that he laughed when alone in his room and resolved to keep away from that girl for the future. How handsome she looked when she was flying out at him, and how generous seemed her anger even at the time! Somehow the prospect of the four days he had still to spend at Blore was not so depressing as at first. Certainly the vista was shortened by one day, and that may have been the reason.

Meanwhile Maggie, in her sister's bed-room, had much to say of the day's doings. Didn't he go well? My word! he is not half so stiff as I thought him. I believe he'd be a very good fellow if he had some of the conceit taken out of him."

"I think he's insufferable," was the chilling answer from Joan; "he considers us savages, and treats us as such."

"He may consider us fit for the Zoo, if he likes; it won't hurt us," quoth Maggie indifferently. With which Joan expressed neither assent nor dissent, but brushed her hair a little faster.

Maitland did not for a moment abandon his fresh resolution. Still he thought he owed it to himself to set the matter right with the young lady before he stiffened anew. As he descended he met her rushing up two steps at a time.

"Miss Joan, I am afraid I vexed you just now," he said with grave humility. "Will you believe it unintentional—stupid, on my part, and grant me your pardon?"

"Oh, dear!" she cried gayly. "We are not used to this here. It is quite King Cophetua and the beggar maid." She dropped him a mock courtesy, and held out her hand in token of amity, when the full signification of what she had said rushed into her mind and flooded her face with crimson. Without another word or look she fled upstairs, and he heard her door bang behind her.

Mr. Charles Maitland, after this rencontre, went down smiling grimly. In the hall he stood for a moment in deep thought; then sagely shook his head several times at a stuffed fox and joined the party in the drawing room.

To be Continued.

This war is doing an enormous amount towards encouraging tea drinking all over the world, and it looks as though in countries where tea has up to now been more or less an experiment or a luxury it will in the near future be in a fair way of becoming a national beverage. Once attract a taste for tea and it will come to stay. The Russians have of course always been large tea drinkers, and with the Government's action in closing down the State-run vodka cabarets an even larger consumption is bound to follow. France, hitherto a very small consumer and essentially a coffee country, has been adopting tea to fight upon, and every French soldier who returns from the field will take the taste back to his family. It will all spell extra consumption and a continued range of high prices. Consumption has in the past year or two increased in a far greater ratio than has production, and fresh planting owing to various causes, chiefly the labor difficulty, has been handicapped. New land takes some years to come into full bearing, and young gardens require to be treated tenderly at first. Of course China could, if she would, produce countless millions, but unless British grown tea goes to absolutely prohibitive prices there is not much prospect of the tea-drinking public reverting to China Tea.

From London "The Grocers' Gazette" April 3rd, 1915.

"MADE IN CANADA"
RADNOR

THE NEW ARROW COLLAR

THE STORY OF CANADIAN HEROISM AT LANGEMARCK

Continued From Page Five.

ported by the incomparable exertions of the Third Brigade, and by the highly hazardous deployment in which necessity had involved that Brigade. The Second Brigade had maintained its line. It now devolved upon General Curry, commanding this brigade, to reproduce the tactical manoeuvres by which earlier in the fight the Third Brigade had adapted itself to the flank movement of overwhelming numerical superiority. He flung his left flank around and his record is that in the very crisis of this immense struggle he held his line of trenches from Thursday at 5 o'clock until Sunday afternoon, and on Sunday afternoon he had not abandoned his trenches. There were none left. They had been obliterated by artillery. He withdrew his undefeated troops from the fragments of his field fortifications and the hearts of his men were completely broken. Such a brigade! And it is invidious to single out any battalion for special praise, but it is perhaps necessary to the story to point out that Lieut.-Col. Lipsett, commanding the 90th Winnipeg Rifles, 8th Battalion, of the Second Brigade, held the extreme left of the brigade position at the most critical movement.

The battalion was expelled from the trenches early on Friday morning by an emission of poisonous gas, but recovering in three-quarters of an hour, it counter-attacked, retook the trenches it had abandoned, and bayonetted the enemy, and after the Third Brigade had been forced to retire Lieut.-Col. Lipsett had his position, though his left was in the air until two British regiments filled up the gap on Saturday night.

The individual fortunes of those two brigades have brought us to the events of Sunday afternoon, but it is necessary to make the story complete to recur for a moment to the events of the morning.

The enemy succeeded in capturing the village of St. Julien, which has so often been referred to in describing the fortunes of the Canadian left. This success opened up a new and formidable line of advance, but by this time further reinforcements had arrived. Here again it became evident that the tactical necessities of the situation dictated an offensive movement as the surest method of arresting further progress.

General Alderson, who was in command of the reinforcements, accordingly directed that an advance should be made by a British brigade which had been brought up in support. The attack was thrust through the Canadian left and centre, and as the troops making it swept on, many of them going to certain death, they paused an instant, and with deep-throated cheers for Canada, gave the first indication to the division of the warm admiration which their exertions had excited in the British army.

The advance was indeed costly, but it could not be gainsaid. The story is one of which the brigade may be proud, but it does not belong to the special account of the fortunes of the Canadian contingent. It is sufficient for our purpose to notice that the attack succeeded in its object, and the German advance along line which was momentarily threatened, was arrested.

GLORIOUS, FRUITFUL, COSTLY

We had reached, in describing the events of the afternoon, the points at which the trenches of the 2nd Brigade had been completely destroyed. This brigade and the 3rd Brigade, and the considerable reinforcements which by this time filled the gap between the two brigades, were gradually driven, fighting every yard, upon a line roughly from Fortuin, south of St. Julien, in a north-easterly direction towards Passchendaele. Here the two brigades were relieved by two British brigades after exertions as glorious, as fruitful and alas, as costly as soldiers have ever been called upon to make.

Monday morning broke bright and clear and found the Canadians behind the firing line. This day, too, was to bring its anxieties. The attack was still pressed and it became a matter of doubt to General Curry whether he could once more call upon his shrunken brigade.

"The men are tired," this indomitable soldier replied, "but they are ready and glad to go again to the trenches." And once more, a hero leading heroes, the General marched back the men of the 2nd Brigade, reduced to a quarter of its original strength, to the apex of the line as it existed at that moment.

FOUGHT UNTIL WEDNESDAY

This position he held all day Monday; on Tuesday he was still occupying reserve trenches and on Wednesday was relieved, and retired to billets in the rear.

Such, in the most general outline, is the story of a great and glorious feat of arms. A story told so soon after the event, while rendering bare justice to units whose doings fell under the eyes of particular observers, must do less than justice to others who played their part, and all did as gloriously as those whose special activities it is possible even at this stage to describe. But the friends of men who fought in other battalions may be content in the knowledge that they, too, shall learn, when time allows, the complete co-relation of diaries, the exact part which either unit played in these unforgettable days. It is rather accident than special distinction

Continued on Page Eight

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Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161. Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
Agent for
Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated.
Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed.
Office: 27 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 548.
LEE CHEW.

CONTRACTOR.

THOS. MANLEY & SON,
GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.
Phone 828

W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to.
Leave orders at J. W. Davison's Insurance Office, 38 Bridge Street. Phone 562, or 298 Charles Street.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS
PAINTS and VARNISHES
Are BEST for Your HOME.
Information and Color Cards at
WATERS DRUG STORE

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

House of Hobberlin
House of High Grade Clothing

Hobberlin Clothes

Are All Wool

It's the certainty of getting what you buy that gives satisfaction in buying a Hobberlin tailored-to-measure suit. Everything is just as represented—the garment as you see it from the outside—all the hidden parts that are not seen.

Would you have a Suit of this character made in the NEW SEASON'S English, Scotch or Irish fabrics, - - - $15 up

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

Sole Agents for Hobberlin Tailoring

HAVE YOUR FURS STORED and insured against all damage or loss by Moths or Fire. Our charges are three per cent on your own valuation. Phone 363 and we will send for them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
242 Front Street.

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday 10 to 3.

S. TANNAHILL,
Manager Belleville Branch

News has been received at the House of Commons that the Speaker's second son, who is an officer in the Suffolk Regiment, has been seriously wounded at the front.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

LEFT ARTICLES OUTSIDE

Two raincoats were last night found outside a business place after the latter had been locked up for the night.

A CORRECTION

In yesterday's issue an item appeared in reference to the death of Mrs. Lizzie Harmon. It should have read Mrs. Lizzie Hannon, daughter of Mr. F. Palen, of Buffalo, N. Y.

ALLOWED THEIR LIBERTY

George McDonald and Robert Stephenson were this morning by Magistrate Masson allowed their liberty on a charge of vagrancy upon promising to leave the city.

COMMITTED TO JAIL

Clement Ellis was arrested last night on a charge of drunkenness after the police had been called to his abode on Mary street. At the court this morning he was fined $10 and costs, or in default 15 days in jail. He went up on the hill.

VAGRANTS ARRESTED

At 2.30 this morning the police whilst making inspection of premises, discovered two men asleep in a shed in rear of a business place on Bridge Street. The parties were taken to the Police Station and gave their names as Alex. McLean and George McDonald. A charge of vagrancy was preferred against them.

PAID HIS FINE

Joseph Quattoche, who was accused of the theft of a bicycle from Roy Bush, was found guilty, but owing to circumstances the magistrate imposed a fine of $5 and all costs instead of a term in jail. The fine and costs were paid. Tony Quattoche, who was accuse of receiving stolen property, was allowed to go without the option of a fine.

COMFORTS FOR THE NAVY

A box to be sent by the Red Cross and Patriotic Association, will be packed at 196 John street, on May 11. Red and blue cotton handkerchiefs, writing pads and pencils, tobacco, chocolate and gum and small donations to buy these articles will be greatly acknowledged. It has been suggested that school girls and boys might like to assist in making contributions.

FUR FACTORY ON FIRE

(Canadian Press Special)

ST. THOMAS, May 6.—The store room of the Delhi manufacturing company, containing eleven thousand dollars worth of fur coats, mitts, gloves, was burned this morning, but the factory was saved. There was an insurance of $5000 on the stock.

WEDDING BELLS

SHERRY-CARR

A quiet wedding took place Thursday morning at 11 o'clock at the West Belleville parsonage, when Miss Elsie May Carr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. R. Carr were united in marriage to William J. Sherry, both of Belleville. Rev. A. R. Sanderson performed the ceremony. The bride was very prettily attired in navy blue suit with hat to match and carried a beautiful sheath of white roses. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. R. Carr acted as witnesses. The young people left on the 1.50 fast train for Toronto. On their return they will live at the end of Moira St.

TRICKS OF BULLETS

Occasionally They Defy All Rules and Make Seemingly Impossible Flights

It has been truly said that, once you fire a bullet from a modern rifle, none can forecast what it will do or where it will ultimately come to rest. Even when a bullet has an uninterrupted course, says Mr. Frank Scudamore, in the London Globe, it is capable of upsetting all known calculations of its flight and range. Before the Battle of Omdurman a rick officer was taken across the Nile and placed under an awning at least 5,000 yards from the nearest point of possible fire. This should have ensured him an ample margin of safety, but none the less a stray bullet ate up the intervening three miles of desert, struck him in the head, and killed him.

Shortly before the Battle of Ginisa, in Sudan, General Sir Archibald Hunter, Colonel Hackot-Thompson, C.B., and another officer whose name escapes me were reconnoitring through an opening in the wall of a disused sakeeyah, or waterwheel. The hole in the wall was so small that the officers had to stand one behind the other to see clearly. The officer whose name I forget was in front using a pair of binoculars, while Sir Archibald Hunter was in the rear. The glint caused by the setting sun shining on the glass of the binoculars attracted the attention of a dervish who, together with others, was retiring along the Nile. He stopped, took aim, and fired. It was a very good shot, for it sped through one lens of the binoculars, through the brain of the officer holding them, killing him on the spot, through the shoulder of Colonel Hackot-Thompson, and finally lodged in the breast of Sir Archibald Hunter, where, I believe, it remains to this day.

The vagaries of a bullet when it touches the human frame are almost beyond belief. During another Sudan battle I saw an officer, a friend of mine, go down apparently shot through the head. To my surprise and relief I met him walking about after the battle apparently none the worse, save that his head was bandaged. Then he showed me how a bullet, striking and deflected by one of the hooks of his helmet chain, had run right round his forehead, cutting a groove under the skin, and had then glanced off the helmet hook on the other side.

Screen Doors And Windows
Lawn Hose
Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

GRIFFINS

One Night Only, FRIDAY, MAY 7

Gus Hill's Big Laugh Show

BRINGING UP FATHER

30 People, Mostly Girls 30

Prices, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

Seats now on Sale at Dorin's Drug Store.

CANADIAN ATHLETES ON ACTIVE SERVICE

Imposing Array of Steel-muscled Youth Anxious to Come to Grips With the Huns

Canada's athletes, both amateur and professional, responded in great numbers to the call for service at the front. It was to be expected that the athletes would not be behind in taking the risks of war, for as many of them may not return and many more will win fame for their daring and endurance, it is well to run over the list of prominent ones, although the list to be complete would be much longer.

Several of the best known have fallen. Stanley Mansfield, the Montreal A.A.A. quarter-miller, was killed in action. He was the first of the prominent club to fall, although many of his clubmates are at the front.

"Nick" Carter, one of the most famous and popular lacrosse players of recent years died of meningit's at Salisbury without having a chance to try his great "boring in" tactics on the Germans.

But there are dozens whose activities are not yet ended. Among the lacrosse stars there are Pringle of the old Capitals, Morton and Collins of the Tecumsehs. John D. Marsh of Winnipeg represents the Marathoners.

"Scott" Morton, once a student and lawyer, has been seen in action all over eastern Canada and made trips to the coast after the elusive Minto Cup with the Tecumsehs. He went with the engineers of the first contingent and was soon made a corporal. Jimmy Collins was just striking his stride as a lacrosse player when he passed up his salary and started to draw his $1.19 per day in the artillery of the second contingent. Bobby Pringle captained the Capitals of Ottawa when they won the Minto Cup in 1907 and toured England. He later starred with Gus Jones' Vaudeville.

"JEFF" TAYLOR

Geoffrey Taylor used to stroke the Argonaut eight at Henley and played flying wing for University of Toronto before he went to Oxford. He got to France with his Toronto chums, who included many of the Argonauts. If the Prussian Guard has any huskier men than "Jeff" they should be in training to beat Jess Willard.

Charley Gage of Hamilton is a member of the second contingent. Charley played rugby in fast company for seven years and has been lacrosse lightweight champion of Canada. He is in the artillery along with many other college athletes of lesser fame. Two famous veterans of the gridiron, Jack Williams and Eddie Phillips, are among the Ottawa sportsmen now on active service.

Just how the athletes are making good in the new game is shown by the experience of "Buster" Reid, who played nearly every position with Shaughnessy's McGill team at rugby. He joined the infantry of the second contingent as a private and in two months passed through five stages until he became full lieutenant. Another from old McGill is Kris Billington, the wonderful kicker.

The absence of these and other stars is going to play some queer freaks with athletics in the colleges and all over the country for years. It is doubtful if Canadian yacht and rowing clubs will be able to compete to any extent with the Americans. Even such sports as curling and bowling, usually relegated to the older men, have been hit. A Fort William curler, W. J. Hueston, has been killed in action. Four members of Toronto University junior champion hockey team have enlisted. Jack Tait, the star of Canada's International relay team has donned new colors. Bobby Kerr, the former Olympic sprinter offered himself for service. McGill has lost her football captain, George Laing, and Toronto her new leader, Laddie Cassels. Max Murray, the new captain of the Canadian rugby champions, the Argonauts, is also in the army along with several of his stars.

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

THE ONLY SPECIALISTS in CYCLES & ACCESSORIES

We Are The REPAIR PEOPLE

333 FRONT STREET

FUNDS Needed for Serbia

Please send Cheques and Postal Orders to Lady Boyle Hon. Treasurer of the

SERBIAN RED CROSS
Offices, 5 Cromwell Rd., S.W., London, England.

An Event of Vital Importance To Every Housewife

Our special low prices on the very highest quality of Electric Appliances will continue until the 8th of May. Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to purchase Canadian Beauty Appliances at less than they were ever sold before.

After May 8th they will go back to the Regular Prices.

$25 OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Regular $8.50 Special, $5.75 | Regular $4.50 Special, $3.00 | Regular $4.50 Special, $2.75

The John Lewis Co. Limited

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. BODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the city.

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Our Exclusive Styles in MILLINERY

Is perhaps the secret of our success. Many of the elite of the city are wearing one of our up-to-the-minute styles. If you need a NEW HAT, see ours—the Popular Hat—at moderate prices.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW HATS
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of ladies'
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 787
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Application must be made in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advt. will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles To Choose From

Chairs $5.60 Such Prices as These **Rockers $6.15**

Have Never Been Equalled Before In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts
Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

THE STORY OF CANADIAN HEROISM AT LANGEMARCK

Continued from page 6

which has made it possible to select indicidual battalions for mention.

It would not be right to close even this account without a word of tribute to the auxiliary services. The signallers were always cool and resourceful. The telegraph and telephone wires were being constantly cut, and many belonging to this service rendered their lives in the discharge of their duty, carrying out repairs with the most complete calmness in exposed positions.

The despatch carriers, as usual, behaved with the greatest bravery. Theirs is a lonely life, and very often a lonely death. One cycle messenger lay upon the ground badly wounded. He stopped a passing officer and delivered his message, together with some verbal instructions. These were coherently given, but he swooned almost before the words were out of his mouth.

NOT A CANADIAN GUN LOST

The artillery never flagged in the sleepless struggle in which so much depended upon its exertions. Not a Canadian gun was lost in the long battle or retreat, and the nature of the position renders such a record very remarkable. One battery of four guns found itself in such a situation that it was compelled to turn two of its guns directly about and fire upon the enemy in positions almost diametrically opposite.

It is not possible in this account to attempt a description of the services rendered by the Canadian engineers or the medical corps. Their members rivalled in coolness, endurance, and valor the Canadian infantry whose comrades they were, and it is hoped in separate communications to do justice to both these brilliant services. No attempt has been made in this description to explain the recent operations, except in so far as they spring from or are connected with the fortunes of the Canadian division. It is certain that the exertions of the troops who reinforced, and latterly relieved the Canadians, were not less glorious, but the long struggle is a lesson to the whole Empire.

Sir Max Aitken concludes his graphic account with the following eloquent appeal: "Arise, O Israel! The Empire is engaged in a struggle without quarter and without compromise, against an enemy still superbly organized from every standpoint, still immensely powerful, still confident that its strength is the mate of its necessities. "To arms, then, and still to arms" in Great Britain, in Canada, in Australia. There is need, and there is need now of a community organized alike in military and industrial co-operation. That our countrymen in Canada, even while their hearts are still bleeding, will answer every call which is made upon them we well knew. The graveyard of Canada in Flanders is large. It is very large. Those who lie there left their mortal remains on alien soil. To Canada they have bequeathed their memories and their glory.

"On Fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread
And glory guards in solemn round
The bivouac of the dead."

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN CHINTZ and TAPESTRY RUGS On Sale All This And Next Week At Drastic Discounts

What three more important articles could we have reduced in price? And at what more opportune time could we have reduced them than right now at house-cleaning time? Note the drastic reductions at which we have marked them, and then come in at the first opportunity and share in the splendid offerings.

Reg. 35c Curtain Chintz for 18c yd.

For this sale we have chosen a large stock of beautiful AMERICAN ART CHINTZ in all the standard shades in floral, conventional and verdure designs. They are suitable for window draperies for dining-room, bed-room or living-room: also for chair covering, 36 ins. wide and reg. 35c yd. While they last for this sale at 18c yd.

Regular 35c For 18c Yard

Lace Curtains On Sale

Regular $1.25 Values
99c Pair

An extra special bargain in White Nottingham Lace Curtains, consisting of 5 designs, size 45 to 50 ins. by 5 yds. wide. They have the Colbert overlock stitch edge, and are in the very newest designs, such as Bungalow Net centres and insertion border, also pretty scroll designs and all-over patterns. Reg. $1.25 for

Only 99c Pair

25 Per Cent Discount Sale

On all Odd Pairs of
Lace Curtains

Odd pairs of Curtains, only one pair of a pattern, but they are the balance of our season's best selling lines, such as Swiss Applique, Battenburg, Brussels Net, Voiles, Marquisettes and fancy Coristine Lace Curtains in white, ivory, ecru and two tone effects. Some are slightly soiled through handling, and we will sell them to clear quickly at

25 Per Cent off Retail Marked Prices

Size 3 x 3½ Reg $15.00 For **$11.75**

Tapestry Rugs on Sale

Seamless Tapestry Squares of best English manufactnre, all the standard colorings, are represented in these Rugs in pretty conventional, floral and motif patterns, If you have a room in need of a new Rug, and you want one that will give good service—cheap—why, this is your chance.

Size 3 x 3½ Regular $15.00 for $11.75
Size 3 x 4 Regular $17.50 for $14.75

Size 3 x 4 Reg. $17.50 For **$14.75**

REMEMBER! We make Window Shades To Order | The RITCHIE Company Limited | REMEMBER! We make Window Shades To Order

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

LOST.

LOST—WATCH FOB, GOLD SEAL, F.W.E. Reward at Intelligencer. m5-3td

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, LARGE PIER MIRROR WITH Claw Feet; also rosewood and mahogany desks, dinner wagon and old Queen Anne Parlor Table; odd chairs and hall pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 1-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander streets—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

FOR SALE, GENERAL STORE WITH POST Office. Stock about $1800. Terms cash. John M. Chislett, Rednerville. 1-6td

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15–3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—287 ALBERT ST. New modern house. Apply Wm. Donahue, 36 Grove Street. a24-12td

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

ROOMS ABOVE RIGGS' STORE. EXCEPtionally fine; to let. Apply to J. J. B. Flint. 1-6td

FINE RESIDENCE CORNER QUEEN AND Charles; all modern improvements; also fine dwelling, all modern improvements, 55 Baldwin street. J. J. B. Flint. m4-5td

HOUSE TO RENT ON CHATHAM STREET, in good repair. All modern conveniences. Apply to Geo. A. Reid, 94 Chatham Street, Phone 809. m4-6td

WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WISHES TO COMMUNICATE with Dry Goods merchant in city of Belleville, view of securing position to learn the business. Apply Box D, Intelligencer. a30-6td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS and tool makers. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. m5-3t

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

MADRID PALACE BURNS

Fire Did Two Millions' Damage to Great Buildings

MADRID, May 5.—Fire last night destroyed the Palace of Justice and damaged the Church of Santa Barbara and several other buildings. The loss is estimated today at $2,000,000. The tomb of Ferdinand VI. and other historic characters is in the church. Judge Aranda of the Court of Cassation was killed and many firemen were overcome.

Our : : :
California
Peach Pies
Are Swell!

Try one of these delicious Pies and you'll surely come right along for them.

Some fresh to-day
20c each.

Chas. S. Clapp

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by F. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence. Lewis street.

POTSDAM'S PALACES

For centuries Potsdam has been the favorite dwelling place of the Hohenzollerns. The chief palace was built by the father of Frederick the Great. Frederick the Great spent a vast deal of his time at Potsdam, as did his successors, and the Kaiser, who seldom misses an opportunity of aping his militant ancestors, generally holds his war councils there. Some interesting relics are to be seen at the Town Palace at Potsdam. In the hall are a number of high, uncomfortably narrow benches placed there many years ago by Frederick to prevent his guards from sleeping. Outside the Palace is a famous tree known as the "Petition Tree." When the subjects of Frederick came to place a grievance before their King they would climb up the tree outside his window and wave their petitions to attract his attention.

Close to the Town Palace at Potsdam stands the Sans Souci Palace, a luxurious building composed of cream-colored stone. Terraces lead up to the entrance, and on each is a hothouse where grapes are grown for the Royal tables. The interior of the Sans Souci Palace is lavishly decorated, and one world famous room which has figured in many paintings is decorated with brown, green, and blue figures of parrots and monkeys. Frederick the Great died in this palace, and his room has been kept just as it was at his death. A marble statue of the King stands in the apartment, and the stone face is turned towards the window, as though looking out over the gardens. At the statue's feet lies a stone effigy of Frederick's dog.

There is some extremely valuable statuary at Potsdam, and recently the Kaiser issued orders that the sculpture was to be protected by being securely covered with wooden boxes. Evidently he anticipated air raids over the sacred precinct of Potsdam.

A RUSSIAN AMAZON

Woman is a Full-fledged and Fighting Officer of Cossack Regiment

Militant feminism of a genuinely heroic sort is exemplified in the person and exploits of a woman who is a colonel in the Russian army—Col. Alexandra Koudasheva in command of the Sixth Ural Cossack Regiment.

Before distinguishing herself in daring raids against the Germans in East Prussia, Mme. Koudasheva was known throughout the empire for having completed what is reported to have been the longest horseback ride ever undertaken by a woman. She rode from Harbin through Manchuria, Siberia, and the forest of European Russia to Petrograd, covering in all 8,000 miles.

At the outbreak of the war Mme. Koudasheva joined the Cossack regiment in which her husband had served years ago. She was wounded twice in encounters in East Prussia, received the Cross of St. George, the V.C. of Russia, for bravery; became a lieutenant, and finally a colonel. She has also been promised the military pension which her husband, who died several years ago, failed to receive.

Accounts of Col. Koudasheva's exploits, printed in Russian newspapers, show her to be a woman of refinement, a lover of sports, and possessed of a talent for music. Her letters and diary indicate that she has no mean ability with her pen.

Khaki-bound testaments at a penny are now sent out by the British and Foreign Bible Society.

TOBACCO FOR SOLDIERS

Authorities Recognize That Men Fight Better If They Have It

"Send us cigarettes and more cigarettes" is the plea to be found in almost every letter from soldiers at the front, for tobacco seems as necessary to Britain's fighting men as food and drink. There was a time when the military authorities would have stopped the wholesale importation of the weed on to the battlefield. Wellington, for instance, was very averse to his men smoking when on service, but to-day the commanders realize that tobacco has an inspiring influence on troops which is an asset in warfare that cannot be overlooked. It has been proved that soldiers well supplied with tobacco, if their wind and shooting do suffer slightly as a result, fight better than those who are deprived of the influence of the weed.

The influence of tobacco on fighting men was well illustrated during the Franco-Prussian War, when it was actually stated by several military authorities that the crushing defeat of the French was to a large extent due to their lack of comforts, especially tobacco, when on the battlefield. On the other hand, every effort was made to provide the German troops with the weed. Subscriptions, headed by members of the Royal Court in Berlin, were raised for the purpose of providing the men in the field with tobacco. History tells of how the German hussars galloped into the charge with huge cigars in their mouths, and the infantry stood shoulder to shoulder whilst they puffed at their pipes. Bismarck himself set an example to his men in this respect, for he was seldom seen without a cigar. The Iron Chancellor, at the conclusion of a battle, used to walk amongst the wounded, and, taking cigars from his pocket, would light them and give them to the soldiers to smoke.

In the present campaign tobacco is finding its way into the hospitals. Whilst being operated upon some soldiers are allowed to smoke cigarettes.

The Short Man at the Front

The distinguished English physiologist who in a recent discussion before the Royal Sanitary Institute insisted that the short man is a more efficient fighting machine only emphasized what has been the growing conviction of scientific observers in late years. The small man presents less of a target to the foe, eats less, has usually a higher vitality and better resistance to infecions, all of which are eminently desirable qualities in the soldier.—New York Herald.

CITY AND VICINITY

Experiences and Observations in Germany.—Mr Elmer Luck, M.A., Tabernacle Church, Friday, May 7th.
Admission, 25c. wt

The Quinte Chapter, I.O.D.E., will give a Tea at the home of Mrs. H. C. Earle, 244 Ann St. on Friday afternoon, May 7th, from four to six. Silver collection. Homemade bread and cake for sale. Proceeds in aid of Canadian Military Hospital, Boulogne, France. M5,2t

The Summer Pictorial Fashion Book is now on sale at Geen's; a free pattern with it. tf

The lady collectors for Block Day are requested to meet at City Hall at 7.30 to-night to bring in their collections. 1t

Gorman's Shoe Shine Parlor is open evenings until 9 o'clock.

DANCING
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnstone's New Academy,
Special Social Dance,
Monday Evening.
Dancing 8.30 to 12.30. Usual admission
ORCHESTRA IN ATTENDANCE. 1t

Look at your Shoes, then look at Gormans. wt

VERY SPECIAL RATES
Beginning May 7 for Osteopathic treatments. Consultation and examination free. Dr. J. P. Kimmel, 28 Victoria Avenue. 6,4t

You can have your black shoes shined at Gorman's for 5c, your tan shoes shined for 10c. Call in any time and have a shine. You are always welcome at Gorman's Shoe Shine Parlor. wt

SPECIAL NOTICE
A solemn Requiem Mass will be sung a St. Michael's church on Friday morning at eight o'clock, the seventh inst., for the repose of the soul of the late George Grant. Friends and members of branch No. 76, C. M. B. A., are specially invited to attend. 1t

CANADIAN EXHIBIT AT PANAMA EXPOSITION

"It was a pleasure to be able to say "I am a Canadian" and to know that our Dominion's exhibit was the best within the grounds."

Mr. I. W. Brisbin, a well known insurance man, who makes his home at Lacolle, Que., thus expresses himself on his return from the Panama Pacific International Exposition. Mr. Brisbin admired not only the Canadian exhibit but the Canadian railway service. In a letter to the Grand Trunk System, he says, "After a trip to the Panama Exposition, during which we travelled over eight different railways, I wish to express to you our appreciation of the very excellent service given by your train, The International Limited. During our journey to and from Chicago we occupied a very clean and comfortable observation pullman car, found the service in the dining car all that could be desired, and all the men in charge were most courteous and obliging. The service of the G.T.R. is not excelled upon this continent."

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City, thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co. Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1915. No. 300

Tightening the Licensing Laws

Chairman Flavelle Makes Some Important Announcements to Hotel Keepers at Lindsay

Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the License Commission of Ontario, called a meeting of the hotel keepers and their bartenders yesterday afternoon in the office of License Inspector W. E. Thornbury, at Lindsay. The object of the meeting was for the purpose of directing the license holders how to carry out the new law, which it is the intention of the commission to strictly enforce.

The gist of the chairman's address was to the effect that no wines or liquors are in future to be served to any soldier, regardless of rank, at any time. Beer can be dealt out to them between the hours of 6 o'clock p.m. and 9 o'clock p.m.

Empty flasks are to be an unknown vessel around hotels in future, and as it has always been understood, no bottles of liquor are to be sold in hotels.

A first offence or violation of the law which governs the Liquor License Act may mean the cancellation of the hotel keeper's license.

The commission wishes an observance of the law, not in a coercive way, but a strict adherence to what the Act sets forth.

It would appear that violators will not get a second chance as in the past, and the hotel men all seem bent on carrying out the law as set forth by the chairman.—Lindsay Warder.

British Prisoners Abused by Germans

LONDON, May 7.—In the House of Commons yesterday afternoon there was again heated discussion of the treatment of British prisoners in Germany in reprisal for the treatment by England of her submarine captives. Sir Edward Grey said that the Government had received unofficial information that nine British officers, among them some of the best known men in the service, are confined under unsanitary conditions in the military prison at Cologne. They are allowed only one hour's exercise daily, and that in a most unsanitary yard. They are forbidden to converse with each other, even when locked up. Their cells are narrow, twelve feet by six, with one window high up in the wall. They are denied decent sanitary accommodations.

The Foreign Secretary said that the American report of the treatment of submarine prisoners by England has been forwarded to Berlin with the request that similar treatment be accorded the British prisoners.

Lloyd George and Liquor

Chancellor of Exchequer to Drop all New Taxes in Form Originally Proposed

Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 7.—An agreement has been reached between Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George and representatives of the liquor trade in the matter of the proposed taxes on beer and spirits. The statement is made that the Chancellor has agreed to drop all new taxes in the form originally proposed by him.

CHINA AND JAPAN ULTIMATUM PRESENTED

Foreign Residents and Chinese are Preparing to Leave Pekin but it is Believed That China is Prepared to Concede All Japan's Demands

PEKIN, May 7.—Eki Hioki, Japanese Minister to China, went to the Chinese Foreign Office this afternoon and presented the Japanese ultimatum, which insists that China accede to the demands presented by the Tokio Government.

Tokio, May 7.—The Japanese Foreign Office has informed an Associated Press correspondent that Eki Hioki, Minister to China, has been given instructions by telegraph regarding the presentation (presumably Friday) of Japan's ultimatum to China. If the demands of Japan are not accepted before the time limit, Minister Hioki will leave Pekin.

PEKIN, May 7.—There is good reason to believe that China is prepared to concede everything demanded by Japan, realizing that the situation is hopeless. This possible outcome to the present tense situation is not generally comprehended in Pekin, consequently a number of foreign residents, as well as Chinese themselves are today packing their personal belongings and otherwise preparing for eventualities.

Gunner Thomas A. Yateman Wounded

Mr. Walter A. Yateman, 82 Mill St., received the following telegram, at about 10 o'clock this morning.—

"Sincerely regret to inform you 40520 Gunner Thomas A. Yateman, First Field Artillery Brigade officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

ADJUTANT GENERAL."

Gunner T. A. Yateman is the second brother to be injured at the front, Gunner Richard Yateman, it will be remembered being invalided home about six weeks ago, on account of injuries he received from the kick of a horse.

Word has been received from the office of Militia and Defence, Ottawa, that Bernard Sisson Olver has been wounded while serving with his company in France. He left Vancouver, B.C., with the Royal Irish Fusilies, 7th Battalion, 2nd Brigade, 1st Contingent. No particulars were given. Pte. Olver is well known in Belleville.

Comrades' Courtesies

Several persons from this city were in attendance at Kingston on Wednesday to bid farewell to members of the 21st Battalion who left for overseas.

The three following graceful telegrams exchanged last night on the departure of the 21st Battalion C. E. F., speak for themselves:

Lieut. Newcombe, 21st Battalion, Canadian Expeditionary Force, Kingston:

Kindly convey farewell greetings to Johnson, Evans, Geen, Weller, Courdis, Ketcheson, and other Bellevillians. God speed and gallant work and safe return for them and for you.

W. N. PONTON, Lt.-Col.

Lt.-Col. W. St. Pierre Hughes, Commanding 21st Battalion, Canadian Expeditionary Force, Kingston:

Farewell and God speed to you and yours.

"Across the world you keep the pride,
Across the world we mark the score."

W. N. PONTON, Lt.-Col

Kingston, May 5, 1915.

Colonel Ponton, Belleville:

Many thanks for your kind message, which is appreciated by all ranks.

W. S. HUGHES, Lt.-Col.
Commanding 21st Batt'n.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA May 7—That the heaviest and saddest part of Canada's toll in the great battles around Ypres is yet to be told in the casualty lists being issued from the Militia Department is officially stated. Since the names of the Canadians who suffered in the engagements have been coming through from the Record Office in London, the main casualties announced, aside, of course, from those of the officers, have been wounded, although a few names of the men killed in action and missing will begin to come through in greater numbers. Great care is being taken in compiling the lists of killed in action and missing and no names will be sent out until absolute certainty exists of the accuracy of the information received from France. In fighting such as is going on in France it is sometimes difficult to speedily secure the names of the killed, owing to the trenches of the belligerents being so close together, and the danger of attempting sorties to bring in the bodies.

2ND BATTALION
Wounded

Pte. Eric A. Salder, Toronto; Lance-Corp. Bernard George Slater, Renfrew, Ont.; Ptes. Albert Edward Matthews, St. John, N.B.; Thomas Murray, St. John, St. John, N.B.; Raymond Earl Neilson, Outer Station, Kingston, Ont.; Erskine Devins, General Delivery, Toronto; Thomas Nicholls, Reading, Pa.; John Alexander Rogers, Wolfe Island, Ont.; H. Gilbert Nicholl, Manitou, Man.; G. L. G. Mitchell, South Oshawa, Ont.; Harry Moore, 524 Front street, South Oshawa, Ont.; William Styles, Holloway, Ont.; William Ramsay, 48 Division street, Kingston, Ont.; John Kennedy Bailey, Muskoka, Ont.; Geo. Leonard Davis, Merrickville, Ont.; James Wm. Ryan, Kilkenny, Ireland; Frederick Walter Rout, London, Eng.; Llewelyn Boyce (formerly 9th), Middle Farm, Griffith Town, near Newport, Mon.; Harry Henshall, Manchester, Eng.

Died of Wounds—Pte. Robert Watson, Armagh, Ireland.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA May 7.—Casualties issued today:

Sixteenth battalion: Wounded—Sgt. Pawney, Los Angeles, California; Pte. Andrew Stuart, Lemeurier, Que.

Dangerously ill—Major Gilbert Godson, Grimsby, Ont.

Seriously wounded—Pte. James Torrance. At Rawal Pindi Hospital. Gunshot wound in back, Winnipeg.

Wounded—Pte. McKean, Piahot, Sask.

Thirteenth battalion: Seriously ill—Pte. Stanley Reedman, Cerebro spinal fever, Notchill, B.C.

First Brigade Canadian field artillery: Wounded—Gunner Horace MacKney, Kingston.; Missing—Gunner Herbert Saunders, Kingston, Ont.

Second field artillery brigade: Wounded—Corp. Hoar, Montreal.

Wounded and missing—Gunner McDonald, New Glasgow, N.S.

Wounded—Corp. Reid, Sydney, N.S.

Died of wounds—Lieut. Carsley Frederick Hague, Montreal.

Third Brigade Canadian Field Artillery: Wounded—Driver Smith, Toronto; Gunner Stinson, Toronto; Gunner Marshall, Hamilton.

TORONTO THEATRE IS DESTROYED BY FIRE

The Princess Theatre in King Street west, Toronto, took fire from an unknown cause at 2.30 this (Friday, morning, and at 3o'clock the auditorium and stage had been totally destroyed. At that hour the firemen were confident that the flames would not spread to the front section of the building.

As a precautionary measure all the guests in the Prince George, Iroquois, Imperial and Genesee Hotels were awakened and advised to be in readiness to leave at any moment.

The fire was discovered by Constable Mitchell (399), who saw flames suddenly shoot through the roof of the theatre. The policeman was at the corner of King and York Streets at the time, and immediately rang in an alarm, all the downtown fire brigades responding quickly. The fire appears to have originated in the theatre auditorium, near the roof, and apparently it had been burning for some time before it was discovered and when the firemen arrived the whole front of the building was ablaze and the flames were spreading to the stage.

The Princess Theatre was formerly known as the Academy of Music, and was taken over by O. B. Sheppard and re-named the Princess. The theatre was on the Klaw and Erlanger circuit and was leased by B. C. Whitney, of Detroit, with O. B. Sheppard as manager. The Metropolitan Racing Association and the Ontario Association of Artists had offices over the theatre. Henry Miller was appearing at the theatre this week in "Daddy Long-legs." All the scenery and effects used in the production are destroyed and the company's loss will be about $12,000.

(Canadian Press Special)

Entire interior destroyed and the proprietors, Messrs Klaw and Erlanger of New York, announced their intention this morning, by wire of building immediately a new theatre to be one of the best in Canada.

Premier Hearst On Sick List

Suffering From an Acute Attack of Pneumonia, Resulting From Cold

Hon. W. H. Hearst, Prime Minister of Ontario, is ill at his home on Glen road, Toronto, suffering from an acute attack of pneumonia, the result of a cold contracted two weeks ago while on a tour of Northern Ontario. While there is no alarm as to the Premier's condition, two physicians Dr. Adam Wright and Dr. J. H. Elliott, are in attendance. Dr. Wright states that the disease is taking its usual course and that one lung has been affected.

The Premier was first absent from his office on Monday, but had not been up to his usual robust condition for some weeks prior to going north, on account of the strenuous life he has been forced to live since assuming office last July.

(Canadian Press Special)

Toronto, May 7.—The doctors' bulletin at noon announced that Premier Hearst was resting easily and that his condition was satisfactory.

Canadian Tells of German Slaughter

LONDON, May 6.—Sergt. Larkin, a member of the Second Battalion, First Brigade, who was wounded and is in a Cardiff hospital, confirms the assertion made by many Canadians that the German dead were so numerous after the enemy had been repulsed in charges leading up to their great attack, that the Canadians piled bodies as parapets.

"The German artillery fire was so heavy it was more like machine gun fire", he says. "A curious fact is that in the preliminary German attacks not one of our men was brought in suffering beyond a bayonet wound. The Germans damaged us by shell or rifle fire, but would not risk coming to us at close quarters. They either ran away or stood still and screamed for mercy.

"The Second Battalion, at the end of Friday had six officers killed, six wounded or missing, and four wounded.

"The Germans had absolutely no feeling for the wounded. They shelled the dressing stations and blew fellows lying there, wounded, to smithereens. Some of our motor ambulances were also blown up. German prisoners seemed utterly done up. Several Saxons told us they would sooner be back at work.

"One of the pluckiest things was done by the machine gun team of the Second Battalion. They occupied a cottage in broad daylight within the German lines, and planted a machine gun commanded by Capt. Hooper. Eventually they were driven out. Capt. Hooper is wounded and missing."

RETALIATION PROPOSAL IS GAINING STRENGTH

LONDON, May 6.—The suggestion that Great Britain adopt measures in retaliation for the use of gases in battle by the Germans took concrete form today. Joseph King, representing the north district of Somerset in the House of Commons, announced his intention of introducing a resolution on this subject on Tuesday.

The resolution sets forth "that this House agrees to such measures or retaliation as is essential to prevent success attaching to such gross and unparalleled violation of the rules of war, subject, however, to the condition that in the preparation of any gas used by his Majesty's military forces the utmost regard be paid to the dictates of humanity."

War Honors and Emoluments Settled

A Tall Story From London, Which Must be Taken With a Grain of Salt

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 7.—The London correspondent of the Tribune says: "It was recently settled by the Cabinet and approved by King George that if the Allies triumph over Germany Sir John French will be made a Duke and receive $1,000,000 in cash. Sir John Jellicoe will be created Viscount and receive £50,000, or if the British fleet wins a great naval engagement he will be made an Earl and receive $500,000. Lord Kitchener will be advanced a step in the peerage and receive a grant of $100,000.

France and the Liquor Question

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 7.—The Petit Parisien says the French Government will introduce a bill prohibiting the manufacture of all alcoholic drinks during the war.

German Offensive Broken Down

The Recent Offensive of Germans Has Been Broken Down, With a Loss of 35,000

PARIS, May 7.—An official note issued last night says:

"The German General Staff persist in giving false details concerning their offensive engagement. During the last fifteen days the enemy has attempted a heavy offensive, which we speedily broke down. The total of the German losses in the heights of the Meuse, in the Woevre and the Vosges has been more than 35,000. At no part have they broken through our lines. They have taken no important position from us. They have allowed half a dozen of their finest regiments to be decimated.

"The German attack on April 22 by two army corps, using asphyxiating gas bombs, had as its object the piercing of the Ypres front. The greater portion of the prisoners captured from us were overcome by fumes. We suffered no check. The rapidity of our counter attacks prevented the enemy from attaining the left bank of the Yser Canal and from establishing a strong position on the right bank.

"In these combats we inflicted heavy losses on the enemy. Our actual front was established only two kilometres (about a mile and a half) behind the original front. Our men are now provided with means to protect themselves against similar attacks with asphyxiating bombs.

Shooting Affray at Vancouver

German KillsoHis Former Partner and Son, and Then Shot Himself With Revolver

(Canadian Press Special)

VANCOUVER, May 7.—Herman Rosenbaum yesterday shot and killed George Brown, senior, fatally wounded George Brown, junior, and will probably die from bullet in his own brain. Rosenbaum, a German, had been business partner of Brown's but was forced out after some trouble. Recently he had both Browns in police court for assault and the younger Brown was fined. Yesterday he entered Brown's store and fired at close range with a thirty-two calibre revolver, killing father and wounding son so badly he died a little later. Rosenbaum then placed the revolver against forehead and sent a bullet into his brain. He lies dying in hospital.

Second Contingent Staff Elected

OTTAWA, May 6.—Officers of the second Canadian contingent, under Major-General S. B. Steele, will include Col. Lord Brooke, in command of the Ontario Brigade; Col. J. Landry, Quebec, over the Quebec and Maritime Province Brigade; Col. Ketchum, Winnipeg, in charge of the Western Brigade. The brigade Majors respectively, will be: Lieut.-Col. R. G. Stewart, Ottawa; Col. McAvity, St. John, and Lieut.-Col. P. A. Moore, Calgary.

Capt. W. C. Cochrane, son of the Minister of Railways, and Capt. R Montague, son of Hon. Dr. Montague, Winnipeg, are to be on General Steele's staff. Col. Septimus Denison of Toronto, who goes to England at the head of the Ontario Brigade, will, owing to ill health, be unable to lead it to the front. There are 22,000 men in the second contingent.

COL. WALKER POWELL DEAD, HAD ACTIVE CAREER

OTTAWA, May 6.—Colonel Walker Powell, C.M.G., Adjutant-General of the Canadian forces from 1875 to 1896 and representative of Norfolk in the old Canadian Assembly from 1857 to 1861, died here to-day, aged 87. He was born in Waterford, Ont., in 1828, the son of the late I. W. Powell, who represented Norfolk in the Assembly in 1840-47.

The late Col. Powell entered the Norfolk militia in 1847 and became Colonel in 1873. He was at one time Warden of North Norfolk, was one of the foremost military men of his time in Canada and took a prominent part in the Trent affair, the Fenian raids and the Northwest rebellions, as well as assisting in the founding of the Royal Military College.

C. Berkeley Powell and Dr. F. H. Powell of Ottawa, are sons of deceased and Mrs. McLeod Stewart, Ottawa, and Mrs. Douglas Farmer of King, Ont., daughters.

LUSITANIA TORPEDOED SANK THIS AFTERNOON 1300 PASSENGERS ABOARD

Vessel is Believed to Have Been Afloat Twelve Hours Before Sinking, Passengers are Thought to Have Been Saved

LONDON, May 7.—The Cunard liner Lusitania was sunk off Old Head, Kinsale, by a torpedo. Assistance has been sent to her. She sailed from New York last Saturday with thirteen hundred passengers and was due in Liverpool today.

LONDON, May 7.—The Lusitania sank at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon.

NEW YORK, May 7.—If the report is true that the Lusitania was torpedoed at 2 o'clock this morning and that she did not go down until 2.30 this afternoon she was afloat for more than twelve hours, which undoubtedly gave opportunity for the removal of passengers. It is not known just how far she was from shore when she was struck.

LONDON, May 7.—The passengers of the Lusitania are believed to be safe.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The Dow, Jones & Company ticker service, in a report from London, declares that the Lusitania was beached and the passengers and crew, according to Lloyd's were saved.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The Cunard Steamship Company announced today that it had received from its agents in England an unconfirmed report that the steamship Lusitania had been torpedoed off the coast of Ireland.

Two British Steamers Sunk

In Each Case it is Stated That the Crews Were Saved

LONDON, May 7.—The British steamer Centurion was torpedoed off the Irish coast yesterday. The crew were saved.

The British steamer Candidate was torpedoed by a German submarine off Waterford, Ireland. The members of her crew were saved.

GERMANY AND ITALY

A German School Closed in Rome by Orders from Berlin

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 7.—Upon receipt of a despatch from Berlin the German School in this city was closed suddenly yesterday afternoon. The teachers, with a number of German newspaper correspondents and several German families left almost immediately for Germany.

DOCTORS WOULD ENLIST

OTTAWA, May 6.—The Minister of Militia has under consideration representations by officers of the Army Medical Corps that doctors be permitted to enlist for six months' service a the front, instead of three years or the duration of the war. It is pointed out that many of the most eminent practitioners in Canada are ready o volunteer, but that three years' service abroad would mean the ruin of their private practice.

BALAKLAVA HERO DEAD

LONDON, May 7.—General de Horsey, hero of Balaklava, is dead at the age of 89.

THE LUSITANIA.

LATEST DESPATCH, 4.15 P.M.

QUEENSTOWN, May 7.—The Admiralty officers here have no news concerning the safety of the passengers and crew of the Lusitania.

LONDON, May 7.—The Cunard Lind gave out information this evening to the effect that there are about twenty boats in the vicinity of the spot where the Lusitania went down. Sixteen more boats have been despatched to the scene for rescue work.

QUEENSTOWN, May 7.—All the news received here from the steamer Lusitania at 3.25 p.m. says that before sinking her life boats were over her side.

NEW YORK, May 7.—No definite word as to the fate of the Lusitania's passengers had been received by local office of the Cunard Line u pto 3.30 o'clock this afternoon.

QUEENSTOWN, May 7.—Lusitania was seen from signal station at Kinsale to be in difficulties at noon. She had completely sunk at 2.33 p.m. This indicates that the liner flotted for two hours and half, after what evidently was the beginning of her trouble.

LONDON, May 7.—An official announcement was made this evening that the Lusitania had remained afloat at least twenty minutes after being torpedoed and that twenty boats were on the spot at the time.

Belleville Man Selected for R.A.M.C.

(Canadian Press Special)

KINGSTON, Ont., May 7.—Capt. Tennant, Belleville; Capt. Shields, Port Hope; Lieut. Bonnycastle, Campbellford, and Lieut. Frederick, Peterborough, are among the officers selected from hundreds of applicants for the Royal Army Medical Corps for overseas service.

AVIATORS' ATTACK ON CONSTANTINOPLE

Three Russian Aviators are Said to Have Caused Considerable Damage With Bombs—Russian Shells Fall Within Ten Miles of Constantinople

Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 7.—The first attack of the war on Constantinople is reported in an unofficial despatch from Athens. It is said three Russian aviators flew over the city dropping several bombs which are believed to have caused extensive damage.

The message says the Russian Black Sea fleet bombarded Turkish forts on the left bank of the Besphorus on Wednesday. Several Russian shells fell within about ten miles of Constantinople.

Dardanelles, via London, May 7.—Artillery exchanges between warships of the Allies and the shore positions of the Turks continue. Some vessels are firing from the Gulf of Saros, making use of inflammatory shells. The town of Maidos was set on fire on Wednesday.

London, May 7.—A despatch from Athens says the Italian Government has recalled teachers in Italian schools at Constantinople.

Saturday A Day Of Offers

Half Price sale of Mill Ends of Table Linen in lengths ¾ yard to 3¾ yards, all pure linens, enormous bargains for everyone.
25c. Bobbinet Door Panels, sale, each .... 19c.
New Bobbinet Curtain Materials, special sale at 50c. to 45c. yard
15c. Colored Window Scrims, sale, yard .... 10c.
75c. yard New Summer Dress Materials, in white, tan, champagne, blue, 40 inches wide; sale, per yard .... 60c.
Special sale 36 inch wide Raw Silk, on sale at 75c., 50c., 40c. yd.
Black Cotton Hose for Ladies' and Children, all sizes 4 to 10, 2 pairs for .... 25c.
Extra values in Lace Curtains .... 39c. pair
Fancy Parasols, worth up to $2.00; sale .... 98c.
Boys' and Girls 25c. Heavy Ribbed Hose, sale, pair .... 19c.
Great sale of Ladies' and Gents' Rain Coats.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

HOW PROHIBITION IS EVADED

FAIRMONT, W. Va., May 6.—Sixteen men were arrested last night charged with violating the prohibition law. Over 100 gallons of whisky in their possession were confiscated. They were locked up pending trial. Fully 100 men, with over 500 gallons of whisky, came in on trains from Pt. Mario, Penn.

GRAND TRUNK NEWS ITEM

Mr. W. C. Sealy is appointed Master Mechanic of Ontario Lines with headquarters at Toronto, in place of Mr. J. Markey, deceased.

A portable filteration plant, purifying 3,000 gallons of water per hour, is being tested at the Exhibition camp, Toronto.

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

DAVIES

Smoked Rolls 16c lb.
Pink Salmon 3 tins 25c
Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c
June Peas 4 tins 25c

Gruesome Stories From the Front

Operator Kyle Narrates Some Horrible and Pathetic Incidents of the War

The following is part of an interesting letter from the front, written by Pte. Fred Kyle, an operator with the Headquarters Staff, to his mother Mrs. Kyle of William St. Belleville.

Canadian Headquarters, France, April 21, 1915.

Dear Mother,—

Another line to let you know I am well and seeing the sights. We have moved again and are right into the hottest part of it. We are in a lovely chateau, much nicer than our last location. Words cannot portray the beauty of the ground and surrounding country. There is a city a mile and a half from here, where the main fighting takes place, which I presume you have read much about. I took a stroll over yesterday morning and was there only twenty minutes when they started shelling the place. You can hear them sing for a minute and then when they strike, it sounds like a clap of thunder. The big cathedral, which is the largest I have ever seen is completely ruined and also all the large buildings around it, the sufferings of the people are terrible, and refugees are hurrying out every day.

I understand between 500 and 600 civilians have been killed in the last two days from shells. I went in one place to buy some fruit, and the whole bunch had gone down to their cellar, when the first shell dropped. They were frightened to death and ran and left everything behind them. I went down one street, just off the main square and watched crowds of refugees getting their rations of bread. I went into a cafe and had some coffee and cake, and while sitting there a shell dropped with 200 yards of the store. The noise was so terrific I could hardly hear for a minute. I left there and went back to the square and learned that an officer and ten men had just been blown to pieces about a block away, so I decided to hit for the chateau.

Oh, the sights are awful. I saw one woman, about 40, carrying an old woman, presumably her mother. The old woman was bed-ridden and a rack of bones. There were three small children running by their side crying. I learned a shell had just hit their house, killing the husband and two of their children, and they had grabbed their earthly possessions and fled for shelter.

I was talking to one soldier from the English trenches and he was telling me of the last charge they made to get a trench. Out of about 1000 men only 350 lived to tell the tale. He said, at times he though he would go crazy and at one point when the men were about to retreat the sergeant lifted up his rifle and said he would run his bayonet through the first man that quit, with the result that our men held the Huns at bay and finally drove them back to the next line of trenches. He also said while the shells were flying he could not see anything but heads, arms and legs flying in every direction. The next day, while digging down deeper in the trench, he said, a man near him cut off the heads of two Germans who had been buried previously by the Huns. Another man near him saw a boot sticking out of the ground. He pulled on it and out came a leg. The graveyards are also being shelled and expose large numbers of bodies above the ground. The authorities have ordered large supplies of cloride of lime to disinfect these places, especially the trenches, as it will be a serious detriment to the men's health.

I am enclosing some flowers I picked back of our chateau. They are French pansies. I would like awfully to send some lilies, but they woudn't be up to much when pressed. We have lots of violets and several other pretty flowers but you have to fill your mouth full of tacks to pronounce their names.

HERE'S AN OFFER OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE

Men's Smart $15.00, 18.00 and $20.00 Suits Sale. Price $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St.

ACTIVITY OF YOUNG TEMPERANCE WOMEN

Summary of the Work Carried on by the Y.W.C.T.U. During the Past Few Months

During the last few months the Y.W.C.T.U. have been carrying on an educational campaign and have adopted a different mode of procedure than that of prevous years. The fall was given to Patriotic work, knitting, etc. In the winter public meetings were held; one in John street church, when the missionary departments were exploited. At the Baptist church a topic party was given on a number of the departments, anti-narcotics, franchise, flower mission, patriotism, etc., were discussed and skilfully summarized by the young ladies. A special evening was given to the franchise, when Mrs. Prenter capably addressed an audience at the Armouries. The "Y" also united with the Royal Templars and the W. C. T. U. in holding a series of fine meetings in the Y.M.C.A. Three have been given when splendid addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. Hubly, Dr. Platt and Mr. McLaurin on temperance from a Biblical, medical and moral standpoint.

This was not all the girls wanted to do, and realizing the vast importance of the youth in our schools a special Field Worker was brought to the city. By the kind permission of the Board of Education, Miss B. McLeod was enabled to give eight helpful chart talks to the different grades of the Public and High Schools on Scientific Temperanc. Miss McLeod has been specially trained and is peculiarly adapted for this department of the W.C.T.U. work. She also gave three admirable addresses at Bridge Street church, the "Girls' All Round Club" at Alexander school, and at a parlor meeting in the home of Mrs. D. V. Sinclair.

The importance of the children being well born and carefully trained was dwelt on. Her talk on "Heredity" was worth listening to. All who were fortunate enough to hear Miss McLeod were much pleased. She was thoroughly conversant with her subjects, and her bright, interesting presentation of them won the commendation of the audience, both children and adults.

The "Ys" are also carrying on other departments of work. They wish to thank the Board of Education and the teachers for their kind consent, their cordial reception of Miss McLeod at the schools.

A "Y".

New Zealand in 1914 exported $2,460,000 worth of butter.

Lowest Prices Yet

Doyle's Cut-Rate Drug Store

The Penslar Store

Look over these prices and see if they are not the very LOWEST PRICES in Patent Medicines that you have seen yet.

We do not advertise our prices every week, but our prices on Saturdays are always lower than those advertised.

25c. Nature's Remedy Sat. 12c.	50c. Gin Pills Sat. 28c.	$1.00 Herpicide Saturday 59c.	60c. Abbey's Salts Sat. 35c.	50c. Parisian Sage 29c.	$1.00 Nyal's Spring Tonic 65c.

3 cakes Palmolive Soap 25c.

25c. Hydrogen Peroxide 12c.

Penslar Throat Drages 25c.

Penslar Buttermilk Cerate 25c. and 50c.

CIGARS.
Bachelors, 4 for 25c.
Japs . . . 4 for 25c.
Maritanas, 4 for 25c.
Club Specials 4 for 25c.
Tuckett's Preferred, . . . 10c.
Penslar Panetelas 5c. straight

SPECIAL
Mary Garden Perfume, regular price $2.50 ounce
Our price .... $1.90 ounce
Mary Garden Talcum Powder .... 50c.

FREE
With each purchase of 10c. and over we give FREE a 5c. package of Chewing Gum.

SOMETHING NEW.
A beautiful Hero Souvenir Spoon and three packages of Gum for 15c.

We are agents for the ENSIGN PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS (British Made)
Cameras and Photographic Supplies.
We give you 24 hours' service in Developing and Printing.

SPECIAL.
Ice Cream Sodas .... 5c.

15c. Talcum Powder 9c.

25c. Tooth Paste 15c.

Penslar's Papayas for Dyspepsia 50c.

25c. Abbey's Salts 15c.

GOLD FISH
10c., 15c., 25c., 35c.

Infants' Delight Toilet Soap 7c. cake.
One only to a customer.

Our Chocolate Department Saturday Prices
Regular 50c lb. 29c
Regular 75c lb. 40c
A full line of Neilson's High Grade Chocolates, ALWAYS FRESH

VICTOR RECORDS AND VICTROLAS

NO ALUM

MADE IN CANADA

THE SOLDIERS' CONCERT

Col. Preston Announces the Early Departure of the 39th Battalion

The soldiers and such civilians as were there, are indebted to Mrs. Col. Campbell for the fine concert held in the City Hall last evening. By the courtesy of Mr. Scott, manager of the Palace, the soldiers were first entertained by very interesting pictures; then Major Johnstone started the musical programme with the stirring strains of the bag-pipes. A selection from the Anvil Chorus, by Mr. F. Burke was much appreciated, as his fine bass voice is suited to the song. Miss Ponton's songs are always well received, and there was no exception when the talented young lady gave "Marching Through the Night" and three other songs. She was accompanied by Mrs. Wagner, whose artistic playing helped to make the songs so pleasing. Miss J. Higgs gave an excellent violin solo that was heartily applauded. Mr. T. Bowie's dances were a feature of the evening—the sword dance and Highland fling. "Loch Lomond", sung by Mr. Harry McKay, was much enjoyed. Mr. McKay sang "Killarney" as the last item.

Much praise is due Mrs. Campbell for preparing such an evening's entertainment, and also for the excellent playing she exhibited as accompanist. Major Boggs acted as chairman in a very efficient manner.

Col. Preston, during the evening made the announcement that the whole battalion would leave for the front shortly instead of a company of 250 men. The news was received with cheers, and gave a good ending to one of the best soldiers' concerts held here.

Attempted Suicide At Big Swamp

An unfortunate affair took place on Sunday last near the Big Swamp, Prince Edward County, when Albert Lalone tried to end his life by shooting. The bullet entered his breast and could not be located. The result may yet prove fatal. He is a married man and about 35 years old.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
THE BEST HOPS & MALTS IRRESPECTIVE OF PRICE
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

With advancing years comes constipation. Rexall Orderlies are a specially good laxative for ageing people. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store. 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Music

is the universal language. It should be in every home

With a Victrola in your home, you have the world's best music interpreted by the world's greatest musicians and singers, constantly at your command.

A few dollars down will put a Victrola in your home today—a small amount each week will keep it there.

Go to any "His Master's Voice" dealer's today, and let him play your favorite music on the Victrola and explain the easy-payment way.

Victrola VI $33.50
With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections your own choice) $47.00

Sold on easy terms, if desired.

Other Victrolas from $21.00 to $305 (on easy payments, if desired) and ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records at 90c for the two selections at any "His Master's Voice" dealer's in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO. LIMITED
102 Lenoir Street, Montreal
DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY
Victor Records—Made in Canada—Patronize Home Products

J. V. DOYLE, AGENT. BELLEVILLE.

THE WEATHER.

South easterly winds with rain, today.

Saturday, fresh westerly winds, but mostly fair and moderately warm.

TRY OUR
Buns, Fried Cake, Doughnuts | Tarts, Cookies, Alberts
All kinds of pastry made fresh daily
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Dependable Eye Service

I know that, in addition to the technical education to which my diploma certifies; and my proven ability to examine your eyes authoritatively, as vouched for by my patients, many of whom you know; I must be honest if I expect to retain practice—which I do.

I don't recommend Glasses unless absolutely necessary, or make misleading statements about your eyes or the Glasses I prescribe.

I charge only the established standard prices prevailing elsewhere for dependable service and glasses.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"
Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple
Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon
Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen
Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry
Rasperry, Maple &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.

Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER May 1st

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at 30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

THE NEW STORE

Special Values
All Over The Store
SATURDAY

10 P.C. Off
ALL YOUR PURCHASES HERE
The Sale closes in a few days. Do your Buying Now.
SEE OUR NEW BLOUSES

Next Door to Geen's — **Wims & Co** — 282 Front Street

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

SIX SONS FIGHTING FOR THE EMPIRE

Wm. Brown, rural mail driver, of Rossmore, has a sister, living in England, at Kendal, Westmoreland, who has six sons, all of whom are now in the firing line. The youngest is 18, and all of them are fighting for the Empire. As far as is known at present not one of them has been killed or wounded.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

A SCHOOL FOR
Signallers
will be held at the Armouries every evening, commencing
MONDAY, MAY 10th
All Officers, N.C.O.'s and Men of the Canadian Militia are invited to take this course.
L. W. MARSH, Lt.-Col.
Comdg. 15th Regt.

Local Letters From the Front

Driver Serviss Tells of Football Matches—Sleeps Under an Old Buggy

April 3, 1915.

Dear Mother and Father—Just a few lines to let you know that I am well. It's pretty cold over here. We are driving the Germans back every day, and we are still hoping that the war will soon be over. The flowers are in full bloom and the stuff in the garden is up and looking fine. We are billeted in an old barn and sleeping on beans and straw. Pat Yeomans has got a stripe now. He got it for doing such good work. To-day is Easter Sunday, and we had a church parade this morning, held in a field, and it rained all the time that we were there. My address is Reg. No. 40315, Driver W. R. Serviss, 1st Battery, 1st Brigade, 1st. Canadian Contingent, 1st Divisional Artillery, British Expeditional Force, France. How is every one around Belleville? Well, I guess I have told you all the news for this time. Hoping this will find you all well. Answer soon. Love to all. I remain

Your son,
RAY SERVISS.

April 11th, 1915.

Dear Mother and Father.—I received your dear and welcome letter the other day and was more than pleased to get it. It has been raining for the last week or so, and I guess it has stopped for a few days now. I am well and feeling fine, and I hope you all are the same. I would have liked to been home for the opening of the church, but anyway let us hope that the war will soon be over, so we will be together once more. I suppose everything is going along all right. We only get our field allowance now, and it isn't very much, when you buy paper and tobacco and other stuff that you need. I am sleeping under an old buggy which is standing under a shed. The guns have been roaring all around us to-day. We have got so used to it that we don't mind it now. We played the infantry a game of football last night and beat them; it ended 4 to 0. We played the ammunition column a game a game in the afternoon and we got beat 2 to 1. Well, I guess I will say good-bye for this time. I got the salve all O.K. and was pleased to get it. My feet are better now. Love to all. Answer soon. I remain

Your son,
W. R. SERVISS.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

The notification received here for the 39th Battalion to leave as a unit instead of only 250 being selected, was hailed with delight by the members of the battalion. When the order for the men to depart will be received is not known, but the impression is that it will be Monday or Tuesday of next week. All that is definitely known is that they have orders to hold themselves in readiness to start in twenty-four hours.

The 250 members of the battalion, who were selected to go with the overseas contingent, are at present camped on Zwick's Island, where tents have been erected.

Dr. MacColl has received a message to have all soldiers as soon as possible get physically in readiness for leaving here.

Those members of the 39th Battalion who were victims of spinal meningitis are at the hospital here, doing well, and will no doubt recover.

Following is a list of the members of the 39th Battalion, who have recenty bought themselves out of the service.

Pte. J. R. Frederick, A. Company—Picton.

Pte. Howard Chambers, C. Company, Toronto.

Pte. G. Provins, A. Company.

Pte. P. Mansfield, A. Company Peterboro,

Pte. I. Meriele, D. Comuany, Deseronto.

Pte. Wm. Godfrey A. Co. Belleville.

Pte. Fraser Way, A. Company.

Pte. A. L. Lewis, A. Company.

Pte. A. McGinnis, D. Company Hastings County.

Pte. H. J. Bristol, A. Co., Kingston.

Pte. Jos. Beson, A. Co., Napanee.

Orderly officer tomorrow, Capt. J. Partridge. Next for duty, Lieut. J. Hambly.

KINGSTON.

Lieut. Kennedy of the 45th Regiment, Lindsay, brought twelve men to Kingston Wednesday night to join the 21st Battalion. These men were taken in the place of an equal number which Col. Hughes was compelled to leave behind in hospital.

There are seventy-five married Kingstonians in the 21st battalion, which left on Wednesday.

Captain Harry Pense, Captain Albert Stroud, Sergt.Major Gilbert, C.S. M. Laiton and Q. M. Sergt. Scott were made members of the Kingston Veterans' Association before leaving the city.

No. 3 Company, C.A.S.C., have opened their recreation rooms on Brock street. They have also organized a baseball team and say they are prepared to play any team in the city. They are out looking for games and hope the 11th will accommodate them.

Major Dawson will now take up the active work of the 14th Battalion as he will again have the use of his rooms and offices in the Armouries. Recruits will be accepted, and a drill schedule arranged for the most vigorous work.

Nursing Sister Vivian Hambly, of Napanee, has taken charge of the station hospital, on Queen street, with Nursing Sister Bowie, of Ottawa, on night duty.

Twenty-one nurses left the city on Wednesday with Queen's College Hospital Corps. Seventeen were taking the course at the military hospital, and four had gone to Quebec to take a special course in that city. They were brought back and left with the local class Wednesday.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

INFORMAL DANCE

An informal dance was given by the young ladies in Ramsey's Hall last evening to bid good bye to some of the officers who expect to go away shortly. About fifty were in attendance.

PRESENTATION

At the regular meeting of the Belleville Royal Templars of Temperance last evening Bro. Wm Henley was presented with a handsome Gillette safety rabon and shaving outfit as an expression of regard from his fellow members on the occasion of his enlistment with the 3rd contingent, and in view of his connection with the new brass band of the 39th Battalion here. Suitable speeches to the occasion were made. This is the third member the Templars have said farewell to for a time, there now being represented in each contingent. The Provincial organizer, Mr. E. Skitch, of Campbellford was present and gave an encouraging address.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

John Potts, who is well known about the city, was this morning before Magistrate Masson charged with two offences, namely theft and obtaining a watch by false pretences. In the latter case the charge was dismissed after some evidence had been submitted. The case of theft was being investigated this afternoon. It is alleged that Potts did on April 13th steal two robes, a lap rug and a whip, the same being the property of Fredrick Hillman of Ameliasburg Township. The accused, through his counsel, Mr. E. J. Butler, pleaded not guilty, but made no election as to his trial. Mr. Anderson, County Attorney, prosecuted.

Consigned to Tomb

JAMES LESLIE GEROW

The funeral of the late James L. Gerow took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his mother, Pope Street. Services were conducted at the house, by the Rev. C. G. Smith, Pastor of the Baptist Church, assisted by Mr. Hess of the Y.M.C.A. Miss Brown, sang a solo entitled "Abide with Me". Many relatives and friends were present. The floral designs were many and beautiful. Interment took place at Simond's Burying Ground, Prince Edward County. The bearers were: S. Roote, C. Palmer, H. Sallsbury, Cyril Weese, Capt. Hart, J. Belnap.

MRS. A. C. CREEPER

The funeral of the late Anne Elizabeth Creeper took place yesterday afternoon at two o'clock from her residence on North Park street, to Belleville cemetery. Services at the house and grave were conducted by Rev. A. Campbell, assisted by Rev. B. Eagan. There were many mourners in attendance, and on the casket were many beautiful floral tributes. The bearers were Messrs. T. Blackburn, F. Downey, C. Spencer, W. Robinson, W. Christie, and S. Finkle.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Robert Cook, M.P.P., for North Hastings, was in the city to-day.

Mr. Thomas H. Thompson of Madoc Village was in the city to-day on business.

Mrs. J. P. Wilson and young son of North Bay, are visiting her parents, Chief and Mrs. Newton of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherrit and young son left to-day for Macclesfield, England, where they will reside in future.

Mrs. Fisher and son left to-day for Macclesfield, England, on a visit to her mother.

Mrs. L. C. Witherspoon, Catherine street, has returned to the city, accompanied by her father, Mr. Wm. Kane.

SATURDAY SPECIALS AT LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE

144 bottles of
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE
Regular 25c.
2 FOR 25c.

PATENT MEDICINES

50c.	Fruitatives	28c.
50c.	Gin Pills	25c.
50c.	Zam-Buk	35c.
50c.	Chase's Nerve Food	35c.
25c.	Chase's K & L Pills	15c.
50c.	Dodds' Pills	35c.
25c.	Nature's Remedy	13c.
50c.	Nature's Remedy	35c.
$1	Nature's Remedy	67c.
$1	Listerine	75c.
50c.	Listerine	40c.
25c.	Thomas' Electric Oil	15c.
25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Hamilton's Pills	17c
25c.	Baby's Own Tablets	15c.
50c.	Williams' Pink Pills	30c.

Get that BROWNIE CAMERA or KODAK from us. We carry a complete line.
Brownie Cameras .. $1 to $12.00
Kodaks .. .. $7 to $22.50

EASTMAN'S N. C. FILMS.
We have them to fit all cameras.

DEVELOPING & PRINTING
Bring your films to us for development and printing. We give you the best results.

FACE CHAMOIS FREE.
With each tin of Talcum Powder at 25c. purchased Saturday, we will give absolutely free a 10c. face chamois.

720 cakes
GLYCERINE SOAP
Reg. 15c.
3 FOR 25c.

TOILET ARTICLES

50c.	Florida Water	39c.
25c.	Florida Water	15c.
10c.	Ivory Soap	5c.
25c.	Tooth Paste	15c.
15c.	Wash Cloths	10c.
15c.	Soap Boxes	10c.
25c.	Hutax Tooth Paste	20c.
25c.	Hutax Tooth Powder	20c.
25c.	Hutax Tooth Brushes	20c.
10c.	Infants' Delight Soap	7c.
25c.	Blue Bird Talcum	15c.
25c.	Rose Talcum	15c.
25c.	Violet Talcum	15c.
25c.	Sandalwood Talcum	15c.
25c.	Tooth Brushes	14c.
10c.	Nail Brushes	7c.

Our Prices Are Always The Lowest

WALL PAPER and FRESCO CLEANER.
Cleans Wall Paper, Calcimine, Window Shades.
15c. Large Tin.

RUBBER GLOVES. KEEP YOUR HANDS PRETTY
Household Rubber Gloves will keep your hands pretty and clean. Just the thing for household duties. Wear a pair and keep your hands pretty this summer. Regular 75c. pair .. .. 49c.

720 CAKES

SOAP
Reg. 15c. cake.
Saturday 10c. cake; 3 for 25c.
Don't miss this opportunity of getting a high class soap at a low class price.

144 bottles
BEEF, IRON and WINE
Reg. $1.00
Saturday .. .. .. 49c.

100 bottles
A. B. S. C. TABLETS
Reg. 25c.
Saturday .. .. .. 17c.

144 tubes
TOOTH PASTE
Reg. 25c.
Saturday .. .. .. 15c.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE
THE CAMERA SHOP

Will You Be Ready
When warm weather arrives?

Don't wait for those hot sultry June days before discarding your high shoes.

Comfort combined with real style satisfaction awaits you in a pair of our pumps.

Pumps and Colonials, all the latest style effects,
$2.00 to $4.50

Sole Agents for "Altro" and "Walk-Over" Shoes.

W. H. Adams
The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps
Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Special Saturday Bargains

$1.25 Ladies' Fine White Underskirts .... 75c.
Extra Special Ladies' Sateen Underskirts, colors black, green, blue, red, cerise and grey .... 59c.
New values in Ladies' House Dresses at .... 97c.
75c. Ladies' all silk Hose very special .... 50c. pair
$1.25 Girls' Middy Waists in light blue, navy and red stripe, great value, only .... 85c.
Ready-to-wear Dresses for Girls, age 6 to 8 years .... 75c.
Women's Fast Black Cotton Hose .... 15c. pair; 2 pairs 25c.
Children's Black Ribbed Cotton Hose, the kind that wears, 15c. pair; 2 pairs for .... 25c.
Pure Cashmere Stockings, all sizes, worth 25c. pair. Saturday, only .... 15c.
Ladies' light weight Summer Vests, extra good values at— 10c., 15c., 25c., 35c. and 50c.
75c. Ladies' Hand Bags in several colors. Saturday .... 49c.
25c. box Writing Paper; sale price .... 15c. box
Special table in China Department, every day needs in cleansers, soaps, etc., special .... 6 for 25c.
Clear Crystal Glass Vases .... 10c., 15c., 25c., and 50c.
Extra good strong Drinking Glasses .... 2 for 5c.
8 cakes good Toilet Soap. Special .... 25c.
6 large bars Naptha Soap. Special .... 25c.
10c. lb. Wyandotte Cleanser; special .... 2 for 15c.
Gents, get this one: $1.00 shirt, 35c. tie, both for .... 99c.
Men's Work Shirts, light and dark colors. Reg. 75c. value .... 50c.
Men's Silk Hose, regular 25c. value; special .... 15c.
Men's fine Linen Collars, regular 15c. value; each .... 10c.
SEE WINDOWS FOR BARGAINS.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

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Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States $1.50 strictly in advance.

GRIT NEUTRALITY.

The Liberal party, through its public men and its Press, are constantly denouncing Sir Robert Borden, the members of his Cabinet, and the Conservative Press for a breach of faith in not adhering to the truce in politics, said to have been entered into between the leaders of both parties, declaring that they alone are the Puritans. Yet not one of them ever makes a speech or writes an editorial, but vicious and untruthful attacks are made upon the Premier, and those who have the great responsibility of governing the country at a period the most important in its history.

A few samples of Grit neutrality will suffice to prove the hypocrisy of their profession:

Quebec Chronicle: At the moment when three-quarters of a million British soldiers are on the soil of France willing and ready to shed their blood in defence of that country, and Belgium, what are the Liberals of Quebec doing? They are trying to unite the people of Quebec Province against Borden because he wanted to give three battleships to form part of the British navy in the North Sea. They are glorifying Laurier because he opposed the granting of aid to Britain.

They are glorifying Laurier because his puppets and dotards in the Senate set themselves above the elected representatives of the Canadian people. They are glorifying Laurier because he called the Kaiser a Peace-maker, and compared him to the late King Edward VII. They are glorifying Laurier who said there was no emergency.

They are reproaching Borden because he wanted to assist Britain. If there was no central British navy to-day what would have happened? Not an English soldier could have been landed on the coast of France. Every coast town in France would have been battered into submission or have surrendered by now. The Kaiser's armies would be in possession of Paris to-day. The Scharnhorst, the Gneisenau and other German ships would have converted Halifax and Vancouver into masses of smouldering ruins long before this.

Here is The Globe's idea of a non-partisan editorial: "This is no time to say that the Liberals of Canada have disgraced the name of our country and made loyal citizens blush for shame. We scorn the suggestion that we should throw ourselves into political controversy and give all the sordid and shameless details of the Western Land Deals. No. This is a high and holy time. There is no room for the man who would drag into the blaze of public contempt that effete and desperate Senate which prevented this country from having its battleships in the North Sea? Canada is resolute for the prosecution of the war and has no stomach for the appalling waste on the National Transcontinental, for Oliverian methods of management, and for the other pettiness of newspaper and political controversy."

Hon. Geo. Graham: Mr. Graham charged this Government with being the most extravagant Canada ever had, and assumed that the reason for wanting an election was that they might be returned to power before more frauds were uncovered in the next session. "If an election is brought on," he concluded, "the Government asks you to fight over politics to serve its purposes and let go the war. Its members will be out in the country when they should be at Ottawa every day."

Columns could be filled with just such evidence of Liberal neutrality. Ninety-nine per cent. of the declarations of frauds are as far removed from the truth as are the professions of neutrality by Liberal leaders and Liberal Editors. Misrepresentations and false charges are their stock in trade, and unfortunately their columns and upper storeys are overstocked with them.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION IN ENGLAND.

Telegrams from London tell us that the Hon. Mr. Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer has not yet appeased the wrath of those who oppose his liquor legislation, as he informed the House of Commons that he was to have a conference with brewers and distillers in regard to his new taxes on spirits, wines and beer, and that he was very anxious to come to an agreement with the trade. The Chancellor added that he was not wedded to his own proposals, and if any one had better ones to offer he would accept them. He did ask, however, that the public give the Government at once control of the liquor trade in areas in which munitions of war are produced."

What a howl of indignation would be heard from Opposition journals and the Temperance Alliance, if a Canadian Minister were to announce his intention to meet and confer with Brewers and Distillers upon a question affecting their trade. Even now, whenever the Ontario Government propose to take steps to better control and restrict the traffic in liquor the charge is at once made that whatever is proposed it at the dictation, and in the interest of, the trade. In England, no matter how strong the feeling may be in favor of the suppression of the curse of an excessive use of alcoholic beverages, public men have some regard for personal right in property, which in Canada, or at least in Ontario, prohibitionists have not; hence the difficulty, to a great extent, in dealing with the all-important subject of the suppression of the liquor traffic. A little more liberality and less fanaticism in dealing with the subject will effect much.

THE TORONTO TELEGRAM.

The Toronto Telegram, in reply to an attack by the Grit Press that no matter what independence it may profess, it will, when an election is announced, "turn off the tap of independence and go the limit as an old-line Tory paper." The Telegram does not relish the charge, and asks: "Did The Telegram 'go "the limit as an old-line Tory paper "in 1896,' when The Telegram help"ed to build up a Laurier ascend"ancy and tear down Conservative "strength?"

Quite correct, Telegram; and like thousands of others who did the same thing, you have had cause to regret it ever since.

CURRENT COMMENT

The action of that little British trawler turning on a German destroyer, ramming her and putting her to flight, was as surprising as would have been an attack of sheep on a vicious dog.

The death of Ross Binkley will mean more to thousands of people in Ontario than the death of almost any officer whose name is in the list of killed. The great footballer, we may be sure "played the game" at the front like a hero as he used to play the game on many a football field.

The extremists who talk of putting French on an equality with English as an official language in Ontario are making impossible any reasonable settlement o lthe bilingual problem in the schools. This Province has only one official language. English it is, and English it will remain.—Globe.

Questions have arisen between the United States and Great Britain which might easily have aroused much ill feeling in both countries. The interference with American commerce was a fruitful source of controversy, and in its earlier notes on the subject the administration at least did not err on the side of complaisance. Yet a break in friendly relations has been avoided, largely by the use of moderate language on both sides. If either Mr. Bryan or Sir Edward Grey had been guilty of the belligerent attitude of Count von Bernstorff, a mere divergence of views would soon have resolved itself into a bitter quarrel. But in diplomacy fine words mar butter parsnips.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

HOUSECLEANING
FLOORS
need attention now that the winter is over. Give them a good, preservative Wax dressing, which will bring out the natural beauty of the wood.
RONUK
the English Wax Polish and Cleanser gives a transparent, bright and durable polish. It is easy to apply (which cannot be said of some waxes), will not dry out in the tin, is economical in use, and owing to its sanitary qualities, it gives a pleasing freshness to the atmosphere. 75
On sale at all stores 10c. to $2.00

The Battle Front

Petrograd, Russia, Feb. 25.—via London.—The number of head and arm wounds of the men at the front is enormous, for men in trenches expose only their heads and arms. Many hundreds are hit in the head and death does not result from the wound. Occasionally one may see the slightly wounded walk back with heads bound up or arms in slings. Motor trucks loaded with wounded tear along the roads leading back from the extreme front. Perhaps forty per cent. of the wounded are back on the firing line after three months' care and rest in a hospital. It all depends on a man's health and blood. If the blood is pure and good, the soldier gets the first aid, proper treatment and his wound heals by first intention.

Good blood is everything to every man. It means fresh strong nerves, good digestion, good circulation. Those who have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery marvel at the way it checks blood diseases. See a man today with skin all broken out; see him a few weeks later after using the "Discovery," his skin is all cleared up, eyes bright, and he is contented with himself.

The foundation of good health is good blood! Are you pale? Are you weak? Are you no longer ambitions or energetic? Have you pimples or boils? Do you suffer from headaches, low spirits? Then you are anaemic—your blood is thin, lacking in healthy, strength-giving red corpuscles. Then your blood is impure—and your liver is not up to its task of clearing the blood from the poisons accumulated.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a temperance remedy that will restore to you rich, health-giving blood—a remedy proved by experience (in tablet or liquid form). It is a glyceric extract or roots from our forests, known to science as those which will best give the stomach, liver and bowels needed help.—Adv.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are manufactured in Canada, at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

According to the New York Times, the Berliner Tageblatt contains a protest against the suppression by the German government of Schiller's William Tell, as performed for the benefit of school children. The authorities feared it might "injure the soul-welfare of the children. Wilhelm Tell has been the great liberty play of Germany for 100 years. A good many German Americans may well be set to thinking if those who now dominate the German government find that the story of Wilhelm Tell teaches too much liberty to be suitable to put before German children.

What may be called the indirect military results of the superiority of the British navy have not been less striking. But for the advantage it scored at the very beginning of the war the French Republic might have been crushed and forced to make a humiliating peace, and then the German army would have turned upon Russia before the Russian army was fairly mobilized. With a navy weaker than that of Germany, Great Britain could have taken no part in the struggle on sea or on land, and it would have been the lot of her people to watch in impotence the onward march of German militarism in the full consciousness that the downfall of France and Belgium and the defeat of Russia were merely the first steps toward the violation of their own Island sanctity and the dismemberment of the Empire.—N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

BISURATED MAGNESIA

For dyspepsia, indigestion, souring of food, gas, and hyperacidity of the stomach (acid stomach). A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle.

A USEFUL BOOKLET

The Intelligencer has just received a new booklet issued by the Department of Natural Resources of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Calgary, Alberta, describing the resources and advantages of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and setting forth the terms on which the company's lands are offered to actual home-makers in these provinces. The folder contains a vast amount of useful information, such as the averages of all leading grain crops in the three provinces for a period of years, the average prices for the last five years, the elevator, flour mill and oatmeal mill capacity, statements of temperatures and precipitation, live stock tables, general information covering such points as customs, quarantine, and cultural education, railway facilities, public roads, system of taxation, voting regulations, rural telephones, water supply, system of land survey, cost of implements, building material, harness, furniture, dry goods and clothing, meat and groceries, and the capital necessary for a settler to make a proper start. The booklet is illustrated with 40 photographs of actual farm scenes in Western Canada, and included in it are maps in two colors of Alberta and Saskatchewan. All persons interested in opportunities afforded to home-makers in Western Canada should make a study of this folder, which may be had free of charge by addressing the Publicity Branch, Department of Natural Resources, Calgray, Alberta.

Phillip T. White, sales manager of the Masury Paint Company of Brooklyn, was sentenced on May 4th to 1½ years imprisonment for robbery.

Chile has 8000 miles of telephones, worked by an English company.

Iodine In War.

Every soldier in the allied armies, as well as in those of Germany and Austria, now carries some kind of field dressing in his pack. It was at one time said laughingly that each French infantryman had in his knapsack a triangular bandage and a field marshal's baton. Until the beginning of this war his medical equipment was limited to the bandage, but then every man was supplied with a little glass flask of one of the most powerful antiseptics known—namely, tincture of iodine. The British were not. The value of immediate application of some such solution has been so apparent that Sir Frederick Treves, and other surgeons have expressed a desire that wounded British soldiers should also have the benefit of it.

Iodine is not one of the drugs for which England is dependent on Germany. It is primarily a gift of the sea. It was first found in sea water and later—in much greater concentration—in the ashes of seaweed, so Britain can command an unlimited supply; but the manufacture and purification are by no means cheap; the making up of accurate solutions and storage in hundreds of thousands of ampullae need time and money.

Iodine is easy to carry, the "cartridges" are neat and a wounded man can instantly apply the fluid to his wound or his neighbor can do it for him. Then he will be safe, for a while at least, from the gangrene and the other horrors that kill men whose flesh is torn.

The Suez Canal.

Since 1896 $10,000,000 have been expended upon the widening and improvement of the Suez Canal. When first opened the channel had a uniform depth of 25 feet. It is now 31 feet deep, 108 feet wide at the bottom and 420 feet at the water level. It is still being deepened and widened.

Quite apart from this work, a whole fleet of dredgers are continually engaged on merely keeping the channel free from sand. We get some idea of the magnitude of this task when it is stated that last year over 2,000,000 cubic yards of material were taken out of the canal by these dredgers.

Despite the heavy cost entailed in running the waterway and keeping it open for traffic, the scheme has almost from the first been a financial success and Suez Canal shares are always much sought after. By the purchase in 1875 for $19,882,910 of the 176,602 $100 original shares held by the Khedive, the British Government obtained joint control over the canal with France.

What, Indeed?

"Who goes there?" the sentry challenged.

"Lord Roberts," answered the tipsy recruit.

Again the sentry put the question and received a like answer, whereupon he knocked the offender down. When the latter came to the sergeant was bending over him. "See here!" said the sergeant, "why didn't you answer right when the sentry challenged you?"

"Holy St. Patrick!" replied the recruit; "if he'd do that to Lord Roberts, what would he do to plain Mike Flanagan?"

THE HYMN OF HATE

The author of this poem Ernest Lissauer, received at the hands of the Kaiser, the Order of the Red Eagle, of the Fourth Class with the Royal Crown.

It has been set to music, and makes the greatest enthusiasm whenever it is sung in Germany. The English version is by Barbara Henderson. To-morrow we shall publish a reply to this poem—"A chant of Love for England."

French and Russian they matter not,
A blow for a blow and a shot for a shot;
We love them not, we hate them not,
We have but one and only hate,
We love as one, we hate as one,
We have one foe and one alone,
ENGLAND

He is known to you all, he is known to you all,
He crouches behind the dark grey flood,
Full of envy, or rage, of craft, of gall,
Cut off by waves that are thicker than blood.
Come, let us stand at the judgment place,
An oath to swear to, face to face,
An oath of bronze no wind can shake,
An oath for our sons and their sons to take.
Come, heard the word repeat the word
Throughout the Fatherland make it heard.
We will never forego our hate,
We have all but a single hate,
We love as one, we hate as one,
We have one foe and one alone—
ENGLAND!

In the captain's mess, in the banquet hall,
Sat feasting the officers, one and all.
Like a sabre blow, like the swing of a sail,
One seized his glass held high to hail;
Sharp Snapped like the stroke of a rudder's play,
Spoke three words only :"To the Day!"

Whose glass this fate?
They had all but a single hate,
Who was thus known?
They had one foe and one alone—
ENGLAND!

Take you the folk of the Earth in pay,
With bars of gold your ramparts lay,
Redeck the ocean with a bow on bow,
Ye reckon well, but not well enough now.
French and Russian they matter not,
A blow for a blow, a shot for a shot!
We fight the battle with bronze and steel,
And the time that is coming Peace will seal.
You will be hate with a lasting hate,
We will never forego our hate,
Hate by water and hate by land,
Hate of the head and hate of the hand,
Hate of the hammer and hate of the crown,
Hate of seventy millions, choking down.
We love as one, we hate as one,
We have one foe and one alone—
ENGLAND!

ROTHSCHILD'S CAREER

HIS ASTONISHING SPECULATION FORMED BASIS OF FORTUNES.

Death of Croesus Baron Recalls Origin of Family, Its Curious and Apparently Harmless Intermarriages and Its Spread of Control of the Financial Capitals of Europe.

Baron Nathan Mayer Rothschild, head of the English branch of the great banking family and titular head of all the Rothschild connection, who died at his home in London, was the first Rothschild to be raised to the peerage of Great Britain.

His death recalls naturally the origin of the family, its astonishing speculations, its curious and apparently harmless intermarriages, its spread to the control of the financial capitals of Europe and its rise socially. The first of the Rothschilds was Mayer Amschel, called Rothschild, who lived in the ghetto at Frankfort-on-the-Main. As he lay dying he called his five sons to his bedside and commanded them to be loyal to the faith of Moses, to remain united to the end, to intermarry and to obey their mother in all things.

The wise old man, who had already made his hand felt in the bourses and chancelleries of Europe, parceled out the continent as a conqueror divides subjugated territory. To London he sent Nathan Mayer, grandfather of the Lord Rothschild who died in his Piccadilly mansion. To Vienna went Solomon. Charles was directed to Naples to found the Italian branch of the family, while Jacob James Mayer, one of the great Rothschilds, the railroad builder of France, became the head of the Paris house. There were five daughters also.

Perhaps the first of the English Rothschilds, Nathan Mayer, was the greatest financial genius of the family. His greatest achievements were based on getting exclusive news earlier than anybody else. To get such rapid advance information he established a service of carrier pigeons. The world is familiar with his achievement at the time of the battle of Waterloo. He was in Paris when he received private information that Napoleon had been defeated. He drove in hot haste to the battlefield, verified the story, reached England and London in incredible time for such days, employed agents to buy up Government consols and such stocks as were certain to advance with the news of British triumph and made as a result a vast fortune. He lived like a prince and entertained royalty. He had a superstition that bad luck was contagious, and he would have nothing to do with unsuccessful persons. He left a fortune of £18,000,000 ($90,000,000).

He was succeeded by his son Lionel, who bore an Austrian title of baron. He did much toward advancing the prestige of the house. He arranged immense foreign loans, helping among other things to fund the debt of the United States Government after the civil war, advancing $20,000,000 to the British Government to purchase the Khedive's Ismail's canal shares in 1875 and after the Franco-Prussian war heading the syndicate of bankers who agreed to maintain the integrity of foreign exchange, thus facilitating the payment of France's huge indemnity.

He was the first Jew to be elected to Parliament, an honor which he obtained in 1847, but it was not until 1858 that the law was so amended that he could take his seat by giving oath on the Old Testament alone, as he had persistently insisted upon doing.

Upon his death in 1879 the headship of the Rothschilds fell to the late Lord Nathan Mayer, who in 1876 had inherited the baronetcy of his uncle, Sir Anthony, and who was himself raised to the peerage in 1885. Lord Nathan was widely known for his great wealth and his philanthropic labors. His town house in Piccadilly as well as his great country seat at Tring Park, Herts, was famous for brilliant gatherings of persons socially prominent. He was educated in England and in 1867 married Emma Louisa, daughter of Baron Mayer Carl de Rothschild of Frankfort-on-the-Main.

It is one of the most extraordinary facts about the Rothschild family that there could have been so many intermarriages without a weakening of the virility and a dulling of the genius of the race. Baron James, head of the Paris branch for many years, married his niece. Baron Lionel of London married his first cousin. Alphonse, the successor of Baron James, married Evalina, daughter of Baron Lionel.

Lord Rothschild is survived by Lady Rothschild and their three children—the Hon. Lionel Walter, heir to the barony; the Hon. Charlotte Louisa Adela Evalina, who is married to Capt. Clive B. Behrens, of the Royal Artillery, and the Hon. Nathan Charles. It is the latter who will succeed, it is supposed, to the active headship of the financial affairs of the English house, since the new Baron Lionel is not a business man in any sense, but is noted for scientific attainments, particularly in zoology.

To Repel Submarines.

Large numbers of baby torpedo boats are being constructed in England for the purpose of destroying German submarines. Within a few weeks it is expected that the waters around the British Isles will swarm with these speedy little craft. It takes a submarine fifteen minutes to sink out of sight under the water. This is too long—for the submarine—or is expected to be after the baby destroyers get into action.

Monster Tomato.

A monster tomato grown at Rosetenville in the Transvaal was recently exhibited in Johannesburg. It measured 17 inches in circumference and weighed 1 pound 6 1-2 ounces. It is stated that there are others still unpicked of equal if not greater size.

This is to be said concerning the love letters that are read in the American divorce courts: Some of them are sloppier than others.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily
MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.
Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
DOUBLE TRACK ALL THE WAY
BELLEVILLE-CHICAGO
BELLEVILLE-MONTREAL
FOR CHICAGO
Leave Toronto 8.00 a.m., 4.40 p.m. and 11.45 p.m. daily
FOR MONTREAL
Leave Toronto 9.00 a.m., 8.30 p.m. and 11.00 p.m. daily
Smooth Roadbed.
Highest Class of Equipment.
Full particulars and berth reservations at Grand Trunk Ticket Offices.
H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
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CANADIAN NORTHERN
NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)
Lv. BELLEVILLE 3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO 7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE 2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA 7.40 a.m.
(Central Station)
DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)
Lv. BELLEVILLE 5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO 9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE 2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA 7.05 p.m.
(Central Station)
For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller, Station Agent.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13 — 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.05 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.06 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.13 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC
STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool		Montreal
May 21,	Metagama,	June 3
June 4,	Missanabie,	June 17
June 18,	Metagama,	July 1
July 2,	Missanabie,	July 15

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

The Merchants Bank
Of Canada
Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000
YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted
Belleville Branch — H. SNEYD, Manager

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000
The A, B, C of Banking
Deposit Your Savings Regularly
Every Dollar Earns Interest
From Date of Deposit. 174
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

Garden Schools For City Boys

Movement in New York to Teach City Boys the Joys of Gardening

A campaign to raise $25,000 to provide exercse and education in gardening for several hundred boys at a time from the more congested parts of the city has been started by a volunteer committee at the instance of the Bronx Society of Arts and Sciences. The committee, which has the custody of a sixty-five-acre plot in Bronx Park between the Zoological and Botanical Gardens, is composed of Mrs. Steven B. Ayres, wife of the ex-Congressman, Chairman; Henry Clews, Treasurer; Thomas W. Whittle, Commissioner of Parks of the Bronx, and Dr. William A. Murrill, Assistant Director of the Bronx Botanical Gardens.

"Our big purpose," said Mrs. Ayres, in outling the projected work, "is to provide health insurance for the coming generation. Of course, we hope to rescue many boys from the crowded tenements and give them health and a useful occupation, but this will be only a means to an end. By teaching them practical gardening we hope to interest them in the work and in outdoor life so that when they come to marry and make homes for themselves they will want to settle in the country or a least in the outskirts of the city where they can have their own little garden plots.

'We believe that if the children of immigrants are saved from the influence of the city streets before they have come too much under that influence, they will prefer later to live healthy and wholesome lives in the open counry.

"To give our work the best chance for success, therefore, we shall begin with boys who are just leaving school. Our selections will be made from the lads between 14 and 16 years of age who have reached the 7A grade and have obtained their working papers, intending to leave school for work. The great majority of boys of this class are unable to obtain work and gradually change from school-children to the idlers and criminals. It is such boys whom we want to interest in gardening before the transformation has begun. Also we shall take boys only from the homes where there are no facilities for gardening. No boy who has a back yard or access to a vacant lot where he may make his own garden will be taken."

The plot where the experiment will be made has been donated by Commissioner Whittle, and Dr. Murrill has consented to teach the boys how to become gardeners. The first class, it is hoped by the committee, will be made up from the boys leaving school next June, who will be started on a two-year course in gardening. Not only will they have practice on garden plots alotted to them, but they will be taken through the work of experts. Also lectures on practical gardening illustrated with lantern slides will form part of the course.

For those boys who show special aptictude, a post-graduate course in commercial farming will be given. The object of this will be to encourage and enable boys who want to make their living on farms to do so. Those who take the two-year course, Mrs. Ayres said, will be able to have gradens of their own in conjunction with any seasonal vocations, and those taking the post-graduate course will be expected to give all of their time to farming.

A feature of the gardening experiment will be the giving of a ten-day outing to different groups of boys from the city.

The boys of the garden school will be expected to go from their homes to the gardens daily, just as they now go to publis schools, but from them groups will be selected who will spend ten-day periods camping in Bronx Park. The campers will have a regular outing, with opportunity to play when they are not working at their gardens. Commissioner Whittle has provided baseball fields and arranged for instructive trips through the Zoological and Botanical Gardens.

Another feature of the undertaking will be that the boys will be allowed to take many of their products home for use by their families. Selections from the flowers and vegetables will be made for exhibition purposes, but the boys will get the bulk of what they produce. Also the committee hopes to make some arrangement whereby the carfare of the boys between their homes and the gardens will not be a tax on th young gardeners or their families.

Mrs. Ayres was careful to emphasize that the garden plan was not intended to take the place of public school gardening, but rather to supplement it.

"No boy who has opportunities for gardening in any public school will be received by us,' she said. "Our idea is to have only the boys who would be absolutely deprived of opportunity for gardening."

The plan to raise the $25,000 estimated as needed for the success of the plan has already begun. It has been announced that subscriptions should be sent to Henry Clews, at 15 Broad street.

GRIPPE A ROBBER OF STRENGTH AND FLESH

Run Down, Underweight People Should regain Lost Flesh and Strength at This Season

People who have gone through winter suffering a succession of coughs, colds, grippe, catarrh or other ailments peculiar to cold weather will probably be surprised, if they climb on a weighing scales, to see how much flesh they have lost. Most everyone reaches Spring with weight decreased, vitality lowered, nerves affected and general health and strength impaired.

The best way to regain lost flesh and strength is through the original source of all flesh and strength—your food. Food, however, produces flesh and strength only in the proportion in which its nourishing elements are absorbed by the blood. Loss of weight indicates a leakage of the fats, sugars and starches of your food. Instead of going to the blood they are passing through your body as waste. The assimilative functions of your stomach and intestines are out of order and you need something that will get them working right again. Nothing is better for this purpose than a single Sargol tablet eaten at meals for a few weeks. Sargol does not build flesh of itself and taken between meals is of little value for the purpose, but, swallowed with your food, it acts upon every mouthful you eat, first separating all the fats, oils, sugars, starches and other materials which make for flesh and strength from the waste matter and then preparing all these fat making, nourishing elements into a form which the blood can readily absorb and distribute throughout the body. The effect is quickly felt. Reported gains in weight of from ten to twenty-five pounds a month are by no means infrequent. Yet its action is perfectly natural and absolutely harmless. Sargol is sold by J. S. McKeown and leading druggists everywhere and every package contains a positive guarantee of weight increase or money back.

Caution:—Sargol is widely used as a general body builder and for many nervous troubles, but when used for such purposes alone and where patient does not desire an increase of weight it should be taken not less than one hour after meals. If taken at meal-times it will almost certainly produce an increase in weight that some may not desire.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY

His Majesty Requests That There be no Celebration

OTTAWA, May 6.—A message from Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has been received by the Government in regard to the celebration of the King's birthday. The cable states: "It is his Majesty's wish that on the occasion of his Majesty's birthday this year flags should be flown, but no dinners, reviews, salutes or other celebrations should take place."

Instructions have been sent out by the Militia Department to officers commanding divisions and districts to observe this request.

The MAY Records are on sale now! May Columbia Records, we mean. All Double-Discs, Made in Canada and mostly 85c—play on any machine perfectly!

Be sure to hear the great descriptive record, "The Landing of the British Troops in France." Price 85c

The Finest Stock Of Columbia Grafonolas And Records In BELLEVILLE To be seen at the Store of W. B. RIGGS

I Want to Go to Tokio

As a Song Hit—
A 1707 10-inch 85c. I WANT TO GO TO TOKIO. (Fischer.) Francis Fisher, soprano, and Henry Burr, tenor. Orchestra accompaniment. ALL FOR THE LOVE OF A GIRL. (Meyer.) Peerless Quartette. Orchestra accompaniment.

As a One-Step—
A 5659 12-inch $1.25. I WANT TO GO TO TOKIO. (Fischer.) One-step. Prince's Band. I WONDER WHAT WILL WILLIAM TELL. (Daly and Allen.) One-step. Prince's Band.

YES, THEY WILL PLAY ON YOUR MACHINE.

Ask one of our dealers to play these fine new Records over to you. If your dealer can't supply you, send 30c for a demonstration disc, worth 85c. Also get a copy of our new Columbia Record Catalogue. Just out. Agents wanted where not represented. Apply MUSIC SUPPLY CO., TORONTO.

Columbia Double-Disc Records

The Finest Stock Of Columbia Grafonolas And Records In BELLEVILLE To be seen at the Store of W. B. RIGGS

Landing Troops At Dardanelles

Premier Asquith Gives Full Description of This Hazardous but Successful Operation

LONDON, May 6.—In the House this afternoon, Premier Asquith spoke as follows on the Dardanelles situation:

"At daybreak of April 25 the landing occurred, the troops making use of six landing places. By nightfall 29,000 men had been disembarked in the face of a fierce opposition by infantry and artillery entrenched behind successive lines of wire entanglements.

"The leading troops of the 29th Division were held up all day to the west of Sebdul Bahr, but at sunset they succeeded in a fine attack along the heights, which made possible the taking of a good position covering the disembarkation of the remainder of the division.

"The landing brigade of the Australian and New Zealand corps went ashore at Gaba Tepe at 4.30 in the morning in complete silence. The enemy opened a heavy fire at point blank range, but he beach was rushed with good effect, and the attack carried out with the utmost dash up the slope.

"French forces effected a landing at Kum Kale and advanced with great gallantry. Every report speaks of the magnificent co-operation of the naval forces. I regret the casualties were very heavy, including the death of Brigadier General Napier.

"During April 26 the disembarkation continued. The troops ashore were subjected to continuous and determined attacks from the enemy, but these in every case were repulsed with heavy losses. The 29th Division, under command of General Hunter, with great valor carried the Turkish position at Seddul Bahr, which consisted of rocky ravines, ruined houses, and wire entanglements.

"By evening of April 27 the 29th Division was firmly established across the Gallipoli peninsula, having advanced two miles from the point of landing. They were joined by French troops, who, having fulfilled the task of silencing the hostile batteries on the Asiatic coast which interfered with the landing on the Gallipoli peninsula, had recrossed the straits. The Australian and New Zealand corps defeated every counter-attack and steadily gained ground.

"The disembarkation continued April 28 and 29. By May 2 a further advance had been made by the French and British troops on the southern end of the peninsula and the Australian and New Zealand corps had been reinforced by the Royal Naval Division. The positions everywhere had been consolidated.

"In the successful performance of this one of the most difficult operations of the war, landing on an open beach in the face of determined opposition, the troops engaged displayed unsurpassed courage and skill.

"The operations are now being continued and pressed forward under highly satisfactory conditions."

Agricultural News

WHEAT AREA OF SASKATCHEWAN

Regina, May 7.—That the farmers of Saskatchewan have given practical assistance to the "increase the production" movement is evident from the reports that are being received. There will be an increase of 20 per cent. in wheat over last year, about ten per cent. of an increase in oats, and a decrease of fully 30 per cent. in flax, according to Charles A. Dunning, manager of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, the farmers' marketing organization. His estimate is made after a careful perusal of reports from agents of the company at 110 stations of the company. These agents estimate, after careful investigation, that there will be a total of 1,507,639 bushels of all grains which will be marketed through the 110 railway stations where elevators are located. Mr. Dunning said that all wheat seeding would be completed by the end of April. "The crop never was in better shape than this year, there was more surface cultivation than ever before in my experience. Wheat is already coming through the ground and there is no serious lack of moisture anywhere. In fact, said Mr. Dunning, "if rain should not come until after the seeding is all done, it will be in plenty of time in most districts in Saskatchewan."

A NEW INVENTION

Regina, May 7.—Charles A. Torrance of Regina has invented and patented a unique machine which automatically selects the best and heavier seed grains, cleans them and rejects smut and wild oats. Mr. Torrance is an implement man and an inventor of a fanning mill which has been on the market successfully for five years. The principle on which this new machine works is an entirely new one, according to the claims of the inventor, combining gravity and wind in machine form to bring about the desired result. In a demonstration to a party of Regina business men recently the machine lived up to the claims of its inventor, and the weight of a bushel of the wheat selected exceeded that of a bushel of the original sample between four and five pounds.

WHEN RUN-DOWN, WEAK AND NERVOUS

What Should a Man Do? Suggestion of Ohio Druggist to One Such Man Saved His Life, So He Says.

Nelsonville, Ohio.—"I was all run-down, weak and nervous and had no appetite at all. In fact I was very much discouraged until our druggist told me about Vinol and asked me to try it. I did so and it has certainly been a life saver to me. I can gladly recommend Vinol to anyone who needs a blood and nerve tonic."—S. S. STEENROD, Nelsonville, Ohio.

When a man is run-down, weak and nervous, he needs a good appetite, good digestion, better blood, more strength, more vitality, and we do not know of any medicine that will supply it so quickly as Vinol.

It is the active medicinal principles of cod liver oil aided by the blood making strengthening properties of tonic iron, contained in Vinol, which makes it so efficient in building up health and strength for weak, nervous, run-down men and women.

We ask every weak, nervous, run-down person in this locality to try Vinol on our guarantee, and if it fails to help you we will return your money.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store Belleville, Ont.

Big Orders for Canadian Firms

Several Million Dollars Will go to Nova Scotia For Steel Frame Box Cars and Shells

NEW GLASGOW, N.S., May 6.—The Eastern Car Company has been given an order by the Russian Government for 2,000 steel frame box cars, and the Nova Scotia Steel Company has received an order for shells worth $3,500,000 from the Imperial Government. Work will begin at once on both orders. The cars will be shipped in sections from Picton Landing to Vladivostok, where they will be set up.

It will take eight or ten ships to transport the cars.

The shell order for the Nova Scotia Steel Company includes 18-pound shrapnel, four-point 5 lyddite shells and 60-pounders. The company has been making 18 and 15-pounder shells for the British Government, but this is the first order for lyddite and 60-pounders. The Nova Scotia Steel Company will make the shells and put in the bullets, but the explosive will be inserted at Quebec. The company already has machinery for finishing the 18-pounders, but some new machinery will be required for the finishing of the other shells. The company's contract is to manufacture all the shells, finishing as many as possible, but for the other concerns finishing will be given orders to assist. Under the former contract the "Scotia" Company has been making 83,000 to 10,000 shell blanks daily. Work will be pushed vigorously on the new contracts, both in the cars and shells. The shell orders will keep the company busy for a year. These orders are officially announced, and the carrying out of them will mean much to the industrial life of Nova Scotia.

ALL HAIL, KING GEORGE

Artillery Booms in London in Honor of Britain's Ruler

LONDON, May 6.—Artillery boomed in London today. The shots were not aimed at aircraft or any hostile raider, but were in honor of the fifth anniversary of the accession of King George to the throne.

48

Same Prices $15. to $35.

We wish to go on record as stating emphatically that Fit-Reform prices are the same today as a year ago.

We have regular Fit-Reform Suits—in all the choicest styles and patterns of the season—from $15. to $35.

Come in and see them.

FIT-REFORM

Chas. J. Symons

"The Store With The Electric Man"

Common Sense Creed.

Almost twenty-five years ago, when life was less strenuous than it is now, the following "common sense creed" was formulated. If its need was felt then how much more will it be appreciated today!

Don't worry.

Don't hurry. "Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow."

Simplify, simplify, simplify!

Don't overeat. Don't starve. Let your moderation be known to all men.

Court the fresh air day and night. "Oh, if you knew what is in the air!"

Sleep and rest abundantly. Sleep is nature's benediction.

Spend less nervous energy each day than you make.

Be cheerful. "A light heart lives long."

Think only beautiful thoughts. "As a man thinketh in his heart so is he."

Work like a man, but don't be worked to death.

Avoid passion and excitement. A moment's anger may be fatal.

Never despair. "Lost hope is a fatal disease."

"If ye know these things, happy are ye if ye do them."

TO THOSE THAT WEEP

To those that weep a country,
To those whose homes are lost,
To those who fought a hero's fight,
And recked not of the cost;
To those that weep a father,
To those who played their part,
Oh, England, stretch your loving hand,
And hold them to your heart!

D.L.A.J.

On Good Authority.

When Walter Scott was a boy his teacher asked him to give the part of speech of the word "with."

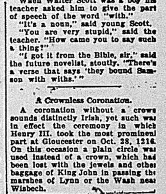
"It's a noun," said young Scott.

"You are very stupid," said the teacher. "How came you to say such a thing?"

"I got it from the Bible, sir," said the future novelist, stoutly. "There's a verse that says 'they bound Samson with withs.'"

A Crownless Coronation.

A coronation without a crown sounds distinctly Irish, yet such was in effect the ceremony in which Henry III. took the most prominent part at Gloucester on Oct. 28, 1216. On this occasion a plain circle was used instead of a crown, which had been lost with the jewels and other baggage of King John in passing the marshes of Lynn or the Wash near Wisbech.



Women Look Well When

they escape the sallow skin, the pimples, blackheads, facial blemishes due to indigestion or biliousness. At times, all women need help to rid the system of poisons, and the safest, surest, most convenient and most economical help they find in

BEECHAM'S PILLS

This famous family remedy has an excellent tonic effect upon the entire system. It quickly relieves the ailments caused by defective or irregular action of the organs of digestion, headache, backache, low spirits, extreme nervousness. Purifying the blood, Beecham's Pills improve and

Clear The Complexion

The directions with every box are very valuable—especially to women.
Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

A BLORE MANOR EPISODE

The next day and the next passed with surprising quickness, as the latter days of a visit always do. In another forty-eight hours Maitland's would be over. Yet singularly enough his spirits did not rise, as he expected they would, at the near prospect of release. As he closed his bedroom door he had a vision of a pair of gray eyes smiling into his, and his palm seemed still to tingle with the touch of a soft, warm hand. He had kept his resolution well—small credit to him. Joan had seemed to avoid him since her unlucky speech upon the stairs; when she did speak to him her words, or more often her tone, stung him, and he smarted under a sense that she repaid with interest the small account in which he was inclined to hold the family generally. He resented her veiled contempt with strange bitterness, so that Agnes remarked with her usual candor that he and Joan never spoke to one another save to "jangle". Afterward, walking on tthe lawn, some line about "sweet bells jangled out of tune," ran in his head. The girl was a vixen, he said to himself, yet he tried to imagine how tender and glorious the great gray eyes, that he only knew as cold or saucy defiant, could be when their depths were stirred by love. But his imagination failing to satisfy even himself, he went to put on his beagling dress in the worst of humors.

Possibly this made him a trifle reckless, for a promising run ended in ten minutes so far as he was concerned in a sprained ankle. In jumping over a low fence into a lane his one foot came down sideways on a large stone upon which some pauper had scamped his work, and the mischief was done. The ominous little circle that hunting men know so well soon gathered round him, and he was helped to his feet, or rather foot. Then Agnes fetched the carriage, and he was driven back to Blore. Now, under the circumstances, what could Mrs. Quaritch, without an arriere pensee in the world, do but press him to stay until at least he could put the foot to the ground? Nothing. And what could he do but consent? At any rate, that is what he did.

So he was established in the drawing room, a pretty, cozy room, and told himself it was a terrible nuisance. But for a cripple confined to a couple of rooms, and surrounded by uncongenial people, without a single new magazine or a word of the world's gossip, he kept up his spirits wonderfully well. The ways of the three girls, and the calm approval of their sedate mother, could not fail to amuse him. Lying there and seeing and hearing many things which would not have come to his knowledge as a mere visitor, he found them not quite what he had judged them to be. He missed Joan one morning, and when with an unconscious fretfulness he inquired the reason, learned that she had been sitting up through the night with an old servant who was ill in the village. He said some word about it to her—very diffidently, for she took his compliments but ill at al times; now she flamed out at him with twice her ordinary bitterness and disdain, and punished him by taking herself out of the room at once.

"Confound it" he cried, beating up his pillow fiercely, "I believe the girl hates me."

"Did he? and did she?

Then he fell into a fit of musing, such as men approaching thirty, who have lived in London, are very apt to indulge in. A club was not everything, be it as good as it might be. And life was not a lounge in Bond street and Pall Mall, and nothing more. He thought how dull a week spent on his sofa in the Adelphi would have been, even with the newest magazines and the fifth and special Globes. In three days was his birthday—his twenty-ninth It was a nice name, Joan; Dubbs, umph! Dubs? Joan? And so he fell asleep.

How long he slept and whether he carried something of his dreams into his waking he could only guess, but he was aroused by a singular sensation—singular in that, though once familiar enough, it was now as strange to him asthe sight of his dead mother's face. If his half-recalled senses did not deceive him, if he was not still dreaming of Joan, the warm touch of a pair of soft lips was yet lingering upon his forehead, the rustle of a dress very near his ear yet soundede crisply in it. And then someone glided from him, and he heard a hasty exclamation and opened his eyes dreamily. By the screen which concealed the door and sheltered him from its draughts was standing Joan, a-tiptoe, poised as in expectation, something between flight and amusement in her face, her attitude full of unconscious grace. He was still bewildered, and hardly returned from a dreamland even less conventional than Blore. Without as much surprise as if he had thought the matter out—it seemed then almost a natural thing—he said:

"You shall have the gloves, Dubs, with pleasure."

The girl's expression, as he spoke, changed to startled astonishment. ... became crimson from her hair to her throat. She stepped toward him, checked herself, then made a quick movement with her hand as if about to say something, and finally covered her face with her hands and fled from the room. Before he was wide awake he was alone.

At first he smiled pleasantly at the fire, and patted Roy, Joan's terrier, who was lying beside him, curled up snugly in an angle of the sofa. Afterward he became grave and thoughtful, and finally shook his head very much as he had at the stuffed fox in the hall. And so he fidgeted till Roy, who was in a restful mood, retired to the hearthrug.

It would be hard to describe Joan's feelings that afternoon. She was proud, and had begun by resenting for all of them the ill-concealed contempt of Tom's London friend—this man of clubs and chit-chat. She was quite prepared to grant that he was different from them, but not superior. A kind of contempt for the veneer and polish which were his pride was natural to her, and she showed this, not rudely nor coquettishly, but with a hearty sincerity. Still, it is seldom a girl is unaware of admiration, and rare that she does not in secret respect self-assertion in the male creatur. This man knew much too, and could tell it well, that was strange and new and delightful to the country maiden. If he had any heart at all—and since he was from London town she supposed he had not, though she granted him eyes and fine preceptions of the beautiful—she might have, almost, some day, promised herself to like him, had he been of her world—not reflecting that this very fact that he was out of her world formed the charm by which he evoked her interest. As things were, she more than doubted of his heart and had no doubt at all that between their worlds lay a great, impassable, unbridgeable abyss.

But this afternoon the dislike, which had been fading day by day along with those feelings in another which had caused it, was revived in its old strength upon the matter of the kiss. Alone in her own room the thought made her turn crimson with vexation, and she stamped the floor with annoyance. He had made certain overtures to her—slender and meaningless in all probability. Still, if he could believe her capable after such looks and words as he had used—if after these he thought her capable of this, then indeed, were there no abyss at all, he could be nothing to her. Oh, it was too bad, too intolerable! She would never forgive him. How indeed could she be anything to him, if she could do such a thing, as dreadful, as unmaidenly to her as to the proudest beauty among his London friends. She told herself again that he was insufferable; and determined to slap Roy well upon the first opportunity, if that mistaken little pearl of price would persist in favoring the stranger's sofa.

Until this was cleared up she felt her position the very worst in the world, and yet would not for a fortune give him an opportunity of freeing her from it. The very fact that he addressed her with, as it seemed, a greater show of respect, chafed her. Agnes, with a precocious cleverness, a penetration quite her own, kept herself and her dog, Jack n' Pack alias Johnny Sprawn, out of her sister's way, and teased her only before company.

But at last Maitland caught Miss Joan unprotected.

"I hope that these are the right size Miss Joan—they are six and a quarter," he said boldly, yet with, for a person of his disposition and breeding, a strange amount of shamefacedness; producing at the same time a pair of gloves, Courvoisier's best, many-buttoned, fit for a goddess.

"I beg your pardon?" she said, breathing quickly. But she guessed what he meant.

"Let me get out of your debt."

"Out of my debt, Mr. Maitland?" etaking the gloves mechanically.

"Please. Did you think I had forgotten? I should find it hard to do that," he continued, encouraged and relieved by having got rid of the gloves, and inattentive at the moment to her face. Yet she looked long at him searchingly.

"I have found it hard to understand you," she said at last, with repressed anger in voice and eye; "very hard, Mr. Maitland; but I think I do so now. Do you believe that it was I who kissed you when you were asleep on Wednesday afternoon? Can you think so? You force me to presume it is so. Your estimate of my modesty and your own deserts must differ considerably. I had not the honor. Your gloves"—and she dropped them upon the floor as if the touch contaminated her, the act humiliating the young gentleman at least as much as her words—"you had better give to Agnes, if you wish to observe a silly custom. They are due to her, not to me. I thank you, Mr. Maitland, for having compelled me to give this pleasant explanation."

To be Continued.

This Sample of

LUX

is for you, Madam!

WHAT is LUX? It is a soap of unusual purity made into the thinnest of flakes that readily dissolve in hot water. It makes a creamy, foamy lather that cannot injure the daintiest fabric or the hands.

LUX is a wonderful life lengthener of all woollen and flannel garments. It absolutely prevents them from matting, thickening or shrinking in the wash.

Will you let us send you a sample, free?

Address LUX Dept., Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

All grocers sell LUX 10c. 11

Won't shrink Woollens

MADE IN CANADA.

Rexall Orderlies work gently on the bowels, bringing to the check a tinge of good health. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Fireproof Clothes.

Dr. William H. Perkin, the English chemist, has found a method of making cloth absolutely fireproof, so that it will not burn even when held in a gas-flame. One fireproof garment was unharmed by twenty washings, and another which had been worn for two years and washed every week. Neither could be burned, though the latter was worn almost to rags. This fireproof cloth costs about a penny a yard more than untreated cloth.

Not only will this fireproofed material be found suitable for the manufacture of clothes for firemen, but it may also be used by women for the finest party dresses, the most delcately-colored fabrics being unharmed by the process and even given a softer appearance. For children's clothes it should be particularly desirable, since it is likely to prevent many accidents.

Uniforms at 15 a Minute.

Army uniforms are being turned out by the manufacturers of Leeds, England, at the rate of fifteen a minute, or 7,200 for a day of eight hours or 42,200 a week.

In a model factory the piece of khaki cloth, measuring from fifty-five yards to sixty-five yards in length and weighing twenty-one to twenty-two ounces to the yard, enters the cutting room and after passing through only four other departments is presented to the Government as pressed and completed uniforms. They are made in eighteen sizes.

Never in all its history has Leeds turned out so many boots as in the past few months. War Office inspectors insist on the best and examine all material. The boots cost the Government $5 a pair.

"Tommy's" Welsh Letters.

The father of four Welsh soldiers complains strongly, says The South Wales Daily News, of the War Office restrictions against letters written in Welsh. "There are thousands of mothers who cannot write in English," he says. "My wife used to write Welsh letters to her boys, but they never reached them, and one of my boys writes to say he has been warned not to write in Welsh. If Welsh blood is good enough to be spilt on the plains of Flanders the Welsh language is good enough to be written."

CLARK'S PEANUT BUTTER

Better than Butter

Nicer than Jam

Sold in sizes: ¼, ½ & 1 lb. also in 24-lb. pails.

If you get Clark's you get the best.

Sinclair's Spring Suits At $15.00

At this price we have on sale this week about 25 Ladies' and Misses' Suits, all this season's very latest models, not only as to style but also in cloths, and in colors black, navy, blue, Belgian blue, sand, putty and black and white checks. These are all odd lines of suits that sold regularly at $17.50, $18.50, $20.00 and $22.50; to clear, your choice, only $15.00

Buy Dress Goods Now

IN spite of the war, we have been successful in obtaining a complete assortment of the beautiful new shades and fabrics in

Priestleys' DRESS GOODS

The dress goods centres of Continental Europe are either destroyed or in the enemies' hands. Priestleys' famous looms, at Bradford, England, are now working overtime making cloth for the Allied Armies.

The genuine always has PRIESTLEYS' LIMITED stamped on the selvedge

The beautiful Spring goods that we are now showing may be the last we will be able to obtain for some time to come.

WE STRONGLY ADVISE OUR CUSTOMERS TO BUY NOW, AS THE PRICES ARE LIKELY TO ADVANCE.

This Spring's Priestleys' showing includes many novel and very beautiful fabrics, in the latest and most fashionable shades, as well as the more staple lines that are always popular. See them in our Dress Goods Department.

SINCLAIR'S AGENTS For PRIESTLEY'S

VOILE DRESSES

We would like to show you our Ladies' and Misses' White Voile Dresses, embroidered and lace trimmed, to sell at $4.65, $6.50 and $7.50.

D. & A. CORSETS AT $1.00.

We would like you to try our Special D. & A. Corset, as we think it one of the Best Corsets sold in Canada for $1.00.

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES.

Don't miss seeing our table of Girls' Cotton Wash Dresses, prices 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $1.65 and $2.00.

BLANKET COATINGS.

We are showing White Blanket Cloths with colored stripes, a very fashionable Spring Coating, 54 inches wide, pure wool, at $1.65 yard.

OPPORTUNITY

AGENT WANTED

We have just obtained the exclusive selling agency for the famous Hydra Vacuum Cleaner in the Dominion of Canada and are now ready to contract with financially responsible men for the handling of this wonderful machine in the various towns and cities throughout the Dominion. The Hydra is the only portable water-power vacuum cleaner in the world. Attach it to any water faucet, turn on the water and the dust and dirt disappears as by magic. The Hydra has had a phenomenal success in the United States and is bound to prove a huge success throughout Canada. We offer a rare opportunity for the right men to become associated with us in a new business which pays big returns on a small investment. Advise us the territory you are interested in and our representative will call.

Address

CANADIAN HYDRA SALES CO.

HAMILTON, CANADA.

Georgine Chilcott, Queen of the gypsies, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for defrauding, under the head of fortune teller.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S

BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.

Office and stables, cor. Motra and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229

ENGINEERING.

J. D. EVANS, C.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 392

INSPECTING THE RANGE.

Timely Precaution That Will Insure Brisk Fires and Fuel Economy.

Have your kitchen range examined regularly, for upon it depends much of the cook's success. Chimneys, drafts and grates should be in perfect condition, for not only is this a time saving necessity, but it also economizes coal and wood.

Most apartments and many houses depend entirely upon the gas range for cooking purposes, and it should be thoroughly inspected from time to time. The various parts of a modern gas range can be replaced when broken or worn out, and this is of great advantage over the older makes that had to be discarded entirely when only partially worn out. All gas ranges are connected free of charge, which is another great saving.

STROUD'S Friday-Saturday Specials

To Clear Out And Have Nothing Left Over.
3 Large 5c Packages Flower or Vegetable Seeds, 5c
6 Large Boxes of Matches for 25c

Fancy Market Baskets, reg 60c for 40c

4 large 10c rolls of Toilet Paper for 25c

10c Infants' Delight Toilet Soap for 7c cake

10c Gas Mantles 3 for 25c

6 Bars of Capital Naptha Soap for 25c

6-ft. Georgian Pine Step Ladder for $1.00

Our Own Blends of Indo-Ceylon TEAS are the best values on the market. 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c per lb.

Pure Coffee Fresh Ground and delicious aroma, absolutely pure, 30c, 35c, 40c lb.

PURE DUTCH COCOA 40c a lb.

We positively guarantee entire satisfaction or cheerfully refund your money

$8.00 Dinner Set for $6.00

Regular $4.00 1847 Rogers' Tea Spoons for $3.50 doz.

Glass Tumblers, 60c and 75c a doz., for 40c

Reg. 50c Jardineres 25c each

Reg. $5.00 Electric Lamps for $3.50

10 Piece Toilet Sets, Regular $3.00, For $2.25

STROUD'S Tea, Coffee and China Store

Sole Agent for Rogers' 1847 Silver Plate.

Specials—Androch Gas Oven, 75c. Coal Oil Stoves, 75c

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street. Belleville Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.

Barrister, &c., 29 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office. Solicitor for Molsons Bank. Phone 71.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms. Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT

Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.

Office; Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 715

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER

Licensed Auctioneer . . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.

Terms for City Sales, 3 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co. and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

W. H. HUDSON

Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Belleville. Phone 161.

FARM INSURANCE

I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.

Call and see me before renewing your insurance.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.

Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated.

Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office: 29 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager

Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville. Phone 648.

LEE CHEW.

CONTRACTOR.

THOS. MANLEY & SON.

GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS

Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.

Phone 538

W. H. PATTERSON.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.

Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to.

Leave orders at J. W. Davison's Insurance Office, 38 Bridge Street. Phone 562 or 276 Charles Street.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson
THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS PAINTS and VARNISHES
Are BEST for Your HOME.
Information and Color Cards at
WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles
When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.
All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.
Work Guaranteed
The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor
New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.
ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!
THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.
Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.
THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest . . . . : $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.
R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

The Germans are using suffocating Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

SATURDAY BARGAINS FOR MEN
Means Money Saved To You

Saturday, 8th Inst.
One Day Only

Men's Hats
Your choice of any FELT HAT in our store, soft or stiff shapes, the season's newest blocks and colors. Reg. price $2.50 and $3.00. SATURDAY only .. $1.75

A Special Announcement
Men's Shirts
They come in the new season's neat hair-line stripes and plain white, some with soft collars. All sizes, best $1.00 values. SATURDAY, ondy .. 75c.

EXCEPTIONAL PRICES
Men's
Balbriggan Underwear
Many Boxes of Balbriggan Underwear have just been opened. Every garment is well made and fits perfectly. Sold everywhere at $1.00 per suit. Saturday, only .. 75c. per suit.

Men's Tie Bargains
The newest brocaded silk, neat, dressy patterns and plain colors. Reg. 50c. each. SATURDAY only 35c. each, 3 for $1.00.

MEN'S SOCKS
Fine quality medium weight Sox, colors Tan or Black. Reg. 25c values, SATURDAY ONLY, 19c

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
242 FRONT STREET

These Splennid Offerings for
ONE DAY ONLY, SATURDAY, 8th INST

CLERGYMEN'S DAUGHTERS.

Many Have Become Famous as Novelists and Hymn-Writers.

Reviewing the ranks of famous women, particularly in the world of literature, one is surprised to find how many of them were daughters of clergymen of whom the world would probably have heard nothing had it not been for the brilliant achievements of their children.

Jane Austen first saw the light in the Vicarage of Steventon, in Hampshire, in 1775; Mrs. Gaskell, who is famous as the author of "Cranford," was the daughter of William Stevenson, who preached at Doblane, and her intimate friend, Charlotte Bronte, who, with her sisters, Emily and Anne, took the world by storm, were the daughters of Patrick Bronte, whose church and rectory at Haworth are yearly the Mecca of thousands of admirers of these immortal women.

Mrs. Lynn Linton, the Victorian novelist; John Strange Winter, the creator of "Bootle's Baby" and many another tale of the army; and Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, who, with "Uncle Tom's Cabin's," struck the death-blow of the slave trade, were all daughters of preachers.

Among the more modern brilliant women are Olive Schreiner, who was the daughter of a missionary and born in Basutoland, where her father worked, and Mrs. Florence Barclay, who, as it were, sprang into fame in a night with "The Rosary," and who is the daughter of the Rev. Samuel Charlesworth, rector of Limpsfield, Surrey, and later of Limehouse. Mrs. Barclay had written simply for "the joy of the job," says The Woman at Home, and it was her sister, Mrs. Ballington Booth, who induced her to send her "stuff" to a publisher.

Jane and Mary Findlater, whose individual and collaborated novels, "The Green Graves of Balgowrie," "The Rose of Joy," etc., have brought them wealth and fame, are the daughters of the late Rev. Eric Findlater, Lochearnhead, and their life-long friend, Mrs. Nigel Robertson, the author of "The Gallant Quaker," is the daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Hill, Dundee; while Mrs. Billington, the president of the Women Journalists' Society, is the daughter of a Devonshire clergyman, by whom she was educated.

It is scarcely surprising, perhaps, that many of our famous hymns were written by daughters of the vicarage. The best-known wedding hymn, "O Perfect Love," owes its origin to Mrs. Gerald Gurney, daughter of Dr. Blomfield, Bishop of London, who penned it in a very short time at the laughing request of her sister, who asked her what was the good of having a poet for a sister if she could not write a special hymn for her wedding. The hymn was set to music by Sir Joseph Barnby, and sung for the first time publicly at the marriage of Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll. Frances Ridley Havergal, too, the famous hymn-writer, was the daughter of a clergyman.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

TRAMPS SHELTERED

Four tramps, all of whom were comparatively young men, were last night provided with shelter at the police station.

AUTO. CAUGHT FIRE

Yesterday on North Front street the engine of an automobile belonging to a local gentleman, caught fire, but was soon extinguished.

SENT TO JAIL

Roy Fletcher was by Magistrate Masson this morning fined $5 and costs for intoxication. He went up on the hill for 10 days in default of payment of the fine.

BICYCLE STOLEN

Mr. Cairns, who conducts a business concern on Front street, reports to the police the loss of a bicycle. The wheel was left outside of the shop and was taken away by some party who has neglected to return it.

A SLIGHT BLAZE

Yesterday afternoon the fire brigade had a run to Charles street. A blaze originated in a house owned by Mr. David Bush, but was fortunately extinguished before any great damage had been sustained.

YOUNG TRAMPS ARRESTED

Two young men who gave their names as Glenn Brill and Percy Simmonds, were at an early hour this morning arrested on a charge of vagrancy. They were found wandering about the street. This morning they pleaded guilty but alleged they desired to join the militia. They were remanded to jail for a week.

DEATH OF FORMER RESIDENT

Mr. F. G. Harding, formerly of this city, died yesterday at St. Johnsville, N.Y. Deceased was 30 years of age, and was a son of the late Mr. Wm. Harding. He was born in Belleville but had been away from the city for some time. A wife but no family survives. The remains will be interred at St. Johnsville. Mr. Wm. Harding of this city, a brother of the deceased, left to-day to attend the obsequies.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY

Some time during last night, a determined effort was made to effect an entrance into Davies Company store, situated on Front street, but it proved futile. A brake shoe was used by the party or parties to endeavor to force open the front doors of the establishment, but the fastenings were such that the door could not be opened. The brake shoe was left lying in the doorway. The marks upon the door show plainly the work of the would-be burglars.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

TONIGHT'S THE NIGHT

A special feature of "Bringing Up Father," the musical comedy adaptation of George McManus's world renowned newspaper cartoons of that name, which will be at Griffin's tonight is a song in which the female members of the company will be seen in costumes and dances of all the periods through which this country has passed since the discovery of America. It is said that wherever presented thus far the specialty has never failed to arouse wild enthusiasm.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

GRIFFINS
To-night
Gus Hill's Big Laugh Show
BRINGING UP FATHER
30 People, Mostly Girls 30
Prices, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c
Seats now on Sale at Doyle's Drug Store.

Pastor Russel's News Criticised

A Leading Christian Scientist Controverts Many Points in the Pastor's Recent Sermon

To the Editor, Intelligencer,—

Pastor Russell was quite right in assuming, when composing the discourse which you published on April 27th, that Christian Scientists are not averse to truthful criticisms. It should be noted, however, that a criticism may be sincere but not intelligent, and honest but not truthful.

Pastor Russell's main criticism of Christian Science centered about the statement that Mrs. Eddy "settled all doctrinal differences with the dictum that there is no evil, no sin, no death; that what have been so-called are merely errors of the mind." In short, Pastor Russell tried to make Christian Science absurd by reducing it to a set of denials.

It would be as far as this to say that the Christian teaching of man's origin rests on the negation of human fatherhood. Christ Jesus did say, "Call no man your father upon the earth;" but if these words alone were put forth as his teaching on the subject to which they relate, he would be misrepresented. The denial which they expressed was based on the affirmative truth, "for one is your Father which is in heaven;" and the denial without the affirmation would not be understood. So also a criticism of Mrs. Eddy for denying the absolute reality of evil, without reference to the basis of her denial, is unfair and misleading.

In what manner, then, did Mrs. Eddy deal with the mystery of evil? She consistently accepted the monotheism of the Bible. "You must begin," she has written on page 275 of Science and Health, "by reckoning God as the divine Principle of all that really is." A more complete statement of her reasoning, yet short enough to be quoted here, is the following from page 472 of the same book: "All reality is in God and His creation, harmonious and eternal. That which He creates is good, and He makes all that is made. Therefore the only reality of sin, sickness, or death is the awful fact that unrealities seem real to human, erring belief until God strips off their disguise." It may be added that the mystery of evil is most clearly dispelled when some item of it is destroyed and cast out of one's experience by the spiritual understanding which Christian Science confers.

Pastor Russell also denounced Christian Science, with several harsh adjecives, for teaching that God is omnipresent. "Nothing in the Bible so declares." "An omnipresent God is not a person." These quotations contain his reasons without his epithets. As I read the Bible, it distinctly declares that God is everywhere. (See Psalms 139, 7-10; Jeremiah 23: 23, 24; Acts 17: 27, 28). As for the word "person," it has too many meanings for unqualified use with reference to the Deity. Christian Scientists do not believe that God is like a human person They ask with Isaiah. "To whom then will we liken God?" They understand, as did Solomon, that God is infinite—"The heaven of heavens cannot contain him." Christian Scientists do, however, hold that God is personal in the highest and truest sense of that term. He is the deficit, infinite, omnipresent Person; and as a scribe said with the Master's approval, "there is none other but He." The word "Principle," and the term 'Divine Principle,' as used in Christian Science, have been found helpful in getting rid of finite conceptions of Deity and gaining the infinite idea of the infinite One. During this unfoldment there is need to continually remember, as Mrs. Eddy has written on page 275 of Science and Health, "that God is Love, and therefore He is divine Principle."

Pastor Russell was also mistaken when he said that Christian Scientists attribute their healing to "a supernatural power." The power by which Christian Science healing can be done is both spiritual and natural. It is, as Jesus said, the "finger of God," which is to say, the power of God. According to the book of Genesis, the law of our creation and being includes the decree, "Let them have dominion"—dominion "over all the earth." This is one of the natural rights of man, and it is one that exists in all its fulness as an idea to be apprehended and realized, even though the average man manifests more subjection than dominion. Christian Science declares that man's birthright of dominion is not the power to interfere with the true order of the universe, nor is it the power of one person to impose his human will on another. On the contrary, man's God-given dominion is the power to overcome disorder, to subdue discord, and to reflect the divine life.

The acts of power done by Christ Jesus were spiritually natural. They were the demonstration of divine law. They were his answer to his own question "Is it lawful to do good, or to do evil? to save life, or to destroy it?" (See Luke 6: 6-10). The claim that the power to do as he did was supernatural, abnormal, or peculiar to himself was anticipaed and refuted when he said, "He that believeth on me, the words that I do shall he do also;" "these signs shall follow them that believe." A personal and supernatural sense of the power exercised by Christ Jesus is the chief hindrance to the fulfilment of these sayings.

Pastor Russell also criticized the publishers of Christian Science literature, and did so in a very censorious manner, on account of the prices for which this literature is sold. It can be safely said, however, that this cavil was not expressed by a reason of a desire that Christian Science literature should be made more accessible to the public; hence the propriety of the criticism is at least doubtful. Christian Science Literature can be obtained for a substantial price, or it can be obtained for nothing, by anyone who wants to read it. It is published without profit to any person or group of persons; the difference between what it costs and what it sells for is devoted mainly to maintaining and developing the ways and means by which "good tidings of great joy" shall be made known to all people. The use of the profit which accrues from the sale of Christian Science literature can be illustrated by the fact that its publishers, during the last five months, have delivered, free of charge, 330,000 periodicals and pamphlets of this literature, in several languages, to the armies and navies which are now at war.

Yours truly,
CLIFFORD P. SMITH

Boston, Mass., April 29th, 1915

ROBBERY AT BLOOMFIELD

Store Broken Into and Various Articles Stolen

On Tuesday evening the store of Mr. W. H. Degroff of Bloomfield, was broken into and some of the contents stolen. The store was entered by forcing a window. The articles taken are reported to be 20 lbs. butter, 1-2 caddy of tobacco and numerous other things. There is at present no clue to the robbery.

An Event of Vital Importance To Every Housewife

Our special low prices on the very highest quality of Electric Appliances will continue until the 8th of May. Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to purchase Canadian Beauty Appliances at less than they were ever sold before.
After May 8th they will go back to the Regular Prices.
SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Regular $5.50 Special, $3.75 | Regular $4.50 Special, $3.00 | Regular $4.50 Special, $2.75

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills
Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.
"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.
A FEW OF OUR LINES
Speedometers ...... $12 to $30.
Cyclometers ..... $1.50 to $3.50
Mud Guards 75c per pair
Bells from 25c.
Horns from 50c
Oil Cans ... 5c. 10c., 15c., & 20c.
Flash Lamps . 75c., $1.00 & 1.25
DUNLOP TIRES AND TUBES
333 FRONT STREET

When You Want
Good Pure Liquors
COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!
For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by
W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Our Exclusive Styles in
MILLINERY
Is perhaps the secret of our success. Many of the elite of the city are wearing one of our up-to-the-minute styles. If you need a NEW HAT, see ours—the Popular Hat—at moderate prices.
Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles
To Choose From

Chairs $5.60 Such Prices as These **Rockers $6.15**

Have Never Been Equalled Before
In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts
Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Two More Local Soldiers Wounded?

The following messages were this wounded soldier at the front. En- Telegraph Company in reference to wounded. Further particulars when quiries made failed to ascertain friends of the two parties mentioned:

Ottawa, May 7th.

Mrs. John Lamb,
Massassaga, Ont., via Belleville.
Sincerely regret to inform you 1045 Lance Sergeant John Edward Lamb, 8th Battalion, officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.
Adjutant General.

Ottawa, May 7th.

Wm. Randall Wright Belleville.
Sincerely regret to inform you 21915 Private Harold Hargrove Wright, 10th Battalion, formerly with 11th Battalion, officially reported wounded. Furtther pariculars when received will be sent yet.
Adjutant General.

Local Legal

Appellate Division—Before Meredith, C.J.O., Garrow J.A., Maclaren, J. A., Magee, J.A.

McAllister vs. Dafoe—E. N. Armour for plaintiff. F. E. O'Flynn, Belleville for defendants. Appeal by plaintiff from judgment of Falconbrige C.J., of March 17, 1915. Action to recover possession of lots 19 and 20 in 5th concession of township of Herschel and for $1,000 for meane profits of premises. At trial the action was dismissed with costs. Appeal argued and dismissed with costs.

STORY OF CANADIAN ACTION CONTRADICTED

LONDON, May 6.—Reports reached London a day or two ago that the Canadians had again been in action and that they had had to retreat, surrendering their first line of trenches in consequences. Coming so soon after the severe losses at Ypres, the reported reverse caused no little anxiety among the Anglo-Canadian public here. I am however, albe to state that the despatches referred to were a pure fabrication.

"You may deny the whole story about this Canadian reverse," said my informant, whose name I am not permitted to mention. "On Wednesday, the 28th," he said, "the Canadians were all out, but they were held in reserve, and remained in reserve until Monday last, when they were moved to the rear. They are now enjoying two weeks' rest.

"At Ypres," he added, "the Canadian artillery worked with admirable execution, pounding the enemy's position continuously for several hours. They were engaged long after the Canadian infantry had gone out of action, and successfully held the positions in the salient to the north of Ypres which the Germans were threatening."

TO MAKE SHELLS IN THE TOWN HALL

PARIS, Ont., May 6.—The ground floor of the town hall has been leased by the Council to Mr. G. W. McFarlane for the manufacture of shells for the Imperial Government. Sufficient orders are in hand to employ some 50 men, running night and day, till next January. The town may meet the cost of the necessary changes in the building, some $1,600.

Perfumes at £20 an Ounce.

Genuine attar of roses comes from the Orient, says London Tit-Bits When perfectly pure it is of almost fabulous value. The secret of its preparation is carefully guarded, and the finest product is usually sold in quantities not exceeding a few drops. Violet is one of the perfumes that have been so closely imitated that thoughtless people never stop to discriminate, and buy the manufactured for the genuine article. The recent discovery of a chemical process by which a perfume can be produced which cannot, even by experts, be distinguished from true violet extract is a matter of importance, as this is one of the most popular of odors. The substance, however, is worth £20 per ounce wholesale. Lavender is a British-grown perfume.

Woman Charged With Witchcraft.

Practice of witchcraft is the unusual charge on which Fanny Dismal, an aged negress widely known as "Old Jewel," has been ordered held for trial at Guysboro, Nova Scotia. It is said to be the first case of the kind in the history of the province. The woman was arrested under a section of the criminal code which provides at least one year's imprisonment for "anyone who pretends to exercise or use any kind of witchcraft, sorcery, enchantment or conjuration."

Needed an Interpreter.

Mr. Arthur H. Engelbach, in his collection of ancedotes of the bench, tells this story about Lord Braxfield, who was among the last of the Scots judges who rigidly adhered to the broad Scots dialect. "Hae ye ony counsel, mon?" he said to Maurice Margot, when placed at the bar. "No," was the reply. "Do ye want to hae ony appointit?" continued the judge. "No," said Margot; "I only want an interpreter to make me understand what your lordship says."

RITCHIE'S

$28.00 $30.00 $33.00 $35.00

Those Are The Regular Prices Of Our Ladies' And Misses'

NEW YORK SUITS

Which We Offer On Sale At

$25.00

See these SUITS in the Window To-night

Tomorrow we begin a great clearing sale of all our Ladies' and Misses' Suit Models that sold at $28.00, $30.00, $33.00, and $35.00, for only $25.00. These are the choicest of our new Spring garments, about fifteen in all, and every one an exclusive novelty suit in the latest styles, all man tailored of gabardines, serges, etc., in Black, Navy, Sand, Tan and Grey shades. Remember, every suit absolutely new this season, and selling at this remarkably low price they will clear quickly.

$25

Sale Commences Tomorrow.

SATURDAY NECKWEAR BARGAINS

Scores of Our Latest Novelty Neckwear Go on Sale To-morrow at

19c Each

Values from 25c to 75c

By exact count there are 72 pieces of the season's daintiest neckwear in this lot, which we place on sale tomorrow, consisting of the high pleated Military effects, vestees, collar and cuff sets, and lily collars of organdies, piques, embroideries, Batistes and lawns. Regular prices from 25c. to 75c., with the majority of them marked at 50c. and 75c. While they last tomorrow—

19c Each

BIG SALE Of Lace Curtains, Curtain Chintz And Tapestry Rugs

For this sale we have chosen a large stock of beautiful AMERICAN ART CHINTZ in all the standard shades in floral, conventional and verudure designs. They are suitable for window draperies for dining room or living room; also for chair coverings, 36 ins. wide and reg. 35c. yard. While they last for this sale .... 18c. yard

Lace Curtains On Sale
REGULAR $1.25 VALUES
99c Pair

An extra special bargain in White Nottingham Lace Curtains, consisting of five designs, size 45 to 50 inches wide by 5 yards long. They have the Colbert overlock stitch edge, and are in the very newest designs, such as Bungalow Net centres and insertion border, also pretty scroll designs and all-over patterns. Regular $1.25, for only ...... 99c. pair.

25 Per Cent Discount Sale
On all Odd Pairs of
Lace Curtains

Odd pairs of Curtains, only one pair of a pattern, but they are the balance of our season's best selling lines, such as Swiss Applique, Battenburg, Brussels Net, Voiles, Marquisettes and fancy Coristine Lace. Curtains in white, ivory, ecru, and two tone effects. Some are slightly soiled through handling, and we will sell them to clear quickly at 25 per cent. off Retail Marked Prices.

Tapestry Rugs on Sale

Seamless Tapestry Squares of best English manufacture; all the standard colorings are represented in these rugs in pretty conventional, floral and motif patterns. If you have a room in need of a new rug, and you want one that will give good service—cheap—why, this is your chance.

Size 3x3½. Regular $15.00, for $11.75
Size 3x4. Regular $17.50, for $14.75

Watch this space for tomorrow's list of Saturday night bargains.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Watch this space for tomorrow's list of Saturday night bargains.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. A. P. Allen, 277 William Street. 7-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS and tool makers. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. m5-3t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, LARGE PIER MIRROR WITH Claw Feet; also rosewood and mahogany desks, dinner wagon and old Queen Anne Parlor Table; odd chairs and hall pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 1-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander streets —All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

FOR SALE, GENERAL STORE WITH POST Office. Stock about $1800. Terms cash. John M. Chislett, Rednerville. 1-6td

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an allround good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

RUSSELL MOTOR CAR WITH SILENT Knight engine; five passenger model, in splendid condition; will be sold very cheap. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. 7-2t

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—287 ALBERT ST. New modern house. Apply Wm. Donahue, 36 Grove Street. a24-12td

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

ROOMS ABOVE RIGGS' STORE. EXCEPtionally fine; to let. Apply to J. J. B. Flint. 1-6td

FINE RESIDENCE CORNER QUEEN AND Charles; all modern improvements; also fine dwelling, all modern improvements. 55 Baldwin street. J. J. B. Flint. m4-5td

HOUSE TO RENT ON CHATHAM STREET, in good repair. All modern conveniences Apply to Geo. A. Reid, 94 Chatham Street Phone 809. m4-6td

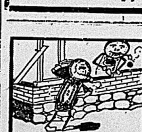
Our : : : California Peach Pies Are Swell!

Try one of these delicious Pies and you'll surely come right along for them.

Some fresh to-day 20c each.

Chas. S. Clapp

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774



Money Well Employed

There are opportunities to put your surplus funds to profitable use without indulging in dangerous speculations.

An ad. in our Classified Want Columns will put you into communication with borrowers who have good security, and who are willing to pay good interest for accommodation.

HOW SHOT ARE MADE.

And Why the Pure Lead Has to Be Tempered With Tin.

The manufacture of shot, described by O. C. Horn in Forest and Stream, requires a high tower, a perforated pan, a tank of water and "tempered" lead.

Shot are made by dropping molten lead from a high point to the earth The lead forms into globules just as the raindrops do when they fall from the clouds. Ordinarily we do not realize that raindrops are little spheres, but under the proper conditions they freeze, and we have hailstones, which may be called shot made of ice.

In the making of shot pure lead is melted and mixed with a "temper" that consists mainly of tin, and then poured into a perforated pan or sieve. The perforations vary according to the size of the shot to be made.

A temper is mixed with the lead in order to make the globules form when the lead falls. If pure lead were used it would fall in the form of little bars instead of round shot.

In order that the globules may have plenty of time to form the lead must fall a long distance, and so towers are built. The towers used to be made as high as 200 feet and even more, but modern towers are rarely over 150 feet.

The perforated pan into which the molten lead is poured is at the top of the tower, and the globules of lead fall through the perforations into tanks of water at the bottom of the tower. The water cools them and also prevents them from flattening out, as they would if they fell on a solid floor.

From the water the shot go to steam driers. After drying the perfect shot are separated from the imperfect by means of glass tables inclined enough so that the shot when poured on at one end of the table, will roll to the other end. At the farther end of the table are two gutters side by side. The imperfect shot roll slowly and with difficulty, so that they have not enough momentum to carry them beyond the first gutter. The perfectly round shot roll easily and swiftly, and when they reach the foot of the table they jump nimbly across the first gutter and land in the second.

After separation the perfect shot are polished by rolling in plumbago, and workmen then put them in bags for shipment or send them direct to the cartridge filling department to be loaded into shells.

He Saved the Day.

Dr. John P. Mahaffy, well known as the author of Old Greek Education, has been recently appointed as the new provost of Trinity College, Dublin. Among the many stories told of him is the following: He was once present at a reception where the Queen of Spain and the German Kaiser were the principal guests. The former, in answer to Dr. Mahaffy's question as to how she was progressing in the language of her new country, said that she liked it very much. "Your majesty will recall," remarked the scholar, "how Charles V. used to classify tongues: 'I speak Spanish to my God, Italian to my wife, French to my mistress and German to my servants and my dogs'." The Kaiser, hearing the Queen laugh, came across the room to learn what caused her amusement. Dr. Mahaffy knew how to turn the dangerous corner: "I have known her majesty only for 10 minutes," he replied, "and already we have something to conceal."

Lord Kitchener's Little Ways.

Whenever Lord Kitchener is very excited and active he is nearly always chewing an unlighted cigarette, and, curiously enough, whenever his whole energies are concentrated on anything, one of his eyes seems to turn in, while the other remains fixed and stationary. Another of his idiosyncrasies, when excited about anything, is that the more interested he gets the farther back he tilts his helmet. In South Africa you can rarely see a man's face in bright sunshine, because of the deep shadow cast from the helmet. So that whenever the soldiers in the Boer campaign saw Lord Kitchener's face well lighted by the sun, they could tell that he was anxious and excited

King George's Military Powers.

What are the King's powers to which reference is being made in the present crisis? Legally, if not actually, they are very large. By his personal fiat the King could disband the army, sell any or all vessels in the navy, dismiss nearly all members of the Civil Service, declare war against any power, or make peace on his own initiative. By his signature all inmates of prisons could be released and fully pardoned. He could raise any man, woman, or child to the peerage, and dispose as he thought fit of his sovereignty over any colony or dominion within the Empire. All these things are the King's prerogatives. Last and greatest of them is that His Majesty can do no wrong.

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by F. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence. Lewis street

SMALLEST WOMAN DEAD

SANDWICH, May 6.—Miss Louise St. Louis, daughter of a prominent farmer of Sandwich East, and who is thought to have been the smallest woman in the Province, if not in the whole of Canada, died suddenly today at her home in Tecumseh Road, from an attack of angina pectoris. She was thirty-eight years old. Until she was twelve, Miss St. Louis was a normal child in all respects. When she was 38 inches tall her growth suddenly ceased, and the doctors who were appealed to called the case a freak of nature. Miss St. Louis leaves four sisters and four brothers, all of normal size.

DAUGHTER GETS $8,000,000

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 6.—A unanimous verdict in favor of the defendant in the Campbell will case was returned by the jury here tonight. The verdict declared that Lois Campbell, now Mrs. Elzey Burkham, is the daughter of the late James Campbell, and, therefore, entitled to half of his $16,000,000 estate, willed her by Campbell.

James Campbell, traction magnate and capitalist, willed his $16,000,000 estate to his wife and daughter, each to get one-half.

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

HERE'S AN OFFER OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE
Men's Smart $15.00, 18.00 and $20.00 Suits Sale. Price $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St.

VERY SPECIAL RATES

Beginning May 7 for Osteopathic treatments. Consultation and examination free. Dr. J. P. Kimmel, 28 Victoria Avenue. 6,4t

The Summer Pictorial Fashion Book is now on sale at Geen's; a free pattern with it. tf

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

½

THE TIME

You waste in looking up domestic help could be saved by simply inserting a "Help Wanted" ad. in our Classified Columns. Our paper is read by the desirable class, and goes into hundreds of homes that get no other.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City, thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co. Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1915. No. 301

THE LUSITANIA TERRIBLE DEATH ROLL NEARLY 1400 DROWNED

Sunk by Two Torpedoes—Heart-rending Scenes—Passengers Battling for Life and Bidding Friends Good-bye—Many Killed by Explosion

The Germans have placed the seal of infamy upon their illegal and inhuman methods of warfare by torpedoing the Lusitania, off the Irish coast. The announcement in The Intelligencer yesterday that the giant Cunarder had been sunk created intense excitement in Belleville and district. But the magnitude of the disaster was not known. It was then stated that 1,300 passengers were on board, and all these were believed to have been saved.

Unfortunately this morning's messages have made it clear that over that number have been drowned. There were 1,251 passengers on board, with a crew numbering 816, making a total of 2,067. Of this number only 703 have been rescued, leaving 1,364 men, women and children who have fallen victims to German barbarity. Many of those rescued were badly injured by the explosions, and some of them succumbed to their injuries.

The catastrophe is a second Titanic disaster. On that occasion out of a total of 2,340 on board, no less than 1,635 found a grave in the Atlantic. The sinking of the Lusitania involves a loss of 1,364, as far as is known at present.

LANDED BY FISHING BOATS.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 8.—A number of survivors have been landed by fishing boats on Sovereign Island. Many, it is feared, will die of injuries.

ONLY FEW FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS SAVED.

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 8.—The Cunard Line stated this morning that it had received word from Liverpool crediting the Admiralty with the statement that only a few of the first class passengers had been saved. Three boats are reported to be bringing one hundred bodies to Queenstown.

SURVIVORS LANDED AT QUEENSTOWN.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 8.—Official advice from Cork says 45 more survivors from the Lusitania have been landed at Queenstown. At the same time the Admiralty gave out the announcement that no more reports regarding the Lusitania had been received and the list of survivors given out at six o'clock this morning, 653, may be regarded as approximately correct. These two announcements suppose a total of 703 survivors, which, deducted from 1,251 passengers and 816 members of the crew, a total of 2,067, leaves the death list at 1,364.

Queenstown estimates only about 600 saved, but may have failed to include the number landed at other points. The Government announces today that the statement appearing in some papers that the Lusitania was armed, is wholly false.

NOTABLE AMERICANS DROWNED.

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 8.—Among notable Americans not included in the published list of the survivors of the Lusitania, and therefore believed to have perished are: Alfred Vanderbilt, multi-millionaire, Elbert Hubbard, Charles Frohman, and Charles Klein, famous theatrical men, Dr. F. S. Pearson, celebrated engineer, identified with Mexican and South American electrical enterprises, and Herbert Stone, a prominent publisher, founder of the Chap Book and the House Beautiful.

London, May 8.—Lady Allan, wife of Sir Montague Allan, is among the Lusitania survivors. Her back is slightly injured.

HEART-RENDING SCENES.

(Canadian Press Special)

QUEENSTOWN, May 8.—The various craft that yesterday afternoon went out from here to the scene of the Lusitania disaster, returned to Queenstown last night and early this morning. All of them brought survivors in greater or lesser number. It is estimated that six hundred will be the outside number of those saved. The latest rescue boats to arrive are bringing mostly bodies of dead picked up from the water at the scene of the disaster. The dead now here number 124 and many of them are women. Both men and women rescued, if they are able to walk, refuse to remain in their hotels. They haunt the docks waiting and watching for friends and relatives.

Many of the survivors are still bewildered from their terrible experiences and their accounts of the sinking of the Lusitania are not entirely clear. One and all unite in eulogizing the manner in which the ship's officers behaved.

Five minutes after the Lusitania was hit with a second torpedo amidships, she had listed to such an extent that the lifeboats on one side could not be launched at all. The work of getting as many people as possible—for the most part women and children—into the only boats that could be cleared was at once undertaken and performed efficiently and with heroism.

The scene as the big liner went down is described by the survivors as heart-rending beyond words. Battling for life, the passengers called to relatives and friends or bade each other good-bye.

Small boats which had gotten away from the side of the liner picked up a good many survivors who, with life belts or cling to wreckage, were floating on the surface of the water. But soon all the boats were crowded. These boats were in turn picked up by rescuing steamers coming at full speed from shore points, but in many cases four and more hours elapsed before the rescuers reached the scene.

In many cases the only work left for the rescuers to do was to collect from the water the floating bodies of dead. Several passengers were taken aboard trawlers severly injured, only to die before they could be transferred ashore.

ATTITUDE OF UNITED STATES.

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The United States Government will today direct Ambassador Gerard to make inquiry of the German Government for its report of the facts concerning the sinking of the Lusitania. This became known after conferences between high officials who said privately the situation was very grave.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Following his usual Saturday custom, President Wilson went to the golf links, directing that important details regarding the Lusitania incident be forwarded to him. There is every indication that the President, while deeply shocked, is determined to await thorough investigation before determining upon the course of action for the United States.

TWO TORPEDOES FIRED—TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

QUEENSTOWN, May 8, 1.10 a.m.—The tug Stormcock has returned here, bringing about 150 survivors of the Lusitania, principally passengers, among whom were many women, several of the crew and one steward.

Describing the experience of the Lusitania, the steward said:

"The passengers were at lunch when a submarine came up and fired two torpedoes, which struck the Lusitania on the starboard side, one forward, and the other in the engine room. They caused terrific explosions.

"Capt. Turner immediately ordered the boats out. The ship began to list badly immediately.

"Ten boats were put into the water, and between 400 and 500 passengers entered them. The boat in which I was approached the land with three other boats, and we were picked up shortly after 4 o'clock by the Stormcock.

"I fear that few of the officers were saved. They acted bravely.

"There was only fifteen minutes from the time the ship was struck until she foundered, going down bow foremost. It was a dreadful sight."

MR. ORR LEWIS SAVED

Mrs. T. G. Lewis received a message this morning from Montreal, stating that Mr. F. Orr Lewis, a brother of Mr. Lewis, of Belleville, who was on board the Lusitania, was saved.

A LEGACY OF DEBT

Reading the will of the defunct Laurier Goverment.

OPINIONS OF U.S. PRESS

NEW YORK, May 8.—The following editorial comment is made by the local papers on the sinking of the Lusitania:—

The Times says under the head, "War by Assassination":

"From our Department of State there must go to the Imperial Government at Berlin a demand that the Germans shall no longer make warlike savages drunk with blood, that they shall cease to seek the attainment of their ends by the assassination of non-combatants and neutrals. In the history of war there is no single deed comparable in its inhumanity and its horror to the destruction, without warning, by German torpedoes of the great steamship Lusitania, with more than 1,800 souls on board, and among them more than 150 Americans."

The American says in part:

"The sinking of the Lusitania, with her heavy freightage of peaceful travellers, including hundreds of women and children, was not an act of war, it was a deed of wholesale murder

"Consideration for the laws of war vanishes in the face of so great a catastrophe which violates the greater law of common humanity."

"Dastardly."

The Sun:

"That is was premeditated we know; that it was reckless of innocent, non-combatant lives, we are sure, and 'dastardly' is the word on millions of American lips this morning."

TORONTO MAN'S STORY

QUEENSTOWN, May 8.—A sharp lookout for submarines was kept aboard the Lusitania as she approached the Irish Coast, according to Ernest Cowper, a Toronto newspaper man, who was among the survivors landed here. He declared that after the ship was torpedoed there was no panic among the crew, but that they went about the work of getting passengers into the boats in a prompt and efficient manner.

"As we neared the coast of Ireland," said Mr. Cowper, "we all joined in the lookout, for a possible attack for a submarine was the sole topic of conversation. I was chatting with a friend at the rail about 2 o'clock, when suddenly I caught a glimpse of the coming tower of a submarine about a thousand yards distant. I immediately called my friend's attention to it. Immediately we both saw the track of a torpedo, followed almost instantly by an explosion. Portions of splintered hull were sent flying into the air, and then another torpedo struck. The ship began to list to starboard.

"The crew at once began to get the passengers into boats in an orderly, prompt and efficient manner. Miss Helen Smith appealed to me to save her. I placed her in a boat and saw her safely away. I got into one of the last boats to leave.

"Some of the boats could not be launched, as the vessel was sinking. There were a large number of women in the second-class and about forty children under one year."

KINGSTONIANS ABOARD

KINGSTON, May 7.—Kingston passengers on the steamer Lusitania are: Prof. J. P. Marichal, wife and three children, and Mrs. G. M. Giles, wife of Col. Giles, and her son "Jack." Mr. Marichal is an assistant professor in French at Queen's University, and was returning to France to rejoin his regiment. Mrs. Giles' husband recently left for India at the request of the Indian Government, to resume his former position of Assistant Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 8.—Following are amongst the casualties given out early this morning:

Wounded—Corp. D. F. Carson, 41 Stewart street, Toronto; Pte. Frank Stanley Bowker, 114 Lee avenue, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont; Richard Judge, Godfrey, Ont.; Arthur William Phipps, South Peterboro', Ont.; Robert Bonnar, Ottawa; Thomas Dean, Ottawa; Wm. E. Armstrong, Ottawa; James Henderson Meff, Scotland; Anthony Davies (formerly 9th), England; Henry Sorette (formerly 5th), France; Sergt. Ernest Nicholls, London, Eng.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Ont., May 8.—Following are the casualties issued today:

2nd field artillery brigade: wounded—Gunner Stanley Cook, New Victoria Mines, N.S.; Gunner Neil Bell, Montreal; Gunner O'Dell (previously reported missing) Chatenuguay Basin, Que.;

Wounded and Missing—Gunner Arther Taylor, Horthastings, N.S.

First Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Harold Crisch, Dundas, Ont.; Pte. Pirie Dundas; Pte. Massacar, Simcoe; Pte. Tresler, Warwick; Pte. Charles Campbell, Gwynn, Dundas; Pte Joseph Heavens, Dundas; Pte. Cook, Detroit.

Fourteenth battalion: Wounded—Pte. Andre, Viauville, Que.; Pte. Arthur Juteau, Terrebonne; Pte. Leo Belanger, Montreal; Pte. Arthur Bond, Montreal; Pte. Joseph Gendreau, Hull, Que.; Pte. MacMartin, Lachine, Que.; Pte. Poncelet, Montreal; Pte. Ramey, Bahram, Sask.; Pte. Raymond, Chamley Basin; Pte. Joseph Paquet, Montmorency, Que.; Pte. Trant, Toronto; Pte. James Thatcher, Montreal.

Wounded and missingPte. Baber, Montreal; Pte. Adam Weir, Milltown, N.B.

GREAT BATTLE RAGING IN WESTERN GALICIA

Russians Fighting Desperately Against Powerful Forces—Victory is Claimed by Both Sides

LONDON, May 8.—(Special.)—Despatches from the eastern front show that the desperate fight in western Galicia is still undecided. Conflicting reports makes it difficult to estimate the extent of the enemy's gains, but the Russians admit that the engagements have assumed the character of a great battle and that several German army corps have unexpectedly arrived on the scene. The Austrians state that the Russians in the Dukla region are retreating in a northern and north-easterly direction, pursued by the advancing Austro-German army Fighting is general in northern Poland and eastern Galicia.

Successes in repelling attacks and counter-attacks are reported by both of the rival staffs. Near Mezo-Laborez the Russians claim to have driven back the Austrians with the bayonet in six vigorous attacks, while on the eastern sectors of the Carpathian front, according to Vienna, the Austro-German forces claim to have forced the Russians back after desperate attacks, inflicting heavy losses.

Both Berlin and Petrograd claim varying, successes on the whole stretch of battle-front from the Baltic provinces to the Bukowina border.

China-Japan Crisis Over

PEKIN, May 8.—Special—The attaches of the foreign office were at work al night translating Japan's ultimatum, and drafting the terms of China's compliance with the demands, which will be submitted to Yuan Shi Kai and the state council this morning at ten o'clock. The reply will be delivered to Mr. Hioki, the Japanese minister, this evening or Sunday morning.

The Government expects no serious revolutionary outbreaks from the people. The military leaders have assured Yuan Shi Kai that their support would continue.

The handing in of the Japanese ultimatum to China has brought out knowledge on one point which has surprised Chinese officials as well as the members of the foreign legations here.

It seems that Japan after insisting upon the acceptance of the demands, suspended in her ultimaitum discussion all of Group V. with the exceptions of the demand bearing upon Fukien province, to which the Chinese had agreed in their reply of last Saturday. The records now show that China last evening offered to concede to the Tokio Government more than the Japanese ultimatum now exacts from her.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The Chinese-Japanese crisis was regarded here as practically over with the announcement today that Japan in her ultimatum to China had given notice that the demands included in Group V. which constituted the chief source of difficulty in the negotiations, had been withdrawn with the exception of those already agreed to.

Alien Prisoners at Halifax

OTTAWA, May 7.—German officers and men to the number of 350, recently brought from Jamacia to Amherst and now interned at Halifax were taken off German warships and merchant vessels, including the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse.

Officers of the Dominion Police have apprehended four Austrians who were on parole at Montreal, and tried to escape to the United states by way of Prescott.

A party of one hundred Austrians have just been sent to the Kapukasing Camp from Port Arthur and Fort William, while another hundred are going this week from Montreal to the Spirit Lake Interment Camp ground.

CITY OF LIBAU CAPTURED

An Official Statement from Berlin Claims a Victory for Germans

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, May 8.—An official announcement was made at the German war office today that the city of Libau, in the province of Courland, Russia had been captured by the Germans.

PREMIER'S CONDITION STEADILY IMPROVING

Premier W. H. Hearst, who has been confined to his bed this week at his home in Toronto, suffering from an attack of pneumonia, maintains his satisfactory condition. The medical report last night was that there had been no extension of the disease and no alarming symptoms.

British Recover Lost Trenches

Violent Attack by Germans at St. Julien Repulsed With Heavy Loss

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 8.—This afternoon's official statement, in Belgium yesterday at daybreak the Germans delivered a violent attack against the British lines near St. Julien. This attack was repulsed and enemy suffered heavy losses.

To the South of Ypres, at Hill No. 60, the British troops recaptured a further sections of the trenches lost by them three days ago.

HELMETS RARE TROPHIES

British Soldiers Find the Demand Far Exceeds the Supply

General Headquarters of the British Army, France, May 7.—German helmets, notwithstanding the thousands of Germans who have been killed, wounded and captured, are still rare trophies at the British front. There are two chief reasons for this.

The first, is that the Germans of late have been wearing caps, the second that the dead and wounded between the lines, on whom most of the helmets are to be found, are in no man's land between the two armies.

Forty-ninth Enlister Wounded

Amongst the Canadians reported wounded appeared the name of Private Wm. H. Murray, whose next of kin was given as residing in Scotland. It transpires that Murray, when the war broke out, was working for Mr. Clem. H. Ketcheson in Sidney Township, and enlisted with the Forty-Ninth Hastings Regiment at Frankford. How seriously he is wounded is not known. Murray is unmarried.

GERMAN SHIP SEIZED

MARSEILLES May 7.—The port authorities here have interned the steamer Magrab of Alexendria and seized her cargo. The captain and crew of the steamer are Greeks, but the owners are four Germans. The steamer was sailing under the Belgian flag.

TEN ITALIANS KILLED

ROME, May 7.—Ten persons were killed last night in an explosion which blew up a powder factory at Fontana Liri. The explosion caused a panic in the village and troops intervened to restore order. A rigid investigation is being conducted by the authorities.

MAJOR KIRKPATRICK SAFE

Mr. F. M. Clarke has received a cablegram stating that Major A. E. Kirkpatrick, of the Queen's Own, who was a prisoner after the battle of Langemarck, is "safe and well."

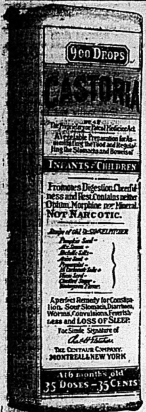
TWO FRONTENAC SOLDIERS ARE WOUNDED

The parents of Private Richard Judge, Godrey and Ross Carleton, Hartington, have received word that they have been wounded in Belgium. Both are with the Second Battalion, having enlisted through the 47th Regiment.

Saturday
A Day Of Offers

Half Price sale of Mill Ends of Table Linen in lengths ¾ yard to 3¾ yards, all pure linens, enormous bargains for everyone.
25c. Bobbinet Door Panels, sale, each .... 19c.
New Bobbinet Curtain Materials, special sale at 50c. to 45c. yard
15c. Colored Window Scrims, sale, yard .... 10c.
75c. yard New Summer Dress Materials, in white, tan, champagne, blue, 40 inches wide; sale, per yard .... 60c.
Special sale 36 inch wide Raw Silk, ~~on sale at 75c.~~, 50c., 40c. yd.
Black Cotton Hose for Ladies' and Children, all sizes 4 to 10, 2 pairs for .... 25c.
Extra values in Lace Curtains .... 39c. pair
Fancy Parasols, worth up to $2.00; sale .... 98c.
Boys' and Girls 25c. Heavy Ribbed Hose, sale, pair .... 19c.
Great sale of Ladies' and Gents' Rain Coats.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

FRESCO-TONE is washable

This modern Artistic Flat Finish for Interior Decoration is rapidly growing in popular favor.

Its First Claim is an Artistic one—then its Sanitary qualifications appeal to the Modern Housekeeper.

It is as easily washed as tiles—but having no lustre it admirably sets off pictures, draperies, etc., giving a soft velvety effect.

A Fresco-Tone Folder awaits you, showing Colors and Color Schemes, and giving really valuable and interesting information about Interior Decoration.

We carry an assortment of "FRESCO-TONE" in the very latest shades for Home Decoration.

C. M. HALL
BELLEVILLE, ONT

MOTHER'S DAY

The men of the city are tomorrow uniting for a Mass Meeting in the Bridge St. Church at 3 o'clock to celebate Mother's Day. The speaker for the occasion will be the Rev. Mr. Clarke, B.A.

All whose Mothers are living are requested to wear a red flower (preferably a Carnation) and those whose mother's have departed will kindly wear a white flower. The program will be as follows: Song by Tabernacle Quartette; Hyman, "Tell Mother I'll be there."; Welcome F. E. O'Flynn, Teacher B.B.M.B.C.; Scripture Reading, Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A.; Song, Mr. O. K. Pimlott; Address, Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A.; Solo, Mr. Maurice LaVoie; Song by Baptist Church Quartette; Solo, Mr. Andrew Haynes, B.A.; Hymn, My Mother's Urayer; Prayer, Rev. E. C. Currie, B. A.

Tenders For Sewer Construction

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned endorsed "tender for Sewer System City of Belleville" will be received at the City Hall, Belleville, until 5 p.m. May 13th, 1915, for the construction of sewers on the following streets:—

Coleman Street,
West Moira Street,
West Bridge Street,
Catherine Street.

Plans and specifications and forms of tender can be seen at the office of the City Engineer in the City Hall.

Parties tendering are notified that the tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank for one-tenth of the amount of the contract, payable to the City of Belleville.

The City do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tenders.

By order,
A. C. McFEE,
Chairman of Public Works.
Belleville, May 1, 1915. 3t:m1,4,8

TEARING DOWN WALL

The old stone wall on Campbell street is being torn down on purpose to erect a new Bank of Commerce building.

Read Ritchie's List of Saturday Night Bargains on Page 8. Exceptional Offerings for To-night.

Baby's Eczema
Cured by Zam-Buk

Mrs. Elgin Cossett, Joggin Bridge, N.S., says:— "When my little daughter was five months old a rash broke out on her face and body. I called in a doctor, who stated that it was eczema, and treated her for it. His treatment, however, did not bring any relief, and the child got worse. I then tried a great many salves and so-called eczema cures, but nothing proved of any benefit. The sores continued to spread, and became one large mass. One day a friend advised me to give Zam-Buk a trial. I did not have much faith in Zam-Buk working a cure, but as there could be no harm in trying it, I obtained a supply.

At that time the disease had defied all remedies for over a year. By the time I had used one box of Zam-Buk there was a marked improvement. I continued the Zam-Buk treatment and day by day the sores showed signs of improvement. Finally Zam-Buk banished every trace of the disease."

For the tender delicate skin of babies, nothing equals Zam-Buk. Unlike other ointments, it is purely herbal.

Use Zam-Buk for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, piles, cold sores, chapped hands, and all skin diseases and injuries. At all druggists and stores 50c box. Name "Zam-Buk" is on every box, refuse substitutes. FREE TRIAL BOX. Send this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp for return postage to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

Col. Ponton last evening gave an address to a number of the members of the 39th Battalion in the spacious Y.M.C.A. tent in rear of the barracks on Pinnacle street. The subject of his remarks were sobriety and service The colonel quoted the late Lord Roberts, Lord Kitchener and Major-General Hughes as authorities on temperance and manhood. The speaker also referred to the responsibility of the King's men wearing the King's uniform and emphasized the perfect freedom on voluntary choice whilst acting as civilians.

The orderly officer for tomorrow will be Lieutenant Hambly. Next for duty, Lieut. J. McCorkell.

Lieut. N. Musie, 4th Hussars, will be in charge of a Provisional School of Signalling that opens in Belleville on Monday.

KINGSTON

The City of Ottawa, in an attempt to retain the 38th Battalion and the 8th C.M.R., to complete their training before leaving for overseas, has offered the militia department the use of the golf links for camp purposes. Both units are coming to Barriefield according to official announcement.

"C" Battery had a drive all around the city yesterday morning with their timber waggons. The battery looked well on parade, and both men and horses are adapting themselves nicely to their duties.

Rev. Dean Starr gave the men of "C" Battery a concert last evening in St. George's Cathedral hall.

Private Oldgate of No. 4 Company, 21st Battalion, was allowed to go on pass to his home near Ottawa, and on returning lost his pass, and waiting to get money from home for a ticket to Kingston, missed the battalion. He reported at Tete du Pont barracks last night, and will probably be sent to Belleville to the 39th Battalion. He is very anxious to go overseas.

Colonel Hemming, officer commanding the third district has received official information as to the units that will come to Barriefield camp about the 15th of this month. The camp will be made up of the 38th Battalion, Ottawa; 8th C.M.R. Ottawa; 7th Brigade, C.F.A.; Ammunition Column of the 25th and 26th Batteries, Queen's O.T.C.; Queen's Engineers and the necessary details; which will make in all a force of 3,000 men. Workmen are making the camp grounds ready for occupation.

Captain Ringwood, who accompanied the 21st Battalion to Montreal, has returned to the city.

No guns were fired on the anniversary of the accession of King George and Queen Mary to the throne of England. This was in keeping with the King's wishes and commands.

Lance Corporal John Mason, Brockville, who left with the 21st Battalion, has a unique record as a soldier, having served in three branches of the service:—the infantry, artillery and cavalry. He has served in India and South Africa. Mason has four sons in the army, one reported as killed in action at the second batle of Ypres; another "somewhere in France" and two wearing the King's uniform in England, at Woolwich.

The departure of the 21st Batalion on Wednesday has caused the enlistment of a large number of men from the 14th Regiment. At present there are forty-two overseas volunteers being trained here and there is enough in this division to form another battalion i the order was to be gven immediately. If the 39th Battalion goes overseas in the near future, these men will likely be formed into a battalion to take their place.

The men of the right half 21st Battalion presented S. McCullagh, the popular caretaker of the Armouries, with a large picture of the battalion and a cheque in recognition of the trouble he has taken in accommodating the men.

The true value of CARLING'S CANADA CLUB LAGER is only fully appreciated after a careful comparison with other light beers. It stands absolutely alone as the standard of scientifically brewed lagers and its delicate flavor and wholesome tonic qualities have given it this enviable position. Costs no more than other brands and is within the reach of all fastidious consumers. A LIQUID FOOD, cool, refreshing and healthful.

CARLING, London

Robt. E. Kemerer

108 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

The New York market has, during the week, met with the long looked for reaction, and, in spite of some heavy declines in specialities, particularly in the so called "war stocks," the market has proven that there was a sound foundation on which the advance was built. In the face of the first great "bear drive" which has been made since the reopening of the Exchange, and which was aided by attendant circumstances in the form of war news, and certain debatable trade and commerce figures, the standard isues held remarkably well, and the market at large showed an immpressive degree of underlying strength. The resistance of stock prices to adverse influences is indicative of the soundeness of our economic position and tends to a confirmation of the optimistic attitude which has been made manifest in these letters for some weeks past.

The monetary and exchange position is still a factor, though a minor one, and it appears that little improvement can be looked for in the German financial status. Those countries most concerned in German currency are quoting the mark at from 12 per cent. to 14 per cent. discount, while the Bank of France is able to release some 5,000,000 francs to New York and French bills of exchange have been decidedly firmer during the week. Again, it is to be remembered that Great Britain is the creditor of practically all the countries of the world, through her investments, and therefore gold must continue to come to her in great quantities. Disregarding the wealth of Russia altogether, it would appear that the financial position of the Allies in infinitely superior to that of Germany, and if the war should be protracted to a point where finance would become a factor, the result would be a foregone conclusion. Finance has, however, had little to do with this war and I believe that hostilities will have been concluded long before the belligerents become financially exhausted.

So far as our own fiscal position is concerned the various returns show a most favorable condition of affairs. That there is a plethora of money for investment is shown by the fact that the turnover in bonds was greater last week, than during any week for the past fire years. Advices from the Western portion of the continent show that business is rapidly picking up while the Eastern States and provinces have been very busy these months past on war orders and have reported a marked improvement in general trade. The iron and steel industry, which is always a barometer, does not show any very important appreciation, but is holding its own exceptionally well in the ordinary lines, altogether aside from war orders, which amount to many millions of dollars. Railroad earnings in both Canada and the United States are showing decreases as compared with the figures of a year ago, but this is only to be expected, under existing circumstances, and the growing improvement in business may be expected to overcome this emporary, adverse factor in due course. General export and import figures continue to show a growing balance in favor of both Canada and the United States and there is nothing to indicate that there will be a discontinuance of this swing of the trade balance in our favor.

It is notable that not only United States Secretary of Treasury, McAdoo and other prominent gentlemen connected with finance have issued optimistic statements but so conservative a financier as Jacob H. Schiff has announced that in his opinion the worst phase of the situation is past, and we may now look for a steady improvement.

Summing up the whole situation, it would appear that the reaction in the market has given incontestable proof of the basic soundness of finance on the North American continent and has technically strengthened the whole market; that there is every indication that trade and commerce is on the up grade and that we may confidently look for greatly increased prosperity.

Looking to the future of the New York market, I might say that I believe that the next upward movement will be led by the Standard Railway stocks, and I think that purchasers of such issues at Union Pacific, St. Paul, Reading, Atchison and others of the same class will be able to secure excellent profits. So far as the Canadian markets are concerned I am of the opinion that—aside from the metal shares—the best returns can be had from some of the industrials. Care must be exercised but proper selection of Canadian industrial issues should prove decidedly profitable.

	Asked	Bid
Brazilian	..	52½
Consumers Gas	182½	..
Inter Petroleum	9.40	9.25
Mackay Com	82½	80
Mackay Pfd	70	..
Twin City	..	98
Canada Bread Pfd	90	..
Porcupine Stocks		
Dome Extension	.10	.09½
Dome Lake	.15	.14
Dome Mines	13.00	12.50
Foley-O'Brien	.30	.25
Hollinger	25.25	25.00
Homestake Mines Fin	.22	20
Jupiter	.12½	.12¼
McIntyre	.54½	.54
Porcupine Crown	.81	.80
Porcupine Vipond	.51	.50
Rea	.12	.11½
Teck Hughes	.05	.04½
Cobalt Stocks		
Bailey	.02¾	.02½
Buffalo	.55	.50
Beaver	.38	.37
Chambers-Ferland	.23	.22
Crown Reserve	.91	.89
Kerr Lake	5.90	5.70
La Rose	.55	.54
McKinley-Darragh	.30	.29
Nipissing	6.10	6.05
Peterzon Lake	.24	.23½
Temiskaming	.40	.39½
Coppers		
Inspiration	.32¼	.32
Chino	.46¾	.46½
Anaconda	.34	.33½
Utah Consolidated	.68	.67¾
Miami	.26	.25¾
Navada	.15¼	.15
Braden	.08¼	.08¼
Ray Consolidated	.24	.23½

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes,
Harry L. Shepherd

THE IDEAL INVESTMENT

Men and women who are unable year after year to give that careful and continuous attention which is necessary to safeguard most kinds of investment should purchase

Carefully Selected Municipal Debentures

They are so safe that they do not require to be watched. For those who cannot replace their principal money if it should be lost Municipal Debentures are the ideal securities to buy. No other class of investment can offer the investor as high an interest return along with the same degree of safety, convenience and resaleability.

We can supply you with bonds maturing in almost any year from one to thirty years which will now yield you

7%

Consult our representative,

R. W. ADAMS,
No. 224 Front St. (over Sinclair's)
Belleville, Ont.

Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

"No Interest or principal money has ever been lost through default on any securities sold by us.

S. S. Teachers' Association

At a meeting this week of the Sunday School teachers of Christ Church and St. Georges a Sunday School teachers' association was organized and the following officers selected:

Pres.—Mr. W. E. Griffith.
Sec. Treas.—Mrs. George Thompson.
Executive Committee—Mr. S. O. Knight, Miss S. Thompson Mrs. Reeves and Miss J. Bishop.

THE WEATHER.

Fresh to strong south westerly winds, fine.

Sunday, fresh northwest winds, fine with about the same temperature.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily.

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Dependable Eye Service

I know that, in addition to the technical education to which my diploma certifies; and my proven ability to examine your eyes authoritatively, as vouched for by my patients, many of whom you know; I must be honest if I expect to retain practice—which I do.

I don't recommend Glasses unless absolutely necessary, or make misleading statements about your eyes or the Glasses I prescribe.

I charge only the established standard prices prevailing elsewhere for dependable service and glasses.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla	Lemon	Pineapple
Orange	Ginger	Cinnamon
Rose	Pineapple	Wintergreen
Almond	Peppermint	Strawberry
Rasperry	Maple	&c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.
Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER
May 1st
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at
30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

THE NEW STORE

Our
10 Per Cent
Discount Sale
Closes
Monday Night

Next Door to Geen's — Wims & Co — 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect
of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Cerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes In Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

Practical Patriotism Exhibited in City

The happy possession of a spacious house and grounds and of philanthropic spirit has enabled Mr. W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., and Mrs. Northrup to make an offer to the Government of a convalescent home for wounded Canadian soldiers from France and Belgium, who are to be sent to Canada to be refitted and to regain the strength and vigor necessary for them to resume the fight in the firing line. Mr. Northrup has practically handed over the key of his beautifully furnished home and the Government has accepted his offer provided that the citizens of Belleville and vicinity will undertake the cheering and the outdoor care of the convalescents by volunteering an ample supply of motor cars and motor boats for outings every morning and every afternoon until the convalescents are guaranteed fit for service and are drafted back to the army again. Colonel Ponton yesterday telegraphed the names of the following first volunteers of cars and boats with more names still coming and to follow in the good work:

Colonel S. S. Lazier, J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., B. L. Hyman, H. F. Ketcheson, J. F. Wills, S. Carman, C. M. Reid, A. Jones,, J. V. Jenkins, F. Quick, D. M. Waters, W. B. Riggs, E. Guss Porter, M.P., A. M. Chapman, W. N. Belair, Wm. McGie, L. E. Allan, E. Vermilyea, Robert Wiseman, George Simons, F. E. O'Flynn, and two cars from Stirling. Other convalescent homes will be established in Toronto and Montreal, through the generosity of private citizens there, but nowhere will there be a greater opportunity for nursing back to health and strength our wounded men than in the vicinity of the Bay of Quinte and with the comforts and attention with which our citizens will surround the heroes of the fight who are all keen and anxious to fight again. Colonel Ponton will gladly forward other names from time to time handed in to him, and all will no doubt be anxious to participate in this good patriotic work.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

SAVED BABY'S LIFE

Mrs. Jos. Desrosiers, St. Alphonse, Que., writes: "I cannot say too much in favor of Baby's Own Tablets, as they saved my little one's life. Before giving him the Tablets he was greatly troubled with worms and was like a skeleton and cried day and night. The Tablets soon expelled the worms and now baby is the picture of health." Baby's Own Tablets also break up colds and simple fevers, cure constipation and indigestion and make the teething period painless. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CORP. SANDFORD WOUNDED

Mr. and Mrs. Payne, Burnham street, received a telegram saying their son-in-law, Corporal A. G. Sanford, is officially reported wounded. He was one of the Ford's salesmen in Winnipeg, and enlisted with the 90th Winnipeg Rifles or "Black Devils" with the First Contingent. He had a military training and was captain of the 91st Highlanders in Glasgow. His wife and friends are anxiously waiting for further particulars.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. C. J. Bell of Earl street left this morning for Newburgh to attend the funeral of her uncle, Mr. Fred Shetler.

Germany Seen From Inside

Mr. Elmer Luck, Former German Prisoner Tells Story of German Barbarity

Residents of Belleville had an opportunity last night of getting a glimpse of life in Germany and learning something of the Teuton character. Mr. Elmer Luck, M.A., who has been living for three years at Leipsig and was imprisoned when war broke out, gave an interesting lecture on "Experiences and Observations in Germany" at the Tabernacle Church. Speaking for over an hour and a half he gave some instances of German barbarity which had come to his knowledge, and expressed the opinion that the war would not be over this year, but he hoped it would be next year.

The chair was taken by the pastor, Rev. W. G. Clarke. The rain, which came down in torrents at the time of the lecture, greatly affected the attendance; and the chairman announced that Mr. Luck would lecture again next Friday evening. The subject will be "Childhood in Germany."

Mr. Luck proclaimed at the outset that he intended to be fair, and he should say nothing that he would not vouch for himself. He proceeded to speak of the German character, and described the people as industrious and sober. They drank beer to excess in every spare moment, but it was light and contained so little alcohol that they could drink it all night without being overcome. They were a wonderfully law-abiding people, and had a marvellous system of gathering information. This was developed to such an extent that on the outbreak of the war the Government knew the foreigners to a man and where they came from. Coming to the other side of the picture, Mr. Luck said the first thing that he noticed in Germany was that women were everywhere regarded as inferior to men. The first sight that greeted his eyes as he pulled up his blind at the hotel, was a dog and a woman hitched to a waggon, and each pulling their hardest. In all classes of society the wife was not regarded as a companion for a man, but as a better class housekeeper. Immorality was everywhere prevalent, in a way almost impossible to believe. The people were open scoffers of religion—except in a few instances he never saw any real religious feeling in Germany, although he looked for it. The churches were entirely under the control of the municipal councils. The Germans believed in baptism and confirmation. Stores and theatres were open on Sundays, and the theatres were always packed. There was absolutely no independence in the people—they had no spirit of self-reliance. They looked to the State for everything, and as a consequence became improvident.

Coming to the outbreak of the war, the lecturer said it was generally believed in Germany that England would remain neutral or come on their side. He should never forget the evening when England declared war against Germany. The people were dumfounded—it came like a bolt from the blue. The general opinion was that it would come to a contest between the navies and that chances of success were hopeless. It was not true that foreigners were given 48 hours to leave the country—they were not given ten seconds.

"We will never know," said Mr. Luck, "how many British subjects were shot in those first few days as spies. The Government seemed to go mad, and thought everyone was a spy. The poor British subjects who had not been there long enough to make friends suffered severely. Foreigners were taken out by the dozen and shot. I know at least twenty who were shot in the first week of the war."

THE LOUVAIN OUTRAGES.

Mr. Luck spoke of hearing a postman read a letter from his brother, who was a lieutenant in the army. He described the awful sights he had seen at Louvain. A little girl of ten was shot because she was accused of killing soldiers! Their method of "frightfulness" was that thousands should be killed rather than a single soldier should die. Men, women and children were shot in groups of 100. But that was too slow, so they marched the people out altogether, and turned the machine guns on them, until men, women and children dropped, and they were left to die. All this was stated by the lieutenant, who believed it was absolutely necessary to save the lives of German soldiers in future.

Mr. Luck narrated an incident which he said made his blood boil. In a cafe he overheard a conversation of some German officers, one of whom was telling his companions of 20 English soldiers who had been taken prisoners in France. The commanding officer gave the officer who was telling the story the task of taking the soldiers away to a detention camp, at the same time giving the officer a wink. He marched the prisoners off—with their hands tied—to a wood, where they were all shot. "That was what they intended to do," said the officer, "if they found a British wounded soldier—kill him; if they took one prisoner—kill him.

Mr. Luck stated that he called upon two German friends of his who had been imprisoned in England, and they both spoke of the good treatment they received—even being allowed beer. The papers were full of stories of cruelty to German prisoners, and one of his friends tried to get his story inserted, but no paper would take it. The lecturer spoke of his experiences in prison, and of his being liberated through the only friend he found in Germany. He told many interesting incidents, which were listened to with the greatest attention. There was not a shadow of doubt, he said, that our prisoners were being half starved. He knew for a fact that Germans were not so short of food as people believed. There was a strong feeling everywhere that they were going to win in the end.

CANADA FOR THE GERMANS.

They believed, amongst other things that they were going to have a part—if not all—of Canada. That was talked of openly in the streets. "The tragedy of Germany," said the lecturer, "is that she entered upon the world's history too late. She is a great nation smothering for want of room to expand. The one thing that caused the war was that Germany being so strong she thought she would be in a position to get what she needed.

"Then comes the question," said Mr. Luck in conclusion, "how long will this war last? I for one am not among the optimists who think it will end soon. From all I have seen of German character I think they are going to fight to the bitter end. I have no hope that the war will be over this year—I hope it will next year. One thing is certain—Canada is in to the end, and there is going to be no giving in until Germany is no longer a menace to the nations—until peace is ensured for all time to come."

Mr. Elmer Luck will repeat his fascinating patriotic story in the Tabernacle Church next Friday night, May 14th

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
DELICIOUS
"Liquid Foods"
(Leading Ottawa Medico)
The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

FRECKLE-FACE

Sun and Wind Bring out Ugly Spots.

How to Remove Easily

Here's a chance, Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles; while if it does give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength from any druggist and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Recital at Albert College

At Massey Hall, Albert College last evening a piano and organ recital was given by the pupils of Miss Lavoie, under direction of Mrs. MacColl. Pupils of the vocal department and school of expression also took part. The programme was enjoyed by all who attended and was as follows:

Piano Duet—"Gypsy Dances" . Brahms
Miss Sadie Edwards, Miss Alice Davies
Piano Solo—"Love Song" .. Cadman
Miss Gertrude Metzler
Reading—"How the Dog Kept the Bridge"
*Miss Lulu Van Vlack
Piano Duet—"Valse Brilliante" .... Maszkowski
Miss Edith Yorke, Mrs. MacColl
Vocal—(a) "Serenade" .... La Forge
(b) "O Love Note .... Rogers
xMiss Alma Sanders
Piano—Valse de Concert . Weiniawski
Miss Sadie Edwards
Vocal—"Hasten to Me" .. Mascheroui
x Miss Yorke
Piano Duo .... Handel
Miss Edwards, Miss Grosskurth
Reading— * Miss Eva Mitchell
Piano and Organ—"Silver Trumpets" .... Nava
Mrs. McColl, Miss Crosskurth
*Pupils of Miss Jessie Tuite.
x Pupils of Mr. Dan A. Cameron.

Belleville Branch Of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

During the month of April the receipts in cash amounted to $3,032.88. During the same period the cheques amounted to $991.30. There were on the list of beneficiaries, 42 soldiers' wives; 80 children of soldiers, and 18 mothers.

The treasurer begs to acknowledge the following payments since added to the lists published up to May 1st:

Miss M. E. McIntosh	$ 2 25
Miss V. G. Handley	2 25
Miss Madeline Young	25 00
Miss Annie Hardie	50 00
Miss Ella Gardiner	25 00
Albert College Students' Fund	19 00
Fred Snider	6 00
W. W. Knight (May payment)	4 50
Richard Arnott	5 00
S. R. Burrows	12 50
Clifford Burrows	5 00
E. F. Milburn (May payment)	5 00
Thos. A. Gardiner	5 00
A Friend (C.S.C.)	5 00
John Elliott (May payment)	5 00
J. A. McFee	5 00
G. M. James	2 00
P. C. MacLaurin	3 00
J. S. Tower	1 00
Miss Coon	2 25
Miss Bruce	2 25
Miss E. M. Moore	2 25
Miss Florence Newton	2 50
Miss Mary Frost	15 00
Miss E. E. Styles	10 00
Mrs. G. M. Stewart (2 months)	10 00
A. Harman (2 months)	4 50
Mizpah Lodge No. 127 I.O.O.F. (April and May payments)	10 00
Ladies' Aid Tabernacle Church	10 00
W. Cunningham	1 50
Household on John Street (May payment)	1 25
Postmaster, officials and letter carriers (April payment)	24 00
A Friend (S.M.) (May payment)	10 00
F. E. O'Flynn (2nd payment)	12 50
Miss L. M. Phelps	6 00

O. S. D. APRIL CONTRIBUTIONS

Mr. D. R. Coleman	$10 00
Mr. G. F. Stewart	11 00
Mr. W. J. Campbell	11 00
Mr. H. L. Ingram	10 00
Mr. R. J. R. Shortill	9 00
Miss S. Templeton	5 50
Miss F. Cross	5 00
Miss I. Palen	3 00
Miss M. Bull	4 00
Miss A. James	3 50
Miss P. Campbell	5 50
Miss C. Ford	7 50
Miss N. Brown	1 00
Miss B. Rierdon	7 50
Miss M. Evoy	5 00
Miss K. Scott	2 00
Mr. S. Nurse	8 00
Mr. W. Nurse	7 00
Mr. W. S. Minns	5 00
Mr. M. W. Parks	5 00
Mr. A. Morrice	4 00
Mr. J. N. Boyd	6 00
Mr. C. J. Peppin	6 00
Mr. E. Doran	3 00
Mr. N. Stout	2 00
Mr. G. Carter	3 00
Mr. D. Leaver	2 50
Miss M. Hitchcox	3 00
Miss A. Blake	1 00
Miss M. Kerr	2 50
Miss L. VanAllen	1 00
Miss E. McKnight	1 00
Mis E. Bradley	1 00
Miss A. Liddle	2 00
Miss M. Fletcher	1 18
Miss M. McGuire	90
Miss H. Chesterfield	80
Miss E. Hawkins	1 00
Miss A. Morton	1 00
Miss G. Rorabck	2 68
Total	$169 16

Closing Exercises at Gymnasium

The Gymnasium Closing Exhibition was held last night at the Y.M.C.A. before a rather small crowd, the weather and counter attractions no doubt helped to keep down the attendance. A programme of variety and interest was run off promptly and with credit to all participants. The first thing on the programme was a drill by about 30 boys, and while they were not familiar with the drill they went through it with grace and form. A squad of boys, under the leadership of Chas Brooks did remarkable good performances on the parallel bars, each fellow coming in for a share of the generous applause. Percy Gifford did some rather clever stunts in hand balancing, being ably assisted by the clever little gymnast, Karl Van Allan. The spring-board and horse work by a squad of boys, lead by Mr. Faulkner was appreciated very much, the boys doing stunts of daring with grace and ease. Some very difficult pyramids were built by the boys, in which was required strength and steadiness.

The volley-ball game between the Business man and the young men was as interesting as the game can be.

The headline attraction, a game of basketball between the High School girls and the ladies gym class produced lots of thrills. These teams clashed before, and while the B.H.S. girls won out on that occasion, the gym girls thought that they had been hampered by the efforts of the referee, thus the arrangements whereby these teams met once more. Mr. Pitney acted as floor walker last night and in addition to giving information and keeping the bunch moving, did some clever refereeing. It was anybody's game at all stage, with the B.H.S. girls having the edge on their worthy opponents, slightly. The final score read 15-14 in favor of the school girls.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps
Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Special Saturday Bargains

$1.25 Ladies' Fine White Underskirts	75c.
Extra Special Ladies' Sateen Underskirts, colors black, green, blue, red, cerise and grey	59c.
New values in Ladies' House Dresses at	97c.
75c. Ladies' all silk Hose very special	50c. pair
$1.25 Girls' Middy Waists in light blue, navy and red stripe, great value, only	85c.
Ready-to-wear Dresses for Girls, age 6 to 8 years	75c.
Women's Fast Black Cotton Hose	15c. pair; 2 pairs 25c.
Children's Black Ribbed Cotton Hose, the kind that wears, 15c. pair; 2 pairs for	25c.
Pure Cashmere Stockings, all sizes, worth 25c. pair. Saturday, only	15c.
Ladies' light weight Summer Vests, extra good values at—	10c., 15c., 25c., 35c. and 50c.
75c. Ladies' Hand Bags in several colors. Saturday	49c.
25c. box Writing Paper; sale price	15c. box
Special table in China Department, every day needs in cleansers, soaps, etc., special	6 for 25c.
Clear Crystal Glass Vases	10c., 15c., 25c., and 50c.
Extra good strong Drinking Glasses	2 for 5c.
8 cakes good Toilet Soap. Special	25c.
6 large bars Naptha Soap. Special	25c.
10c. lb. Wyandotte Cleanser; special	2 for 15c.
Gents, get this one: $1.00 shirt, 35c. tie, both for	99c.
Men's Work Shirts, light and dark colors. Reg. 75c. value	50c.
Men's Silk Hose, regular 25c. value; special,	15c.
Men's fine Linen Collars, regular 15c. value; each	10c.

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Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

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273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR April Sale

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher

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Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States $1.50 strictly in advance.

MINISTERS SEEKING REST; NO ELECTION JUST NOW.

The seeking of rest by Ministers in Ottawa, as indicated by telegrams, leads to the conclusion that the daily phophecies of the Liberal press of an early election is not to be realized. This will, or should appease the shivering fears of the result of an immediate appeal to the electors, were one to be made.

The Premier, it is stated, has taken his fishing rod and line, and for a time retired to some secluded spot on the shores of a northern lakewhere free from telegraph lines and telephones he can for a time rusticate in peace, free from the harassing cares of office, angling for trout instead of votes.

There are many potent reasons which could be urged in justification of an immediate appeal to the people, notwithstanding the hypocritical clamor of the Liberal press that it would be an "outrage" to involve the country in a political contest while the sons of Canada are in the trenches, risking their lives in defence of their country, against a military despotism seeking to govern and control the future destinies, not only of Europe, but of the whole world. While this is true, it is no valid reason why the people should not be consulted, and given an opportunity to approve or disapprove of a policy involving the welfare of these sons of Canada, and the expenditure by the Government for war purposes of hundreds of millions of dollars.

Let the people not forget that there has been no change in the law relating to the enlisting of volunteers and sending them out of the country than existed at the time of the South African troubles. At that time Sir Wilfrid Laurier was in power, and in an interview with a Globe reporter he declared no power existed in any law empowering his Government to send men out of the Dominion to assist the Mother Country in any struggle in which the Empire might be engaged, and no steps were taken by him or his Government to raise troops for the South African War, until public opinion, and an assurance by Sir Charles Tupper, who was then leader of the Conservative party in Opposition, that he, Sir Wilfrid, should have the united support of the Opposition in any steps he might take in the raising of a volunteer regiment for South African service. Even then, Canada was humiliated by its Government in sending an account of all expenditure which it had incurred in connection with the organization of the South African contingent, to England for payment, which, as might be expected, was promptly paid. At that Sir Wilfrid and those he controlled not only faltered in taking prompt action but demanded the pound of flesh by declining to pay any portion of the expense incurred in connection therewith. The contrast between the action of the parties then and now is striking. At present we, under the same laws, find Canada under a Conservative Government not only raising some 60,000 men to aid in maintaining the Empire's power and influence in the affairs of the world, but asking the people to approve the policy of spending millions of money for the accomplishment of that desirable end. Why, then, should there be such violent opposition to submitting the whole question to the people for their verdict? The answer is not difficult to find. The Opposition fear the result; hoping that something may possibly turn up in the future which they can turn to their advantage in a political campaign. Vain hope!

No election, they cry, during the war. We shall be agreeably surprised if this war is over before the present Parliament expires, when an appeal will, under the Constitution, have to be made, whether our boys are serving their country in the trenches or not.

Though The Intelligencer approves the course which the Government in its wisdom has taken in this matter, it hesitates not to denounce the Opposition cry of "No election," as a policy of chicanery and hypocrisy.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Nobody outside the State Department has anything more than an indefinite idea as to the circumstances which have led up to the present Chino-Japanese crisis. The whole affair is shrouded in mystery and plot, characteristic of the East, says the Buffalo Express. The first statement of the demands made by Japan on China named twenty-two. This was followed by a Japanese statement of the case which named only eleven. The disclosures from both sides were unofficial and were represented as the penetration of well-guarded secrets. Recently Japan is said to have increased her demands to twenty-four. This information is also made known as the penetration of a secret.

Such information as is available contradicts the report that Japan had sent to China an ultimatum with a time limit of 48 hours. The State Department appears not to believe anything of the kind or to be disposed to feel greatly disturbed if an ultimatum has been sent. In fact, the only outside power which is showing much concern is Japan's ally, Great Britain, and Great Britain has her hands full in Europe just now.

A singular thing about it all is that Japan is said to have renewed in the last few days her promise to restore Kiao Chau to China. This tends to bear out The Express's opinion that all that Japan is trying to do is to secure herself against having to fight any more wars because of China's weakness in giving away her territory to every European nation that demands a slice of it. It is hardly thinkable that China would resist to the point of war unless she were assured of support from an outside power. There is no nation at liberty to give such support, except the United States, and she has neither the means nor the disposition. German influence doubtless would be exerted to the utmost to induce China to fight. Russia and Great Britain may both feel that Japan is stealing a march on them, but Yuan Shi Kai certainly knows that no European power can help him at present. His rival Sun Yat Sen, is plotting a revolution against him and this may be influencing his course, though it is hard to say in which way it would influence him. The situation is very puzzling, but there is no need to become excited over it.

CURRENT COMMENT

Germany and Austrian war news makes thirsty reading, it requiries so many grains of salt.

After he cleans up all the Germans in South Africa, General Botha might be moved over to Europe.

The first use of gas the Germans made was against the Canadians. There is a compliment in that, at least.

Berlin would be wise to be conservative in its enthusiasm over alleged victories. "He laughs best who laughs last."

Nine British trawlers were sunk by a German submarine on Monday. Apparently, Germany has set out to destroy the British fishing industry in the North sea.

After all, Austria's joy over a victory may be due to the slipping into the news despatches of a fairy tale intended for the private enjoyment of old Franz Josef.

Lloyd George says that the war is costing $10,500,000 a day. At this rate a year's warfare would cost upwards of $5,000,000,000. Never mind Germany is going to pay for this.

A decrease is noted in the use of beer in England, but a progressive increase is that of spirits—a sure indication that the British workman is having plenty of work at fair prices.

Colonel Roosevelt says the sinking of the Gulflight was pure piracy. If the Germans think they have fared ill at the hands of President Wilson, what would they have to expect if Roosevelt had been elected, or Taft?

The official report shows that the Gulflight, when attacked, was flying a large American flag. Sooner or later, the American people will have to decide whether that flag on the high seas and in foreign ports shall have any meaning.

The German hymn, Deutschland, Deutschland, uber Allies, is the loftiest, the noblest, the most elevating, the manliest, the most inspiring, the most tuneful, the grandest, the most poetical and glorious song that has ever swelled forth from human breast. It is divine, as is the origin of the people for whom it was composed—Kolnische Zeitung.

The women who have gathered at the Hague to protest against the war mean well, but their efforts will prove unavailing. At the present time the work of peacemakers is unappreciated. This war has got to be fought out to a finish. Any patched up peace would only mean that the struggle would break out later on, or just as soon as Germany was able to recuperate.

There was a time not so long ago in the United States and Canada when college men were not looked upon with favor. This is rapidly being changed. In the United States President Wilson, himself a college graduate, and an ex-college president, has shown a decided preference for college men and fills every possible vacancy in the civil and diplomatic service with college graduates. The same is very largely true of big business interests, both in Canada and the United States. Where other things are equal they give the preference to college men—Journal of Commerce.

A CHANT OF LOVE FOR ENGLAND

By Helen Gray Cone, in Atlantic magazine. An answer to Ernest Lissauer's "Chant of Hate."

A song of hate is a song of Hell.
Some there be who sing it well.
Let them sing it loud and long.
We lift our hearts in a loftier song;
We lift our hearts to Heaven above,
Singing the glory of her we love
ENGLAND!

Glory of thought and glory of deed;
Glory of Hampden and Runnymede.
Glory of ships that sought for goals;
Glory of swords and glory of souls;
Glory of song, mounting as birds;
Glory immortal of magic words.
Glory of Milton, glory of Nelson;
Tragical glory of Gordon and Scott;
Glory of Shelly, glory of Sidney,
Glory transcendent that perishes not;
Hers is the glory, hers be the glory,
ENGLAND!

Shatter her beauteous breast ye may;
The Spirit of England none can slay;
Dash the bomb on the Dome of St. Paul's,
Deem ye the fame of the Admiral falls?
Pry the stone from the chancel floor,
Dream ye that Shakespeare shall live no more?
Where is the giant shot that kills,
Wordsworth walking the old green hills?
Trample the red rose on the ground,
Keats is beauty, while earth spins round!
Bind her, grind her, burn her with fire,
Cast her ashes into the sea,
She shall escape, she shall aspire,
She shall arise to make men free;
She shall arise in a sacred scorn,
Lighting the lives that are yet unborn.
Spirit supernal, Splendor eternal,
ENGLAND!

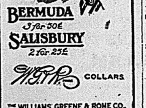
MUSIC AND DRAMA

"BRINGING UP FATHER"

At Griffin's Opera House last night Geo. McManus great successful musical comedy "Bringing Up Father," was presented to a large and appreciative audience. The singing by the various members of the company was good, the songs being catchy in their character. The scenic effects were also all that could have been desired. The dances and ensembles, arranged by Ed. Hutchison, appealed to all present. Mr. Thomas Haverly, as Jiggs Mahoney, Father, portrayed well the character, as did Miss Sadie Duff, as Mrs. Jiggs. The other members of the company did their parts well. It was in every respect a pleasing entertainment.

Mr. Ernest T. Cook, F.L.S., F.R.H.S., the well known horticulturist and writer, was taken suddenly ill in a Toronto hotel while at dinner and before medical aid arrived had expired.

Does not your heart beat faster at the news of the gallantry of our boys from Canada and do you not want to help?

MADE IN CANADA

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SALISBURY 2 for 25¢
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McClary's Sunshine Furnace all dust is carried up smoke pipe. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.
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NOW is the time to do it. Building material is down in price, and you will never have such a fine opportunity to build yourself a good home.

When you come to buy you will want the very best value for your money—that means

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Recent tests made at Toronto University prove that Milton Brick is in a class by itself.

Made from shale, clean cut and hard, and in a large variety of shades—reds, buffs and fire flashes. We can suit your taste.

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IN THE VERY CENTRE OF NEW YORK

This famous hotel is known the world over, has all modern appointments and is complete and up to date in all details.

The most convenient location in New York, being but a few minutes to the leading theatres and department stores, a few minutes from the Pennsylvania and Grand Central Stations.

Whether your visit is one of business or pleasure, you will will find the Marlborough the Ideal Place to stop at. The Rathskeller is one of the Show Places of New York.

Special Rates to all coming from this vicinity.

Rooms, $1.00 per day upwards.
Rooms with Bath, $1.50 per day upwards.
$1.00 Extra each Additional Person

JOHN F. DOWNEY, MANAGER.

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"GRAMPIAN"	May 27	Liverpool
"SICILIAN"	May 30	London
"CORSICAN"	June 5	Glasgow
"HESPERIAN"	June 10	Liverpool
"SCANDINAVIAN"	June 19	Glasgow
"CORINTHIAN"	June 20	London
"GRAMPIAN"	June 24	Liverpool

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The ALLAN LINE
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Though your salary or income will no doubt increase, so will your expenses—and many find that the latter more than keep pace with the former. Now is the time to start a Reserve Fund—and the Savings Department of the Union Bank of Canada is the place to keep it.

Deposit the extra you have on hand now—you can open an account with any sum, down to one dollar—and draw interest on it.

Belleville Branch J. G MOFFAT, Manager

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Unexcelled Train Service
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Round trip tickets to points in Western Canada, via Chicago, on sale each Tuesday until October 26, inclusive at low fares. Return limit two months.

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T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

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May 21,	Metagama,	June 3
June 4,	Missanabie,	June 17
June 18,	Metagama,	July 1
July 2,	Missanabie,	July 15

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

LAKE AND BAY TRANSPORTATION

STEAMER "Brockville" will be on her route Trenton to Picton ABOUT MAY 22nd.
May be chartered for Excursions.
Apply—
CAPTAIN CHRISTIE
Picton, Ont.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily
No. 13 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7 - 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'
Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.0? a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.
Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

ASSETS OVER $48,000,000
The A, B, C of Banking
Deposit Your Savings Regularly
Every Dollar Earns Interest
From Date of Deposit
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
Belleville Branch H. SNEYD, Manager

A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

Hundreds of People Have Found "Fruit-a-tives" Their Only Help

READ THIS LETTER

Superintendent of Sunday School in Toronto Tells How He Cured Himself of Chronic Rheumatism After Suffering for Years.

55 DOVERCOURT ROAD, Oct., 1st. 1913.

"For a long time, I have thought of writing you regarding what I term a most remarkable cure effected by your remedy "Fruit-a-tives". I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I have spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken "Fruit-a-tives" for 18 months now, and am pleased to tell you that I am cured. All the enlargement has not left my hands and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in 18 months".

R. A. WAUGH

Rheumatism is no longer the dreaded disease it once was. Rheumatism is no longer one of the "incurable diseases". "Fruit-a-tives" has proved its marvellous powers over Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago—in fact, over all such diseases which arise from some derangement of stomach, bowels, kidneys or skin.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Trap Shooting Championship

The Dominion Trap Shooting Association have anounced their program for the annual shoot, which will be held at the Rockcliffe ranges, Ottawa, for four days, commencing Tuesday, June 8th, 1915. This program carries prizes of money and trophies valued at over $1,500, probably the largest ever offered for a Dominion shoot. It is arranged so as to give good shots lots to try for in different places on the program.

There will be a consolation handicap, in which $200 is offered for prizes, which the average and indifferent shooters will have all to themselves. On the first or preliminary day there will be five events of optional sweepstakes, 15 birds, Rose System, shooting to commence at 2 p.m. On the second day there will be ten events of optional sweepstakes, 15 birds, Rose System. On the third day there will be ten events of optional sweepstakes, 15 birds, Rose system, and the first 50 birds of the Grand Canadian Handicap. On the last day there will be the Two Man Championship of Canada for the Dominion Trap Shooting Association gold medals, the Eight Man Championship for the Dominion Cartridge Company Trophy, the Five Man Championship of Canada for the Mail Trophy. The members of the winning team in each of these team races will receive Dominion Trap Shooting Association gold medals. There will also be the final 50 birds of the Grand Canadian Handicap and the Consolation Handicap of 100 birds open to shooters who have competed in ten regular events on June 9th and 10th and who have not succeeded in winning a high aggregate prize.

A cut glass bowl will be offered for the high gun in each of the ten sweepstakes on June 9th and 10th and high average prizes of $15, $10 and $5 will be offered for the first 75 targets and the second 75 targets on each of these days. The bowls and high average monies will be open to all shooters, whether they are shooting for the monies or not.

The championship cup and a beautiful cut glass bowl presented by Controller Fisher, will be the chief prizes for the amateur championship. The Grand Canadian Handicap will have $300 added money and the winner will receive, in addition to his money prize, a cut glass bowl, to be presented by His Worship Mayor Porter of Ottawa. The winner of the high aggregate will receive the Grey Cup, an Association medal and $50 added money. In this event the second man will receive $30, the third $25 and the next 20 men $10 each.

The Canadian Association of Indians are giving a handsome cut glass bowl to the shooter making the highest aggregate in all the events, including the practice day, but excluding the consolation handicap. There will be a cut glass bowl for a cut glass bowl for the highest aggregate made by an amateur who has not previously competed at the Dominion tournament a handsome gold locket for the professional high average and several handsome prizes for the ladies making the highest aggregate scores in the regular events. Ther will be a cut glass bowl for the longest continuous run of breaks, a at a special trap extending for the three days of regular shooting with prizes of $15 $10 and $5 each day, and a special prize of 1,000 cartridges presented by Messrs. Eley Brothers for the shooter having the three highest scores during the three days of shooting, one score each day to count.

Mr. Louttit, Missionary wom Central Africa, will speak at Bethel Hall Sunday evening at 7. Come and hear him.

NATIONALISTS BLOCK LIQUOR LEGISLATION

LONDON, May 7.—The determined opposition of the Irish Nationalists and the Independent Irish Nationalists, who joined the forces to-day to oppose the new liquor taxes of David Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, forced the Government to postpone until next week the second reading of the bill embodying the Chancellor's plan.

Both Premier Asquith and Mr. Lloyd George pleaded the necessity of expeditious action, but the Irish members insisted that the bill should not be carried further until they were assured that the Government had decided to abandon the supertaxes.

Mr. Lloyd George announced that his negotiations with the liquor interests were making good progress, and that he hoped an arrangement satisfactory to all parties would be made.

SAFETY FIRST

You need an effective, dependable liniment and germicide in your home. Safety demands that it shall be harmless. Absorbine, Jr., is a germicide-liniment that combines safety with efficacy—it is made of herbs, safe and harmless to use.

Absorbine, Jr. is safe to use anywhere, even by the smallest member of the family. Applied to cuts, wounds, and bruises, it kills the germs makes the wound aseptic and promotes rapid healing.

Use Absorbine, Jr. wherever a high-grade liniment or a safe, powerful, germicide is indicated. To allay pain; veins or glands, wens, soft bunches; to heal cuts, bruises, sores, and ulcers; to spray the throat if sore or infected.

$1.00 and $2 00 per bottle at druggists or postpaid.

A Liberal Trial Bottle will be sent postpaid upon receipt of 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P. D F. 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

KAISER IN CONFERENCE

The Position of Italy is Stated to Have Caused Kaiser's Visit to Berlin

LONDON May 7—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen says it is reported in Berlin that Emperor William, Dr. Von Bethmann-Holweg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Gottlieb Von Jagow, the foreign secretary have arrived in the Capital in connection with the Italian situation.

The Nieuk Rotterdamsche Courant says it learns from Berlin that Emperor William was enthusiastically cheered by the populace.

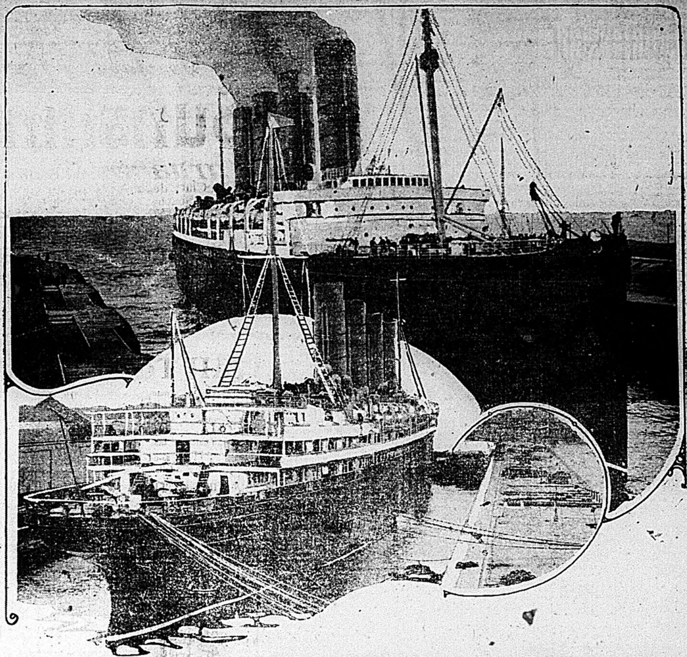
"From the station to the palace," newspaper adds, "the Emperor's motor-car could only proceed slowly through the dense crowds. The Emperor was looking fresh and well. The Empress was visibly moved by the great ovation accorded the Emperor."

100,000 FROM AUSTRALIA

Operations in Dardanelles Have Stimulated Recruiting

SYDNEY, N.S., May 7.—The difficulty of equipment which has hitherto restricted the numbers of men sent from Australia, is likely to be met by an arrangement with the War Office whereby deficiencies in Australia, especially with regard to rifles, are to be supplied by the Imperial authorities.

Recent events in the Dardenelles have stimulated recruiting and emphasized the fact that there is no difficulty in obtaining large bodies of suitable men. The Prime Minister recently stated that the extent of Australian in resources and men was unlimited. This statement is likely to be converted into concrete as the result of discussions now taking place at the Premier's conference. It is anticipated that a definite offer of 100,000 men will be made.



The Lusitania, gigantic Cunarder torpedoed by German submarine as she neared the end of her trans-Atlantic journey with over 2000 souls on board. Two views of the great vessel as she appeared tied up at her New York berth.

DUNKIRK NOT IN DANGER

Military Governor of City Issues Reassuring Statement

PARIS, May 7.—General Eydoux, military governor of Dunkirk, issued a statement today to reassure the people of the city that there was no longer danger to them in a renewal of the bombardment such as was directed against Dunkirk on two days recently by the Germans. The statement says:

"The continued exodus of inhabitants as a result of the recent bombardment might cast doubts on the calm self-possession shown thus far. The positions of the Allies are intact and the situation on the Belgian front is excellent.

"Measures have been taken to prevent a further bombardment by heavy guns. The result of these measures can be seen and the inhabitants of Dunkirk need only to remain quietly at home. Nearly all the victims of previous bombardments were killed in the streets, and all that is needed is to seek shelter if the bombardment is resumed.

HEADACHE?

Thousands of persons who have never known a day's sickness in any other form are subject to frequent attacks of Headache that almost drive them mad.

Whatever the nature may be and the cause, the immediate condition that produces the pain is a congestion or filling up of the blood vessels of the brain with blood, thus causing a pressure on the brain cells and nerve filaments.

In treating all forms of Headache the first thing to do is to relieve the congestion of the blood vessels of the brain. Abbey's Effervescent Salt in laxative doses does this promptly.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c.

Full blooded people who are subject to frequent attacks of Headache can be entirely relieved by taking laxative doses of the Salt every morning. Headaches from Indigestion and Biliousness are also entirely banished by continuing the use of the Salt until the normal action of the liver and stomach is restored. 6

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

2ND. CONTINGENT OFFICERS

Under Major-Gen. Steele in Command of 22,000 Men

OTTAWA, May 7.—Officers of the Second Canadian Contingent, under Major-General S. B. Steele, will include Colonel Lord Brooke, in command of the Ontario Brigade; Colonel J. Landry, Quebec, over the Quebec and Maritime Provinces Brigade; Colonel Ketchum, Winnipeg, in charge of the Western Brigade. The brigade majors respectively, will be: Lt-Col. R. G. Stewart, Ottawa; Colonel McAvity, St. John, and Lt.-Colonel P. A. Moore, Calgary.

Captain W. C. Cochrane, son of the minister of railways, and Captain R. Montague, son of Hon. Dr. Montague, Winnipeg, are to be on General Steele's staff. Colonel Steptimus Denison, of Toronto, who goes to England at the head of the Ontario Brigade, will, awing to ill-health, be unable to lead it to the front. There are 22,000 men in the second contingent.

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.

BOTHA FORGING AHEAD

Occupation of Windhuk is Well in Sight

CAPE TOWN, May 6.—The following official statement was issued today:

"General Botha has occupied the important railway junction of Karibab and other stations (German Southwest Africa)." He expects to occupy Windhuk very soon. "Large quantities of rolling stock, including seven locomotives, were taken at Karibib.

"The town was occupied after a forced march of 35 miles over a waterless waste, under conditions of heat, thirst and hunger which called for the greatest resolution and grit."

HOW YOU MAY REDUCE YOUR WEIGHT

Overstoutness is a very unwelcome condition especially in the present day when slender figures are so fashionable, and every reader of this paper has noticed the tendency of some people to put on an excessive amount of fat.

If you happen to be one of those whose weight is more than it should be, don't try to starve yourself, eat all you want, but go to your druggist and get oil of orilene in capsule form and take one with each meal.

Oil of orilene increases the oxygen-carrying power of the blood and dissolves the fatty tissue, in many cases at nearly the rate of one lb. per day. Be sure to get oil of orilene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any good druggist has it, or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal, Can.

Georgine Chilcott, Queen of the gypsies, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for defrauding, under the head of fortune teller.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR LATEST MATCH?

ASK FOR

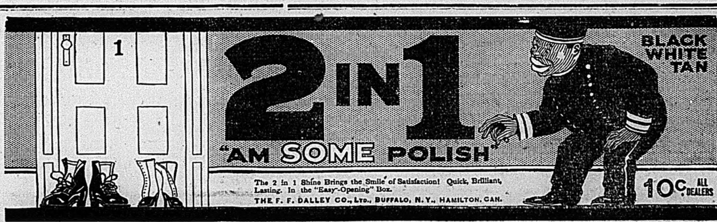
"THE BUFFALO"

LOOK FOR THE BUFFALO ON THE BOX

The E. B. EDDY CO, Limited

HULL, CANADA

The Kaiser has decorated Admiralvon Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses onthe good old Kiel Canal?



A BLORE MANOR EPISODE

She turned away with a gesture of such queenly contempt that our poor hero—now most unheroic, and dumb as Carlyle would have had his, only with mortification and intense disgust at his stupidity—amazed that he could ever have thought meanly of this girl, "who moved most certainly a goddess," had not a word to express his sorrow. A hero utterly crestfallen! But at the door she looked back, for some strange reason known perchance to female readers. The gloves were on the floor, just beyond his reach—poor, forlorn, sprawling objects, their fingers and plams spread as in ridiculous appeal. As for him, he was lying back on the sofa, in appearance so crushed and helpless that the woman's pity ever near her eyes moved her. She went slowly back, and picked up the gloves, and put them on the table where he could take them.

"Miss Joan," he said, in a tone of persistence that claimed a hearing, and, starting far from the immediate trouble, was apt to arouse curiosity; "we are always, as Agnes says, jangling—on my side, of course, is the false note. Can we not accord better, and be better friends?"

"Not until we learn to know one another better," she said coldly, looking down at him, "or become more discerning judges."

"I was a fool, an idiot an imbecile!" She nodded gravely, still regarding him from a great height. "I was mad to believe it possible!"

"I think we may be better friends," she responded, smiling faintly, yet with sudden good humor. "We are beginning to know—one another."

"And ourselves," almost under his breath. Then, "Miss Joan, will you ever forgive me? I shall never err again in that direction," he pleaded. "I am humiliated in my own eyes until you tell me it is forgotten."

She nodded, and this time with her own frank smile.

Then she turned away and did leave the room, this time taking Roy with her. Her joyous laughter and his wild, excited barking proclaimed through the length and breadth of Blore that he was enjoying the rare indulgence of a good romp on the back lawn. It was Roy's day.

And can a dog ever hope for a better day than that upon which his mistress becomes aware that she is also another's mistress; becomes aware that another is thinking of her and for her, nay, that she is the very centre of that other's thoughts? What a charming, pleasantly bewildering discovery it is, this learning that for him when she is in the room it is full, and wanting her it is empty, be it never so crowded; that all beside, though they be witty, or famous, or what they will, or can or would, are but lay figures, umbrae, shadow guests in his estimation. She learns with strange thrills, that in moments of meditation will flash to eye and cheek, that her slightest glance and every change of color, every tone and smile are marked with jealous care; that pleasure which she dees not share is tasteless, and a dinner of herbs, if she be but at a far corner, is feast for princes. That is her dog's day, or it may be his dog's day. It is a pleasant discovery for a man, mutatis mutandis; but for a girl, a sweet, half fearful consciousness, the brightest part of love's young dream—even when the kindred soul is of another world, and an abyss, wide, impassable, unbridgeable lies between.

But these things come to sudden ends sometimes. Sprains, however severe, have an awkward knack of getting well. Swellings subside from inanition, and doctors insist for their credit's sake that the stick or ready arm be relinquished. Certainly a respite or a relapse—call it which you will—is not impossible with care, but it is brief. A singular shooting pain, not easily located with exactness, but somewhere in the neighborhood of the calf, has been found useful; and a strange rigidity of the tendon Achilles in certain positions may gain a day or two. But at last not even these will avail, and the doubly injured one must out and away from among the rose leaves. Twice Maitland fixed his departure for the following morning, and each time when pressed to stay gave way, after so feeble, so ludicrous a resistance, if it deserved the name, that Agnes scarcely concealed her grimace, and Joan looked another way. She did not add anything to the others' hospitable entreaties. If she guessed what made Maggie's good-night kiss so fervent and clinging, she made no sign and offered no opening.

In the garden next morning, Maitland taxed her with her neutrality. It was wonderful how his sense of humor had become developed at Blore.

"I thought that you did not need so much pressure as to necessitate more than four people's powers of persuasion being used," she answered, in the same playful spirit. "And besides, now you are well enough, must you not leave?"

"Indeed, Miss Joan?"

"And go back to your own way of life? It is a month since you saw the latest telegram, and there is a French company at the Gaiety, I learn from the Standard. We have interests and duties, though you were so hard of belief about them, at Blore, but you have none."

"No interests?"

She shook her head. "No duties, at any rate."

"And so you think," he asked, his eyes fixed upon her changing features, "that I should go back to my old way of life—of a century ago?"

"Of course you must!" But she was not so rude as to tell him what a very foolish question this was. Still it was, was it not?

"So I will, or to something like it, and yet very unlike. But not alone. Joan, will you come with me? If I have known you but a month, I have learned to love your truth and goodness and you, Joan, so that if I go away alone, to return to the old life would be bitterly impossible. You have spoiled that; you must make for me a fresh life in its place. Do you remember you told me that when we knew one another we might be better friends? I have come to know you better, but we cannot be friends. We must be something more, more even than lovers, Joan—husband and wife, if you can like me enough."

It was not an unmanly way of putting it, and he was in earnest. But so quiet, so self-restrained was his manner that it savored of coldness. The girl whose hand he held while he spoke had no such thought. Her face was turned from him. She was gazing over the wall across the paddock where Maggie's mare was peaceably and audibly feeding, and so at the Blore Ash on its mimic hill, every bough and drooping branchlet dark against the sunset sky; and this radiant in her eyes with a beauty its deepst glow had never held for her before. The sweetest joy was in her ear and grfief in her face. He had been worthy of himself and her love. While he spoke she told herself, not that some time she might love him, but that she had given him all her true heart already. And yet as he was worthy, so she must be worthy and do her part.

"You have done me a great honor," she said at last, drawing away her hand from his grasp, though she did not turn her face, "but it cannot be, Mr. Maitland. I am very grateful to you—I am indeed, and sorry."

"Why can it not be?" he said shortly; startled, I am bound to say, and mortified.

"Because of—of many things. One is that I should not make you happy, nor you me. I am not suited to your way of life. I am of the country, and I love to be free and unconstrained, while you are of the town. Oh, we should not get on at all! Perhaps you would not be ashamed of me as your wife, but you might be, and I could not endure the chance even of it. There," she added, with a laugh in which a woman's ear might have detected the suppression of a sob, "is one sober reason where none can be needed."

"Is that your only reason?"

She was picking the mortar out of the wall. "Oh, dear me, no! I have a hundred, but that is a sufficient one," she answered almost carelessly, flirting a scrap of lime from the wall with her forefinger.

"And you have been playing with me all this time!" cried he, obtusely enranged by her flippancy.

"Not knowingly, not knowingly, indeed!"

"Can you tell me that you were not aware that I loved you?"

"Well, I thought—the fact is, I thought that you were amusing yourself—in West End fashion."

"Coquette!"

"Mr. Maitland!" she cried vehemently, "how dare you? There is proof, if any were needed, that I am right, you would not have dared to say that to any of your town acquaintances. I am not coquette. If I have given you pain, I am very sorry. And—I beg that we may part friends."

To be Continued

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for more than forty years. Enough for 5c. to produce 50 large loaves of fine, wholesome nourishing home made bread. Do not experiment, there is nothing just as good.

E.W.GILLETT CO. LTD
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

It Came True.

When Sir Edward Elgar, the noted composer, was quite a small boy he made a curious prophecy about himself. On making his first appearance at school the master asked him his name.

"Edward Elgar," he replied.

The master through that the boy spoke too brusquely.

"Add the word 'sir'!" he commanded.

"Sir Edward Elgar!" said the future knight, gravely.

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. D. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

The Month of June is the Month of Pretty Weddings

while the Month of May is the busy month for Prospective June Brides, and while our store is always at your service, we take special pleasure in rendering the service of long experience in the creating of beautiful Trousseaux.

Never has this store presented a more complete collection of Beautiful Silk, Mull, Voile and Wool Dresses, while our showing of dainty Silk Fabrics and beautiful Cotton Dress Materials will at once appeal to every prospective buyer. We are always pleased to show our goods or forward samples for the asking.

New Dress Silks, $1.00 to $2.00 yard

Silk fabrics for Ladies' Suits and Dresses take the place in fashion centres, and our Silk Department shows every new weave and color in Silk Poplins, Silk Brocades, Satin Duchesse, Silk Paillettes, Silk Mulls, Satin Messalines, etc., all shown in yard wide Silks, to sell at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.65 and $2.00 per yard.

See our 34 inch Shantung Silks at 39c yard.

New Cotton Dress Voiles

Never have we shown such a beautiful collection of Summer Dress Fabrics as may now be seen in our Wash Goods Department, and of these, Cotton Voiles in fine sheer weaves, in white and also printed colored designs, are among the season's best sellers.

We show these New Voiles in endless variety from 15c to $1.00 per yard.

Sinclair's — See Our WASH DRESS CREPES Only 12½c Yard — Sinclair's

OPPORTUNITY

AGENT WANTED

We have just obtained the exclusive selling agency for the famous Hydra Vacuum Cleaner in the Dominion of Canada and are now ready to contract with financially responsible men for the handling of this wonderful machine in the various towns and cities throughout the Dominion. The Hydra is the only portable water-power vacuum cleaner in the world. Attach it to any water faucet, turn on the water and the dust and dirt disappears as by magic. The Hydra has had a phenomenal success in the United States and is bound to prove a huge success throughout Canada. We offer a rare opportunity for the right men to become associated with us in a new business which pays big returns on a small investment. Advise us the territory you are interested in and our representative will call.

Address
CANADIAN HYDRA SALES CO.
HAMILTON, CANADA.

OUR LINES

Automobile Storage and Car Repairing Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor CycleRepairing
Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing

Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

Four hundred and ten dolars in bills was found sewn in the trousers of William Williamson, who was killed by an automobile last night in Toronto.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S
BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
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J. D. EVANS, C.E. & O.L.S. — J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.
EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 392

Not Enough.

The late Frank T. Bullen, author of "The Cruise of the Cachalot," was the raciest of story-tellers. One of his best yarns was of an old woman in a country church "praying at" a wealthy miser. The man was oblivious until a large piece of plaster fell from the ceiling plump on his head.

"Lord, Lord," he roared, jumping up. "I'll give five pounds!"

The old woman, in tones of disgust, lifted up her voice in appeal once more:—

"Hit him again, Lord; 'tain't enough; hit him again!"

MADE IN CANADA

McLAUGHLIN

This Name Plate on your Car is YOUR Protection and Guarantee of Our Responsibility.

The Car with the "VALVE-IN-HEAD" MOTOR

Why do the leading builders of Aeroplanes, Submarines and Marine Gas Engines (where power and absolute dependability are necessary) use "Valve-in-head" Motors?
For the same reason we use it.
Because it is the best type of motor; and the McLaughlin-Buick is the best motor of the type.
McLaughlin 1915 models are the embodiment of power, grace and refinement.
Prices from $1,150.00 to $2,250.00
Come in and let us show you.
Literature gladly mailed on request.

McLaughlin Carriage Co., Limited
Head Office and Factory - - - Oshawa, Ontario
Belleville Manager, MR. P. J. LEE

Branches:
St. John, N.B.; Montreal, Que.; Belleville, Ont.; Toronto, Ont.; Hamilton, Ont.; London, Ont.; Winnipeg, Man.; Regina, Sask.; Saskatoon, Sask.; Calgary, Alta.; Edmonton, Alta.; Vancouver, B.C.

1553

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 28 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 71.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets
Phone 715

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161. Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
Agent for
Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated.
Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed
Office: 27 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty.
Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 845.
LEE CHEW.

CONTRACTOR.

THOS. MANLEY & SON,
GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.
Phone 529

W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS PAINTS and VARNISHES

Are BEST for Your HOME.

Information and Color Cards at

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE

Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

This is to be said concerning the love letters that are read in the American divorce courts: Some of them are sloppier than others.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

SATURDAY BARGAINS FOR MEN

Means Money Saved To You

Saturday, 8th Inst. One Day Only

Men's Hats

Your choice of any FELT HAT in our store, soft or stiff shapes, the season's newest blocks and colors. Reg. price $2.50 and $3.00. SATURDAY only .. $1.75

A Special Announcement

Men's Shirts

They come in the new season's neat hair-line stripes and plain white, some with soft collars. All sizes, best $1.00 values. SATURDAY, ondy .. 75c.

EXCEPTIONAL PRICES

Men's Balbriggan Underwear

Many Boxes of Balbriggan Underwear have just been opened. Every garment is well made and fits perfectly. Sold everywhere at $1.00 per suit. Saturday, only .. 75c. per suit.

Men's Tie Bargains

The newest brocaded silk, neat, dressy patterns and plain colors. Reg. 50c. each. SATURDAY only 35c. each, 3 for $1.00.

MEN'S SOCKS

Fine quality medium weight Sox, colors Tan or Black. Reg. 25c values, SATURDAY ONLY, 19c

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

242 FRONT STREET

These Splennid Offerings for ONE DAY ONLY, SATURDAY, 8th INST.

"MADE IN CANADA"

Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.

Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

Ford Touring Car $590. Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840. (All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.) Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
OF CANADA, LIMITED.

W. B. RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.

Ford

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

ALLOWED TO GO

Charles Hailey and Wm. Miller on a charge of intoxication were discharged, this being their first offence

TRAMPS PROTECTED

Three tramps, one of whom was a Russian, were last night given protection at the police station.

BELLEVILLE BOY

Harold Hargrove Wright, who is reported wounded, is a son of Mrs. R. H. Wright, of 8 Brassey street.

SENT TO JAIL

Robert Allen, a stranger in the city, was today by Magistrate Masson fined $10 and costs, or 21 days in jail for being drunk. He went to jail in default of payment of the fine.

A SOLDIER MARRIED

On Wednesday of this week at the Tabernacle Methodist parsonage, by the pastor, Rev. W. G. Clarke, Clarence Ramsay, Private in the 39th Battalion, and Miss Florence Cook, were quietly married.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT

James Jackson was arrested last evening for disorderly conduct on the street. As he is an old offender and acted in a rather vicious manner, a fine of $20 and costs or 6 weeks in jail was imposed. He was committed to jail.

HIGH PRICED CHEESE

At the Belleville Cheese Board today 679 boxes of white and 55 boxes of colored chees were boarded. Of this number 170 boxes of white sold at 18 3-8c. and the balance at 18 5-16c. The colored was sold for 18 1-4c. This is the highest price ever recorded upon the market.

THE MARKET

There was a large attendance upon the market this morning and prices as usual were good for all produce offered for sale. Dairy butter sold at 32c. to 35c. per pound, the former being the ruling price. Fresh eggs 18c. and 20c. per dozen. Dressed chickens sold from $1 to $1.75 per pair, according to size and quality; ducks, $1.50 and $1.75 per pair. Potatoes were plentiful and sold at 60c. per bag. Garden produce was in abundance and a ready sale for same was experienced.

SERVICES APPRECIATED

At the Official Board meeting of Holloway street church, Thursday evening, a resolution was passed, and carried unanimously extending to Rev. A. R. Sanderson, their pastor, the thanks of the Board for the manner in which he has conducted the Board during his ministry with them; the kindly Christian spirit shown by him, and the untiring efforts that both he and Mrs. Sanderson have put forth to help along the interests of the church, the Board regretting very much that their pastor and his wife have to leave for other fields of labor. Mr. Sanderson made a suitable reply, stating that it has been a pleasure to labor with the Board, and regretting that he could not remain longer with them.

Exceptional Bargains at Ritchie's To-night. Read the List on Page 8.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 214 Front Street.

BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

IN THE SPRING MOST PEOPLE NEED A TONIC MEDICINE

One of the surest signs that the blood is out of order is the pimples, unsightly eruptions and eczema that come frequently with the change from winter to spring. These prove that the long indoor life of winter has had its effect upon the blood, and that a tonic medicine is needed to put it right. Indeed there are few people who do not need a tonic at this season. Bad blood does not merely show itself in disfiguring eruptions. To this same conditions is due attacks of rheumatism and lumbago; the sharp stabbing pains of sciatica and neuralgia; poor appetite and a desire to avoid exertion. You cannot cure these troubles by the use of purgative medicines—you need a tonic and a tonic only, and among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their tonic, life-giving, nerve-restoring powers. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ and brings a .. feeling of new health and enery to weak, tired, ailing men, women and children. If you are out of sorts give this medicine a trial and see how quickly it will restore the appetite, revive drooping spirits, and fill your veins with new health-giving blood,

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

GUILTY OF VAGRANCY

Alfred Watson, a stranger in the city, pleaded guilty to a charge of vagrancy. He was remanded to jail for a week in order that the police may ascertain if possible anything appertaining to him.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

John Potts yesterday afternoon was by Magistrate Masson committed for trial on a charge of stealing two robes, a lap rug and a whip from Mr. Frederick Hillman, who resides in Prince Edward County. Mr. Anderson represented the Crown and Mr. E. J. Butler defended the accused.

AN ENJOYABLE TEA

A very successful and enjoyable tea was given yesterday by the Quinte Chapter, I.O.D.E., at the home of Mrs. H. C. Earle, Ann street. Mrs. Earle received the guests, assisted by the Regent, Mrs. E. Guss Porter. Refreshments were served by a number of young ladies, while Mrs. Curtis Bogart and Mrs. Arthur McGinnis poured the tea and coffee. The house was charmingly decorated with roses and pear blossoms. Added pleasure was given by the singing and piano sols of Mrs. M. P. Duff, Mrs. James Grant, Miss Stork, Mr. M. Waters and Mr. K. Ross. The proceeds of the tea will be used for surgical supplies for the Canadian Military Hospital at Le Touquet, Boulogne, France.

Patriotic Meeting At Stirling

On Friday evening last at Stirling village the venerable Dean Starr of St. George's Cathedral gave an address on the European war. The Leader, published in that village, has the following reference to the patriotic meeting:

We were fortunate in having such an admirable speaker to assist us as Col. Ponton of Belleville who kindly came out with the Dean. No comment is here necessary as we all know what an eloquent speaker the Col. is and the manner in which he delights an audience. The Col. had a very large number of war mottoes of most beautiful and appropriate design and which have never been out of Belleville before. These the ladies used in decorating the walls of the Opera House for such an eventful evening, and as was said by many—never did the building present such an instructive appearance.

Miss Ponton of Belleville favored us with two solos which were greatly appreciated.

Miss Dorothy Phillips, of Toronto, in her most charming manner favored us, also with two solos. Stirling was most fortunate in securing such excellent outside talent, and the audience showed their appreciation of the same.

We trust, again, in the near future to have the privilege of hearing those two ladies sing

Sergt. A Cooke Writes Home

Mrs. Cooke of College Hill, Belleville, has received the following letter from her son, Sergt. Archie Cook, who left here with the 1st Contingent:

Belgium, April 19, 1915

At last we are in Belgium. It has taken quite a long time for us to come from home to there but we are none the worse off by the journey.

Yesterday morning we were awake early and told to get ready to move to some place, we didn't know where. Most of us felt very tired to begin a long march, as the day before we had a long run in heavy marching order. The two days before the battalion had sports and so most of the fellows were unprepared for the march. But the march wasn't very long and so it wasn't very trying on them. After we had gone about three miles we crossed the Belgium frontier, and about six miles further we arrived at our billets.

It is a pretty country around here. There are in some parts large mansions and parks, and the people seem to be of a better class, cleaner and better looking.

It will not be long before we are back in the trenches again, and I think we are certain of seeing something this time."

Quick Hot Water

AT A BIG SAVING OF GAS

By using one of our

Nine X Gas Water Heaters

This Heater has nine Copper Coils, costs no more than the Single Coil Heater. Get our price for Heater installed complete,

Gurney-Oxford Gas Stoves from $8.00 up
Gurney-Oxford Gas Plates from $1.50 up
Refrigerators from..... .... $9.00 up

LAWN HOSE, HOSE REELS
LAWN MOWERS
ELECTRIC AND WATER POWER WASH MACHINES

See Our Goods Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

A FEW OF OUR LINES

Speedometers ...... $12 to $30.
Cyclometers ..... $1.50 to $3.50
Mud Guards 75c per pair
Bells from 25c.
Horns from 50c
Oil Cans ... 5c. 10c., 15c., & 20c.
Flash Lamps . 75c., $1.00 & 1.25

DUNLOP TIRES AND TUBES

333 FRONT STREET

When You Feel It Coming

—When that old Headache sends its warning that you are going to suffer—take ZUTOO. When you feel a Cold coming on take ZUTOO. At the first sign of a pain—at the first feeling of sickness—take ZUTOO.

You will be all right in 20 minutes if it's a headache, or the next morning if it is a cold. Pain all gone, and the whole body refreshed.

Don't wait—don't take chances. Get ZUTOO Tablets to-day—and have them ready to take at the first sign of a Headache or cold and TAKE THEM.

25c a box—at dealers or by mail postpaid B. N. Robinson & Co. Regd., Coaticook, Q.

A SCHOOL FOR

Signallers

will be held at the Armouries every evening, commencing MONDAY, MAY 10th

All Officers. N.C.O.'s and Men of the Canadian Militia are invited to take this course.

L. W. MARSH, Lt.-Col.
Comdg. 15th Regt.

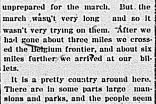
HERE'S AN OFFER OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE

Men's Smart $15.00, 18.00 and $20.00 Suits Sale. Price $11.75.

F. Millard, 236 Front St.

"MADE IN CANADA"

RADNOR



THE NEW ARROW COLLAR

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors**

COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 107

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**

CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED

A new line of

FANCY HAT BANDS

all the latest shades also a few PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY

236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles To Choose From

Chairs $5.60	Such Prices as These	Rockers $6.15

Have Never Been Equalled Before In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts

Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse 210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply Mrs. Kinnear, 279 Charles Street.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 235 Charles Street. a26-dtf

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. A. P. Allen, 277 William Street. 7-4td

FOR SALE

A NICE HOUSE AND LOT NORTH OF Chatham street, cheap, if sold in 10 days; if not sold, to rent. O. A. Snyder, owner, 74 Victoria Ave. 8-6td

LAST DAYS PRIVATE SALE OF OLD Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Furniture; Tables, Chairs, Desks, Mirrors, Hall, Den and Library Pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 8-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to O. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

RUSSELL MOTOR CAR WITH SILENT Knight engine; five passenger model, in splendid condition; will be sold very cheap. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. 7-2t

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

FINE RESIDENCE CORNER QUEEN AND Charles; all modern improvements; also fine dwelling, all modern improvements, 65 Baldwin street. J. J. B. Flint. m4-5td

HOUSE TO RENT ON CHATHAM STREET, in good repair. All modern conveniences Apply to Geo. A. Reid, 94 Chatham Street Phone 809. m4-6td

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything. Write or call, Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

WANTED

WANTED, A FIRST CLASS ROWBOAT BEtween 18 and 23 feet long. Apply stating particulars. Walter Robinson, Northport Ont. 1t

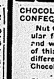
CHOCOLATE NUT CONFECTIONERY

Nut Chocolate is a very popular form of confectionery and we have a great variety of this class of confection in different prices as follows:

Chocolate Peanut Clusters at .... 40c, 50c and 60c. lb.
Chocolate Covered burnt Almonds .... 80c lb.
Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 50c lb.
Milk Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 60c. lb.
Chocolate Brazil Nuts 80c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Walnuts .... 75c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Double Walnuts .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Pecan Nougat .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Filbert Clusters .... 60c. lb.
Almond Crispets ... 75c. lb.
Walnut Crispets ... 75c. lb.
Tipperary Chocolate . 30c. lb.
All our own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774



Pratt's Baby Chick Food is the thing to bring your chicks safely over the first three weeks, preventing intestinal troubles and white diarrhoea. Feed it and use Pratt's Lice Killer freely, saving the lives of your chicks. GEO. PERRY, Bridge Street.

A portable filteration plant, purifying 3,000 gallons of water per hour, is being tested at the Exhibition camp, Toronto.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH
Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.

The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—The Bridegroom's Friend.
—5-minute Children's Sermon. Topic: The First Mother.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and organized classes. The A. F. Class for business girls is a special feature. Miss Hitchon, teacher. Supt., Mr. P. C. MacLaurin.
7 p.m.—"A Mother's Tender Care." Special sermon to young people.
Music by the chorus choir. Soloist, Miss Margaret Brown; organist, Miss Wanda Riggs.
Monday, 8 p.m.—Outlook Club.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.
All welcome.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

In place of the regular session of the class there will be a meeting in honor of mother held by the men of the city of Belleville under the auspices of the Belleville Bible classes and the Y.M.C.A. The class will meet at 2.45 p.m. The meeting will commence at 3 o'clock. Those whose mothers have died will wear a white flower, and those whose mothers are living will wear a red flower. Every member of the class is especially requested to be present at this meeting. Address by Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A. Splendid solo and quartette music. All men, young and old, of the city, are invited, especially soldiers and students.
H. W. ACKERMAN, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

BETHEL HALL.
Over Lattimer's Drug Store
Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m. Wed.—Prayer and Bible reading.
SUNDAY EVENING.
Mr. Louttit, missionary from Central Africa, will preach.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL.
Victoria Ave. between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Pastor.
11 a.m.—Pulpit theme: "Christ's Obscure Friends."
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Meditation: My Relation to and Interest in the Lamb of God.
Monday evening: Y.P.S.C.E. Prayer Service.
Wednesday evening: Prayer, Praise and Bible Reading.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
Organized in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S Osborne, B.A., B.D.
10 a.m.—Rev. Mr. Adams' Class and Junior Epworth League.
11 a.m.—Preacher, Rev. A. H. Going, B.A. of Port Hope.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organized Bible Classes. Splendid teachers. Judge Deroche, Superintendent.
7 p.m.—Sermon by the Rev. A. H. Going, B.A.
Choirmaster, Prof. D. A. Cameron. Organist, Miss Elliott.
Mon. 8 p.m.—Epworth League. Introduction of officers and discussion of program for the year.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Regular Prayer and Praise Service.
Tuesday 8p .m.—Final meeting of the Quarterly Official Board for the year. Reports of various organizations.
Public are cordially invited to attend these services.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
(Church St.)
Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A., Pastor.
10 a.m.—Three Classes. Junior E. League.
11 a.m.—We invite the young to bring the aged parents. Special sermon and music, patriotic decorations, followed by a baptismal service. White and red flowers.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School; Alpha Club; Good Orchestra. White and red flowers.
7 p.m.—Patriotic subject: "Spurning a Crown; or David's Lament for Jonathan." How Canadian Mothers give their sons for the Empire. White and red flowers. Mrs. Grant will sing Kipling's Recessional.
Special music for the day will include anthems, solos, quartettes, etc.
Everybody welcome. Mrs. M. P. Duff, organist; Mrs. J. Grant, leader.

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Pastor.
Parsonage: Hillside Street.
11 a.m.—Monthly Fellowship and Junior League.
11 a.m.—"Mother's Service." Wear a white flower—emblem of purity and fidelity—on Mother's Day.
If possible send one to others as a message of sympathy or brotherhood. Remember the sick and unfortunate in hospitals, homes or prisons.
7 p.m.—"Song Service. Special music by the choir at each service.
2.30 p.m.—Bible School for all.
8 p.m. Wednesday—Prayer and Praise Service.
8 p.m. Friday—The Senior League.
Mrs. Denmark, organist and choir directress.
Students, strangers, soldiers, and all welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.D., Rector.
Residence, 80 Commercial St.
4th Sunday after Easter.
Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon ...... 11 a.m.
S. S.'s and Adult Bible Classes. Confirmation Class .... 3 p.m.
Evensong and sermon .... 7 p.m.
Captain Spencer of the 39th Battalion, will preach both morning and evening.
Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. C. Currie, Pastor.
11 a.m.—A Derision that did not Deride.
3 p.m.—The Church School.
7 p.m.—An Old-Time Friendship.
Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.
Tues. 8 p.m.—Young People's Guild.
Wed. 4 p.m.—Church Help Society.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Congregational Prayer Meeting.
Strangers and visitors welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—What Christianity Can Do.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Ladies' Bible Class.
7 p.m.—An Old Love Story.
The Guild will meet Monday evening at eight o'clock.
Mid-week service Wednesday evening at eight o'clock.
A cordial welcome to all.

Judicial Sale

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO.
Clark vs. Doolittle.

Pursuant to the Judgment made in this action on the 7th day of April, 1915, there will be sold by Public Auction with the approbation of the Local Master at Belleville at his Chambers in the Court House in the City of Belleville on Wednesday the 2nd day of June, 1915, at the hour of Two O'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable city property:

Lot. No. 4 on the East side of Octavia Street in the city of Belleville, County of Hastings.

Upon the premises are erected a two story brick dwelling house about 24x20 with addition about 14x20 and frame woodshed attached.

The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the Master.

TERMS OF SALE. The purchaser shall pay down a deposit in the proportion of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money and the balance within one month thereafter without interest.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of this Court.

For further particulars apply at the Law Offices of Wills & Wright.

Dated at Belleville this 4th day of May, 1915.

S. S. LAZIER, Master.

4td: m8,15,22,29

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by F. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence. Lewis street

Store Open To-night until 9.30

RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

Watch for the Blue Price Cards To-night

Shop at Ritchie's To-night and Share in These Exceptional Values

Latest Novelty Neckwear
On Sale To-night at
19c

For tonight's quick selling we are placing on sale exactly 72 pieces of the season's daintiest neckwear, consisting of the high pleated Military effects, vestees, collar and cuffs sets and lily collars of organdies, piques, embroideries, batistes and lawns. Regular prices from 25c. to 75c. Remember, they are the latest styles and on sale tonight at .... 19c. each.
(Front Store.)

LADIES' BLACK UMBRELLAS, 89c.
23 inches long, with steel rod, straight handle, and Paragon frames, with bulb runner; great value tonight at .... 89c. each

VEILINGS—REGULAR UP TO 35c. TONIGHT 10c.
A large assortment of odd Veilings in black, brown, green, white, grey, etc. Regular values up to 35c. yard, but tonight only, your choice for .. 10c. yd.

MILLINERY FLOWERS, 19c.
For Trimming Summer Hats,
A splendid collection of Silk Poppies, Sprays with Foliage, Forget-me-nots, Roses and Apple Blossoms, etc. Regular up to 50c. On sale tonight only at 19c.
(Front Store.

Another Great Sale of
House Dresses
TO-NIGHT AT
98c

Another lot of those great House Dress values has just come to hand and will be placed on sale tonight. They are splendidly made of best quality Percales in light and dark stripes and other fancy patterns, of fast colors; some suitable for street wear; good roomy garments that would be considered good values at $1.50. Sizes 34 to 44. Tonight .... 98c.
(Mantle Department)

FLOUNCING EMBROIDERY, 29c. YARD.
27 inch Flouncing Embroidery in neat patterns; splendid quality and an exceptional bargain tonight at .... 29c. yard

DRESS MUSLINS, 15c. YARD.
Dainty Flowered Muslins on white or colored grounds, 27 inches wide; extra special tonight at .... 15c. yard

LADIES' COTTON HOSE, 2 PAIR FOR 25c.
Black Cotton Hose in sizes 8½ to 10 inches; a great buying chance tonight at .... 15c. pair; 2 pairs for 25c.

60c. ALL WOOL SERGES, 49c. YARD.
All wool Serges in navy, black, Copenhagen, brown and tan. Regular 60c. yard; on sale tonight at .... 49c. yard

$1.00 BLACK PAILETTE SILK, 79c. YARD.
36 inch black Pailette Silk, with Messaline finish, worth regularly $1.00. Extra special tonight only .... 79c. yard

25c. BARRETTS, 9c. EACH.
A basketful of Barrettes, odd lines that sold regularly at 25c. Reduced for tonight only .... 9c. each

(Front Store)

MEN!
These Bargains are for You To-night

50c. MEN'S SILK HOSE, 35c. PAIR.
They are in shades of Ox-Blood, Black, Navy, Tan, Grey and Mauve; a full range of sizes. Regular 50c. Tonight 35c. pair; 3 pairs for $1.00

Balbriggan Underwear at 38c Garment
This splendid bargain will start the light weight underwear season off with a hum. Shirts and drawers are represented in natural cream shades; a very fine quality, drawers satin faced, sizes 34 to 44. Reduced for tonight to .... 38c. garment.
(Men's Store)

Reg. $1.25 Lace Curtains, To-night, pair 99c
An extra special bargain in White Nottingham Lace Curtains, consisting of five designs, size 45 to 50 inches wide by 5 yards long. They have the Colbert overlock stitch edge, and are in the very newest designs, such as Bungalow Net centres and insertion border; also pretty scroll designs and allover patterns. Regular $1.25, for only 99c. pair.

Reg. 35c Curtain Chintz, To-night, yard, 18c
For tonight we have chosen a large stock of beautiful AMERICAN ART CHINTZ in all the standard shades in floral, conventional and verdure designs. They are suitable draperies for dining room or living room; also for chair coverings; 36 inches wide and regular 35c. yard. While they last for this sale .... 18c. yard
(Third Floor)

LADIES' SUMMER CORSETS, 50c.
Well made of good quality net, sizes 19 to 26 just the corset for warm weather. Special tonight .... 50c.

CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR. HALF PRICE.
Odd lines of skirts, gowns, etc., for ages 4 to 12 years, clearing tonight at Half Price.

LADIES' SUMMER DRESSES, $1.00
Odd lines of Dresses, worth up to $3.00, in white and colored Lawns and Ginghams, very special bargain tonight $1.00

75c. APRONS AND CAP TO MATCH 60c.
Large Overall Aprons in light and dark Percales, with cap of the same material to match. Regular 75c. Tonight only .. 60c.
(Mantle Department.)

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS. **The RITCHIE Company Limited** WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

A Lecture will be given on "Russia, her history and her people" on Monday, May 10th at 8 p.m., in the Parish Hall of Christ Church. Admission 15c. 8,2t

Do you want a good Building Lot in any part of the city, call Charlie Smith, Real Estate man, office, Scantlebury NEW STORE.

The Scarlet Knitting Circle in connection with the Patriotic Association of Belleville, will hold a musical in the tea room at the Hotel Quinte, Wednesday afternoon, May 12, from 4 to 6. Mrs. Grant has kindly consented to take charge of the musical programme. Tea will be served; silver collection. The public is cordially invited by the members: Mrs. J. W. Johnson, Misses P. Bogart, Caldwell, H. Fraleck, D. Grant, S. Grant, M. Johnson, D. Johnson, Ketcheson, Masson, McCarthy, J. McGie, M. Phippen, J. Sinclair; Convenor Mrs. F. E. Seymour. 8-10

NOTICE

All members of L.O.L. No. 274, and 2519 are requested to be present at a joint meeting to be held on Tuesday, May 11th, for the entertainment of the members of the 39th Battalion. Meeting opens at 7.45 sharp. All members of any regiment are requested to attend in uniform.

D. M. Farrell, W. M., 274. J. W. Davison, W. M., 2519. 8-10

Chile has 8000 miles of telephones, worked by an English company.

I can give you a Home at very low cost. All the way from $600 to $6000. Call on Charlie Smith, office Scantlebury NEW STORE. 1t

HERE'S AN OFFER OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE
Men's Smart $15.00, 18.00 and $20.00 Suits Sale. Price $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St.

I represent Best FIRE offices at lowest Rates. See Charlie Smith, office Scantlebury NEW STORE.

VERY SPECIAL RATES
Beginning May 7 for Osteopathic treatments. Consultation and examination free. Dr. J. P. Kimmel, 28 Victoria Avenue. 6,4t

Water proof wagon covers.—Perry.
Vudor Verandah Shades.—Perry.
Tents for sale and hire.—Perry.

DANCING
Johnstone's New Academy, Campbell Street.
Special Social Dance, Monday Evening.
Dancing 8.30 to 12.30. Usual Admission
Orchestra in Attendance.
Private lessons given at any hour or day by appointment. Phone 750.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

The Germans are using suffocating Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

Twelve Pages

The Daily Intelligencer

Pages 9 to 12

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1915. No. 301

WRATH AT RISING WATER

A Well Merited Punishment

By W. EDSON SMITH

Copyright by Frank A. Munsey Co.

Just above where the Rio Santa Fe runs laughingly into the reservoir there is a place where one may cross its shimmering shallows easily enough by means of thickly scattered stepping stones.

Lolita Martinez had loitered along the white sand carpet of that same pine shaded water course hundreds of times in her seventeen years.

It was a pleasant place to pass an idle hour, and idle hours were not a few. But the hot Spanish blood was racing now as she came out of her father's house, and, with an assumption of lazy nonchalance, she picked a way slowly, gracefully, across the river.

The beating of her heart could be pardoned. Perfect May days, enchanting with the magic fragrance of a million apple trees, are many in this happy valley. But it is on only one May day in a lifetime that a girl runs away to be married—and to an American! Of course an American! Suppose it had been Francisco Gonzales—there would have been no running away!

They would have been wedded at the cathedral with all the ancient ceremonial, and Francisco would have taken her to his new built home.

Even drunken Manuel Valdez, who had no house on his barren hillside acres, whose name was a byword for wickedness, even he would have been an easier suitor for her father to accept than Bross, the American.

Over the girl's arm was flung the folds of a light, many colored Navajo blanket. It was draped around a long, capacious pasteboard box.

The shadows were shortening toward noon when she came around the last winding turn of the white ribbon of sand, flushing vividly as a tall, handsome young man leaped to his feet from the grassy bank where he had been lying and, throwing away his cigar, came forward eagerly.

He caught the girl's lithe, unresisting body close.

"Sweetheart, my dearest! You've come at last!" he murmured.

"Yes, beloved," she answered in the slow, sweet music of careful English. "I've come for good and all—forever and ever. Ah, I wonder if you want me enough—as I want you?"

"Want you?" cried Bross. "Want you, my Lolita? You do know, don't you, chiquita? You're going to be my own loyal, beautiful, stately wife, Lolita, until the end of time. I would do anything, anything, for your sake, sweetheart. And you'd do anything for me, I know. Wouldn't you?"

"Yes," she whispered fervently. "Oh, I love you! I would give my life—more than that, I would kill any one who came between us."

"Only it will not be necessary," smiled her lover. "We're just to be happy, and that's all."

"I'm afraid of something—something that is going to come upon you and me," she said. "Who can tell what it may be? It is like the strange wind that blows—icy and cold—in your face and through your hair when the grave plot where you are to lie is trodden upon."

"Dearest, how could it?" he laughed gayly. "Over beyond the hill, just out of sight of the east road, is my—our—own team. We'll drive to Las Vegas and take the train. So all we have to do, dear, is to climb to the crest hand in hand. Kiss me, and let's be on the way."

Lolita seemed to shake off the vague depression. She laughed deliciously.

"Not all," she protested merrily. "I've the most beautiful dress in this box you ever beheld, and a hat—a new hat—and—and—other things. Now I shall go up the hillside and make myself presentable while you sit here and smoke. When I am ready I will call, and you can follow.

"But before I go"—the liquid voice faltered—"let us go and drink where the spring flows into the pool above. It may be long—long—before I drink of it again. I will have played here since I was but a little girl. Come."

Together they clambered up the green bank at the side of the arroyo.

The rocks below the ever flowing springs had been hollowed in places and at others walled higher by long dead hands.

Into this basin the crystal current trickled continually. The pool itself was only a foot deep, for there was a narrow break at one side, through which the overflow ran away down the grass into the thirsty white sand of the famished water course.

Only for that the water would have been four feet and more from its surface to the stony bottom.

The Spanish girl looked at the scene with tender eyes; then she turned silently away and, smiling back at the man, went upward toward a thicker cluster of green upon the long, swelling slope.

Lolita passed a whole wonderful hour intent upon her toilet.

Then she came down the hill to a point where she could be seen and heard, working patiently at one of the new gloves the while.

At the first careless half glance she thought the figure on the flat rock was Bross, and she trilled—a call that died abruptly as the man's face turned toward her.

Even at this distance she could see the malicious ape-grin. It was Manuel Valdez. Carramba! What was that low brute doing here, and where was he—her sweetheart? Where was he?

The man on the rock was drinking, long and leisurely, something—whisky no doubt—from a bottle.

Lolita's frightened eyes roved from him to the broncho, tied to a tree at the edge of the arroyo, then back again. She could not see into the pool itself from where she stood; the rocks interfered.

Her breath failed and her very heart halted when the one below pointed to it with one hand and beckoned to her with the other.

A yell of coarse laughter came up the hillside.

At the sound the girl threw away the one loose glove and hurried downward.

Now she was past the jutting angle of overhanging rocks and but ten paces from the pool, Valdez between.

She looked past him in an agony of relief. Bross had been taken unawares by the Mexican. He was wrapped from shoulder to heel in the snaky folds of two lariats—trussed so that he was little more than an inanimate log. There was the tip of a branch to serve as a gag thrust roughly into his mouth and tied behind.

And he was in the midst of the pool, bent into a sitting posture, his back against a supporting bowlder and another slab laid heavily across his knees, precluding any possibility of movement.

Lolita drew a hand across maddened eyes and looked again. Valdez leered viciously at her.

"Well, little one," he snarled in Spanish, "you see! Quick work, eh? You go up the hill from your Americano and behold—he becomes a drowned rat!"

"Valdez, you dog!" she cried, with eyes ablaze. "Let him go! Do you hear me? Let him go!"

"Not I, Lolita. It has been too great a trouble to put him where he is. You do not notice the labor I have performed in stopping up the holes in the walls of our small meeting place of waters. I have crammed every crack with grass and sod, Lolita. Soon the water will be deeper. If your amigo is thirsty it is well. He will not have long to wait."

The girl understood.

She gave one shuddering, gasping sob; then, shrieking, she ran forward, trying to pass. Valdez pushed her back.

She groveled at his feet, her face low in the dust.

"You will not do this—this dreadful thing, Manuel? Manuel!"

"Nothing shall save him. I hate the cursed Americano! I have hated him since the first time I ever saw him. He would have taken you from me. He shall die, Lolita. And I am not afraid of your running away, my dear. You will watch every one of the tiny bubbles. You can say farewell. And we will hear the rat squeak—begging for life. Keep back now."

Valdez leaned over the crystal surface and cut the string. The branch with its brush of green needles dropped into the water. Bross worked his numb jaws and tongue convulsively. Lolita staggered around to the far side of the pool and crouched at its very edge.

Bross met her eyes quietly with a little smile.

"You must go, sweetheart," he said. "It is useless to wait. It will only cause you agony. There is no reason or mercy in him. He is insane with drink—and worse. Go now as fast as you can."

The girl cowered motionless for another moment, then leaped to her feet and began wailing frantically. The water was over her lover's tightly closed lips.

"Manuel," she moaned, her arms outstretched, "I yield. I will be your slave. Only take me away. I do not want to see this—this man die!"

The Mexican reached out his drunken arms. She was close—within easy reach.

They were standing at the margin of the water, now dancing in the raindrops.

Looking down, she saw the first air bubbles leap upward from the nostrils of the drowning man.

It was over in an instant. The long hatpin was in her hand. It leaped forward like a snake's fang.

Just behind the ear of the Mexican it struck through—deep—deep—then out again, leaving a tiny mark—a mere prick of the skin, it seemed. But the man fell heavily, his head and shoulders in the water.

Even before he struck Lolita was tearing at the sods and watching the choked contents of the pool gush out and plunge over the bank. Then a knife from the belt of the dead man slashed the bonds, and with the strength of desperation she rolled the pinioning rock aside.

And almost at the same instant a storm that had been gathering passed and the sunlight came.

"You shall drive to town and get dry clothes," said Lolita, "and then come back to me here. An hour's delay—what of it?"

"And that?" queried Bross, pointing to the body in the pool.

The girl's face hardened.

After all was said she was of the wild blood of Cortes and his conquistadores.

"There is no mark to be noticed," she said coldly. "The goatherd comes by here every morning. He will find the body and say that, drunk, he fell into the pool and drowned. It is a just judgment, and I am glad."

Then they turned away up the hill.

AUSTRALIA'S "G.O.M."

Sir George Reid Unsurpassed as a Raconteur.

"Work, but do not worry." That is the favorite motto of Sir George Reid, High Commissioner for Australia, who recently celebrated his seventieth birthday. He once remarked to the writer, as we chatted about the qualities which make most for success in life, that "care not only killed the cat, but the master, too. I know," he continued, "it is difficult at times not to worry, but it is the man who can thrust worry on one side and concentrate on his work who will accomplish things which will enable him to overcome his troubles.

As a genial raconteur Sir George is unsurpassed, but he has a serious purpose in making humorous after-dinner speeches and dining out as frequently as possible. It is part of his publicity campaign for Australia. "The more noise I make," he remarked on one occasion, "the more the papers will talk of me and the greater advertisement will result for the Commonwealth.

"My bulk"—a subtle allusion to his eighteen stone of avoirdupois—"is a splendid advertisement in itself." And he tells an entertaining story against himself in this connection. He had seen General Sir Ian Hamilton, and had asked the General if he might do something in this war, despite the fact that he could not shoot, could not ride, and could hardly walk, "Can't you make an armored fort out of me?" he asked Sir Ian, in desperation. Sir Ian was not impressed by the suggestion. Suddenly "a gleam of intelligence," as Sir George Reid puts it, passed over Sir Ian Hamilton's face. "We could make a base of you," he said.

While making a speech, he referred to the time when he would be passing "to that bourne from which no traveler returns," and a voice rang out from the audience, "By Jove, George, the fat would be in the fire then!"

Sir George is generally equal to the task of dealing with the heckler. On one occasion, not content with uproar, some of the audience threw missiles, and one, a bag of flour, hit its mark. Sir George stood calm and unmoved, surveying the angry countenances through his monocle, while he deftly dusted his shoulders. "Even my enemies," he observed, slowly, "are at pains to show my whiteness as a politician."

Soldiers' Knapsacks.

A British "Tommy's" knapsack—he invariably refers to it as his "pack," by the way—contains a larger assortment of things than most people, judging by its size and general appearance, are apt to imagine.

It is his suit-case, wardrobe, and many other things combined. Besides a complete change of underclothing, including a couple of pairs of socks and a pair of "ammunition" boots, there is stowed therein a reserve pair of trousers, brushes, and a tin of blacking, a brass button-stick and brush for polishing his tunic buttons, and a hold-all containing, amongst other things, a knife, fork, spoon, razor, shaving-brush, and comb. There is also a spare towel and a cake of soap, a Bible and prayer-book, and his pocket ledger—known to "Tommy" as his "small book"—in which are entered up his pay and allowances, war services, decorations, wounds, etc. Herein also he stows away his emergency ration; and a broad flannel bandage or belt, to be worn next the skin in cold, wet weather, and which is dubbed by him a "cholera belt."

Ireland Short of Flax.

The shortage of flax and flax seed is a very serious matter for Ireland, and to a question by Sir John Lonsdale, in the House of Commons, as to what steps the Government is taking to obtain a supply, Mr. Russell makes the following reply: "The Department of Agriculture have fully recognized the importance of procuring raw flax and flax seed for Ireland. They have been, and are at present, in communication on the subject with the Foreign Office and with various associations and persons in the North of Ireland interested in the flax industry. A considerable quantity of flax seed has already been imported for this year's sowing, and the Department understands that more Russian seed is on its way to Ireland. There appears, however, to be difficulty in obtaining guarantees of the nature required by the Russian Government in regard to the destination of consignments."

Revenge.

"Will you marry me, Miss Gussie?"

"No, Mr. Jinks."

"Oh, thank you! I was so afraid you'd say yes, for, you see, the fellows were betting no fellow had the nerve to ask you, and I took it up in spite of the risk."—Baltimore American.

Domestic Discord.

"My husband used to call me his lovely lute."

"And now?"

"Now he picks on me."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Where Truth deigns to come her sister, Liberty, will not be far.—Akenside.

AN INCIDENT OF THE WORLD'S WAR

It Happened to a Reporter

By F. A. MITCHEL

When the great European war broke out I was a reporter on an American newspaper. Young and full of vigor, I found it impossible to content myself picking up unimportant items when great armies were in conflict. I begged to be sent either to France or to Germany as a war correspondent. There were persons at hand who were better able than I to write descriptions of battles, but I was chosen because the proprietor of the paper, having been a soldier in the Spanish-American war, knew the dangers I would likely encounter and that a young fellow of twenty-two was better able to face them than an older man.

Everybody knows now, what no one knew then, that newspaper correspondents would not be allowed at the front. I found it out when I arrived and determined, since I could not give battle pictures, to send my paper scenes in the wake of war.

I found it easier to penetrate territory occupied by the allies than by the Germans, so I took the direction of lesser opposition, on the same principle that water flows. I entered Belgium at a time when the Germans were hammering at the Liege forts. It was not long, however, before the allied retreat began, and for my purpose of writing up scenes of the country over which the tide of battle had passed I followed the armies southward. This put me in the rear of the Germans.

It will be remembered that where the Germans passed through a certain district given up to the growing of grapes and the manufacture of wine they helped themselves to the stock on hand. I came one evening upon one of these vineyards where the grape was grown, turned into wine and stored in cellars. The place had not only been fought over, but had suffered from the occupation of an army corps. When I arrived the troops had just left and there was not a person on the place. It was evening, and, though I confess I shuddered at the desolation about me, I took a melancholy interest in exploring the premises.

Singular it was and impressive to walk through large rooms, in some of which were the wine vats and some of which had been used for bottling, each apartment being devoted to a separate purpose. The premises looked as if a hurricane had passed over them. There were vast rents in the roofs and the walls, while in the interior shells had been exploded, knocking the winemaking apparatus to pieces.

Coming to a stairway leading below the main floor, I went down and found myself in a wine cellar. Judging by the empty bottles scattered about, every drop of wine had been drunk. The sight reminded me of the scene of an orgy the morning after it had taken place and the banquet room deserted by the revelers.

There was a sad fascination in wandering through these cellars, passing from one to the other. They were dark, but I found plenty of partly burned candles lying about to give me light. I passed through several cellars, in all of which the bottles had been emptied, then entered one in which were only casks. I turned the faucet of one on the lowest row and found it empty. Then trying one on a higher tier the red wine gushed forth. Evidently the stock had been only partly drained.

Penetrating a narrow passage at the farther end of the room, I descended several steps and came to an iron door. While examining it I heard voices on the other side. They were not the voices of men, but of women.

It struck me at once that whoever the persons were they had shut themselves in there to escape the fighting that had rolled over the place. With the reportorial instinct strong in me, I desired to interview them. I knocked on the door.

In an instant the talking ceased and all was still. I knocked again, and receiving no reply called out in tolerable French:

"The soldiers have gone; there is no danger."

I heard nothing for a few moments; then a sweet feminine voice, evidently near the door, asked:

"Who are you?"

"A citizen, an American."

"Has the battle ceased?"

"Yes, and the troops have moved on."

"Are you sure there are no Germans on the place?"

"I have seen none."

I could hear that those behind the door were debating, but not what they said. Presently some one tried to move a bolt on the farther side of the door and after some effort succeeded. Then the door was slowly swung open.

Directly before me was a young girl about eighteen. Farther on were several middle aged women, an old man and a number of children. The older ones showed the effects of having passed through a harrowing experience, but the children only looked curious as to what would happen next. On seeing a man in citizen's dress all appeared to be relieved, but they had suffered so much that they felt no great confidence.

"I think," I said, "that you have nothing to fear, though you will find the place a ruin."

"Ah, monsieur," said the girl, "we are lucky to escape with our lives."

"Come," I said; "you all doubtless need food and to breathe the fresh air."

They left the subcellar in which they had been perfectly safe from bursting shells. While passing through the rooms that had contained their now vanished wealth the older ones groaned; when they ascended to the main floor and saw the ruins of their buildings they looked at each other in despair. The young girl did what she could to keep up their spirits, saying that all would soon be recovered, but her words had no effect upon them.

From the south came a distant booming of cannon, though night having come on there was a lull in the fighting. There were no men on the premises, except the old man who had hidden in the cellar, for the men were all in the army. The women therefore cherished my presence with them and looked to me for guidance. I told the young girl, whom they called Clochette, that we had better go to the house where the proprietor had lived, and she led the way thither.

We found it much upset, but not a ruin. The officers had occupied it, and, though they had left the furniture topsy turvy, the house itself except for being perforated by a few cannon balls was not injured. We lighted candles and set to work to make the house habitable. Fortunately it was summer, and we did not suffer from the passage of air through the holes in the walls.

Clochette and I, being the only young persons present other than the children, did most of the work and got the premises in tolerable shape except for cleanliness, which would require more time and effort. Then Clochette took me to one of the buildings, beneath which provisions had been concealed, and selecting what was needed we returned to the others, and Clochette got up a supper which was seasoned with hunger, and all ate ravenously.

Being the only man on the premises fit for service, and these people relying upon me alone for aid and comfort, I did not go to bed with the others, but securing a fowling piece for defense stationed myself on the porch to watch, for grim visaged war was about us, and I did not know at what moment I might be called upon to protect my charges. The firing grew less toward midnight, but here and there in every direction the heavens were lit with a light that indicated some house was being destroyed, and heaven only knew what dreadful calamities were being visited upon those who dwelt therein.

Now and again I heard voices of those who were probably stragglers and likely marauders who were out for pillage. Coming upon the buildings which were in ruins, they passed on. The house in which my flock was sleeping, being as dark as the rest, was fortunately not visited. I was sitting in a chair, with my gun resting on the porch, nodding, when I felt a light touch on my shoulder.

"You are very kind," said a voice which I knew to be Clochette's. "I will relieve you for a time. Go in and get some sleep. You Americans are the finest people in the world."

I told her that I preferred to watch. When I asked her if there were any more arms on the place she replied that she knew of none excepting a revolver which she drew from under the skirt of her dress, and which she told me she had kept there from the time the tide of battle began to roll over the vineyard. She would not go to bed, so I drew a chair for her, and we sat together on guard.

Clochette was the daughter of the superintendent of the vineyard. Among the women was her mother, and the others were mostly her relatives. She had evidently been the dependence of the party before my arrival, and even now was unable to throw off the responsibility resting upon her. And yet she was especially feminine. Sitting there together, whenever a yell, a curse or a shriek rang out in the night she drew near me and shuddered, while I, though I dreaded what might at any moment happen, spoke in tones of assurance that I might so far as possible keep up her courage.

During the night we met with various causes for especial terror. One I remember for the narrow escape we made. Half a dozen stragglers, all evidently drunk, came through the vineyard. My companion and I withdrew behind some latticework, where we were well concealed. The men passed the house and stopped before it. I heard them discussing whether or not there was any loot within, and for some time we were in doubt whether or not they would come up on to the porch where we were preparatory to breaking in. If they had done so they would have undoubtedly discovered us, and the consequences would have been terrible.

The few hours we passed between midnight and dawn, though terrifying, were in some respects the most pleasing and in all respects the most important of my life. I had spent long periods in proximity with young girls without being drawn to them. This one I met at evening and with the first gray streak of dawn she was all in all to me. We had sat together amid the booming of distant guns, the burning of homes, the passing and repassing near us of those who were bent on the work of war. Before morning we belonged to each other.

Clochette soon after left the fighting zone and I left it with her. I wrote up just one incident in war's wake, but it was not published in the paper I represented. I brought back a bride and offered her as an excuse for my sorry service.

AN ARCTIC SOLOMON.

It Didn't Take Him Long to Reach a Sensible Conclusion.

The "floating court" is an institution founded by the United States government for administering judgment in the far north. An interesting example of the unusual problems that confronted Captain A. J. Henderson, one of the first judges of the court, is told by Mr. Walter Noble Burns in the Wide World Magazine:

One day, at Point Hope, there appeared before the court held on the Thetis, Captain Henderson's ship, an old Eskimo and his wife. They were accompanied by their pretty daughter and two stalwart young men, who were suitors for her hand. In choicest Eskimo that sounded like a series of explosions of vocal dynamite, the venerable father poured a voluble tale into the ears of the interpreter.

"This man, he say," began the interpreter, "these two feller want this gal for wife. One feller he offer a rifle, ten pound whalebone, six walrus tusk, a dog team and sled. The other feller, he give kayak, two reindeer, a bearskin and six fox skin. This gal the old man's only daughter. He old, and he want good trade. But he not know which he best take. He say maybe you tell him."

Captain Henderson is no Cupid—he stands six feet two and weighs 250 pounds—but he determined to essay the role of Cupid's first assistant.

"You love this girl?" he asked one suitor.

"Yes," replied the interpreter, "he love her."

"And do you love her?" the captain asked the other.

"Yes, he love her too."

The captain looked at the girl, who was a pretty little thing, something over four feet high, with coal black hair plastered down over her temples, and sloe-black roguish eyes. Let no one doubt the vital beauty of Eskimo maids in the flush of youth and health.

"Here," said the captain to the girl, "which one of these men do you want?"

The interpreter put the question. The maiden's eyes grew brighter, her cheeks a deeper crimson and a coy smile wreathed her lips. She stepped over to one of the young men unhesitatingly and touched him on the arm.

"This one," she said, and there was no need for the interpreter to translate.

"All right," said the captain, with a roar of laughter, "take him."

And he married them on the spot. Straight from the ship back to the village the newly wedded couple paddled, to set up housekeeping and to live happily, no doubt, ever afterward. The bride's father touched off a few more explosions of vocal dynamite into the interpreter's ear.

"He say," declared the interpreter to Captain Henderson, "he satisfied."

Where Moslem Pilgrims Land.

Jeddah is a most important town for the entire human race, apart from being the principal landing place for pilgrims to Mecca. Just outside the city is buried Eve. The reputed mother of mankind, like a good Moslemah, lies with her feet toward Mecca. Her grave has gradually grown in size and is now of huge dimensions. Burton calculated that our first parent "measured 120 paces from head to waist and 80 from waist to heel and must have presented the appearance of a duck." Probably the reason why the modern lover still uses that word as a term of endearment.—London Chronicle.

Poor Egg!

"Here's a Swiss named Egg who lives in New York petitioning to have his name changed."

"Sort of an egg shake, eh! What's the trouble?"

"He and his family have four children, and his family is constantly referred to as 'the half dozen Eggs.' He claims his yolk is too heavy to be borne."

"Why doesn't he lay for his tormentors?"

"It appears that he did once and got beaten, whipped to a froth. Poor Egg could barely scramble home."—Boston Transcript.

Blamed the Planets.

In the middle of the fourteenth century in Paris a new ordinance enjoining the cleansing of the streets and the shutting up of swine was carefully neglected, as usual, and a terrible plague was the consequence. The faculty of medicine, called upon for a remedy by the king, sent to inform him after long discussion that the plague was the result of a hostile conjunction of the planets Mars and Jupiter.

Carrier Pigeons.

Pigeons were employed in early Egyptian days, navigators taking them on their galleys and liberating them when they arrived at their destination in order to announce their safe arrival to their friends. The Romans utilized them in communicating with each other in wartime.

GREAT DRYDOCKS.

Where the Largest Warships Can Be Repaired In Safety.

HUGE BASINS OF CONCRETE.

Into These the Vessels Are Floated and Shored Up as the Gates Are Closed and the Water Pumped Out—Floating Docks and How They Are Used.

There is no such thing as a perfect anti-fouling composition, and probably there never will be.

By "anti-fouling" we mean a solution which, applied to the bottom of a ship, will keep her clean for an indefinite period.

True, vessels can now keep the sea for months on end without getting foul enough to seriously diminish their speed, but in the long run their bottoms become weed grown, and they are obliged to go into drydock and be scraped and cleaned and repainted.

In old days, when warships were no larger than the steam launches which now hang on a Dreadnought's davits, the seamen did this work themselves. They ran the galley on to some convenient beach, hauled her out, tipped her on one side on the sand, scraped her and caulked her seams.

Even in the eighteenth century Captain Cook "careened" his vessel in a tidal creek on the Australian coast and did necessary repairs. The enormous warships of today require very different handling, and it is for their use that dockyards are fitted with "dry" or "graving" docks of vast dimensions.

A drydock is a huge basin excavated in the ground. It is lined first with masonry of immense thickness, and this in turn is coated with thousands of tons of concrete.

The first great requisite of a drydock is to be dry, and as it is always cut in low, swampy ground, with the bottom far below low tide mark, this is the great difficulty before its builders.

The bottom is quite flat. The sides run up in steps—enormous steps, each about a yard high, not the sort of staircase to run down in a hurry.

These steps are known as "altars," and they have two separate purposes—first for supporting the workmen's scaffolds, the second and more important for the fixing of the "shores." Shores are the great balks of timber which hold a vessel upright in drydock.

A drydock does not usually open straight out of the sea or harbor. More often there is a wet dock between. The reasons are that a vessel can then be docked at any state of the tide and also that there is less pressure on the great watertight gates of the drydock.

The actual process of docking in drydock is simple enough. The drydock is filled with water, the ship is floated in, the gates close behind her; then the water is pumped out by means of powerful steam pumps.

Along the bottom of the dock runs in a straight line a row of keel blocks on which the keel of the vessel rests. As the water is pumped away an army of workmen fix the shores in position.

This is a task which requires great care. Not so very long ago an 8,000 ton cruiser which was being drydocked at one of the southern dockyards in England was so carelessly shored up that she slipped and toppled over.

The damage was appalling. The hull of the ship was badly injured. It cost many thousands of pounds to repair her.

There are also floating graving docks. There is one at Portsmouth with an area of two and one-quarter acres and a lifting capacity of 32,000 tons. It is 700 feet long and 144 feet wide. Its cost was £264,000.

The beauty of a floating dock is that if a vessel is badly damaged the dock can go to the ship instead of the ship to the dock. Also even if the ship is heeling over, so that she could not be passed through the gates of a stone dock, the floating dock can take her.

The floating dock is simply a large cradle built in a series of watertight compartments which can be filled or emptied at will. It was invented by George Rennie in 1866. By means of a floating dock a large warship can be raised high and dry within three hours.

Aboard, life goes on as usual, while the sailors' floating home stands shored up in dry dock. Her decks are just about level with the top of the sides, but between them and firm ground yawns a chasm at least forty feet deep.

During wartime the work of cleaning and repainting the under part of the hull goes on night and day, and a job that usually takes a fortnight may be completed within four or even three days.—Pearson's Weekly.

Remembered One.

At a medical college a class was being examined in anatomy, and one student was asked, "What muscles have their origin in the popliteal space?"

"Well," said the bright student, "there's that one with the durned long name, and I don't remember the other two."—Boston Transcript.

Saving Grace.

"Pa, what is meant by the saving grace of humor?"

"It means quite often, my son, that when a rascal gets caught in some sort of devilment he can escape punishment by making a joke out of it."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

A Page Of Interest to Women

"With Fleece as White as Snow"

YOU may wash your choicest blankets with never a fear as to the result if you use Sunlight Soap. They will come from the tub as clean and sweet-smelling as the day they were woven, and they will dry as soft as the fleece on Mary's lamb.

Sunlight saves all the rub and wear and doesn't do the slightest injury to fabric or hands. A $5,000 guarantee proves the absence of any adulterant or impurity. Ask for Sunlight and you receive satisfaction.

Sunlight Soap

All grocers sell and recommend it

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Cookery Points

Eat Seasonable Foods.

No matter how carefully we may have lived throughout the winter, every one feels more or less the lassitude of the early spring days, and, although the inclination may be toward sulphur and molasses or some patent medicine, there is no doubt that the common sense thing to do is to change our customary food habits and introduce more seasonable foods.

Unfortunately in many sections there is a between times month, when the winter vegetables and fruits are jaded and the spring products are forced and consequently prohibitive in price. But grapefruit can be obtained almost anywhere at small cost, oranges are always inexpensive at this time, cranberries, with their wonderful acid, are still in season, and lemons, which are invaluable, can be used ad libitum. Apples, too, can be obtained, and fortunate the housewife who has been so provident as to buy her spring apples in the midwinter.

There is an old proverb which runs like this, "Eat onions in May, no doctor to pay." This applies not only to onions, but to lettuce, spinach and, in fact, all the green foods that begin to appear about March 1. If choice is to be made between a porterhouse steak for dinner and no green salad and beef stew with salad choose the latter every time. It will be argued that the nutriment is the same, and as far as the meat is concerned it is. But the porterhouse steak does not have the minerals that the salad contains, and after it is eaten the whole body will not feel as light, buoyant and as generally satisfied as when the salad accompanies the meat.

As to the salad dressing, let it be very simple, preferably of olive oil cut by lemon juice, or if olive oil is too expensive, with corn or peanut oil, which can be obtained at one-third the price. As to the desserts, it is very easy to use fruit foundation and so work in the necessary acids in a disguised manner, for the family will balk at medicinal foods if forced to eat them.

Some Odor Culprits.

Some kitchen odors are savory and appetizing. Others are not. The chief culprits are cabbages, onions, fish and "boiling over."

Cabbages will not smell if a crust of bread is laid on the top when they are boiling. Better still, for this improves the cabbages, is a piece of charcoal.

Onions, barred in so many homes on account of the odor—a great pity, for onions are blood purifiers, complexion beautifiers and disease preventers—must be met with a counter odor. Buy some powdered cedar wood and sprinkle a pinch on the range. That's all. And, by the way, if onions are peeled under water or held under a running tap they will not smell, nor will your eyes smart.

Fish are often blamed for the odor which really arises from the stale batter or bad butter. If those causes are absent, then sprinkle the top of the range within "spluttering" distance with a layer of salt. When frying is done, sweep the salt into the fire. The salt absorbs all "splutterings" of grease and there is no smell.

If you have had to clean fish, your hands naturally smell unpleasant. Rub them with a little dry mustard.

"Boiling over" might be stopped by not filling saucepans and dishes quite so full.

Dandelion Salad.

Fresh dandelion leaves make a delicious salad. Place the greens in a large pan of cold water as soon as they come from the market and wash them thoroughly. Then shake off all the moisture and set in a very cold place until ready to serve. To make the salad, place the leaves in a chilled salad bowl, cover with chopped hard boiled egg, a few shavings of young white onion, and moisten with a good French dressing.

Watercress may be used as a salad and, unlike many other greens, it will serve as an attractive garnish for many dishes. It is delicious and appetizing for a sandwich filling in place of the usual lettuce leaves. To dress a watercress salad, mix together a teaspoonful of celery salt, a saltspoonful of white pepper, a pinch of cayenne, half a teaspoonful of salt and one tablespoonful of lime juice. Then stir in gradually three tablespoonfuls of olive oil and two more tablespoonfuls of lime juice. Blend thoroughly and season with a teaspoonful of chopped chives and an equal amount of fresh tarragon leaves.

Lettuce, Endive and Romaine.

Lettuce, endive and romaine are all good salad greens. The two latter may also be cooked in several attractive forms, and the lettuce may form the basis of a cream of lettuce soup or may be boiled and chopped like spinach and enriched with a highly seasoned sauce.

Every housekeeper should realize the tonic properties of these spring salads, and some variety of salad should appear at least once daily in every well planned menu in spring. This salad should be simple and composed mainly of the greens themselves, although a combination of two or three vegetables is permissible. Avoid all rich mayonnaise or boiled dressings and substitute a well made French dressing that is both refreshing and healthful.

Redpath SUGAR

The first sugar ever "Made in Canada" bore the name Redpath

That was Sixty Years ago, when John Redpath started Canada's first Sugar Refinery on the banks of the Lachine Canal, in what was then a field outside Montreal.

Not content with introducing the industry itself, the Redpath Refinery has been the first to adopt the successive improvements in refining and marketing, such as Redpath Granulated Sugar in 1880, and the modern Sealed Cartons in 1912.

This unique combination of experienced skill and keen progressiveness, with a fixed determination to turn out only the best, has kept Redpath Sugar always in the lead, and has established it firmly as Canada's favorite.

Buy it in Original Packages—2 and 5-lb. Cartons or 10, 20 or 100-lb. Cloth Bags, and be sure of the genuine Redpath. 132

CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

WOMAN'S WORLD

HER SHOES.

What the Woman Who Is Well Dressed Will Not Do.

The woman who is really well dressed does not wear a smart frock and a becoming hat and then ruin her whole appearance by clothing her feet in a pair of shoddy shoes, run down at the heel and perhaps unpolished. And yet many women who are fastidious as to their appearance, who would not think of going out of the house without their suits being well pressed, their blouses being fresh and dainty, their veils adjusted in just the right way, will forget entirely to look at the condition of their shoes. Perhaps these will be worn and dusty and will be made still uglier by being worn with a pair of soiled and crumpled spats.

There is nothing prettier than well shod feet, nothing uglier than a pair of neglected, rundown, soiled shoes. And now that abbreviated skirts are fashionable the girl who wants to be well dressed will take great pains in selecting her shoes, and once she has purchased an appropriate and pretty pair she will take still greater pains to keep them in good condition.

Never take off a pair of shoes without putting a pair of trees in them immediately. This will help them to keep their shape and also will help to prolong the life of the boots. When there is the least suspicion of the heels becoming run down send them to the bootmaker's [illegible] and have them straightened. Nothing looks so shabby as a pair of crooked heels.

Now as to some of the novelties to be seen this spring. In the first place the light top boot, which has made such a favorable impression this winter, remains in vogue for spring, all the smartest shoes having either light tan or light gray uppers. Gun metal leather and dark gray tops are also considered smart, while a tan shoe with a tan upper is very chic.

Old Bags Like New.

Shabby leather bags, etc., may be improved in appearance by being rubbed over with well beaten white of egg and then polished with beeswax and turpentine, the final rubbing being given with a soft, clean cloth.

Save Odd Bits of Soap.

Keep a bowl or box in a convenient place and throw in all the odds and ends of soap. When sufficient quantity has been collected boil with water to a jelly. Set aside to cool. It is then ready for use.

Grease Spots on Floors.

So many women grieve because there are grease spots on their kitchen floors and water, with any amount of scrubbing, will not remove them. They should try alcohol to remove these spots.

Laundry soaps are made from dead animals. Hardly nice things to use on dishes.

Lawrason's Snowflake Ammonia

Contains no animal matter, and removes grease and sticky substances from the dishes better than soap does.

Ask for it by name—say "Snowflake." 5 and 10 cent packages. 23

Good Form

The Visiting Card.

There is probably nothing half so baffling as the innocent bit of white cardboard called by common courtesy the personal visiting card. It is more often anything but a visiting card, having fallen into dubious uses as a means of sending regrets, apologies and introductions, or of representing the sender herself. It is so easy to send a card, much easier than going oneself or writing a note. It is just correct enough to let one out of a situation without criticism, but there is no surplus courtesy. A card, like charity, covereth a multitude of social sins.

But since cards are a necessary evil, or blessing, if you choose to call them so, it is well to know what is absolutely correct. There are variations in cards from season to season, as in stationery, but the conservative card does not change in essentials. It should be engraved, either in script or old English lettering and should bear only the name of the owner, the address, if desired and the day at home, if one follows such a custom. A married woman uses Mrs. and her husband's full name on her visiting card; if a widow, Mrs., her maiden Christian name and the surname of her deceased husband. An unmarried woman uses Miss and her Christian names written out, no initials. If she is the eldest member of her family, and there is no danger of confusion, she may use just the Miss and her surname. A husband and wife may have a joint card for use in sending gifts, regrets or announcing change of residence. Otherwise it is safer for a man and wife to use separate cards. Never make the mistake of using a business card for social purposes.

About Invitations.

Notes of invitations to dinners, dances, "at homes," garden parties, etc., are generally written in the third person and must be answered in similar style. Sometimes between intimate friends and for a small dinner party the note of invitation would be written in the first person and, of course, the reply would be worded accordingly. Luncheon invitations are, as a rule, sent by notes written in the first person.

Invitations to dinner or luncheon should always be replied to as soon as received, whether accepted or refused. It is usual to state a reason for refusal, such as indisposition, previous engagement, etc.

From five to ten days' notice is usually given when sending invitations for friendly dinner parties, but for a large dinner party quite three or four weeks' notice is given, so that time is thus allowed to ask others should any of the first invited guests refuse.

Guests arrive ten to fifteen minutes in advance of the actual dinner hour, and punctuality is most important.

Invitations to balls, dances and garden parties are issued on ordinary "at home" cards, the form of entertainment provided being written or printed in the left hand corner of the card. "R. S. V. P." (meaning an answer is expected) does not appear so frequently on invitations as formerly, but when it does an answer should be sent as early as possible.

When You Go Visiting.

When on a visit to friends it is essential that you make yourself very agreeable and fall in with the ways of the house, so that you give no extra trouble to hostess or servants.

Visitors shake hands with the host and hostess morning and night and can do so with any other guests that may be staying at the house.

"Always leave your bedroom as tidy as possible and so save the housemaid unnecessary work. Letters can be written in the bedroom, and if the hostess rests after lunch then visitors may retire to their own room or go for a walk, as they may prefer.

On the conclusion of a visit it is usual to "tip" the servant who has shown you any special attention. A lady would "tip" the housemaid a sum from $1 to $5, according to length of stay and attention given. A gentleman "tips" the manservant who valets him, the butler and also the coachman if he drives him from and to the station.

Fees are never given by guests to servants after any entertainment, not even after a private dinner given at a restaurant or hotel.

Thimble Party.

If you have a girl friend who is to be married and wish to entertain in her honor, why not give a thimble party? Take your card and write on it "Thursday from 3 to 5 (give date), in honor of Miss Browne. Thimbles."

After all have arrived you can produce towels on which an initial is to be embroidered, dish towels to be hemmed of cheesecloth from which to make dusters. In this way you make it a personal party for the honored guest, but avoid the "shower" part by your providing the gift.

A good deed is never lost. He who sows courtesy reaps friendship, and he who plants kindness gathers love.—St. Basil.

John McCormack, the Irish tenor, is a rabid pro-German because he is a Sinn Feinner and hates England. John overstrained his voice the other evening while singing the Chant of Hate to a crowd of German-Americans in New York, and has had to cancel engagements and lose money. May such luck continue to befall the King's enemies.—Hamilton Herald.

Is von Bernstorff trying to frighten the people of the United States into a clamor that their government meet German demands? Or is he merely trying to wage war against British commerce from his vantage point as ambassador to a neutral nation? In which case how much is his tactical position different from the position of the German officer who blew up the C.P.R. bridge over the St. Croix river at Vanceboro?—Detroit Free Press.

France must remain a military nation no matter what happens, says the Echo de Paris. Probably every Frenchman is fully convinced of that statement. To disarm would mean that the Republic would have to take orders from an ambitious and powerful neighbor that in the future is likely to be smarting for revenge. The profession of arms promises to furnish an occupation for more Europeans than ever for a good many years to come after this great war is ended.

Thoughtful mothers do not hesitate to let the little ones make a full meal of Kellogg's Corn Flakes, because every one knows that corn contains great food value.

Kellogg's CORN FLAKES

Made-in-Canada from the Sweet Heart of the finest white corn. 10c. per package.

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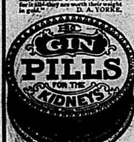
A Neighbor Told Him To Take Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

If you want to know what Gin Pills will do for you, just drop a line to Mr. D. A. Yorke, at Bellrock, Ont. He will tell you what Gin Pills did for him, after he had suffered with Kidney trouble for 15 years. Here is his letter:

"I suffered for about 15 years with my Kidneys. I could get nothing to help me. The pain went all through my back and shoulders and down the calves of my legs. When I would sit down for a while, I could not straighten up again until I would walk a rod or more, the pain was so great. A neighbor advised me to take GIN PILLS. I did so and six boxes cured me. It is about two and a half years since I quit taking them. My back is all right; no pains and no more backache. I thank GIN PILLS for it all—they are worth their weight in gold." D. A. YORKE.



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National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto

RADIUM IN SCOTLAND.

Important New Industry For Loch Lomond.

On the banks of Loch Lomond, at Dalvait, a new radium industry is being established. An old sawmill has been adapted for use as a factory for the extraction of radium and other rare metals from their ores, and within the next few weeks a start will be made. The promoter of the scheme is Mr. John S. MacArthur, a Scottish metallurgical chemist, whose attention was directed to the problem of radium extraction about two years ago, when he began to make industrial experiments, working with ores from which the uranium and vanadium had already been extracted. He was soon successful, and before long established a small factory at Runcorn, where he ultimately employed about two dozen assistants, the majority of whom are now expert in laboratory experiments. The difficulties at the outset were very great. He had to do practically all the work with his own hands while training his assistants. Though Runcorn was perfectly suitable for most of the earlier processes through which the ore passes, for the finer and more delicate processes a purer air and water supply was necessary, and it was this which influenced Mr. MacArthur in his decision to transfer his factory to Loch Lomond. Already Mr. MacArthur has placed upon the market about 1,500 milligrammes of radium, part of which was purchased, for use by the medical profession in the district, by the Glasgow and West of Scotland Radium Committee. In the new establishment at Dalvait he expects to be able to extract about five or six grammes a year. In addition to the radium he will be able to extract uranium and vanadium, while there will be other bye-products, chief among which is a radium fertilizer. The factory will be the first of the kind in Scotland. So far as is known the onl similar enterprise in the old country is being worked by a London concern which depends for its supplies upon Cornwall.

Rifle as Fishing-Rod.

The coolness of the British soldier is proverbial, but it was never more strikingly illustrated than by an incident recorded by a London Times' correspondent when talking of the steady manner in which our boys fought at Mons. "When," he says, "with the heavy firing audible in the distance the soldier can sit quietly on the banks of a canal perhaps to-morrow to be choked with dead, calmly fishing, with his bayoneted rifle as a fishing-rod, the spectacle inspires trust, even though from every direction in the country-side the presence of the all-pervading German cavalry is reported."

Torpedo Boats May Carry Mail.

The Dutch Government is considering the possibility of entrusting the mail service to torpedo boats. Holland has seven first-class torpedo boats, which can develop a speed of twenty-three knots an hour.

Scorching.

"Things were getting too warm for me in that section of the country."

"What was the reason?"

"I was burning up too many of the roads."—Baltimore American.

Never Break.

Greene—Are there any really indestructible toys? Gray—None that I know of, except those that make an infernal noise.—Judge.

WHOOPING COUGH
SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS 24

Vapo-Cresolene Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

VAPO-CRESOLENE CO. Leeming-Miles Bldg., Montr'l

Under Fire

By WILLIAM CHANDLER

At twenty minutes past 3 o'clock in the morning, when the people in the town of Yarmouth, on the east coast of England, were wrapped in slumber, there sounded on the still air the stroke of a bell. Hundreds, thousands of persons started up and listened. Within a few seconds there was another and another stroke, until it was evident that not the hour was being struck, but an alarm. Then on the streets were heard sounds of men running, followed by a cry.

"Turn out! The Germans!"

Then a boom, and in a few seconds a deafening explosion.

The colonel of the woman's regiment jumped out of bed and into her uniform, descended to her headquarters on the floor below, where members of her staff were dressing, and seeing that there was delay said sharply:

"Come, get a move on! Never mind that switch, Captain Blake. Say, you, there! Miss Brewster! What are you looking for—a bracelet? Never mind ornaments. The enemy is upon us, and there's no time to lose. Genevieve Mainwaring, put down that hand glass, turn out and help call the regiment to arms."

Each woman, as soon as she had finished her toilet, dashed out and away. Meanwhile members of the force came hurrying in, some jabbing pins into their alpine hats, some buttoning their jackets, some pressing their hands upon their back hair to make sure that it was fast. As they arrived the companies fell in under their sergeants, and soon a line consisting of fully half the roster was drawn up in the street. Then the colonel, standing before the colors, gave the order to break into column, and placing herself at the head cried in a loud mezzo soprano voice:

"Forward!"

Meanwhile a number of shells from a German war vessel were bursting here and there, some of them doing serious damage. The woman's regiment was marched to the street fronting on the water and came to a rest. During the march it was joined by members who had not arrived at the armory in time to join at the departure of the corps. Some of these ladies were buckling on their accouterments, others adjusting their hastily donned clothing. A lady had come forth in slippers, one of which she lost and was endeavoring to regain. Another as she ran was followed by her poodle, who barked as he galloped after her, evidently thinking his mistress was doing it all for his sport.

When the regiment was drawn up in line it was quite light. In the offing a German cruiser was steaming slowly past the town. The soldiers did not recognize her as a ship of war, and since she was not firing there was a ripple of chat along the line:

"Do lend me a hairpin." "Take care. You're pointing that gun right in my face." "Isn't it horrid of the Germans to wake us up at this time of the morning?" "What's it all about? I don't see anything of an enemy. They must have gone home."

Suddenly there was a flash on the cruiser, followed by a report, and a shell came shrieking over the water. It struck a house back of the regiment, exploded, and the detonation was followed by falling brick and mortar. Conversation stopped at once. The babel of voices was hushed as if it had been shut off by lightning. But not for long.

"My goodness gracious!" "Isn't that awful!" "The horrid things!" "Oh, land! that noise must have wakened my baby!"

Another shot came, struck the ground sloping to the sea a hundred yards before the line, and there was a rain of fragments. But fortunately the shell had struck too far in advance. That part of the line before which it fell broke away, but was quickly rallied by the officers.

The ladies stood their ground like heroines till the shooting ceased and the cruiser, turning her bow eastward, steamed away. Then, it seemed that bedlam had broken loose all along the line. The color bearer fainted, but the colors were picked up by a woman of sterner stuff and held in their former position. A few shrieks arose from different parts of the line, but the principal din was composed of exclamations, shouts, cries of horror or victory mingled with maledictions on the Germans. Strange to say, there was much more fear now that they were steaming away than when they were sending "those horrid shells."

While the cruiser was growing less in the distance the colonel rode along the line and stopping in the center halted and made a short speech congratulating the women on their splendid behavior under fire. Then she gave the order bringing the regiment into column of platoons and started them for the armory.

All would have gone well for the eclat of the women's behavior had it not been for some boys whom even German shells could not turn from their pranks. The boys tied together mouse colored rags which they attached to strings, then hid themselves along the street marched over by the women. At a given signal each boy pulled what was apparently a rodent through the ranks.

Every company through which the bundles were pulled broke and ran on to the stoops of the houses on the line of march.

Secretary Bryan will now doubtless distinguish himself again as a diplomat by recommending some particular brand of grape juice to King George.—New York Evening Sun.

How She Made Him Pay

By EUNICE BLAKE

A young lady driving an automobile was about to turn a corner. Another car was coming from the opposite direction. The girl had lost her head and instead of turning to the right made a short cut to the left to give the other more room. The result was a crash.

The girl's auto was a light one, the other heavy and strong. Consequently the light machine was smashed and the girl thrown out. A young man who was driving the machine that had done the damage jumped from his car and picked the girl up.

"Are you much hurt?"

"I don't know." Then seeing the remains of her wrecked machine she collapsed in the young man's arms. He carried her to his auto, put her on the rear seat and, not knowing what else to do, took off his hat and fanned her with it. Presently she opened her eyes and again they fell on the heap of junk that had a few moments before been a new runabout.

"I'll make you pay for this," she cried viciously, tears starting to her eyes.

"You won't have to make me pay; I'll be only too glad to pay you for your machine. I only hope you are not injured yourself."

"Papa gave it to me only yesterday."

"My dear young lady, never mind your car. Tell me how you feel."

"I feel as if I were going to faint."

And she did. The young man got into the car and propped her up until she came to herself again.

Fortunately they were in an unfrequented place, and no crowd gathered. The young man did not therefore scruple to let the girl's head fall on his shoulder, and in order to keep her from falling over it was necessary to put his arms about her. He dreaded lest she should never come to her senses, and if she did she would catch sight of her wrecked gift again and suffer another collapse. He placed himself, so far as he could, between her eyes and the wreck. He was very much rattled, scarcely knowing what he did. Whether it was because he had lost his head or because he thought it might revive her, he kissed her.

It may or may not have served the purpose. At any rate, soon after the application of the remedy she was herself again.

"Can't you manage to keep a grip on yourself while I take you somewhere?"

"Where?" she moaned.

"To a drug store or a"—

She had caught sight of the wreck and was off again, though this time not in a faint.

"Just think of my wrecking my beautiful car the very first time I went out in it."

"Confound the—I mean we can't stay here. I must take you where you can have attention."

By this time she had come to a realization that something had happened to herself as well as her car. With a woman's instinct she first put her hand to her back hair, to find that it had been disarranged by her fall. Clutching some hairpins that were sliding out of the coil, she jabbed them into different places. Then she seemed to be bracing herself against some internal pain. She tried to speak, but seemed unable to do so, but the young man put his ear near her lips, and she said faintly:

"Where am I?" It seemed to the young man that it was time to assert himself or the girl would die on his hands. Putting her in a corner so that she would be less likely to fall, he seated himself in front behind the wheel and was about to start for somewhere when she sat up straight and ordered him to stop.

"What is it?" he asked anxiously.

"Do you suppose I'm going to leave my car here in the road like that?"

It was a question of getting her where he might throw off this terrible responsibility. He started up again without reply. A hysterical person needs the inevitable, and his act was the best thing he could have done. The girl submitted without another word about the wrecked car.

"Take me home," she said.

"Where is your home?"

She gave her address, and in ten minutes they drew up at the door. Before the young man could alight to help her she had jumped from the car, run up the steps and into the house, slamming the door behind her. The young man followed, rang the bell and was received by the girl's mother, to whom he told the story of the mishap in words and manner that despite the seriousness of the matter caused a smile to play about the lady's lips.

"I'll see if she is much hurt," she said, "and let you know in a few minutes."

When the lady returned she reported that her daughter did not seem to be at all injured, and the young man departed. Within an hour he drove up to the house again with a new car, an exact duplicate of the one that had been wrecked.

He found the young lady's father at home and offered the new car, with regrets for the accident, but the gentleman said that his daughter was to blame for having turned to the left instead of the right and declined to permit her to accept the machine.

A year later the young lady verified her threat in saying, "I'll make you pay for this." She married him.

One Winnipeg newspaper calls another "just a commonplace, day-in-and-day-out unblushing cheap liar." The talk of elections seems to be livening up in the country.

A Letter That Came a Day Too Late

By MAY C. ETHERIDGE

Edwin Marmaduke at his death left a large estate. He was a widower with no children, at least no children at home. But no one seemed to know much about him, and, being a reticent man, he kept his past history to himself.

Marmaduke had lived alone in a big house which he had occupied when his wife was living. When he died a nephew who had an eye to his estate went to his house and looked for a will. He found none. This gave the inheritance to the heirs-at-law. The nephew, John Williams, hunted up these persons and found a large number of them. But they were all descendants of the deceased's brothers and sisters, none of whom could claim descent from him direct.

Williams called a meeting of Marmaduke's relatives and told them that unless they took concerted action in the matter the estate was liable to be wasted in chancery. A great many claims might be made by persons who would try to prove falsely that they were related to the deceased. Some of these claims might be allowed, and money might be wasted by the court in disproving others. Of course the matter of the distribution was in the courts, but the heirs would facilitate matters and save wastage by acting together so as to secure a proper distribution of the property.

Among those who attended the meeting was a young girl of sixteen. She took a back seat and listened to what was said without remark, being the only one present who said nothing. She was very poorly dressed and had a hungry look. When those present were requested to step forward and put their names on paper, giving their relationship to the deceased, this girl hung back. Williams, seeing her, asked her if she had any claim on the Marmaduke estate. In reply she said that she had recently arrived in the city from Canada, where she had been discharged from a foundling asylum. At leaving she had been given the baby clothes she had on when left at the asylum and a letter addressed to Edwin Marmaduke. She had been given money by a director of the institution to go and deliver the letter. On arriving she had inquired where Edwin Marmaduke lived and on reaching the house had found crape on the door. Persons to whom she had told her story informed her of the meeting of the heirs-at-law to Mr. Marmaduke's estate and suggested that she might find out something concerning her mission from some of them.

Williams asked the girl why she did not open the letter, and she replied that it was stated on the envelope that it was to be opened by Edwin Marmaduke and by no other person.

A young man who signed his name Steven Marmaduke and claimed to be a grand-nephew of the deceased noticed the girl and pitied her. She had signed no name on the list of relatives, for she had not come as a claimant, but for information. When the meeting adjourned young Marmaduke joined the girl and asked her if he could do anything for her. She thanked him and said that since the person she had come to see was dead she would return to the place from which she had come. He asked her name, and she said she had no name. At the foundlings' home she had been called Ruth, but this had been given her there to distinguish her from the other orphans.

Steven Marmaduke was much impressed by the story of the girl who had been born into the world under such unfortunate circumstances. He went with her to the house where she was staying, asking her to tell him more about herself. What could she tell? The letter she bore to one who was dead and her baby clothes were all the evidence there was as to her identity. When she had been left at the foundlings' home, whoever had received her had wrapped the letter in the clothes, and there it had remained ever since. On the envelope was written "To be delivered when the child is old enough to act for herself."

Steven Marmaduke advised the girl to open the letter, and she did so in his presence. It read:

Father—For the love you bore me when I was a child, like my child who may some day hand you this, help her, for she is of your own blood. Henry is dead, and my days are numbered. Your daughter, KATE.

When Marmaduke read this letter he turned to the girl with wonder in his eyes and said:

"Rejoice, little one, for you are heiress to a princely estate. Guard well this letter and any other evidence you may have as to your identity."

An investigation proved that the girl was Alice Marmaduke Spencer. Her mother had married in opposition to her father's express command, and he had never forgiven her. Poverty and sickness had come to her and her husband, and just before her death she had sent her child to the foundlings' home.

Learning of his daughter's death, Edwin Marmaduke had endeavored to find her child, but had failed. He had never made a will, hoping that his granddaughter might be found. She had come too late to give the old man an opportunity to benefit her while he lived, but his fortune was ready for her before he was laid in the grave.

Alice Spencer married Steven Marmaduke, and the family name was restored in their children.

Dr. Dernburg naturally approves of the use of gas by his country's soldiers, but as for him he prefers to continue the use of hot air.

Handy Helps for Spic and Span Homes

Of course, you are going to "Paint Up" this spring. There's the bedroom, parlor or dining room wall to be re-finished.

There are Floors to be painted, stained, varnished or waxed. There's the Oil Cloth or Linoleum to be made Spic and Span.

There's the Furniture and Woodwork to be brightened.

Here are six "SPIC AND SPAN" FINISHES that we can freely recommend for this work:

"NEU-TONE" Flat Tints for the walls
"WOOD LAC" Varnish Stains
"MARBLE-ITE" Floor Varnish
"LIQUID WAX", for hardwood floors
"SENOUR'S FLOOR PAINT", the old reliable
"VARNOLEUM", to beautify and preserve Oil Cloth and Linoleum.

We know that these Finishes are the best of their kind. They are "Made in Canada"—and we guarantee that you will be perfectly satisfied with the results you get when you use any, or all, of them.

You'll soon be putting up Pickles and Preserves. You'll need labels for the jars. Come in and get a set of Fruit Jar Labels—printed and gummed. We give them free to our friends. 71

MARTIN-SENOUR
SMITH HARDWARE CO., Belleville, Ont.
MARTIN-SENOUR

QUEER LEGACIES TO MAN.

Such as the Furrow in the Upper Lip and the Appendix.

Run your forefinger around the rim of each ear. You are almost sure to find in one of them and quite possibly in both a tiny hard lump.

It is only a relic of the days when, innumerable hundreds of centuries ago, man was only one of the animals of the wild and had a pointed ear, like a wolf's or dog's.

What good is the little furrow that runs down from the nose to the middle of the upper lip? None. But it, too, has a history. It is a legacy from the time when the human upper lip was in two parts—a hare lip, like that of the rat tribe. The split has healed up long ago, but the new skin is so recent in the history of the race that hair refuses to grow on that furrow.

When a fly settles on you anywhere can you serenely twitch that patch of skin and shake him off? Probably not. But once these old skin muscles, now almost dead after centuries of clothes wearing, were as active as those of a horse. A few—a very few—people can twitch their ears like a dog and do so instinctively when startled, and cases do occasionally occur in which the scalp can be moved at will.

In one very interesting case mentioned in medical books the man could hurl books a couple of yards away simply by twitching the muscles on the top of his head; but, generally speaking, our skin muscles are even more dead nowadays than our ear muscles. We've neglected them. The only set still in use are those we employ when we want to raise our eyebrows.

The appendix is another thing we could do quite well without. It is a relic from old vegetarian days. It has been workless ever since mankind started meat eating and is apt to get in the way.

The large intestine, too, is a thing we really don't need nowadays. The many coils of this long tube are, according to the doctors, quite unnecessary, now mankind has become a flesh eating animal, and merely provide a resting place for germs. Surgeons have often cut out a few odd coils and stitched the ends together. We don't really need to carry a great intestine about with us.

Another thing we don't need much nowadays is the instinct to walk on hands and feet together. You think walking upright the only natural way for man? It isn't. If ever you have to make your way along some narrow plank or some narrow, dizzy mountain ledge, you will find the old instinct strong in you.—Philadelphia North American.

Chewing Gum.

Gum contests in public have gone out of fashion. No more unlovely habit can be formed, and it outrages all the canons of good form. Though at times gum chewing may be necessary or may be thought to be necessary as an assistant to good digestion, it is doubtful if it is ever anything more than a bad habit when done in public.

English Suffer Most.

A Red Cross worker, lately returned wounded from the front, says that one of the facts which forced itself on him after two months' experience was the far greater number of English than French wounded who suffered from shock after operations.

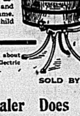
SEE THE IMPROVED SWINGING WRINGER BOARD

That is only one of the special "Maxwell" features—wringer board can be swung round out of the way when not in use.

Maxwell

"EXCEL-ALL" WASHER

Top lifts up and gives heaps of room for work. Runs smoothly on ball bearings. Has assisting spiral springs and tubular light metal frame. So easy to use. A child can work it.



This is the washer that lifts the burden off washday. No rubbing—no bending over hot, steamy tubs. Get a Maxwell "Excel-All" Washer and have your washing done in *half the time!*

Enquire at your Dealers' about our Washers for Water, Electric or Gas Engine Power.

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Buy St. Lawrence Extra Granulated in bags and be sure of the finest pure cane sugar, untouched by hand from factory to your kitchen.

Bags 100 lbs., 25 lbs., 20 lbs., Cartons 5 lbs., 2 lbs.

FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

Sold by best dealers. 11

St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries, Limited, Montreal.

"Long live the Czar! Long live our little father!" shouted the people as the Emperor of Russia drove through the streets of Odessa. The war certainly seems to have united the Russians in love of their country and its head. When it is considered that it is only a few years since His Imperial Majesty dared not go abroad unless the streets were lined with troops, and that for a time he found safety only in his yacht at sea, the change in popular sentiment seems marvellous.—Montreal Gazette.

Incognito

Story of a Ranch Party

By MARTHA V. MONROE

Gardner MacKnight, a wealthy New Yorker and a member of the smart set, issued invitations to a select few of his friends in the swim to what he called a ranch party. They were all to go west by train to a station and from the station to the ranch by stagecoach. He did not own the ranch, but said he had hired it for the occasion. The ranchman, Patrick Coleman, would remain in charge, MacKnight's guests being in the nature of boarders during their stay at MacKnight's expense.

There was something novel in the plan, and the dozen young men and women who were invited considered themselves fortunate. They arrived at the ranch house in the evening and took possession. MacKnight had assured them that for the period of their stay they were at liberty to do as they pleased, and they did. When they came the owner was out attending to his herds, but they didn't consider his presence of much importance so long as his premises were at their disposal. They were all, except one lady, representatives of American present day society—that is, they had all come into a good deal of money during a recent date, had climbed into the swim and kicked the ladder away from under them in order that no one should be assisted upward by taking hold of their skirts. The exception was a Miss DeWitt, a scion of an old Dutch family which had managed through many generations to retain some wealth.

On the second day after the party's arrival the owner returned. The guests were somewhat taken aback by the greeting MacKnight and Coleman gave each other, which was quite chummy. Coleman was in ranch costume, rather brusque in his manner, and spoke with a brogue, though in his case it was not as broad as that of the ordinary son of Erin. On the whole, the New Yorkers did not consider that there was anything about him that required different treatment from other men who were not in their set.

It soon developed that Mr. Coleman was not of this opinion. He seemed to expect that he was to be taken in as one of the party. MacKnight treated him as such and seemed to expect his guests to do the same. Miss DeWitt, who was a cousin of the host, seemed disposed to accept Mr. Coleman as an equal—at least, while under his roof—but it was supposed by the others that she had taken her cue from the host. It was not long before Mr. Coleman saw that he was persona non grata and drew himself away from all except Miss DeWitt.

MacKnight seemed to be provoked that his guests should carry their New York petty assumptions into the wild west. The men of the party saw at once that their host was displeased and mended their treatment of Coleman, but the women were not so minded. After all, it was quite natural that, having worked their way with so much trouble to a position where they could look down on the multitude, they appreciated what they had gained and did not propose to relinquish any infinitesimal part of it.

There was one young lady, Miss Eileen De Vine—she had only just reached the surface in the swim—who maintained that, whatever be the treatment of Patrick Coleman, she would keep him where he belonged.

"Pat," she said to him one morning, "get me a glass of water."

Coleman colored a bit, but went for the water. When he returned he said:

"Are you related to the De Vines of Tipperary county, Ireland?"

It was now Miss De Vine's turn to be red in the face. Michael De Vine, her grandfather, had been steward for the estate of the Earl of Eringough. She pretended not to have heard the question, turning to speak to a girl sitting near her.

It did not take Mr. Coleman long to become used to the treatment of Mr. MacKnight's guests, and, having been assured that they had no use for him, he seemed quite as well pleased as if they had. But such was not the case with MacKnight.

"You were wrong about this matter, old man," he said to Coleman one day. "Your plan of bringing these people out here without letting them know anything about you and expecting them to take you in as one of them has been a failure. I told you it would be."

"No failure at all," replied the other. "I supposed you would bring Americans such as are admired on the other side of the water for their broad views. Your guests I doubt not are of the commercial aristocracy. They are all right, but they have not been brought up to recognize a gentleman or a lady without an adviser. They must have some one to coach them, just as the great bulk of people must have a critic for a painting, a statue or a poem."

"But you wouldn't permit me to vouch for you."

"Certainly not, and I don't regret it. If these persons knew who I am they would nauseate me with their flattery. Don't worry yourself about it, Mac. We are getting such people at home. After all they are better than our own aristocracy was when they drove you Americans out of the British empire. Your American aristocrats are at least harmless."

"Before I leave I shall tell my guests who you are."

"I prefer that you should not, but if you do don't do so till the last moment of their stay here. By the bye, how comes it that your cousin, Miss DeWitt, treats me with so much more consideration than the rest?"

"She comes of a family that was prominent in America when there were few such in the land. Any one of these persons whom I have brought out here could have bought any one of her ancestors many times over. They were rich for those days, but not for now. Their claim to their position was their refinement. Such claims nowadays are based on the possession of wealth. My cousin had doubtless detected in you beneath your sombrero and woolen shirt something akin to herself. But even if she has not done so she would scorn to remain under your roof without treating you with ordinary politeness."

"Have you given her my incog?"

"I have not."

A canter over Mr. Coleman's domain was arranged, and it was necessary that he should conduct them. The young men and women paired off, riding in couples. Miss DeWitt, seeing Mr. Coleman riding alone, spurred her horse beside him with the apparent pretense of asking him questions about his ranch and other matters pertaining to the country. The act was noticed by the others.

"I wonder," said a lady in a low tone to her companion, "how Miss DeWitt, who is so refined, can demean herself by associating with that Irishman."

"Pat isn't bad," replied the other. "He's a bit rough, but you wouldn't expect a ranchman to be a silk stocking."

"I'm told that a number of younger sons of British gentlemen are engaged in ranching."

Miss De Vine, who was riding near and heard this dialogue, informed the speakers that she was of Irish extraction and there was a great difference between the classes in Ireland. The gentry there did not usually come to America. Her grandfather had emigrated, but that was because he had lost his estates and could not maintain the position his family had occupied for many centuries.

Some of the party who were observing Miss DeWitt and Patrick Coleman were puzzled, noticing that when in her company he seemed to lose much of his brusqueness. Indeed, occasionally his bearing toward her would be that of a gentleman, though somewhat antiquated. One of the men declared that if he did not know better he might suppose him to be an Irish gentleman of the old school.

Before the party finished the rounds of the ranch and drew up at the ranch house Miss DeWitt had received a great deal of information as to the methods pertaining to sheep raising, especially the precautions necessary to preserve the sheep from the blizzards. On reaching the porch before which the party dismounted Mr. Coleman threw himself from his horse and handed Miss DeWitt down from hers in a manner that was noticed by the rest of the party. He seemed to have been born for such purpose.

From that time during the visit of the New Yorkers at the Coleman ranch Miss DeWitt received and accepted marked attention from the ranchman and with the women of the party lost caste considerably by doing so.

The party remained together for two weeks, during which those who wished to hunt hunted, those who wished to fish fished and those who preferred to do nothing lounged. During all this time Patrick Coleman and Miss DeWitt saw more and more of each other, and the ladies, despairing of the latter's disposition to degrade herself by accepting the attention of so ordinary a person as the rancher, left her to her own sweet will. As the fortnight drew to an end it began to look as though the two were going to make a match.

On the day of the departure all the guests had entered the coach except Miss De Vine, who was about to do so. Coleman stood with his sombrero in his hand, while MacKnight stood beside him.

"I think," said the latter to the party, "that I owe it to you to tell you that you have been the guests of two instead of one. My friend here is Patrick Coleman, the son of an Irish peer, the Earl of Eringough. He desired to see something of our best American society and proposed that I should bring out a party of my friends. He desires me to thank you for the honor you have done him."

At the mention of the name Eringough Miss De Vine, red as a peony, turned and sprang into the coach. MacKnight climbed to a seat beside the driver, and as the coach disappeared from view a white handkerchief waved from an outside seat by Miss DeWitt repaid the ranchman for the refusal of the others to admit him to the charmed circle.

All this happened many years ago. In due time the Earl of Eringough died, and his son, the ranchman, inherited the title. Lady Eringough, nee DeWitt, is now an Irish peeress and one of the most popular noblewomen.

The members of the party who visited the Coleman ranch have never forgiven themselves for their blunder. Miss De Vine has made several trips abroad with a view to catching a titled husband and has at last succeeded in marrying a marquis. Unfortunately he has had two wives, both of whom he married from the stage of a London music hall.

The Hungarian Chamber has refused to pass the new military credits. They fail to see any sense or reason putting more paint on a house that is about ready to fall to pieces.

Recruiting Officer—You want to enlist, eh?—Irish Recruit (enthusiastically)—Yes sir—for the duration of the war, or longer if it lasts—London Opinion.

On a Mississippi Steamboat

By F. A. MITCHEL

When the stagecoach and the steamboat passed out as the ordinary means of travel a certain social status passed out with them. Both these methods of transportation fostered something that no longer exists—the society of travel. A number of persons would start on a journey in a stagecoach, and the fact that they were fellow travelers made them at once acquaintances, often friends and in certain instances lovers. As to the steamboat, while the greater number on one of them prevented this automatic sociability, it was a unique institution.

In the front part of the main saloon of a Mississippi steamboat was a little boxlike structure, in which liquors were served. Passing aft, one would see numerous tables, some of which were occupied by card players with stacks of chips or coins before them. At mealtimes these tables were placed together, forming one long table, and shortly before a meal was announced male passengers would line them waiting to secure seats. In the stern of the boat was the ladies' cabin. When dinner was ready the captain went into this cabin, bowed ceremoniously to the ladies, offered his arm to one, escorted her to a seat at the table, followed by the other ladies and the men traveling with them. When they were seated a colored man swung a huge brass bell, and the first stroke of the clapper was a signal for every man who had been waiting to plunge into a seat.

One day a gentleman in a variegated waistcoat worn by men of that day and a long skirted coat with a large rolling velvet collar stood among the men waiting for the signal to be seated. A moment before it came he turned and stepped into his stateroom to leave his hat there. As he emerged the bell rang, and a man dropped into his seat. The act was a flagrant breach of courtesy, for the gentleman had been waiting some time behind the chair, and the other must certainly have been aware of the fact.

Conscious of some one standing behind him, the seat stealer turned and looked up into a severe countenance bending over him. But there was something more severe than the face—a glittering bowie knife, whose blade was pointed down at a small bald spot on top of the interloper's head. The fellow dived under the table and effected an exit on the other side.

After dinner a young man about twenty-one years of age approached the man, who had poised the bowie knife and said:

"Colonel Sinclair, I believe?"

"At yo' service, suh."

"I was especially gratified at your recovery of your seat at table. The man who proposed to dispossess you took $10,000 out of me at cards this morning."

"I was looking ovah the game, suh."

"I think he is a blackleg."

"One of the worst. He is a disgrace to his calling. I observed his manipulations of the cya'ds, and I must confess that they were such as no respectable gambler would use."

"My name is Hartleigh, sir. I am on my way to New Orleans to be married. I shall leave the boat at the first stop and return to my home in Memphis. The money the man took from me was intended to start a home. I must now break my engagement."

"I would not do that, suh," replied the colonel, thoughtfully feeling his chin. Then, pulling a roll of bills from his pocket, he added: "Ask him fo' yo' revenge, suh. I will observe the game and will engage that he plays faiah."

Hartleigh accepted the offer, and during the afternoon he and the gambler took possession of a table and were soon absorbed in a game. Presently Colonel Sinclair approached the table and stood opposite the latter, looking down upon him with a cold stare. That look the gambler must have interpreted as an order not only to play fair, but to see to it that his victim won back the money he had lost in the morning. At any rate, he made very large bets on very small hands, by which he lost money steadily, and did not seem a bit reluctant at seeing his funds passing into Hartleigh's possession.

All the while Colonel Sinclair stood smoking a cigar, poising himself first on one leg, then on the other. After his first look at the gambler he seemed to be only interested in the game, but occasionally the gambler would dart a glance up at his imperturbable countenance and after doing so would make another big bet on a small hand.

Finally young Hartleigh counted the pile of bills and coin before him, shoved over a small sum and said:

"We're quits. I'm even and withdraw from the game."

The gambler cast a timid glance at the colonel as if for instruction, then put the amount returned in his pocket. Hartleigh and the colonel strolled out on to the guard. When they were unobserved Hartleigh seized his benefactor's hand.

"Colonel," he said, "you must attend my wedding."

"I shall be very happy, suh, to attend the ceremony. I live in New Orleans."

Then Hartleigh returned the money advanced as a stake and the two went to the little box in the bow and, standing before it, Hartleigh raised a glass and said:

"My gratitude, colonel."

"Don't mention it, suh."

A year of war will cost Britain five thousand million dollars. The national debt will be more than doubled. But the British purse is long, and will not be exhausted even if the war should be prolonged for another year.

Poor Mrs. Dolby

By M. QUAD

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When Mr. Dolby sat down for the evening he had his newspaper on his knee and Mrs. Dolby was singing "Rock of Ages" and clearing away the supper table. He had been reading for a quarter of an hour when she quietly entered and sat down and said:

"Samuel, I don't want to disturb you nor make you feel bad, but I feel obliged to ask you a few questions. Last night at midnight Mrs. Watkins saw a light movin' around in our back yard. It was a light which bobbed up and bobbed down and dodged this way and that and when it finally went out gave a great wink and a splutter. It was what they call a ghost lantern, Samuel, and it meant that there would be death in this house within a week. It'll be my death, of course. I've got twenty-seven different ailments, with heart disease throwed in, while you are as healthful as a cornfield. Yes; it'll be me, but I'm not weepin' over it. I'm sittin' right here as calm as catnip, but I want to know some few things."

Mr. Dolby must have known of her presence, but he was too deeply interested in his paper to recognize it. He had found an article which said that a spider could be boiled in water for four hours and then come out with his ambition undaunted.

"I shall go to heaven when I die, of course," continued Mrs. Dolby, as her voice broke a little. "I orter go there. Any woman who has whitewashed the cellar every spring for twenty-seven years, besides makin' soft soap, cuttin' carpet rags, dyein' over old clothes and makin' one skirt last her for thirteen years, will go to heaven. What bothers me, however, is how I'm goin' to act arter I git there. You know how company allus flustrates me. If three or four of the neighbors come in I'm almost sure to fall off my cheer or knock over sunthin. How's it goin' to be when I git up there and meet a hull pasture full of angels? There'll be millions of 'em, Samuel."

She paused to wipe the tears from her eyes with the palm of her hand, but as she had asked no direct question Mr. Dolby finished the bug article and turned to one on the care of clotheslines.

"I don't want to be looked at an p'inted out and made fun of up there," said Mrs. Dolby, as she sat with her eyes on the carpet.

"I may git up to heaven in the night, when all the angels are asleep, and so I'll slip in all right. I hope that'll be the way, because it'll give me a chance to kind o' git used to the place before daylight. Do you think they have any breakfast up there? Mrs. Watkins says they don't, but I don't really see how they git along without it."

Mr. Dolby heaved a long sigh and seemed about to speak, but no words came. He had finished with the clotheslines and struck an article about the reasoning powers of the cow, and the most direct question from Mrs. Dolby would have passed unheeded. Her tears fell for two or three minutes, and then she asked:

"And how about the beds up there? You know we've slept on a feather bed ever since we were married, and I've allus bin particular to smooth it down from head to foot. I've got used to feathers, and if I changed off I'd jest lay there and kick around all night long. Do they hev beds, Samuel, or do they keep on flyin' around all night long and singin'? Seems to me that flyin' and singin' all day would be enough unless I feel stronger than I do now. You orter tell me so I'll know what to depend on. If one of my headaches comes on unexpectedly I want to know that I kin hev a cup of tea. Mrs. Watkins says they don't drink tea in heaven, but I don't see how she kin know."

Mr. Dolby was not directly appealed to, and as he was reading that a cow had been known to feign death to avoid having a crowbar thrown at her he made no sign.

"Waal, I've made up my mind to a few things," said Mrs. Dolby as the silence grew painful. "I'm goin' up to heaven to do the best I kin. I'll be nayburly with all the angels I meet and let 'em understand that I don't want no more'n my share of harps and wings and things. If I don't find anything to eat or any beds to sleep on I shan't raise no fuss nor go into hysterics. Yes, I'll put up with things as I find 'em and make the best of it, and I won't be jealous if a few of 'em hev better clothes on or kin sing better'n me. That's how I'll act, Samuel, and then if they pick on me they'll git as good as they give. I kin be sassed and picked on jest so fur, but arter that they want to look out. Would it put you out any, Samuel, if I died at night instead of in the daytime? As I said, if I died at night I could slip into heaven without any fuss, but if it's goin' to make any extra trouble I'll perish by daylight. What will be the most convenient hour fur you?"

There was deep silence. Mrs. Dolby's tears made no thud as they fell upon the carpet, and Mr. Dolby was reading with bated breath that an ostrich covers thirteen feet of ground at every stride when in full flight. The clock ticked, the silence grew deeper, and the cricket on the hearth fell into a doze. Then Mr. Dolby suddenly laid aside his paper, stretched his arms and legs, with a "Hohum!" and looked around to find Mrs. Dolby asleep in her chair. She hadn't gone to join the angels—not yet!

If it is true that the British government is distributing an order among western Ontario shoe manufacturers, the fact would seem to indicate that Canadian army boots haven't such a bad reputation at the front after all.

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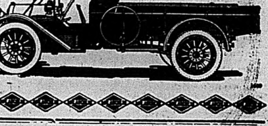

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HATS MADE AT NIGHT.

Sunshine Makes the Straw For Panamas Too Brittle to Work.

Genuine Panama hats are made in Ecuador to a larger extent than in any other country, and the process of manufacture is still not generally known. The chief centers of the hat industry in the order of their importance are Monticristi and Jipijapa, in the province of Manavi; Santa Rosa and to a limited extent in Guayaquil and Cuenca. Thousands of natives of both sexes are employed at weaving these hats. The work is carried on from a little after midnight to 7 o'clock in the morning, while the atmosphere is humid, for the straw becomes brittle during the day and cannot then be handled.

After much preliminary preparation the straw is very finely divided into the required widths by the nail of the little finger or thumb. A bunch of straw is bound in the middle and placed on the center of a wooden mold, the straws arranged radially and equally distant from each other in pairs. The plaiting begins at the apex of the crown and continues round and round until the hat is finished, care being taken that no straws are added while the crown is being made. Other straws, however, are added while the brim and border are being formed. On the degree of nicety with which the straws are lengthened depends the beauty and durability of the hat. Should a strand be broken it can be replaced and so plaited as not to be noticed.

The finishing touches are put on by trimming the brim, edging the border and neatly fastening all projecting ends of the straws so as to be invisible. The hat is washed in clean, cold water, coated with a thin solution of gum and polished with dry sulphur.—Argonaut.

Venetian Coffee.

In the year 1591 a Venetian doctor introduced coffee berries from Egypt, taught his countrymen how to crush them and brew the beverage, and the ... of coffee soon became general—so much so, in fact, that Venice was full of coffee houses where the people idled away their days drinking the aromatic beverage. A peculiarity of the Venetian coffee houses was that their patrons did not pay for each cup of coffee they drank, but settled their bills for all the coffee consumed at the end of each year. The regular price of a cup of coffee was 5 soldi, about 2½ cents.

Drawing Houses.

"I hear your son is achieving great success in his stage career."

"Yes," replied the architect.

"I should have thought he would have entered your profession."

"Well, it amounts to the same thing. We both make money by drawing good houses."—Stray Stories.

Suspicious.

When a man starts off by announcing that he views something more in sorrow than in anger we always suspect that he is really pretty mad about it.—Columbus (O.) Journal.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MAY 10, 1915. | No. 302

LUSITANIA VICTIMS JUST OVER 1300 SURVIVORS, 764

Vessel in Sixty Fathoms—Jury at Inquest Return Verdict of "Wilful and Wholesale Murder"—Vanderbilt Dies Death of Hero

NEW YORK, May 9.—(Special)—The Cunard Steamship Company tonight announced the receipt of the following cablegram from Liverpool:

"Up to midnight Queenstown advises total number of survivors 764, including 462 passengers and 302 crew.

"One hundred and forty-four bodies recovered, of which 87 identified and 57 unidentified. Identified bodies comprise 65 passengers and 22 crew.

"Number of persons injured, 30 passengers and 17 crew."

CANADIAN SURVIVORS.

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 9.—Cable advices to the Cunard Company report that several more Canadians have been discovered among the survivors of the Lusitania disaster. The names are not available. It is stated that there is no trace of the two daughters of Sir Montague Allan of Montreal. The company say the ship sank in sixty fathoms and cannot be raised.

"WILFUL AND WHOLESALEMURDER."

(Canadian Press Special)

KINSALE, May 10.—A coroner's jury investigating the deaths attendant upon the loss of Lusitania, returned the following verdict today: "The jury finds that this appalling crime was contrary to international law and conventions of civilized nations and we therefore charge the officers of the submarine and the German Emperor and the Government of Germany, under whose orders they acted, with the crime of wilful and wholesale murder."

INDIGNATION IN LIVERPOOL.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 9.—A despatch from Liverpool reports that as a result of the feeling here over the Lusitania tragedy shops operated by Germans have been wrecked.

THE CAPTAIN WARNED.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10.—The First Lord of the Admiralty stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that Captain Turner of the Lusitania had acknowledged receipt of messages from the Admiralty giving him warning and directions for the course he was to take.

NO ESCORTS FOR PASSENGER SHIPS.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10.—Winston Spencer Churchill said in the House Commons today that a Board of Trade inquiry will be held to determine the circumstances attending the loss of the Lusitania. "In the meantime it is premature to discuss the matter," he continued. "But I must make it plain that in no circumstances will it be possible to make public naval dispositions for patrolling our coast. Our resources do not enable us to provide destroyer escorts for mail and passenger ships."

LIST OF PASSENGERS

NEW YORK, May 7.—The following is a list of the first cabin passengers aboard the Lusitania: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Adams, Boston; A. H. Adems, New York; W. McM. Adams, New York; Lady Allan and maid, Montreal; Fiss Anna Allan, Montreal; Miss Owen Allan and maid, Montreal; M. N. Alles, New York; Juilen De Ayala, Cuban Consul General at Liverpool; James Baker, England; Miss M. A. Baker, New York.

Other Canadians Aboard.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Other Canadians on board were: James Bohan, Toronto; J. H. Charles, Toronto; Miss J. Charles, Toronto; Rev. Cowley Clark, London, Ont.; Mr. A. Clark, Toronto; H. G. Cole Broks, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. George Copping, Toronto; Mrs. W. Chapman, Toronto; Jas. Dunsmuir, Toronto; W. A. Emond, Quebec; Robert W. Croks, Toronto; Mrs. C. Daugalt, Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hamond, Toronto; Master Bob Holt, Montreal; Thomas Home, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. W. Keeble, Toronto; Mr. Kempton, Toronto.

James Baker, England; Miss M. A. Baker, New York;; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. B. Bratlett, London; J. J. Battersby, Stockport, Eng.; Albert C. Bilicke, and wife, Los Angeles, Calif.; Leondidas Bistio, Atlanta; James Bohan, Toronto; E. B. Bowen, Boston; Mr. Boulton, Jr., Chicago; Miss Braithwaite, Morristown, N.J.; Miss Josephine Brandell, New York; Allan Bredge and wife, New York; C. T. Brodrick, Boston; W. Brodrick-Cloete, San Antonio, Texas; J. H. Brooks, New York.

J. H. Charles, Toronto; Miss J. Charles, Toronto; Rev. Cowley Clark, London: A. Clark, Toronto: M. Cohen, New York; H. G. Colebrooke, Toronto; Miss Dorothy Connor, New York; Mr. and Mrs. George R. Copping, Toronto; Mrs. W. Chapman, Toronto; D. L. Chabot, London.

Michael G. Byrne, New York; A. J. Byington, London; Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bruno, Montclair, N.J.; Mrs. Burrside and maid, New York; Wm. H. Brown, Buffalo.

Master Bob. Holt, Montreal; Thos. Home, Toronto; A. L. Hopkins, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hubbard, East Aurora, N.Y.; Miss P. Hutchinson, Orange, N.J., C. T. Jeffrey, Chicago; Miss Jones, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Keeble, Toronto; Francis C. Kellogg, N.Y.; Mr. Kempton, Toronto; Mrs. C. Hickson, N. Y.; iss Katheryn, Kennedy, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Harryy J. Keser, Philadelphia.

Mrs. M. W. Kelchum, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Kimball, N.Y.; T. B. King, N.Y.; Chas. Klein, N.Y.

R. H. Lockhart, Toronto; Miss Frances McDonald, Montrel; L. McMuraray, Toronto; A. T. Matthews, ontreal; George Maurice, Toronto; Mrs. M. S. Morrell, Toronto, Mr. Orr Lowis, Montreal.

KINGSTON PASSENGERS

Among the hundreds of passengers on the Lusitania, who found a watery grave off the coast of Irelaid, there are at least eight Kingstonians, and it is very much feared that some have fallen victims to Germanyy's vicious methods.

The Kingstonians were: Prof. and Mrs. J. P. Marichal of Queen's University and three children; Mrs. F. S. Hammond, Toronto, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James McParland, Gore St., together with her husband, Mr. and Mrs. G. Harvey, Willian street.

A cable was received Saturday morning announcing that Prof. and Mrs. Marichal and their two daughters were among the survivors. Later, it was stated that Prof. Marichal's little son who accompanied the party, was also saved.

No word has been received concerning the other Kingstonians and grave fears are entertained as to their safety.

VOICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, May 10—With prompt and thunderous unanimity newspapers of the United States join in denouncing the destruction of the Lusitania as an unspeakable atrocity. Col. Henry Watterson in the Louisville Courier-Journal, heads his editorial "The heart of Christ—The sword of the Lord and Gideon," and says: "Are we at the mercy of the insane Hohenzollern, bringing his war of conquest and murder across the line of our transit and travel over the high seas, which are ours to sail as we list, without let or hindrance from man or monarch, from him or anyone on land or water? Must we as people sit down like dogs? Must we as a nation emulate the docility and the impotence of China?"

The Philadelphia Public Ledger says: "The horror is almost inconceivable. There has been nothing like it before."

Chicago Tribune: "This last massacre violates all previous laws of the seas."

The Providence Journal refers to the Lusitania's passengers as victims of the same savagery "which slew innocent women and children in Belgium, and which recognizes no law of God or code of honor, and knows only how to slay, and says: "If the right of American people to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness is anything more than a cheap clap-trap phrase, we must protect our self-respect and national dignity before all the world."

The Brooklyn Eagle says: "The von Tirpitz regime has drawn up its own indictment and the finger prints are in crimson, and they are there to blast a name as long as anything keeps a place on the tables of memory."

VANDERBILT HAD WARNING.

Mr. Vanderbilt was among those credited with receiving anonymous letters of warning. All deprecated the possibility of danger to the ship, and Charles P. Summer, general agent of the line, announced at the time that the Lusitania's speed of 25 knots made her immune from submarine attack.

In addition to those on her own passenger list, the Lusitania carried 36 who were to have sailed the same day on the Anchor Line Cameronia, which at the last moment was held in port by orders of the British Admiralty.

Reports from Washington that it was privately known in official quarters that the Lusitania was to be torpedoed at the first opportunity, gave color to the opinion expressed in shipping circles tonight that the embassy's warning was intended to apply particularly to the Lusitania.

"Travellers intending to embark on the Atlantic voyage," read the advertisement, "are reminded that a state of war exists between Germany and her allies, and Great Britain and her allies; that the zone of war includes the waters adjacent to the British Isles; that, in accordance with formal notice given by the Imperial Government, vessels flying the flag of Great Britain or any of her allies are liable to destruction in those waters and that travellers sailing in the war zone on ships of Great Britain or her allies do so at their own risk."

WAR SUPPLIES ON BOARD.

The Lusitania's cargo was valued at about $750,000 and contained a large quantity of war supplies. Her manifest included 280,000 pounds of brass and copper wire, $66,000 worth of military goods, and 5,471 cases of ammunition valued at $200,024, all of which was contraband of war. The ship itself, Cunard officials said today, was covered by $5,000,000 war risk insurance.

BABIES DROWNED—
PATHETIC SCENES.

LONDON, May 9.—The Illustrated Sunday Herald, Cork, says:—

There were on the Lusitania fifty babies who were less than twelve months old, and over a hundred more whose ages did not reach two years. They have all been drowned. The babies were the talk of the ship, and everybody tried to look out for them when the time came. There were numerous cases reported where both passengers and crew stripped themselves of their own life-belts to put them around the little ones, but it was useless, and about 150 of them, it is calculated, died from shock and exposure. They were afterwards seen floating in the water with life-belts around their little bodies, but they were past saving. Their mothers recovered consciousness in the rescue boats only to find that the little ones they were hugging to their bosoms were dead. One mother lost all her three young children, one six years old, one four and the third a babe in arms, six months old. She herself lives, and held up the three of them in the water, all the time shrieking for help. When rescued by a boat party the two oldest were dead. Their room was required in the boat, and the mother was brave enough to realize it.

"Give them to me," she shrieked; "give them to me, my bonnie wee things. I will bury them. They are mine to bury as they were mine to keep."

With her hair streaming down her back and her form shaking with sorrow, she took each of the little ones from the rescuers and reverently placed it in the water again, and the people in the boat wept with her as she murmured a sobbing little prayer to the great God above. But her cup of sorrow was not yet completed, for just as they were landing her third and only child died in her arms.

LADY ALLAN ADRIFT ON RAFT.

QUEENSTOWN, May 9.—Lady Allan, of Montreal, was one of 38 survivors who were buffeted about for two hours on a life-raft before being picked up by the freighter Katrina. The story was told by N. N. Alles of New York, who said:—

"I had struggled aboard a life-raft, and about five minutes later we picked up Lady Allan, who had been battling bravely to keep afloat and was now ready to give up. We hauled her aboard and laid her down in the centre of the raft. She remained there in a semi-unconscious condition until we were picked up. What became of her two daughters I do not know.

"I shall never forget those two hours of drifting. At times we were surrounded by bodies of the dead, and always we could hear the dying shrieks of men and women in the water. We passed the bodies of several babies.

"In spite of the tragic situation those on board the raft joined in "Tipperary" and other songs. We sang to keep up heart."

"CAUSE FOR WAR"

On Feb. 8 the New York Herald, commenting on the German notice just issued said:—

'Let us suppose that the Germans, in their 'submarine blockade of England' should sink by accident a ship carrying several hundred Americans, or let us suppose that the same thing should happen to an American liner, would it be possible to preserve the peace between Germany and the United States, or would not that events itself actually be accepted as the beginning of war?

"This is something to be thought of in the present threatening state of affairs, brought about by the mad German determination to drive neutral commerce from the seas."

ROOSEVELT'S STATEMENT

SYRACUSE N.Y., May 8.—When informed last night of the sinking of the Lusitania Colonel Theodore Roosevelt made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"I can only repeat what I said a week ago when, in similar fashion the American vessel Gulflight was destroyed off the English coast and her captain lost his life. I then called attention to what I had said two months previously, when the Germans established this war zone and announced that with mines and submarines they would commit the deeds that since they have actually committed; and that these deeds could by no rule of international law be regarded otherwise than as pure piracy."

VESSEL'S FINAL PLUNGE.

Mr. A. D. Lane, a second-class survivor, has given the following description of the final plunge of the Lusitania:

"We witnessed the most horrible scene of human futility it is possible to imagine. When the Lusitania had turned almost over she suddenly plunged bow foremost into the water, leaving her stern high in the air. People on the aft deck were fighting with wild desperation to retain a footing on the almost perpendicular deck, while they fell over the slippery stern like crippled flies. Their cries and shrieks could be heard above the hiss of escaping steam and the crash of bursting boilers. Then the water mercifully closed over them, and the big liner disappeared, leaving scarcely a ripple behind her.

"Twelve lifeboats were all that were left of our floating home. In a time which could be measured by seconds, swimmers, dead bodies and wreckage appeared in the space where she went down."

VANDERBILT DIES A HERO

LONDON, May 9.—Thomas Slidell of New York, who was interviewed in

Continued on Page Eight

Premier Hearst Has Passed Crisis

But Physicians Report That He Will Not be Out of Danger for Several Days

(Canadian Press Special)

TORONTO, May 10.—A bulletin issued this afternoon by Premier Hearst's physicians says his condition has much improved and an early recovery is expected. Dr. E. Elliott, who is associated with Dr. Adam Wright in the case says the Premier's condition was very serious on Saturday and Sunday, and the crisis arrived last night. Since then the patient has been better; but will not be out of danger for two or three days.

German Vessels Are Blown up

(Canadian Press Special)

A despatch from Libau, on the Baltic, reports that a German cruiser and a torpedo destroyer have been wrecked by Russian mines outside that port.

Six Turkish Transports Sunk

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10.—A despatch from Petrograd states that the Russian fleet surprised and sank six Turkish transports in the Bosphorus yesterday.

Great Battle Around Ypres

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10—A despatch from Paris states that a brief message from headquarters in Belgium report a battle now raging around Ypres, surpassing in violence and the number engaged that of Langemarck. The British are said to be more than holding their own.

A German Despatch

(Canadian Press Special)

Berlin despatches claim the British destroyer Crusader, which went to the assistance of the destroyer Mairo, which was blown up off Zeebrugge, was driven off by German submarines, leaving behind her boats.

DROWNED IN RICE LAKE

PETERBORO' May 9.—The wife of Jos. Lavasseur, who conducts the Hotel at Jubilee Point, Rice Lake, met death by drowning Sateurday, when the canoe she was paddling was overturned in rough water. The body was recovered.

CHICOUTIMI IS BURNING

CHICOUTIMI, Que., May 10—A midnight fire at Riviere du Moulin, in the Banlieu of Chicoutimi, has destroyed four houses, and threatens twenty others. A conflagration seems inevitable.

THE KAISER'S WARNING

One week ago the German Kaiser telegraphed to his sister, the Queen of Greece, that the world would hear from Germany in a way that would make it think, and that the triumph of German arms was near at hand. The sinking of the Lusitania is no doubt the world-stirring strike the Kaiser had in mind. He evidently intended to shock the world by striking the American Eagle as well as the British Lion—Kingston Standard.

THE DARDANELLES— MORE TROOPS LANDED

(Canadian Press Special)

Athens despatches report the landing near Gallipoli of more troops from British and French transports.

ANOTHER LINER LOST

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10.—It is reported that the Wilson liner Truro has been torpedoed off Bay Island. No lives were lost.

ZEPPELINS DROP BOMBS AT WESTCLIFF-ON-SEA

Four Airships, Seen This Morning Over Southend and Westcliff-on-Sea—Dropped Between Forty and Fifty Bombs —No Fatalities

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10.—Two Zeppelin airships are reported to have dropped bombs on Westcliff-on-Sea, near Southend, but no fatalities have been reported. Warning of the approach of hostile aircraft was given at Southend at three o'clock this morning. Several machines took part in the raid, but whether they were Zeppelins or aeroplanes, residents are unable to state as the weather was cloudy.

Bombs struck houses in various parts of the town, but no deaths have been reported. One man and his wife were badly burned in a fire started by an incendiary bomb. One resident told of three bombs dropping near his home, none of which caused damage.

It is reported that several shops were burned at Leigh, near Southend. Four Zeppelins are said to have dropped forty or fifty bombs.

BREAD PRICES

France Will Seize Wheat to Keep Price Down

PARIS, May 8.—Announcement was made yesterday to the budget comcomittee of the chamber of deputies by Premier Viviani and Minister of Commerce Thomson that the government intended to requisition all existing stocks of wheat, which will be resold throughout France at a fixed price. The ministers explained that the wheat supply was more than adequate to meet the requirements of the civil population, but that requisition was deemed expedient to prevent speculation and the artificial inflation of bread prices. Wheat is now being sold in France, it was asserted, considerably cheaper than in any other country in Europe. The measures proposed by the government is expected to have the effect of maintaining the existing low price and making it uniform throughout the country.

French Maintain Important Gains

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 10.—(This afternoon's official statement). Three new German attacks to the north of Lombaertzyde were repulsed yesterday. To the east of St. George's our marine fusiliers took possession of Union farm, very strongly fortified by the Germans, and also of a position further to the east. They made about thirty prisoners.

Dunkirk was again bombarded this morning about six o'clock, two shells being thrown.

In the region to the north of Arras we have maintained all the important gains reported in the communication of yesterday evening. Along the rest of the front, particularly in the Argonne and in Alsace at Sillaker-Wasen, there was a continuation of the artillery fighting.

Germans Meet Severe Check

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10.—The Exchange Telegraph publishes a despatch from its Copenhagen correspondent declaring that the Germans have met a severe check to the westward of Mitau, the capital of the Russian province of Courland. Numerous forces of Russians in strong positions compelled them to retreat.

NEW WIRELESS STATION

NEW YORK, May 8.—To supply a need felt by the British navy, a powerful wireless station is being built on the highlands of the island of Jamaica 3,000 feet above the level of the sea.

A force of about 300 men had been working on the plant for two months. By long odds Mr. Stallworthy said, the new station would be the most powerful wireless plant in the West Indies.

MRS. ALDERSON'S REPLY

To Women Who Paid Tribute to General's Leadership

LONDON, May 8.—The following telegram has been sent to Mrs. Alderson: "Canadian women in London return thanks for your General's great leadership of their countrymen now fighting for the Mother Country in Flanders."

Mrs. Alderson replied: "I am most deeply touched by the generous tribute paid by Canadian women in London in the midst of their overwhelming personal sorrows to my husband's leadership of the Canadian division through the long fighting by which, with such imperishable glory, it saved the day for England and the Empire. With all my heart I thank you for this expression of your trust, which, at a moment like this, will be so greatly appreciated by him and so precious to me. I well know how their general grieves for the loss of so many of the gallant and devoted men he loved so much and trusted with such proud confidence, and would so gladly have saved. It is my great honor to share with you and with him this pride and this regret."

"ALICE MARY ALDERSON."

KING APPROVES SOLDIER VOTE BILL

OTTAWA May 8.—The King has approved the Soldiers Votes Bill. Word was received by the Government today that the assent of His Majesty in Council had been given to the measure enfranchising Canadian soldiers on active service in or out of Canada. Such consent was necessary to its effectiveness in consequence of an amendment made to the bill by the Liberal majority in the Senate.

The approval of the bill by the Imperial authorities is a striking commentary on the statements freely made in Parliament, and in the Liberal press that the measure would never be countenaced by His Majesty. According to an article in the Times there is in the Mother Country as well as Canada, a conviction that soldiers on active duty should not be deprived of that for which they are risking their lives, a right to cast their ballots as British subjects.

The ballots in connection with the bill have already been forwarded to the office of the High Commissioner in London.

French Victory On the Rhine

Fortified Position in Alsace Taken —Advance Nearly a Mile on Rhine Heights

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 10—Despatches from Paris report the capture of a German fortified position at Lens, on the Fecht river. In Alsace the French have advanced nearly a mile, capturing an important position on the Rhino heights.

GERMANS AND AUSTRIANS FUGITIVES FROM ITALY

(Canadian Press Special)

Rome despatches state that the departure of Germans and Austrians from Italy has developed into a flight, the railways being crowded with special trains filled with fugitives.

Rome despatches report that Germany and Austria have delivered a signed agreement to the Italian Government to surrender the territory demanded, but it is semi-officially stated that this is too late to avert war.

Ottawa, May 9.—It is reported that all Italian reservists in Canada have been ordered to return to Italy immediately.

Table Linen Sale

Great was the rush last week for Mill Ends of Table Linen, and this week we will continue the sale while they last. This beautiful Satin Damask Table Linen is in pieces from 3-4 yd. to 3 3-4 yds., and runs from 60 to 72 inches wide. Don't miss this opportunity of buying your supply at about HALF PRICE.

Great Sale of Lace Curtains

150 Pairs Lace Curtains go on sale this week, all fine Nottinghams, in all sizes to suit any window. Prices reduced to $4.25, $3.75, $3.00, $2.25, $2.00, $1.70, $1.40, $1.35, $1.25, $1.00, 95c, 75c, 50c and 39c pair.

Standard Patterns at the Dress Goods Department.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 9.—The following list of casualties was issued at 9 p.m.

2nd Battalion: Wounded—Privates James Lord, Brockville, Ont.; H. Windover, Norham, Ont.; Buglar Eric Worsley (formerly 9th Batt.) Edmonton, Alberta.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 10.—Casualties issued today:

First Battalion—Killed in action, Sergt. Wm. J. Colson, Belvedere, Eng. Private S. Andrew Gibbs, Pasley Scoland; Frank Evan Piman, Birmingham; Wm. Henry Smith, Bath, Eng.; Jacob Thomas Bondin, Eng.; Stephen Lovell Bristol; Ernest J. Palmer, Northampton; Leslie Eversfield, London; Jos. J. B. Batholemew, Dorchester; Roy Wm. Rankin (formerly Ninth Battalion) Glasgow; Wm. Craig, (formerly Ninth Battalion) Auchencairn, Scotland; Chas. Hancock, (Formerly 9th Battalion) Westbury, Eng.

Died of Wounds—Lance Corporal Edward Mockler (formerly 9th Battalion) Fruithill, Ireland.

Wounded—Pte. Samuel Weston, Manchester; Corp. Alex Marlin, Island of Coll, Scotland; Lance Corp. George Kinnell (formerly 9th Battalion) Duncon, Scotland.

Third Battalion—Killed in action—Pte. Derick Broughall, Wartingham, Eng.; Henry Long, London, Eng.; Chas. P. Payne, Faversham, Eng.

Missing—Lance Sergt. Daniel Bailey, London, Eng.; Corp. Thomas Arnold, London; Privates William Alderion, London, Bertram Nash Bourn, Leamington, Eng.; Frank Vernon, Ashdourne, Leamington; Wm. Henry Asford, Birmingham; Allan Arnold Ashleigh, Limerick, Ireland; George Barton, Cleveland, Eng.; John Joseph Beatty, Cooteshille, Ireland; Edward Beattie, Manchester; Williarm Beard, Winchinham, Eng.; Harold Leoberry, Birkenhead, Eng.; Wm. Bertram (formerly thirteenth battalion,) Edinburgh; John Wm. Biggs, Northing, Eng.; Adzich (formerly 9th battalion) Niksich, Montenegro; Wm. H. Barrett (formerly ninth battalion) Bakwell, Eng.

Fifth Battalion: Died of Wounds—Pte. Warner Chalmers, Ayr, Scotland.

Pte. Crozier of Lindsay Missing

LINDSAY, May 8.—Private Charles Crozier, son of Conductor Crozier of the Grand Trunk, received word from Ottawa announcing that Pte. Crozier, who enlisted with the 14th Battalion, Montreal, is officially reporting among the missing.

Miss Helen Crozier, a sister, is a nurse in training at the Belleville General Hospital.

Grand Trunk News Bureau

The following important changes—effective May 15, are announced:

New train No. 55 will leave Toronto 10.15 a.m. daily except Sunday, for Barrie, Orillia, Severn, Muskoka Wharf, Huntsville, Algonquin Park and North Bay, making connections at Muskoka Wharf for Muskoka Lakes and at Huntsville for Lake of Bays points. This train will carry the highest class of equipment, including Parlor-Buffet Car to Algonquin Park and Parlor-Cafe car and first-class coaches to North Bay.

Train No. 43 now leaving Toronto 1.30 p.m., arriving North Bay 9.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, will be cancelled north of Gravenhurst. Full particulars can be obtained on application to agents.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

At present there are 19 patients in the Detention hospital on Church St.

Gunner E. H. Diver, 26th Battery, C.F.A., Kingston is spending the week-end in Belleville with relatives.

Orderly officer for tomorrow, Lieut. S. H. Powell. Next for duty, lieut. S. Bleakley.

The local members of the Third Contingent now stationed here will leave on Monday for Belleville to join the 39th Battalion—Port Hope Guide.

Mr. "Jack" Welch, who has been in charge of the Army Service Corps here for some time leaves tonight for Barriefield to put the camp in a state of preparedness for the troops who will shortly arrive there. While here Mr. Welch made a large circle of friends.

The following is a further list of the members of the 39th Battalion, who have bought themselves out of the service for $15, in the last few days:

No. A12190, Pte. J. Baker, D. Company, Toronto

No A1233, Pte. P. Woodcock, D. Company, Hastings County.

No. A12834 Pte. F. Proctor, C. Company, Lindsay.

No. A12740 Pte. G. Ganyne, C. Company, Lindsay.

No. A12694 Pte. C. Coyle C. Co.

No. A12969 Pte. G. Wilson, C. Co.

KINGSTON

Colonel Hemming, officer commanding the third district has received official information as to the units that will come to Barriefield Camp about 15th of this month. The camp will be made up of the 38th Battalion, Ottawa; 8th C.M.R. Ottawa; 7th Brigade, C.F.A.; Ammunition Column of the 25th and 26th Batteries; Queen's O. T.C.; Queen's Engineers and the necessary details, which will make in all a force of 3,000 men.

If the order that the 39th Battalion of Belleville is to be used as reinforcements is changed, that unit will also come, bringing the total of overseas men to 4,450.

The 2st Battalion purchased two tons of tobacco to take overseas; one ton of chewing tobacco and one ton of smoking. All tobacco was Canadian made, and was bought out of the regimental funds. Col. Hughes and his officers were determined their men should not suffer in the trenches for a bit of tobacco. In all other cities they raised a tobacco fund.

Capt. Ernest B. Sparks, dental surgeon with No. 5 Stationary Hospital (Queen's) was the recipient of a signet ring the other day, and the presentation being made by Major H. J. Dawson on behalf of the officers of the 14th Regiment. Several officers of the 14th Regiment were present and informal addresses were given.

Frank Davern, Napanee has gone with the 21st Battalion as a signaller. St. Patrick's Church gave him a wrist watch and a purse of money and the Collegiate Institute gave him a fountain pen.

Jack Mills, goal tender for junior Frontenac hockey team, was in Kingston on Friday bidding farewell to his parents, before leaving for the front with the University Infantry Battalion composed of the men from McGill and Queen's Universities.

While the men were in camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake a call was received by the battalion for reinforcements for the First Canadian Contingent in France. Although only about fifty men were asked for, the whole lot volunteered for service. They will leave in the near future. It is thought that the university men will go overseas as reinforcements for the Princess Pats.

MILITARY SERVICE AT THE CITY HALL

The 39th Battalion mustered in full force at the City Hall last night and witnessed an exhibition of moving pictures and of the British Parliamentary Recruiting Posters in colors. The men were addressed by Mr. McQueen, by Colonel Ponton and Colonel Preston, on subjects of vital interest, more especially regarding the responsibility of the soldier, not merely to his King and his country, but also directly to his Battalion and his comrades. "Am I my brother's keeper" must be answered affirmatively by every soldier, said Colonel Ponton. While there might be perfect freedom of action with regard to drink and bar rooms in civilian clothes, yet there is a traditional barrier of the service against the King's uniform being disgraced in any way by a carouse or the King's men being lessened in efficiency and will power by indulging in drink. "Why," asked Colonel Ponton, "should men with such work before them as they had to do, find it necessary to keep their spirits up by pouring spirits down? Soldiers of the King are something more than tanks to be filled with gasoline. Surely their own manhood and strength ought to be suffiefflient." The speaker declined to enter into the question of prohibition or local option, or to say anything against hotel keepers, but cited the well known couplet:

"There is one public house that every man can close,
And that same public house is just beneath his nose."

Individual responsibility, he said was indeed the note of service.

Colonel Preston emphasized that every enlisted man in uniform should be a prohibitory law unto himself. "Give me a teetotal battalion and I can lead it to victory anywhere in the world," to use Lord Robert's words. Colonel Preston accentuated the importance of interpendent comradeship and of the effective work which the strong can do in aiding the weak.

Hearty cheers were given at the end of the addresses and "God Save the King" brought a successful Sunday evening meeting to a close.

First Bellevillian Killed in Action

Mrs. Harry Ablard, who resides at 196 Dundas street, in this city, this morning received the following sad message:

"Mrs. Harry Ablard:—

"Deply regret to inform you No. 7813, Sergt. Harry Ablard, 2nd Battalion, officially reported killed in action.

Yours,
Adjutant-General."

Sergt. Ablard was well known in this city, and had many friends. He was for some time a color-sergeant in the 15th Battalion, and when the call for arms was made, responded and enlisted, leaving here with the first battalion. The message conveying the news of his death has been received with deep regret.

Mrs. Ablard, wife of the slain Bellevillian, is a daughter of Mr. J. K. Mitchell, gardener, who resides on the Front of Thurlow. Since the Sergeant's absence to the front, a child has been born, making in all a family of three children.

Mr. Ablard was a member of St. Thomas' choir of this city for many years. The rector, Rev. Canon Beamish, just lately received a letter from him, written in the trenches. It was written in a very cheerful vein.

The Kaiser has taken the place formerly held by Abdul Hamid as "The Great Assassin."

THE GERMAN PRESS—REMARKABLE CHANGE

The Berliner Tangeblatt without comment a remarkable tribute to the kindness with which Germans in England are treated. The author of the article is a fine art publisher, who only recently returned to Germany. In the couse of the article he says:—

"Hatred against Germany does not exist, and the feeling that one encounters on arriving in Germany is quite foreign, and indeed, is incomprehensible to the English. Lissauer's song of hate, the dreadful brooches and rubber stamps inscribed with the words, 'God punish England,' have not produced what one might call a gratifying effect from the German point of view. Educated Englishmen with whom I spoke have a deep aversion for the fabulous being whom they call the 'War Lord' and who, they think, completely rules Germany, and of whose non-existence even the best educated people cannot be convinced. Such people, however, as butchers, bakers, green-grocers, and workmen do not understand hatred between people, and see in the mighty war only a contest of two giants, Germany and England. For the enemy, who they now regard as beaten, they have only esteem.

After describing the politeness and courtesy of the English police, the writer continues:

"Still greater consideration and friendliness were shown us by the Home Office officials in the numerous conversations I had with regard to obtaining a permit to leave the country. No English official and no Englishmen with whom we had to deal during the days preceding our departure parted from us without the most cordial wishes for our journey. Germans who go away may take with them any sum of money they like, though, of course, gold is prohibited. Not only do Germans receive kind words, but the tremendous amount of relief work, which is undertaken for German prisoners as well as for German women and children, would not have been possible without the collaboration of the authorities, and especially without the financial help of English people."

An an illustration of how German official press reports are manufactured the London "MORNING POST" a few weeks ago published in parallel columns a quotation from the previous night's press news service, circulated in Germany and sent from that country by wireless, and a cable despatch to the "MORNING POST" from its Washington correspondent of which the item in the German wireless service purported to be an abstract.

The deadly parallel is as follows:—German "Wireless" Version—The Morning Post, New York: At the instance of 300,000 workmen belonging to certain Unions here it was resolved at a meeting to go on strike so as to render the supply of arms to belligerent nations impossible.

The Morning's Post's Original Message: Washington, April 16th.—Under the auspices of the Central Federated Union, which has an affiliated membership of 300,000 working men, 3000 men and women held a meeting in New York last night to urge the men working in arm's factories to strike in order to stop the shipment of arms and ammunition to belligerents. But the meeting broke up in disorder because of protests that to cease work on war contracts would be simply in the interest of Germany."

As a contrast of the methods followed in the treatment of prisoners of war in England and Germany the following two paragraphs were recently published in a London paper:

From the Ladiers' Field, April 3rd—"On Tuesday, March 23rd, the Quorn hunt were at the now much discussed Donington Park, and they held something of a lawn meet for the benefit of the German prisoners who are interned in the beautiful old house. Of couse, there was a big crowd of people in motors and on foot, who had taken the opportunity of getting into the park to have a look at the Germans. Captain Forester, who is now hunting the hounds himself on Tuesday and Saturdays, after he had been into the hall, mounted and brought the hounds close up to the wire entanglements, in order that the German officers might have a better view of the pack.

A little more law than usual was allowed; then the Master raised his cap to the officers, they bowed in return, and a very curious little ceremony was over, and the ordinary business of hunting began."

From the Diary of a British Officer Who is Wounded and a Prisoner in Germany.

Published in London, April 10th—our beds are iron cots with dirty straw ballasses arranged in two tiers around the room. I, myself occupy an upper berth and find it a little inconvenient to climb into since I have only one serviceable arm. Only a privileged few amongst us, such as the wounded, have a blanket—and that only by the courtesy of certain English civilians, who share our captivity and have been told off to act as scouts for us (in the 'Varsity sense of that expression). Amongst these is a well-known M.F.H. These unfortunates have not only been employed for weeks in erecting sheds, barbed wire fences and so forth but have been set to more menial and degrading tasks, such as cleaning out latrines. Small wonder that like many of our wounded, who have been so grossly ill-treated, they are consumed with a deadly intensity of hatred, which will go down into the grave with them."

DAVIES

Smoked Rolls 16c lb.

Pink Salmon 3 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

June Peas 4 tins 25c

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. B. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Dr. M. A. Day is in Toronto attending the Dental Convention.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Bunt, sister of Mrs. R. Reeves left to-day for Cornwall, Eng.

Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Sinclair left today for San Francisco, where they intend spending the next two months.

Donald and Douglas Marett of Marmora Village, are visiting their grandfather, Mr. J. W. Pearce, Bursar of the Ontario School for the Deaf.

Dr. R. W. Tennant of this city, left last night for Montreal, where he sailed to-day as a member of the Royal Army Medical Corp for oversea service.

DEATH ROLL

JOHN CARTER.

On Saturday afternoon John Carter, aged 74, died at the residence of his daughter, 82 Everett Street.

The deceased was a Methodist in religion, and was a widower. One daughter survives, Mrs. C. M. Hall, Everett Street. Mr. Carter was a gentleman highly respected by all who knew him, and many friends will mourn his demise.

It has been found that wireless telegraph waves are propagated along the surface of the earth with a velocity slightly inferior to that of light.

THE WEATHER.

Moderate to fresh westerly winds, fine to-day and on Tuesday.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Dependable Eye Service

I know that, in addition to the technical education to which my diploma certifies; and my proven ability to examine your eyes authoritatively, as vouched for by my patients, many of whom you know; I must be honest if I expect to retain practice—which I do.

I don't recommend Glasses unless absolutely necessary, or make misleading statements about your eyes or the Glasses I prescribe.

I charge only the established standard prices prevailing elsewhere for dependable service and glasses.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple, Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon, Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen, Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry, Rasperry, Maple &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE

Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.
Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER

May 1st

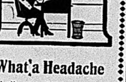
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at

30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.



What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Are You Doing the Thinking?

In office, store or factory, the man who has the clear brain for quick, accurate thinking generally draws the big salary.

Nowadays, with competition keen, any man or woman headed for success must avoid the handicap of heavy, indigestible food, and select the nourishing, easily digestible kind which makes for body vigor and clear thinking.

Grape-Nuts FOOD

contains all the nutriment of Nature's rich food grains, wheat and barley, retaining the vital mineral salts—phosphates, iron, lime, etc., which are absolutely necessary for building healthy, well-balanced body, nerves and brain.

Grape-Nuts food is scientifically prepared for easy, quick digestion—has delicious taste,—and is a splendid food for those who appreciate the advantages of sound health and a clear thinker.

"There's a Reason"

MADE IN CANADA

Grocers everywhere sell Grape-Nuts.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

THE NEW STORE

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

5 dozen Lingerie Blouses, worth 75c. to $1.00; only .. .. 54c.
Each Blouse you will see at a glance is worth more than this price.
6 dozen Blouses in Voile, plain and embroidered, worth up to $1.50; only .... 98c. each
Black and White Jap Silk Blouses, in the new high and low neck styles .... $3.00 to $3.50
SILK HOSIERY is not a luxury when you can buy at these prices —35c., 50c., 75c. Holeproof Silk Hose, 3 pairs for $3.00, guaranteed for 3 months.
CORSET SPECIALS—D. & A. Corsets at 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00. The D. & A. Corset is made in Canada by Canadians, and is second to none.
See our $3.00 D. & A. Front Lace Corset.
Black and Colored Pailette Silk, Lyons dyed, and will not cut; full yard wide .... 89c. yard
Our stock of Prints, Ginghams, Linens, Staples was all purchased before the war. We can save you money on every purchase.

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Don't Spoil the Effect
of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.
Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,
Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00
W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes In Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.
The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of
Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day
J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

Belleville, Its Beginning and Early History

By Maurice D. Lynch
(From The Chicago-Belleville News)
Belleville

There is a magic about a gold mine that weaves its spell around even the most unimpressionable of people and history points a thousand fingers to the fact that wherever gold has been discovered there has followed an epidemic of "Gold Fever."

It is not a matter for wonder, then, that the good people of Belleville and Madoc Township became excited in 1866. They could hardly be blamed for thinking that right at their back door was another California waiting to be exploited, for gold of surpassing richness was found in many parts of that region in the year mentioned. Unfortunately, these finds of gold, while rich enough and frequent enough to give basis to the belief that imense deposits of the precious metal were thereabouts, were confined chiefly to "pockets" widely scattered. No genuine, sure-enough vein of any richness was struck.

There was what appeared to be one exception to this in the case of the "Richardson Mine," where really wonderful discoveries of gold in pockets and quartz of apparent richness were made. This prospect looked so good that much machinery was installed to treat the ore and extract the gold. Outside of the rich pockets, however the rock treated was not very productive. It is true that it was yielding $15.00 to the ton, which in some gold countries would be considered quite satisfactory and would pay the company very handsomely, but when all your life you've been led to expect and believe that your rich uncle is going to leave you two hundred thousand dollars, it's tough and disappointing to learn that the miserable old duffer only mentioned you in his will to the extent of a measly five hundred. That's how the officials and stockholders of the Richardson Mine felt. They had held the belief that their mine was of fabulous wealth and ordinary commercial mining did not appeal to them. They believed that if they had much more powerful machinery and more of it, they could increase the yield, so they went ahead and installed it, going heavily into debt to do so. The new and improved machinery did not do the trick and the per ton value of the mine's output was not increased. Then Old Mister Big Debt, who had a collar and elbow hold on the company, began to get in his work and he proved too much for them, so they gave up a losing fight.

Gold was found the following year near Bridgewater, in Elziver Township; near Bannockburn, in Madoc Township, and also in Hungerford, and everyone in those neighborhoods began, in fancy, to see themselves decked out in purple and fine linen and giving their usual homespun suits to the hired man. But, alas and alack, and, also, curses on the luck, these finds were all of gold in pockets but not in sufficient quantity to warrant the installation of proper machinery. At that, the district thereabouts was well dotted with quartz mills and much, yea, even very much, money was invested which never came back to say "Howdy do" to the people who turned it loose.

Notwithstanding the failure of the district to live up to first reports, gold seekers continued to pour in during the fall and winter of 1866 and great numbers of them remained through the summer of 1867, and as seekers have to eat, even as you and I, Belleville and vicinity in 1867 was treated to one grand little old exhibition of gold mine swindling. If there was any scheme left unworked it was only because the harpies didn't need to use it. It really was a shame the way they took the money away from the natives. It was like taking candy from a baby. The people came up in crowds and they lined up, figuratively speaking, and held out the stockings and sugar bowls full of money and asked the kind gentlemen to please take it from them. Belleville villians of that year learned all about "salted" mines, crooked "assays," phony quartz mills and all other thimblerigging that accompanys gold boom in a place where there is no gold.

All sorts of "mining companies" were formed; many a family in that section and elsewhere gathered, in exchange for real money, enough nice, gaudily printed Mining Stock Certificates to paper the spare bedroom. If they used them for this purpose they got a little good out of them, anyway. They should have made very fair wallpaper (they were printed on good tough stock) but that's all they were good for, as none of these companies ever paid dividends.

The result of all this was that the Belleville district got a reputation the poor old thing really did not deserve, for the sharpers were strangers, and mostly city slickers from the States, but it gave the mining industry thereabouts a black eye which it carried for many a day.

In later years the "Gatling Mine" was fairly prosperous. They found much ore of good quality and treated much that yielded as high as $35.00 a ton, but the deposits were not extensive and the mine finally petered out. The Gatling Mine had an exhibit at the Philadelphia Centennial in 1870 and received a Medal and Diploma for the samples of ore shown.

To be Continued.

A BIT OF MARY'S LAMB

Historic Account of Origin of the Nursery Rhyme "Mary Had a Little Lamb"

(Springfield Republican.)

The bequest of a bit of the wools of Mary's Lamb to the Somerville historical society in the will of Mrs. P. H. Derby, which was entered in the probate court in this city yesterday, brings to light the interesting information that the nursery jingle, 'Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as snow," had a basis in fact. The piece of wool in question was given to Mrs. Derby in 1800 by Mrs. Mary E. Tyler, the original of the little lamb jingle. It is a piece of yarn tied in a bow and fastened on a piece of paper with pale blue ribbon. Under it is written the words, "wool from Mary's lamb." It seems that when the Old South Church of Boston became involved financially one of the ways hit upon to raise money was suggested by Mrs. Tyler. She took a pair of old wool stockings that her mother had knit for her from the wool of her pet lamb, and which she had never worn, but kept in memory of the departed lamb. There were cut up into lengths and made into bows, like the one that was in the possession of Mrs. Derby, and sold for 25 cents each. The result was that $200 was realized, and thus the little lamb helped to save the Old South Church.

The story of Mary and her lamb is authenticated and the incidents bear a close relation to the events of the poem, or rather, jingle. Mary E. Sawyer was born in Sterling, March 22, 1806, and the house in which she was born is still standing. She had two sisters, and four brothers, none of whom ever had themselves immoralized a rhyme as Mary did. Mary's father was a farmer and kept sheep. One cold morning in March, 1814, just about 100 years ago and one year over, twin lambs were born in the Sawyer sheepfold, one of which was to be known in nursey rhyme for time immemorial. Like all geniuses, she—for it was a girl—displayed the vagaries of it before she was many hours old. So much so in fact that her mother would have nothing of her. Little Mary, aged eight, took pity on the young thing and asked her father if she might have it, not thinking of the greatness that would some of this charitable deed. She fed and tended it, and the two became very fond of one another.

It was but natural that the lamb should in time come to have a thirst for knowledge, and, as the first stanza of the jingle has it, "It followed her to school one day," "Which", we are told, "was against the rule," and, as might be expected, "it made the children laugh and play, to see a lamb at school." It seems that the teacher laughed too, and everything was lovely for a time. But discipline had to be maintained, and:—

"So then the teacher turned it out.
But still it lingered near,
And waited patiently about
Till Mary did appear."

All of which is strictly true to fact It appears that when Mary arrived at the school the teacher had not come yet and so the mischievous Mary hid the pet in her desk, which was a box-like affair. When school began and the children were called out for their clases, the lamb trotted out to have a hand in the proceedings. And this, alas, caused it to be put without the pale.

Now it happened, so strange are the immutable workings of fate, that a young man of 17, a freshman at Harvard, by the name of John Roulstone, Jr., was visiting the teacher at the school that day. The incident inspired him, and a short time after he wrote and sent to Mary the jingle that is so well known. The ideal way to have the thing work out would have been the marriage of Mary and the budding genius. But no, he died a few years later, never having seen Mary again, so far, as there is any record.

The strain of being a celebrity was too much for the lamb, and after bearing up bravely under it for two years it gave up the struggle, got in the way of a bull on Thanksgiving Day, 1816, and was gored. It died an hour later, with its head on Mary's lap.

In 1835 Mary was married to Columbus Tyler, superintendent of the McClean Hospital for the Insane at Somervilel. She became a matron at the institution, a position she held for 35 years, and several years after her husband died. She died in Somerville, December 12, 1889, and was buried on the Mt. Auburn cemetery, near Boston, the same cemetery in which the poet, Longfellow, is buried. The glowing example of what happened teo Mary ought to inspire little children to be kind to dumb beasts and they, too, may some time taste the fruits of immortality.

Besides the lamb's wool bequest, Mrs. Derby left the following legacies to various charitable institutions: Springfield Branch of Woman's Board of Misions, $300. Norton Memorial Fund of the same organization $200; Congregational Women's Home Mission Society of Massachusetts, $300; trustees of the National Council of the Congregational Churches of the United States, $300, to be applied to ministerial relief; Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, $200. Certain books from Mrs. Derby's library are bequeathed to the Springfield City Library Association and the remainder of the estate is to be divided equally between her two nephews, Dr. Edward C. Booth, of Somerville, and Harry D. Booth, of Albany, Ill. Charles A. Gleason is named as executor without bond.

MOTHERS' DAY FITTINGLY OBSERVED

Special Services in Various Churches—Mass Meeting of Men in Bridge Street Church Largely Attended—Appropriate Music and Address

In the month of May comes Mother's Day.

White flowers, emblems of purity and fidelity, were in evidence yesterday, it being commemorated as Mother's Day. In the various churches of the city special services were held, and sermons were delivered touching upon the influence of mothers in private and even national life. Large congregations were in attendance, entering heartily into the spirit of the services.

In the afternoon a mass meeting for men of the city was held in the auditorium of Bridge street Methodist Church, and was largely attended. All present wore either a white or red flower, denoting that mother was either dead or living. The gathering was under the auspices of the Men's Bible Classes of the various churches and the Y.M.C.A. Mr. H. W. Ackerman, president o fthe Business Men's Bible Class of Bridge Street Church, was chairman. The proceedings opened by the singing of "Saved by His Grace," rendered by the quartette of the Tabernacle Church, composed of Mrs. Jas. Grant, Mrs. C. H. Nicholson, Mr. Schryver and Mr. Moorman. The hymn "Tell Mother I'll be There," was sung by all present, after which Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, B.A., teacher of the Business Men's Bible Class, gave a few words of welcome, expressing his pleasure at seeing so many present at the meeting. Today was a day that brought back the memories of childhood and mother. It was a day when new resolutions should be formed and new motives put into practice. The memory of mother, he was certain, would ever live with all. In concluding Mr. O'Flynn read two extracts in regard to tributes to mothers.

Rev. A. S. Qerr, M.A., Pastor of St. Andrew's Church, read the Scripture lesson, followed by an appropriate prayer by Rev. C. G. Smith, B.D., pastor of the Baptist Church.

Mr. O. K. Pimlott sang in a most acceptable manner a solo entitled "Thy Will be Done."

The address of the afternoon was given by the Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A., pastor of the Tabernacle Church, who spoke tenderly and sympathetically of mother. He said that all had to thank God for the patience that mothers displayed with their children. The ties that bind us to home and childhood are most precious. In referring to the war the reverend speaker spoke of the sacrifices that many mothers in Canada are making in giving up their sons to fight in a cause which is considered just. The soldier boys who go away should keep up the line of communication with their mothers and loved ones at home. In all walks of life we need to keep open the lines of communication by prayer and scriptural reading. No great sacrifices and no more heroic struggles are made than some mothers are making in the present conflict—a conflict that is most grievous. Out of it all he said he felt confident that our forces would emerge triumphant. We were facing realities such as never before were faced. The question today is—is this mighty cause worth fighting for? Is it worth our every effort. If England had not seen Belgium devastated as it was she would have drawn her sword for the sake of humanity and nationality. She would have drawn the sword for the defenceless and weak. England was doubly justified in taking the part she is taking in this gigantic struggle. In closing the preacher referred to the fact that today we wear the white or red flower in memory or in honor of mother. Let us be worthy of mother's love and affection. His prayer was that all would seek to live in the fear of God and ever remember the godly counsel and loving prayers of mother.

The address was followed by a solo rendered by Mr. Maurice LaVoie, entitled "A Boy's Best Friend is Mother." This was sung with much feeling and effect.

Mr. Davidson, of the Baptist Church, sang effectively a solo entitled "Jesus Calls Us"; and Mr. A. Haynes rendered most acceptably "No Room in the Inn."

After the singing of the hymn "My Mother's Prayer," Rev. E. C. Currie, B.A., pastor of the John Street Presbyterian church, gave the closing prayer.

The accompaniments for the songs and hymns were played by Miss Edna Wallace in her usual accomplished manner.

CANADIANS AT THE FRONT

The bosom of every Canadian born man and woman in Chicago swelled with feelings of satisfaction when they read the scare headlines in our daily papers here, telling of the heroic action of the Canadian troops at the front in France. Our minds traveled back to a similar occasion some years ago, during the Boer war in South Africa, when the papers here heralded similar tidings to us. There's something in that Canadian valor, in the face of danger. A news item tells of an interview with a Canadian soldier after the battle. The soldier was asked by the interviewer what effect the acid bombs the Germans are using had on the Canadian troops in that battle. "The bombs made us mad," he said, "and more determined to get at them as quickly as we could!" We wonder if Kaiser Bill the Bold has read that interview, and, if so, what he thinks of the action of the troops from a colony which, eight months ago was reported in Germany to be in revolt against the British Crown. These are parlous days for Kaiser Bill and he fears the accession by the Allies of those additional Canadian contingents in course of formation. That's why his emissaries are burning down the plants of the Graham Company and why they are doing everything within their power to prevent the Canadian contingents from becoming units in the British army. But the Canadians will continue to form contingents as long as the motherland and human welfare need them, and Canadians, both of the present and of the future, will be found, as has their first contingent in France, well up in the battle front, doing valiant service in the cause of justice and civilization, and bearing their fair share of the burdens of the human race as becomes a cultured, enlightened and highly civilized nation:—The Chicago-Belleville News.

PICKED UP HERE AND THERE

An ex-lieutenant of the German army who was a witness in a case in Toronto admitted that he had sworn falsely in the preliminary hearing in the police court. He said in extenuation that he had given false testimony because he did not think he had to tell the truth as he had not been sworn by a German oath. Now, that's a wise guy, all right—a simple child of nature, a blushing violet near a mossy sone!

Fine white marble that is rapidly replacing Italian marble for interior purposes is being quarried in Hastings County near Bancroft.

The Intelligencer says: "If it were possible to grow hair on bald heads do you suppose John D. Rockefeller would wear a wig? No, we don't nor we don't believe there would be so many bald-headed barbers "—The Chicago-Belleville News.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes
Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps
Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
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Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
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Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.
The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
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McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage
Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.
Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS
G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS
THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR April Sale
If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.
Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,
THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This
We have an unusually largestock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.
Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.
H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
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Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates. Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

AFTER THE WAR.

Although the prospects of an early termination of the war appear to be very remote, it is not too soon to consider the most important question—what will become of the soldiers who return from the war? If the whole British Empire is unanimous upon any one subject it is that the brave fellows, who gave up their employment and took up arms at the call of duty, shall not be allowed to suffer for their patriotism after peace has been declared. After this great upheaval the world will never be just the same. The map of Europe will probably be re-drawn, and vital changes take place in the political, social and economic conditions of the nations. Economic authorities anticipate that the war will be followed by a period of industrial confusion caused by the return of a vast body of workers whom it will be found impossible to absorb right away, and the time necessary for the adjustment of trade conditions may be somewhat protracted. This should be minimized if it cannot be avoided. Work should be found for the war-stained warriors, and the widows and fatherless children will have to be provided for.

In a great many cases the situations of the volunteer soldiers have been left open. But it must be recognized that our boys when they come back will not be the same. They will return with new ideas of life; and in many instances old vocations and old environments will have lost power to satisfy them. Their aspirations and ambitions will search a wider horizon, and they will cast their eyes on the British Dominions. Fired, as they will be, from contact with their brothers-in-arms from over the seas, the ampler vistas of Canada, Australia and New Zealand will doubtless have an irresistible appeal for our adventurous and enterprising boys. The need for a central authority, with responsible agencies throughout the Empire, to guide this anticipated migratory movement, is very apparent. The Salvation Army is willing and anxious to take up the work, and is already making preliminary enquiries in Canada.

Colonel Hammond is now on a visit to this country, in pursuance of this object, and was in Belleville on Saturday. He stated that in General Booth's opinion the first thing that should be done is to set up some central authority, adequately equipped, for inviting, obtaining and considering plans and proposals from all parts of the Empire. In the next place, the General proposed that this Board should be authorized to assist, either by grant outright or by loans, any approved scheme put forward by Dominion Governments, or local authorities, or any substantial, responsible societies, or individuals. The third proposal is that a grant of £10,000,000, or some adequate sum from the war fund, should be made straight out to enable the Board to meet the difficulties by the better permanent distribution of unemployed labour. In view of the unemployment which has existed in Canada during the last year, it is evident that a large influx of immigrants would be a serious matter. It is equally clear that the only way in which they could be absorbed would be upon the land. Col. Hammond stated that one Province had made the suggestion that a colony should be established, consisting of one thousand lots of one hundred acres. Of course the financial part is the crux of the whole question; but he thinks that for a patriotic cause such as this the Imperial Government might be induced to advance money at a low rate of interest—say, three per cent.; and that some guarantee should be given by the men taking the land that it should be cultivated, and that it should not be sold within a given number of years. This is a practical suggestion; and if it could be carried out it would be to the advantage of the Dominion. With an area of 3,530,000 square miles and a population of only 7,250,000 it is evident that Canada has room for a great many immigrants of the right sort—those who will go on the land and remain there, and not drift into the already over-populated larger cities. Whatever the outcome of his mission, Col. Hammond will receive a courteous and sympathetic reception wherever he goes.

CURRENT COMMENT

The mine-sweeper turned around and hit the German with a broom.

See where some broken China is going to be Japaned. Made in Germany?

It begins to look as though Japan is about to make a noise like a bull in a China shop.

Col. Walker Powell, who died lately in Ottawa, was born in 1828 in Brantford.

Miles J. McGuil, of Detroit, opened a jar of plums recently that were put down 45 years ago. They were fine.

Germany will have no respect for ancient architecture until German gargoyles are having the stony grins knocked off them.

Even haberdashers are returning to the normal. It is announced that the bows on men's hats have shifted around to the side again.

The worst about the Germans' poison fog is that they can't really control the wind. Too bad to have the asphyxiation dope come back and hit them in the periscope.

A young California farmer while ploughing this spring, turned up a gold watch lost by his grandfather in 1860. The watch had stopped running, but otherwise the store is plausible enough.

Since the war began, numerous wills have been probated in England, leaving estates valued at hundreds of thousands of dollars. With them, wealth was valued at mere dross compared with honor. Such is the glory of British aristocracy.

Even in petty meannesses as well as in great crimes, the German military machine does not miss many opportunities. The latest is the seizure of Belgian Red Cross funds amounting to $40,00. The machine would not be above commandeering milk on the way to starving babies.

Who was the Belleville man who took his two children into a Kingston hotel and ordered soft boiled eggs for breakfast? He got the pretty young waitress to put something under the children's dishes for fear of them upsetting their eggs on the table cloth. Then he spilt his own soup and one egg.

Professor Ridgeway of Cambridge is the champion pessimist. He declares that this war is an outcome of the necessary struggle for racial supremacy, that it is only the first of a series of great wars, and that those which are to follow will be worse than this one. This man would be more at home in a German university than at Cambridge.

In fining a citizen $50 for neglecting to use the war stamp, Magistrate Jelfs, of Hamilton, confessed that he had himself forgotten to affix a stamp to a check as required by law. Now it would be interesting to know whether the magistrate has found himself guilty and imposed a fine.

The latest exploits of the gallant German navy reveal more clearly perhaps than any previous incidents the nature of this war, and the spirit in which they are waging it. The treatment of non-combatants in Belgium is being repeated at sea and deliberately, with enjoyment.—London Times.

President Howard of the United Press, who has spent three months in Europe with peculiar opportunities for studying the situation, brings back a discouraging report with regard to the probable length of the war. He sees no reason to expect an end of the fighting within a year. He finds both sides so thoroughly equipped and so strongly entrenched that the outcome will, in his opinion, be a matter of physical endurance and of exhaustion of resources, rather than success at arms.

There is no need for us to jeer at the English. It is sufficient to read the works of their great writers to make us tremble at the damning denunciations of their own people that bristle all over the pages of their works. Why, then, should we Germans be surprised at being made the victims of these vicious instincts? Nor should we even blame the English. The poor people cannot help their nature any more than a mad dog can help biting. Only as we do not stop to argue with a mad dog before we batter him on the head, we need waste no more precious ink in the vain attempt at adding to the already firmly implanted convictions of our people that the English are animals in human form.—Frankfort Zeitung.

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FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Canadian Flag At Westminster

Canadian Battery Banner in Henry VII's Chapel—Historic Setting for the Kingston Colors

Writing from London, Eng., to the Toronto Telegram, Douglas S. Robertson says:

Its silken folds draped against the delicate bronze grill-work that surrounds the tomb of the Royal founder, the flag of the Kingston Battery of the Canadian artillery is now the centre of attraction in King Henry VII's chapel, Westminster Abbey.

Just behind the high altar rests the regimental banner. And here in this ancient sanctuary, this hallowed shine of the empire, the banner will be guarded till Canada's son return from the front.

In the twilight that filters through stained glass and dim old lozenge-shaped panes, the writer stood in this beautiful chapel this morning. Overhead, wrought in stone, sixty feet above the marble floor, is that arched roof, whose fairly tracery is the chief glory of the place. All around in the little side chapels lie effigies of the Royal dead, moulded in bronse, carved in ivory-like alabaster. High on a block of marble rests Mary, Queen of Scots. Hard by, aquiline in feature, her long slender hands folded in prayer, lies Margaret Beaufort, mother of Henry VII. Her good deeds live after. After four centuries this queen's bounty is still enjoyed and every Saturday morning forty old women—just as she had decreed—receive each a gift of a loaf of bread, a piece of meat and two pence.

FIGHTING TO SAVE IT

"Ah, this will interest you especially," exlaimed a black-gowned verger of the Abbey. He beckoned to a Canadian soldier who with a blue-uniformed Belgian cavalryman was visiting the chapel. "We'll guard it faithfully till your gunners come back to claim it. You know you, too, among other things, are fighting to protect this grand old cathedral from the Huns."

In stately company is the Canadian battle flag. It rests in that position of Henry's sanctuary known as the chapel of the Knights of the Bath. A blaze of color—reds, blues, orange and green, black and white, in strange heraldic devices—the banners of the knights hang down each sides of the sanctuary, their top stalls are carved oak black with the centuries. Surmounting the lofty back to each seat is a miniature sword and the helmet of the occupant, bearing the colored crest—aswan, a mailed fist, a boar's head, or the like—which distinguishes medieval knights on the battlefield.

One stall at the ends stands apart from the rest. The helmet above it is crested with the golden lion of England, and a huge banner the imposing emblazonry of the United Kingdom. That is the King's seat. Opposite it, in the rows of stalls facing, the end seat, too, bears the Royal emblems. As Grand Master of the order the Duke of Connaught, Canada's Governor-General, sits there on state occasions.

Great soldiers have sat in those historic chairs. Here the Duke of Wellington's armorial bearings are blazoned on the ancient woodwork and over an adjacent stall hangs the banner of Lord Roberts.

Thus, in the age-old Abbey, amid the effigies of crusading knights and the tombs of great statesmen and dauntless warriors, the Canadian colors rest.

GERMANS STEAL $40,000

Take Red Cross Funds Despite Protests From Belgium

LONDON, May 8.—A despatch from Havre to The Daily Telegraph says that Prince De Ligne, President of the Belgian Red Cross, reports that Gen. Von Bissin, the German Governor of Belgium, has dispossessed the Red Cross from its powers and seized funds amounting to 200,000 francs ($40,00). De Ligne has filed protests with the American Minister to Belgium, and the international Headquarters of the Red Cross at Geneva.

New Zealand in 1914 exported $2,460,000 worth of butter.

How Canadians Saved the Guns

Story of Driver Wheeler, Who is Recommended For Victoria Cross

LONDON, May 8.—Driver Wheeler, of the Canadian artillery, now lying at a hospital here with a shattered arm, says he is amused at finding himself a hero so troubled that he cannot reply to the shoals of letters he is receiving from admiring women. With two other comrades he has been recommended for the Victoria Cross.

Describing the events following the loss of the guns, he says all the horses had been killed and our fellows were rushing like mad into the Germans with the bayonet to get the guns back. My two friends and myself thought we would try. We had to cross a grain field and two large ditches. When we got to the two guns the Germans were precious near them. One chap had got right up close. I knew he was trying to get to the breech, so I emptied my revolver into him. We had only six horses, and they reckon on eight horses to pull a gun. We got one clear away, but on coming back for the second my horse was shot under me, throwing me under the wheels and breaking my elbow. I already had a piece of shrapnel in there. We got the second one, and were then used up, so we tumbled into a ditch. Those guns were again in action for us the night afterwards.

FOUGHT LIKE THE VERY DEVIL

London, May 8.—Mr. Maclaren Brown, the European manager of the Canadian Pacific, favors us with the following extract from the letters of an English officer: "In the last fight the Canadians have fought like the very devil. We lay next them about six weeks ago and they made our men look like pigmies. They are great, big, hard-looking ruffians, and have proved more than a match for the Germans. For three days and three nights they have stuck to an almost untenable position and closed up the gap which the Germans made between them and the French.

THE GALLOWS BUILDERS

"What hammering is that " cried the
monarch from his bed,
Straining every snapping nerve to
hear;
"What hammering is that 'Tis enough to wake the dead,"
And his tortured face was weak with
fear;
"'Tis your guns, your majesty, your
splendid batteries;
They are pounding at the British good
and hard."
"Nay, nay!" the monarch cried and a
spasm shook his knees;
"A gallows they are building in the
yard!"

"What hammering is that?" cried the
monarch from his couch,
And he watched his guardians with a
leer;
There among the bed clothes he did
crouch,
Like a stricken beast he strove to hear;
"'Tis your howitzers, your majesty,
'Tis the clanging of your iron shard."
"Nay, nay!" he thundered, "you lie to
me;
A gallows they are building in the
yard."

"What hammering is that?" sobbed
the monarch in his dream,
Oh dreamer, so agonized and drear,
List'ning for an answer he did seem,
Straining all his tortured nerves to
hear:
"'Tis your faithful guard, your majesty,
Lo! they bar the British from your
sward";
"They'll hang me high as Haman!"
said he;
"A gallows they are building in the
yard!"

"What hammering is that?" cried the
monarch at the dawn;
"They have got their hammers out
for me";
His face so troubled was wet and
drawn;
"What hammering is that? Go and
see!"
"'Tis the guns; they thunder o'er the
snow,
Lo! about you we are keeping ward."
But he shook his head. "Alas! I
know,
A gallows they are building in the
yard!"

—R. N. Kernighan,
in Toronto Telegram.

MR. R. W. SHANNON WEDS

His Bride is Miss Sears, Formerly of Kingston

The many Kingston friends of Mr. R. W. Shannon, M.A., K.C., and Miss Emily Frances Sears, will receive with interest the announcement of their marriage in Regina on May 1st last. The groom is a son of the late James Shannon for many years proprietor of The Kingston News. He was editor of the News at one time, and later, with his brother, L. W. Shannon, took over the Ottawa Citizen. Subsequently he went west, where he has greatly prospered as a result of his ability and enterprise. For a number of years he was city solicitor of Saskatoon, Sask., and also solicitor for the C.P.R. The Saskatchewan Government, recognizing his especial fitness for the position, made him Legislative Counsel for the Province, a position which he is ably filling at the present time—Standard.

Greater Wars Are to Come

Prediction of a Century of World-wide Wars, By a Pessimistic German

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—The prediction that a world-wide war is drawing near, and that the United States will be drawn into it in order to protect her rights on land and sea, was made this afternoon by Professor Kuno Meyer, the distinguished German savant.

Asked his opinion on the European conflict and whether China and Japan will go to war, Dr. Meyer replied:

"I think so. This will be a whole century of wars. China and Japan will fight. The war will extend to the Indians and Pacific oceans. Australia will be brought into it. America will be drawn into it despite her efforts to remain neutral. In fact, it will be a world-wide war between the white and the yellow races as my Emperor has expressed it.

"This is a golden opportunity for Japan. She realizes that the European nations cannot interfere with her, and that America will not. Those who think the statesmen of various countries are suffering from an aberration will change their minds later on. It will be a question of superiority. There are so many underlying reasons for the great war that is to come that it will take a great deal of time to explain it all

"It will not be a question of Belgium. Nor will it be a question of Alsace Lorraine. Enormous interests are at stake. Nations are in the ascendency, one above another. They will fight for commercial development and finally against England's control of the seas. That is one reason for the present war. Germany will not stand for it.

"America will try to remain neutral. Nations will gradually encroach upon her rights, and the United States Government will have to fight to protect her own interests."

German Espionage At Esquimault

Another Example of the Minute Ramifications of the German Spy System

Not the least interesting tale of German espionage is that woven around the theft of the plans of the fortifications at Esquimault, the Pacific naval base of the British Columbia coast. The story as narrated to a reporter by a British Columbia man visiting in Kingston, affords another example of the minute ramifications of the German spy system.

Alvo Von Alvonsleiben established himself in the best circles in Vancouver and Victoria, had a beautiful home, entertained handsomely and was a member of the select clubs. He owned a big mine on Vancouver Island, and was intimate with the manager of a trust company, the dissolution of which enters to some extent in the Esquimalt affair. The plans of the fortifications were supposed to have been in the sole possession of a public man very prominent in British Columbia affairs. The latter's private secretary was an intimate friend of the trust company which had reached a precarious condition through its manager's financial plunging. Von Alvonsleiben, the recital, proceeds, was aware of the above facts, and approached the trust manager with an offer for Esquimault's plans to be obtained through the private secretary.

Shortly afterwards Von Alvonsleiben's brother left British Columbia for Germany, and apparently decided to investigate Gibraltar. He was arrested there as a spy, and when searched the plans of Esquimault were found upon him. He was summarily disposed of in the manner prescribed for spies, but there was a hurry-up call to the British Columbia trusted officials. The cable announcing the arrest of the lesser Von Alvonsleiben was opened in the department office by the private secretary, who pulled out a desk drawer in which he kept a revolver. To the scandal of the department, he added a tragedy.

The cablegram included a summons to the public official to proceed immediately to London, a fact which the fact recorded shortly after the outbreak of the war. Of course, the tangle was straightened out, but Alvo Von Alvonsleiben's big residence is now ocupied only by his wife. There are rumors of a high-powered gray car making night trips from Seattle where Alvo has been interned, but this is not vouched for. However, there is the story in its barest details. It was related to the reporter as a real fact, and even as fiction, its outline is almost worthy of E. Phillipps Oppenheim.

While dismounting from an open College car shortly before midnight last night in Toronto, Private E. W. Creswick of the 48th Highlanders, caught a shoe lace in the step and was thrown backward to the pavement, receiving a bad shaking.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY
Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.
OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily
MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays 8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.
Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland
Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Reduced Tourist Fares
TO
Muskoka Lakes — Lake of Bays
Georgian Bay — Kawartha Lakes
French River — Algonquin Park
Maganetawan River — Timagami Etc.
On Sale May 1st from certain stations in Canada. Liberal Stop-Overs.
Panama Pacific Exposition
REDUCED FARES TO SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO
Full particulars, berth reservations, etc., at Grand Trunk ticket offices.
H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS
Liverpool — Montreal
May 21 ....Metagama .... June 3
June 4 .....Missanabie ...June 17
June 18 ....Metagama .... July 1
July 2 ....Missanabie .... July 15
Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)
Lv. BELLEVILLE 3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO 7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE 2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA 7.40 a.m.
(Central Station)
DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)
Lv. BELLEVILLE 5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO 9.15 p.m.
Lv BELLEVILLE 2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA 7.05 p.m.
(Central Station)
For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

Mayor Martin of Montreal is in New York, signing debentures to the extent of thirteen thousand $1,000 certificates.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 70—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 11—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.60 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'
Going West.
	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.
	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.
Going North.
	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.
	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY
EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.
For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 5.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Tarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—3.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE
	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto . .	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville . .	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal . .	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local
Leave Trenton . . . . 8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville . . .. 9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls . . .. 2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.
	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal . .	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville . .	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto . .	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.
Leave Smith's Falls .... 7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville .... 12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton .... 12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily
Attractive Tours to PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M G Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

The Merchants Bank Of Canada
Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000
YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
Belleville Branch — H. SNEYD, Manager

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000
The A, B, C of Banking
Deposit Your Savings Regularly
Every Dollar Earns Interest
From Date of Deposit
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro „ „ Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville „ „ Wednesdays

French Estimate Of British Forces

PARIS, May 8.—An interesting calculation of the approximate strength of the British forces in France, appears in L'Economiste Francais, from the pen of Paul Leroy Breaulieu, famous economist and statesman. He takes Lloyd George's statement that the British forces now abroad are equivalent to thirty-six divisions. Some French newspapers, he says, have supposed that a British division numbers 20,000 men, and that in consequence the total in question is 720,000 men. This figure is, in my opinion exaggerated, as it would be nearer the truth to give 15,000 men with a division, more so as this figure fits in with the declaration of Lord Kitchener, who spoke of an average of 30,000 men being sent each week across to the continent. At fifteen thousand men a division, we may reckon that the thirty-six English divisions in France and Belgium number about 540,000 By far the greater part of these are not at the front. The French communique of April 26 measures the western front at 950 kilometres. Any calculation of this kind is difficult, for the front consists of a very irregular lin,e full of salients and re-trants. Supposing, instead of 950 kilometres a total of 800 kilometres, the British troops would not seem to occupy appreciably more than 80 odd kilometres. From this we are entitled to conclude that if the British effectiveness in France has risen to 550,000 or 600,000 men, still more if they have reached a higher figure, about two-thirds of them must needs be still in the second line or in camps. Nevertheless our Ally's troops are growing continually in numbers. The British Government in order to facilitate the transport of troops suspended a short time ago the regular shipping services between England and Holland. We may hope more and more that the British forces that are co-operating with our troops will attain the effectiveness so often indicated as a million men, and that the strength will be kept up."

OFFICIAL OVER ZEALOUS

Took Accounts From a Woodstock Firm's Messenger

WOODSTOCK, May 8.—A peculiar interpretation was put upon the postal regulations today when the local postoffice authorities confiscated a number of accounts enclosed in envelopes that were being delivered by a messenger employed by a local business firm. The accounts were taken away from the messenger on the street by a postoffice employee, and it was only after a threatened charge of theft, and after the divisional postoffice department at London had been communicated with, that the local authorities would give up the accounts. Over the long distance telephone the inspector at London gave the assurance that the local postoffice people had misunderstood the regulations. The result of the incident will likely be a definite ruling as to whether or not people have the privilege of delivering their own accounts or messages surrounded by a white envelope.

Grand Trunk News Bureau

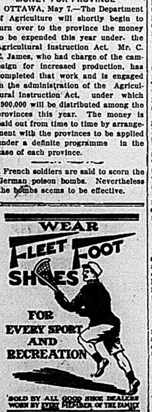
Mr. W. C. Sealy is appointed Master Mechanic of the G.T.R. Ontario Lines with headquarters at Toronto, in place of Mr. J. Markey, deceased.

Agricultural News

MONEY FOR PROVINCE

OTTAWA, May 7.—The Department of Agriculture will shortly begin to turn over to the province the money to be expended this year under the Agricultural Instruction Act. Mr. C. C. James, who had charge of the campaign for increased production, has completed that work and is engaged in the administration of the Agricultural Instruction Act, under which $900,000 will be distributed among the provinces this year. The money is paid out from time to time by arrangement with the provinces to be applied under a definite programme in the case of each province.

French soldiers are said to scorn the German poison bombs. Nevertheless the bombs seems to be effective.



THE DRUMS OF WAR.

The Wonderful Effect of Martial Music on Fighting Men.

More brass bands and fife-and-drum corps are needed with the British armies at the front and popular subscriptions are being taken in England to equip and send them.

A good many of the fighting regiments are without bands and it has been noticed that they do not fight as well, do not march as well and are not as contented and cheerful in camp as the men of the regiments which have bands.

Earl Roberts said in a speech shortly before his death:

"I can speak from my own experience of what use a regimental band is to a regiment. I have seen men weary, worn out with fatigue, hot and smothered with dust, brighten up the moment they heard the tap of the drum, indicating that the band was going to play a lively quickstep. It has the greatest effect on the men in camp and in quarters."

One of the most delightful bits of verse ever written is Henry Newbolt's description of how a squadron of "weary big dragoons," whipped, retreating and discouraged, was drifting through a wrecked French town when one of the company found a child's toy drum and another found a penny tin whistle in the ruins of a toy shop. The one with the whistle struck up the Marseillaise, the one with the drum beat time to it. The straggling squadron halted, turned, reformed and, to the beating of the child's drum and the strains of the tin whistle, marched to victory.

Rudyard Kipling tells a story of a cholera camp in India, where the men were suffering badly. The regimental band started one night that queer, defiant tune, "The Lincolnshire Poacher." It was merely their regimental march, which the men had heard a thousand times. There was nothing in it except—except all England—all the seacoast—all the fun and daring and horseplay of young men bucketing about the big pastures by moonlight. But, as it was played very softly, at that bad time in that terrible camp of death, it was the one thing in the world which could have restored — which did restore—shaken men to pride, humor and self-control.

A New Palestine.

Through missionary channels there reach Canada from England reports that a definite understanding among the allies exists concerning Palestine in the event of the fall of the Turkish power, and concerning the mosque of St. Sophia in case Constantinople be taken. It is reported that British capitalists desire to network the Holy Land with rapid trolley lines, to develop horticulture, and to dot the country with good, moderate rate hotels. A seaport is also to be developed. This done, it is held that all the world with journey thither.

It is further reported through these missionary channels that the British promoters are in thorough sympathy with the Zionist movement. It is reported that the conditions of the Jews in Poland is likely to be worse after the war, if Rusisa grants Polish autonomy, than it has been in the past. The Holy Land offers a refuge, since Jews are at home in Palestine.

Concerning St. Sophia, the same missionary reports say it is to become, if Constantinople fall, a cathedral of the Russian Church. It is declared on all hands that the famous mosque will not be permitted to remain in the hands of the Moslems.

Romance of Walking Sticks.

The general use of canes or walking sticks was at one time forbidden in Rome by imperial edict, except to persons of patrician rank, thus making it a privilege which came to be popular among the nobility, and eventually a distinction. The women of that time carried them also, their richly and artistically decorated canes serving as a rod for the punishment of their slaves.

The cane appeared in England as the badge of aristocracy in about the fifth century, but after serving this purpose for some time came into the hands of the humbler and was dropped by those of higher social standing. It was re-established in its true form by the pilgrims and soldiers returning from the Holy Land during the Crusades, and soon came into popularity again. With a revival of the cane among the gentry came a period of decoration, and canes of exquisite design and of great value resulted.

"Seedies" and "Kroomen."

There are many curious ratings in the navy. In the navy list there appear the payments to be made to "Seedies," "Tindals of Seedies," and "Kroomen," though not the slightest indication is given as to what kind of sailors these are.

Seedie boys are really negroes from the East Coast of Africa, while Krooman are negroes from the West Coast of Africa.

They are employed on these stations instead of our ordinary Jack Tars because they can work in the terrific heat of the sun, heat that would be extremely dangerous for any white man.

The "Tindal of Seedies" is the navy name for the negro petty officer. Tindal comes from a Malay word meaning chief.

Women To Be Railroad Porters.

The Great Central Railway Co. in England has begun experiments to see how far women can be employed as railway porters, to set free men of military age. Other lines will follow the Great Central's example, it is expected, if the women prove equal to the work.

Aiming at Air-Craft.

In shooting at an aeroplane the rifle is aimed not at the machine, but at a point about six lengths ahead of it. To hit the centre of a Zeppelin the rifleman aims at its nose.

Four hundred and ten dolalrs in bills was found sewn in the trousers of William Wililamson, who was killed by an automobile last night in Toronto.

HOUSECLEANING FURNITURE
A Wax polish is as easy to use as any oily preparation and will not give that bluish, foggy tinge which so spoils the appearance of a good piece of furniture.
RONUK removes grease spots and stains and gives a soft, durable gloss, which does not finger-mark. A dry dusting keeps it bright.
RONUK
the English Wax Polish and Cleanser is used by the leading Furniture Factories in Canada for the final finishing of all high-class furniture. 76
On sale at all stores 25c. to $1.00

INTERESTING ITEMS

Patrick Ambrose, a Montreal grocer was held up in his own bed room by a burglar and relieved of his watch and $12 in cash.

Miss Jane Adams of Chicago is at present addressing the Women's Peace Conference at the Hague.

Alfred Anclair, Montreal was sentenced to two years for burglary. He has a record of altogether nineteen years of imprisonment behind him.

The American owners of the Wilhelmina have received satisfaction at the hands of the British, approximately, in cash $430,000.

The military camp at Guelph is to be transferred to London, Ont.

Court House and avenue at Brockville are to be tarvia paved and beautified. Can't beat our market square and street, though.

Mrs. Mary Craig Sinclair, wife of Upton Sinclair, wants damages from various papers for reporting her arrest in New York.

Forty-two robberies have been reported in Windsor inside of the last two months, yet not a single arrest has been made.

John Bunny's widow receives in his will, his whole personal property to the value of $3,000.

Students of the Galt Collegiate Institute have forwarded to Toronto the sum of $100 for the equipment of beds in the University of Toronto Base Hospital.

Some 400 delegates were on hand at the opening of the third annual convention of the Ontario Retail Grocer's Association, held at London.

Ray, the six-year old son of E. Griffiths, of Tilsonburg, while playing near the track, was struck by a train backing down to the Canadian Cereal Mills, St. Thomas, and lies in a critical condition.

Hermann Tootle, who lives on the American side of the Detroit River at a point nearly opopsite Sandwich, appeared in the Police Court, at Windsor, charged with smuggling undesirables into Canada.

Three steel bulk freight seamers, the St. Clair, the Ontario, and the Champlain of the Northern Lake Steamship Company, have been sold to the Pioneer Steamship Company. They are valued at $800,000.

Pte. Bolton, doing guard duty at For Henry, walked off the wall into the court yard, and sustained painful injuries.

A number of the wives of the officers of the 21st Battalion at Kingston, will sail shortly to be with their husbands. Among these are Mrs. W. S. Hughes, Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Bowerbank and Mrs. Spriggs.

Stephen T. Smith, general manager of the Underwood Typewriter Company, died at New York of heart failure as he was opening letters at his desk.

On Sunday next, Mothers' Day as it is familiarly known, will be observed on the North American continent. The event has now become as popular as it is widespread. On that day human nature gives vent to its appreciation of true motherhood by the wearing of flowers, the sending of floral gifts to mothers at a distance and the decoration of the graves of those who have passed to the realms of glory. The season has been a favorable one for such and the local florists are well supplied with choice and expressive tokens suitable for the occasion.

THE DUBLIN FUSILIERS.

Famous Irish Corps Whose Gallantry Is Proverbial.

The boys of the Emerald Isle are fighting in France in their thousands, and none more gallantly than the Dublin Fusiliers. This famous Irish regiment was formed in the days of Elizabeth, but not until 1881, when British corps were given names in place of numbers, did it receive its present familiar title. The history of the Dublin Fusiliers is inseparably connected with India. For many years the regiment helped to defend the factories and ports of the British East India Company against the Dutch and the Portuguese. Under Clive the Fusiliers gained many honors, and on one occasion 200 of the Irishmen and a corps of natives captured the fortified town of Arcot, garrisoned by 1,000 men.

Clive awed the governor of the town into surrender, and amidst the astonished gaze of 100,000 inhabitants marched his handful of men into the city. When the news of the capture of Arcot reached the enemy, a force was speedily detached to recapture it, and 10,000 men, with elephants and artillery, soon appeared under the walls of the town. Clive and his garrison of 200 men tenaciously held the town, however, and the enemy, despite their overwhelming numbers, were driven off.

During the Indian mutiny the Fusiliers wore blue coverings on their forage caps, and this earned for them the nickname of "Blue Caps." When the Irishmen under Havelock cut their way through to Lucknow, the natives learned to fear the men with the colored headgear, for the rebel chieftains warned their dusky followers against the "blue-capped soldiers who fought like devils."

At the close of the Indian Mutiny the Fusiliers returned to Madras, where an enthusiastic reception awaited them. Pieces of plate were presented both to the officers' and sergeants' messes, and a statute was raised in Madras in honor of Col. Neill, who fell at the head of his regiment at Lucknow.

In the South African campaign the gallant deeds of the Dublin Fusiliers aroused great enthusiasm.

The Fusiliers led the heroic charge which captured the Boer defences on Tallana hill and drove the enemy away from Ladysmith. The regiment suffered heavily for its heroism. When the relieving force made its entry into Ladysmith a small body of officers and men headed Sir Redvers Buller's force. These were the few survivors of the Dublin Fusiliers who had been given this place of honor.

A Gruesome Gift.

A gruesome gift was made to Lord Nelson by one of his captains, a member of the illustrious "band of brothers," as he himself termed them, who fought under him in the battle of the Nile.

It will be rememberd that the French flagship l'Orient, 120 guns, one of the largest ships then afloat, was blown up in the action shortly after the French admiral, Brueys, had been killed. Among the English ships concentrating their fire on her was the Swiftsure, commanded by Capt. Ben Hallowell, anchored astern of the doomed Frenchman. The battle was begun late in the afternoon and continued well into the night. Soon after 9 o'clock flames shot out of the windows of the admiral's cabin aboard l'Orient.

Capt. Hallowell salved a part of l'Orient's mainmast, from which he had a coffin made. Less than a year later he sent the coffin to Nelson.

As to the motive, it is recorded: "The praises showered upon Nelson were so extravagant that," in the opinion of Capt. Hallowell, "he needed a reminder lest he should think himself immortal."

Perhaps the most extraordinary part of the affair was that Nelson, instead of being offended, was evidently pleased with the gift.

Nightshirt Council of British Leaders.

The most picturesque war council known to history took place during the battle of Mons last August. Commander-in-Chief, Sir John French, Gen. Sir Douglas Haig, and Gen. Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien, were awakened with the news that the British forces were gravely threatened by the Germans. Gathered about their maps in their nightshirts, they planned out new movements for the British and then went back to their beds.

In the morning, as the British again took up their retreat from Mons, Sir John French all at once broke out into a hearty laugh.

"What do you see that's funny?" demanded Sir Douglas Haig.

"I was only thinking how funny that nightshirt council would look in a history book," replied French.

Aeroplane Deafness.

A London ear specialist recently announced that quite a number of people who have been up in aeroplanes suffer from aeroplane deafness.

There are several causes. One is the swift change to a thinner atmosphere when the aeroplane rises high. Another is the pressure of the wind on the ears and nose. This has much the same choking and deafening effect as that felt on putting one's head out of a fast express.

The third cause is the roar of the engines.

In a few cases the deafness seems to stay permanently in a mild form. But most people recover from it entirely after a day or two.

A Welsh Pedigree.

Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, talking to a friend about the antiquity of his family, was told roughly that he was "a mere mushroom."

"How is that?" he asked indignantly.

"Why," said the other, "when I was in Wales a pedigree of a particular family was shown to me which filled more than five large parchment skins and near the middle of it was a note in the margin: 'About this time the world was created'."

Georgine Chilcott, Queen of the gypsies, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for defrauding, under the head of fortune teller.

"CLEARED FOR ACTION."

The Man Behind the Shovel and His Work In War.

"Well done, Indomitable stokers!" signalled Admiral Beatty, after the fleet he commanded had sunk the Blucher and crippled the German fleet as it scuttled back to Heligoland; while in his report afterwards he said: "Great credit is due to the engine-room staffs for the fine steaming of the squadron."

This tribute calls attention to the important part which the men who shovel the coal and oil the cranks play in modern sea fighting. They are as vital to the success of a naval "scrap" as the man behind the gun. For these are the days of express-speed warships and rapid manoeuvres, which are only possible when every ounce of power is being got out of the boilers and the engines.

Down away in the hot coal-bunkers, almost naked, grimy stokers will be serving the stokehold with coal to feed the roaring furnaces, while the engineer and his staff are professionally attending to the powerful engines. They get little glory, for in action the stokeholds and engine-rooms are battened down, in order that the furnaces may be run under forced draught, and this means that when the order "Every man for himself" goes forth the stoker has not even the chance of swimming for life which his comrades on deck enjoy. He has no knowledge of how the battle is proceeding above, and, although he can hear the shells bursting and fearful explosions occurring on deck, he must stick to his work of feeding the engines so long as the orders come through from the control station.

Mention of the latter recalls that one of the most wonderful features of a battleship is the manner in which it is controlled by the heart of the vessel. Under the deck, situated aft, is the control room, a noise-proof steel vault, about 10 by 6 feet. From floor to ceiling the walls are lined with dials, wires, gauges, electric bells, speaking tubes, switches, and a great amount of other apparatus, which keeps the commander in constant touch with every corner of the ship.

It is through the control room, which is usually staffed by about six men, that the commander issues his instructions, calls the gun crews from place to place, directs the engineers, steers the whole ship, and supervises everything. If a submarine, for instance, is seen in any direction, it is through the control room that it is reported. A little bell rings, a voice from far away—probably from the fire control station, which is on one of the masts above the deck—speaks: "Submarine on port bow, sir. Two leagues off." In an instant an officer thrills the gun crews: "'Ware submarine on port bow. Enemy's craft. Ready!" The gunners have been ready for some time, and when the chief gunner has "laid" the gun to his satisfaction, bang! goes a message the enemy will not forget if it hits him.

Jack's Food.

Sailors have very peculiar names for their food, and those not familiar with naval slang would be mystified if they heard a group of Tars discussing their daily menu. "Lobscouse" is what Jack calls his favorite dish of salt meat, biscuits, potatoes, onions, and spices. A "pillau" consists of salt beef cooked with fowl, rice, and onions, whilst "chowder" is a stew of codfish, rashers of bacon, and biscuits. Pies are always termed "deckers," and tinned mutton bears the sobriquet of "Fanny Adams."

Canteen delicacies have several nicknames. Tinned sardines are termed "sharks," whilst "spotted dog" is pressed beef.

The leavings of the meat ration are placed in a big pot and mixed with as many vegetables as are obtainable. This produces an appetizing dish, very popular in the navy, which is known as "pot mess."

Egypt's Famous Mosque.

Sultan Hussein will be a title which is really "reversion to type," for Egypt was long ruled by Sultans, one of whom has given his name to what some consider the finest specimen of Saracenic architecture in the world. This is the mosque of Sultan Hassan, the pride of modern Cairenes, which was built about 1360, partly with stone taken from the Pyramids. So delighted was the Sultan with the beauty of the design that he cut off the right hand of the architect to prevent him building a rival edifice. In the walls there are, or were, some cannon-balls fired from the neighboring citadel during the French invasion of Egypt.

Careful of Their Own.

The German Admiralty has ordered its submariens to be careful about steamers leaving Havre for England because they may have German prisoners of war on board.

[illegible]

She was telling how she once had a canary, a dear little yellow thing, but she had forgotten and left him out in the rain one night, and in the morning there he lay, a little yellow, pitiful heap at the bottom of his cage, dead.

"But," they said to her, "if you must have a bird you can leave in the pouring rain, why get a canary? Why didn't you get a nice little duck?"

Trap For Submarines.

Submarine catching is now the [illegible] game of the British Admiralty. [illegible] wire netting, the meshes in it [illegible] feet square, has been sunk in the [illegible] frequented by German submarines far enough down not to touch [illegible] vessels. Miles of it have [illegible] sunk.

CHILD'S CONDITION WORRIED PARENTS

Little Daughter Very Delicate —Had No Strength—Made One of Healthiest Children in Town by Vinol.

Crestline, Ohio.—"I contracted a hard, chronic cough, and was in a weak, nervous, run-down condition for years. I was losing weight all the time and had no ambition. I have a small family of three, and it was hard for me to keep around and do my work. I took different medicines, but they did not relieve me to any extent. Finally I heard about Vinol and tried it, and I am happy to say that it has restored me to health and strength, and my cough is all gone and I feel fine now."—Mrs. H. H. CARLISLE, Crestline, Ohio.

It is the healing and strengthening properties of the extract of cod's livers and tonic iron combined in Vinol, which built up Mrs. Carlisle's health, and her cough disappeared as a natural result.

If Vinol fails to help all those who buy it for chronic coughs, colds, or weak, nervous, run-down conditions, we agree to return their money.

People everywhere are praising Vinol because they have found it just what they needed to drive away lingering coughs and to build up their health and strength.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

A BLORE MANOR EPISODE

She had begun fiercely, with all her old spirit. He turned away, and she ended with a sudden, anxious, pitiful lameness, that yet, so angry and dull of understanding was he, taught him nothing.

"Friends!" he cried impatiently. "I told you that it was impossible. Oh, Joan, think again! Have I been too hasty? Have I given you no time to weigh it? Have I just offended you in some little thing? Then let me come to you again in three months, after I have been back among my old friends?"

"No, don't do that, Mr. Maitland. It will be of no use and will but give us pain."

"And yet I will come," he replied firmly, endeavoring by the very eager longing of his own gaze to draw from her fair, downcast face some sign of hope. "I will come, if you forbid me a hundred times. And if you have been playing with me—true, I am in no mood for soft words now—it shall be your punishment to say me nay, again. I shall be here, Joan to ask you in three months from to-day."

"I cannot prevent you," she said. "Believe me, I shall only have the same answer for you."

"I shall come," he said doggedly, and looked at her with eyes reluctant to quit her drooping lashes lest they should miss some glance bidding his heart take courage. But none came, only the color fluttered uncertainly in her face. So he slowly turned away from her at last and walked across the garden, and out of sight by the gate into the road. He saw nothing of the long, dusty track, and straggling hedges bathed in the last glows of sunset. Those big gray eyes, so frank and true, came again and again between him and the prospect, and blinded his own with a hot mist of sorrow and anger. Ah, Blore, thou wast mightily avenged!

* * * * *

It is a hot afternoon in August, laden with the hum of dozing life. The sun has driven the less energetic members of the Quaritch family into the cool gloom of the drawing room, where the open windows are shaded by the great cedar. Mrs. Quaritch, upon the sofa, is nodding over a book. Joan, in a low wicker seat, may be doing the same; while Agnes, pursuing a favorite employment upon the hearthrug, is now and again betrayed by a half stifled growl from one or other of the dogs as they rise and turn themselves reproachfully, and flop down again with a sigh in a cool place.

"Agnes," cries her mother, upon some more distinct demonstration of misery being made, "for goodness' sake leave the dogs alone. They have not had a moment's peace since lunch."

"A dog's life isn't peace, mamma," she answers, with the simple air of a discoverer of truth. But, nevertheless, she looks about for fresh worlds to conquer.

"Even Mr. Maitland was better than this," she announces, after a long yawn of discontent, "though he was dull enough. I wonder why he did not come in July. Do you know, Joan?"

"Oh, Agnes, do let us have a moment's peace for once! We are not dogs," cried Joan fretfully.

Wonder! she was always wondering. This very minute, while her eyes were on the page, it was in her mind. Through all those three months passing hour by hour and day by day, she could assure herself that when he had come and gone, she would be at rest again; things would be as before with her. Let him come and go! But when July arrived, and he did not, a sharper pain made itself felt. Bravely as she strove to beat it down, well as she might hide it from others, the certainty that it had needed no second repulse to balk his love sorely hurt her pride. Just her pride, she told herself; nothing else. That he had not stood the test he had himself proposed; that any unacknowledged faintest hope she might have cherished, deep down in her heart, that he might master her by noble persistence, must now be utterly quenched; these things of course had no bitterness for her through the hot August days; had nothing to do with the wearied look that sometimes dulled the gray eyes, nor with the sudden indifference or as sudden enthusiasms for lawn tennis and dogs and pigeons, that marked her daily moods.

Agnes' teasing, by putting her meditations into words, has disturbed her. She gets up and moves restlessly about, touching this thing and that, and at last leaves the room and stands in the hall, thinking. Here, too, it is dark and cool, and made to seem more so—the door into the garden being open—by the hot glare of sunshine falling upon the spotless doorstep. She glances at this listlessly. The house is still, the servants are at the back; the dogs all worn out by the heat. Then, as she hesitates, a slight crunching of footsteps upon the gravel comes to her ear, breaking the silence. Someone chases away his shadow, and steps upon the stone, and raises his gloved hand to the bell. Charles Maitland at last!

Coming straight in from the sunshine he cannot see the swift welcome that springs to eye and cheek, a flash of light and color, quick to come and go. He is too much moved himself to mark how her hands shakes. He sees no difference in her. But she sees a change in him. She detects some subtle difference that eludes her attempt to define its nature and only fills her with a vague sense that this is not the Charles Maitland from whom she parted.

It is a meeting she has pictured often. But not at all like this. He signs to her to take him into the dining room, the door of which stands open.

"I have come back, Miss Joan."

"Yes?" she answers sitting down with an attempt to still the tumult within, with such success that she brings herself for the moment nearly to the frame of mind in which they parted, and there is the same weary sufferance in her tone.

"I have come back as I said I would. I have overstepped the three months, but I had a good reason for my delay. Indeed I have been in doubt whether I ought to see you again or not, only I could not bear to think what you naturally would. I felt that I must see you, even if it cost us both pain." There is a new awkwardness in his tone and pose.

"I told you that it was—quite unnecessary—and useless," she answers, with a strange tightening in her throat.

"Then it can do you no harm," he assents quietly. "I have come back not to repeat my petition, but to tell you why I do not and cannot."

"I think," she puts in coldly, "that upon the whole you had better spare yourself the unpleasantness of explaining anything to me. Don't you think so? I asked you for no proof, and held out no hope. Why do you trouble me? Why have you come back?"

"You have not changed!"

For the first time a ring of contempt in her voice takes the place of cold indifference. "I do not change in three months, Mr. Maitland. But here! my mother will wish to see you, and so will Agnes, who is hankering after something to happen. They are in the drawing room."

"But, Miss Joan, grant me one moment! You have not heard my reasons."

"Your reasons! Is it absolutely necessary?" she asks, half fretfully, half scornfully; her uppermost thought an intense desire to be by herself in her own room, with the door safely locked.

"I think so, at any rate. Why, I see! By Jove! of course you must be thinkingg the worst of me now! Oh, no! if you could not love me, Joan—pray pardon me, I had no right to call you by your name—you need not despise me. I cannot again ask you to be my wife, because," he laughs uneasily, "fortune has put it out of my power to take a wife. My trustee has made ducks and drakes of my property, or rather bulls and bears. I have but a trifle left to begin the world upon, and far too little to marry upon."

"I read of it in the papers. I saw that a Mr. Maitland was the chief sufferer, but I did not connect him with you," she says, in a low voice.

"No, of course not. How should you?" he answers lightly. But nevertheless her coldness is dreadful to him. He had thought she would express some sympathy. And gayly as he talks of it, he feels something of the importance of a ruined man and something of his claim to pity.

"And what are you going to do?"

"Do? We've arranged all that. They say there is a living to be made at the Bar in New Zealand, if one does not object to riding boots and spurs as part of the professional costume. Of course it will be a different sort of life, and Agnes' favorite patent leathers will be left behind in every sense. This would have been a bad blow to me"—there is a slight catch in his voice, and he gets up, and looks out of one of the windows with his back to her—"now that I have learned from you that life should not be all lounging round the table and looking over other people's cards. It has been a sharp lesson, but very opportune as things have turned out. I am ready to take a hand myself now—even without a partner."

He does not at once turn round. He had not fancied she would take it like this, and he listens for a word to tell him that at any rate she is sorry—is grieved as for a stranger. Then he feels a sudden light, timid touch upon his ram. Joan is standing quite close to him, and does not move to take away her hand as he turns. Only she looks down at the floor when she speaks.

"I think I should be better than—than dummy—if you take me to New Zealand."

Half laughing, half crying, and wholly confused, she looks up into his astonished face with eyes so brimful of love and tenderness that they tell all her story. For just an instant his eyes met hers. Then, with a smothered exclamation, he draws her to him—and—in fact smothers the exclamation.

"I am so glad you've lost your money," she sobs, hiding her face, as soon as she can, upon his shoulder. "I should not have done at all—for you—in London, Charley."

There let us leave her. But no, another is less merciful. Neither of them hears the door open or sees Agnes' face apear at it. But she both sees and hears, and says very distinctly and clearly:

"Well!"

But even Agnes is happy and satisfied. Something has hapened.

THE END.

THE "TIGER" IN BATTLE.

British Marine Describes Sea-Fight as Experienced Below Deck.

One of the most graphic descriptions of the scene below deck during a modern sea fight, and of that coolness and unconcern which characterize the men of the British navy, even in the most exciting moment, is that contained in a letter from a marine on H.M.S. Tiger, the battle cruiser which the Germans claim to have sunk in the North Sea. That this German assertion is a deliberate lie will be apparent from this letter, which is dated Jan. 29th, five days after the battle.

"I will give you," says our correspondent's husband, "the details of the fight as near as I can. At 7 a.m. on the morning of the fight, Sunday, Jan. 25th, we were called to our stations. Soon after nine down the voice pipe came, 'Enemy on the port bow.' We had heard that before, and been disappointed; but when we heard the engines moving quicker we thought that at last there was a chance. Then they shouted down, 'The Lion has opened fire.' Up went a cheer, and our foremost turret fired. Then we knew we were within range at last. But there was no excitement among the boys. You should have seen them sitting down, reading and chatting away as though we were waiting for drill, while our guns forward were blazing and banging away. We wished every charge good luck, and there was another cheer when the news comes down that one of the enemy is on fire.

"The engines now seemed to shake the ship. Now and again we hear a thud, and think it is one of the enemy's shells tickling our sides. Then we hear that the 'butcher,' or Blucher, has gone under. Afterwards we carried on at the others. Our stokers must have worked jolly hard, for you could feel the ship plowing her way through the water.

"I have said we were cool. The only change I saw in the men's faces was when they passed the word, 'The engineer-captain is dead.' I saw a twitching of lips, a twitching no one could misunderstand, for the engineer-captain was liked by everyone on board. More power went to our guns, and we kept at it till at last came the order, 'Cease fire.' 'Blue watch, stand by guns; remainder fall out,' was the next order. We were not long doing that. We rushed up on deck, but there was nothing but ships and smoke in the distance. Our work was done, Scarborough was avenged, and every man seemed pleased that he had done his share. I feel all the better, as I know I have done a little bit."

Took Brother's Place.

History has several times repeated itself during the present war. Recently the Hon. R. W. H. O'Neill was elected M.P. for Mid-Antrim, in the room of his brother, the Hon. Arthur O'Neill, who was the first member of the British House of Commons to lose his life in the war. The new member, himself a soldier, is absent at the front, and it has been stated that there was no previous case on record of one brother succeeding another under such circumstances. That, however, is not so.

A very notable example is to be found in the annals of the well-known family of Howe. In 1758 the third Viscount Howe (it was then an Irish peerage) was killed at the battle of Ticonderoga, in North America. He had been M.P. for the County of Notts, and his widowed mother issued an appeal to the electors to return her other son.

The mother's appeal was entirely successful. Lieut.-Colonel Howe was elected in his absence, and news came not long afterwards that he had led the forlorn hope up the steep path from the St. Lawrence to the Heights of Abraham, while his brother, the fourth viscount, the future admiral and victor of the battle of St. Vincent, was raiding the coast of France. The parallel, therefore, is in every respect complete.

Witchcraft.

Perhaps the most interesting of English trials for witchcraft was that of the Suffolk witches in 1665, for Sir Matthew Hale was the judge and Sir Thomas Browne appearerd as an expert medical witness. The two prisoners were accused of bewitching young children, a great point for the prosecution being that out of the blanket of an infant suckled by one of them a great toad had fallen and exploded in the fire like gunpowder. Immediately after the witch was found at home scorched and maimed. In spite of unsatisfactory evidence, the two were convicted, whereupon the children's health at once began to improve.—London Times.

Knew What It Spelled.

Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, commander of the British Third New Army, is immensely popular in the service on account of his large fund of good stories of regimental life.

One of his best concerns a certain "Tommy" who was more noted for his wit than his scholarship. The man's grammar and spelling were simply awful, and Sir Archibald, who was quite a young officer at the time, was always trying to teach him the King's English.

"I don't believe you know what w-o-m-a-n spells," said the future general to the uneducated one on one occasion.

"Trouble, as a rule, sir," replied "Tommy," with a grin.

Hunter was so amused that he was quite unable to reprimand the man for his "cheek."

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BULLETS' TRICKS.

Man's Life Saved By the Hook of a Chain.

It has been truly said that, once you fire a bullet from a modern rifle, none can forecast what it will do or where it will ultimately come to rest. Even when a bullet has an uninterrupted course, says Mr. Frank Scudamore, in The London Globe, it is capable of upsetting all known calculations of its flight and range. Before the Battle of Omdurman a sick officer was taken across the Nile and placed under an awning at least 5,500 yards from the nearest point of possible fire. This should have ensured him an ample margin of safety, but none the less a stray bullet ate up the intervening three miles of desert, struck him on the head, and killed him.

Shortly before the Battle of Giniss, in the Soudan, Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, Col. Hacket-Thompson, C.B., and another officer whose name escapes me, were reconnoitering through an opening in the wall of a disused sakeeyeh, or water-wheel. The hole in the wall was so small that the officers had to stand one behind the other to see anything. The officer whose name I forgot was in front using a pair of binoculars, while Sir Archibald Hunter was in the rear. The glint caused by the setting sun shining on the glass of the binoculars attracted the attention of a dervish who, together with others, was retiring along the Nile. He stopped, took aim, and fired. It was a very good shot, for it sped through one lens of the binoculars, through the brain of the officer holding them, killing him on the spot, through the shoulder of Col. Hacket-Thompson, and finally lodged in the breast of Sir Archibald Hunter, where, I believe, it remains to this day.

The vagaries of a bullet when it touches the human frame are almost beyond belief. During another Soudan battle I saw an officer, a friend of mine, go down apparently shot through the head. To my surprise and relief I met him walking about after the battle apparently none the worse, save that his head was bandaged. Then he showed me how a bullet, striking and deflected by one of the hooks of his helmet chain, had run right round his forehead, cutting a groove under the skin, and had then glanced off the helmet hook on the other side.

Military Humor.

In the Manchurian campaign every correspondent in the field was strictly forbidden to send any private letter of any sort. But there was a Russian who got permission on the anniversary of his wedding to telegraph to his wife. "Dearest Marie," he wrote with Slavic fervor, "I send you 10,000,000 kisses," and the despatch went out with this solemn annotation at the bottom, "With the sanction of the Imperial military authorities."

Again, in South Africa, the young British soldiers used to wind up their letters to their sweethearts at home with a row of round marks like "o"—doubless meant to signify kisses. These innocent marks upset the military censors mightily. Suppose they concealed a treasonable message in code? Finally a more ordinarily human and intelligent censor hit upon the expedient of making a great many more round marks after the others. That scotched the treasonable cipher if there was one, while, supposing there was none, then the girl at home got full measure of what was coming to her. Indeed, more than one dear young island thing, with a very undemonstrative lover down there in the veldt, must have been thrilled and surprised to receive a whole avalanche of kisses, nearly all of them, if she had but known it, the gift of the general staff.

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NURSING THE WOUNDED.

Lady Sarah Wilson Is at Her Old Task.

At the Hotel Christol, Boulogne, has been established a hospital, with accommodation for 200 beds, which was really founded by one of the most remarkable and venturesome women of to-day—Lady Sarah Wilson. One might search for a long time in "Who's Who" for a more interesting life-story than that of this lady who, although wealthy, an intimate friend of royalty, and a leading hostess in society, has preferred a life of adventure and excitement to one of leisured ease.

As a child Lady Sarah lived in the semi-regal state of Dublin Castle during the viceroyalty of her father, the seventh Duke of Marlborough. A woman of striking originality, she was not long out of her teens before she made a special position for herself by her brilliant and facile pen, and a certain capable directness of character.

Called after Sarah Jennings, wife of the first Duke of Marlborough, Lady Sarah Wilson seems to have inherited some of that ancestress's lack of conventionality and love of adventure. In years gone by she has startled her friends by suddenly disappearing from the haunts of society and hiding herself in remote regions, where she has gratified her fondness for big-game shooting, exploration, and yachting. And when it is mentioned that during the South African war she did invaluable work as a nurse, holding the Royal Red Cross, and is, moreover, a Lady of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, it will be readily understood why her proposal to establish a hospital at Boulogne was welcomed by the authorities.

It was the Boer war which brought Lady Sarah into the greatest prominence. She went out to the front as correspondent for a daily newspaper. A message was sent her by carrier pigeon, but the bird flew into the Boer camp, where the message was read, and an escort was sent out to capture her, as it was thought she was a spy. She was taken prisoner, and eventually exchanged for Viljoen.

Lady Sarah then went to Mafeking, where she was shut up during the siege. Of that campaign Lady Sarah has published her reminiscences, while a burlesque account of her adventures is to be found in "The Dop Doctor."

In 1891 Lady Sarah married Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon Wilson, of the "Blues," who inherited a large fortune from his father, Sir Samuel Wilson, an Australian millionaire squatter, King Edward, then Prince of Wales, attending the ceremony. Lady Sarah was a special favorite with both King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

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R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 28 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 715.

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161. Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
Agent for
Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
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ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed.
Office: 29 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 545.
LEE CHEW.

CONTRACTOR.

THOS. MANLEY & SON,
GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.
Phone 539

W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

BUY A
WAR BOX
Contents:
¼ lb. Absorbent Cotton.
2 Gauze Bandages.
4 Envelopes Handy-Fold Gauze.
1 Box Adhesive Plaster.
FOR RELIEF WORK AT THE FRON
Each box packed and labelled ready for mailing. Send to THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, Toronto, who will send it to Europe without further charge.
PRICE ONLY 50c. CENTS.
WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.
Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.
THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

House of Hobberlin
House of High Grade Clothing

Hobberlin Clothes
Are All Wool

It's the certainty of getting what you buy that gives satisfaction in buying a Hobberlin tailored-to-measure suit. Everything is just as represented—the garment as you see it from the outside—all the hidden parts that are not seen.

Would you have a Suit of this character made in the NEW SEASON'S English, Scotch or Irish fabrics, - - - - - $15 up

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
Sole Agents for Hobberlin Tailoring

HAVE YOUR FURS STORED and insured against all damage or loss by Moths or Fire. Our charges are three per cent on your own valuation. Phone 363 and we will send for them-

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
242 Front Street.

"D & A" or "La Diva" Corsets retailing at $2.50 are equal in style, material and workmanship to imported corsets costing $3.50 to $5.00; the duty and extra profit—for which you get nothing, explains the difference.

Quite aside from your natural wish to encourage Canadian workmen, it is worth your while, for the saving it involves—to buy a "D & A" or a "La Diva" Corset.

"BUY MADE-IN-CANADA CORSETS" 6-15

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

GOING TO NEW YORK

Principal Gordon and Dean Connell will represent Queen's University at the annual dinner of Queen's Alumni Association, New York, next Thursday evening.

CHARGED AS TRESPASSERS

A number of young men from this city, were last evening apprehended at Napanee as trespassers on the G. T. R. The party, we are informed, were riding upon freight cars.

GIVEN A SEND-OFF

Dr. Bonnycastle of Campbelford, left yesterday for Montreal, where he sailed to England as a member of the Oversea Medical Corp. He was given a send-off by the residents of Campbellford upon his departure.

BLOCK DAY

We understand that the receipts from Block Day inaugurated on behalf of the Belleville Hospital, has turns have not yet been received, truns have not yet been received, but will be published when full returns have been made.

DROVE CAR WITHOUT LIGHT

A resident of the Town of Trenton was today summoned to appear before the magistrate here on a charge of driving his automobile upon the street at night without the necessary light. The accused did not appear and after evidence had been taken the case was proven and a fine of $2 and $3.50 costs was imposed.

METHODIST CONFERENCES

Calls are being issued for the Bay of Quinte and London Methodist Conferences. The Bay of Quinte Conference will meet in the King street church, Ottawa, on Thursday, June 3rd. Prof. J. H. Mithael, of Victoria University, will preach the ordination sermon. The London Conference will meet at the Methodist church, St. Mary's on Thursday, June 3rd. Rev. Alex. Langford, D.D., will preach the ordination sermon.

A BOY'S TRICK

On Saturday evening a resident of the city was driving an auto and upon turning the corner of North Front and Moira streets ran over a stick which had previously been lain upon the road, and had a spike protruding [illegible] was a tire of the auto was punctured. Upon investigation it was ascertained that some boys of tender years were responsible for the transaction. The police were notified and every effort will be made to detect the offenders.

REMEMBERED BY FRIENDS

At the Belleville Club on Saturday evening a presentation was made to Dr. R. Tennant of this city, who was about to leave for the oversea as a member of the Royal Army Medical Corp. The presentation, which was made by Mr. Wm. Carnew on behalf of the doctor's friends, consisted of a purse of gold. In making the presentation Mr. Carnew referred in eloquent terms to the doctor and his association in this city. The recipient who was entirely taken by surpise, made a feeling reply to the presentation

HERE'S AN OFFER OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE

Men's Smart $15.00, 18.00 and $20.00 Suits Sale. Price $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

Warm Welcome For Canadians

Bombardier James Yates of the 9th Field Battery, Toronto, writing two days before the big battle, said:

"We moved out of our former billets (north-west of Neuve Chapelle') last Friday. In the afternoon we struck the borders of Belgium and some hours later crossed over. The Belgians were very glad to see us. A woman standing in her doorway called out 'Canadians verra good' as we passed along. About 5.45 o'clock we reached a town of about 12,000 people (poperinghe), and passed through to a little village on the outskirts where we put up for the night. As soon as our horses were picketed, two of us made a hike for the nearest farmhouse, where we had four eggs, six cups of coffee, bread and butter. We also bought a loaf. The total cost was forty cents. The Belgians are a fine lot of people. They are genuinely glad to see us, and put themselves to much trouble to make us comfortable. The roads, as in France have cobble stones in the centre and a hard surface to the sides. The waggons nearly all have three wheels, two at the back and one in front. The farmhouses are mostly built on the court style.

"We pulled out of our billets about 3.15 in the afternoon at Saturday to take a position that has been mentioned more times, I believe than any other on account of the fighting that has occused there (Ypres). Late in the afternoon we passed a large building (the Cloth Hall) which is being used as an hospital. All the buildings have gaping holes, though a lot of the houses have been repaired. We stopped at the canal to water our horses. While here a very heavy artillery fire commenced, hundreds of shots being fired. We at once moved on.

"The 48th, 90th and other Canadian regiments were here and as we passed through singing they gave us a cheer and told us that that was the spirit to go in with. The guns and firing battery went into position about 300 yards further on than our billet. The horses came back here and are in stables. A French battery of the famous 75 millimeter guns is here.

"Sunday morning a German Taube came over our billet. Suddenly there appeared from out of the clouds a British aeroplane, which at once gave chase. The German turned and went at once for his own lines as fast as he could. The British craft rapidly overhauled it, and as soon as it was close enough, ping-ping-ping-ping-ping-ping, and down came the German. The excitement was intense and our fellows went crazy with delight. The Taube fell just within its own lines and the French turned their guns on it and blew it to pieces.

"We have to be very careful of air craft. No vehiculer traffic is allowed on the roads during the daytime, nor are bodies of men, as the Germans have the range of it, and the place is shelled periodically. All traffic to and from the trenches takes place during the night. Reveille is at 2.30 in the morning now, and exercise ride between 3 and 4.30. In the mornings the drivers groom and in the afternoon they snooze. The gunners are not allowed out of their dug-outs during the day, but come out about 7.30 p.m. to exercise.

"Today five of us cleaned out a room that had been occupied by French non-coms, and with lumber made raised-up beds. We have a fire in the grate, a cupboard, with three or four images on top, and a pastoral painting. The place looks very 'dinky' indeed. The house had a bomb dropped on it some time ago and twelve men were wounded. We are seriously considering making a hole to permit of hasty exit to the cellar.

"I am a look-out man now. My duties are to go to the observation tower and watch the country for the appearance of enemy reinforcements, now trenches, or anything unusual. There are two of us and we work in 24-hour shifts. The job has its risks as the Germans are constantly on the watch for the observation station."

Bombardier Yates closes his letter by saying "Charlie sends best regards." Charlie is Gunner Charles Stinson, of 183 Harbord street, officially reported yesterday as wounded.

Don't scold the child if she is cross; give her Rexall Orderlies, as the trouble is probably with the bowels. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c & 50c. boxes.

PUBLIC PRESENTATION TO COL. SMART

Yesterday afternoon in the Town Hall the citizens of Port Hope presented a very beautiful cabinet of silver to Lt.-Col. R. W. Smart, now in command of the 39th battalion at Belleville. Col. Smart was one of the first to answer the country's call and sacrificed position and all to fight for King and Country. Port Hopers wished to show the Colonel their appreciation of such a noble son and this public presentation was arranged by a few of his friends—Port Hope Guide.

Quick Hot Water

AT A BIG SAVING OF GAS
By using one of our
Nine X Gas Water Heaters

This Heater has nine Copper Coils, costs no more than the Single Coil Heater. Get our price for Heater installed complete.

Gurney-Oxford Gas Stoves from $8.00 up
Gurney-Oxford Gas Plates from $1.50 up
Refrigerators from..... .... $9.00 up

LAWN HOSE, HOSE REELS
LAWN MOWERS
ELECTRIC AND WATER POWER WASH MACHINES
See Our Goods Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT?
We can build a new one on your old Hub.
IS YOUR HUB BROKEN?
We can build a new one in your old Rim.
Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF BY-LAW

NOTICE is hereby given that a By-law was passed by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville on April 19th, A.D. 1915, providing for the issue of Debentures to the amount of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars for the purpose of paying for Improvements and Extensions already made to the Gas Works System of the City of Belleville.

And that said By-law was duly registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on May 10th, A.D. 1915.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same or any part thereof must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the 10th day of May 1915.
J. WILFRED HOLMES,
3td:m10,17,25 City Clerk.

Obituary

S. M. GILBERT

On Saturday afternoon the death occured of Samuel Myers Gilbert, at his home on the Second Concession of Thurlow. Deceased was born in Percy Township, December 17, 1842, but lived the greater part of his life in Thurlow.

He died of pneumonia, and his many friends will regret to hear of his demise. Deceased in religion was a Methodist; and leaves a widow, but no family.

WILFRED HARRISON

Entered into rest on Friday, April 30, 1915, at the Royal Military Hospital, Netley, England, as the result of a gun shot wound, received in action on Friday, April 23, Wilfred Harrison, 8th Battalion Canadian Overseas contingent, fourth and dearly loved son of Mr. John L. and Sydney Harrison, 356 McLaren street, Ottawa.

Interment at Netley cemetery, May 3, 1915.

ELIZABETH LYON STEPHENSON

On Saturday morning at her residence 14 Burrel St., Mrs. Elizabeth Lyon Stephenson passed away.

Deceased was born in London, England 87 years ago, but has lived in Belleville for the last 40 years. She was a lady greatly loved and honored for her sterling qualities, and her death will be regretted by many.

Mrs. Stephenson was in religion, a Baptist. She leaves to mourn her loss, her husband, Frederick A. and two daughters, Mrs. G. M. Leavens, Belleville, and Mrs. William Cooksley, Rochester.

LED LIGHT BRIGADE IN BALACLAVA CHARGE

LONDON, May 8.—Lieut.-Gen. William Henry Beaumont de Horsey, who commanded the famous Light Brigade in its charge at Balaclava, died last night at the age of 89 years. He entered the army in 1844, became a Major-General in 1878 and retired in 1883. He was decorated for gallantry in the Crimean War.

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—[illegible]

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles To Choose From

Chairs $5.60 — Such Prices as These — **Rockers $6.15**

Have Never Been Equalled Before In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts

Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
The Glasgow Warehouse
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Lusitania Victims Just Over 1300 Survivors 764

(Continued from Page One)

London to-day, said he saw Alfred G. Vanderbilt on the deck of the Lusitania as the vessel was going down.

Mr. Vanderbilt, who could not swim, was equipped with a lifebelt, Mr. Slidell said, but he gallantly took it off and placed it around a young woman. Then he went off to seek another lifebelt. The ship sank a few seconds later.

U-39 THE CULPRIT

LONDON, May 9.—A despatch from Lloyd's states that the U-39 sank the Lusitania. The despatch came from Munich by way of Basle and Geneva. U-39 is one of the latest designs of Submarines.

TORONTO MAN'S STORY.

Percy Rogers, assistant manager of the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, who was going to England in connection with the exhibition, has told a graphic story of his terrible experience after the Lusitania had been struck. He says he undoubtedly owes his life to being a good swimmer. He said they had had a fine voyage across, the sea had been calm and fine weather contributed to a delightful trip. The Lusitania made nothing like maximum speed, probably about five hundred miles a day, which as travellers know is below the average.

Everything went well till Friday morning. Submarines were the source of much conversation, but were not regarded with an seriousness, as opinions were frequently expressed that a boat with speed of the Lusitania was more than equal to any submarine. Nobody was therefore disturbed with the thought of being torpedoed. Early Friday morning Mr. Rogers said they sighted the Irish coast, and entered into a slight fog. Speed was reduced, but they soon came into clear atmospher again, and the pace of the boat was increased.

We went down to luncheon as usual, although some were a little later than others in taking that meal. I should think it would be about ten minutes past two when I came from lunch. I immediately proceeded to my stateroom, which was close to the diningroom to get a letter which I had written. While there I heard a tremendous thud. I came out immediately. There was no panic where I was, but people were aghast when it was realized that the boat had been struck, apparently on the side nearest the land.

Passengers hastened to the boat deck above. Life boats were hanging out, having been placed in that position on the previous day. The Lusitania soon began to list badly, with the result that the side on which I and several others were standing went up as the other side dropped. This seemed to cause difficulty in launching the boats. Where I was standing there was no panic. The order was given women and children first, and this was followed implicitly. The first lifeboat which was lowered with people at the spot where I stood smacked upon the water, and as it did so the stern of the lifeboat seemed to part and people were thrown into the sea. Other boats were lowered more successfully.

We heard someone say, "Get out of the boats; there is no danger," and some people actually did, but this direction was not generally acted upon. I entered a boat in which I should say there were between 20 or 25 women and children, also some men. There were no other women standing on the liner where we were. Our position I should think was the last boat but one from the stern of the ship. We dropped into the water and for a few minutes we were all right. Then the liner went over. We were not far from here. Whatever the cause may have been, perhaps the effect of the suction I don't know, but we were thrown into the sea. Some occupants were wearing lifebelts, but I was not. The only lifebelts I knew about were in cabins, and it had not appeared to me that there was time to risk going after lifebelts. It must have been about 2.30 when I was thrown into the water. Here is my watch which I was wearing, and you will see it stopped at that time. As he said this Rogers produced a watch from his pocket, which indicated it had stopped at 2.30

What terrible scenes there were around me! It is harrowing to think of the men, women and children struggling in the water. I had the presence of mind to swim away from the ship and make toward a collapsible boat, upon which were the captain and a number of others. For this purpose I had to swim quite a distance. The boat began rocking. Every moment it seemed as if we should be thrown into the sea. The captain appealed to the people in it to be careful, but it continued to rock and I came to the conclusion that it would be dangerous to remain in it if all were to have a chance so I said "Good-by, captain, I'm going to swim," and jumped into the water. I believe the captain did the same thing after me. I did not see him, but I understand he was picked up. Before entering the water from the boat I had taken off my boots. Swimming around I looked for something which might support me. People around me were drowning.

I remember seeing a young child with a lifebelt on, calling "Mama," but she was not saved. I had seen her on the liner before and noticed her sister on a collapsible boat. I saw an old cupboard, towards which I swam and managed to support myself until I saw a boat. I shouted and was taken on board, and from there was transferred to a trawler where I found four other survivors. Eventually we were placed on the Flying Fish (ferry boat) and reached Queenstown about half past ten. I was soaking wet and went into a small hotel where a lady was kind enough to gave me a pair of pypamas and socks. In the morning I went into a clothing store and purchased a suit. All my belongings were lost. On Saturday I left Queenstown and came straight to London

It is quite possible that some of the people went down while in their cabins, because after lunch it was customary with some to g. down for a rest Friends of mine on the liner have told me they saw Vanderbilt on deck with a lifeboat and observed him give it to a woman. It seemel to me that the seriousness of the situation was scarcely realized when the boat was torpedoed. It was all so sudden and so unexpected. The recollection of it all is terrible."

RITCHIE'S

$28.00 $30.00 $33.00 $35.00

Those Are The Regular Prices Of Our Ladies' And Misses'

NEW YORK SUITS

Which We Offer On Sale At

$25.00

See these SUITS in the Window To-night

Tomorrow we begin a great clearing sale of all our Ladies' and Misses' Suit Models that sold at $28.00, $30.00, $33.00, and $35.00, for only **$25.00**. These are the choicest of our new Spring garments, about fifteen in all, and every one an exclusive novelty suit in the latest styles, all man tailored of gabardines, serges, etc., in Black, Navy, Sand, Tan and Grey shades. Remember, every suit absolutely new this season, and selling at this remarkably low price they will clear quickly.

$25

Sale Commences Tomorrow.

Some Items of Interest You'll be Glad to Know About

THE Summer Millinery now on display in the Millinery Parlors is attracting unusual attention these days. The showing is large, and your inspection is invited.

Besides the Special $25 Suit Sale announced above, we are offering about 25 of our Spring Suits, regular up to $20, for **$9.75** each.

Remember, we do Furniture Upholstering of every character, and the prices are moderate for the class of work turned out. Phone 820 for an estimate.

Many new and dainty Blouse Styles are showing these days in Voiles and Fancy Crepes, from **$1.00** to **$4.50.**

BIG SALE Of Lace Curtains, Curtain Chintz And Tapestry Rugs

For this sale we have chosen a large stock of beautiful AMERICAN ART CHINTZ in all the standard shades in floral, conventional and verudure designs. They are suitable for window draperies for dining room or living room; also for chair coverings, 36 ins. wide and reg. 35c. yard. While they last for this sale .... 18c. yard

Lace Curtains On Sale
REGULAR $1.25 VALUES
99c Pair

An extra special bargain in White Nottingham Lace Curtains, consisting of five designs, size 45 to 50 inches wide by 5 yards long. They have the Colbert overlock stitch edge, and are in the very newest designs, such as Bungalow Net centres and insertion border, also pretty scroll designs and all-over patterns. Regular $1.25, for only .... 99c. pair.

25 Per Cent Discount Sale
On all Odd Pairs of
Lace Curtains

Odd pairs of Curtains, only one pair of a pattern, but they are the balance of our season's best selling lines, such as Swiss Applique, Battenburg, Brussels Net, Voiles, Marquisettes and fancy Coristine Lace. Curtains in white, ivory, ecru, and two tone effects. Some are slightly soiled through handling, and we will sell them to clear quickly at 25 per cent. off Retail Marked Prices.

Tapestry Rugs on Sale

Seamless Tapestry Squares of best English manufacture; all the standard colorings are represented in these rugs in pretty conventional, floral and motif patterns. If you have a room in need of a new rug, and you want one that will give good service—cheap—why, this is your chance.

Size 3x3½. Regular $15.00, for $11.75
Size 3x4. Regular $17.50, for $14.75

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT. — The RITCHIE Company Limited — SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word: 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 235 Charles Street. a26-dtf

CHAMBERMAID AND NIGHT WATCHMAN Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-4td

YOUNG LADY TO ACT AS BOOKKEEPER. Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-14d

A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply Mrs. Kinnear, 279 Charles St. 10-3t

FOR SALE

A NICE HOUSE AND LOT NORTH OF Chatham street, cheap, if sold in 10 days; if not sold, to rent. O. A. Snyder, owner, 74 Victoria Ave. 8-6td

LAST DAYS PRIVATE SALE OF OLD Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Furniture; Tables, Chairs, Desks, Mirrors, Hall, Den and Library Pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 8-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street —All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an allround good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HOUSE TO RENT ON CHATHAM STREET, in good repair. All modern conveniences Apply to Geo. A. Reid, 94 Chatham Street Phone 809. m4-6td

BETWEEN CANIFTON ROAD AND GRIFfin's Theatre, via Mill Street and Front Street, Gold Pendant Fob, initials V.H. Leave at 282 Front Street. 1t

Advertise in the Intelligencer.

CHOCOLATE NUT CONFECTIONERY

Nut Chocolate is a very popular form of confectionery and we have a great variety of this class of confection in different prices as follows:

Chocolate Peanut Clusters at .... 40c, 50c and 60c. lb.
Chocolate Covered burnt Almonds .... 80c lb.
Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 50c lb.
Milk Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 60c. lb.
Chocolate Brazil Nuts 80c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Walnuts .... 75c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Double Walnuts .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Pecan Nougat .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Filbert Clusters .... 60c. lb.
Almond Crispets ... 75c. lb.
Walnut Crispets .... 75c. lb.
Tipperary Chocolate . 30c. lb.
All our own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

TENDERS FOR COAL AND WOOD

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tender for Coal and Wood," addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this Department up to Tuesday, the 25th day of May, 1915, for the supply and delivery of the coal and wood required for Government House, Parliament Buildings, Osgoode Hall, Ontario Veterinary College, Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and for the Normal and Model Schools at Ottawa, London, Peterboro', Hamilton, Stratford, North Bay, the School for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville; School for the Blind, Brantford, for the twelve months ending 30th June, 1916.

Forms of tender, conditions of contract, with quantities required, will be supplied on application to the Department.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
H. F. McNAUGHTEN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ontario.
Toronto, 6th May, 1915.

Newspapers inserting this without authority will not be paid for it. 2td10-12

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office or at residence. Lewis street.

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Callous Conduct Of Dr. Dernburg

Describes Death of Americans as "Unfortunate" and Declares Continuance of Murderous Policy

NEW YORK, MAY 9.—Dr. Bernhart Dernburg, former Minister of Colonies of the German Empire and recognized in this country as the Kaiser's spokesman, said tonight that Germany had only begun her deadly crusade against Great Britain's commerce, and that the sinking of the Lusitania would be followed by the destruction of other British ships, whether or not there were Americans aboard.

The American flag would afford not the slightest protection for vessels which carried cargo that the Germans regarded contraband. He said that even parts of flying machines, automobile accessories and cotton were now considered contraband by the German Admiralty.

Finally Dr. Dernburg said:

"Any ship carrying goods to Great Britain is to be sunk. Britain has cut off Germany from the outside world, and we intend to isolate her in like manner, so that all communication with other parts of the earth will be impossible."

When shipping men heard of Dr. Dernburg's threat against all vessels bound to Britain they called attention to the fact that a number of ships will enter the British war zone tomorrow with several hundred Americans aboard. Consequently they are unable to take off passengers.

"A submarine can be rammed at any moment, and if the Lusitania had been warned she could have put on steam and run away. So instead of giving warning to the Lusitania, Germany gave specific general notice before she sailed. That notice was ample.

"How can Americans, being neutral have the right to travel the high seas in safety?" asked the former Colonial Secretary, and, answering himself, he said:

"Any American travelling on an American boat under the American flag will be safe. There is only one danger—the use of the American flag by a belligerent vessel. There are any number of neutral ships.

"There is also this condition: An American ship or any other neutral vessel must carry no munitions of war. It is easy for an American who wants to travel to find out what a ship carries. All ships make their manifests to the customs house, and they are public. Announcement could be made of these, and lines could be held to their announcements. Anybody can take a risk if he wants to. Anybody can commit suicide if he wants to.

"The Americans have always been friendly to Germany," he said slowly, "and we want to maintain their friendship. These facts, however, must be borne in mind to appreciate the present situation in the proper light. There were 5,000 cases of war material for the allies on board the Lusitania. I understand that something like 150 Americans were killed. I regret that very much. It was most unfortunate. Nevertheless if this material had gotten into the hands of the allies it would have been used against us and they might have been able to pound their way into Germany through our lines and many more than 150 of our people might have been killed.

The British Orders in Council were to exclude all kinds of material from reaching our civil population. They even placed an embargo on Holland, Denmark and Sweden, on penalty that they would be blocked; and they practically are blockaded. It is therefore reasonable to believe that the German Admiralty will not permit anything to get into the hands of the allies"

CITY AND VICINITY

Miss Margaret Sharpe of Ketcheson & Earle, left for Toronto yesterday to attend the Gossard Training School, where she will take a course in fitting. 1t

VERY SPECIAL RATES

Beginning May 7 for Osteopathic treatments. Consultation and examination free. Dr. J. P. Kimmel, 28 Victoria Avenue. 6,4t

A Lecture will be given on "Russia, her history and her people" on Monday, May 10th at 8 p.m., in the Parish Hall of Christ Church. Admission 15c. 8,2t

HERE'S AN OFFER OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE
Men's Smart $15.00, 18.00 and $20.00 Suits Sale. Price $11.75.
— F. Millard, 236 Front St.

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

NOTICE

All members of L.O.L. No. 274, and 2519 are requested to be present at a joint meeting to be held on Tuesday, May 11th, for the entertainment of the members of the 39th Battalion. Meeting opens at 7.45 sharp. All members of any regiment are requested to attend in uniform.

D. M. Farrell, W. M., 274. J. W. Davison, W. M., 2519.

8-10

The Scarlet Knitting Circle in connection with the Patriotic Association of Belleville, will hold a musical in the tea room at the Hotel Quinte, Wednesday afternoon, May 12, from 4 to 6. Mrs. Grant has kindly consented to take charge of the musical programme. Tea will be served; silver collection. The public is cordially invited by the members: Mrs. J. W. Johnson, Misses P. Bogart, Caldwell, H. Fraleck, D. Grant, S. Grant, M. Johnson, D. Johnson, Ketcheson, Masson, McCarthy, J. McGie, M. Phippen, J. Sinclair; Convenor Mrs. F. E. Seymour. 8-10

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All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
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The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHAR ITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, MAY 11, 1915. NO. 303

LUSITANIA SURVIVORS NOW BROUGHT UP TO 772, THE DEATH ROLL 1,134

Victims of German Barbarity Reduced to1,134--Outburst of Indignation Among Americans in London--Howl of Delight in Berlin

LONDON, May 10.—(Special)—The Cunard Company tonight made the following official announcement:

"The number of passengers aboard the Lusitania was 1,255.

"The crew numbered 651.

"The survivors number 772.

"The death roll numbers 1,134.

"These figures are subject to slight variation."

AMERICANS IN LONDON DEEPLY STIRRED.

LONDON, May 9.—Anthony J. Drexel, at his home in Grosvenor Square, denounced the sinking of the Lusitania to The New York Times correspondent as "the most infernal outrage that has happened during the war." Mr. Drexel sailed on the Lusitania or New York on March 13, when Captain Dow was in command. He came back on the American liner New York with Harry Lehr because of Mr. Lehr's fear of sailing on a steamer flying other than the American flag.

"I don't see how the American Government," said Mr. Drexel, "can do anything but go into the war itself. If the lives of its citizens are to be snuffed out this way by the Germans America must act sternly if Americans are to feel that the protection of their country means anything. Can it be that America will supinely allow the Germans to murder her citizens? For my part I expect the Government at Washington to take drastic measures now with Germany. If it means war to protect our citizens, I'm for war. I feel helpless to express any feelings of dismay and horror over the damnable thing. How do we know the Germans will not torpedo a ship flying the American flag? Where is this terrific work of the Germans to end? What is to be done with the Kaiser, who has the blood of innocent American men, women and children on his hands? Is America to raise no voice in protest?

"Her protest must be in thunder tones, maybe of cannon, that strike to the depths of the Berlin iniquity."

Gifford Pinchot, who says he still holds an official commission from the American Government in the war relief work, expressed himself tonight at the home of his brother-in-law, Sir Alan Johnstone, where he has been staying since the Germans escorted him out of Belgium, would not speak of the Lusitania case because of his connection with the Government.

"I wish I were able to speak," but I must remain silent," he said, as tears came to his eyes. Mr. Pinchot had arranged to return to New York on the Lusitania a week from tomorrow, having got word from Washington several days ago that it was inadvisable for him to try to carry out his work in the war zone. When he heard of the torpedoing of the Lusitania Mr. Pinchot got into touch with the American Line to make reservation on the St. Paul tomorrow for himself and his wife. When he talked with The Times correspondent tonight he was not sure he would be able to get the accommodations he wanted, and said he might have to postpone going.

"But I'll go back to New York on a steamer flying the American flag," he said.

DERNBURG JUSTIFIES IT

CLEVELAND, May 9.—Justification of the sinking of the liner Lusitania by German submarines as a man of war was advanced today by Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former German Colonial Secretary, and regarded as the Kaiser's official mouthpiece in the United States. Dr. Dernburg gave out a statement at the Hellenden Hotel following his arrival in Cleveland to address the City Club at noon on Germany's attitude in the present war.

Because the Lusitania carried contraband of war and also because she was classed as an auxiliary cruiser and was at the disposal of the British Admiralty, Germany had a right to destroy her regardless of the passengers, which included nearly 200 Americans, Dr. Dernburg said. Warnings given by the German Embassy in public advertisement before the sailing of the Lusitania, he added, together with the note of February 18, declaring the existence of war zones, relieved Germany from responsibility for the loss of the many Americans.

The blowing up of the American tank liner Gulflight, carrying a cargo of oil for France, also was characterized as justifiable by Dr. Dernburg.

BERLIN HAILS NEW TRIUMPH

LONDON, May 9.—The Exchange Telegraph Company has received today the following telegram from Copenhagen:

"Berlin newspapers print the news of the sinking of the Lusitania in colossal type and hail the successful torpedoing of the ship as a new triumph for Germany's naval policy. The general impression is that England got what she deserves."

The Exchange Telegraph Company has received a dispatch from Berlin, by way of Amsterdam, which reads as follows:

"Hundreds of telegrams of congratulation are being sent to Admiral von Tirpitz, the German Minister of Marine, on the sinking of the Lusitania which is considered by the Germans to be an answer to the destruction of the Falkland Islands of the German squadron under the command of Admiral von Spree.

"The news of the loss of the Lusitania only became generally known to the public this morning. It was received with mixed expressions of amazement and enthusiasm. The newspapers praise the pluck and daring of the submarine crew."

The Central News correspondent at Amsterdam quotes The Cologne Gazette as deprecating the drowning of non-combatants and saying further:

"The news will be received by the German people with unanimous satisfaction, since it proves to England and the whole world that Germany is quite in earnest in regard to her submarine warfare. This weapon of ours may hit the enemy as terribly and as painfully as the 42-centimetre guns. Indeed it is a more terrible menace

"England now knows that our submarines will not allow the best and most valuable prizes to escape their attacks, but will continue to destroy them whenever they meet them. The English of course, will make a terrible cry about this so-called barbarous method of warfare by Germans, but will say nothing about the great quantity of war material for England and her allies which was on board the Lusitania.

"Moreover, at least two guns of 12 centimetres were mounted on the liner, which were so equipped as to be able to inflict mortal injury on any submarine she might be able to get near. This made it impossible for submarines to take any steps to save the passengers before torpedoing the ship."

GERMANS RELY ON WHITE HOUSE.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The New Yorker Staats-Zeitung yesterday evening deprecated the possibility of war between this country and Germany as a result of the sinking of the Lusitania saying, under the heading "The Lusitania's Sinking":

"If the same jingoistic spirit of to day ruled the nation as made use of the sinking of the Maine as a welcome excuse to lash President McKinley, Congress, and public opinion into a war that could have been avoided, the sinking of the Lusitania would have provided an opportunity for the same spirit. But American of 1915 is not the America of seventeen years ago. It has also learned something in the past nine months—what war may mean to a people. And so the passionate, wild tone of the press of New York, which speaks of 'War by Assassination' in the Times and of 'Wholesale Murder' in Heart's American today, may not be interpreted as show-

Continued on Page Eight.

IT MUST BE DESTROYED

Sir Robert takes a strangle grip on the beast of prey.

German Taube Over Paris

Dropped Two Bombs—Wounded Five Persons

(Canadian Press Special)

Paris, May 11.—A German taube flew over St. Denis, a suburb of Paris, this morning, and dropped two bombs. One missile wounded five persons, while another fell on a building without causing damage.

Italy Awaits Reply of Austria

PARIS, May 10.—"The Government of Italy today awaits the final reply of Austria," says a Rome despatch to La Liberte. "In the interim, the publication of important decrees which were signed at the last meeting of the Cabinet has been withheld. I learn from an excellent sources that unless the Austrian answer arrives before midnight, or if the reply is unfavorable, Italy will consider the negotiations terminated."

A news agency despatch from Rome says:

"Italy's war proclamation, drawn in anticipation of continued silence by Austria, or rejection of the final terms of peace, is ready. There is no doubt that it will be issued at midnight."

(Canadian Press Special)

London, May 11.—War between Italy and the central European empires is now regarded in Rome as to be almost unavoidable. There is said to be only a slender chance of an agreement being reached. Military preparations are being pushed vigorously and political opposition to the war has apparently largely died away.

In Paris it is rumored that Germany and Austria have declared war on Italy, but as far as is known there is no basis for such reports.

A Milan despatch gives what purports to be the offer of territorial concessions from Austria described as unacceptable to Italy, inasmuch as it excluded Triest and Istria.

On the Italian Frontier, May 11.—The opinion prevails in Rome that Italy's participation in the war is only a question of a few days. Along the Austrian frontier where an Associated Press correspondent has been from one end to the other, it is universally felt that war is a question only of hours.

Geneva, May 11.—All Italian officers and men in Switzerland up to the age of 31 were ordered yesterday to rejoin their regiments immediately.

Austrian and Bavarian forces are concentrating in Tyrol.

RUSSIANS ONCE MORE TAKE THE OFFENSIVE

Reported to Have Been Victorious Along the Carpathian Front

(Canadian Press Special)

Victory in several engagements along the Carpathian front is reported in an official Russian statement.

Despatches to Switzerland say the Russians have begun a strong offensive at Tarnow, reported to have been captured last week by the Austrians, as well as in Baltic provinces to the north.

French Repulse German Attacks

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 11.—(Afternoon's official statement).—In Belgium near St. George's the enemy endeavored by a night attack to recapture the positions taken by us the day before yesterday. They were repulsed.

To the north of Arras our progress has continued. On Monday evening we took possession of the cemetery and then of the eastern part of the village of Carency, and also of the road from Carency to Sauchez.

GERMAN BOMBARDMENT STOPPED BY ALLIES

(Canadian Press Special)

Following the bombardment of Dunkirk, reported yesterday, during which three shells fell but without hurting anbody or inflicting any damage, the Germans threw eleven shells on the town of Bergues, five miles south southeas of Dunkirk. Twelve persons were killed and eleven wounded. Our batteries at once opened fire and they put a stop to the shelling of the enemy which was not resumed during the day.

PRIVATES KILLED AT FRONT BORN AND KNOWN HERE

In its issue of yesterday the Peterboro Examiner gave a biographical sketch of eight Peterboro' boys, who had been killed at the front. One of these was Pte. George Minorgan, who was well known in this city, having been employed in the G.T.R. freight shed here, and playing baseball with the G.T.R. ball team, a couple of seasons ago. The Examiner has following reference of the departed patriot:

PTE. GEO. MINORGAN

A pal of Pte. 'Billy' Gibson throughout their boyhood games and studies, Pte. George Minorgan shared his fate in helping to stop the German rush at Ypres. The sad news that Pte. Minorgan had fallen came to the Examiner this morning through a telephone message from Beaverton, where Pte. Minorgan's father is residing at present, saying that he had been notified from Ottawa that his son was among the slain. There was no member of the 57th detachment who was better known than George Minorgan, whose proficiency in various sports, brought him frequently in the limelight. He was born in Peterborough and lived practically all his life here, with the exception of a short time in Belleville where he was in the employ of the G.T.R. He was educated in the local Public schools, at the Collegiate Institute and at Albert College, Belleville, and at the time of enlistment was in the local branch of the Bank of Toronto. He was a well known athlete especially in baseball and rugby. He played baseball for the West Ends in the old City League and last summer was with the Bankers in the Mercantile League. He also played one season with the Belleville G.T.R. team. In rugby he had played several seasons with the Peterborough O.R.F.U. team and previous to that with the Collegiate rugby team. Pte. Minorgan also played hockey with St. Andrew's in the Church League. He was a member of No. 8 company of the 57th Regiment for several years.

Pte. Minorgan's father is at present in business at Beaverton, where he removed last summer. One sister, Miss Lillian, also resides in Beaverton and one brother, John also survives.

Always bright and cheer, Pte. Minorgan was a genuine favorite in the city and a wide circle of friends will learn the news with deep regret.

At Peterboro', word was received yesterday announcing the fact that Private Gibson had been killed. The Examiner of that city has the following reference to him:

Born in Belleville

The late Private Gibson was born in Belleville, November 16, 1890, the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gibson, 304 Brock street. When he was five years of age he removed to Peterboro' with his parents, where he received his Public School education, and entered the Collegiate Institute here, September, 1906. He continued as a student in the Collegiate until March 1911, when he left for western points, securing a position at Fort Frances. He returned from the western province after about two years, and at the time of his enlistment he was employed in the local post office.

During the time he attended the Collegiate Institute he took a prominent part in athletics in the city, as a member of the West End Baseball Club, a member of the Peterborough Junior O.R.F.U. club, and the Collegiate Rugby team. At the Collegiate Institute he had the honor of being President of the Athletic Club, which was the highest tribute his fellow students could confer upon him there. When the Collegiate Institute entered a team in the Junior O.H.A. series in the season of 1909—1910, "Bill" Gibson was elected as manager and as such he guided his team through a successful season.

As Captain of the Collegiate Rugby team, playing at the position of quarter back he was the moving spirit in a memorable victory over T.C.S. of Port Hope at Riverside Park. He also played against Lindsay Collegiate teams and by his manly tactics made many friends amongst players and spectators.

A member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, the late Pte. Gibson was much appreciated by the young people.

The last card received from his parents was written on March 22nd, at the front. It was merely the printed form supplied those at the front, and stated that he was well.

In his letter dated April 13th, he refers to his examinations for the machine gun section and that he passed with Herbert Rogers and Geo. Minorgan, his two chums. News was received last Tuesday evening of the death of Herbert Rogers and this morning's messages brought news of the death of Ptes. Gibson and Minorgan.

Fierce Fighting Near Ypres

Allies Drive Back Enemy Two Miles—Capture Trenches and 2,000 Prisoners

Northern France, May 10.—(Special)—Yesterday and today fierce fighting took place between the sea and the Scarpe.

It opened yesterday with a furious bombardment of the British lines to the eastward of Ypres, followed by infantry attacks, which lasted throughout the day and night of Saturday, and led to several hand-to-hand encounters.

Owing to the superiority of German numbers and guns on this part of the field, the British had a difficult task, but to-day, thanks to reinforcement of the line and pressure brought to bear elsewhere, they have once more firmly established themselves on fresh lines to the east of Ypres. The German attacks, which have cost them heavy tolls in casualties, have died down.

As a return blow, the British and French on the line from the neighborhood of Lavante to the Scarpe gave the Germans today some unpleasant experiences. They subjected this line to a furious bombardment, which began at 5.30 a.m., and lasted for forty minutes. The earth shook under the constant detonations of bursting shells which wrought havoc in the German lines.

Following up this bombardment, the British infantry attacked and carried the front lines of the German trenches over a front a mile in width on the road from Lavante towards Aubers. British troops were subjected to the fire of many German guns, which were posted in concealed positions on their flanks, but in spite of this fire and the German counter attacks, the British are still in possession of the trenches they won.

Farther to the south the British artillery did much damage to the Germans, but the infantry attack which was begun at this point was not pressed owing to the unmasking of many German gun batteries. These attacks, however, have served the purpose of holding many German army corps on this part of the line, causing the Germans heavy losses, and reducing the strain on Ypres.

Aided by this energetic action, the French troops on the right made notable progress yesterday. They overthrew the Germans on a front of nearly four miles, and captured the German trenches. At sunset they had won nearly the whole length of the Arras-Lens road, capturing a number of prisoners and guns.

The fighting all along this front is still continuing.

TWO THOUSAND PRISONERS

PARIS, May 10.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office to-night

"To the north of Arras, in spite of several Germans counter-attacks, we have maintained all our gain of yesterday, and we have enlarged it at certain points, notably between Carency and Sauchez.

"Our sucess is developing. The total number of prisoners at three o'clock to-day exceeded 2,000. Among these were about forty officers, including a Colonel.

"We have captured in the last two days more than ten cannon and fifty machine guns.

"At Berry-au-Bac a German attack has been repulsed, as well as one in the Forest of Le Pretre."

Does not your heart beat faster at the news of the gallantry of our boys from Canada and do you not want to help?

Allies Advance at Dardanelles

Turks Offer Desperate Resistance—Their Estimate Losses are Put at 45,000

LONDON, May 11.—Allied troops on the Gallipoli Peninsula continued their advance Friday and Saturday according to an Athens despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. They are reported to have occupied important positions in spite of a desperate resistance offered by the Turks whose total losses are estimated at 45,000 men. The hospitals in Constantinople are said to be so crowded that the wounded are being sent to Konieh in Asia Minor.

Heavy fighting has been in progress on the Gallipoli Peninsula during the last few days. Although accounts of results are incomplete and contradictory, an official statement issued at Constantinople says the French and British troops made four attacks near Ariburnu on Sunday but were driven back with heavy losses. A press despatch from Athens to London says the Allies made important advances on Friday and Saturday, and that the Turkish losses in the fighting were estimated at 45,000 men.

AMERICA'S ATTITUDE SHE WILL NOT FIGHT

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—(Special)—President Wilson gave to a gathering of 4,000 naturalized Americans tonight the first intimation of the course which the United States Government probably will pursue in the situation resulting from the loss of more than a hundred American lives on the British liner Lusitania. He spoke by implication, but his hearers interpreted his remarks as meaning that, while the United Sates would remain at peace, it would seek to convince Germany of the injustice to mankind of the tragedy of last Friday.

"America," said the President, "must have the consciousness that on all sides it touches elbows, and touches heart, with all the nations of mankind. The example of America must be a special example; and must be an example not merely of peace, because it will not fight, but because peace is a healing and elevating influence of the world, and strife is not.

"There is such a thing as a man being too proud to fight. There is such a thing as being so right that it does not need to convince others by force that it is right."

The President made no direct reference to the Lusitania, but the audience did not hesitate to read the application of his statement. The President pointed out the true goal of right American citizenship to be a loyalty, not to the country of one's birth, but to the land of one's adoption.

AMERICA FIRST.

"While you bring," he said, "all countries with you, you come with a purpose of leaving all other countries behind you—bringing what is best of their spirit, but not looking over your shoulder, or seeking to perpetuate what you leave in them. I would not certainly be one who would suggest that a man cease to love the place where you were born and another thing to dedicate yourself to the place where you go. You can't be Americans if you think yourself in groups. America does not consist of groups. A man who considers himself as belonging to a national group is not yet an American.

"My advice to you is to think first, not only of America, but to think first of humanity, and you do not love humanity if you seek to divide humanity in jealous camps."

There was a tremendous ovation as the President finished his speech.

Aviators Battle In the Air

One of the allied aviators yesterday bombarded a hangar for dirigible balloones at Maubeuge and started a fire. An enemy aviator threw bombs on the railway station at Doullens, twenty miles north of Amiens, without doing any damage. Another aviator of the enemy, pursued between the Argonne and the Meuse by a French airman, was compelled to come down within the German lines, where his machine took fire.

On the other hand Germans brought down a British aviator yesterday, and British soldiers were successful in bringing down two German airmen.

Table Linen Sale

Great was the rush last week for Mill Ends of Table Linen, and this week we will continue the sale while they last. This beautiful Satin Damask Table Linen is in pieces from 3-4 yd. to 3 3-4 yds., and runs from 60 to 72 inches wide. Don't miss this opportunity of buying your supply at about HALF PRICE.

Great Sale of Lace Curtains

150 Pairs Lace Curtains go on sale this week, all fine Nottinghams, in all sizes to suit any window. Prices reduced to $4.25, $3.75, $3.00, $2.25, $2.00, $1.70, $1.40, $1.35, $1 25, $1.00, 95c, 75c, 50c and 39c pair.

Standard Patterns at the Dress Goods Department.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties through out the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

6TH CONCESSION, SIDNEY

THE LATE C. S. SCOTT.

The death occurred, at his residence in the 6th concession of Sidney, on May 4, of Mr. Chas. E. Scott, one of Sidney's oldest and most respected citiens. He was the second son of the late Isaac Scott, and was born in the 3rd concession of Sidnel on the 17th of November, 1829. The late Mr. Scott was 86 years oldd. He was a prominent farmer and had lived in this neighborhood for over 70 years. He was a Methodist in religion, one of the oldest workers in the church, and always found faithful as long as health would permit. He will be greatly missed by a large circle of friends. Deceased is survived by his widow, one daughter, Mrs. W. D. Ketcheson, of Peterborough, and two sons, Mr. Walter Scott and Mr. Morley Scott, both of Sidney. The family have the sympathy of the entire community.

Mr. R. N. Bird occupied the pulpit on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. McCall and Miss Leona Bell, all of Wooler, spent a few days last week with friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Sine were guests at Mr. T. Ketcheson's on Sunday.

Mrs. W. D. Ketcheson, of Peterborough, is spending a few weeks here with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Cadman, of Holloway, spent Sunday at Mrs. Chas. Lott's.

4TH CON., AMELIASBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Johnson of Consecon visited friends in this vicinity on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Parliament and family spent a recent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mr. C. Hawley, Roblin's Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson visited friends in Consecon on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Irving, of Hillier, have moved in D. H. Whitney's house and has engaged with Mr. Whitney for the coming summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hennessey were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jake Ferguson at Roblin's Mills on Sunday.

Mrs. V. Brown is slowly recovering from an attack of chicken-pox.

Mr. McVannell of Picton distributed the seed provided by the Agricultural Department to the school children on Wednesday.

Mrs.A. McConnel of Wellington is staying with her brother, Mr. H. Spencer, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Reddick spent Sunday at the home of Mr. F. Wood, Mountain View.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Parliament and Mr. B. Buckler spent Saturday in Belleville.

Mr. M. Herman and Mrs. Striker of Hillier were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Sager and family on Sunday.

The rain on Friday was much appreciated by the farmers throughout this section, although it brought frowns to the children's faces, as Arbor Day had to be postponed.

Mrs. Cassio Spencer is spending a few days here with old friends.

GARDENVILLE.

Strawberry setting is the order of the day in this vicinity this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Moynes spent Sunday with his brother, William Moynes, Frankford.

Little Irene Rich met with quite a serious accident last Monday, being burned severly on the face and neck, the result of playing with matches.

Mrs. Jane Chase is slowly improving.

Mrs. A. Coolittle of Edmonton, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Gladys Stapleton.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Madigan were guests of their son, Fred Madigan, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Kemp and children spent Sunday with Mr. F. Kemp, Carrying Place.

Mr. G. Landon is building a fine new launch.

THIRD LINE, THURLOW.

Union factory is now in full swing, conducted by the Latta brothers. Cheese prices have soared so high we can only afford to smell it.

Miss Pearl Dean is gradually improving.

Rev. Mr. Wilson has purchased a new five-passenger Ford Car.

Mrs. A. Ruttan has been in P. E. County for the past ten days having her residence in Bloomfield painted and and papered. Her sister, Mrs. Gallagher, has returned to P. E. Co. after spending the winter here.

Messrs. J. McCullough and B. Chambers have bought new autos. We will have to take their dust now.

ROSSMORE.

Mr. R. Babcock spent Sunday under the parental roof.

Quite a few from here attended the funeral of the late Mr. Leslie Gerow at Belleville last week.

The stork has visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. Weese, leaving an infant girl.

Mrs. F. Kelleher is home for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Edwards were the guests of Mr. and rMs. F. Belnap on Sunday last.

Mrs. A. C. Alyea has returned home after spending some time with her parents at Black River Ridge.

Mr. Manley Belnap has enlisted with the third contingent at Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Davidson of Belleville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. Belnap.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brickman is very ill.

SHANNONVILLE.

L. O. L. No. 212 held a very successful degree meeting recently in their lodge room at Shannonville when seven of the brethren were advanced to the Royal Arch Purple Degree—Brothers Samuel Sherman, John Morden, F. Pringle, Jas. Robertson, Robt. Sherman, Thos. Leslie and Albert Yateman. A very dainty luncheon was afterwards served, after which some interesting speeches were given by some of the visiting brethren, who were present from Belleville, Deseronto, and other district lodges; also a few suitable remarks from the newly initiated members. At the conclusion a hearty vote of thanks was tendered the visiting brethren who had ably assisted.

INGLE.

The farmers through here have about completed their sowing, having had fine weather for their work.

A large number of people from the surrounding country attended the auction sale at Mr. John McKnight's on Tuesday last.

Mr. Frank Meeks and family have moved into Mr. Robt. McLaughlin's tenant house.

Mr. Kring of Kaladar, has rented 200 acres of Mr. John McKnight's farm and has moved his family into the house.

Mr. James Killorin is in the Kingston Hospital suffering from stomach trouble.

Miss Lillas Meeks is convalescing after a severe attack of mumps and neuralgia.

Mr. Frank McLaughlin spent Sunday at Cedar Grove.

WELLINGTON.

Mr. Mainprice of the harbor works, spent Sunday at his home in Trenton.

Our summer cottage friends will soon be with us again for the summer.

Harry Kendall of Bloomfield is in town working on the harbor.

The foundation of Mr. Lett Smith's new house is now completed and is ready for the superstructure.

The I. O. O. F. will attend divine service in St. Andrew's church here on Sunday, May 16th, at 3 p.m. The sermon will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Cobb.

Mr. Farnell has returned to his home at Orillia, Ont.

All sorry to hear of the death of Mr. Conger Osterhout, at Port Huron, Mich. He was formerly a Prince Edward boy.

The condition of Mr. W. McQuoid is not much improved.

Public School is busy with examination work.

THIN, RUN DOWN MEN AND WOMEN

GAIN IN WEIGHT FROM TEN TO FORTY POUNDS

Sargol, The Flesh Builder Gives New Life, New Strength, New Vitality and Puts Firm Healthy Stay There Flesh on People Who Are Underweight

When I started taking Sargol I weighed 120 pounds. Now I weight 156, says J. G. Wilson. It put new life in every nerve. H. A. McCullars reports he gained 25 pounds and his health was made perfect, sleeps better and feels better than for 30 years. Miss Maud Smith reports a gain of 10 pounds and still gaining. Health greatly improved.

When these and hundreds of others once thin, underweight people write to say that as soon as they began to make Sargol a part of their meals they began to get fat, don't you think that there must be something in this widely advertised method of flesh building after all?

Don't you think you ought to try it, particularly as leading druggists everywhere sell it with the positive guarantee that unless it makes an increase in your weight you can have your money back?

You may say, "I am naturally thin. Nothing can make me fat," but until you have tried Sargol you do not and cannot know that this is true.

Thin folks stay thin no matter what or how much they eat and they begin to think food has nothing to do with flesh making. But they are wrong.

Thin people stay thin because the fats, oils, starches, sugars and other flesh and fat-making elements in their food are mostly passing out of their bodies as waste. Only enough nourishment is retained to keep the body going. Nothing is saved for flesh making.

Sargol of itself will not make fat. Eat it between meals and you probably will not gain a pound. But eat a single Sargol tablet with every meal and soon you may be gaining a pound of flesh a day. Sargol is the missing link between food-eating and fat-making. It makes the food of your meals put flesh on your body.

If the sugar you put in your coffee does not dissolve it does not sweeten the coffee. It is the dissolving, not the sugar that makes the coffee sweet. It is the same with your food. Unless it is properly dissolved in your stomach, separating the flesh-making nourishment from the waste, and unless the blood absorbs its full portion of the fat-making materials you must stay thin.

Here is where Sargol plays its part. It acts on every mouthful you eat. It promptly stops the leakage of fats. It lets only the waste leave the body. It puts your food in a condition that means its perfect assimilation by the blood and tissues. Your body cells which have been starved begin to thrive and you begin to take on weight quickly. It's not a theory—not an experiment, but a proved fact that thousands are trying every day. Sargol succeeds where all other so-called flesh builders fail because it enables you to get 100 per cent. efficiency from your food.

Your good common sense must prove to you that if the food you eat pays you only 25 per cent of its 100 per cent value, that you are cheating yourself just 75 per cent. You can never be the man or woman you should be and can be so long as you continue to live on a 25 per cent basis.

No matter how thin you are or how long you have been thin, Sargol should add pounds of solid, healthy stay-there flesh to your weight and make your figure plump and symmetrical. Get a package of Sargol from your dealer and prove it today. Use it as directed and watch your daily meals put pounds of flesh on your body. Sargol is absolutely harmless and is always sold on a positive guarantee of weight increase or money back by

J. S. McKEOWN

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. F. W. Gibson of Toronto, has been in the city during the last few days, attending the obsequies of the late S. M. Gilbert.

Mr. H. A. Carson of Toronto, travelling freight agent of the G. T. R., was in the city to-day on business in connection with the road.

Another Belleville Soldier Killed

Bert Lavender, whose name appears amongst the list of killed at the front, is a Bellevillian, having enlisted with the First Contingent. He joined the Regiment here. Relatives of the unfortunate patriot, who reside in this city, have not officially been notified of his death, but his name appears amongst members of the 2nd Battalion whose lives have been sacrificed.

What!a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

Lieuts. C. Ross Cameron and W. Eastwood of the 39th Battalion, of Belleville, were home at Peterboro' for the week-end.

Twenty-three members of the 57th Regiment to Peterboro' arrived here to-day to be attached to the 39th Battalion. Major Smart and Capt. Dr. Carron of the 39th Battalion were in Peterboro' on Saturday and put the recruits through a rigid examination. The boys were given an enthusiastic send off. The list is as follows:

G. Calberry, G. S. Carter, Geo. Cowan, Thos. Dyer, Robt. Fearnley, L. Fontaine, J. Garett, Wm. Hutchinson, Jas. Kearsley, E. Lovell, Harold Losey, Cecil Mounce, Chas. Nicholes, H. Orchard, G. Parsons, Leo. Phalen, J. E. Pich, Charles Rea, R. Saffrey, E. S. Smith, J. J. Smith, Stanley Wade, Allan Wade.

The following additional recruits from Port Hope arrived here yesterday afternoon to join the 39th Battalion:

Corp. Smith; Privates: C. Dart, W. Langford, H. Thompson, T. Lewis, W. Jefferies, T. Burke, R. Foster, H. Foster, P. Binks, W. Uglow, J. Stalk, J. Wooder, P. Kennedy, W. Joyce, and Joseph Schooling.

Only one member of the 39th Battalion bought himself out yesterday, A 12013 Pte. S. Cole, of A. Company.

The left half of the 39th Battalion (C & D Companies), commanded by Major A. E. Bywater, will be stationed at Zwick's Island, and the right half, under Lieut.-Col. R. W. Smart, will be stationed in the Canning Factory. The band, buglers, signallers and machine gun section, under the command of Lieut. Rackham, will be stationed at the Octavia street school. The object of these alterations is to maintain organization and interior economy in view of the early departure of the regiment for oversea.

Mr. Ian Bowell, youngest son of J. M. Bowell, Vancouver, B. C., and grandson of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, entered the artillery service at Vancouver, and is now at the Remount Depot, St. Johns, P.Q.

Recruits from the surrounding district came in today to the number of 39, there being six from Napanee, 21 from Port Hope and 12 from Cobourg.

Orderly officer for tomorrow, Lieut. S. Bleakney. Next for duty, Lieut. G. Gisborne.

BRITISH PRISONERS SHOT SOME BURNED ALIVE

LONDON, May 10.—(Special)—The Press Bureau has given out a Foreign Office statement enclosing sworn statements from two Dutch newspaper men in which the charge is made that British prisoners of war were shot by German troops. The documents comprise statements alleged to have been made to the newspaper men by two German deserters to the effect that the Bavarian regiments were ordered by Prince Rupprecht to take no British prisoners under pain of severe punishment. All had to be shot, the deserters said.

One case is instanced in which it is alleged that 40 British prisoners were burned alive in a hangar, the Germans concerned receiving a medal. Another instance deals with 24 British prisoners alleged to have been shot against a wall at Warwick.

The German deserters who are said to have been responsible for these stories disappeared mysteriously following a visit to the German Consul.

Obsequies

SAMUEL M. GILBERT

The funeral of the late Samuel Myers Gilbert took place yesterday from the residence of the second concession of Thurlow, to Belleville cemetery. The funeral was very largely attended, mourners being present from Toronto, Prince Edward County and the surrounding district. Services at the house and grave were conducted by the Rev. W. G. Clarke, assisted by the Rev. Amos. Campbell. The Ladies' Aid of the Tabernacle Methodist church attended. Following is a list of the floral offerings:

Gate Ajar—Widow.

Pillow—Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Gilbert and Myers Gilbert.

Wreath—Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Smith and Miss Alida Sutton.

Cut flowers—Miss M. G. Sills.

Anchor—Mr. and Mrs. R. Garbutt.

Wreath—Mr. and Mrs. J. Collip.

Cut flowers—Mr. and Mrs. W. Reid.

Wreath—Tabernacle Ladies' Aid.

Cut flowers—Mr. and Mrs. Poucher.

Wreath—Mr. and Mrs. W. Hamilton.

Wreath—Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Calnan, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Calnan.

MRS. ELIZABETH LYON STEPHEN

The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Lyon Stephen took place yesterday from her late residence, 14 Barrel street. There were many mourners in attendance, and the floral tributes laid upon the casket were many and beautiful. Mr. W. H. Wrightmeyer and Miss H. Ketcheson sang a duet, "Lead Kindly Light." Rev. C. G. Smith conducted the services at the house and at the grave in Belleville cemetery. The bearers were: Messrs. Orne, Rutherford, Riggs, Homan, Adams and Hughes.

Obituary

MARY ANN KETCHESON

The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Mary Ann Ketcheson, at the old family homestead on the 5th Concession of Thurlow. Deceased was born in Sidney, 88 years ago, and was of U. E. Loyalist stock. Surviving are three sons, Albert of Frankford, George of Sidney and T. E. of this city, and three brothers, John C., of Leavenworth, Kansas, Edward and James of Sidney. Her husband preceded her to the grave by seven years.

Translated.

At a concert held in a certain town a soldier of the Black Watch occupied a seat in front of a private of an Irish regiment and his sweetheart. The latter was very much interested in the Highlander's uniform, and scanned the regimental badge on his cap and collar particularly. This badge is the figure and cross of St. Andrew, with the motto, "Nemo me impune lacessit" (No one annoys me with impunity).

"Phwat does that wroitin' mane, Patsy?" asked the girl.

"Phwy," replied Pat, "it's Latin and I've forgotten the English av it. But in good ould Oirish it manes, Thread on the tail av me coat if ye dare!"

Herbs For Many Purposes.

Mint—For meat sauces.

Angelica—For flavoring cakes.

Lavender—For oil and distilled water.

Sage—For sausage and meat dressings.

Sweet Fennel—Leaves used in fish sauces.

Dill—The seed used to flavor pickles.

Borage—Leaves boiled as dandelion or spinach.

Thyme—In gravies and dressings of stuffed meats.

Chives—Used for flavoring soups and salads.

Borage, balm and catnip—Useful where one has bees.

Tarragon—Leaves useful in giving flavor to vinegar and pickles.

Coriander, fennel and caraway seeds—Used for flavoring sirups and cakes.

Among those having medicinal value are arnica, hops, catnip, pennyroyal, belladonna, sage, rue, horehound, marshmallow, wormwood, hyssop and peppermint.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

SOLDIERS' CONCERT

One of the greatest benefits, from the recreational standpoint, which the soldiers have enjoyed since coming to Belleville, is the moving picture privileges in the City Hall, Thursday and Sunday nights of the week. These privileges have been given to the men free of charge but have, as a matter of expenses, cost the committee in charge a little over twenty dollars per week. On Wednesday evening of this week a concert is being given in the City Hall, the proceeds of which, it is hoped, will cover the cost of the hall for the past five weeks.

Good Spirits

can only be enjoyed by those whose digestive organs work naturally and regularly. The best corrective and preventive yet discovered for irregular or faulty action of stomach, liver or bowels, is known the world over to be

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

THE WEATHER.

Moderate southeast winds, fine. Wednesday, southeast winds, becoming showery.

TRY OUR

Buns, Fried Cake, Doughnuts | Tarts, Cookies, Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Dependable Eye Service

I know that, in addition to the technical education to which my diploma certifies; and my proven ability to examine your eyes authoritatively, as vouched for by my patients, many of whom you know; I must be honest if I expect to retain practice—which I do.

I don't recommend Glasses unless absolutely necessary, or make misleading statements about your eyes or the Glasses I prescribe.

I charge only the established standard prices prevailing elsewhere for dependable service and glasses.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla	Lemon	Pineapple
Orange	Ginger	Cinnamon
Rose	Pineapple	Wintergreen
Almond	Peppermint	Strawberry
Rasperry	Maple	&c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.
Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER
May 1st
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at
30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

THE NEW STORE

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

5 dozen Lingerie Blouses, worth 75c. to $1.00; only ...... 54c.
Each Blouse you will see at a glance is worth more than this price.
6 dozen Blouses in Voile, plain and embroidered, worth up to $1.50; only ...... 98c. each
Black and White Jap Silk Blouses, in the new high and low neck styles ...... $3.00 to $3.50
SILK HOSIERY is not a luxury when you can buy at these prices —35c., 50c., 75c. Holeproof Silk Hose, 3 pairs for $3.00, guaranteed for 3 months.
CORSET SPECIALS—D. & A. Corsets at 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00. The D. & A. Corset is made in Canada by Canadians, and is second to none.
See our $3.00 D. & A. Front Lace Corset.
Black and Colored Pailette Silk, Lyons dyed, and will not cut; full yard wide ...... 89c. yard
Our stock of Prints, Ginghams, Linens, Staples was all purchased before the war. We can save you money on every purchase.

Next Door to Geen's — Wims & Co — 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman
Next Door to Sinclair's

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The mountains of Puerto Rico are so magnetic that they attract surveyors' plumb line. It has been found that some old surveys are incorrect by half a more or more.

Frank McGill, the wellknown M.A.A.A. swimmer, and Dr. A. A. MacKay, president of the Province of Quebec Swimming Association, have enlisted, the former in the airship squad and the latter with the 42nd Highlanders.

While ploughing the other day Chas. Heron, of North Verulam, turned up an Indian skull, beads and tomahawk, three great relics.

PASTOR RUSSELL AND CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

To the Editor,—

The beliefs of Pastor Russel are so fundamentally different from Christian Science that he would hardly be expected to speak of it accurately, but his sermon on this subject which you published recently was not fair even to himself, for it put him in the position of speaking in an oracular manner without insight or appreciation.

The main thread of the sermon in question was woven about a series of mistaken suppositions regarding the position of Christian Science toward the item of human experience called death. The philosophy of Christian Science was supposed to be as follows: Whoever dies commits mortal error; death is the greatest of errors, and one's failure to overcome it here and now leave him hopeless—he has failed in the last moment of his trial. The conclusion drawn from these premises was that the death of Christian Scientists disproves the truth of Christian Science. The fallacy of this conclusion, however, begins with the falsity of its premises, for they do not represent the teachings of Christian Science in a single particular.

The position of Christian Science with reference to the change called death is simply that of original and unadulterated Christianity. When Jesus Christ said, "If a man keep my saying, he shall never see death," and when he said, "Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect," he lifted up an ideal which will sooner or later draw all men. But it is not only in the belief called "this world" that we have hope in Christ; the true idea must rest in our thoughts until the motal qualities of human being are wholly eliminated.

The passing on of a Christian Scientist no more disproves the truth of Christian Science than the same event in the experience of St. Paul disproved his statement, "We live, and move, and have our being in God." Like St. Paul, Christian Scientists have perceived the truth of being. They have complete authority for it in the teaching and example of the Master. They have themselves experienced a satisfying degree of proof, and they do not regard any human event as final or capable of closing the door of opportunity. Jesus said, "I live by the Father" and "all live unto him."

One of the difficulties encountered by Pastor Russell while speaking of Christian Science, is due to his insistence on its being a system of negative thinking. Take this illustration: "Christian Scientists declare that the ten most potent words ever written are the first ten words of Mrs. Eddy's scientific statement of being—'There is no life, truth, intelligence, nor substance in matter.' I have been a daily reader of Christian Science literature for over fifteen years, and have talked with several thousand Christian Scientists, yet I never read or heard such a declaration from Christian Scientist.

If anybody will read the scientific statement of being, on page 468 of "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" to which Pastor Russell referred, the reader will find it to be a paragraph of six sentences, in which positive and negative statements are evenly balanced. In form and in substance the entire paragraph corresponds to these words from Christ Jesus —"It is the Spirit that giveth life; the flesh profiteth nothing." For anyone to say that Christian Scientists regard the ten words in question as the most potent ever written, would be like saying that Christianity is founded on the unprofitableness of the flesh —on the nothingness of Spirit's opposite.

When Mrs. Eddy chose a single form of statement corresponding to the words quoted by Pastor Russell, she spoke affirmatively: "Christian Science . . . . rests on the conception of God as the only Life, Substance and Intelligence" (Science and Health page 185). It is doubtless true, however, that both affirmations of truth and corresponding denials of error are requisite for clear thinking when thought has been confused. This was particularly the case when Christian Science was introduced to a world that was accustomed to regard matter no less than Spirit as both real and good.

Another mistake that Pastor Russell insisted on making for Christian Scientists was expressed by him as "their teaching that God is in everything." There is no such teaching in Christian Science. Mrs. Eddy has said, "Spirit, Soul is not confined in man, and is never in matter" (Science and Health page 467). Christian Science is based on infinite Spirit, and the infinitude of Spirit means, as expressed by Mrs. Eddy, "one God and His creation, and no reality in ought else" (Christian Science versus Pantheism page 9). Therefore the entire argumentative structure that Pastor Russell built on the supposition, "God is in everything," as the teaching of Christian Science, must fall for lack of foundation

Pastor Russell also fell on Mrs. Eddy's use of the word "Principle" as a synonym for God, in a manner which showed that he had given but very superficial consideration to the different meanings of this word and the propriety of giivng it a new meaning. In the large dictionaries, the primary meaning of the word "principle" is origin, source, cause; that from which anything proceeds; fundamental substance; primordial substance. It has been used by lexicographers in their definitions of Soul or Spirit, as follows: "Soul, the principle of thought and action in man" (Oxford English Dictionary); "Spirit, the principle of Life" (Century Dictionary); "Spirit, the universal principle imparting life from the creator" (Hastings Dictionary of the Bible); "Spirit, the principle of self-consciousness, self-activity, and of rational power in general; that which signifies a likeness in man to the Divine Being" (New International Dictionary).

Taking the word "principle" as thus in use, Mrs. Eddy gave it a distinctly deific meaning, which she distinguished by means of a capital letter, and employed the word "Principle" with several other terms "to express the nature, essence, and wholeness of Deity" (Science and Health page 465). This is to say, Mrs. Eddy did with the word in question what St. John did with the word "love." Such is "The process with every great, creative religious mind"; writes Professor Rauschenmusch on page 57 of his "Christianity and the Social Crisis," "the connection with the past is maintained and the old terms are used, but they are set in new connections and filled with new qualities.

In effect, the rest of Pastor Russell's sermon was a fault-finding with Christian Science because it does not agree with him on the following propositions: "God is dealing with the world as criminals under death sentence." "The church should not expect divine healing, which is so much of restitution and will belong to the world by-and-bye, after Messiah's kingdom shall be established." Christian Science agrees that true healing depends on the will of God, but emphatically differs from everything else expressed or implied in these propositions. Such doctrines were repudiated over 700 years before the Christian era; indeed they should have been obsolete from the days of Moses, for he said, speaking of God, "He is thy life."

According to the teachings of inspired prophets whose sayings are recorded in the Old Testament, God is just to each individual, and does not punish anyone for what another has done, nor condemn anyone after the occasion for punishment has ceased. (See Psalm 62:11-12; Proverbs 24:12; Isaiah 55;7; Jeremiah 32:19; Ezekiel 18:1-3, 30-32; Ezekiel 33:14-20). Some of these teachers perceived that God's will is to heal or restore, and to give life to all men (See Psalm 31:12-22; Psalm 36:7-9; Psalm 91; Psalm 103:1-6; Psalm 107; 15-22).

With the advent of Christ Jesus, the law of divine Love was fully revealed in its universal relation to human interests—"Even the very hairs of your head are all numbered"—and in its universal availability to all men—"It is not the will of your Father whic is in earth, that one of these little ones should perish." As for the postponement of healing until after the establishment of a Messianic kingdom, he clearly taught that the Kingdom of God comes upon you in the very process of healing. (See Luke 10:9; Luke 11:20).

The rejection of Mark 16:15-18 by recourse to "higher criticism" as proposed by Pastor Russell, would not help him to controvert the present possibility of Christian healing, for two parallel saying would still remain intact. No criticism has yet found a reason for expunging the Master's command to his disciples, "Heal the sick;" and his extension of it to "all nations" as recorded by St. Matthew, nor any reason for deleting these words preserved by St. John, "He that believeth on me, the works that I do shall he do also."

Yours sincerely,
CLIFFORD P. SMITH.
Boston, Mass., May 6th, 1915.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
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Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
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Letter From Dead Soldier

Sergt. Harry C. Ablard Says He is "Ready for Whatever Comes"

The following is the letter from the late Sergt. Harry C. Ablard, a member of the choir of St. Thomas' church, received by the rector, Rev. Canon Beamish. It bears the date of the field postoffice, March 29th:

"Somewhere" in France.

"Dear Rector:—Just a line to let you know that I am getting on fine out here. We have just come into the trenches after a good clean-up and rest, and once more are ready for whatever comes. The boys are all in good spirits and it is a pleasure to be among them. I wish you could pop into our little "dug-out" and see our novel surroundings. It is very dark, and quiet to-night, and it is difficult to believe that a few yards away are the much talked of "rival" of ours. In the actual realities of this road of warfare, one loses a good deal of the bitterness one feels towards them at first. They are always singing and whistling and appear to take their lot as easily as we. Of course, there are times when we feel like putting them all to sleep and that is when you see some one you know being taken away for the last time.

"Well, Rector, it's a queer game anyway, and it would take a cleverer man than myself to give you any idea of how strange it all is. Will you please remember me to Mrs. Wilmot, the choir and to Mrs. Beamish, whom I shall always remember as a true friend to my dear little wife and myself.

"Now, I must close, with my best wishes for your future welfare. Believe me,

"Sincerely yours,
"HARRY C. ABLARD."

A CANADIAN JOURNALIST.

The Late Thomas A. Gregg Was a Newspaperman of the Old School.

One of the ablest Canadian journalists of the older generation passed away at Alpena, Michigan, recently in the person of Thomas A. Gregg, and was buried in Toronto on April 3rd. From 1875 to 1895 he was a really prominent factor in the journalism of the city of Toronto, and up to the day of his death, took a deep interest in newspaper work although his means permitted him to live the simple life in such suburban places as appealed to his fancy. At the time of his death he was on his way to California, where he expected to end his days. The late Mr. Gregg first gained prominence in Toronto journalism in the early seventies, as a member of the staff of The Mail, under the regime of the late T. C. Patteson, who adopted for his motto in connection with that journal that of the original founders of The Pall Mall Gazette, 'a newspaper written by gentlemen for gentlemen." Mr. Gregg's elder brother, George, who had been a writer on the old Leader, the name of which still survives in Leader Lane, Toronto, was the man who projected The Mail and helped to raise the funds which founded it as a personal organ of Sir John A. Macdonald, in 1872. At a very early age "Tom" Gregg was city editor of the publication, a post which was no sinecure, since he had two reports under him, the telephone was unknown and the horse cars which furnished transportation stopped running at 11 p.m. Moreover, Mr. Pattieson had a theory peculiar to publishers of his epoch, that while newspaper men should be gentlemen, they should work for the honor and love of their task rather than for money. Consequently Mr. Gregg thought it well to go to New York, and achieved some success as a reporter on The New York Herald. Love for Canada brought him back to his native city from time to time, but he was never satisfied to settle down for very long at one task or in one town. The early eighties found him on The News and later Mr. Gregg, after moving from one paper to another until he assisted at the founding of The Toronto Star. But times were hard and a new paper had a tortuous road to travel. His partners were compelled to drop out for financial reasons, and he struggled for a time to make The Star go. Finally he had to throw up the sponge and the publication to which he gave the name disappeared for a few months. Its resurrection and subsequent prosperity was another remarkable achievement with which he had nothing to do, for again the wanderlust had seized him. He went West and established relations with the C.P.R. and the Hudson Bay Co., which continued for many years. Incidentally he founded The Edmonton Post, and in British Columbia he was confidential agent of Sir Richard McBride, whose political adviser he was in the early stages of the latter's career. As a witty and kindly companion few men were Tom Gregg's equal. He was a good influence on younger newspaper men, for he was at all times a stickler for good English and was deeply read on many subjects. His criticisms on their work were ever helpful.

Athletic Women of Other Days.

A searcher after curious facts has learned that athletic women are by no means a modern product, as is generally believed. They flourished in the days of sal volatile, hoops, patches and snuff—in the days when George II. was king. Ladies of the court took part in races arranged for them at the regular meetings, so that there were lady jockeys as well as gentlemen jockeys, and once a series of foot races for ladies in Hyde park was organized. The first one was run amid great enthusiasm of the populace, and the betting was high. Then stepped in some cross-grained old fellow, who persuaded the Government that such races were unseemly, and they came to a sudden end.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
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Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
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Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

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CHILDREN'S HATS

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THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR April Sale

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

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We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.
Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

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Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 237 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

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MOTHER'S DAY.

Mother is the most beautiful word in the English language. There is no other word which conveys so much of what is lovely, tender, holy and true. We can well imagine that it is with a "lump in the throat" that Canadian boys, writing in the trenches, pen the words, "Dear Mother." This feeling of veneration and love for the maternal parent is so strong among the great majority of people that to have a "Mother's Day" seems to be altogether superfluous. But there is a sacred example set in the observance of Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Ascension Day. The latter day will be observed next Thursday in Belleville, in the Anglican Churches, as it will be throughout the Empire. White flowers, which were worn last Sunday, are a suitable emblem to wear upon such an occasion. In the various churches in the city touching references were made to the influence of mothers in the home and in the larger sphere of national life. "One touch of nature makes the whole world kin" is an expression of a departed poet which still lives; and the tender solicitude which was recently shown by Premier Borden, at the death-bed of his aged mother, touched a tender chord in all, whether they were his supporters or opponents.

The mothers of Canada are showing true heroism in this terrible time. None know but they the poignant grief it is to them to say good-bye to their sons who are going to the front, perchance never to return. But they master their feelings and restrain their grief, knowing that it is the Mother of Nations who calls their sons, and that it is for her they are going out to fight, and possibly die. Instead of nurturing their grief at home they apply themselves to the task of knitting articles, to add to the comfort of the soldiers in the trenches, or in collecting funds to purchase little luxuries. In the political arena the mothers of Canada have shown their good judgment, sense of honor, and patriotism. The noble reply they sent to the Peace Convention at The Hague must raise the women of Canada even higher in the estimation of men than they were held before. Dear as peace would be to them they proclaimed that peace without honor was not of their seeking; that Britain was fighting for great principles; and that there could be no peace until those principles had been firmly established.

It is well that on one day of the year we should wear white flowers, and in a public form show the reverence and affection we have for the thoughtful, patient, and self-denying women who are ministering angels in our homes as well as in the hospitals on the battlefield. No debt can repay the women—many of whom are mothers—for the tender care with which they are nursing our soldiers at the front. Both from a home and national point of view we say—God bless the Mothers of Canada!

PREMIER HEARST.

The telegram published in The Intelligencer yesterday afternoon, stating that Premier Hearst passed the crisis of his illness on Sunday night, and that his condition had improved, was welcome news to everyone. It is but a short time since the Hon. W. H. Hearst took up the mantle of office left by his distinguished predecessor, Sir James Whitney. Since then he has applied himself to his strenuous duties with indefatigable energy; and it was in the course of one of his official journeys that he contracted the cold which resulted in pneumonia. His physicians have stated that his condition was very serious on Saturday and Sunday, and that although the crisis was past the patient would not be out of danger for two or three days. The Premier of Ontario has youth on his side, and we may confidently look to his being restored again fully to health. The fact that the Premiers of the Federal and Ontario Parliaments are both of them indisposed, should convey to all—what is evident to those most cognizant of their work—that these offices are far from being sinecures. At the present time they have to bear a great deal more than the ordinary strain of office; and they should receive the sympathy of opponents as well as members of their own party in their honest endeavors to discharge an onerous duty in the interests of the State.

CURRENT COMMENT

Italy is still on the fence; but it is evident on which side she will "some day" fall.

"Strict accountability" will likely turn out to be another case of "watchful waiting."

Possibly Japan will agree to respect the Chinese "open door" argument, but she will insist upon the right to act as doorkeeper.

Doubtless there will be much spasmodic hustling during their clean-up week; but some people are so inherently untidy as to need a health inspector perpetually at their heels to prevent them from being a nuisance to their neighbors.

What more eloquent testimony to the wonderful fascination of the game could be offered than the report that President Wilson, after having received the horrid details of the Lusitania tragedy, "went, as is his custom on Saturday, to the golf links"

Japan has got from China pretty much all she expected to get without the necessity of going to war, but merely threatening war. It remains to be seen whether Italy will have the same luck in getting what she wants from Austria.

It is asserted that the sinking of the Lusitania was a blunder from a military point of view. But was it Let us wait and see what effect it will have on neutral nations, especially the United States. It was intended to intimidate them. If it succeeds, it will not have been a blunder, though it was a crime.—Hamilton Herald.

One of the delegates at the recent Canadian and International Good Roads Association convention, in rising to address the gathering, began: "Mr. Chairman and fellow-highway men," and then paused to wonder why his hearers laughed.—Journal of Commerce.

For those few cold-blooded logicians who maintain that, as the Lusitania had been warned, her destruction, including innocent men, women and children, was legitimate warfare, the retort of the New York Morning Post is peculiarly appropriate. Yes, it admits, it was warned, and so are the victims of Blackhanders and Jack-the-Rippers.

The Germans are displaying impartiality towards all neutrals, whether they be strong or weak; no favor is being shown, no respect is being exhibited for any conventions which it was assumed protected humanity. The world is confronted with an outlaw state; it advertises to the world that it recognizes no laws of God or man, and cares not what may be the effects of its dastardly acts.—London Daily Telegraph.

If the British Government now decides to use asphyxiating gases it will stand as strongly and as sincerely opposed to their use as ever. When next we meet a civilized foe, we will not think of employing such savage methods. But we are today in the position of a peaceful citizen assailed by a thug. The law of self-preservation comes uppermost. We must defend our lives, even if that implies a reluctant descent to the methods of "thuggism" in putting an assailant beyond the power to work further mischief.—Montreal Star.

CHATHAM MAN KILLED

CHATHAM, May 10.—Bertram Cookson, who joined the first Canadian contingent from the 21st Regiment of Windsor, has been killed in action. Pte. Cookson was 29 years of age, and unmarried. He came from Lancashire, and his widowed mother and brother reside here.

The oldest baronet in the United Kingdom is Sir Hector McLean Hay, a resident of Brighton. He recently entered his ninety-fifth year, having been born in 1821. He succeeded his father as seventh baronet of a Scotish creation, dated 1703, forty-two years ago.

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When men are told in years ahead
How Fury forced the Belgian Door
And ravished maids, struck children dead,
And fired the houses of the poor,
Will none, if still that nation lives,
Our sires with blood and sweat begat,
Ask with the pride your greatness gives,
"What said America to that?"

Your children, taught how Belgium stood
In flames that once were called Louvain,
And dashing from her eyes the blood,
Struck at her foe, and struck again—
Shall feel their hearts within them burn
To know the righteous word you said,
God! when the silent truth they learn,
Surely your sons shall hang the head.

We ask not that of all your hosts
One man, one sword, be sacrificed;
Your cousins guard these ancient coasts,
Your kinsmen charge this Antichrist;
But we expect your mighty voice
With judgment through the world to run,
O, Land of Freedom, make your choice,
Are you for Belgium or the Hun?

We ask not that your shells should shriek
Above the flaming hill we climb,
But speak, O Sons of Lincoln, speak,
Silence in such an hour is crime.
Your children judge you if you stand
In hearing of the Belgian cry,
Not only with the folded hand,
But with the cold averted eye.

The soul has got its piercing steel,
The heart its fierce consuming fire—
O make your voice like thunder-peal,
All nations of the earth inspire!
We know your heart for Belgium bleeds,
But speak your soul, declare your mind,
Speak till the sin-red Tyrant heeds
The Voice of God and all mankind.
—Daily Chronicle (London, England)

CROSSING THE BAR.

The Trials and Tribulations of Troop ships Going to France.

Now, to be quite frank, the "Trooper" is no lap of luxury, says London Ideas. A voyage in one is a notable experience in itself, apart from what may follow upon arrival. The first consideration of the powers that be is to pack as many souls—or bodies may be a more correct expression in the circumstances—as can be done with safety aboard. A little discomfort is all in the war game. Thus a steamer of some 8,000 tons register, which, were it a regular passenger liner, would house 1,200 people, has got to find room for 2,000 Tommies.

The fun begins as soon as the endless files of men get aboard. Every ranker has nearly a cwt. of impedimenta on his back and in his right hand is his rifle, which has a knack of getting badly in the way as the owner precariously descends the tortuous stairway leading to the troop deck. However, it is wonderful how soon order is evolved from chaos, and things are beginning to dovetail nicely when 7.30 p.m. and hammock time come round together. Every man has to betake himself to the warrant officer and satisfy that austere official that he is a fit and proper subject for bed and blankets.

First night in a hammock. What scope there is here for the faithful delineator, but none at all for the dreamer. Where is the victim who will forget it, especially when he has some old bruise on the head to remind him?

Early next morning the strident order comes to turn out—sleepy men, sea-sick men, home-sick men, all must "get." Hammocks and blankets must be neatly folded and deposited with the warrant officer well in front of breakfast-time. As soon as this is effected a metamorphosis sets in. Tables and forms are put into position in double quick time, and food aromas, more or less unsavoury according to the sea-going qualities of the individual Tommy, assail the nostrils.

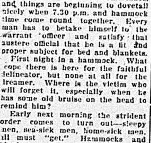
Dinner comes while the day is still young, and for the first two or three days it is piping hot and otherwise excellent, after which, however, it never rises beyond the mediocrity of bully beef, "Fanny Adams," or canned concoctions, garnished with somewhat sickly-looking preserved potatoes. Beer, once an integral part of the menage, is now no longer seen, and the joy of some hardened veteran to find it replaced with that salt corrective, lime juice, is beautiful to see.

In the afternoon most of the men sport a fine warm headgear, known as a sea cap, guaranteed not to blow off in even a No. 10 gale, which, however, converts the average Tommy from a respectable member of society into a cut-throat looking buccaneer looking for a ship to scuttle.

But, then, appearances go for little on board a ship, where the immaculate Master-at-Arms is nicknamed "Jaunty," the bluejacket "Flatfoot," or the unfortunate cook "Slushy," not to mention such respectable worthies as "Chippie" the carpenter, "Jimmy Bungs" the cooper, and "Jucks" the butcher.

Hairpin That Won a Fortune.

It is an interesting fact to know that the hairpin in use to-day was the patent of an English woman. The lady chanced upon the idea for the hairpin through an endeavor to open a window with one of these toilet necessaries. The hairpin used was the old style straight pattern. Holding this by the point, she inserted the head under the window frame as a lever. The pressure used bent the head of the pin, causing a hump towards the point. Seeing this, the idea at once struck her that if she turned up the points it would be impossible for such a pin to fall out of the hair. She had it protected, and a firm began its manufacture. At the time of her death she was drawing between $2,500 and $3,000 per annum from royalties alone arising out of her patent hairpin.



PERRIN'S TIPPERARY BISCUITS
REGISTERED
Made in Canada 33

THE BLACK LIST—THE PIRATE CRIMES

Ninety-One Ships Sunk, More Than 1,570 Lives Taken by Submarines and Mines Under German Zone Decree

Ninety-one merchant vessels have been destroyed by German submarines and mines, and more than 1570 lives lost since the German war zone decree became effective on Feb. 18. The great majority of the vessels were British The list follows:

1—BELRIDGE, Norwegian, (torpedoed,) February 19. (All saved.)
2—DINORAH, French (torpedoed,) February 19. (All saved.)
3—BJARKA, Norwegian, (mine,) February 20. (All saved.)
4—CAMBANK, British, (torpedoed) February 20. (Four dead.)
5—DOWNSHIRE, British, (torpedoed,) February 20. (All saved.)
6—EVELYN, American, (mine,) February 23. (All saved.)
7—REGIN, Norwegian, (torpedoed,) February 23 (All saved.)
8—CARIB, American, (mine,) February 23. (Not known)
9—BRANK, Chinese, (mine or torpedo,) February 23 (All saved.)
10—OAKBY, British (torpedoed,) February 23. (All saved.)z
11—HARPALION, British (torpedoed,) February 23 (All saved.)
12—RIO PARANA, British, (torpedoed,) February 23 (One dead.)
13—DEPTFORD, British, (mine or torpedo.) February 23. (One dead.)
14—WESTERN COAST, British, (mine or torpedo,) February 24 All saved.
15—NOORSEDYK, Dutch, (torepdoed,) March 5. (Not known.)
16—TANGISTAN, British, (torpedoed,) March 9. (37 lives lost.)
17—BLACKWOOD, British, (torpedoed,) March 9. (All saved.)
18—PRINCESS VICTORIA, British (torpedoed,) March 9. (All saved.)
19—INDIAN CITY, British, (torpedoed,) March 11. (All saved.)
20—HEADLANDS, British, torpedoed,) March 11. (All saved.)
21—ANDALUSIAN, British, (torpedoed,) March 11. (All saved.)
22—FLORIZAN, British, (torpedoed,) March 11. (One dead.)
23—INVERGIL, British, (torpedoed,) March 13. (All saved.)
24—HAANA, Swedish, (torpedo or mine.) March 12. (six dead.)
25—ATLANTA, British, (torpedoed,) March 14. (All saved.)
26—FINGAL, British, (torpedoed.) March 15. (Six dead.)
27—LEEUWARDEN, British, (torpedoed,) March 17. (All saved.)
28—GLENARTNEY, British, torpedoed,) March 18. (One dead.)
29—BLUEJACKET, British, (torpedoed,) March 19. (All saved.)
30—ACIRNTORR, British, (torpedoed,) March 21. (All saved.)
31—CONCORD, British, (torpedoed,) March 22. (All saved.)
32—MEDIA, Dutch, (torpedoed,) March 24. (All saved.)
33—HYNDFORD, British, (torpedoed,) March 26. (One dead.)
34—VOSGES, French, (torpedoed,) March 27. (One dead.)
35—DELMIRA, British, (torpedoed,) March 25 (All saved.)
36—FALABA, British, (torpedoed,) March 28 (111 dead.)
37—AGUILA, British, (torpedoed,) March 28 (23 missing.)
38—AMSTEL, Dutch, (mine,) March 29. (All saved.)
39—FLAMINIAN, British, torpedoed,) March 29. (All saved.)
40—CROWN OF CASTILE, British, (torpedoed,) March 29. (All saved.)
41—EMMA, French, (torpedoed,) March 31. (Nineteen dead.)
42—SEVEN SEAS, British, (torpedoed,) April 1, (Eleven dead.)
42—SOUTH POINT, British, (torpedoed,) April 1. (All saved.)
44—NOV, Norwegian, (burned,) April 1. (All saved.)
45—SCHEILAND, Dutch, (mined,) April 1. (One dead.)
46—GLOXIANA, British, (torpedoed,) April 1. (All saved.)
47—JASON, British (torpedoed,) April 1. (All saved.)
48—NELLIE, British, (torpedoed,) April 1. (All saved.)
49—LOCKWOOD, British, (torpedoed,) April 2. (All saved.)
50—PARQUERETTE, French, (torpedoed,) April 2. (All saved.)
51—CITY OF BREMEN, British, (torpedoed,) April 3 (Four dead.)
52—HERMES, Russian (torpedoed,) April 4. (All saved.)
52—OLIVINE, British, (torpedoed,) April 4. (All saved.)
54—AGANTHA, British, (torpedoed,) April 5. (All saved.)
55—NORTHLANDS, British, (torpedoed,) April 5. (All saved.)
56—ZARINA, British, (torpedoed,) April 7. (Nine dead.)
57—HARPALYCE, British, (torpedoed,) April 9. (All saved.)
58—FREDERICK FRANCK, French, (torpedoed,) April 11. (All saved.)
59—PRESIDENT, British, (torpedoed,) April 11. (All saved.)
60—WAYFARER, British, (torpedoed,) April 12. (All saved.)
61—ELLISPONTES, Greek,(torpedoer,) April 17. (All saved.)
62—VANILLA, British, (torpedoed,) April 18. (Crew lost.)
63—L. LAWRENCE, British, (torpedoed,) April 22. (two dead.)
64—RUTH, British, (torpedoed,) April 23. (All saved.)
65—FRAEK, Finnish, (torpedoed,) April 23. (All saved.)
66—LILY DALE, British, (torpedoed,) April 23.—(All saved.)
67—SVORNO, Russion, (torpedoed,) April 30. (All saved.)
68—LAILA, Norwegian, (torpedoed,) April 30. (All saved.)
69—EDALE, British, (torpedoed,) May 1. (All saved.)
70—GULFLIGHT, American, (torpedoed,) May 1. (All saved.)
70—GULFLIGHT, American, (torpedoed,) may 1. (Three dead.)
71—ELLIDA, Swedish, (torpedoed,) May 1. (All saved.)
72—BALDWIN, Norwegian, (torpedoed,) May 2. (All saved.)
73—AMERICA, Norwegian, (torpedoed,) May 2. (All saved.) z
74—ELSA, Swedish, (torpedoed,) May 2. (All saved.)
75—MINTERNE, British, (torpedoed,) May 3. (Two dead.)
76—CRUISER, British, (torpedoed,) May 3. (Two wounded.)
77—SCOTTISH QUEEN, British, (torpedoed,) May 3. (All saved.)
78—IOLANTHE, British, (torpedoed,) May 3. (All saved.)
79—HERO, British, (torpedoed,) May 3. (All saved.)
80—NORTHWARD HO, British, (torpedoed,) May 3. (All saved.)
81—HECTOR, British, (torpedoed,) May 4. (All saved.)
82—PROGRESS, British, (torpedoed,) May 4. (All saved.)
83—BOB WHITE, British (torpedoed,) May 4. (All saved.)
84—RUTH, British, (torpedoed,) May 4. (All sayed.)
85—UXBRIDGE, British, (torpedoed,) May 4. (All saved.)
86—CATHAY, Danish, (torpedoed,) May 5. (All saved.)
87—STRATTON, British, (torpedoed,) May 5. (All saved.)
88—EARL OF LATHAM, British, (torpedoed,) May 6.—(All saved.)
28—CANDIDATE, British, (torpedoed,) May 6. (All saved.)
90—CENTURION, British, (torpedoed,) May 6. (All saved.)
91—LUSITANIA, British, (torpedoed,) May 7. (about 1,300 lost.)

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The Germans are using suffocating Kaiser seems to have neglected few details in preparing for the war he so long sought.

The Kaiser has decorated Admiral von Tirpitz as a naval genius. Why not hang a couple of iron crosses on the good old Kiel Canal?

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'
Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.
Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon. 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Tarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations —10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

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Attractive Tours to PACIFIC COAST
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Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
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NEURALGIA SETTLED IN HER LUNGS

No Relief From The Pain Until She Took "Fruit-a-tives"

CAMPBELLVILLE, ONT., MAY 5th, 1913.

"I cannot speak too highly of "Fruit-a-tives". For over thirty years, I have suffered from chronic Neuralgia and Constipation, experiencing untold agony. The Neuralgia settled in my lungs and I took bottles of medicine without relief. The doctor told me I would not get better but "Fruit-a-tives" proved that the doctor was wrong by giving me quick relief and finally and completely curing me.

"I would not have my present health if it were not for "Fruit-a-tives" and I am glad of this opportunity of giving you this letter about such a splendid remedy as "Fruit-a-tives".

MRS. NATHAN DUNN.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

CONDUCTING AN INQUIRY

Into the Grounding of the Steamer Glenmount Near Clayton

Capt. L. Demeres of Ottawa, wreck commissioner for the Government, has been in Kingston conducting an investigation into the grounding of the steamer Glenmount of the Montreal Transportation Company off Round Island below Clayton, a few days ago. He will come to the city again to-day and give his decision.

The Glenmount, which was grain-laden, on her way to Montreal went aground on a very lark rainy night. It was her first trip of the season to Montreal.

Much complaint has been made about low water in the river since the opening of navigation and it was decided to have the Government make an investigation with the result that Capt. Demeres was sent to Kingston for that purpose.

The evidence of members of the crew was taken, and afterwards Capt. Demeres stated that he would give his decision in Kingston on Tuesday next.

Despondency and the "Blues," usually the result of constipation, quickly succumb to Rexall Orderlies. Sold only by J. S. McKeown. The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

KAISER AND RIPPER JACK

New York Herald in Mourning on Every Page

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Herald appears this morning with its entire 24 pages in mourning. Scattered through the editorial page are the alternating paragraphs:

"What is President Wilson going to do about it?" and "what a pity Theodore Roosevelt is not president now."

A cartoon shows the Kaiser and New York's uncaught Jack the Ripper arm in arm, the Kaiser holding up a warning to travellers and the Ripper displaying a warning to mothers that he is about to kill their children, while Satin, laughing, looks up out of a coal hole.

FLAX WILL BE IN DEMAND

OTTAWA, May 9.—The advisability of Canadian farmers growing large crops of flax in view of the condition created by German occupation of flax growing areas in Belgium and Northern France is urged in a statement issued by the Agricultural Department. It states that the crop of flax for seed as well as for fibre, is likely to be far below the average this year on the continent. This offers another extraordinary opportunity to the Canadian farmer in the west.

SHOULD HAVE PASSPORTS

Even Desirable for British Subjects Visiting Great Britain

OTTAWA, May 9.—Notice has been given by the Government that while not obligatory, it is very desirable in order to save inconvenience, that British subjects visiting Great Britain be provided with passports with photographs, as every person is challenged as to nationality on arrival and departure from the United Kingdom.

HOUSECLEANING WOODWORK

A wax dressing is the best wood food and prevents woodwork and panelling from shrinking or warping, which often happens on account of the dry heat of a house.

RONUK

the English Wax Polish and Cleanser for furniture, floors and linoleum is easy to apply; it gives a soft, durable gloss and your woodwork will be both clean and bright. 73

On sale at all stores 10c. to $1.00.

DRIVING THE PEOPLE FROM GOD AND BIBLE

DOCTRINES OF DEMONS RESPONSIBLE

Satan's Successful Method—Why God Permits Darkness for Light—Faith and Love Tested—Responsibility of Preachers—God Slandered—Everbody's Duty—Truth Soon Triumphant—"They Shall Be Ashamed"

PITTSBURG, Pa. May 9.—Pastor Russell gave two addresses here today. We report the one from 1 Timothy 4:1, 2. It is a severe arraignment of education and especially of ministers, notwithstanding its moderate language. The Pastor said:

We are gradually awakening to the fact that the world does not love God, but merely fears Him; and that few chuches recognize Him as the gracious Heavenly Father. Altho the Bible has told us repeatedly that God is Love, that His Mercy endureth to the limit, and that from Him comes every good and perfect gift, nevertheless the doctrines of demons instilled into our minds from childhood have hindered us from appreciating these statements.

Back in the Second Century, when Bibles were very expensive, and few could read, Satan laid the foundation for gross errors. The clergy began to claim Apostolic Succession for the bishops—that they were successors to the Apostles, and that consequently their teachings were of equal authority. Gradually the deception fastened itself; nobody was allowed to preach except those authorized, or ordained, by those claiming to be the inspired successors of the Apostles. The result was the separation of the clergy as the Church—the public being called the Children of the Church, or sometimes the laity.

A little later, the Apostolic Bishops, with Emperor Constantine, started creed-making. Thereafter creeds took the place of Bible study; for the Emperor decided that the Nicene Creed would be the standard of Orthdoxy, and that anyone differing from its teachings would be a heretic and subject to persecution. Thus Bible study was crowded out, and any reference to the Bible was considered a slight to the Apostolic Bishops and the creeds which they had made.

This lasted for twelve hundred years, then the authority of the Bishops as Apostles began to be questioned. The Bible began to be sought and studied, but all who did this were esteemed heretics, or in danger of becoming such by getting out of touch with the creeds. How much error could be brought into the Church in twelve centuries? It is any wonder that our creeds are more than half error, and that the "doctrines of devils," worked into them as leaven, have corrupted them entirely and made them injurious to spiritual health?

This was the very prophecy which Jesus made—that leaven, corruption, would be hidden in the family portion (Matthew 16:6, 11, 12; Luke 13:21.) Again, Jesus pictures the matter in Revelation 17:4, 2, where a woman is shown, having in her hand a Golden Cup filled with her own false doctrines with which she makes drunk all the inhabitants of the earth. The whole world has been stupidly drunk for centuries, and now is awakening—some dazed, some angry, some hysterial, etc. But, thank God, with our waking we perceive that the glorious Millennial Morning is at hand. There, as promised, Messiah will assume His great power, begin His Reign, roll away ignorance and superstition from the world and let in the true light of the knowledge of God's glory—Isaiah 60:2, 8; Habakkuk; 2:14.

Organized Opposition to the Bible

I am not blaming our forefathers—Catholics or Protesants. Doubtless there were bad men amongst them but there were also good men and sincere. I blame the great Adversary, Satan, and his demons, the fallen angels, as the Apostle does. We have been debauched by these "doctrines of demons."

About 1500 A.D. the people began to desire the New Testament and to doubt the inspiration of the Apostolic Bishops. Professor Tyndale translated the New Testament into English, but could not get it printed in Great Britain, because of the power of the Bishops—Protestant Bishops, mark you, afraid that the Word of God in the hands of the people would discount their authority. Tyndale persevered, had his New Testament printed in Germany, and then imported to London. Altho few people could read, they began to buy the books eagerly. But the Apostolic Bishops bought up the entire edition and burned the books publicly in front of St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

Surely, Jesus forewarned us of these would-be Apostles (Revelation 2:2) He appointed only twelve, and recognized St. Paul as successor to Judas. These Twelve were to be His special mouthpieces, the crown of the twelve stars in the Church and the twelve foundation stones (Revelation 12:1; 21:24.) Referring to the illegal Apostolic Bishops, Jesus said, "Thou hast tried them which say they are Apostles and are not, and hast found them liars."—Revelation 2:2; 2 Corinthians 11:13.

Burning the New Testament made the matter worse. The people demanded to know why they should not be permitted to read the words of Jesus and the original Twelve. The psuedo-apostles then produced what they styled the Bishops' Bible and gave it to the people, with threats that if thru reading that Bible they got out of harmony with the creeds, they would go to eternal torture. Roman Catholics got out the Douay edition. Each party warned the people that the other's translation was especially wrong, altho there is little difference. Thus they attempted to hinder the people from studying the Bible.

The same spirit is manifested everywhere yet. Whoever presents the Bible with out sectarian bias, and shows its simplicity and purity, its Divine Message of love and mercy, is branded a heretic and dangerous; and any vilification heaped upon him is reckoned as service to God, however else. It is surprising to what extent we have been hoodwinked by the Adversary and have failed to notice that our difficulty arose from the "doctrines of demons."

What are "Doctrines of Demons?"

"Doctrines of demons" are various falsehoods designed to misrepresent God's character and dealings, and thus to hinder God's message from taking effect in human hearts. God could have prevented Satan from thus practising deceptions and slandering His character; but repeatedly He indicates that it has been His purpose not to use force in the gathering of the Church. He sent forth His Message intending that those hearing would have an opportunity of responding voluntarily.

By and bye thru Messiah's Kingdom force will be used for the instruction of others; but those now being selected from the world are taken out by the power of the Truth alone, (2 Peter 1, 4; John 17:17.) To whatever extent God's Word is received into a good and honest heart, it does a tremendous transformation work, thru the Holy Spirit—Romans 12, 2.

Satan personally and thru his demon hosts of fallen angels, seeks to misrepresent God's message, God's character, as St. Paul tells us (2 Corinthians, 4, 4). This slander against the Almighty, which Satan has manufactured, is that God made a great place called Hell, Sheol, Hades, supplied it with fire-proof devils and fuel to last for all eternity, and then created man, knowing that nearly everybody would go to that awful place. Additionally we were taught, we would be rendered indestructible, in order that our torments might last eternally. I think too highly of my fellow-creatures to believe that any human mind could invent such doctrines. I accredit them, as does the Apostle in our text, to demons; and as he explains, their object was to separate us from God and His Word.

When Satan's Work Began

Satan has been working his plan of opposition God for more than six thousand years. He began by telling Mother Eve that her sin would not bring the punishment of death, as God had said; and he has kept up that statement until today. He has convinced the whole world that the dead are really more alive then when they were alive. This is the fundamental doctrines of demons. But the Bible says, "The dead know not anything." (Ecclesiastes, 9, 5.) "The wages of sin is death"—not eternal torment anywhere (Romans, 6, 28); and "The soul that sinneth, it shall die" (Ezekiel, 18, 4, 20). If we had believed the Bible, we would have been spared the nonsense, the fear, the delusions, which have troubled us. But we neglected God's Word and took the word of Satan, the Serpent. Thank God, Messiah's Kingdom will not only bring in blessings to the world, but will bind Satan, that he may deceive the world no more until the thousand years of Christ's Reign are finished, and the world uplifted!—Revelation 20, 1-4.

These "doctrines of demons" include Purgatory and masses, to get out of Purgatory. They include the work of spirit mediums; for, as bishops and priests are deceived, so are mediums. They verily think they are communicating with dead humans, whereas the Bible makes clear that they are being deceived by the fallen angels, the demons, who thru mediums, try to impress upon us that our dead friends are alive, thus giving the only confirmation there is to Satan's lie that the dead are alive. Poor creatures who come under the influence of evil spirits tell us distinctly that the spirits who once claimed to be their dead friends declare plainly, after getting control of these unfortunates, that they are demons and then proceed to terrify their victims with assurances of eternal torture.

Why Should Demons so Teach?

At first thought it would appear that Satan would not favor anything telling about future trouble; that many are deceived into thinking that whatever tells of the goodness and love of God must be a deception to the Devil. Let us notice carefully the line of the adversary's attack. He skillfully uses preachers, evangelists and the profane—all—to tell about Hell and devils, and the creeds to tell that all this was God's plan. Thus effectually he puts a barrier between God and the people, and drives them from God and the Bible.

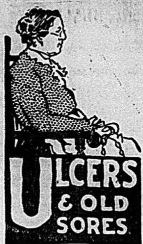
Have not these "doctrines of devils" led thinking people away from God and religion into social flurries and nonsense? Have not men been led to plunge into business, novel-reading, theatre-going, drinking, carousing, gaming—anything to keep their minds off the most important things—the things of God, the things which the Bible teaches? And yet thousands of ministers are preaching Hell-fire torment who do not believe a word of what they say, but who imagine they keep people from going into sin. Do they think they are wiser than God? Do they expect to hear the Master's "Well done, good and faithful servant," for having slandered His name, His character and His message, for having deceived the people, when He plainly told them that the Truth alone will sanctify?

I sympathize with the preachers; they are in a terrible place, as the Apostle describes in our text, "Speaking lies in hypocrisy, having their conscience seared with a hot iron." Only a badly-seared conscience could approve of the slandering of Almighty God, the representing of Him as being worse than the worst of devils we could possibly imagine. It would be a hard matter for these gentlemen, so long looked up to as standard-bearers for God and the Truth, to come humbly down from their pedestals and tell the people plainly, "We have been deceiving you all, or, at least, we have been keeping you in ignorance of the Truth for the sake of the salaries we received." A few, we may surely expect, will do this. They are coming nearer to the point every minute. But the majority will brazen the matter out, adding falsehood to hypocrisy; and every day that they delay to step out on the side of Truth will make their case the worse. The people are becoming enlightened, and are ahead of the preachers in the knowledge of God and in honesty or thought and word.

Quite recently I heard from a young man who went to his pastor, saying, "Do you really believe in Hell fire as the punishment for sin?" The answer was, "Yes, certainly, of course; we all do." Then the young man told what he had been thinking, and as he was leaving the minister's study, the latter put his hand on the young man's shoulder, saying, "George, I do not believe in eternal torment; but, you know, we must preach it. Otherwise, we would be out with our denominations and creeds, and out with everything, and perhaps, the people would be the worse off."

What a shameful position! God has given preachers such advantage over the common people in education and time for study, and surely He will not hold him guiltless that taketh His name in vain—that slanders Him, that misrepresents Him, and that does so in the name of God, religion and the Bible. I am speaking plainly, but not unkindly. My heart grieves for the ministers; for the judgments of the Lord surely will come upon them for their course. Our forefathers had the excuse of ignorance, misunderstanding, poor translations, and severe bondages of superstition. But no excuse can be offered now for misrepresenting God, for deceiving the people of God and the world, and for joining with Satan in attempting to thwart the Divine purpose of selecting the Household of Faith.

Again I offer free on postcard request my pamphlet on the word Hell, and certain misunderstood parables. Address me at Brooklyn, N.Y.



If you have an ulcer, an old sore, or some chronic skin trouble, your best course is to try Zam-Buk. See offer below of free trial box! We are content to let Zam-Buk prove itself.

Mrs. E. J. Dubois, Vancouver, writes:—"My mother suffered with ulcers on her feet which made it impossible for her to get about. She had doctors' advice and treatment, but the ulcers got no better. We were advised to try Zam-Buk. After a few weeks' use my mother was able to walk. Perseverance with Zam-Buk completely and permanently cured her."

For piles, skin diseases, abscesses, eczema, cuts, burns, baby's eruptions, and all skin troubles, this herbal balm is without equal. 50c. all druggists and stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

WE OFFER FREE BOX

Send this advertisement, name of this paper and 1c. stamp to above address, and we will mail you trial box.

ZAM-BUK
FOR SKIN DISEASES

Police Guarding German Embassy

After Von Bernstorff Received the Threat That the Place Would Be Blown up

WASHINGTON, May 10—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, reiterated to-day what he had said on leaving New York yesterday to the effect that he could not discuss the Lusitania tragedy because he had nothing official from his Government on the subject. He knew nothing of the sinking of the vessel except what he had seen in the newspapers, he said. A statement from Berlin issued by the German Government appears in newspapers this morning, the ambassador said, but he could add nothing to that.

The ambassador denied that he had advance knowledge of Germany's intention to sink the Lusitania. Had he known in advance, he said, he could have gone no further than he had gone in giving notice in a newspaper advertisement of the danger of travel through the waters of the war zone in vessels of nations at war with Germany.

In connection with the warning advertisement attention is called here to the fact that the advertisement was general in its terms and made no reference to the Lusitania. It is pointed out also that the advertisement did not appear in newspapers until the morning of the day the Lusitania sailed, as the contention has been made that it was printed without any marked prominence and in such positions as to leave prospective passengers on the Lusitania to take their chance of finding it in the general run of printed matter.

It is understood that the German explanation of the fact that the advertisement was not printed until the morning of the day of the Lusitania's sailing, is that the publication of the advertisement was to have been a week in advance of the date of the sailing of the Lusitania and that the delay in publication was due to an error for which the German Embassy was not responsible. Owing to this error, according to the understood explanation, the simultaneous publication could not be arranged for on a date prior to Saturday, May 1, when the Lusitania sailed from New York. A copy of the advertisement prepared at the German Embassy is said to have been given on April 22 to the agency which placed the advertising with instructions to arrange for its publication May 1.

Denial Not Convincing

Persons disposed to criticize the attitude of the German Embassy contend that the denial of Count von Bernstorff that he had advance knowledge of any intention on the part of the German Government is laying so much stress. It is argued that if the warning was not intended to apply directly to the Lusitania and all the time the German Government contemplated the sinking of that ship, the claims that the American passengers on the Lusitania must have understod that the warning was intended to apply to them will not bear scrutiny.

Police Guard Embassy

It was said at the German Embassy to-day in response to inquiries that an anonymous letter had been received there threatening that the Embassy would be blown up at 1.30 to 2 o'clock Monday morning. A copy of this communication, substantially the same as that delivered at the German Embassy, was received by a newspaper and this caused the inquiries.

Count von Bernstorff said that such a letter had come to the Embassy this morning. He indicated that he did not take it seriously, saying that he would be in bed and asleep at the hour named in the letter. The letter which was typewritten, was on paper with a water mark showing the American eagle and shield of the United States, and is said to be similar to that used in the Government departments, but no significance was attached to this at the Embassy, where the opinion was given that the letter was the work of a crank. The letter was as follows:

"You will be blown up to-night at 1.30 to 2 o'clock.

"An American."

On their own initiative, the Washington police authorities have placed a guard around the German Embassy.

TORONTO OFFICERS WHO ARE MISSING

Of the sixteen Toronto officers of the Third Battalion missing since Langemarck, there remain now five from whom no word has been received, but as information concerning the first eleven has come in slowly and through friends in England, the relatives of the remaining five; Captain Leonard Morrison, of the Grenadiers; Capt. J. E. Streight, of No. 6 Company; Lieut. Geoff. Taylor, and Lieut. G. I. Langmuir, of the 48th, and Lieut. G. D. Allan, of the Grenadiers, have every reason to hope that they are safe, if prisoners, in Germany.

Last night in a cable received by Mr. J. Kerr Osborne from Mrs. (Major) J. E. R. Osborne, who is now in London, reported the imprisonment of Major Osborne of the 48th, together with Capt. F. W. MacDonald, Lieut. C. V. Fessenden, Lieut. F. V. Jones, and Lieut. F. J. Smith, from whom no word had been received previously. Yesterday also Mrs. R. A. Smith, mother of Lieut. Smith, received a cable from a sister in England, telling of the safety of her son, who is a prisoner, but unwounded. This morning a cable announced to the family of Lieut. F. W. MacDonald that he too is "Prisoner in Germany. Well and unwounded."

The officers from Toronto now reported in prison in Germany are: Major A. G. E. Kirkpatrick, Q.O.R.; Lieut. G. E. D. Greene, Grenadiers; Capt. B. L. Johnson, Q.O.R.; Capt. R. Y. Cory, Capt. G. M. Alexander, Capt. J. E. Osborne, Lieut. H. G. Barwick, Capt. G. M. Alexander, Lieut. F. W. MacDonald of the 48th, and Lieut. F. J. Smith of the 15th Battalion.

HOSPITAL MANAGER IS GERMAN PRISONER

REGINA, May 10.—Lieut. W. M. Hart, M.D., officially reported missing from the 5th Battalion, was until the outbreak of the war head of the Saskatchewan Sanitarium for Consumptives at Quappelle.

Famous for their low gas consumption and superior cooking qualities- All burners on

McClary's Gas Ranges

For artificial or natural gas

are fitted with air mixer that economizes gas. 40 different styles and sizes. See the McClary dealer. 534

Sold By

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60 years ago Grandfather got an *individual* sugar package—"Ye Olde Sugar Loafe" made by John Redpath, in what was then Canada's *only* Sugar Refinery.

The Redpath Carton of Today

Now, at less than half the price, his granddaughter gets a much improved article, also *"individual"*—

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Extra Granulated Sugar in Sealed Cartons and Cloth Bags

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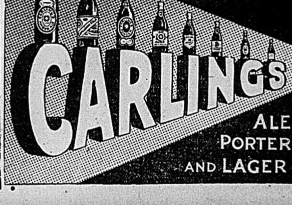

THE FATAL LETTER

I have friends who tell me that they seldom walk the streets of London without wondering what is passing behind the house-fronts—without picturing a comedy here, a love-scene there, and behind the dingy cane-blinds a something ill-defined, a something odd and "bizarre." They experience—if you believe them—a sense of loneliness out in the street, an impatience of the sameness of all these many houses, their dull bricks and discreet windows, and a longing that someone would step out and ask them to enter and see the play.

Well, I have never felt any of these things; but as I was passing through Pitharadine Square about half-past ten o'clock one evening in last July, after dining, it I remember rightly, in Baker Street, something happened to me which I fancy may be of interest to such people.

I was passing through the square from north to south, and to avoid a small crowd, which some reception had drawn together, I left the pavement and struck across the road to the path around the oval garden, which, by the way, contains a few of the finest trees in London. This part was in deep shadow, so that when I presently emerged from it and recrossed the road to the pavement near the top of Pitharadine Street, I had an advantage over any persons on the pavement. They were under the lamps, while I, coming from beneath the trees, was almost invisible.

The door of the house immediately in front of me as I crossed was open, and an elderly man servant out of livery was standing at it, looking up and down the pavement by turns. It was his air of furtive anxiety that drew my attention to him. He was not like a man looking for a cab, or waiting for his sweetheart; and I had my eye upon him as I stepped upon the pavement before him. But my surprise was great when he uttered a low exclamation of dismay at sight of me, and made as if he would escape while his face, in the full glare of the light, grew so pale and terror-stricken that he might betore have been complete as a corpse. I was astonished and instinctively stood still returning his gaze; for perhaps twenty seconds we remained so, he speechless, and his hands fallen by his side. Then, before I could move on, as I was in the act of doing, he cried, Mr. George!" Oh! Mr. George!" in a tone that rang out in the stillness rather as a wail than an ordinary cry.

My name, my surname, I mean, is George. For a moment I took the address to myself, forgetting that the man was a stranger, and my heart began to beat more quickly with fear of what might have happened. "What is it?" I demanded. "What is the matter?" and I shook back from the lower part of my face the silk muffler I was wearing. The evening was close, but I had been suffering from a sore throat.

He came nearer and peered more closely at me, and I dismissed my fear, for I thought that I could see the discovery of his mistake dawning upon him. His pallid face, on which the paler was the more noticeable as his plump features were those of a man with whom the world as a rule went well, regained some of its red color, and a sigh of relief passed his lips. But this feeling was only momentary. The joy of escape from whatever blow he had thought imminent gave place at once to his previous state of miserable expectancy of something or other.

"You took me for another person," I said preparing to pass on. At that moment I should have assured a man I have given one hundred to one twice over—that he was going to say yes. To my intense astonishment, he did not. With a very visible effort he said, "No."

"Eh? What?" I exclaimed. I had taken a step or two.

"No, sir"

"Then what is it?" I said. "What do you want my good fellow?"

Watching his shuffling, indecisive minute manner, I wondered if he were sane. His next answer reassured me on that point. There was an almost desperate determination about its utterance. "My master wishes to see you, sir, if you will kindly walk in for five minutes," was what he said.

I should have replied, "Who is your master?" if I had been wise; or cried "Nonsense!" and gone my way. But the mind which is spurred by a sudden emergency, often overruns the more obvious course to adopt a course. It was possible that one of the gentlemates had taken the house, and said in his butler's presence that he wished to see me. Thinking of that I answered, "Are you sure of this? Have you not made a mistake, my man?"

With an obstinate sullenness that was new in him, he said, No he had not. Would I please to walk in? He stepped briskly forward as he spoke, and fastened me by a kind of gentle urgency to enter the house, taking me, with the ease of a trained servant, my hat, coat, and muffler. Finding himself in the course of his duties he gained more composure; while I, being thus treated, lost my sense of the strangeness of the proceeding, and only awoke to a full consciousness of my position when he had softly shut the door behind us and was in the act of putting up the chain.

Then I confess I looked round, a little alarmed at my precipitancy. But I found the hall spacious, lofty, and dark-paneled. The ordinary hall of an old London house. The big fireplace was filled with plants in flower. There were rugs on the floor and a number of chairs with painted seats on the backs, and in a corner was an old oaken chair, its arms, upright against the wall.

No other servants were visible, it is true. But apart from this all was in order, all was quiet, and any idea of violence was manifestly absurd.

In the same time the affair seemed of the strangest. Why should the butler in charge of a well-arranged and handsome house—the house of an apparently wealthy gentleman—why should he loiter about the open door-way as if anxious to feel the presence of his kind? Why should he show such nervous excitement and terror as I had witnessed? Why should he be—Here a stranger?

I had reached at this point when he led the way upstairs. The staircase was wide, the steps were low and broad. On either side at the head of the flight stood a beautiful Venus of white Parian marble. They were on common top surfaces, and I paused. I could see beyond the a Hercules and, a Meleager of bronze, and delicately tinted draperies and other fine ornaments. The light of a hall lamp hanging lamp—a gem from Malta—changed a mere lobby to a fairy palace. The slight fillip of a certain suspicion which was dispelled, however, when my hand rested for support upon the reddish pedestal that supported one of the bronze figures. The cold touch of the marble was enough for me. The pillars were not of composite; of which these exquisitely would have consisted in a gaming house, or worse.

These steps carried me across the lobby to a curtained doorway by which the servant was waiting. I saw that the "shakes" were upon him again, but I sometimes was so ill concealed that I was not surprised—though I was taken aback—when he dropped the mask altogether, and as I passed him—it being now too late for me to retreat undiscovered, if the room were occupied—laid a trembling hand upon my arm and thrust his face close to mine. "Ask how he is! Say anything," he whispered, trembling. "No matter what, sir! Only for the love of Heaven, stay five minutes!"

He gave me a greatly push forward as he spoke—though all this time announced in a loud, quavering voice, "Mr. George!" which was true enough. I found myself walking round a screen at the same time that something in the room, a long, dim, white object, fell with a brisk, rattling sound, and there was the scuffling noise of a person, still hidden from me by the screen, rising to his feet in haste.

Next moment I was face to face with two men. One, a handsome elderly gentleman, who wore gray mustaches and would have seemed in place at a service club, was still in his chair, regarding me with a perfectly calm, unmoved face, as if my entrance at that hour were the commonest incident of his life. The other had risen and stood looking at me askance. He was five-and-twenty year younger than his companion and as good-looking in a different way. But now his face was white and drawn, distorted by the same expression of terror—ay, and a darker and fiercer terror than that which I had already seen upon the servant's features; it was the face of one in a desperate strait. He looked as a man looks who has put all he has in the world upon one outside—and done it twice. In that quiet drawing room by the side of his placid companion, with nothing to account for his emotion, his panic-stricken face shocked me inexpressibly.

They were in evening dress; and between them was a chess table, its men in disorder; almost tumbled, this was another small table bearing a tray of Apollinaris water and spirits. On this the young man was reaching one hand as if, but for its support, he would have fallen.

To add one more fact, I had never seen either of them in my life.

To be Continued.

DAINTY FROCK.

Valenciennes Lace Profusely Trims Dress Made of Dotted Muslin.

LINGERIE CREATION.

The little kiddie has her inning in the little frock shown here. Nothing is ever more charming than dotted muslin and when combined with val is fairistible. The gown has a jacket effect with the undertining of sheer batiste, to which the skirt is attached. The skirt is full, with insets of val insertion, outlined by ruffles of val edging.

A blue satin sash and a blue satin ribbon confirming the touch of color to the costume, with which are worn white silk stockings and white kid buttoned boots.

SASH CURTAINS.

Materials For Making Them and Their Fashioning.

Sash curtains should be measured from the top of the inside of the window casement to the sill, allowing two inches at the top and bottom. The top is turned and stitched through the centre, which allows for a small heading and the casing for the brass rod. The bottom is turned in at the bottom, so that the curtains just escape the sill.

The curtains may be perfectly plain or finished with a fine edging. A narrow gimp braid is sometimes used as a finish for sash curtains. The French striped net or brussels net is always nice.

Scrim and a quality of cotton made for curtain purposes are also used, especially where a less transparent material than net is desired.

Is Meat a Fighting Diet?

Chemists have been brought to their again the question of man's need of red meat diet to make him a fighting animal. An advocate of meat diet declared some time ago that the fleet admiral and the army chief of staff because they are a rare set of meat eaters. But, although they had done so fighting for a hundred years, they have given a good account of themselves of late.

Modern scientists assert that meat makes a dog or a man irritable, but gives neither courage nor endurance, both of which are essential fighting qualities. Attention is called to the fruit eating gorilla as the most ferocious fighter of the African forest. Not much is found to eat in the region where the great forest man reigns, untamed and untamable, a real king of beasts.

The lion, the traditional king of beasts, fights when brought to bay only because he is short winded and cannot run away. Every experienced hunter has borne testimony to the ability of the grass eating bison as a most courageous fighter with few equals.

Sinclair's Special Suits

We are showing an assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Suits, not the very newest styles, but made of splendid materials, in Serges and Wool Ratines, by our best makers. The colors are Navy, Copenhagen, Tan and Brown, and the sizes are well assorted.

These are Very Special Values at Only, each, ... $10.00

REGIMENTAL STRIPED SILKS

For Waists and Dress Trimmings Regimental Stripes are very new. The stripes are representative of well-known British regiments, and may be had in either Messaline or Corded silk at

90c and $1.25 per yard.

See these in our window.

MIDDIES

Our stock of Middies is very complete, with many styles and materials to choose from. They are made of Indian Head, Pique, Repp and Lonsdale Jean, all white or trimmed with Navy, Copenhagen or Red. The prices are

$1.00, $1.25, $1.39 and $1.50 each.

25c Flouncing Embroideries 25c

IN OUR WINDOW WE HAVE A DISPLAY OF FLOUNCING EMBROIDERIES, in about thirty different patterns, 27 inches wide. THESE SELL REGULARLY FOR 35c per yard, BUT WE ARE CLEARING THEM AT ONLY, YARD,..... 25c

DRESS GREPES

For Wash Dresses, Crepes are very popular. We have them in white and colored, from

12½c to $1.25 yd.

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES

In Wash Dresses we have a number of Ginghams, Chambrays, Muslins, etc., and Plaids, Check or Plain, in all colors, at $1.65.

MORINES

We have Black and Blue Morine for Underskirts, 36 ins. wide, a splendid value at

Only 19c per yard.

Sinclair's

See Our CURTAIN SCRIMS 15c to 35c a yard

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

OUR FIRST MISSIONARY.

John Geddie Was Born In Scotland Just One Hundred Years Ago.

A hundred years ago, March 31th, there was born in the village of Banff, Scotland, a child who was destined to play an important part in the development of Christian civilization in the South Sea Islands. Thirty-one and a half years later, this child, grown to manhood, left Halifax, Nova Scotia, for the New Hebrides Islands, where he arrived after a journey of eighteen months. A quarter of a century later he died in Melbourne, Australia, where he had gone to superintend a translation of the Old Testament for the use of the Christian natives of an archipelago which he had found not merely pagan but cannibalistic.

This Scottish child and Canadian missionary was John Geddie, whose name is still a household word over the part of Canada in which he lived, would learn more of him and his work as a pioneer missionary may do so from a brief biography of him, prepared by Rev. J. D. Falconer, of Halifax, and published by the Committee on Mission of the Presbyterian Church of Canada. Reduced to this interesting sketch they will find a fine type of Canadian Presbyterian missionaries to the New Hebrides, of whom seven have served there during his active career, while the remaining one appeared on the scene within a year after his death. They will learn also from this booklet that the mission which he founded is still carried on by the Presbyterian Church of Canada.

John Geddie was not merely the first Canadian foreign missionary he was the first Canadian propagandist of foreign missions. While still a young, hard-working Presbyterian pastor in Prince Edward Island, he felt it to be his duty to try to arouse the Presbyterians of the Island of Scotian Church, which comprised then only thirty congregations that could scarcely pay living stipends to their own pastors. The largest salary was less than five hundred dollars, and some of them paid less than two hundred. Yet in spite of the agitation started by him went on, the payment gathered, and before as it progressed, until in 1845 a Board of Foreign Missions was appointed, and when the first of promised contributions reached a thousand dollars Mr. Geddie was chosen the first missionary, with the New Hebrides as his field.

It sounds like a miracle to ray that these people have become civilized, peaceful, and industrious members of communities over which the British and Canadian flags have now joint sovereign jurisdiction.

Reindeer In Alaska.

In twenty years the reindeer industry has made the Eskimos of the Yukon civilized and thrifty men. The reindeer industry was started in Alaska in 1892, when 171 reindeer imported from Siberia. Others from time to time to furnish a source of supply and food for the Eskimos and Indians in the vicinity of Behring Strait. By 1902 there had been imported from Siberia 1,280 reindeer. To-day there are in all Alaska 47,266 reindeer, 36,623 being owned by natives. The reindeer industry is carefully guarded. No native is permitted to sell or otherwise dispose of a female reindeer to any person except to a native of Alaska. The reindeer service is a part of the educational system of the Bureau of education for northern and western Alaska. The district superintendents of schools are also superintendents of the reindeer service. Promising and ambitious Eskimos are selected by superintendents as apprentices in the reindeer service, receiving six, nine or ten at the close of the first, second and third years, and ten more at the close of the fourth year. Upon the completion of this term of service an apprenticeship the native becomes a herder and assumes entire charge of the herd.

Few Cattle In Quebec.

As yet, Quebec does not produce enough cattle or hogs to supply its own population. Only a small proportion of the Eastern Townships few farms have been raised, and the Montreal markets depend chiefly on Ontario and the West for their supplies. As far as natural conditions are concerned, there would seem to be no reason why Quebec should not produce at least sufficient cattle to supply its own beef requirements. The extensive organization of cattle to the United States last fall appears to have stimulated stock breeding, and efforts are being made in various parts to improve the quality of the live stock raised, farmers' clubs and societies and the offer of the Federal Government to furnish each district with pedigree sires, have done much to encourage it. In two or three years from now, in the meantime, however, the number of cattle shows a decrease for the year.

More attention is being paid to some quarters to the raising of well-bred draught horses, but these are not in very active demand at present. During the fall a very considerable number of light horses were purchased by the Government for military purposes, the prices paid averaging about $150.

Maple Sugar Yield Light.

The maple sugar season in the Province of Quebec opened early under favorable conditions this year, but the yield was much smaller than that of the previous year, the total output being only 2,000,000 pounds, the quantity produced averaged from one to two gallons per tree. This is a somewhat impractical industry like the trees of the latest census showing that the value of the timber limits in the province is estimated at $1,680,000.

Siamese Reflex.

One of the curious beliefs of the Siamese is that they must under no circumstances kill a bee, and the Buddhist priest goes so far as to strain the insects out of his water not because he thinks them nasty, but because it would be wrong to kill them. Another is not to battle after dark lest he should crush insects while drying himself. Yet he does not mind eating meat which others have killed, and has no objection to taking fish out of the sea and leaving them to die. —London Standard.

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Call and see me before renewing your insurance.

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Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

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Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

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Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

QUIET IN POLICE CIRCLES

In police circles last night everything was exceptionally quiet. A solitary tramp was taken care of.

SHIPMENT OF HOGS

A large number of live porkers were to-day shipped from here to Montreal.

DRAY UPSET

A local dray, doaded with bedding, upset this morning near the Post Office. Neither driver nor horses were injured.

DEATH OF AGED MAN

Mr. Jacob McDonald, aged 84 years, died in Thurlow Township last evening. Deceased was unmarried and had lived in Hastings County the greater portion of his life.

WELL AT THE FRONT

Mr. J. I. Newton of this city, this morning received a postal card from his son, H. G. Newton, who is a member of the 34th Battery at the front. The card was dated April 29th, and stated that he was well.

CHILD LOST AND FOUND

Last evening the police were notified that a small boy had strayed away from his parents' home in east Belleville. Later the child was found by Police Officer Deshane and returned to the anxious parents.

STAKE BURNING NEXT

Commenting upon the latest German fiendish act at sea, a Royal Military College professor remarked that the Germans have committed everything devilish conceivable but one thing. They have yet to burn Allied soldiers at the stake.

HE GOES TO WINNIPEG

R. S. Richardson, formerly conductor on the Bay of Quinte, running to Kingston, and late assistant superintendent of the Intercolonial Railway at Moncton, N.B., has been appointed general superintendent of the lately completed National Transcontinental Railway with headquarters at Winnipeg.

CHEESE BUYERS ILL

Alfred Alexander, Napanee, a veteran cheese buyer and a member of the Frontenac Cheese Board for many years, is quite seriously ill at his home, and it is not likely that he will be able to attend the meeting of the Board this season. His absence will be much regretted as he is one of the best known cheese buyers in the district.

Y.M.C.A. GIRLS WON

At the Boys' Closing Gym. Exhibition at the Y.M.C.A. last Friday night, the return game was played between the Girls' Basketball Team of the Y.M.C.A. and the High School. The score has been given out as 15—14 in favor of the High School. This is incorrect; the score, owing to a miscount, should be 11—13 in favor of the Y.M.C.A. team.

REMANDED TO JAIL

Alexander T. Gilmour was this morning before Magistrate Masson charged with feloniously wounding Charles Childs, a member of C. Company of the 39th Battalion. The affair occurred in the city on Saturday night the 1st inst., when Gilmore, it is alleged, used a table knife upon Childs, inflicting scalp wounds. As the injured party did not appear in court Gilmore was remanded back to jail until Monday next.

RETURNING HOME

Mr. P. J. M. Anderson, County Attorney, has received word that his son, Percy, who has been in England, in connection with the militia, was returning home temporarily.

WOUNDED AT THE FRONT

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Blaylock of this city, have received a communication which conveys the intelligence that their son, Edward, was wounded in the stomach by a bursting shell whilst at the front. He is at a hospital and is improving.

CASE ENLARGED

On Saturday, April 24th, a stabbing affray took place at Point Ann, the assailant being Thomas J. Hull, and the victim Isaac Clauss. The preliminary examination of the case was to have taken place this morning before Magistrate Masson, but as Claus was unable to be present an enlargement was made until Monday next. In the meantime Hull will remain in jail.

Letter From Driver Serviss

Mr. C. A. Ruttan, Secretary of the Prentice Boys has received a letter from Bro. W. R. Serviss, who left as a driver of the 34th Battery in the First Contingent. The letter reads as follows:

Dear Friend and Brother, in answering your letter of March 23, I must say I was more pleased to here from you. I am well, but we are all having some hardships to bear. The weather has been rainy for the past few weeks, but today it has cleared up. I am sorry that I will not be able to be with the Lodge on the 12th of July, but I wish you all every success and hope you will have a fine day.

When we have our leave of duty we past the time in playing foot ball and other sports. I have got used to the noise of the guns now. Well, as tomorrow, we are having an inspection I have got to clean my uniform and buttons, so I guess this is all I have to write this time. Give my best regards to all the Brethren of the Lodge.

I remain your Friend and Bro

W. R. SERVISS

My address is Driver W. R. Serviss, Reg. No., 40315, 1st Battery, 1st Brigade, 1st Canadian Contingent, 1st Divisional Artillery, British Expeditionary Force, France.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

2ND BATTALION

Killed in Action

Bert Lavender, No. 1720 Hampshire road, North Oak Bay, near Victoria, B.C.

Stewart Carlyle Blair formerly 12th, Quebec.

Lance-Corp. F. Kenneth Glass, No. 32 Grand Allee, Quebec.

Odely David Taylor, No. 390 Water

Fred Stevens, Peterboro'.

Company Sergt.Major Fred Howard, No. 518 Albert street, Peterboro.'.

Harry Ireland, Bowmanville.

Corp. James Down, No. 192 Perth street, Brockville.

Ernest Beverly Boswell, No 58 Sherwood avenue, Toronto.

Sergt. Harry Charles Ablard, No. 196 Dundas street, Belleville.

Walter Byrne (formerly 12th), Quebec.

Albert James Bingham, Frankford.

Harry G. Bury, Sombra.

William Lockhard Campbell, Carleton Place.

Sergt. Garnet Wesley Le Mesurier (formerly 12th), Quebec.

James Simington Wilcox Ironside, No. 223 McGregor avenue, Sault Ste. Marie.

George Gunnip, Quebec.

Sergt. Arthur Frederick Field, Montreal.

Alfred Edward Kelly, Brockville.

Corp. K. C. Martin, Bowmanville.

Lance-Corp. Edwin Ernest Hayden, Middlesex, Eng.

William Nairn, London, Eng.

Percy Wines, Somerset, Eng.

John Swift, Peterboro', Eng.

John Meadowcroft, England.

Edward Gray, London, Eng.

Edgar Brown, London, Eng.

John Carpenter, England.

William Gray, Aberdeen, Scotland.

Alfred John Oxley, London, Eng.

George H. Cameron, Glasgow, Scotland.

James Gordon Newell, Spencerfort, N.Y.

George H. Cameron, Glasgow| a

George Elliott Minorgan, Beaverton, Ont.

Company Sergt.-Major William E. Wright, Perth, Ont.

Sherman Jay Snider, Picton, Ont.

Died of Wounds

William Newlands Marr, Leith Scotland.

Llewellyn Boyde (formerly 9th), Newport, Eng.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Ont., May 11.—Casualties issued today:

Thirteenth Battalion: Wounded—Sergt. Cutcliffe, Montreal; Pte's Palmer, Montreal; Winter, Montreal; Lewis, Montreal; Cockburn, Montreal.

Fourteenth Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Murphy, Montreal; Sergt. Mansfield, Montreal.

Killed in action—Pte. Henri Patry, Montreal.

Fifteenth Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Goode, Toronto.

Third field Company divisional Engineers: Wounded—Driver Banfield, Trenton, Ont.

Eighth Battalion:—Wounded and missing—Pte's Pain, Bedington, Eng.; Trickett, Coventry, Eng; Wilson, Windermere, Eng.

Killed in action—Privates Frederick Georage Fletcher, Staventon, Eng.; Henry Ernest Perkins, Tavistock, Eng.; E. Williams, Solywell, North Wales.

Wounded and Missing—Lance Corp. Robertson, Kingslynn, Eng.;

Killed in action—Sgt. Beken, Salisbury; Lance Corp. Lewis, Lurgan, Ireland.

Thirteenth battalion: Wounded—Private Williams, Liverpool; MacRae, Glasgow; Peters, Perth, Scotland; Bryant, Tredegar, Wales; Jackson, Ashton Tyne; Reid, Glasgow; Weir, Bervey, Scotland; Logan, Ardrien, Scotland; Lance Corp. Wilson, Horsforth, Eng.; Lance Corporal Hartnell, Cardiff, South Wales; Privates Murray, Edinburgh; Eyres, Liverpool; White, London, Eng.; Wakelin, Leyton, Eng.

Suffering Gas and injuries—Pte. MacDougall, admitted hospital Paisley, Scotland.

Eighth Battalion: Killed in action—Lance Corp. Townsend, London, Eng.; Lance Corp. Molyneux, Bird, Penzance, Eng. Privates Attwood, Somerset, Eng.; Burge, Weston, Hamilton, Glasgow; Irwin, London; Jones, Skewan, South Wales; Oscar Leban, London; McKay, Markinch, Scotland; Searle, London; Wilson, Ellesmereport, Eng.; Holloway, Worcester, Eng.

Wounded and missing—Pte. Winston, London.

Missing—Quartermaster Sergt. Mercer, East Bourne, Eng.; Sergt. Jones, Forest Gale, Eng.; Corp. Jones, Birmingham; Lance Corp. Rand, Wisbeck, Eng.; Lance Corpl Bradley, Knockloughrim, Ireland; Lance Corp. Graham, Belfast; Private Irwin, Lerwick, Shetland Islands; Brady, Glasgow; Ronaldson, Edinburgh; Allman, Norwich, Eng.; Baker, London; Bell, Netley, Eng.; Meyer, Winnipeg; Nelson, Erinview, Man; Bowman, Winnipeg; Frenette, Fort Frances; Lang, Winnipeg; Gendron, Strose, Que.; Burns, Kenora; Hewetson, Toronto; Knight, Lachine, Que.; Gerry Burk, Port Arthur; Howard Burk, Port Arthur; Archibald Boa, St. Agathe, Des Monts, Que

Wounded and Missing—Sergt. H. Mobberley, Winnipeg; Private McConnell, Newbury, Ont.; Adams, Winnipeg.

Killed in action—Private John G. Gloag, Winnipeg; James McKenzie, Balmoral, Man; Bruce Brommell, Souris, Man.; John Ballentyne, Winnipeg; Corporal, Chas. Bligh, Toronto; Privates Wilson, Winnipeg; McNeill, Winnipeg; Arthur Williams, Winnipeg; Trewella, Portage La Prairie, Man.

Missing—Pte. Henry Harry Hogarth, Ottawa.

Killed in action—Private Arthur Clarkson, St. Rose de Lac, Man; Roy Burns, Neepawa, Man; White, Norwood, Man.;

Second battalion: Killed in action—Lance Corp. Pellitier, Ottawa; Pte's B. Parsons, Ottawa; Dalglish, Ottawa; Hobin, Ottawa; Thomas Norton; Bugler Hunt, Ottawa; Privates, Leal, Peterboro; Preston, Edmonton; Henry Loutil, Edmonton.

First Field artillery brigade:—Wounded—Lt. Whitley, Ottawa.

Second battalion: Killed in action—Privates White, Quebec; Thomas Kennedy, Struthers, Ohio; Russell Young, Hillier, Ont.; George Jarnett, Steelton, Ont; Letts Laimable, Ont.

Georgine Chilcott, Queen of the gypsies, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for defrauding, under the head of fortune teller.

Don't scold the child if she is cross; give her Rexall Orderlies, as the trouble is probably with the bowels. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c & 50c. boxes.

Advertise in the Intelligencer.

Quick Hot Water

AT A BIG SAVING OF GAS

By using one of our

Nine X Gas Water Heaters

This Heater has nine Copper Coils, costs no more than the Single Coil Heater. Get our price for Heater installed complete.

Gurney-Oxford Gas Stoves from $8.00 up
Gurney-Oxford Gas Plates from $1.50 up
Refrigerators from..... .... $9.00 up

LAWN HOSE, HOSE REELS
LAWN MOWERS
ELECTRIC AND WATER POWER WASH MACHINES
See Our Goods Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT?
We can build a new one on your old Hub.
IS YOUR HUB BROKEN?
We can build a new one in your old Rim.
Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

When You Want
Good Pure Liquors
COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins.. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

BUY A
WAR B
Contents:
½ lb. Absorbent Cotton
2 Gauze Bandages.
4 Envelopes Handy-Fold Gauze.
1 Box Adhesive Plaster.
FOR RELIEF WORK AT THE FRON
Each box packed and labelled ready for mailing. Send to THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, Toronto, who will send it to Europe without further charge.
PRICE ONLY 50c. CENTS.
WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

Mr. Ernest T. Cook, F.L.S., F.R.H.S., the well known horticulturist and writer, was taken suddenly ill in a Toronto hotel while at dinner and before medical aid arrived had expired.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

House of Hobberlin
House of High Grade Clothing

Hobberlin Clothes
Are All Wool

It's the certainty of getting what you buy that gives satisfaction in buying a Hobberlin tailored-to-measure suit. Everything is just as represented—the garment as you see it from the outside—all the hidden parts that are not seen.

Would you have a Suit of this character made in the NEW SEASON'S English, Scotch or Irish fabrics, - - - - $15 up

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
Sole Agents for Hobberlin Tailoring

HAVE YOUR FURS STORED and insured against all damage or loss by Moths or Fire. Our charges are three per cent on your own valuation. Phone 363 and we will send for them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
242 Front Street.

Save your husband's dollars by wearing the "D & A" or the "La Diva" Corsets which are stylish, comfortable, lasting, and cost about one dollar less on every three than imported corsets.

Unless you deal with a prejudiced, old fashioned corset department, your corsetière will show and recommend the "D & A" and the "La Diva" Corsets made by the Dominion Corset Co.

"BUY MADE-IN-CANADA CORSETS" 8-15

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT
TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles To Choose From

Chairs $5.60 Such Prices as These **Rockers $6.15**

Have Never Been Equalled Before In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts

Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse 210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. John Williams, 233 Charles Street. a26-dtf

CHAMBERMAID AND NIGHT WATCHMAN Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-4td

YOUNG LADY TO ACT AS BOOKKEEPER. Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-14d

A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply Mrs. Kinnear, 279 Charles St. 10-3t

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. Apply Crystal Hotel. 11-4td

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. A. P. Allen, 277 William Street. m11-dtf

FOR SALE

A NICE HOUSE AND LOT NORTH OF Chatham street, cheap, if sold in 10 days; if not sold, to rent. O. A. Snyder, owner, 74 Victoria Ave. 8-6td

LAST DAYS PRIVATE SALE OF OLD Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Furniture; Tables, Chairs, Desks, Mirrors, Hall, Den and Library Pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 8-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

LOST

BETWEEN CANIFTON ROAD AND GRIFfin's Theatre, via Mill Street and Front Street, Gold Pendant Fob, initials V.B. Leave at 232 Front Street. 1t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

CHOCOLATE NUT CONFECTIONERY

Nut Chocolate is a very popular form of confectionery and we have a great variety of this class of confection in different prices as follows:

Chocolate Peanut Clusters at .... 40c, 50c and 60c. lb.
Chocolate Covered burnt Almonds .... 60c lb.
Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 50c lb.
Milk Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 60c. lb.
Chocolate Brazil Nuts 80c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Walnuts .... 75c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Double Walnuts .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Pecan Nougat .... 60c. lb.
Chocolate Filbert Clusters .... 60c. lb.
Almond Crispets ... 75c. lb.
Walnut Crispets .... 75c. lb.
Tipperary Chocolate . 30c. lb.
All our own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

HONESTY

HONESTY

There are lots of honest people in the world. If you have lost something perhaps an honorable person found it.

This is an honest paper and honest people read it.

● Tell them about your loss in our Classified Want Ads.

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Lusitania Survivors Now Number 772

Continued from Page One.

ing that America is on the eve of a war with Germany because, unfortunately, with the British Lusitania hundreds of Americans among them many well known, prominent, useful citizens had to lose their lives.

"Washington is—thanks, at least, to the fact that no sword-rattler rules in the White House—inclined to weigh matters carefully, to await the receipt of information, to find out what sank the Lusitania.

CORK, May 9.—(Dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle.)—This morning I had a talk with two young women who travelled from New York on the Lusitania and were rescued at the last moment almost by a miracle. Their experiences may be taken as a sample of what hundreds of other women had to endure on that fatal Friday afternoon.

The young women, Miss Barrett and Miss Macdonald, were travelling together in the second-class cabin. Miss Macdonald was floating about for three and a half hours before she was picked up, and this morning she had hardly recovered from the effects of her terrible experiences.

Miss Barrett, who carries a bold spirit in a slight frame, was able to give a perfectly connected and vivid account of what happened. She said:

"We had gone into the second saloon and were just finishing lunch. I heard a sound something like the smashing of big dishes, and then there came a second and a louder crash. Miss Macdonald and I started to go upstairs but we were thrown back by the crowd. Then the ship stopped, and we managed to get up to the second deck, where we found sailors trying to lower the boats.

"There was no panic and the ship's officers and crew went about their work quietly and steadily. I went to get two life belts, but a gentleman standing by told us to remain where we were and he would fetch them for us. He brought us two life belts and we put them on.

"By this time the ship was leaning right over to starboard, and we were both thrown down. We managed to scramble to the side of the liner. Near us I saw a rope attached to one of the lifeboats and I thought I could catch it. So we murmured a few words of prayer and then jumped into the water. I missed the rope, but floated about in the water some time.

"I did not lose consciousness at first, but the water got into my eyes and mouth and I began to lose hope of ever seeing my friends again. I could not see anybody near me, and then I must have lost consciousness, for I remembered nothing more until one of the Lusitania's lifeboats came along The crew were pulling on board a woman who was unconscious, and they shouted to me, 'You hold on a little longer.' After a time they lifted me out of the water, and then I remember nothing more for a time that seemed to be an age.

"In the meantime our boat had picked up twenty others, and when I became conscious it was getting late in the evening. We were transferred to the trawler and taken to Queenstown.

"Miss Macdonald told me how she floated about nearly four hours in a dazed state. She had little remembrance of what passed until a boat saved her. She remembered somebody saying, 'Oh, the poor girl is dead.' She had just strength to raise her hand and they returned and pulled her on board."

STAY-AT-HOME COURAGE

NEW YORK May 9—The New York Times will say in its editorial columns tomorrow:

"Stories of heroism will come to us in numbers from this latest tragedy of the war, the sinking of the Lusitania. No one will be tempted to understate the acts of bravery, coolness and humanity that emerge for the honour of the race from the confused reports of such events, but it is worth while to consider also the stay-at-home courage of those who have to bear in imagination all the possibilities conjured up by the news of the dreadful day.

"On the Transylvania, which sailed Friday afternoon, after work of the Lusitania's loss had been received were a number of nurses from the Royal Victoria Hospital, at Montreal, going over to nurse the wounded Canadian soldiers. Four of these nurses called up their parents on the long-distance telephone and told them of the disaster, asking them if they should still sail. All were told to put their trust in Providence and do their duty. It is this sort of incident, even more than the courage of persons confronted by actual danger, and testifies to a martial spirit, among peace-loving citizens. It is a forecast of what would happen in ordinary homes of mothers and fathers too old to fight, were they called upon to send their children to the aid of the nation, Whatever the outcome of the present serious situation, it is a satisfaction to reflect that there is our country, as in Canada, the moral temper is not likely to fail to respond to any real need."

'UNSINKABLE SHIP' ABSURD IDEA

LONON, May 10.—The Morning Post says this morning that the rapidity with which the Lusitania sank raises important questions with regard to modern devices for helping keep vessels afloat in case of their being damaged by accident or design. It quotes Alexander Carlisle, who did much to raise the firm of Harland & Wolff of Belfast to the position it occupies in the shipping world at the present day, as saying yesterday:

"I don't believe there is such a thing in the world as an unsinkable ship. Neither do I believe such a ship will ever be built.

"The idea of such a thing seems to me absurd. How can you make 50,000 tons of iron, steel, and brass float (for that is how you must look at it) when the metal has been battered into a more or less shapeless mass.

"There were plenty of lifeboats on board the Lusitania, but it was a question of time, and did not suffice to launch all the boats. Had the Lusitania remained afloat, say for two or three hours I have little doubt that the lives of all on board would have been saved except in the case of those who were killed by the explosion of the torpedo or might have died of shock.

"It is one of the disadvantages of the great size of modern passenger vessels that they carry so many people that it takes a long time to get them off in case of danger.

"I am inclined to think that in the future we shall not see vessels much larger than those which have already been built, not because of the reason I have mentioned, but because of the difficulty of finding harbors suitable for the accommodation of the vessels beyond a certain size."

LUSITANIA HEROINE

QUEENSTOWN, May 10.—The brief time elapsing between the torpedoing and sinking of the Lusitania was enough to develop a heroine in the person of Miss Kathleen Kaye, 14 years old, who was returning from New York, where she had been visiting relatives.

With smiling words and reassurances she aided stewards in filling a boat with women and children. When all were in she climbed aboard the lifeboat as cooly as an able seaman. One sailor fainted at his oar as a result of a hard race to escape swamping. The girl took his place and rowed until the boat was out of danger.

None among the survivors bears as little sign of her terrible experiences as Miss Kaye, who spends most of her time comforting and assisting her sisters in misfortune.

WARNED ON BOARD

Before the Lusitania sailed from New York she was visited by several men who moved about among the passengers warning some in particular and all generally not to make the trip, as the vessel was to be sunk before she reached Liverpool. The newspapers reported the mysterious business at the time and various comment has since then been made. The question now is, how and where did the warners get the information that a passenger ship carrying, among others, many Americans, was to be sent to the bottom?

Lusitania Items

Five employees of the Hamilton Cotton Company volunteered for active service because the "Boss", J. M. Young, is reported lost in the Lusitania.

Jaul H. Hoffman, a German reservist, holding the rank of lieutenant in the Kaiser's army, was arrested and interned at Toronto for publicly rejoicing in the sinking of the Cunard liner Lusitania.

Lord Mersey conducted the investigations into the sinking of the steamers Titanic and the Empress of Ireland. He will also conduct the inquiry into the sinking of the Lusitania.

It is learned that Father Basil William Maturin of Holywell, Oxford, Eng., perished on the Lusitania.

A crowd of nearly five hundred persons at Victoria B.C., led by a number of soldiers in uniform, gave strong expression to their indignation over the drowning of the Lusitania passengers, destroying about $25,000 worth of German property.

The Pope has expressed the utmost horror over the Lusitania disaster and his sympathy for the families of the victims. He has said that he hopes some method will be found so that in the future similar catastrophes can be avoided.

THE GREATEST MEN'S SUIT SALE OF THEM ALL!

150 Men's Suits That We Considered The Best Values We Ever Had At $15.00 $16.50 and $18.00

Now on Sale at **$13.50**

Young Men's Two-Piece Summer Suits

"A collection of Young Men's two-piece Suits made up in Tan English Worsted Materials, coats and sleeves three-quarter lined, and seams all hand taped. These Suits were exceptional values at their former prices, $18.00, and there will not be one left at this great reduction of price. Sizes 35 to 39.

$13.50 — **$13.50**

Men and Young Men's 3-Piece Summer Suits

These are all Fancy Worsted Fabrics. Coats two and three-button sacque styles, also Norfolks. Pants with cuff at bottom. Almost an endless variety to choose from, and they are in suitable weight for summer wear; all sizes. Regular up to $18.00 for

$13.50 — **$13.50**

The More Conservative Men's Suit Styles

For the men desiring a more conservative style for summer wear, we will feature at this reduction some splendid models in greys, browns and fancy check effects, all new suits that were bought to sell at from $16.50 to $18.00, clearing this sale at

$13.50 — **$13.50**

See The Show Windows

For this Great Suit Sale We have given over the entire Three Show Windows for the display of these MEN'S SUITS at $13.50

See Them In The Windows To-night

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CITY AND VICINITY

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

C. P. R. TICKETS

You can travel via C.P.R. to Montreal, New York, and any other Eastern or Intermediate points; also Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and all Western and Intermediate points.

S. BURROWS, C.P.R. AGENT. M11,t,t,s,dtf

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 208.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

1/2

THE TIME

You waste in looking up domestic help could be saved by simply inserting a "Help Wanted" ad. in our Classified Columns. Our paper is read by the desirable class, and goes into hundreds of homes that get no other.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 — BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1915. — No. 304

THE ATTITUDE OF U. S. TO PROTEST TO GERMANY

The Note is Understood to Protest Against Violation of American Rights, and Will Say in Effect "Don't do it Again"

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The following statement in connection with the Lusitania was made public at the White House today by Secretary Tumulty, after a conference with the President:

"The course of the President has been determined. It will be announced just as soon as it is proper to publish the note now in preparation."

It is understood that the note asks Germany to account for the serious violation of American rights in the war zone, and to guarantee that there will be no repetition of the unlawful practices of the German submarines.. Late today or early tomorrow it will be sent to Berlin.

In official quarters the eventual severance of diplomatic relations was declared not to be impossible if there was no abatement of the German practices.

PRESS OPINIONS

Montreal Herald:—The blow is a sad one for Britain and the United States, but for Germany itself it is fatal. It will forge the last completing link to bind a world in unity against her. As long as the world shall last this incident will be used as an illustration of the depths to which a nation can sink when it throws all humanitarian scruples overboard and descends into the pit. Much more has gone down with this vessel than human lives and treasure.

Ottawa Journal:—In the presence of the magnitude of such a crime mere words of condemnation are feeble. Germany has shown that she is oblivious to the verdict of civilization. And civilization cannot afford to let Germany win this war. This is the outstanding lesson of the Lusitania.

Montreal News:—The loss of the Lusitania and the jeopardizing of American lives thereby is in the nature of a challenge from Berlin to Washington. There is no other meaning to be attached to the occurrence. International law was violated; and German hatred of the United States was given expression in a calculated and determined manner. The hollowness of Teutonic protestations of friendship for the United States in the early stages of the war is revealed as a sham.

Montreal Star:—How the Americans will regard this murder of a great number of their citizens we will learn as the facts develop. They have warned the Kaiser that he would be held to strict accountability for every American life lost in this submarine piracy. Here are hundreds slain at once—catastrophe exceeding in horror the destruction of the Maine.

Ottawa Citizen:—The torpedoing of the Lusitania by an enemy submarine may have a certain value according to the German policy of frightfulness; but it is no more a triumph of German naval power than is the bombardment of Rheims cathedral a victory on land. It does not weaken the crushing hold the British naval power has on Germany. It will no more interfere with British overseas traffic than did the loss of the Titanic by iceberg. It is a blow beneath the belt; but the hard headed Britisher does not give up when struck a foul blow. Rather will he grow more determined and hit back so much harder.

Brooklyn Eagle:—There is no escape from the conclusion that orders to torpedo the Lusitania emanated from Berlin. All the accessories are conclusive contributions to that climax. They harmonize with it perfectly. And another conclusion rendered unavoidable is that the object of Berlin is to shatter the relations, to substitute enmity for friendship.

Whatever the outcome, one result is sure. The blow at humanity, at civilization, hard as it hits the world, hits Germany harder still. Its effects will be cumulative. They wil grow wherever there is response to impulses other than those which are wolfish, bloody and ravenous.

Toronto Telegram:—Germany's defence for the slaying of non-combatant men, women and children of neutral absurdity to atrocity. Germany attempts to justify her crime on the ground that it was premeditated. Germany stands before the bar of civilization with a defence that has never been offered in any other murder trial. The very offer of such a defence complete the indictment against the Huns.

New York Evening Sun:—The moral effect alike on Germany's enemies and on neutrals must be disastrous in the last degree to her interests. What soldier of England or France but will fight with a more vehement impulse to victory as he thinks of the innocent and peaceful lives that have so wantonly been sacrificed to the gods of Kultur. What sympathy or support can the people blackened with these 1500 murders ask from the onlookers of America or Scandinavia, Italy, Spain—form any quarter of the civilized globe?

AN AMERICAN FURLS HIS FLAG

MONTREAL, May 11.—Rev. C. Seymour Bullock, an American, and pastor of the Unitarian church, spoke strongly Sunday evening regarding the Lusitania incident and the part of the United States. Mr. Bullock is a veteran of the Spanish-American war, having been chaplain of the First Illinois cavalry.

"I have furled my American flag," said Mr. Bullock, "and shall never again fling it to the free winds until my country shall demand reparation and the recognition of the rights of its citizens to sail in unquestioned safety upon any waters on the globe so long as the country itself is not at war.

"I have a bit of bronze that I have worn in the lapel of my coat and proudly shown as a mute witness that I once gave myself to death itself if needs be to maintain my country's honor. But I have laid it aside and shall not wear it again until it shall have been demonstrated that my country in its passion for dollars has not lost sight of its honor.

"I feel, confident that the right thing will be done, but I shall not again hail that flag, nor touch that bit of bronze until not only Germany, but the whole world shall have been brought to see that every cannon on every American ship, every gun in every American fort, every musket in the Amrican army and every dollar of America's wealth stands for the rights of every American citizen, either at home or abroad!

"Better be a man without a coutory than be the citizen of a country in which one cannot be a man. Better have no flag than a flag that simply waves in the dead air of a national atmosphere that has lost the ozone and oxygen of self-respect.'

BABY'S PHOTOS HIS MASCOT.

BOSTON, May 10.—A cablegram from Charles E. Lauriat, Jr., a publisher of this city, who was a passenger on the Lusitania, was received by Mrs. Lauriat at her home in Cambridge today. The message which came from London said:

"I arrived from Queenstown yesterday (Saturday) safe and sound and am suffering from no after shock, only muscular lameness.

"We were struck at eight minutes after 2. After doing all I could on the ship, I jumped and swam; at 2.25, I found and got into a collapsible lifeboat. I opened her up and took charge. We got in, 32 in all. Then we rowed for shore. We were picked up in about two hours and reached Queenstown at 9.30 p.m.

The town was wide open with hospitality. We brought through four slightly injured. The women showed remarkable courage.

"I saved the baby's pictures. They were my mascot. I also saved my passport and all drafts."

GERMANY IS ANXIOUS

BERLIN, May 11.—James W. Gerard, American Ambassador to Germany, has requested the Foreign Minister to furnish him with all the information available as to the torpedoing of the Lusitania.

This action was taken at the request of the Washington State Department on orders said to have come directly from President Wilson. It is understood here that the President will communicate directly with Emperor William on the Lusitania disaster. German officials refuse to discuss the possible form of this communication, but it is apparent there is consiuerable anxiety as to the attitude of the United States.

The German Government knows that bitter feeling has been aroused in the United States by the destruction of the Lusitania, but it believes that calm reflection in the United States will absolve Germany of blame.

Two Napanee Stores Gutted

E. W. Boyes and Wife Make Their Escape from Home in Night Clothes

NAPANEE, May 11.—Two stores were gutted in an early morning fire here today, and two residences, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Boyes, made a thrilling escape in their night clothes. The fire made such rapid headway that they had no time to dress, but had to run to save their lives.

At 12.23 o'clock, Police Constable Barrett noticed fire in a large frame building owned by Henry Douglas and used as two stores, one occupied by E. W. Boyes, grocer and the other by M. Adrick, ice cream and candy dealer. The origin of the fire is unknown, but in a very short time the entire building was blazing fiercely and from the very start it was quite plain that the structure could not be saved, although firemen and citizens did their best and prevented the fire from spreading.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyes had quarters over the store and when they were awakened by the fire the building was filled with smoke and the fire making rapid progress. They had no time to secure clothing or valuables, but made their escape as fast as they could. Their barn also fell a prey to the flames, but Mrs. Boyce made a gallant rescue of the horse. The fire is said to have started in Adrick's store.

The building was valued at $1,600, and carried some insurance.

Died of Wounds

Former Bank Clerk at Lindsay, Who Was Wounded at Langemarck

HAMILTON, May 11.—Word was received yesterday by Messrs. J. M. and R. B. Harris of the Herald that their second cousin, Corp. Gordon Ashford Mitchell of the Seventh battalion, who was wounded at the battle of Langemarck, had succumbed to his injuries in the hospital. He was a son of Frederick Mitchell, 126 Glenholme avenue, Toronto, and at the outbreak of war was employed as teller in the bank of Montreal at Armstrong, B.C. He enlisted with the Rocky Mountain rangers. He was well thohght of and had worked for the bank for nine years. For several years he was stationed at a branch office of the bank in Lindsay. Five years ago he was transferred to the west.

GERMANS HATE CANADIANS TERRIBLE ATROCITY TALES

LONDON, May 11.—The Morning Post's Paris correspondent says the wounded Canadians here are all certain that the Germans are particularly vindictive towards them, and say the Germans are furious that they did not stay in Canada instead of coming over to help Britain. They all firmly believe the story of a Canadian soldier being crucified, and assert that they heard it from officers of the Dublin Fusiliers, who actually came across the body nailed to a door, with hands and feet pierced with bayonets and the body riddled with bullets.

Italians Want War

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 12.—Troops had to be called out last night to disperse war enthusiasts. An attempt was made to storm the residence of the former Premier Giolitti, who is regarded as the leader of the peace party.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 12.—What is considered the last definite proposal of Austria concerning the territorial concessions demanded by Italy was received today by the Italian Government. The Cabinet at once went into session to consider the communication.

JAPANESE SYMPATHY.

(Canadian Press Special)

TOKIO, May 12.—The Japanese Government has sent Great Britain and the United States messages of sympathy over the Lusitania tragedy. The newspapers declare the time has come to "remove for ever the German menace."

Terrible Record of German Atrocities

Murder, Lust and Pillage—Children With Hands Cutoff—Child Nailed to Door

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 12.—A report on German atrocities which will shock humanity was issued today by a committee headed by Viscount Bryce, a committee of such a calibre that no neutral will doubt the truth of the findings, which it bases on the examination of twelve hundred witnesses. The committee's report verifies the worst of the stories which it was appointed to clarify. Statements considered to be exaggerated by British themselves—tales of children with hands cut off and women mutilated in a most terrible way are found by the commission to be true. One case is cited of a three-year-old child being nailed to a farm house door.

It is proved, first, that there were in many parts of Belgium deliberate and systematically organized massacres of the civil population; accompanied by many isolated murders and other outrages. Second, that in the conduct of the war generally innocent civilians, men and women, were murdered in large numbers, women violated and children murdered.

Third, that looting, house-burning, and wanton destruction of property were ordered and countenanced by officers of the Germany army, having nothing to do with military necessity, but being part of a system of general terrorization.

Fourth, that the rules and usages of war were frequently broken by using civilians, even women and children, as a shield for advancing forces exposed to fire, and to a less degree by killing wounded and prisoners, and in the frequent abuse of the Red Cross and white flag.

Murder, lust and pillage, the committee says, prevailed over many parts of Belgium on a scale unparalleled in any war between civilized nations during the last three centuries.

ROBLIN GOVERNMENT RESIGNS

(Canadian Press Special)

WINNIPEG, Man., May 12.—The Roblin Government has resigned, and the Opposition leader, T. C. Norris, has been called upon to form an administration. Sir Rodmond Roblin has issued a long statement.

Sir Rodmond Palen Roblin, like Mr. Norris, who succeeds him, is a farmer, and was born in Ontario, although the ex-Premier is of German descent. Born in Sophiasburg, Prince Edward County, February 15, 1853, he was educated at Albert College, Belleville, was married in September, 1875, settled in Manitoba in 1880, farmed on an extensive scale at Carman, and later blossomed out into a grain merchant in Winnipeg. From that he became a promoter, and assisted in the promotion of several ranching, grain-growing and elevator companies.

He turned to politics shortly after settling in Manitoba; and sought the modest Reeveship of Dufferin county, which he held for five terms, and was Warden for two terms. After this politics became a serious matter with him, and he sought the suffrage of the constituents of North Dufferin in the interests of the Conservative party, but was rejected in 1886. He was more successful two years later, and became Premier, Minister of Agriculture and Land Commissioner in 1900.

Since that date honors have flown thick and fast. He has attended two coronations, that of the late King Edward in 1902, and the present King George, with whom he dined, in 1911. He opposed the Fielding-Taft reciprocity agreement in 1911, and was knighted on the recommendation of Sir Robert L. Borden.

American Shot Dead

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 11.—United States army border patrol reports the killing of Presciliano Medina, an American citizen and resident of El Tigre, Texas, by Carranza soldiers, a few miles above El Tigre, on the Rio Gande.

A German Threat

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 12.—American residents in Berlin have been warned against visiting England during the coming fortnight, as important Zeppelin raids are planned, compared with which recent expeditions were mere feelers.

Germans Flung From Exchange

Fifty Tried to Force Their Way Into London Stock Exchange—Were Roughly Handled

LONDON, May 11.—Notwithstanding the warnings from the Stock Exchange committee not to enter the House, about fifty German members appeared at the doors yesterday morning demanding admittance, but a strong guard of English members dared them to enter.

The Germans were told that if they had not sense enough to keep away they would be forcibly removed.

The Germans were stubborn and tried to force their entrance, but the Englishmen, whose anger had been increased by the news of the air raid over Southend, turned on them.

In the fight which ensued the Germans were roughly handled and driven off by the Englishmen, who were more determined than ever that the Germans had not been allowed to enter the House.

Between 200 and 300 British members of the Stock Exchange had mobilized to prevent the entrance of the Germans who might be brave enough to attempt to make their way into the House in disregard of the warning issued by the Stock Exchange committee on Saturday.

Excitement ran high around the Exchange and a huge crowd collected in the vicinity in the expectation of disorders.

The authorities of the Baltic Exchange and of the Mark Lane wheat market have suspended until further notice all Germans, Austrians and Turks up to the age of sixty, with the exception of those having sons at the front in the British ranks.

At Liverpool the board of directors of the Cotton Association passed a resolution setting forth that no naturalized German or Austrian shall henceforth be permitted to enter the Cotton Exchange.

PREMIER AWAY FOR REST

OTTAWA, May 11.—There is no foundation for a report which has been circulated that the Government has decided that there will be no election until the end of the war is in sight. Although the Prime Minister, on account of his indisposition has not been at a Cabinet meeting for nearly a week, and the question of an election could not be formally considered, it is understood that there has been a general understanding among the ministers that there will be no immediate appeal to the country. There is reason to believe that nothing more definite has been decided, and that the action of the Government in the matter will be determined by the course of future events.

In the meantime, Sir Robert Borden has gone to the Laurentians for a short rest.

Anti-German Riots

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 12.—Anti-German riots in the east end of London were renewed this morning with even greater violence than yesterday. Wherever a German showed himself he was attacked. The police force has been so thinned by drafts sent to the army that it had difficulty in dealing with the angry crowds. Special constables had to be called out.

Body of Canadian Recovered To-day

(Canadian Press Special)

QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—The bodies of nine men and eight women, Lusitania victims, brought here this morning, include one first class passenger, Percy Secombe, of Peterborough, Ont. He was a son of the late Captain Secombe, of the Cunard line. His sister Elizabeth is still missing.

Miller Murdered at Washington

(Canadian Press Special)

WALSINGHAM CENTRE, Norfolk, Ont., May 12.—Christopher Shoup, proprietor of a grist mill, two miles from Walsingham village, has been found dead, shot by some unknown person on his own property. An inquest is being held.

Wounded in Action

Mrs. Green, 191 Lingham street, has been officially notified that her husband, Karl R. Green, has been wounded in action.

ONE HUNDRED CANADIAN WOUNDED AT CAMBRIDGE

Serious Cases Now in Hospitals in Famous University Town—"Two Soldiers Brought in From Hill Sixty"

A batch of wounded Canadians, including 100 men seriously hurt, and 12 officers who were able to walk, arrived at Cambridge Station at 10.30 on April 26, and were transferred to the 1st Eastern Geenral Hospital and the Research Hospital.

The Cambs. 13 (Borough) Detachment of the Red Cross, under Mr. Alger and a few ladies of the Cambs. 40, in charge of Miss Bishop, were in attendance, and rendered excellent service.

Six ambulances from Newmarket were required, in adition to the 10 in Cambridge. The sufferers were speedily removed to the hospitals.

The relatives and friends of the 100 Canadians, who are now located in Cambridge, may be happy in the knowledge that the patients will receive the best attention that medical science affords. The surroundings are quite unique for a hospital, for it is contained within the classic walls of Trinity College, one of the most renowned colleges in the world. Christ Church, Oxford, may be considered its equal or superior—it all depends upon whether the person passing an opinion is an Oxford or a Cambridge man. The cloisters of Trinity College have during the war been fitted up as a hospital—the first time in its history—extending over several centuries—that the college has been used for such a purpose. The First Eastern General Hospital, established at Cambridge, was not brought into existence on the outbreak of the war. As long ago as 1908 the initial steps were taken to enlist medical men for the new unit, the 1st General Hospital, its inception being mainly due eto Sir Keogh, K. C. B., the then Director-General of the Army Medical Forces. The result was that before a single British soldier was wounded, viz. August 5th, 1914, the hospital was mobilized. The first patients were received on August 16th, 1914, and since then the number admitted have been is under:

Expeditionary force, 4,426; Belgians, 357; Home Forces, 3,102. A total of 7,878.

The staff connected with the Hospital are so energetic and enterprising that they established a smart litti magazine, called the First Eastern General Hospital Gazette. Through the courtesy of a number of the medical staff The Intelligencer has received copies of the first two numbers. From this we learn that the deaths have been:

Expeditionary Force, 18, or 4 per cent.; Belgians, 4, 1,1 per cent.; Home Forces, 26, .83 per cent. Ther have been 61 cases of pneumonia, or 4.9 per cent., and two cases of enteric fever. It is worthy of note that there wer no cases of epidemic cerebio spinal meningitis among the Expeditionary Force or Belgians, but 28 cases among the Home Forces, six of which proved fatal—23 per cent. The splendid work being done by the Hospital is known by the fact that the average daily number of patients is 955.

"I have two or three Canadians under my care," writes the doctor, "just came in from 'Hill 60.' One is from Montreal; another from Vancouver."

ALLIES VICTORIOUS ALL ALONG THE LINE

British Troops Gain Big Success East of Ypres, French Army Take Trenches, Blockhouses, Forts and Arsenels in the Arras District —Belgians Defeat German Division

LONDON, May 11.—(Special.)—A rapid procession of events in the severe fighting in Northern France and southwestern Belgium now threatens to involve the Germans in the worst disaster to their arms that they have so far experienced in this war, for in spite of all they could do today the French troops in the Loos district, near Lille, and north and south of Arras, gained several important successes, the exact values of which may be counted almost beyond measure at the present hour.

In front of Loos the French soldiers today captured an important German field fortification and the entire German system of trenches which the enemy had laboriously and scientifically constructed along the road between Loos and Vermelles. The French troops also carried by assault the big chapel and blockhouse at Notre Dame de Lorette, which the Germans had ardently defended for months and had also converted into a strong fortress, and they cleared the Germans out of all their trenches between that chapel and Ablain-St. Nazaire. From this last point the Germans were severely defeated in debouching to attack the French.

Fifty German soldiers and an officer were captured in several blocks of houses which the French occupied. The Germans also lost the cemetery at Neuville-St. Vaast, which they had converted into a strong fort and arsenal. They were driven to the southeast of this village, and were unable to prevent the French from extending their line east and west beyond this point. The French were in process of carrying the fourth line of German trenches in the Loos-Arras sector late this afternoon, when the latest word was received in Paris.

The use of poisonous gas and the employment of heavy artillery to cover their advance did not save the Germans from suffering a severe defeat in a tremendous massed attack on the British positions to the east of Ypres yesterday afternoon and evening. British artillery poured a hail of shrapnel fire into the ranks of the enemy, while his troops were in close formation, and they were literally mowed down by battalions. The Germans prepared for their attack by heavy gunfire, but the British troops, possessed of tremendous staying power, clung to their positions. Then the enemy produced an immense cloud of poisonous gas, under which he attempted to move forward and capture the British positions. The Germans, as usual, were formed up in the familiar shape of a huge wedge, with the men packed in their ranks shoulder to shoulder, and marching forward at the touch. British artillery, which had been waiting for its opportunity, then opened a terrific fire, under which no human being could hope to live. Vast gaps were torn right through the German ranks, and bursting shrapnel struck them down in all directions. The British welcome was so hot that the remnants of the Germans who had not fallen in their tracks turned and fled.

While the Germans were attacking the British troops the Belgians stole a march on them and threw several detachments across the Yser River north of Dixmude, on the extreme German right flank. Belgian batteries overwhelmed the enemy by a terrific fire.

The Belgians now possess a bridge head across the Yser to the right bank and last night defeated a strong German attempt to dislodge them. Three German battalions were engaged in this attack and they were severely cut up in the adventure. A Belgian division at the same time gained considerable ground at the south of Dixmude.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 12.—This afternoon's official statement.

In sector to the north of Arras we have maintained our gains, excepting in front of Loos where a night counter attack resulted in taking from us part of the terrain we captured in the day time.

On the rest of the front yesterday we saw artillery engagements.

Premier Hearst

(Canadian Press Special)

A bulletin issued at noon says the condition of Premier Hearst continues to improve.

Table Linen Sale

Great was the rush last week for Mill Ends of Table Linen, and this week we will continue the sale while they last. This beautiful Satin Damask Table Linen is in pieces from 3-4 yd. to 3 3-4 yds., and runs from 60 to 72 inches wide. Don't miss this opportunity of buying your supply at about HALF PRICE.

Great Sale of Lace Curtains

150 Pairs Lace Curtains go on sale this week, all fine Nottinghams, in all sizes to suit any window. Prices reduced to $4.25, $3.75, $3.00, $2.25, $2.00, $1.70, $1.40, $1.35, $1.25, $1.00, 95c, 75c, 50c and 39c pair.

Standard Patterns at the Dress Goods Department.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties through out the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

TRENTON.

Mrs. McCullough returned from Toronto on Thursday.

The Divisional Court was held in the town hall on the afternoon of Wednesday of last week. Several cases were tried. Judge Fraleck of Belleville presided. The lawyers engaged were O'Rourke, Abbott and Diamond.

Mr. Jack Smith of Toronto spent a few days in town.

A government official was here buying horses for the army. Mr. Carter drove him around in his car.

No tidings have been received of the fate of Mr. Stanley, who sailed on the Lusitania. He was employed as teller in the Bank of Montreal here, and was on leave of absence for a month's rest to his home in the Old Country.

Mrs. Glen R. Whyte held her post-nuptial reception on Thursday of last week. Mrs. George Whyte received with her. The decorations were carnations and apple blossoms.

Miss Sylvia Mills spent the week-end at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. Chown. Miss Mills is engaged as teacher near Frankford.

Mrs. T. Arthur and Miss Nellie Arthur spent the week-end in Wellington and Gilead.

Mrs. Jack McDonald is ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Thos. Long, of Trenton.

SIDNEY CROSSING.

The fruit trees are a mass of bloom and there is every prospect of a bumper crop.

Mr. John W. Young left on Monday last with his daughter, Mrs. J. Hyde to spend the summer with her at Lisbon, N.D.

Mr. Fred Spafford's horse became frightened, during last week, on the road from Belleville. He was thrown into the ditch and his arm hurt. Fortunately his injuries were not serious and he is able to be out again.

Mr. Martin, of Belleville, who purchased the W. K. Vandervoort home, has opened up a new grocery.

Mr. Webster Kelly, who has been quite ill for some time, is no better.

Master Everett Hubbel entertained about thirty of his young friends at his home on Saturday afternoon, and a very happy time spent.

Mrs. Wm. Vandervoort of Frankford, is visiting her daughter, Mrs Allen Latta.

Mother's Day was observed at Aiken's Church on Sunday. The pastor Rev. Mr. Sharpe, gave an excellent sermon, which was much appreciated. The choir rendered special music. The solos by Mr. Stanley Spafford and Miss Dolly Moon were exceptionally good.

Mrs. F. Joblin and children, of the Bayside parsonage, have returned home after a month's visit with her parents in Toronto.

VICTORIA.

Quarterly service and Mother's Day service was well attended on Sunday. Rev. Mr. Williams gave a splendid sermon.

The Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. Fred Bonter on Thursday, May 27.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Sager spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Wood and Mr. and Mrs. J. Robinson visited at Mr. O. Glenn's on Sunday.

Considerable excitement was aroused in the neighborhood on Monday when Mr. H. Pulver's horses ran away. Fortunately no serious damage was done.

About forty from this appointment attended the lecture given at Consecon Church by Professor Luck. All report a splendid address.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Hubbs, and Mrs. M. Hubbs spent Sunday at Mr. W. Sager's, at Albury.

Miss Vera Brickman spent Friday with Miss Beatrice Crouter, at Albury.

Mrs. S. Bush is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Rae Fox.

The Ladies' Aid was well attended on Thursday at the home of Mrs. H. Pulver.

BIG ISLAND.

Mr. E. A. Mills made his first trip to Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Cole spent Sunday at S. J. Cole's.

Mr. Sidney Fox purchased a new cow from D. Johnson last week.

Mr. Tremble was in this vicinity buying calves last week.

Master Fred Sprague has been on the sick list.

APRIL REPORT, FOXBORO PUBLIC SCHOOL

Senior IV.—Annie Bronson, Helen Davis, Eleanor Johnston, Mabel Bailey, Harry McDonnell.

Junior IV.—Tucker Tucker, Marjorie Ketcheson, George Oliver, Charlie Burd.

Senior III.—Jessie Ketcheson, Helen Prentice, Stanley Wilson, Charlie Stewart, Harry Ketcheson.

Junior III.—James Loney, Anita Bamber, Robert Seeley, Lillie Burd.

E. M. Adams, teacher.

Senior II.—Claude Bird, Harold Longwall, Jean Longwell, Marguerite Smith, Ralph Loney, Mabel Snider, Tom Wannamaker, Burleigh Johnston, Melville Hamblin, Mary Long, Alice White, Charlie Seeley, Myrtle Prentice Frank Seeley, Orey Seeley, Jack Lake, John Irvine, Harold Stewart, Geraldine Longwell, Raymond Loney.

Junior II.—Ruth Eggleton, Evelyn Sloan, Mabel Ketcheson, Russel Pitman, Mabel Hoard, Rex Chisholm, Katie Hammond, Grace Pitman.

Senior I.—George Faulkner, Garnet Sloan, Earl Bamber, Vera Sloan, Bernice Wannamaker, Ruth Empson, Garnet Juby, Marvin Longwell.

Junior I.—Walter Prentice, Jack Davis, Merle Wickett, Arthur Wilson, Oakley Gough, Alton Bamber, John Stewart, Lillian Wicken.

Primer—Edna Finkle, McLaren Longwell, Ethel Sloan, Kathleen Snider, Marie Snider, Earl Ketcheson, Clayton Wannamaker, Farley Faulkner, Muriel Hetherington, Helen Knight, Ada Knight, Vona Longwell.

Willa C. Peters, teacher.

BLOOMFIELD

On Tuesday evening the store of W. H. Degroff, Bloomfield, was broken into and some of the contents stolen. The store was entered by forcing a window.

WELLINGTON.

J. S. Hodgens, Wellington will move to Colborne in the near future, having purchased a baking business in that town.

Gregg Haight, Wellington, met with a distressing accident. While assisting in loading a wagon a barrel of lime sulphur in some unaccountable manner tipped and the whole force hit Mr. Haight on his nose, breaking it very badly.

SHANNONVILLE.

Additional contributions to Tyendinaga Relief Fund:—

Miss B. Ross	$2 00
James R. Cole	2 00
P. Milligan	1 00
H. Rawley	2 00
F. Corrigan	2 00
	$9 00

T. A. Macfarlane, Treas.

Rexall Orderlies are free from harsh drugs and are the nicest laxative for children. Sold only by J. S. McKeown The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Bridge St. Church Successful Year

The Stewards' Board of the Bridge Street Methodist Church met yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. C. M. Reid, Bridge Street, completed the year's audit and prepared their report for the closing of the year. In the evening the Quarterly Official Board met in the church parlors, the pastor in the chair, and disposed of the business for the year.

The deaconess brought in her report, and the committees on education, temperance and moral reform, and superannuation brought in their reports. The Sunday School, Lady's Aid and Woman's Missionary Society also gave reports for the work of the year.

Notwithstanding the large amount paid for improvements and the peculiar circumstances during the present year the congregation, under the able leadership of their pastor, the Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D., have maintained the high standard in connection with the finances of the church. The Quarterly Official Board have paid all their liabilities and have been able to pass over a small amount to assist the Trustee Board on the repair fund.

The Rev. Mr. Osborne has been invited for the fourth year unanimously. The different departments of the church are well organized and active.

Questions were considered for greater advancement in the evangelical work of the church during the coming year. The Rev. Robert McCullough has been asked to occupy the pulpit during the month of August while the pastor is away.

The report of the Finance Committee shows that only 26 members of the church are not now giving weekly offerings in the duplex envelopes, and committees were appointed to at once interview them and try to induce them to join in this splendid system.

A splendid church lantern has been placed in the Sunday School to assist in teaching the young people. Light and roomy kitchens have been arranged for the Ladies' Aid. The congregation are all pleased with the new organ. The pastor and his officials are to be congratulated on the condition of the church and all are looking forward to aggressive work in the ensuing year.

A committee was appointed for preparing the annual statement, and it is hoped that the printed statements will be in the hands of the members of the church at an early date.

The stewards were elected for the ensuing year. Arrangements were made for the election of the society representatives at the prayer service on Wednesday the 19th, of whom nine will be elected.

Prominent G.T.R. Official Dead

Advice received at the Grand Trunk headquarters to-day announces the death at White Sulphur Springs, Va., Montana, on Sunday night, May 9th, of Mr. O. S. Cockey, General Agent, of the Grand Trunk Railway System in New York City.

Mr. Cockey was in his sixty-first year, and had been in the service of the Grand Trunk since 1880. His first railway experience was with the Pennsylvania Railroad, which was taken over by the Grand Trunk System. Mr. Cockey had been the freight representative of the Grand Trunk in the city of New York since 1883, with the title of General Agent from 1891. He was widely known to shippers and railroad men, and was a recognized authority on all matters relating to freight traffic.

Save half your soap on wash day by using one tablespoonful of Lawrason's Snowflake Ammonia to each pailful of water. Your clothes will be whiter, brighter and smell sweeter

Ask for it by name—say "Snowflake"

5 and 10 cent packages

Made in Canada

24

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

HOTELS CHANGING HANDS

We are informed that Mr. Wm. Smith, ex-proprietor of the Kyle House, has purchased the Albion Hotel premises, and Messrs H. Johnson and E. Naylor the City Hotel premises.

Y.M.C.A. HARRIERS

The Harriers will meet on Friday evening at 8 o'clock, starting at the Y.M.C.A. building and going along Campbell street to John and Bridge streets, along Bridge to Foster avenue to Dundas, along Dundas to Front street, and then to the building. All soldiers having interest in such sport are heartily invited. The first Juniors' paper chase will be run on Saturday morning at 9.30 a.m.

DEATH OF CAPT. THOMPSON

Capt. John Thompson, who has been ill for some time passed away last night at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. M. Howie, 48 Dundas street. Deceased, who was 64 years of age, was born at Portsmouth, Frontenac County. For years he had resided in this city. Capt. Thompson was a sailor, having for years navigated Lake Ontario and the Bay of Quinte. He was well and favorably known in the city and vicinity. He was a member of Deseronto Lodge C.O.F. Some six years ago Mrs. Thompson passed away. Surviving are two sons, John of Bath, and Frank of this city, and three daughters, Mrs. W. M. Howie and Mrs. Cummins of this city, and Mrs. Wm. Ryan of Chicago.

A Novel Sight

The Schooner Keewatin Entered Oswego Under Her Own Sail

A despatch from Oswego has the following:

The novel sight of a schooner entering the harbor under her own sail was witnessed by many from the Lower Bridge about 8.30 this morning. The Keewatin was the boat, Captain Doherty in command, and she was light from Kingston, bound for the D.L. & W. trestle to load coal.

The tug Tonawanda, Captain Jerry Donovan, which usually tows the incoming sailing craft to their mooring places suffered damage to her steering wheel yesterday and was unable to go for the Keewatin. There was nothing else for Capt. Doherty to do, but bring the vessel in under her own sail. There was fresh west wind blowing and by careful manipulation of the sails the Keewatin was eased in through the mouth of the harbor and up to the dock just north of N.Y.O. & W. trestle. Captain Doherty could not make the D. L. & W. trestle, owing to the operations of the barge canal terminal contractors. The Keewatin was towed to her trestle later by the contractors' tug Lafayette.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

S. Cross of Tweed, is preparing to remove his household to Belleville.

Mr. E. W. Holton, G.P.A. of the Northern Navigation Coy, of Sarnia, is in town.

Mrs. E. T. Austin, Cedar street, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. Slack, Brockvile, Ont.

Advertise in the Intelligencer.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

REPRESENTATIVE MEETING HELD IN THIS CITY

Hydro-Electric Radial Railway Proposition Discussed—Matter to be Laid Before the Government—Officers Appointed

In the Council Chamber of the city building, yesterday afternoon a meeting was held by representatives who are interested in the scheme to promote a hydro electric railway through this portion of Ontario. It was a representative meeting and delegates were present from the city of Peterboro', representing Peterboro' County, Frontenac, Addington and Lennox, Hastings, Prince Edward and Northumberland Counties.

Mayor Panter of this city, was voted to the chair. His Worship, on behalf of the City of Belleville, extended a hearty welcome to the delegates present, expressing the desire that the meeting might be productive of good, resulting in a radical railway being constructed, which would accomplish the results claimed it would accomplish. He had not the slightest doubt that the citizens of Belleville would join heartily in the prposition when it was shown that it would be of material benefit.

Mayor Buller of Peterboro', thanked Mayor Panter for his kind words of welcome, and expressed the wish that the proposed scheme for an electric radiical railway through this portion of the Province would prove of advantage in many respects.

A number present expressed briefly their approval of the proposed scheme which would no doubt be available for both passenger and freight service.

Mr. Hanigan of Toronto, who is a Government man in connection with the Hydro electric system, gave a brief address. He expressed the idea that the Government would assist in the establishment of such a railway if it was shown that it would prove beneficial in both passenger and freight traffic. It would no doubt have to be proven to the Government that the proposed radial road would be conducive of a revenue to ensure its existence. The Government might be asked to subsidy the same by the various municipalities who are interested in the scheme.

Mayor Buller of Peterboro', spoke enthusiastically in favor of the scheme, believing it would prove to be of advantage in many respects.

After some further discussion, all of which was in favor of the building of a darial road, a resolution approving of the scheme and submitting same to Provincial Government was adopted.

An Association was formed and officers were elected as follows

President—Mayor Buller, Peterboro.'

First Vice President—C. L. Owen, ex-M.P.P., Campbellford.

Second Vice President—Dr. Phelp, Picton.

Secretary—S. R. Armstrong, Peterboro.'

An executive committee was also selected, being composed of two representatives from the various counties in this section of Ontario. Messrs. H. F. Ketcheson, President of the Board of Trade of the city, and Mr. A. M. Chapman, County Clerk, were selected as representatives for this city and county.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

One hundred enlisters from the town of Lindsay arrived here today to join the 39th Battalion. The boys were given an enthusiastic send-off on leaving their home town.

We heard this morning that Col. Ponton had received a letter from a gentlemen in London, to whom his son Richard Ponton, had written, and that the letter was signed "Captain" Ponton, which would would indicate that Lieut. Ponton had been advanced in rank. An Intelligencer representative interviewed Col. Ponton this morning, but that gentleman declined to give any information concerning the matter.

It was also learned, from another source, that 1,000 Canadians went into action, and but 300 came out.

KINGSTON.

Some of the recruits of the 14th will be allowed to use artillery park barracks, recently vacated by the 21st Battalion.

Col. Ogilvie has gone to Ottawa.

Lieut. Light left for Ottawa yesterday afternoon to meet the Minister of Militia in connection with the arrangement of military band music.

In the football match on Saturday at artillery park barracks between "C" Battery and the 14th Guard, the game resulted in a win for the 14th by a score of 1-0. The game was well contested all through, and the best of spirit prevailed from start to finish.

The R. S. A. conducted examinations for officers yesterday on harnessing and foot drill.

Drummer Cotman of the 21st Battalion, formerly of the 14th Regiment, was given a tobacco pouch and pipe by members of the Griffin's orchestra before leaving for overseas.

Captain Ringwood is in command of the R.C.H.A. depot in the absence of Colonel Ogilvie.

The new administration building at Barriefield camp is in a very advanced state of construction. The building is a large one, and will add to the appearance of the camp grounds, as well as give the staff what has long been needed on the grounds. The entire staff from the armouries will be moved to camp next week.

Queen's Engineers have ten tents and a small marquee on the heights at Barriefield overlooking Deadman's Bay.

Lieut. J. Macpherson, Ottawa, who was mentioned in despatches on Friday as "having handled his section at a critical time in the battle in such a way that an old gunner could not have improved upon," is a graduate of the Royal Military College and is only twenty four years old. He left Valcartier with the ammunition column and was for a short time with the Gananoque Battery before being appointed section commander in the 8th Battery under Col. Creelman.

Soldiers Insulted

If Civilians Continue Practice They May be Thrashed

A surprising statement was made by Lieut.-Col. Ashton, commanding officer of the Thirty-Sixth battalion today, when he asserted that several of his men had complained to him of the abuse they were forced to accept from civilians when they walked about the streets. One soldier stated, the colonel said, that a civilian followed on his heels for a block and derided him in profane language. The soldier was tempted many times to turn on the man, and give him a sound thrashing, but the fact that he was wearing the king's uniform prevented him from doing so. The feeling among the members of the regiment is that all who sneer at a soldier should be thrashed, and it is likely that civilians who do so in future will be dealt with in summary fashion. Col. Ashton did not say that his men should do this, but at the same time he intimated that it would be justified.

Food for Workers

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

THE WEATHER.

Moderate southerly winds, fine and warmer; showers in most localities to-night.

Thursday, showery.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Dependable Eye Service

I know that, in addition to the technical education to which my diploma certifies; and my proven ability to examine your eyes authoritatively, as vouched for by my patients, many of whom you know; I must be honest if I expect to retain practice—which I do.

I don't recommend Glasses unless absolutely necessary, or make misleading statements about your eyes or the Glasses I prescribe.

I charge only the established standard prices prevailing elsewhere for dependable service and glasses.

J. A. McFEE OPTOMETRIST at Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple, Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon, Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen, Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry, Rasperry, Maple &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE

Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.
Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders ... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER May 1st

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at 30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy

The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

THE NEW STORE

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

5 dozen Lingerie Blouses, worth 75c. to $1.00; only ..... 50c.
Each Blouse you will see at a glance is worth more than this price.
6 dozen Blouses in Voile, plain and embroidered, worth up to $1.50; only ..... 98c. each
Black and White Jap Silk Blouses, in the new high and low neck styles ..... $3.00 to $3.50
SILK HOSIERY is not a luxury when you can buy at these prices —35c., 50c., 75c. Holeproof Silk Hose, 3 pairs for $3.00, guaranteed for 3 months.
CORSET SPECIALS—D. & A. Corsets at 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00. The D. & A. Corset is made in Canada by Canadians, and is second to none.
See our $3.00 D. & A. Front Lace Corset.
Black and Colored Pailette Silk, Lyons dyed, and will not cut; full yard wide ..... 89c. yard
Our stock of Prints, Ginghams, Linens, Staples was all purchased before the war. We can save you money on every purchase.

Next Door to Geen's — Wims & Co — 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50.

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman — Next Door to Sinclair's

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co., 316 FRONT STREET — PHONE 387.

Keep The Men In Good Humor

When Hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke. Ask your grocer for EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIPS" or "SILENTS," two of our many brands.

The E. B. EDDY CO., HULL, CANADA

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Letters From The Front

Canadians Lost in London Tubes—Sergt. W. E. Harris Growing a Moustache

Mrs. J. Lavin, of 22 Charlotte St., Belleville, has received a letter from her husband, Pte. Jack Lavin, who went away with the first contingent. The letter written from the Hospital of St. John and St. Elizabeth, 40 Grove End Road, London, N.W., and dated April 29th.

"Just a line," he says in the letter, "to let you know that I have arrived in London and staying in a very good Hospital, in charge of the Sisters of Mercy. Everybody here are very kind and I am likely to stay here for some time. I am getting on very well indeed, so you are not to worry about me, but I would be glad if you would send me about 2½ dollars, as I have arrived here without a cent, only my cap being the sole kit. I trust that this will find you well, also the children. I hope to be able to write to you myself shortly. The weather here is very fair just now, so I will not be long before I am getting about."

LOST IN LONDON

The following letter has been received by the parents of Sergt. W. E. Harris:

April 15, 1915

Dear Mother and Father,—

A few lines to let you know that I am still on the instructional staff at Shornciffe Barracks, though how long we will be here is hard to say. The weather is fine here just like home, in Canada, also we are enjoying ourselves teaching the 2nd Contingent artillery a thing or two. How long this will last is not certain, but it is a dead certainty that the remnant of the 1st Contingent will be off before many days. We are all quartered in rooms at the A.S.C. barracks, but as we have been moved from Ross to Moore barracks and then back to the A.S.C. barracks at Shornciffe, I can never give an address that will be sure to find me. At present Sgt. Black and I are O.K., and comfortable, so you needn't worry on that score. We all had an issue of new clothes this week so you see they are looking after us.

I don't know whether you would know me now or not, as I am nearly as as broad as I am tall, also wearing a moustache to comply with new Army regulations recently issued. I suppose business, etc., is beginning to pick up a bit now in Canada. Did the old Moira flood as usual or not? We are continually on the qui vive at present on account of Zeppelin air raids taking place in the vicinity, one at Maidstone and another at Canterbury, etc., which is only thirty miles from the barracks.

I don't remember whether I told about my London trip in my last letter or not. Anyway I was up there for several days and took in all the sights, etc. I was also to Devizes again to bring back some surplus kit, that I left at my billet last March. On my way down we stopped at Newbury Race Course and saw the races. It is something like the Woodbine track in Toronto. I may say that Devizes is about 180 miles from Shornciffe, by railroad, so you see we were travelling some. I forgot to mention about getting lost on the tubes or underground railway in London, and we travelled around for two hours trying to find Paddington Station and we landed miles away at a place called Hammersmith. Well, mother, when you get the others write, please don't forget to address all my mail to Winchester as that is the only way I can be sure of getting it. The pay is fierce over here, we'll get our money some time or other, but you never know when.

I don't seppose that there are many of the lads left that I used to chum with, all moved out somewhere or other. It will be a pretty funny place, Belleville, when I come back. The fellows that I left Belleville with are scattered all over now you know, only four or five of us being in Shornciffe. The rest are at Tidworth, Canterbury, or scattered through half a dozen batteries in France."

Gunner Blaylock Wounded In Tight Corner

Wounded by Shrapnel—"A Mere Trifle" He Writes Home to His Parents

Gunner E. G. Blaylock, of 2nd Field Battery, 1st Brigade, C.F.A., writes as follows to his parents in Belleville:—

The British Hospital,
Hotel Bellevue, Wimereux,
Boulogne, April 28th, 1915.

Dear Mother and Father,—

Just a few lines to let you know that I have been wounded, but not seriously. I am in the British Hospital, as you will see by the letter head, having a good time, plenty to eat, all kinds of cigarettes and tobacco, graphophone, and good nurses and doctors.

I was wounded last Sunday morning at 4 o'clock by a piece of shrapnel. One piece went into my right thigh and the other grazed my right side just below the arm. I have been operated on; had the X-rays first and then chloroform, and had the piece removed. They were both only flesh wounds and did not amount to much. I have the pieces of shrapnel that were in me, and am going to keep them as German souvenirs.

I have been up today walking around the hospital and am only a little lame. I expect to be sent to England or Essex (France) for a rest and maybe will not see the firing line again for a month, much to my sorrow, as I am afraid of not getting back to the 2nd Battery. They may draft me to some other crowd, and I do not want to be with any other battery.

The guns were closer to the Germans than any of the other British guns, and we were certainly doing good work by blowing their trenches to pieces, and also them. We were in this position for three days and were practically in the open with no shelter whatever—only a few trees. They got wise to our position and started to shell us heavily on Saturday. We had many a close call, but managed to escape them all. Saturday afternoon we must have fired over 1,000 rounds at them. We could hardly find room around the guns to stack the empty cartridges. On Sunday morning at 8 o'clock they started to shell us again. We had to get in our trenches and dug-outs, as we call them, for shelter. Our dug-out consisted only of a few 8x8 inch timbers built up and then some more 8x8's laid on the top of these, so that left the sides practically open. Their shells were bursting over us for half an hour, but they managed to drop one just over the trail of the gun, not 16 feet from our dug-out, and Mr. Shell exploded and came in one side of the dug-out. There were six of us wounded by the same shell, but as luck happened, our wounds were not serious, and we will get a chance to have a good rest.

I hope you will not let this worry you, as it is really a mere trifle, compared to some of the wounds sustained by our lads.

Will write you soon again. Hope you are all well.

Your son,
Gr. E. G. BLAYLOCK.

Thrilling Account of Langemarck

Hundreds Mowed Down by German Guns—Pitiful Plight of the Wounded

A thrilling story of the great Canadian charge at Langemarck is given in a letter to his parents at Belleville, by Pte. Jim Gorman, of the 2nd Battalion.

April 24, 1915

Dear Mother,—

Just a few lines to let you know I am in the City of London Hospital, wounded in the back with a piece of shrapnel in the battle on the 23rd charge. I guess all the Belleville boys were hit somewhere, for we were all in the front line of the charge. Well, mother, I guess by the time you get this you will have read in the papers of the great work we have done, but by God, we have paid for it. There were hundreds just mowed down by the German guns.

We have often talked about Hell, but we were in it for those three days and nights, amidst heaps of dead Germans and our own mates lying at our feet, crying for help, and we could not get out to help them. Some of our lads were dying out in front of our trenches and had to be left there for hours and hours and hours. When we got out to them in the dark more had died from bleeding, and I can tell you that it was terrible, listening to the groaning of the poor fellows.

I guess you will know that Carl Clark and Tom Vance were wounded. They were both hit the day before me. Mother, nobody knows what war is like until they get there. Well, I can't write any more just now. Remember me to all.

Your loving son,
JIM

Gunner Yateman Severely Wounded

The following letter was received by Mr. W. A. Yatman, 32 Mill street, this morning, regarding his son, Thos. A. Yatman, who was wounded at the second battle of Ypres.

No. 11 General Hospital, British Expeditionary Force, April 24, 1915.

Dear Mr. Yatman,

I am sorry to have to tell you that your son, Pte. Yatman, was brought into hospital today suffering from a gun shot wound in the neck. I am afraid it must have injured his spine for the time being, as he is paralysed. He is quite cheerful, and a very good patient. I am hoping soon to let you know that he is much better.

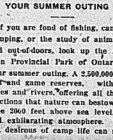
Yours truly,
M. WOODHOUSE, Sister

Hospital Block Day

The W. C. A. would again thank the friends who so kindly contributed toward the maintenance of our hospital and Home for the Friendless through the Block Day envelopes. We are indebted to Hon. Mr. Carby for $100, although absent when the city. The collectors have been faithful in their work, and were cheerfully received by the citizens. The following is a list of the collectors; also the amounts collected in the various wards:

Mrs. Downey (Foster ward)	$ 33 81
Mrs. Denmark (Samson)	174 59
Mrs. Warren (Ketchenson)	175 93
Mrs. Niblock (Baldwin)	57 71
Miss Hay (Bleecker)	13 29
Mrs. Charles (Coleman)	28 42
Mrs. McMullen (Murney)	72 70
	$556 67
Mrs. Deroche, soldiers	5 00
	$561 67

Mr. H. Wallace, electric fixtures, $2.50 (Ketchenson Ward).



What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children's White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY, 273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR April Sale

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a trade about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a map who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

YOUR SUMMER OUTING

If you are fond of fishing, canoeing, camping, or the study of animal life and out-of-doors, look up the Algonquin Provincial Park of Ontario for your summer outing. A 2,500,000 acres land and game reserves, with 1,500 lakes and rivers, offering all the attractions that nature can bestow. Altitude 2000 feet above sea level, pure and exhilarating atmosphere. Those not desirous of camp life can secure splendid accommodation at "The Highland Inn," or at the new and novel log cabin camps, "Nominigan Camp" and "Camp Minnesing." These camps are equipped with hot and cold water, baths and all modern conveniences. A handsome descriptive publication telling all about it, sent free on application to C. E. Horning, D.P.A. Toronto, ONt.

Mr. John A. Murray, County Crown Attorney for Haldimand, died at his home in Cayuga last evening.

GREAT SALE Of Women's, Misses' and Children's Whitewear, Ready-for-Wear Apparel, such as House Dresses, Middy Blouses, Underskirts, Waists, etc., etc.

At MERE COST OF PRODUCTION. Middleman's Profit won't figure in this Sale at all, as we buy direct from the manufacturer. Therefore

We can save you 40 to 50 per cent on every purchase you make at this GREAT SALE, which opens Thursday Morning Next at 9 oclock

We were fortunate to secure a big stock of these various seasonable lines from one of the largest manufacturers in Canada at practically our own price. TO-MORROW MORNING we hand it over to you

At Just About The HALF PRICE MARK.

This House Dress offer should interest the thrifty housekeeper. We mention one very special, made of plain Gingham Stripped Goods, piping on collar and sleeves, pearl buttons; very neatly made, all sizes. Sale Price 79c

Others in Stripe Goods.

Be sure and see that new Combination Dress and Apron; it's a good one. Sale Price, ... 75c

No wardrobe complete without one of these.

Every Item we guarantee in every respect, as these goods are bought just as carefully as regular lines, not for the occasion.

Women's Corset Covers, made of fine Nainsook, round yoke in front formed of wide lace insertion arm and neck edged with lace; a draw string of satin ribbon. Sale Price 39c

Women's best quality Nightgowns, made in neat styles of soft White Cotton, with yoke trimmed with lace. Sale Price 49c

Women's Drawers, umbrella style, good quality White Cotton, frill on bottom, eyelet embroidery. Sale Price 39c

Girls' Fine Middy Blouses, in Plain and Stripped Goods. Sale Price 87c

Women's Underskirts in Moirette Goods. Knife edge pleating with tucks. Sale Price, ... $1.99

Comes in variety of colors.

Women's Black Silk Waists, neatly made; good serviceable Waist. Sale Price $1.49

Children's Ready-to-Wear Dresses in large variety of colors and styles on sale at 25c

Children's Fine Cotton Embroidery Dresses, very neatly made, at astonishing low prices.

Watch for the Price Ticket with the Union Jack Flag on it for Bargains

Come Thursday Morning at 9 o'clock for some Great Bargains

McINTOSH BROS.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 237 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

WATCH THEM!

They are Germans Still!

Notwithstanding the fact that the Germans who come to this continent do so to better their condition, and live in freedom from military serfdom, many of them do not forget their love for the Fatherland, and are constantly on the alert to assist the German Emperor in his murderous attempt to crush out the liberties of the subjects throughout the world. As an evidence of the fact, the following extract from a letter received the other day by a lady in the city from a friend in Cleveland, Ohio, shows the length to which the Kaiser's former subjects will go to aid him in his present struggle for existence. The writer says:—

"The White Automobile Company, of this city, found emery in the ball bearings of a large shipment of war trucks for England, that they had just manufactured and which were ready for shipment. Had not the inspector made the discovery just when he did, all would have been lost, as the emery would have ground the machines to pieces in a few hours. The factory managers tried to keep it quiet, fearing it would injure their business, which is one of the largest manufactories of trucks in the country. The company immediately discharged all their German workmen, some seventy-five in number." The writer, who is a Canadian lady, then adds: "I think they ought to have been made a bon-fire of."

This instance of the existence of Germanism on this continent, particularly in the United States, shows the necessity of being on the alert and keeping a sharp and constant watch of the suspected.

Let it not be supposed that German rejoicing at the murders being committed during the present contest between Germany and the Allies is confined to the United States. In Toronto, says the Mail and Empire of 10th inst., there was "Cheering at the sinking of the Lusitania by a German Reservist who publicly rejoiced at the slaughter of women and children." The Mail adds:

Paul H. Hoffman, a German reservist, holding the rank of lieutenant in the Kaiser's army, was arrested and interned on Saturday for publicly rejoicing in the sinking of the Cunard liner Lusitania by a German submarine on Friday. Hoffman was arrested at his home, 86 Howard Street, by Detective Maurer and was taken to the office of the Government Registrar of Alien Enemies. From there he was escorted by an armed guard to the local detention camp, and it is the intention of the authorities to remove him to the Hearst detention camp, where he will be outside the ken of newspapers.

Hoffman first saw the news of the outrage on a newspaper bulletin and immediately gave way to his German Kultur and cheered the news. Before the crowd realized that he was cheering the slaughter of women and children he had made his escape. At his home he indulged in loud rejoicing, and disgusted his neighbors by lauding the bravery of the Kaiser's navy. Several Canadians whom he stopped, and to whom he detailed his delight in the sinking of the ship attempted to curb his feelings with their fists, but he evaded fighting by taking refuge in his dwelling.

The police, however, were notified, and Detective Maurer was sent to the German's residence, but although he waited for several hours Friday night, he was unable to find his man. On Saturday, however, he again placed himself on Hoffman's trail and finally succeeded in meeting him and placing him under arrest. Hoffman was brought to the Detective Office last August when war was declared. He signed the customary declaration, agreeing to conduct himself according to the laws of the country, and was given his parole. Since the work of registering alien enemies has been taken over by the Government he has been reporting regularly once every ten days to Mr. Snow."

The marvel is that the fellow was not severely punished. Had he been in any other country than where freedom of speech exists he would have been.

In contrast, however, to the treatment meted out to British and even neutrals who are at the mercy of the Germans, the manner in which alien enemies are treated in Canada is worth noting. A visit to the alien registration office in Toronto witnesses acts of extreme kindness done to destitute Austrians and Germans. No enemy alien who can make out a good case is denied assistance, and is often given money on the spot by the officials. The Germans are bringing upon themselves a day of retribution, which must come, and that, too, quickly.

British Columbia.

In Victoria, British Columbia, the feeling is so intense against Germany that the city has been put under martial law to prevent violence being done to all Germans.

The report says:—

"A crowd of several thousand men and boys had smashed windows in the Phoenix Brewery, New England Hotel, Kilberger's jewelry store, Hermann's cleaning establishment, and Geiger's plumbing shop. The Mayor read the Riot Act at a down-town street corner and 800 soldiers began policing the city.

"The Phoenix Brewery was virtually wrecked, the mob doing its work before the soldiers reached the scene. So far as is known no one was injured.

"A guard was reported to have been placed around the Government House to prevent any disorderly scenes there, due to the fact that Mrs. Barnard, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor, is a daughter of Mr. Loewen, a German. A detachment of troops has been ordered from Vancouver to reinforce the local forces, most of whom depart for the front this week, and it was feared the remainder would be powerless to control the people."

The same indignation against Germans has been displayed in Vancouver.

Saskatchewan.

Telegrams from Saskatoon of the 8th inst. inform us that money is being subscribed in that part of Canada, to be sent to Austria to aid in the war.

"There is a widespread movement," says the report, "going on in Western Canada for the support of the enemies of the Empire through money assistance. This is a question which the Mounted Police are investigating at the present time as a result of the conviction at Vonda of Ilke Zanulynski on the charge of assisting the enemies of the Empire by the collection of funds. He was heavily fined by Mr. Graham, J.P., of Vonda, before whom he was brought by Secret Service Officers of the Mounted Police.

"The offence was the collection of funds from the Ruthenian and Austrian people of the Vonda district, to be sent to Austria to assist in prosecuting war against Great Britain and her allies.

"Statements were made by a number of Ruthenian, Galician and Austrian people in the district surrounding Vonda, in which they stated that this collection was being made by different agents of the Austrian Government, and was to be forwarded back to Austria through the Canadian Ruthenia, which was to act as an agent in transmitting the money to the proper authorities in Austria.

Quite a number of witnesses were heard in connection with this case, each of whom testified that they had contributed various amounts to the cause, running from fifty cents to two dollars."

CURRENT COMMENT

Italy is said to be "approaching a crisis." But it's the same old one she was nibbling at six months ago.

There are many Germans at large in Canada to-day whose proper location would be in a concentration camp.

"There is such a thing as a man being too proud to fight."—President Wilson. Yep. Also too much afraid.

The name of the Dardanelles goes back to Dardanus, the founder of the Trojan race, and by his name one of the forts reduced on the edge of the plain of Troy is still called.

An Irish coroner's jury indicts the Kaiser and his advisors as wilful murderers. And now, probably, Irish prisoners of war will not be offered preferential treatment in Germany.

It was peculiarly appropriate for President Wilson to enunciate his peace principles before a body of naturalized Americans at Philadelphia, a large portion of which is called Germantown.

Canada has been loyal. Canada is loyal. Will Canada remain as loyal when the war is done, and the Canadians count the cost?—Syracuse Post. Were American citizens any less loyal after counting the cost of their civil war?

President Wilson, while remaining at peace, would seek to convince Germany of the injustice to mankind of the Lusitania tragedy. How truly idyllic! But he will find the task much more difficult than the most intricate play of his beloved golf.

Miss Jane Addams, chairman of the women's peace congress at The Hague, reports as one of the important achievements of the congress, the distribution of flowers among the military hospitals. It was a gracious act, but might have been done without summoning women from many countries.

The real reason of the United States eating such an abnormal amount of humble pie at present lies most likely in the fact that that nation of 100,000,000 is totally unprepared to face any display of force. It would take at least six months—thanks to its peace apostles—to even partially remedy this defect. Germany is fully aware of this fact; hence its truculence.—Hamilton Spectator.

However long the result of the mighty duel in France and Flanders may hang in the balance, and however often beyond the Vistula and the Carpathians the tides of battle may swing back and forth, Constantinople is near the end of its Turkish dominion. The land movements of the expeditionary forces of the allies on the Gallipoli Peninsula leave no doubt of that.—New York Press.

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AN EMPIRE'S SACRIFICE

Home again from the shell-riven death-land.
Where the plains are corpse-laden and red;
Where the thin khaki line never wavers
Though each hour swells the roll of the dead.

Where the armed hosts of Prussia are crumbling,
In a chaos of slaughter and gore;
As the vengeance of Europe rolls onward,
Like the waves on a surf-beaten shore.

Where the grim spectral reapers are reaping,
'Neath the shadowy vault of the sky,
And a great deathless army is marching;
They pass like the chill breeze's sigh.

'Tis the glorious march of the foemen,
Going home to the heavenly shore;
'Tis the sacrifice England is making
On the blood spattered altars of war.

Home again, but their hearts are in Belgium,
Where comrades are calling in vain;
When God in His mercy has healed them,
They'll answer the call once again.

Once again they will crouch in the trenches,
They will creep once again through the night;
Shoulder to shoulder, blades gleaming,
They'll plunge to the heart of the fight.

They'll show the old folks in the Homeland
How the sons of the Empire die,
And they'll march with the great deathless army,
Going home to their Father on high.
—P. Villiers Sutton,
10th Batt., Canadians.

ADMIRALTY TO AVOID ANSWERS TO CRITICS

LONDON, May 11.—From an unofficial but responsible informanant the New York Times correspondent learns that it is unlikely that the Admiralty will at present take any official cognizance of the criticisms which are being made in the English and American press and by survivors of the Lusitania. That is to say, no official reply in the form of rebuttal of explanation will be issued. These criticisms, according to The Times informant, are based upon imperfect knowledge or inadequate appreciation of the circumstances.

A chief complaint is that the Lusitania's course and her speed on entering the war zone were dictated by the Admiralty. Next it is alleged that so important a vessel should have been convoyed through dangerous waters. It is also stated that as German submarines were presumably known to the Admiralty to be lurking in South-western Irish waters the Lusitania should have been ordered to take another course to Liverpool.

To the last criticism the question is asked why critics assume that the course south of Ireland was any less dangerous than the course around the north of Ireland would have been. The quiescence of the German submarines for a period prior to the sinking of the Lusitania gives color to the idea that the German Admiralty had been mobilizing its submarine forces for one particular purpose.

The question of the Lusitania's speed in the war zone is another point on which individual judgment has a wide field of operation, but one point is suggested in this connection. In reckoning what a submarine commander must do and at what angle he must discharge a torpedo so as to hit his target the rate at which the latter was moving through the water must be a prime consideration.

It is suggested that Captain Turner may have argued that the submarine officer would assume the Lusitania would put on top speed in dangerous waters and so calculated that by going at 16 or 18 knots a torpedo, fired at him under the belief that he was travelling at 25 knots, would miss.

With regard to the question of convoy, there are many considerations which, according to The Times informant, should occur to all who have studied the existing conditions of naval warfare. One of them is that to the British Admiralty the sinking of the Lusitania is only an incident (however important and regrettable) in the general scheme of operations for which it is responsible. General military considerations must determine the Admiralty's action.

It may be said here that among naval and shipping men the criticisms, now being leveled at Captain Turner, are generally regarded as uninformed or at least premature.

SUMMER RESORTS

The Kawartha Lakes District, to the north of Lindsay and Peterborough, comprises some of the most attractive summer resorts in Canada. The Indians call the territory "Bright Waters and Happy Lands." The air is pure and invigorating and there is magnificent sailing, canoeing and fishing, and excellent tourist accommodation. In common with the whole of the Highlands of Ontario Kawartha Lakes are reached by the Grand Trunk System.

For particulars and illustrated descriptive matter write to C. E. Horning, D.P.A. Union Station, Toronto, Ont.

A POPULAR FALLACY

Often have you heard it said that if you steal, steal a million. The inference is that a big thief has a smoother road to freedom than a little thief.

The esteemed Director of Public Safety supplies evidence to the contrary. He tells us about the inconspicuous offenders who are arrested seventeen times, and in the face of a dozen convictions still go free. Croesus couldn't do that with all his money or, at least, not so long as there is any wood pulp that can be converted into a newspaper.

The chief reason why the little culprit can go ahead duplicating his offense time after time is because he is so small the newspaper microscope overlooks him. But old Mr. Moneybags, when he is hauled up for the theft of a million goes on the first page of a thousand newspapers.

Any juggling of justice becomes hazardous in the case of Moneybags, since everybody would be told about it the next morning.

The minnow that gets through the net escapes notice, but everybody in the boat can see when a whale slips the harpoon—Girard, in Philadelphia Ledger.

MAKING AN INVESTIGATION

Into the Mutiny at Fort Henry by German Prisoners

American Consul F. S. S. Johnson, at the request of the Canadian Government and with the authority of the American Government, has opened an investigation into the mutiny at Fort Henry a short while ago. Taking a stenographer with him, Consul Johnson will make a complete report asking questions and getting a statement of the affairs from everyone involved. The Canadian authorities have placed every convenience at the disposal of the Consul to facilitate the inquiry and reports will be sent to Ottawa, and also to Washington, from which place copies will be furnished all the countries concerned.

MAY BE PUT IN FORT

A naturalized German resident of Kingston, who has been showing sympathy for everything German, is being watched by the military authorities and is likely to be put in Fort Henry with the rest of his countrymen who were considered too dangerous to be allowed at large.

A LUCKY NURSE

News came from New York yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Morton F. Hughes, 78 Division street, Kingston, that their daughter had fallen heir to a large sum of money, left by a patient who died recently, and whom she nursed a few years ago.

ALGONQUIN PARK

The Highland Inn, Algonquin Park, has been advertised to open May 15th, but owing to the early season and the good fishing which can now be enjoyed, the Grand Trunk have arranged to accommodate any guests desiring to visit the Park before that date. For further particulars apply C. E. Horning, Union Station, Toronto.

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NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station).

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station agent.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast Limited Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13 — 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.06 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m. 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

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GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

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Prince of Wales As a Soldier

Strenuous Life at the Front—25 Miles a Day in Marching Kit

The Prince of Wales, the twenty-year-old future King of England, faced Earl Kitchener in the war office one day in November, and demanded that he be allowed to go to the front at once. Three months previous, at the outbreak of the war, within a week of receiving his commission as a lieutenant in the First Grenadier Guards, he had made the same request, but the Secretary of War had refused it on the ground that the Prince's military training had just begun.

For a second time the lithe and slender subaltern stood before the great field marshal. He had thrown himself into his work with such enthusiasm and patriotic fervor that now, after only twelve weeks, he was fit and ready for active service. He had been so reported by his commanding officer. Had he not, time and again, outmarched his men and led them back to camp, his youthful, springy step contrasting with their heavy, footsore tramp? His regiment had been landed in France and was on the firing line, but he was assigned to other duties at home. He was both angry and hurt.

Earl Kitchener listened to what the young man had to say. The British war lord is stern and unbending, but human. He knew the Prince's spirit, and talked with him as one soldier with another, not from a personal but from a national view. It went without saying that the Prince was eager to fight and would do his duty just the same as any other officer, taking his chances of being killed or wounded with the rest.

DON'T BE CAPTURED.

That was not what was worrying Kitchener. He would mourn if anything happened the Prince of Wales, but he knew that if the heir apparent did get killed there would be plenty of other people to come to the throne of England. What concerned Lord Kitchener was this:

If the Prince of Wales were taken prisoner and held as hostage by the Germans, very serious embarrassment might be caused to the Allies, and their plans for the final settlement of the war would be gravely hampered. This Earl Kitchener pointed out in his usual direct and forcible manner, but the young Prince was not to be denied, and when he left the war office it was with the understanding that he was to be attached to Field Marshal French's staff at the headquarters of the British Expeditionary Force in France. On November 16 the Prince of Wales crossed over from Folkestone to Boulogne and proceeded at once to St. Omer, where the headquarter staff was then located.

From that day until April 10, when the Prince of Wales arrived in London bearing despatches from the British Commander-in-Chief, has he regularly performed the arduous and dangerous duties of a despatch rider. At times Field Marshal French has detailed him to other duties, and when I was at the front the Prince of Wales was engaged with a number of other officers in laying out a line of trenches near Neuve Chapelle, where he was constantly exposed to the fire of the heavy German guns.

I had the honor of being presented to the Prince of Wales and of talking with him on two occasions, but it was understood that I was not to interview him or in any way quote what he said. But I had the fullest opportunity of studying him and observng the manner and spirit in which he performs his duties.

The same spirit of democracy is shown in all the Prince's dealings. He goes into the trenches and talks to the "Tommies" about their work, interests himself in their daily life, and places them so entirely at their ease that they refer to him as "Wales," or "P. W." He is intensely popular with the rank and file. The same is true of his relations with the other officers on General French's staff. He enjoys no special privileges, unless it be that as despatch rider he uses his own motor car instead of a motorcycle. He always drives his own car, which is a six-cylinder, all-steel British manufacture, painted light brown, a shade darker than the regulation khaki. It is an open tonneau without hood or cover, which can seat five persons. Just back of the driver's seat is a rifle rack in which are two regulation army rifles and the Prince's pet weapon, a light French cavalry carbine. All show traces of hard usage.

SPENDS FIRST LEAVE IN PARIS

The Prince of Wales is almost always accompanied by another staff officer, and very often a non-commissioned officer of the First Grenadier Guards is taken along with them. The latter is left to guard the car whenever the Prince and his aide have to leave it. Several determined attempts have been made by German spies to wreck the machine, but so far they have failed. On more than one occasion the Prince's car has been fired upon, and times without number he has been under the heaviest shell fire.

Nearly four months elapsed from the day the Prince reported for duty till Field Marshal French gave him twenty-four hours leave. This was early in March, and instead of spending his time in the big white house in which he lives, the Prince ordered his car and, leaving the non-commissioned officer behind, took his brother officer and was on his way to Paris as fast as the car could carry him.

On his arrival he went to an old-fashioned hotel in the Rue de Rivoli, facing the Tuileries Gardens, and sent word of his presence to the British embassy in the Faubourg St. Honore. When the Right Hon. Sir Francis Bertie, ambassador, heard about it he at once wired over to Buckingham Palace, but the King and Queen evidently decided not to interfere. So the ambassador called upon the Prince of Wales, and took him round to lunch with President Poincare. His whole visit lasted less than four hours.

A fortnight later he made the same trip again, but this time with the previous knowledge of the King and with special permission from Field Marshal French. He called upon Gen. Gallieni, military commander of Paris, and spent several hours inspecting the elaborate system of trenches which have been dug around the capital so as to make it doubly secure against any future attacks.

THE PRINCE'S DAY'S WORK.

The Prince is an early riser and has generally finished his breakfast before 8.30, when he reports to the commander-in-chief. A dozen or more staff officers gather in a room on the ground floor of an old-fashioned house. Even in winter the window looking out to a small shrubbery garden was always open, and the officers mostly kept on their greatcoats. The room in which Field Marshal French receives the reports and gives out the day's work opens out into the same hall as the staff officers' rooms. The morning talks with the "C. in C." are never prolonged, and at about 9 o'clock the Prince's car is brought out o the headquarters garage across the street and he gets in and drives away.

Sometimes he drives sixty miles before he gets to the officers whose reports and despatches he is to hurry back to headquarters; sometimes his work consists in making observations as to the positions held, or as to details of the line of communication. Sometimes, again, there are secondary trenches to be laid out, and not infrequently surprise visits have to be paid to the observation posts. Then, as often as he can, the Prince of Wales visits the military hospitals, and always has a kind and cheering word for the wounded men. Many a brave fellow has been the recipient of little gifts from the future King of England. The Prince smokes a great deal, nearly always cigarettes and he rarely goes to a hospital without filling his pockets with boxes of cigarettes, which he distributes to the wounded.

There can be no doubt that his experience at the front and the active open air life that he is leading have brought about a remarkable change in the Prince's appearance. When he went to France he was as youthful in build as in his appearance; now he is growing into a man. He is not, and never will be tall, but he is well-knit, and has time and again displayed the greatest endurance; so much so that the other officers on the staff all look upon him as the champion long-distance walker. More than once during his training he marched twenty-five miles in full kit with the company of the Guards and proved the freshest man when they got back to the barracks.

HOUSECLEANING

LINOLEUM

The old-fashioned method of scrubbing with soap and water is being abandoned for the better method of waxing and polishing, as water penetrates and softens the fabric and so causes it to wear out quickly.

RONUK

the English Wax Polish and Cleanser is a combined cleanser and polish. It removes the dirt without the help of soap and water and leaves your linoleum with a bright, polished surface, which will stand wear and tear. The wear will be on the RONUK, not on the Linoleum. 74

On sale at all stores 25c. to $1.00

A BAD COUGH FOLLOWED GRIPPE

James Martin Tells How Vinol Stopped the Cough and Restored His Strength After an Attack of Grippe.

Wapakoneta, Ohio.—"I am a farmer by occupation and the grippe left me with a bad cough and in a nervous, weak run-down condition, and I could not seem to get anything to do me any good. I decided to try Vinol, and soon began to improve, and after taking one bottle I feel like a new man. Vinol has built me up, and my cough and nervousness are all gone, and I can truly say Vinol is all that is claimed for it."—JAMES MARTIN, Wapakoneta, Ohio.

The many letters which we are continually publishing from reliable people should prove to you that Vinol is a reliable body builder and strength creator; in fact we feel safe in saying that we have never sold in our store a more dependable, upbuilding tonic for the convalescent, weak and run-down than Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil. Therefore if you need such a medicine, we ask you to try a bottle of Vinol, and if you don't think it helps you, we will return your money.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy for all weak, nervous and run-down conditions of men, women and children.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

WHAT DYSPEPTICS SHOULD EAT

A PHYSICIAN'S ADVICE

"Indigestion and practically all forms of stomach trouble are, nine times out of ten, due to acidity; therefore stomach sufferers should whenever possible avoid eating food that is acid in its nature, or which by chemical action in the stomach develops acidity. Unfortunately, such a rule eliminates most foods which are pleasant to the taste as well as those which are rich in blood, flesh and nerve building properties. This is the reason why dyspeptics and stomach sufferers are usually so thin, emaciated and lacking in that vital energy which can only come from a well fed body. For the benefit of those sufferers who have been obliged to exclude from their diet all starchy, sweet or fatty food, and are trying to keep up a miserable existence on glutten products, I would suggest that you should try a meal of any food or foods which you may like, in moderate amount, taking immediately afterwards a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia in a little hot or cold water. This will neutralize any acid which may be present or which may be formed, and instead of the usual feeling of uneasiness and fullness, you will find that your food agrees with you perfectly. Bisurated magnesia is doubtless the best food corrective and antacid known. It has no direct action on the stomach; but by neutralizing the acidity of the food contents, and thus removing the source of the acid irritation which inflames the delicate stomach lining, it does more than could possibly be done by any drug or medicine. As a physician, I believe in the use of medicine whenever necessary, but I must admit that I cannot see the sense of dosing an inflamed and irritated stomach with drugs instead of getting rid of the acid—the cause of all the trouble. Get a little bisurated magnesia from your druggist, eat what you want at your next meal, take some of the bisurated magnesia as directed above, and see if I'm not right."

PENITENTIARY RULES

May Banish Stone Pile—will Tend to More Humane Management

OTTAWA, May 11.—The draft of the complete revision of Canadian penitentiary regulations has been prepared in the Justice Department and is now ready for consideration by Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice. The proposed revision embodies many changes of a more or less redical character in the regulations which govern the confinement of prisoners in penal institutes in the Dominion. They look i nthe direction of more modern and perhaps more humane management of houses of punishment, but it is understood that in accordance with the expressed opinion of the Minister of Justice, they will not be such as to transform Canadian penitentiaries into "Summer resorts." The new regulations are based somewhat on the recommendations made by the commission which a year ago investigated conditions in Portsmouth Penitentiary. These have all been since submitted to the wardens of the different prisons for comment. It is understood they have not met with great approval by these officials.

While many of the regulations of the Kingston Commission will be in part adopted, some half a dozen of them, it is understood, have been discarded as impracticable. One, which will not be adopted, is that recommending that the control of the penitentiaries be placed in the hands of a commission of three members. That system was tried out in Canada many years ago and found unworkable.

Other recommendations which have been taken under consideration include the establishment of reformatories for young prisoners and first offenders, the institution in penitentiaries of a system of classification based upon the conduct of the prisoners, the abolision of the stone-pile and the substitution of outside labor as far as possible, the abolition of the close cropping of prisoners' hair, of the hosing of convicts and their confinement in dark cells and dungeons, the establishment of a separate institution for the criminal insane, and the amendment of the criminal code, to allow the fixing of indeterminate sentences.

Defy Dyspepsia!

Among the symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion may be mentioned a heavy, cutting pain soon after eating; a distended, full feeling of the stomach and bowels; belching of wind and flatulence; a burning sensation in the stomach, which indicates acidity; heartburn; palpitation of the heart; oppression of breathing; pain under the ribs and shoulder-blades; headache through the temples and eyes; dizziness, coated tongue and constipation; sometimes nausea or vomiting.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is the natural specific for all these conditions. Being an antacid, it immediately relieves the acidity of the stomach and stops the fermentation. It stimulates the secretion and muscular action of the stomach and bowels, and overcomes the constipation. When its use is kept up the normal action of all the organs of digestion is re-established.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c. 3

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

If the urine is hot and scalding—is too free or too scanty—or shows brick dust deposits or mucus—get Gin Pills today and cure yourself of Kidney and Bladder troubles. "Made in Canada". 50c. box, 6 for $2.50. Free treatment if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 270

INTERESTING ITEMS

Who was the young man who went into a local drug store and asked for "Flip-de-flop-de-flul"?

The Jockey Club has decided to stop racing at New Castle, Stockton, Red Car and other places in that district at the request of the northeast coast armaments committee who have declared that such sports hinder armament work.

A 12 months old deer escaped in Toronto from a Grand Trunk freight car, and enjoyed freedom and a run, while it ran two miles. It took two Toronto policemen to subdue the ferocious beast.

An adjournment has been made in the Nerlich appeal and it may not come before the first appellate division until its next sitting, on May 25.

The first steamer of the season has arrived at Archangel, Russia.

Leo M. Frank today was re-sentenced at Atlanta to be hanged on Tuesday, June 22nd for the murder of Mary Phagan.

In some parts of Siberia milk is sold frozen around a piece of wood, which serves as a handle to carry it.

The large warehouse of Robert Rankin, of North Bay, wholesale flour and feed was badly gutted by fire. The loss is estimated at $2000. The cause of fire is unknown.

H. G. S. Noble was re-elected president of the New York Stock Exchange last week.

C.P.R. earnings for the week ending May 7 were $1,594,000, a decrease of $525,000.

A. G. Gilkison was found lying in the cemetery at Brantford with his throat cut. He had attempted suicide, using a razor and it is doubtful if he will recover.

There were 334 fatalities in the coal mines of the United States last year than in 1913.

Without the use of tools a new refrigerator can be taken apart for cleaning or moving.

In the absence of Superior Court Julge Clifford in Indianapolis recently, Miss Lulu Grayson, a court reporter, occupied the bench and charged a jury which was trying a damage suit case.

Mrs. Hetty Green, said to be the richest woman in the world owns a railroad in Texas which is 135 miles in length. She purchased the road some 22 years ago so that her son could learn practical railroad affairs in its management.

Eighty-six per cent. of the women registered voted at the recent Chicago elections.

Edward Fredericks, a well known St. Thomas farmer hanged himself in his barn Sunday night. He leaves a wife and ten children. The cause of the suicide was ill-health.

The federation of American Musicians is now endeavoring to have the government prevent the marine and naval bands from competing with organized musicians.

Private Gordon Patterson, a young man of Watford, who enlisted for service with the Third Contingent, as a member of the 33rd Battalion, died at Victoria Hospital, London, of spinal meningitis.

Pte. J. Lewis, of Cobourg, who went to the front, has been invalided home on account of rheumatism.

Mrs. Thomas Foote, a pioneer resident of the township of Whitchurch, died on Friday at Aurora in her 83rd year.

Ronald C. Mason gave himself up at Hamilton on Saturday on the charge of stealing money from city envelopes. He said he was tired of being a fugitive from justice. He was liberated on bail.

THE CAUSE OF CANCER

High Living, Declares an Eminent New York Specialist

NEW YORK, May 10.—"Cancer is usually caused by improper eating and drinking. It can be treated by eliminating meat, coffee and tea from the diet and probably would disappear as a disease in a generation or so if a vegetarian diet and the simple life were the rule among civilized people. Surgery can only remove the results of the disease and does not touch the cause."

This was the striking announcement made to-day by Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley, head of the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, which has opened a new cinic for the treatment of cancer. Dr. Bulkley's conclusions that the hope of cancer patients lies in changing their diet is the result of 40 years' experience.

Dr. Bulkley is known to the medical profession as a skilled dermatologist.

"Cancer mortality is lowest where conditions of life are hardest and greatest where wealth and leisure exists," he said. This was proved by statistics gathered by Dr. Rogers Williams. The richer and more abundant the food the more liable one is to cancer. Indolence and gluttony, which frequently come with wealth, are contributory causes to the metabolic changes or disturbances in the constitution. Complex lying makes for a nervous condition which disturbes the balance of the ingredients of the body. The secretions of the various organs are thus disturbed.

"The aim of the hospital in treating patients is to secure the most perfect blood stream possible. This is accomplished by simple living, fresh air and sunlight, perfect mastication, the avoidance of excesses and in addition to proper medication to secure the healthy action of a strict vegetarian diet. There are, of course, times when the knife should be used. Our treatment is, of course, a long one and requires much patience."

Cornell has recently adopted Dr. Bulkley's treatment of cancer.

WILL NOT APPROACH NEUTRAL GOVERNMENTS

Premier Asquith Waits Until the Latter are Ready to Take Some Action

LONDON, May 11.—"This war was begun by Germany with a flagrant breach of a treaty and it has been carried on with a progressive disregard of convention and of previously accepted rules of warfare," said Premier Asquith today in the House of Commons.

"The facts are universally known and there is no object in approaching neutral Governments unless and until the latter are prepared to take some action in the mattery. We trust that neutral nations are growingly realizing that the issues involved in this war affect the whole civilized world and the future of humanity."

Premier Asquith's statement was made in response to a question from William Llewelyn Williams, who said that the British Government should officially bring to the notice of the nations signatory to The Hague Convention "the gross and repeated breaches of the convention by Germany."

Guy Chapman Killed in Action

NAPANEE, May 11.—Word was received yesterday afternoon of the death of Guy Chapman, killed in action. His mother Mrs. Jane Chapman, is prostrated with grief. He was the only child, and his mother is a widow. Deceased was for a number of years a member of Grace Church choir, and was well known and liked by all who know him. He went to the west about two years ago, and when war broke out joined the Overseas Battalion from Winnipeg. He is the first Napanee boy to be killed in action, and the news came as a distinct shock to the community.

BOTH HAVE APPENDICITIS

William Nickle, son of H.C. Nickle, and William Nickle, son of W. F. Nickle, M.P., are both suffering from appendicitis. The former has been for some time visiting with relatives in Kelowna, B.C., and is to be operated on some time this week. Mrs. H. C. Nickle has left the city for Kelowna.

The other William Nickle, junior is a private of the University Company of the 38th Battalion, and due to the wet condition of the camp at Niagara he also had an attack of appendicitis. He was operated on in the General Hospital here on Friday and is improving rapidly.

MAURETANIA CANCELLED

LONDON, May 11.—The sailing of the Cunarder Mauretania on May 29th has been cancelled.

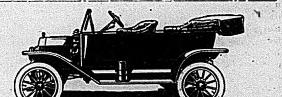
New York canners are asking that the law regulating the hours of work for women be repealed.

THIS new Spring Suit is a most attractive style for Young Men—especially those who desire a slender appearance. It is form fitting, with narrow shoulders and broad lapels. In charming effects for Spring and Summer—$15. to $35. 49

FIT-REFORM

Chas. J. Symons

"The Store With The Electric Man"



"MADE IN CANADA"

Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.

Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

Ford Touring Car $590. Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840. (All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.)

Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.

W. B. RIGGS

Garage next to Hotel Quinte.

Ford

The sister was writing to her "braw brither" in the Gordons, and Auld Sandy, her father was smoking his pipe by the fireside.

The lassie paused in her writing and looked up.

"Father! Hae ye onything ye want tae say tae John?"

The old man thought awile.

"Aye," he said at last. "Ye might say him if he gets a sight o' yon German waiter wha' gaed me a bad saxpence in change when we had bit of dinner in London no lang syne—tell him tae tak' careful aim an' no miss him!"

A new steamship line has been formed called the Iceland Steamship Company, with its headquarters at Reykjavik, Iceland, and which will carry on passengers and cargo traffic between Leith, Iceland, and Copenhagen. Two vessels have been put on this route. They are over 1400 tons gross.

The Government's scheme of War Taxation is working admirably.

10 Sherbrooke men will particip in Harry K. Thaw's trial for san

An Italian university claims to have found radium ary dew.

THE FATAL LETTER

Or wait; could that be true? If so, it must indeed have been a nightmare I was suffering. For the elder man broke the silence by addressing me in a quiet, ordinary tone that exactly matched his face. "Sit down, George," he said, "don't stand there. I did not expect you this evening." He held out his hand, without rising from his chair, and I advanced and shook it in silence. "I thought you were in Liverpool. How are you?" he continued.

"Very well, I thank you," I muttered mechanically.

"Not very well, I should say," he retorted. "You are as hoarse as a raven. You have a bad cold at best. It is nothing worse, my boy, is it?" with anxiety.

"No, a throat cough; nothing else," I murmured, resigning myself to this astonishing reception—this evident concern for my welfare on the part of a man whom I had never seen in my life.

"That is well!" he answered cheerily. Not only did my presence cause him no surprise. It gave him, without doubt, actual pleasure!

It was otherwise with his companion; grimly and painfully so indeed. He had made no advances to me, spoken no word, scarcely altered his position. His eyes he had never taken from me. Yet in him there was a change. He had discovered, exactly as had the butler before him,, his mistake. The sickly terror was gone from his face, and a half-frightened malevolence, not much more pleasant to witness, had taken its place. Why this did not break out in any active form was part of the general mystery given to me to solve. I could only surmise from glances which he later cast from time to time toward the door, and from the occasional faint creaking of a board in that direction, that his self-restraint had to do with my friend the butler. The inconsequences of dreamland ran through it all; why the elder man remained in error; why the younger with that passion—his face was tongue-tied; why the servant should have mixed me up with this business at all—these were questions as unanswerable, one as the other.

And the fog in my mind grew denser when the old gentleman turned from me as if my presence were a usual thing, and rapped the table before him impatiently. "Now, Gerald!" cried he, in sharp tones, "have you put those pieces back? Good Heavens! I am glad that I have not nerves like yours! Don't you remember the squares, boy? Here, give them to me!" With a hasty gesture of his hand, something like a mesmeric pass over the board, he set down the half dozen pieces with a rapid tap! tap! tap! which made it abundantly clear that he, at any rate, had no doubt of their former positions.

"You will not mind sitting by until we have finished the game?" he continued, speaking to me, and in a voice I fancied more genial than that which he had used to Gerald. "You are anxious to talk to me about your letter, George?" he went on when I did not answer. "The fact is that I have not read the inclosure. Barnes, as usual, read the other letter to me, in which you said the matter was private and of grave importance; and I intended to go to Laura to-morrow, as you suggested, and get her to read the news to me. Now you have returned so soon, I am glad that I did not trouble her."

"Just so, sir," I said, listening with all my ears; and wondering.

"Well, I hope there is nothing very bad the matter, my boy?" he replied. "However—Gerald! it is your move! ten minutes more of such play as your brother's, and I shall be at your service."

Gerald made a hurried move. The piece rattled upon the board as if he had been playing the castanets. His father made him take it back. I sat watching the two in wonder and silence. What did it all mean? Why should Barnes—doubtless behind the screen, listening—read the outer letter? Why must Laura be employed to read the inner? Why could not this cultivated and refined gentleman before me read his——Ah! that much was disclosed to me. A mere turn of the hand did it. He had made another of those passes over the board, and I learned from it what an ordinary examination would not have detected. He, the old soldier with placid face and light blue eyes, was blind! Quite blind!

I began to see more clearly now, and from this moment I took up, at any rate in my own mind, a different position. Possibly the servant who had impelled me into the middle of this had had his own good reasons for doing so, as I now began to discern. But with a clew to the labyrinth in my hand, I could no longer move passively at any other's impulse. I must act for myself. For a while I sat still and made no sign. [illegible] suspicions were presently confirmed. The elder man more than once scolded his opponent for playing slowly. In one of these intervals he took from an inside pocket of his dress waistcoat a small package.

"You had better take your letter, George," he said. "If there are, as you mentioned, originals in it, they will be more safe with you than with me. You can tell me all about it, viva voce, now you are here. Gerald will leave us alone presently."

He held the papers toward me. To take them would be to take an active part in the imposture, and I hesitated, my own hand half outstretched. But my eyes fell at the critical instant upon Master Gerald's face, and my scruples took themselves off. He [illegible]ving the pocket with an intense greed and a trembling longing—a very [illegible]ing of the fingers and toes to fall upon the prey—that put an end to my doubts. I rose and took the papers. With a quiet, but I think significant look in his direction, I placed them in the breast pocket of my evening coat. I had no safer receptacle about me, or into that they would have gone.

"Very well, sir," I said, "there is no particular hurry. I think the matter will keep, as things now are, until to-morrow."

"To be sure. You ought not to be out with such a cold at night, my boy," he answered. "You will find a decanter of the Scotch whisky you gave me last Christmas on the tray. Will you have some with hot water [and] lemon, George? The servants are all at the theater—Gerald begged a holiday for them—but Barnes will get you the things in a minute."

"Thank you; I won't trouble him. I will take some with cold water," I replied, thinking I should gain in this way what I wanted—time to think; five minutes to myself while they played.

But I was out of my reckoning. "I will have mine now, too," he said. "Will you mix it, Gerald?"

Gerald jumped up to do it, with tolerable alacrity. I sat still, preferring to help myself when he should have attended to his father, if his father it was. I felt more easy now that I had those papers in my pockets. The more I thought of it the more certain I became that they were the object aimed at by whatever deviltry was on foot, and that possession of them gave me the whip hand. My young gentleman might snarl and show his teeth, but the prize had escaped him.

Perhaps I was a little too confident, a little too contemptuous of my opponent; a little too proud of the firmness with which I had taken at one and the same time the responsibility and the post of advantage. A creak of the board behind the screen roused me from my thoughts. It fell upon my ear trumpet-tongue, a sudden note of warning. I glanced up with a start and a conviction that I was being caught napping, and looked instinctively toward the young man. He was busy at the tray his back to me. Relieved of my fear of I did not know what—perhaps a desperate atack upon my pocket—I was removing my eyes, when in doing so, I caught sight of his reflection in a smal mirror beyond him. Ah!

What was he busy at? Nothing. Absolutely nothing, at the moment. He was standing motionless—I could fancy him breathless also—a strange, listening expression on his face, which seemed to me to have faded to a grayish tinge. His left hand was clasping a half-filled tumbler, the other was at his waistcoat pocket. So he stood during perhaps a second or two, a small lamp upon the tray before him illuminating his handsome figure; and then his eyes, glancing up met the reflection of mine in the mirror. Swiftly as the thought itself could pass from brain to limb, the hand which had been resting in the pocket flashed with a clatter among the glasses; and, turning almost as quickly, he brought one of the latter to the chess table, and set it down unsteadily.

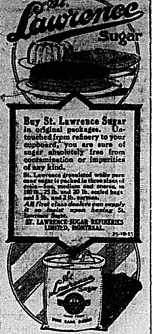
What had I seen? Nothing, actually nothing. Just what Gerald had been doing. Yet my heart was going as many strokes to the minute as a losing crew. I rose abruptly.

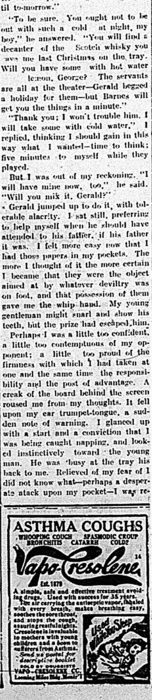
"Wait a moment, sir," I said, as the elder man laid his hand upon the glass. "I don't think Gerald has mixed this quite as you like it." He had already lifted it to his lips. I looked from him to Gerald. That young gentleman's color, though he faced me hardily, shifted more than once, and he seemed to be swallowing a succession of oversized fives balls; but his eyes met mine in a vicious kind of smile that was not without its gleam of triumph. I was persuaded that al was right even before his father said so.

"Perhaps you have mixed for me, Gerald?" I suggested pelasantly.

"No!" he answered in sullen defiance. He filled a glass with something—perhaps it was water, and drank it, his back toward me. He had not spoken so much as a single word to me before.

To be Continued.





Three Excellent Hints.

If boiled frosting has been cooked too long it may be rendered smooth again by adding a piece of butter the size of a walnut before beating it.

A fine bit of emery board, such as comes for manicuring, makes a good substitute for an eraser when you make an ink spot on paper.

When one buys a child's dress, otherwise good, but with poor machine scallops on it, one can regard the scallops as padding and work over them with excellent effect.

Begged Sardines From Canadians.

The following military incident of trench life will no doubt find its way to Canada by means of letters home. It was related by an officer on sick leave. The Canadian trenches were less than 100 yards from the Germans, who asked the Canadians what they had for dinner. The reply was "sardines." Amonst other things this made the German mouths' water. There were appeals for these dainties. The Canadians sent a man out, who deposited half a dozen tins in a bunch about half way between the opposing trenches. Then a German hopped out of his trench, advanced towards the sardines; suddenly the sardines began retreating towards the Canadian trenches. The Canadians were drawing them back with a bit of string. Fritz ventured a few yards after them, but fear, treachery, or at any rate feelings of discretion caused him to give up the chase. The officer who told of this incident was asked what the Canadians would have done if the German had come right up to the trench. "Thrown empty sardine tins at him, most probably, and told him to get back to his sausage," was the answer.

Frozen Stiff In Ice Cake.

Five months after he left home on a business trip J. A. Gingras of Desfosses street, Quebec city, was found the other afternoon, frozen stiff in a huge cake of ice, on the bank of the St. Charles river, by firemen who were on their way to their tug. When last seen last November Gingras was on his way to a business trip in the Maritime Provinces and he is thought to have accidentally drowned, as no signs of foul play are shown.

Needn't Be Parents.

Ontario children under 15 years of age will in future be granted admission to moving picture theatres if accompanied by an adult, the law now being shifted back to the position it held for several years. By a new amendment this year the regulation providing for the sponsorship of a guardian or member from the child's household when admission was sought, has been cancelled because of its unworkable nature.

The trial of sterner restrictions throughout last year caused much complaint because of the onus of proving relationship being laid on theatre proprietors. Children will now be admitted if in company with a responsible man or woman.

Can't Locate Heir.

In the probate court in St. John, N.B., recently during the proving of the will of the late Col. J. J. Tucker, ex-M.P., who left an estate of over half a million, it was announced that all efforts to locate Caroline Tucker, to whom was devised half of the estate, have so far proved fruitless. Practically all the other half goes to L. R. Ross, Intercolonial railway station agent at St. John.

B. C. Men Asked To Bid.

British Columbia mill-men have been asked to bid on a contract for 500,000,000 feet of lumber to be used in constructing 100,000 two-room houses in France. The houses are to be built at Government expense for the use of people who have lost their houses and other property in the war.

Sinclair's Special Suits

We are showing an assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Suits, not the very newest styles, but made of splendid materials, in Serges and Wool Ratines, by our best makers. The colors are Navy, Copenhagen, Tan and Brown, and the sizes are well assorted.

These are Very Special Values at Only, each, ... $10.00

REGIMENTAL STRIPED SILKS

For Waists and Dress Trimmings Regimental Stripes are very new. The stripes are representative of well-known British regiments, and may be had in either Messaline or Corded silk at 90c and $1.25 per yard.

See these in our window.

MIDDIES

Our stock of Middies is very complete, with many styles and materials to choose from. They are made of Indian Head, Pique, Repp and Lonsdale Jean, all white or trimmed with Navy, Copenhagen or Red. The prices are $1.00, $1.25, $1.39 and $1.50 each.

25c Flouncing Embroideries 25c

IN OUR WINDOW WE HAVE A DISPLAY OF FLOUNCING EMBROIDERIES, in about thirty different patterns, 27 inches wide. THESE SELL REGULARLY FOR 35c per yard, BUT WE ARE CLEARING THEM AT ONLY, YARD,........ 25c

DRESS GREPES

For Wash Dresses, Crepes are very popular. We have them in white and colored, from 12½c to $1.25 yd.

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES

In Wash Dresses we have a number of Ginghams, Chambrays, Muslins, etc., and Plaids, Check or Plain, in all colors, at $1.65.

MORINES

We have Black and Blue Morine for Underskirts, 36 ins. wide, a splendid value at Only 19c per yard.

Sinclair's See Our CURTAIN SCRIMS 15c to 35c a yard **Sinclair's**

BRITAIN'S PRISONERS

GERMAN SOLDIERS ARE GIVEN EXCELLENT TREATMENT.

White Paper Issued by British Government, Containing Correspondence With U. S. Ambassador, Tells How Kaiser's Soldiers and Sailors Are Paid, Cared For, House and Clothed.

With what unquestionable fairness German prisoners of war are treated in Great Britain is made quite clear by an important White Paper which has just been issued by the Government. It gives correspondence between Sir Edward Grey and Dr. Page, the United States Ambassador, which arose out of inquirers made by the German Foreign Office of the United States Ambassador in Berlin as to how German prisoners were paid, cared for, housed and clothed."

Sir Edward Grey points out that officers, both military and naval, are given half pay of the corresponding ranks of infantry in the British army. In certain cases the amount of pay in the British army varies with the length of service in the rank, and in such cases the lowest rate of pay is issued. Officers are messed free, and are allowed to purchase such liquors as they may wish, but they are expected to clothe themselves, and this is the only expense they are called upon to meet. Medical attendance is provided, and all medicines are issued free. "If H.M. Government can learn," adds Sir Edward, "that British officers in German hands receive the full pay of corresponding ranks in the German army they are prepared to do the same as regards German officers interned in this country; but those officers will then be required to pay for their food."

The accommodation provided for officers is entirely apart from soldiers, and is either in country houses or officers' quarters in barracks. Their quarters, says the Foreign Secretary, are comfortably furnished, but without luxury. Servants are found for officers from among the prisoners of war. In certain cases officials are interned in officers camps; they live under the same conditions as officers, but receive no pay. Soldiers receive free rations, clothing, and medical attendance; also working pay at English rates when employed. They are housed partly in barracks and other buildings, which are well heated and lighted. Canteens are provided, where tobacco, fruit, and other minor luxuries can be purchased. Prices, which are fixed by the commandants, are on the same scale as that charged to British soldiers.

Interned civilians can select better accommodation, and food than that provided, at their own expense. Those who do not are divided into social classes at the various places of internment. The rations issued are free, and are the same as to the prisoners of war. They consist of: Bread, 1 pound 8 ounces, or biscuits, 1 pound. Meat, fresh or frozen, 8 ounces, or pressed, 4 ounces. Tea, 1-2 ounce, or coffee, 1 ounce. Salt, 1-2 ounce. Sugar, 2 ounces. Condensed milk, 1-20 tin (1lb.). Fresh vegetables, 8 ounces. Pepper, 1-72 ounces. Two ounces cheese as an alternative for 1 ounce butter or margarine. Two ounces of peas, beans, lentils, or rice. Canteens are provided for tobacco and other "small luxuries." In each place of internment prisoners' committees organize amusements, intellectual or athletic. Philanthropic bodies help. In certain cases prisoners, soldiers, and civilians have made roads, built huts for themselves, and levelled and cleared ground. Civilians are only so employed if they volunteer, and are then paid at a similar rate to our own soldiers on such work.

All prisoners do their own cooking and generally look after their camps. Books are supplied, as is clothing to those in need of it. Several cases have occurred where aliens have gambled away garments given to them. Any money above a small sum is banked with the camp commandant. Gifts are permitted subject to inspection. Two letters are allowed to be sent each week after being censored.

Members of the general public are now able to visit Donington Park, where German officers are interned, this privilege being extended by the military authorities for a few hours on Sundays. Visitors who have already been found the officers playing football and hockey in front of the hall. The players were in full football attirer, and they entered into their games with intense earnestness. They have asked that a match be arranged between themselves and a side chosen from the British guard. The roll-call of the prisoners is read twice daily, every man being required to attend on the grounds in front of the hall and answer to his name. Nearly the whole of the prisoners speak English fluently, and the daily supply of London and local papers is awaited very eagerly. They include officers from the Blucher and also one of the airmen who was rescued in the North Sea. The authorities carried the wire fence through one of the beautiful woods adjoining the hall so that the prisoners may enjoy the shade of the trees in the heat of the summer. Every yard of the wire fencing is illuminated from sunset to sunrise by electricity.

No Time For Art.

"Real high art," said a comedian, "seldom strikes home. I played in a melodrama in my youth where the leading characters were grand artists, but their best scenes were only scoffed at. Our villain had a death scene in the sixth act. He reveled in that scene. He writhed all over the stage. It was real high art! In a small town one night the scene shifter started to lower the slow curtain on his death much too soon. The dying villain, as he kicked about, whispered hoarsely:

"'Time there, young fellow. I ain't dead yet.'

"'Dead or not dead,' said the shifter, 'me hot supper's waitin' fur me.'"

Gone Too Long.

"Did you ever chase a rainbow, Tommy?" asked the teacher.

"Oh, yes, ma'am!" replied the boy.

"And did you catch it?"

"Sure. I caught it from mother when I got home."—Yonkers Statesman.

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ASELSTINE'S
BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
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EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.
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BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.
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PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 23 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 71.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets Phone 718

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BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . Belleville, Ont.
Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161, Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

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Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
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Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed.
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QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
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SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
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THOS. MANLEY & SON,
GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.
Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.
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GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. 296 Charles Street.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

Our Rain Coats are a good Spring Overcoat and Rain Coat combined.

Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

Tailored by Lowndes Toronto

Quick & Robertson

THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

BUY A
WAR B
Contents:
½ lb. Absorbent Cotton
2 Gauze Bandages.
4 Envelopes Handy-Fold Gauze.
1 Box Adhesive Plaster.
FOR RELIEF WORK AT THE FRON
Each box packed and labelled ready for mailing. Send to THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, Toronto, who will send it to Europe without further charge.
PRICE ONLY 50c. CENTS.
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When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

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THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

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BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

House of Hobberlin
House of High Grade Clothing

Hobberlin Clothes
Are All Wool

It's the certainty of getting what you buy that gives satisfaction in buying a Hobberlin tailored-to-measure suit. Everything is just as represented—the garment as you see it from the outside—all the hidden parts that are not seen.

Would you have a Suit of this character made in the NEW SEASON'S English, Scotch or Irish fabrics, - - - - - $15 up

SEE OUR WINDOWS

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
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HAVE YOUR FURS STORED and insured against all damage or loss by Moths or Fire. Our charges are three per cent on your own valuation. Phone 363 and we will send for them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
242 Front Street.

At a convention of the Conservatives of South Ontario held at Whitby on Saturday, Mr. William Smith, M.P., was chosen once more as candidate for the Dominion House.

Brilliant Mme. de Stael.

Mme. de Stael was about thirty-two years old when Bouilly wrote that she was neither imposing nor pleasing, but had "an eager, almost ravenous expression in the eyes and something masculine and assured in her countenance, Her lips were dry and arid, her movements and gestures imperious; her voice was sonorous and her utterance rapid and energetic." She gave him the idea, he adds, "of creative genius taking the form of a woman destitute of beauty." It is said that she loved nothing better than to place herself beside Mme. Recamier, thinking that this beauty made the best foil to her own brilliant wit and expressive countenance.

Taking After Father.

"It has its father's nose!"
"And its mother's eyes!"
"And Aunt Alice's mouth!"
"And Uncle Ebenezer's ears!"

Such, multiplied by about a hundred, were the criticisms leveled by kind friends against the charming Fitzboodle baby.

Then the unconcerned baby began to calmly chew his big toe.

"Ah!" murmured Mr. Fitzboodle. "Baby is certainly endowed with some of my wife's chief characteristics!"

"Not to mention you, Fritz Fitzboodle!" snapped his wife. "Baby never opens his mouth without putting his foot in it!"

A Story of the Wayside.

Once 'pon a time a Traveler woke up in a valley an' seen a bright face Young Man standin' nigh, an' de Traveler axed him ter please show him whar Mr. Happiness lived at, an' de Young Man said:

"You on de spot right now. 'It's whar you done had dat good rest last night, Mr. Happiness lives in de ground at yo' feet, an' w'en he hears de sound of yo' plow an' yo' pickax an' yo' hoe he'll come up an' almos' shake yo' two hands off—he'll be so glad ter see you!"—Atlanta Constitution.

That Awful Certainty.

"It's a great thing to have a wife you can depend upon."

"Do you mean yours?"

"Sure. I can depend upon her to exceed her allowance for next month."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Most of Us Lie Then.

"Is he a truthful man?"

"With one exception he is."

"What's the exception?"

"I have never known him to tell an untruth except about himself." — Detroit Free Press.

Too Busy.

"Well, you would marry her. Now you can repent at leisure."

"If I could do that I wouldn't be kicking, but she is so doggone extravagant that I don't have any leisure."—Houston Post.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

WOUNDED BOY IMPROVING

Miss May Whittafd of this city, has received letter from Pte. Clement Carl Clark of Belleville, saying he is wounded slightly and is doing well.

CALL FOR POLICE

At a late hour last night the police answered a call and arrested a drunk who was found lying in rear of a building on Front street.

BELLEVILLE BOY WELL

Mrs. Hutchinson, Foster avenue, received a postal card from her son, W. A. Hutchinson, who left with the Belleville boys, dated April 25th, stating that he was safe and well.

FIREMEN CALLED OUT

At 10.35 last night the fire brigade was called to the Ferry House situated near the dock. Fortunately the fire was of an incipient nature and caused but little damage. It was in a bedroom where a three year old child was sleeping, but the lad was not in any way affected.

BELLEVILLE YOUNG MEN IN TROUBLE AT NAPANEE

A young man giving the name of Arthur Simmons, was found lying by the side of the road between Napanee and Deseronto, about half past six o'clock yesterday morning. At first it was thought he was injured, as he was bleeding in several places, but it transpired that he was drunk and had fallen from a rig and was somewhat scratched up. The police were communicated with, and he was placed under arrest and appeared before Magistrate Rankin today and sent up to the county jail for twenty-one days to sober up.

The police court presented a busy appearance Monday morning when Stanley Sapalm, Frank Goyer, Roy Ashley, John Wilson, James Nash, Frank Batemen, George Dyment, Albert Taylor, all from Belleville appeared before the Magistrate charged with trespassing upon the Grand Trunk railway. They were arrested yesterday by G.T.R. Constable P. Donovan, Chief Graham and Constable Barrett, as they were getting off the freight trains coming in from the west, and were fined $6.70 each or thirty days in jail. Wilson and Nash were unable to pay their fine so were sent up for thirty days. This is the first effort on the part of the local police to try and stop the gang of troublesome youths who come here every Sunday from Belleville or Kingston, causing so much annoyance to peaceable citizens. Summons were issued for several more who were too fleet of foot for the police, and made a getaway, not before, however, they were recognized.

Frederick York, 39th Battalion, Belleville, was arrested here today upon instructions from the commanding officer, charged with being absent without leave, and is being held until an escort arrives to take him back to Belleville.

SUBMARINE EVADES MINES

Successful American Experiment With Submerged Vessel

Officers of submarines who have arrived in New York for the Presidential review told yesterday of some interesting experiments, in some of which the naval flying corps played a prominent part, during the recent exercises off Pensacola, Fla.

In the aeroplane experiments the division under Lieut. Commander Henry C. Mustin, chief of the aeronautic station at Pensacola, with Lieutenants Kenneth Whiting and P. N. L. Bellinger and Ensigns Richard C. Saufley and Godfred De C. Chevalier, tests were made with aeroplanes to discover, if possible, the presence of submarines. After the periscope was entirely submerged it was impossible for those in the aeroplanes to discover them. Days were taken for these tests in Pensacolo when the weather was not favorable to either the flyers of the submarines. In some of these tests Commander Sterling and Lieutenant Morison accompanied the naval flyers.

A submarine ran through fields with buoys placed representing mines set in Z shape. The submarine K-6., Lieutenant Joseph O. Fisher, U. S. N., commanding, submerged at a depth of 60 feet for a run of 1,000 feet, passed through the mine field without accident, proving the submarine can be operated successfully against mines in seeking the warship or harbor supposedly protected by them.

Submarines were submerged carrying their wireless standing on the outer deck. With this arangement submarines can keep in communication below the sea. Heretofore the wireless apparatus was unshipped before submerging.

Mr. John J. Drew, K.C., of Guelph died on Saturday at St. Joseph's Hospital. He was born in 1866 and was called to the bar in 1891.

Exercise Beneficial to Women

Strength Often May be Gained by Judicious Activity on Part of the Sick.

The woman suffering from the ills of her sex often loses ambition and will not exert herself in the least, her muscles become flabby, her circulation bad and nerves wrecked. Another woman suffering from the same ills will lay out for herself a system of convalescent exercises of deep breathing even before leaving her bed. If the woman will but write Dr. Pierce at the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y., she can get free medical advice in such cases, also a 1000-page book with advice on Hygiene, How to care for the sick, Sex problems, Diseases of women, etc., all for 5 dimes or 50 cents in stamps to pay for mailing (duty prepaid.)

Sick women—thousands of them have been cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a woman's tonic that has a singleness of purpose in curing the disease of women only. The dull, sunken eye with its dark circles which comes of suffering is banished—so too is the sallow, sunken cheek, the shrunken form—when this "Prescription" is used. It is a temperance remedy because made without alcohol—of native roots and herbs.

Women who suffer should not wait till a breakdown causes prostration. If you are anxious to correct the derangement, to overcome irritability and nervousness, waste no time, but get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in liquid or tablet form this very day at any medicine dealers and tomorrow you will know that you are on the highway to health and happiness.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels—Dr. Pierce's Medicines are manufactured in Canada at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

CANADIAN AS MINE OWNER

Arthur A. Holland, mining engineer, Napanee, now on his way to Nicaragua, sends the following additional information respecting the Nicaragua gold property, on which Crown Reserve has an option. He writes:

"The property under option is known as the Bonanza Mine. It is situated in the Pis Pis Section of the Distrito do Cabo Gracias a Dior, North-Eastern Nicaragua. The mine is owned by Joseph Laplerre, a Canadian by birth. It was under option to the Canadian Agency and this company has made a considerable payment on it, when they failed. The option was taken over by the Camp Bird Mine, but they decided not to take the mine over. The original price of the option was $625,000, and this was to include the Bonanza Mine, with its group of claims, also the Mars Mine and the rights held by the Mars Mine to the High Falls.

WRESTLING FOR RECRUITS

An interesting story is told of the way the 36th Sikhs, which so distinguished itself in the Tirah campaign, was raised. Its formation was entrusted to Colonel "Jim" Cook and Captain H. R. Holmes, and the methods adopted by the last named officer were somewhat unique. Given a few men of the 14th and 45th Sikhs, Captain Holmes found a difficulty in obtaining recruits for the new corps. Eventually he went to Loodiana, a fruitful recruiting ground, for the purpose of looking for men himself. Each time he entered a village he challenged the local wrestlers, and competed with them on the understanding that all he beat should join the new regiment.

Although some of the native wrestlers beat Captain Holmes and the members of his party, most of the challengers gave in. The result was that in four months he had got together by this very strange method the finest batch of native infantry that ever stepped.

AN UNMILITARY MAN'S REQUEST

(Letter to London Spectator.)

May I suggest a use for unmilitary men of military age? I am thirty-six, have been medically rejected for enlistment and am considered by a great doctor as unfit. Still I am not seriously diseased. There are many like me. Why not form a battalion of such men, give us a little training, arm us with old rifles, send us to France and let us make a feint—a night attack, for example—pressed to the utmost of our small power, while a real attack is developed elsewhere? Fighting is at close quarters. We could be used without our physique being strained to the breaking point before it began.

We might cumber a hospital, but what matters if we had lured away an enemy force? More probably our survivors would prove a useless encumbrance to the Germans. Our training, being directed to a definite end soon attained or lost, would be slight, just sufficient for us to move in military order and make some sort of show. Perhaps one of the big volunteer corps would give this. We need not cost the Government much, for the better off might help the worse off.

The plan would help in a humble way to show that our country is in earnest. It might well enable the weak to perform a task for which the strong and competent are too often sacrificed. It would crown our last moments with a manhood that our shadowed lives have never known.

Quick Hot Water
AT A BIG SAVING OF GAS
By using one of our
Nine X Gas Water Heaters

This Heater has nine Copper Coils, costs no more than the Single Coil Heater. Get our price for Heater installed complete.

Gurney-Oxford Gas Stoves from $8.00 up
Gurney-Oxford Gas Plates from $1.50 up
Refrigerators from..... .... $9.00 up

LAWN HOSE, HOSE REELS
LAWN MOWERS
ELECTRIC AND WATER POWER WASH MACHINES
See Our Goods Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT?
We can build a new one on your old Hub.
IS YOUR HUB BROKEN?
We can build a new one in your old Rim.
Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

Zutoo

Will cure any headache in 20 minutes, will nip a cold in the bud, will relieve the monthly pains of women, and in every case it Leaves you Feeling Good.

The question of employing women as tram conductors is being considered in Glasgow and Edinburgh.

Swollen Aching Viens

A COMMON CAUSE OF DISCOMFORT.

The army of people troubled with swollen veins is a large one and was steadily on the increase until the discovery a few years ago that a germicide-liniment of marked value for other ailments gave prompt relief from this aggravating trouble

Since this accidental discovery hundreds of sufferers have proven its efficiency—it has made good even in cases of long standing.

Mr. R. C. Kellogg, Becket, Mass., before using this remedy, suffered intensely with painful and inflamed veins; they were swollen, knotted, and hard. He writes: "After using one and one-half bottles of Absorbine, Jr., the veins were reduced, inflammation and pain gone, and I have had no recurrence of the trouble during the past six years."

This germicide-liniment—Absorbine, Jr. is made of herbs and safe and harmless to use, which in itself makes it distinctive. Most druggists have it or send $1.00 to the manufacturer, W. F. Young, P. D. F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal Can., and a bottle will be mailed to you promptly. Safe delivery guaranteed.

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors** COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW HATS
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few ....
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SALE OF HIGH GRADE

Sea Grass Furniture

A Whole Car Load Of Styles To Choose From

Chairs $5.60 — Such Prices as These — **Rockers $6.15**

Have Never Been Equalled Before In Belleville

NOW is the time to furnish your Verandah or Summer Home, when the prices are down. They will only last a few days, so be on hand early in order to obtain the best selection.

Numerous pretty Tables, Jardinere Stands, Umbrella Holders, Stools, Sewing Baskets, etc., are in the lot, at prices which are lowest yet known.

Sale Starts Thursday Morning

A full line of GRASS MATTING and RUGS on hand.

Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

Casualty lists issued by the militia department at 9 o'clock and at midnight record an additional hundred members of the Canadian contingent killed in action, wounded and missing, missing or wounded, bringing the total received so far among the Canadians as a result of the Ypres battles up to about 3100 out of a total of 6000 who fell in the fighting. Heavy lists are yet to come.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, List, eight killed, eight wounded, eight missing, all privates, all old country men, given out today.

Thirteenth battalion: Wounded—Privates Beach, Birmingham; Watson, Buchin, Scotland; Kingsley, Accrington, Eng.

Fourteenth Battalion: Slightly wounded—Private Beldingham, Bromley, Eng.

Wounded—Private Rowe, Grimsby, Eng.; Raggett, Montimer, Eng.; Robertson, Linkwood, Scotland.

Canadian Engineers: Killed in action—Corp. John Sheppard Craig, Cambusland, Scotland; Sapper Warton Eastbourne, Eng.; Sapper Hpsband, Edinburgh; Sapper Fatherly, Hull, Eng.; Sapper Murphy, Morpeth, North Eng.; Sapper Campbell, Brachmont, Scotland; Sapper Clydach, South Wales; Missing, Sapper Redden, Jersey, Channel-Islands.

No. Three Canadian field ambulance: Wounded—Pte. Smart Bermondsey, Eng.

First Battalion: Killed in action—Pte. David Hughes, Liverpool.

Missing—Pte. Wylie, Hamilton, Scotland.

CANADA MAY ORGANIZE NEW MILITIA RESERVE

Minister of Militia May Act on Suggestion of Colonel the Hon. Mr. Mason

The Militia Council at Ottawa have under consideration the formation of a national military reserve for the Dominion of Canada, on the lines of the British national reserve. The suggestion came from Col. the Hon. James Mason of Toronto. It is understood that the Minister of Militia thinks very favorably of the proposal. The only reserve militia which Canada has at present consists of those who have retired from the active militia while still within the age limits for service.

The Army Reserve comprises not only those who have enlisted for short service and have discharged their active service duties, but also those who have undertaken to join the force if desired, and men who, after completing the twelve years of their original engagement, re-engage in the special reserve for another four years. The Special Reserve consists of men who have not served in the army.

To Intern Aliens

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 12.—Lord Charles Beresford and William Johnson Hicks presented separate petitions in the House of Commons today, asking the House to decree the internment of all male alien enemies of military age and the removal of other alien enemies to places thirty miles or more from the coast. The petitions bore about 500,000 signatures. Premier Asquith stated that the Cabinet was quite alive to the fact that "the progressive violations of the rules of civilized warfare and humanity by the enemy culminated in the sinking of the Lusitania," and the feeling thus aroused had made it necessary to look beyond merely the military considerations. The Government, therefore, was carefully considering the segregation and internment of alien enemies on a more comprehensive scale. The Premier added that he hoped to make a more definite statement tomorrow.

THE GREATEST MEN'S SUIT SALE OF THEM ALL!

150 Men's Suits
That We Considered The Best Values We Ever Had At
$15.00 $16.50 and $18.00
Now on Sale at
$13.50

Young Men's Two-Piece Summer Suits

A collection of Young Men's two-piece Suits made up in Tan English Worsted Materials, coats and sleeves three-quarter lined, and seams all hand taped. These Suits were exceptional values at their former prices, $18.00, and there will not be one left at this great reduction of price. Sizes 35 to 39.

$13.50 — **$13.50**

Men and Young Men's 3-Piece Summer Suits

These are all Fancy Worsted Fabrics. Coats two and three-button sacque styles, also Norfolks. Pants with cuff at bottom. Almost an endless variety to choose from, and they are in suitable weight for summer wear; all sizes. Regular up to $18.00 for

$13.50 — **$13.50**

The More Conservative Men's Suit Styles

For the men desiring a more conservative style for summer wear, we will feature at this reduction some splendid models in greys, browns and fancy check effects, all new suits that were bought to sell at from $16.50 to $18.00, clearing this sale at

$13.50 — **$13.50**

See The Show Windows

For this Great Suit Sale We have given over the entire Three Show Windows for the display of these MEN'S SUITS at **$13.50**

See Them In The Windows To-night

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

CHAMBERMAID AND TWO WOMEN TO work in kitchen. Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-4td

YOUNG LADY TO ACT AS BOOKKEEPER. Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-14d

A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply Mrs. Kinnear, 279 Charles St. 10-3t

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. Apply Crystal Hotel. 11-4td

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. A. P. Allen, 277 William Street. m11-dtf

FOR SALE

A NICE HOUSE AND LOT NORTH OF Chatham street, cheap, if sold in 10 days; if not sold, to rent. O. A. Snyder, owner, 74 Victoria Ave. 8-6td

LAST DAYS PRIVATE SALE OF OLD Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Furniture; Tables, Chairs, Desks, Mirrors, Hall, Den and Library Pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 8-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to O. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

AGENTS WANTED

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything. Write or call, Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

CHOCOLATE NUT CONFECTIONERY

Nut Chocolate is a very popular form of confectionery and we have a great variety of this class of confection in different prices as follows:

Chocolate Peanut Clusters at .... 40c, 50c and 60c. lb.
Chocolate Covered burnt Almonds .... 80c lb.
Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 50c lb.
Milk Chocolate Almond Nougat .... 60c. lb.
Chocolate Brazil Nuts 80c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Walnuts .... 75c. lb.
Chocolate Covered Double Walnuts .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Pecan Nougat .... 80c. lb.
Chocolate Filbert Clusters .... 60c. lb.
Almond Crispets ... 75c. lb.
Walnut Crispets .... 75c. lb.
Tipperary Chocolate . 30c. lb.
All our own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 208.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

"Are you going to the Exposition?"

"Nope; can't afford it."

"But your wife bought an entire new outfit to wear at the Exposition."

"That's why we can't afford it. The new outfit is not paid for.

An attempt to smuggle a party of Russians and Armenians from Canada to the United States was frustrated at Niagara Falls on Friday night. The whole party was placed under arrest.

Funeral Notice

Died in Sidney, on May 11th, 1915, Mary Ann Ketcheson, in her 88th year, relic of the late Allan Ketcheson. Funeral from the family residence on the 5th Con. of Sidney on Thursday afternoon, May 13th, 1915. Service at the house at one o'clock. Interment at Belleville Cemetery

TENDERS FOR COAL AND WOOD

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tender for Coal and Wood," addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this Department up to Tuesday, the 25th day of May, 1915, for the supply and delivery of the coal and wood required for Government House, Parliament Buildings, Osgoode Hall, Ontario Veterinary College, Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and for the Normal and Model Schools at Ottawa, London, Peterboro', Hamilton, Stratford, North Bay, the School for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville; School for the Blind, Brantford, for the twelve months ending 30th June, 1916.

Forms of tender, conditions of contract, with quantities required, will be supplied on application to the Department.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

H. F. McNAUGHTEN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ontario.
Toronto, 6th May, 1915.

Newspapers inserting this without authority will not be paid for it. 2td13 12

Britain's Future

TORONTO May 11—To an audience that packed the church of Epiphany, Toronto, the Rev. Canon Howitt, Hamilton, read the signs of the times on Sunday evening.

The canon began his sermon with a reference to the "inhuman destruction of the Lusitania." He spoke from the text, "Now learn the parable of the fig tree; When its branch is yet tender and putteth forth leaves, ye know that the summer is nigh." The fig tree typified the house of Israel—"God's prophetic timepiece."

"If Christ is to come back to make Jerusalem the metropolis of the world," he said, "then Israel must be there to be ruled over. For the first time since Titus they are returning."

Palestine would probably fall, at the end of the war, into the hands of Britain, who would certainly make of it a buffer state between Russia and Egypt.

His portend was not a pessimistic one, protested Canon Howitt. On the other hand it was the most optimistic. The whole creation had been groaning and travailing together, and lo, the summer was at hand.

But the present terrible happenings were but the prelude for far more appaling things that were at hand for the the world, concluded the preacher in solemn warning, lest any of his hearers should allow the cares of this world to supersede claims of the church; so that, when the Lord should come "as a thief in the night" He should not find them unprepared. "For these are the most momentous days in the history of the world," he concluded. "Watch ye, therefore, for the hour is at hand."

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

"Miracle Wheat"

BROOKLYN, May 11.—The Eagle's victory in the libel suit brought by "Pastor" Charles T. Russell as a result of the exposure of the sale at $1 a pound of "Miracle Wheat," was sustained today by the appellate division in a unanimous decision. Russell sued the Brooklyn paper for $100,000.

The trial of the suit lasted for several days. Supreme Court Justice Charles H. Kelby presided. The jury, after being out forty-five minutes, brought in a verdict in favor of the Eagle.

Reports of the department of agriculture were offered in evidence to show that government experts had made the tests which determined that the wheat sold by "Pastor" Russell was no better or more productive than any other kind, which could be bought at fraction of the price.

The court orders "Pastor" Russell to pay the costs of the court action.

With eleven passengers and a crew of two aboard the gasoline launch Nipissing was struck by the downbound steamer Ionic, on Saturday, about five miles above the Soo. All were rescued and the launch was beached.

The International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes has recently signed jointly with the New York theatrical managers' representatives the new agreement which will be in force during the present theatrical season.

Nineteen of the thirty young women who are to be graduated as physicians from the Women's Medical College in Philadelphia this spring have already received appointments to hospitals as resident physicians.

CITY AND VICINITY

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Inteligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

The postponed dance of Mrs. Waters' Knitting Circle will take place in the Hotel Quinte Tea Rooms, Friday evening, May 14, at 8.30 o'clock.

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Local Legal

Masters Chambers—Before J. A. C. Cameron, Master:

Ferguson v. Rikley—H. E. Rose, K. C., for defendant, moved to change venue from Picton to Napanee. Enlarged to 14th inst.

TELEPHONES IN CANADA

Next to the United States, Canada has the largest number of telephones in proportion to the population in the world, according to a report of J. L. Payne, the Controller of Statistics of the Railways and Canals Department of Canada, and this shows a steady increase over last year, while the telegraph business is on the decline.

The telephone business of Canada for the year ended June 30, 1914 showed an increase of more than $2,250,000 in gross earnings, while the telegraph companies reported a decrease of $112,000 as compared with 1913.

The gross earnings of the telephone companies last year totaled $17,297,268 with gross operating expenses of something over $12,000,000. The net earnings were $4,500,000. The gross earnings were equal to $33 per telephone in use, and the operating expenses averaged $25 per telephone. The total number of telephones is 521,144, or one for every fifteen of the population. This average is exceeded only by the United States.

The gross earnings of the Canadian telegraph companies last year totaled nearly $6,000,000, with operating expenses of more than $4,000,000. The net profits were $1,741,000 on a capital cost valuation of $9,255,000. There were 6,150 employes in the telegraph service in 1914, of whom 319 were females. The falling off of the use of the telegraph service is explained in the fact that long-distance telephones are being more and more developed and their use is much simpler.

Three Hydro Bylaws

RIDGETOWN, May 11.—Ridgetown carried the Hydro bylaw today by a vote of 254 to 38. The bylaw to change the present system and instal hydro was carried by 223 majority.

Bleinheim, May 11.—The Hydro proposition bylaw was carried here today by a majority of 236.

Thamesville, May 11.—The Hydro-Electric bylaw carried here today almost unanimously. The figures are 24 for the bylaw and 2 against.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1915. No. 30

LUSITANIA SEQUEL U.S. AND GERMANY

United States Note to be Submitted to Germany To-day—Guarantee Against Future Attacks Demanded

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The United States in a note to be sent to Germany tomorrow demands a guarantee that there will be no further attacks by submarines on merchant ships carrying non-combatants. It serves notice also that full reparation will be sought for the loss of more than one hundred American lives in the sinking of the Lusitania and for other violations of American rights in the sea zones of war.

While no indication is given of the steps to be taken by the United States in the event of an unfavorable reply, the note informs the German Government that the American Government will leave nothing undone either in diplomatic representation or other action to obtain a compliance with its requests.

No changes were made in the essentials of the communication as formulated Sunday by the President and approved by the Cabinet yeserday.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The New York World this morning prints the following from its Washington correspondent:

Germany will defy the United States and refuse to discontinue her present methods of submarine warfare.

The answer of the Kaiser's Government to the representation formulated by President Wilson was made known to-night. It will be a polite and suave refusal to desist from that policy which resulted in torpedoing the Gulflight, flying the American flag, and the sinking of the Lusitania, a belligerent merchant vessel, with scores of American citizens aboard.

It is realized to-night that America must expect to meet every emergency covered by the policy of holding Germany to a "strict accountability."

MISS RYERSON SAVED BY SWIMMING

LONDON, May 12.—Miss Laura Ryerson of Toronto reached here today from Queenstown after vainly awaiting the recovery of her mother's body. The father has now reached London from the continent.

Miss Ryerson gave the following account of her experiences: "Mother and myself had finished lunch, and were taking coffee on deck, when there was a jarring noise not loud. Almost immediately the ship began to list. We went to the upper deck, but several boats could not be lowered because of the list. Mother and I got into the last boat which was lowered safely, but just then the ship went down and our boat overturned. I am a good swimmer, and although there was a crowd struggling altogether, I got clear and came up against a raft partly submerged, on which were Leonard McMurray and Mr. Lockhart of Toronto, and many other people. The raft was overcrowded. There was a lifeboat near. I and others thought it better to get into it. There was a hole in it, but by clinging to one end we kept the hole above water. We were up to our knees in water for three hours and were then picked up by a destroyer and taken to Queenstown. The destroyer's commander took me to his house, where I remained three days, hoping to find mother. I travelled to London today in the same clothes I was wearing at the time of the disaster."

BLAME YANKEE "SNOBS"

BERNE, May 11.—German press propagandists continue to fill the newspapers with reports justifying Germany's dastardly act of sinking the Lusitania and causing the death of innocent civilians. The Berne Tageblatt says it was "positively revolting to hear how certain American snobs seized with delight this exceptional titilation of nerves, and how with scorn they set sail on the Lusitania in order to enjoy for a few days the nervous excitement of danger. They have all but very slight claim on our pity. There were enough neutral steamers at their disposals, which, however, would not have afforded them as much sensation."

"SAVE THE KIDDIES."

LONDON, May 12.—"There is one incident the world will remember in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania," said the Bishop of London today, while presiding at a meeting of the Waifs and Strays Society. "When Alfred G. Vanderbilt was face to face with death he said to his valet: 'Come and let us save the kiddies.' Those words will run around the world in a way no millionaire's millions could ever do."

KILLED IN ACTION

Two Brockville Men are Slain at Langemarck

BROCKVILLE, May 12.—William Kelly, G.T.R. car inspector, received a telegram from Ottawa informing him that his brother, Private Alfred Edward Kelly, had been killed in action.

Deceased, who was in his thirty-first year, enlisted with his brothers, Charles and Thomas, at Kingston. The last two are still engaged in battle at the front. The three brothers enlisted at Kingston last August.

On Monday Mrs. James Down, Brockville, was notified that her husband, Corporal James Down, of the 2nd Battalion was killed in action. He was aged twenty-nine. A widow and six children survive.

Execration of German Methods Is World-Wide

German Flag is Burned in Milan—Mob Incensed at Sinking of Lusitania

ROME, May 12.—During the demonstration protesting against the sinking of the Lusitania last night in Milan under the auspices of an editor of the Socialist paper Popolo D'Italia, the German flag was burned on the steps of the cathedral. The conservative Corriere della Sera published a second article on this subject, saying that "while bodies from the Lusitania are floating on the Irish coast, Gercany can scarcely suppose that Italy is capable of sympathizing with the spirit which poisons wells in Africa and uses asphyxiating gases in Flanders. This outburst of savagery shows how the Latin character differs from the German and makes us proud to be Latins."

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 13.—Anti-German rioting virtually ceased last night in Liverpool and Manchester, after two hundred shops in former place were damaged. In London this morning there is hardly an establishment owned by Germans, or where Germans are employed, which is not damaged or barricaded.

At Johannesburg (South Africa) a mob destroyed the German club and raided or burned the property of several prominent Germans causing losses of over a million dollars.

Botha Captures A German Town

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 13—An official statement made public in Capetown says Windhoek, the capital of German Southwest Africa, was captured yesterday without resistance by General Botha. The population of the town consists of 3,000 Europeans and 12,000 natives. General Botha's troops took considerable quantities of railway rolling stock. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the conquered territory.

Alien Males to Be Repatriated

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 13—Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons today that all male enemies over military age will be repatriated; also women and children in suitable cases, and all enemy citizens of military age will be segregated for their own safety and that of this country.

GERMAN THREAT TO SINK TRANSYLVANIA

ROTTERDAM, May 12.—The semi-official Berlin news agency today issued the following statement:

The steamship Transylvania, which on Saturday left New York, belongs to the category of ships which carry contraband, and, therefore is liable to attack by German submarines.

"In the paper Army and Navy of Februray 6 there appeared the statement that when the Transylvania left New York on January 23 for Liverpool her cargo included 40-centimetre cannon delivered by the Bethlehem Steel Company, carried on the fore deck. Each piece is 16 metres long and weighs 75 tons. Other large fittings for warships were also on deck, while in the holds were stowed away many cases containing parts of cannon and other armament. These things were consigned to Harland & Wolff."

THE FERGUSON FINDING

The Ethopian discovered in the wood-pile "Interior."

"Pure Killing" By British

Detachment of Five Hundred Germans Annihilated—Not a Man Escaped

"So far as the Ypres region is concerned, this for us was a most successful day. Our losses were comparatively slight, and, owing to the targets presented by the enemy, the action resolved itself on our part into pure killing.

"At one point, north of the town, 500 of the enemy advanced from the wood, and it is affirmed by those present that not one of them escaped.

"During the day our troops saw some of the enemy busily employed in stripping the British dead in our abandoned trenches east of the Hooge Chateau, and several Germans afterwards were noticed dressed in khaki."—British Official Eye-Witness.

CANADA IS PAYING PENSIONS ALREADY

OTTAWA, May 12.—Another phase of the serious side of the war is now being realized, for the application for pensions are being received by the Militia Department in considerable number. In the case of men who have been killed in action or died of sickness the pensions are being granted to the widows or other dependents immediately upon receipt of the necessary credentials.

The nature of the disabilities of other applicants for pensions—men who have been wholly incapacitated—tells the story of the horrors of a modern war. Some have lost one or more limbs while others an eye or have been otherwise seriously wounded. In these cases the pensions are not being paid at once. The men are still under medical care and reports on their condition are being regularly sent to the Department. Needless to say, in view of the heavy casualties the pensions to be paid by the Canadian Government will total a very large sum. The money is provided by means of the war taxes imposed at the last sesion of Parliament. The amount required during the present fiscal year will be several millions at least, and after the war, it has been estimated, the annual pension allowances will amount to $10,000,000 or more.

GERMANS SEEK NEWS

PETROGRAD, May 12.—An officer serving in East Prussia gives an interesting account of a recent friendly talk between Russian and German soldiers during a three hours' armistice for the collection and burial of the dead who lay between the trenches.

The Germans were glad to exchange cigarettes and chocolates for bread and butter and sugar. They said they were kept very short of these and were often hungry. The Russian soldiers in their warm greatcoats pitied many of the German shivering in the bitter spring wind. The Germans were wearing different kinds of uniforms. Some were well clad, while others were insufficiently protected and had no smartness left, while their self-assurance was all gone—a great change remarks an officer, from the attitude even of the prisoners since the beginning of the war.

Several German soldiers asked eagerly: "When will the war end?" Officers as well as men gathered round to hear what the Russian captain thought. His reply interpreted by Poles acquainted with both Russian and German, was—"Not before August at the earliest." This caused great disappointment, and one man flung his helmet on the ground in despondent anger.

The Germans were surprised to hear that the Russian trenches were well and regularly supplied with newspapers, and said they were not allowed to receive any themselves. The character of the information suplied to the German army may be judged from their belief that only 5,000 Austrians were captured at Przemysl. When all were convinced that the number was thrice as many the Germans called the Austrians old women and said that if the garrison had been Germans it would never have been taken.

TO REOPEN PLANT FOR WAR

PROVIDENCE, R.I., May 12.—The American Locomotive Company announced alst night its intention of reopening the plant in this city which has been idle since the discontinuance of the manufacture of automobiles, two years ago.

The company is to employ at least 1,000 hands in the manufacture of brass fuseheads for shrapnel.

Canadian Officer's Dying Message

"I Was Not Killed, but Murdered"—Shot by Germans After Capture

LONDON, May 12.—C. J. C. Clayton, a New Zealander, who is serving with the British Red Cross and is now wounded, brings a message from Capt. R. A. S. Allen, of the fifth Canadian battalion, who comes from Vancouver, and who died of wounds in a hospital at Boulogne, May 2, confirming the story of the crucifixtion of a Canadian sergeant by the Germans. Clayton says:

"Allen died in my arms He gave me this message: "Tell the world, especially in Canada; where my wife lives, that I was not killed, but murdered. Also tell Canadians throughout the Dominion to rally to help the boys at front. I was taken prisoner by the Germans. The enemy, being hustled, dropped me deliberately and shot me in the stomach. I ask you to tell this to all our people.

"Allen went on to declare that he and a medical officer, major and others all signed a sworn statement attesting the truth of a detailed record of the crucifixtion. A Canadian sergeant was tied up by the arms and legs to a tree and pierced sixty times by German bayonets."

Clayton says the sergeant's name was given him by Allen, but in the confusion of wounded he cannot now find it.

The Paris correspondent of the Morning Post says today: "Wounded Canadians here are all firmly of the belief that a Canadian soldier was crucified. They assert they heard it from officers in the Dublin Fusiliers who actually came across the body nailed to a door with hands and feet pierced with bayonets. The body was riddled with bullets."

HON. MR. BURRELL

HAMILTON, May 12.—Hon. Martin Burrell, addressing the Canadian Club last evening, said that if the sending of a Canadian army to a foreign battlefield had proved costly, it had knit Canada closer to the mother country. We were now as stalwart as the best. The duty fell on those who remained at home to keep clean the body politic. He would not say say whether there should be an election or not, but loyal and sympathetic support should be given to those who were bearing the heat and burden of the hour. The years of prosperity enjoyed by Canada were probably not an unmixed blessing and the war would enable us to secure a new sense of proportions. Canada's great opportunity was at hand: she had the vast acreage capable of feeding the greater part of the world:

AUSTRALIAN PREMIERS WANT PIRATES HANGED

SYDNEY, N.S.W., May 11.—"The deep indignation felt throughout Australia at the sinking of the Lusitania should find immediate expression in increased participation in the war," was a statement contained in a resolution adopted yesterday at the conference of Australian Premiers.

The conference also agreed to the suggestion of Premier Holman of New South Wales that a recommendation be made to the Imperial Government that Great Britain should not agree to any peace terms which do not guarantee that officers of the German Admiralty responsible for the orders given submarines be handed over for trial before British juries charged with murder on the high seas.

GERMAN WARNING NOTICES WITHDRAWN

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The German Embassy tonight notified by letter and telegraph, newspapers in all of the larger cities of the United States to discontinue the publication of its advertisement warning Americans against transatlantic travel on belligerent ships.

No reason for discontinuing the advertisement is given in the letters and the telegrams, but it was stated at the embassy tonight that it was considered to have been sufficient.

Chateau Laurier Dismisses Aliens

OTTAWA, May 13.—Following a protest from a number of its patrons, the management of the Chateau Laurier, the big Grand Trunk hotel here, today gave notice to a number of German waiters and employees that their services would no longer be required.

BIG BATTLES RAGING AT YPRES AND ARRAS

French Take Strong Positions and 1,050 Prisoners—British Stand Firm and Repulse Three Attacks—Germans Lose Heavily

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 13.—Today's official statement says the French won brilliant successes Wednesday evening and Wednesday night. They captured the fort of Notre Dame de Lorette as well as the chapel, and after a ferocious combat lasting all night in a quadrilateral of trenches south of the chapel, completely defeated and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

During Wednesday night the French also took by storm a strong position comprising the village of Carency and Hill 125, killing hundreds of Germans with the bayonet and taking 1,050 prisoners.

To the north of Neuville the French took possession of several hundred yards of trenches and increased their hold on the village of Neuville, driving the Germans into the extreme northern part and proceeding to outflank them. In the forest of Le Petre a new line of German trenches was occupied.

LONDON, May 12.—Special—An official communication giving a report of Field Marshal Sir John French, dated May 12, was issued to-night:

"East of Ypres last evening we repulsed another German attack south of the Menin road. This was the third costly failure experienced by the Germans at this place yesterday.

"Elsewhere along the front there is no change in the situation."

LONDON, May 12.—The official British Eyewitness, under date of May 1, gives an account of the German attempts on Saturday and Sunday last to break the British lines around Ypres. He says:

"The failure of the German effort was due to the splendid endurance of our troops, who held the line around the salient under a fire which again and again blotted out whole lengths of the defences and killed the defenders by scores. Time after time along those parts of the front selected for assault were parapets destroyed, and time after time did the thinning band of survivors build them up again and await the next onset as steadily as before. The services rendered by our troops in this quarter cannot at present be estimated, for their full significance will only be realized in the light of future events."

"Canadian Rats" Saved Calais

Hatred of Germans for the English Transferred to Canadian

LONDON, May 12—Donald Macmaster, K.C., says that a friend of his who has just returned from Germany says the feeling of hatred among the Germans is now stronger against the Canadians than against the rest of the British forces. They say: "If it had not been for the Canadian rats we should have been through to Calais."

A Prussian officer, declared Macmaster's informant, also said that the present campaign against the Imperial Government by a certain section of the British press is throughout Germany taken as an illustration of dissension in Britain, and wonderfully heartens the Germans.

DRAPED KAISER'S GIFT

Harvard Students Put Inscription on Brunswick Lion

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 12.—Harvard's Brunswick lion, a gift from the German Kaiser, was found draped in mourning. A large sheet was wound around the statue, which stands in front of the Germanic Museum, the edges of the sheet being black. Two inscriptions were scrolled on the covering in large bold letters. One of them read:

. One hundred and forty-seven corpses; another gift from the Kaiser."

The other was: "In memory of the Lusitania massacre," and was signed "Humanity."

The draping was said to be the work of undergraduates.

NO CARS RUNNING

(Canadian Press Special)

DETROIT, Mich., May 13.—At seven this morning not a car moved on the Detroit United Railway.

RUSSIAN DRIVE INTO BUKOWINA

Austrians Driven From Line of Dniester With Heavy Losses

LONDON, May 12—The Russian offensive movement in Galicia and Bukowina, east of the Carpathians, is developing rapidly and with striking success, according to the official statement issued tonight in Petrograd. The whole left bank of the Dniester River has been evacuated in haste by the Austrians, and the Russians, pressing the enemy hard, have occupied a town about 25 miles north of Czernowitz.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS NUMBER 108,760

OTTAWA, May 11.—The total number of Canadians now on active service at home and abroad is 108,760. As reinforcements are collected from the various battalions of the third contingent and sent forward there will be room for more recruits in those, or battalions to be organized. There will be 50,000 men always in training in Canada and two divisions totalling nearly 50,000 at the front. These will be constantly kept up to strength by reinforcements from the men training here.

NO POISONOUS GASES USED BY BRITISH

LONDON, May 12—In regard to the German allegation that the British used gas in their attacks on Hill 60, the British eye-witness in his report today says:

"No asphyxiating gases have been employed by us at any time, nor have they yet been brought into play by us."

Tyranny may last through ages where discussion is suppressed. Discussion may safely be left free by rulers who act on popular principle.—Macaulay.

TURKISH BOATS SUNK BATTLESHIP GOLIATH LOST

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 13.—Winston Churchill announced in the House of Commons today that the British battleship Goliath had been torpedoed in the Dardanelles and it was feared that 500 lives had been lost.

Mr. Churchill also announced that the British submarine E-14 had penetrated the Dardanelles into the Sea of Marmora and sunk two Turkish gunboats and a troop ship.

PARIS, May 13.—A despatch to the Havas News Agency from Athens says the allied fleet entered the Dardanelles last night and bombarded the forts of Kilid Bahr, Chanak Kalessi and Nagara.

Although the Turks have been strongly reinforced the bombardment from the allied warships is causing them heavy losses and they are steadily losing ground.

The Turkish trenches are filled with bodies.

LATER.

LONDON, May 13.—Twenty officers and 160 men of the Goliath's crew were saved.

The battleship was torpedoed by destroyers while protecting the French flank, just inside the straits.

3 Friday Bargains 3

18 Doz. Men's Fine Neglige Shirts, shirts that sell regularly at $1.25 each, with each shirt you get a soft collar to match, sizes 14 to 17,
Friday Bargain each 79c.

15 Doz. Ladies' Fine Lawn Shirt Waists, beautifully embroidered waists, high and low neck, would sell in regular way at $1.50 to $2.50; sizes 32 to 42,
Friday Bargain each 49c.

100 only Women's and Misses' House Dresses, nearly all manufacturer's samples, light, medium and dark colors, neat patterns, sizes 14 years to Ladies' sizes 34 to 42,
Friday Bargain each 75c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

MARRIAGES.

LAWSON—CLARKE—Mr. Glen Lawson and Miss Sadie Clarke were united in marriage on the evening of Thursday, May 6th, by Rev. Mr. Beamish, Rector of St. Thomas Church. The happy couple will reside in Bobcaygeon. 1t

DEATHS.

THOMPSON—In Belleville on Tuesday, May 11th, 1915, Capt. John Thompson, aged 64 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. M. Howie, 48 Dundas street tomorrow, the 14th inst. at 2 p.m. to St. Thomas church. Interment Belleville cemetery.

REED—In Belleville on Wednesday, May 12th Mrs. Catherine Reed, widow of late Mr. James Reed, aged 86 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. George W. Sills, Marshall Road, tomorrow, Friday, 14th inst, at 2.30 p.m. Service at house at 2 o'clock. Interment Belleville cemetery.

It is calculated that there must be ing with the colors.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 214 Front Street.

DAVIES

EXTRA LARGE PINEAPPLES ONLY 15c Each

JUNE PEAS 4 Tins 25c

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

KINGSTON

The work of the 14th Regiment for the summer will be confined largely to the Armouries. One night every week there will be a game of indoor basball and one night each week given to shooting. Preceding the baseball and shooting there will be a short drill each evening. Other amusements such as boxing, wrestling, running and contests of a varied and interesting character will be introduced during the summer months, and every inducement offered to the young men of Kingston to join the regiment and take part in its drills.

Lieut.-Colonel Munro, officer commanding the 8th C.M.R. now at Ottawa, came to the city Tuesday night, and next morning visited the camp grounds at Barriefield, where it is intended the mounted rifles shall camp tro the summer. Major Munro was accompanied by Major Routh, quartermaster of the C.M.R. Lt.-Col. Munro left for Montreal at noon.

The Ordnance Stores at Barriefield being fenced in so as to prevent being approached by outsiders.

The tent which will be used for the staff mess at Barriefield has been erected. The new administration building is nearly finished, and will be used for administrative purposes exclusively. An addition is being made to supply building of the C. A. S. C. The building will be 70 feet long, 15 feet wide, and 9 feet high. The Army Service Corps were very much in need of an addition to their building from which supplies are issued. The water supply of the camp will be double that of former years. A new tank is being erected, and all pipe lines extended.

Engineers [illegible] ing and repairing the road to the camp from the temporary bridge over the Cataraqui river.

BELLEVILLE

Orderly officer for tomorrow, for Zwick's Island, Lieut. J. A. Dalton. For barracks, Lieut. B. K. Allen.

The undermentioned men, having joined the Battalion, are taken on the strength and posted to D company:

A13000 Pte. C. H. King.
A13001 Pte. K. McKinzie.
A13002 Pte. R. Chatterton.
A13003 Pte. J. O. O'Neil.
A13004 Pte. R. D. Trengrove.
A13005 Pte. C. Armstrong.
A13006 Pte. H. Allen.
A13007 Pte. M. Belnap.
A13008 Pte. C. Belch.
A13009—Pte. R. Black.
A13010 Pte. G. Comptney.
A 13011 Pte. G. T. Campbell.
A13012 Pte. J. Culbertson.
A13013 Pte. J. Dowherst.
A13014 Pte. W. Doreen.
A13015 Pte. N. Darlington.
A13016 Pte. J. D. Foote.
A13017 Pte. H. Fowler.
A13018 Pte. A. E. Franklin.
A13019 Pte. G. Gaunt.
A13020 Pte. W. R. Gifford.
A13021 Pte. W. Lindsay.
A13022 Pte. N. Lepalm.
A13023 Pte. M. Lepalm.
A13024 Pte. W. Lasher.
A13025 Pte. W. H. Miller.
A13026 Pte. A. M. Gorley.
A13027 Pte. J. Pickell.
A13028 Pte. G. Peever.
A13029 Pte. P. Perry
A13031 Pte. C. Ralph.
A13032 Pte. G. Shouldice.
A13033 Pte. G. Stanlick.
A13034 Pte. F. Sutton.
A13035 Pte. F. Sweet.
A13036 Pte. C. Simmons.
A13037 Pte. J. Woodcock.
A13038 Pte. F. Williams.
A13039 Pte. H. Williams.

Only one member of the 39th Battalion has bought himself out of service in the last three days, namely A12186 Pte. C. Beak, D. Company, Marmora.

About half a million pairs of soldiers' boots are now being made every week in England.

What a Headache

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Trap Shooting Competition

Yesterday afternoon a trap shooting competition took place in the city, being the second meeting of the Trent Valley League. Four clubs were represented: namely, Cobourg, Peterboro, Stirling and Belleville. Cobourg retains possession of the beautiful silk flag until the next competition. Mr. Crowther of Cobourg won the spoon and Mr. McCallum of Cobourg, a watch fob, donated by the Dominion Cartridge Company. The scores by the various teams were as follows:

COBOURG

Jackson	14	19—33
York	23	23—46
McCallum	21	21—42
Purser	18	17—35
Armour	17	14—31
Crowthers	21	22—43

Five best scores—total 199.

BELLEVILLE

M. Sprague	16	20—36
Stafford	18	..—18
Turley	19	20—39
H. Day	20	20—40
Newton	17	18—35
J. Woodley	14	21—35
Harris	20	17—37

Five best scores—187.

STIRLING

Dracup	18	15—33
Cook	15	22—37
Millan	17	19—36
Wootton	18	18—36
Morton	5	12—17
Anderson	15	15—30

Five best scores—175.

PETERBORO'

Coon	18	11—29
Graham	12	9—21
Balger	3	4— 7
Poultey	18	18—36
Laucks	16	19—35

Five best scores—128.

KINGSTON ROAD NOTES.

The Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. R. J. Garbutt's on Tuesday afternoon. Officers were elected for the ensuing year. Miss Jennie Redner gave a great many practical suggestions for the "use of Paper," after which Miss Carrie Reid read an interesting paper on "the influence of individuals on Society.

Mr. Fred McDonald is about to remove his family from his house near the city to his farm.

A large number from here attended the funeral on Monday afternoon of the late Samuel Gilbert, 2nd concession of Thurlow. We extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved wife.

The Kingston Road Church held a food sale on the city market on Saturday last. The funds are to go toward erecting a new woodshed at the rear of the church.

Notice

Now is your time for a Gas Service. For full particulars inquire at the Gas Office, or phone 69. T. Gardner, Mgr. 13,d3t

Pte. Peppin's Narrow Escape

Belleville Boy Describes Battle of Langemarck—A Bullet Grazes His Ear

Letter received from Pte. C. J. Peppin with the 14th Bat. R.M.A., who were reported to be badly smashed at Langemark.

Bologne, April 26, 1915

Dear Mother,

I have arrived at the base hospital after a very exciting time. I have got my foot hurt during the battle at Ypres, in which we Canadians did shine, but it is not bad, and I am going back soon. I had some marvellous escapes, while in action, but I will start at the first and tell you how things went up to the time I left. We came out of the trenches on Wednesday night and on Thursday we were billeted in the village behind the lines. At 4.30 in the afternoon we were shelled unmercifully with "Jacks," and those poison vapor shells. We got under cover in the fields as much as possible and were there about an hour. We there saw the French Algerians retiring and some of the R.A.M.C. men told us they never stopped running until they got to Poperinghe. Their retreat left the left of our wing open and the Germans had us on the hip, as they thought, but the Highlanders, who held the left, eased back and the reserves made fresh trenches. We went out to the road in a terrible fire and drove the Germans away from the road. We lost heavily. I had a narrow shave, as a bullet drew blood from the lobe of my ear. A miss is as good as a mile, however. The captain fell down on top of me, dead, and I began to see the grim side of war. We got into a field behind the road, and were helping the artillery to turn their guns around, when I got my foot caught under a wheel. Luckily for me it was in the mud and I am not badly hurt, but I walked around for 36 hours after that and that did not make it any better.

We then moved off to the north of the road and spent the night digging trenches. At daybreak, Friday, I with ten others was sent back through the village and out northwards into a mangold field to dig trenches. We had to skirmish to the tune of "De wacht em Rhein," but we got ourselves dug in. My foot was very painful then, as English boots are a torture when you have anything wrong with your foot. After dark a sergeant told me to make my way to the dressing station. It took me all night to walk about a mile, and next morning I was sent down to a clearing station. The Germans shelled the Red Cross every time they got the chance, but when our fellows got after them with the bayonet they beat it for fair. Our artillery got cut up some, I believe, but I have heard nothing of the Belleville boys. I suppose my name will be in the casualty list, but don't worry, as by this you will know I am O.K.

Well, good bye for now, and I will write again soon and perhaps at more length.

Your very fortunate son,
C. J.

Local Legal

Master's Chambers—Before J. A. C Cameron, Master.

Shapiro v. Cohen—A. A. Macdonald (Marmora) moved to strike out statement of defence for failure to comply with notice to produce. Henderson for defendant. Order made that affidavit be delivered in two days, otherwise order to go. Costs to plaintiff in any event.

DON'T OVERPAMPER CHILD

Don't start out with the idea that because an only child is so very precious he is naturally delicate also. He is probably quite as strong as other little ones, but you will make him fragile if you take too much care of him.

Don't keep him all to yourself, but encourage him to mix with other children as much as possible. As he has no brothers and sisters, he needs a whole host of little friends to keep him in good spirits.

Don't wait on him hand and foot or call him "poor lamb" or spoil and indulge him "because he is the only one." If these things are permitted they will make him quite unfit to hold his own among other boys, and when he goes to school he will have a very miserable time indeed.

Don't interfere too much with his games and amusements. Children, even if they have brothers and sisters, often like to play alone. It is a mistake to think that an only child needs entertaining all the time. If you let him get into the habit of expecting this he will very soon become a nuisance to himself and every one else in the house.

Smoky Windows Cleaned.

To clean smoky windows and also use up old stockings take an old cotton stocking that is clean and soft, put a few drops of kerosene oil on the stocking and wipe window so every part will receive some of the oil. Then take a soft piece of clean tissue paper and polish. If properly done the windows will shine and look better than when washed with soap and water.

THE WEATHER.

Fresh northerly winds, mostly fair and cool.

Friday, northeast winds, fair and cool.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Perfect Eye Protection

In order to get the greatest amount of enjoyment in automobiling it is essential to protect your eyes in a most efficient manner. Our line of Protection Glasses for the motorist is most complete and varied. Come in and let us show you some of the most modern styles. You will be surprised to find how really attractive they can be made to look, at the same time giving you the protection necessary.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE FLAVORING EXTRACTS "ROYAL"

Vanilla, Lemon, Pineapple
Orange, Ginger, Cinnamon
Rose, Pineapple, Wintergreen
Almond, Peppermint, Strawberry
Rasperry, Maple, &c. &c.

CHOCOLATE
Walter Baker's Chocolate
Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate
"Dot" Coating Chocolate
Fry's Chocolate Powders &c.

Jello Ice Cream Powders, 2 pkgs 25c.
MacLaren's Invincible Jelley Powders .... 3 pkgs. 25c.
Finest Shredded Cocoanut
Cox's Powdered Gelatine
Knox's Powdered Gelatine
Red or White Gelatine in sheets
Dromedary Dates
Layer Figs
Sultana Raisins &c &c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER **May 1st**

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at **30c Each**

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Fresh Dwarf and Tall Nasturtium Seed, 10c oz.
Choice Sweet Pea Seed 10c oz.

IF QUALITY COUNTS GET IT AT McKEOWN'S

The Rexall Store
McKEOWN'S DRUGS

TO SAVE MONEY GET IT AT McKEOWN'S

Page & Shaw's CHOCOLATES
Fresh This Week
50c. $1.00, $2.00

Friday—Special Bargains—Saturday

Patent Medicines

25c. Baby's Own Tablets	..	15c.
50c. Gin Pills	..	27c.
50c. Dodd's Pills	..	29c.
10c. Bromo Seltzer	..	8c.
25c. Cold Tablets	..	15c.
25c. Weeks' Laxatives	..	16c.
25c. Nerviline	..	17c.
25c. Mustard Oil Liniment	..	18c.
50c. Zam-Buk	..	33c.
50c. Pinex	..	40c.
25c. Four T's	..	16c.
25c. Abbey's Salts	..	18c.

Rexall Healing Salve

The best salve for cuts, burns, bruises, etc., 25c a large box.

Extra Special
25c box of TOILET SOAP, YOILET AND COLD CREAM. Special Friday and Saturday, 19c

Household Aids and Cleaners

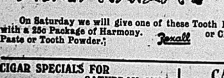
Borax, lb.	10c.
Gillett's Lye	8c.
Bon Ami	12c.
Bon Ami Powder	12c.
Old Dutch Cleanser	8c.
Castile Soap	10c. & 25c.
Chamois Skin, for polishing	10c. & 25c.
Sapolio	10c.
Ivory Soap	5c.
Whiting	2 lbs. for 5c.
Sponges	10c., 15c., 25c.

Extra Special
A 10c tin of KKOYAH HEALTH SALTS FREE with a 25c bottle of Rexall Little Liver Pills
A pill composed exclusively of Vegetable Drugs.

Extra Special
A 25c lb. Can TALCUM POWDER, Sifter Top, Lily of Valley and Yollet. Special Friday and Saturday, 19c

Drug Bargains

35c. Witch Hazel	17c.
25c. Boric Acid	19c.
100 comp. Cascara Tablets	25c.
10c. lb. Epsom Salts	7c.
100 A. B. S. & C. Tablets	16c.
15c. Baking Soda	9c.
25c. Peroxide of Hydrogen	12c.
20c. Powdered Borax	10c.
5c. Copperas	2 lb.s for 5c.



Tooth Brushes Free

On Saturday we will give one of these Tooth Brushes FREE with a 25c Package of Harmony. Rexall or Charcoal Tooth Paste or Tooth Powder.

Let us Develop your Films. Our work is Guaranteed,

JAP-A-LAC

Made by The Glidden Varnish Co., Limited, Toronto

A tin of JAP-A-LAC will work wonders in your home. It will make the old Chair or Table look like new. It will put a beautiful finish on a badly scratched floor whether it be hard woodor soft. Jap-alac is not a "varnish" in the ordinary sense of the word. It varnishes, stains, and enamels in one process. It gives "finish" to any household article.

Sold in 18c, 30c, 50c and 90c tins.

CIGAR SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY ONLY

FIVE of these 10c Cigars 25c
Van Horne, Traveller, Garcia, Great Seal, La Maritana

FOUR of these 10c Cigars 25c
Japs, Sir William, La Preferentia, Orido, Ben Bay

CANDY SPECIALS

50c lb. Saturday Candy,	29c lb.
30c lb. Turkish Delight,	20c lb.
30c lb. Virginia Salted Peanuts,	20c lb.
5c Chewing Gum,	3 for 10c
2 Packages Chewing Gum and Hero Spoon,	13c
Mermaid English Toffee,	5c, 10c and 15c bars

Come, Send, Phone or Write

To our Store for anything we sell. Our Store is as near to you as the nearest phone or post office. You'll save money and get a service that atisfies.

A Stationery Special

With every Writing Pad at 10c we will give you A PACKET OF LINEN ENVELOPES worth 10c FREE

Don't Miss This Silk Hose Opportunity

A lucky purchase enables us to offer 300 pairs of Silk Hose at 59c. pair. Black only; extra quality; extra wearing in heel and toe; made in Canada; actual value $1.00 pair. On sale at 59c. pr.

D. & A. CORSETS.

Made in Canada by Canadians; prices 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.0, $3.00. Satisfaction assured.

WHITE VOILE WAISTS, 98c.

Marvellous value at this price. Others at .... 54c. to $5.00

FOWNES' GLOVES.

In kid, lisle, silk. Every pair guaranteed. 50c. to $2.50 pair

HOUSE DRESSES.

Stylish, snappy, neat, good material, 98c., $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $1.95. We keep down the high cost of living at this store.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from tho best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Cerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

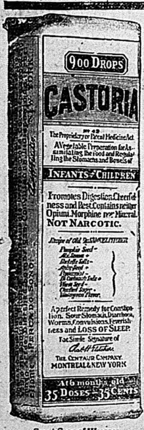
The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,

316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Benefit Concert at City Hall

The benefit concert in aid of the 39th Battalion Recreation Fund heard last night at the City Hall was one of the finest ever given by the local talent of Belleville. The audience was not quite as large as the committee had hoped it would be, but what was lacking in matter of numbers was clearly made up in appreciation, for every number was called back for encore. The programme was as follows:

Selection—39th Battalion Band.
Vocal Selection—"Annie Laurie"—Miss Ponton.
Sword Dance—Mr. Thos. Bowie.
Vocal Selection — "Tip-top-Tipperary Mary"—Miss Sharpe and chorus.
Accordeon Selection—Pte. Harmer.
Vocal Duet—"Gondoliera"—Miss Wilmot and Miss Gwendolyn Wilmot
Bagpipe Selection—Mr. Johnstone.
Recitation—Master Charlie Sankey.
Vocal Selection — "Carrissima"—Mrs. Allen.
Sailor's Hornpipe—Mr. Thos. Bowie.
Vocal Selection—"The Cuckoo Song"—Mrs. Wilmot.
Accordeon Selection—Pte. Harmer.
Vocal Selection—"When You Worfe a Tulip"—Pte. Gummer and chorus.
Vocal Selection—"Take me Back to Canada"—Corp. Lightheart:

Lieut.-Col. Preston presided and at the conclusion of the programme thanked the artists, declaring that the 39th would ever remain deeply indebted to them for their kindness on this and previous occasions.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

1ST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE

Wounded—Gunner John Halo, 6 Priest avenue, Toronto; Bombardier W. Delmer Arnold Bachelder, 94 Bay street, Santa Cruz Cal.; Driver John Bradley, Tweed, Ont.; Bombardier Karl R. Green, 191 Lingham street, Belleville, Ont.; Joe Lachapell, Gananoque, Ont. (severely in right arm); Driver Isaac Lund, 223 St. Andrew street, Ottawa, Ont.; Driver J. F. Stele, 39 Chamberlain avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

OTTAWA, May 13.—Three a.m. casualties.

Third infantry brigade staff: wounded—Pte. Lain, Prince Albert.

First battalion: Killed in action—Pte. Fisher, Merrytown, Ont.

Died of wounds—Pte. Burth, Tawas city, Mich; Barrington, Peterboro.

Wounded—Ptes. Rogers, England; Isaac S., England, Tuomi, Finland.

Second Battalion: Killed in action—Private Hodgson, Melfort, Sask.

Wounded—Privates Sheridan, Ottawa; Nahulak, Russia.

Thrid Battalion: Killed—Lance Corp. Binkley, Dundas; Missing—Pte. Howe, Toronto; Lucas, Toronto; Lennox, Toronto; W. Langford, Elmbank, Ont.; Lance-Sergt. Lorsch, Toronto; Pte's Syde, Wiarton; Jackson, Toronto; Kidd, Toronto; Lyon, Toronto; Lendon, Toronto; Corp. Jeffries, Toronto; Wounded—Lance Corp. Hewitt, Toronto.

Fourth Battalion—Killed in action—Corp. Wallace, Toronton; Wounded—Privates John Fraser, Barrie; McDonald, Detroit; Betts, Brantford; Fraser, Hamilton; Bayless, Hamilton; Henderson, England; Cairns, Ireland.

Fifth Battalion: Wounded and missing—Pte. James Melvin, Saskatoon; Missing—Pte. James Melvin, Saskatoon; Missing, Lance Corp. White, Brooklyn, New York; Privates Alexander Manson, Yorkton, Sask. Greenlee, Paris; David Clark Craig, Renfrew; Corp. Edward Handley, Winnipeg.

Second Battalion: Killed in action—Thomas Henry Griffiths, 182 Lock St., Peterboro; Charles Smith, Waweka, Wis.

OTTAWA, Ont. May 13.—Casualties issued today noon:

Second Battalion: Missing— Lance Corp. Andrews, Aylesbury, Eng.; Pte's Adams, Torndon, Eng.; Bulleld Greenock, Ceotland; Boreland, Belfast; Butler, London; Bolus, Bloxwich, Eng.; Bartle, Gravesend, Eng.; Cummings, Glasgow; Chapman, Woodnesboro, Eng.; Dowse, London; Bristow, Reahill, Eng.; Banbrock, Swindon, Eng.; Chantry, Sheffield; Clark, Plumstead, Eng.; Belben, Sildown, Pool, Eng.; Parker, Huddersfield; Boolsen, Copenhagen; Bray, Canivet, Belgium; Edwards, Glasgow.

Died of wounds—Lance Sergt. Boyce North Newport, Eng.

[illegible]

Nothing is more desired by the [illegible] than [illegible] heart in the spring [illegible] as our English [illegible] call them. One department of underwear which the spring maid and matron cannot supply too lavishly is the brassiere department. One handsome illustration of these very necessary adjuncts to milady's toilet is shown in the illustration. Hand embroidered linen with real cluny lace is used in its development, and ribbon bows are used to further beautify it. A feature of this waist is the neatly beaded seams, which do away with the usual bulk where a seam occurs.

Transposition.

What in winter you feel,
(When the frost's on the ground
Transposed it will reveal
(And it is truth I'll be bound),
A name that to rustics we give,
Who in clownish simplicity live.

Answer—Cold, clod.

German Reservists Dash for New York

TORONTO, May 13.—That there is some sudden and special attraction in the United States for Germans and Austrians within the last few days is the suspicion of Mr. Russel Snow, K. C., Registrar of Alien Enemies. No less than ten of them applied for exeats to cross the line yesterday, and this unwonted rush caused the Registrar's suspicions. Most of the men were bound for the same locality, Grand Meadows, N.Y. One man had been granted an exeat and his expenses, it is said, were pjaid by the German official; it is suposed that the other applications are being assisted from the same source.

Mr. Snow refused to entertain any fruther applications. "There is some move on," he said, addressing two tall Austrian reservists. "You want to go and fight, you will make good soldiers." He further gave orders to Catain Wandless that all the names of the applicants should be recorded and the information sent to head quarters.

A strict watch is to be kept on all enemies at large. One suspicious German has been trying to get permission to go to Niagara. Inquiries are to be made with a view to discovering if there is any special reason for fighting men treking over the line just now. Orders have been given that no German money must be distributed among alien enemies except through the Registrar's office.

Three Austrians were interned yesterday for being disorderly and fighting amongst themselves at the Junction.

One applicant for an exeat was asked by the Registrar what he thought of the sinking of the Lusitania. He answered, "Not right." He claimed that he was born on the French frontier and had no love for Germany

A Story of the Wayside.

Once 'pon a time a Traveler woke up in a valley an' seen a bright face Young Man standin' nigh, an' de Traveler axed him ter please show him whar Mr. Happiness lived at, an' de Young Man said:

"You on de spot right now. It's whar you done had dat good rest last night. Mr. Happiness lives in de ground at yo' feet, an' w'en he hears de sound of yo' plow an' yo' pickax an' yo' hoe he'll come up an' almos' shake yo' two hands off—he'll be so glad ter see you!"—Atlanta Constitution.

THE "FORLORN HOPE."

Real Meaning of a Misused Term in the Vocabulary of War.

In the tales of every war one hears a great deal about "forlorn hopes." The term is one of the most misused in the vocabulary of war. It is commonly understood to mean a desperate venture. It really means "lost troop"—that is, "detached troop."

The word "hope" in the phrase is not an English but a Dutch word, "hoop" meaning literally "heap" and secondarily body of troops. The word "forlorn" represents the Dutch "verloren"—lost. A "verloren hoop" was a detached body of troops thrown out in front of the main line of battle to find the enemy and engage them first. This was the regular sixteenth and seventeenth century practice, and, though it was one of the more dangerous kinds of service, it was not desperate or, in the English sense, forlorn.

Nowadays much the same work is done by the detached bodies of cavalry which are thrown out before the main line of battle without communications or supplies to find the enemy. "Capitulation" is another term of war which is very loosely used. It does not mean surrender, but surrender on terms. In fact, it means the terms, not the surrender. It is from the Latin "capitulum," or "heading" (from which is derived our word "chapter"), and a capitulation is a formal treaty of surrender drawn up under a series of headings or chapters embodying the terms on each point.—Manchester Guardian.

The Lobster Fisheries.

The toothsome lobster is not war diet. Lobster palaces are closed and lobster suppers are no more. Foods are now purchased for their filling and staying qualities rather than for their power to tickle the palates of epicures.

Since the majority of the belligerent nations are partial to lobster in times of peace, our industry has been seriously hit. Last year the countries now at war bought Canadian canned lobsters to the following amounts: United Kingdom, $1,010,367; France, $703,469; Belgium, $124,283; Germany, $182,033; and Russia, $2,160, making an aggregate of $2,022,312.

As we sold abroad last year $2,983,987 worth, it is at once apparent that our export trade in canned lobsters has almost disappeared.

Neutral purchases last year were: United States, $808,296; Denmark, $33,069; Holland, $31,713; Norway, $14,114; Sweden, $69,092. The last four countries will no doubt endeavor to do without lobsters at present and, from all accounts, there are not so many lobster eaters in the United States now as last year, when they bought from us, in addition to the canned lobsters mentioned above, $707,486 worth of fresh lobsters. Under these circumstances, it is not surprising that our lobster canners are asking the Dominion Government to suspend licenses for a year so that surplus stock may be sold.

What's In The Cup ?

The flavour may be agreeable, but appetitite isn't the only thing to be considered.

The average cup of tea or coffee contains from 1½ to 3 grains of caffeine, a powerful drug which is a frequent cause of indigestion, constipation, nervousness, heart trouble and other ills.

Some persons are strong enough to use tea or coffee for a time without apparent harm, but repeated doses of its subtle, cumulative drug, caffeine, sooner or later affects every strong man or woman.

Any tea or coffee drinker will bene[illegible] from a change to

Instant Postum

This pure food-drink has a delicious snappy tang, and it contains no caffeine, nor any other harmful ingredient. It is made of selected wheat, a little wholesome molasses and is pure, invigorating and delicious.

And Instant Postum is so easy to make. Put a level teaspoonful in a cup, add hot water, and sugar and cream to taste.

The convenience of Instant Postum is seen at a glance. Sold in 30c and 50c tins. Some prefer Postum Cereal—the original form—which must be well boiled, 15c and 25c pkgs.

Grocers sell both kinds, the flavour is equally delicious and the cost per cup is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

The Great Sale

OF WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR, READY-FOR-WEAR APPAREL, SUCH AS HOUSE DRESSES, MIDDY BLOUSES, LADIES' WAISTS, UNDERSKIRTS, Etc.; CONTINUES TOMORROW AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

It is to your interest to attend this great sale, as we have some most startling bargains to offer you.

$1.25 to $1.50 House Dresses, sale price .... 79c.

75c. Corset Covers, sale price .... 39c.

Others at 19c., 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 75c. Just about half their regular value.

Women's Fine Cotton Nightdresses, a most extensive line to choose from at exceedingly low prices; made of good material, neatly made. Sale prices 49c., 59c., 69c., 75c., 97c., $1.09, $1.19, $1.49—great value in every case.

Women's Cotton Drawers, made of best quality material; on sale at 39c., 49c., 69c., 75c. and $1.19.

Children's, sale price 10c. pair. Very neatly made and trimmed.

For Women with Girlies at 6 to 14 years old, a lovely line of embroidered and lace dresses at $1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. This should prove most interesting at these prices. Just imagine! A dress ready to wear cheaper than you can buy the goods for.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc,

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 237 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

AMERICA'S POSITION.

In the United States there are millions of people of British blood whose whole sympathies all through the war have been with Great Britain. There are countless others whose partizanship has not been so pronounced, but who were horrified to learn that over a hundred Americans—men, women and children—had been deliberately put to death on the high seas by Germans. All of these will hang their heads in shame to think that America is going to take this outrage "lying down." President Wilson has intimated that the nation is "too proud" to fight. Mayor Church, of Toronto, has given a scornful and scathing reply to the President's statement. "The peace which the Americans enjoy today," he said, "is due to the British fleet." This is literally true, as many Americans have admitted over and over again. But for the fear of the British fleet Germany would long ago have tested the power of resistance of the United States. At the present time Great Britain is fighting for America as well as herself. "It will be time enough to be proud when the Germans are beaten," says Mr. Church "and beaten they will be without the assistance of the United States."

The real feeling of the great majority of Americans is plainly and vigorously put by Ex-President Roosevelt, in his last strong and outspoken pronouncement. He denounces the ruthless barbarity toward non-combatants, and especially toward women and children, of which the Germans have been guilty; and says that none of the old-time pirates of the Barbary coast committed murder on so vast a scale as in the case of the Lusitania. Viscount Bryce has described pirates as enemies of the human race—"wild beasts on sea, and a danger not to one particular nation, but to all mankind, and neutrals will be just as much ultimately involved as are the nations at war." There is reason to believe that the reply of the United States to the wholesale murder of [illegible] citizens is merely to take the form of [illegible] protest against the violation of American rights, with a "don't do it again" clause. The American citizens, taking them as a whole, we believe will feel humiliated at this pusillanimous attitude.

In contradistinction to this action comes the vigorous utterance of Theodore Roosevelt:—

"In the teeth of these things we earn as a nation measureless scorn and contempt if we follow the lead of those who exalt peace above righteousness, if we heed the voices of those feeble folk who bleat to high heaven that there is peace when there is no peace. For many months our Government has preserved between right and wrong a 'neutrality' which would have excited the emulous admiration of Pontius Pilate—the arch-typical neutral of all time. We have urged as a justification for failing to do our duty in Mexico that to do so would benefit 'American dollars.' Are we now to change faces and advance the supreme interest of 'American dollars' as a justification for continuance in the refusal to do a duty imposed on us in connection with the world war?"

He points the way that the States should go in his closing words. "Unless we act with immediate decision and vigor," he says, "we shall have failed in the duty demanded by humanity at large and demanded even more clearly by the self-respect of the American Republic." It is too much to expect that these powerful words will have any effect on President Wilson, but they might, under the acute circumstances, carry weight with Congress. The whole world stands aghast at the hideous crime perpetrated by Germany; and if the Government of the United States contents itself with a mere protest she will as a nation earn "measureless scorn and contempt."

"But we expect your mighty voice
With judgment through the world to run.
O, Land of Freedom, make your choice—
Are you for Belgium or the Hun?

CURRENT COMMENT

China's dilemma illustrates vividly the fact that if you haven't a backbone you have to back down.

It may take a Roosevelt to unscramble the eggs that Germany has hatched for the Wilson administration.

Once again, it is true that a considerable number of those saved from the Lusitania won their lives back by swimming.

Many of us are waiting to hear what happens to Dr. Dernburg the next time he gets up to make a speech in the United States.

The general impression seems to be that Sir Max Aitken, Canada's Eye Witness, has taken Kipling to the front with him.

Frohman's final great dama brought a dramatic phrase to his lips: "Why fear death?" he asked. "It is the most beautiful adventure of life."

A letter from the front tells of violets growing in the trenches of Flanders. The tradition of the violet is that it sprang from the heart's blood of a hero, and many such have died in this war.

Than a great liner crowded with women and children and non-combatant men, the submarine savages would prefer but one other target, a British hospital ship with a cargo of wounded. That would indeed be a tidbit.—London Advertiser.

The Springfield Republican urges the American people to banish the thought of war. The Republicans no doubt would wait until the Germans shell the Statue of Liberty in New York Harbor, or until the Uhlans stable their horses in the White House.

The fact that official Germany is willing to sacrifice its soul in an effort to win the war, now established, shows the kind of religious conviction held in Berlin. It also shows that Germany's hate is really fear, since her actions publish her cowardice.—Montreal Mail.

An important English paper has made the proposition that the British retaliate with poisonous gases, and other German cruelties. All civilized nations are agreed that the German methods are inhuman and dishonorable; and while England would only be following a precedent, that would not make it any the less shameful. And why should we lower ourselves to the same level as these women-and-children slayers? For victory? No, for what is victory with the loss of honor? Germany, if she wins, (which is unthinkable) in this titanic struggle, will not be as much respected as Belgium. We shall finally win, and although it [illegible] terrible sacrifices—in men and money, yet our descendants will not be able to [illegible] that the first stain on British honor [illegible] in 1915.

Hurrah for the New York reporters! They pursued Bernstorff like an avenging flame, calling to him: "Did you kill them?" and "Some people say you are to blame." He tried to escape in a motor car and turned to find them at his heels. Always they asked: "Why was the Lusitania sunk?" He clenched his fist and swore at the chauffeur, but always these "hounds of the press" were at his side. He clenched his fist and prepared to strike a boy whom he thought was a reporter. The scribes chased after him into the station as he prepared to depart. The crowd shouted at him as he boarded a car, and when he found he had to wait to secure a seat, he hid behind the door of a smoking room. Again he was questioned, but he refused to answer. The pointing fingers and the accusing questions of the American reporters were symbolic of the contempt of the average American citizen.—London Advertiser.

WAR ITEMS

Quebec, May 12—News came here today that Rev. Father Albert, pastor of Limoilou Parish, this city, was killed in action at Ypres, April 22.

Ottawa, May 12.—On May 1, from statistics just announced, Canada had 108,760 men under arms, including those at the front, on guard in various parts of the country and in training for service. By midsummer the number is expected to total 150,000.

Nottingham, Eng., May 12.—At a meeting of business men held last night to advance recruiting, a resolution was passed calling on the Government to issue a compulsory notice to all unmarried men of military age to report at the nearest recruiting office within seven days.

London, May 12—The cost of the war in British ships, not including warships, thus far has been 201 vessels. The loss of life has been 1,556. Dr. Thomas J. MacNamara, Parliamentary Secretary of the Admiralty gave these figures in the House of Commons today in response to a question from Lord Charles Beresford. The total of ships, Dr. MacNamara said, included merchant vessels, yachts, trawlers and rifters sunk from the opening of the war up to noon today.

London, May 12.—Colonel Currie, M.P., of the 48th Highlanders arrived here last night on a few days' leave from the front. Colonel Currie says that he had his narrowest escape the last day the Highlanders were in action. He was under a tree looking through the glasses when he was buried by a shower of branches and twigs. He found a shell had grazed the tree a foot above his head.

Many Canadians say that they lost absolutely all their belongings in the recent big battle. Col. Currie in this respect only bewails the loss of his shaving brush and a couple of blankets, but he is glad to be in London to generally refit.

GERMAN GAS WEAPON SEEN FOUR YEARS AGO

C. R. Lynch, an American who has been touring the continent for the last few years introducing American business and amusement ideas, returned to New York yesterday and told of having witnessed experiments by the Germans with their deadly asphyxiating gases which they used with remarkable effect against the allies recently in the fighting in Flanders.

"About four years ago," said Mr. Lynch, "I had arranged to build a Dreamland Park near Berlin. I had raised the capital and secured the site. The German police officials insisted, however, that all the structures should be of steel and concrete. Just then Dreamland at Coney Island burned down and the police said they did not want anything like that in the neighborhood of Berlin, and the project had to be given up.

"But while I was getting the site I was invited one day to witness an exhibition of a new invention of a German engineer named Fiedler. He called it a 'burning lake,' and it was his idea to use it for amusement purposes. Fiedler claimed he had recovered the lost secret of the ancient 'Greek fire.'

We took a train from Berlin and rode an hour to a place whose name I was not told. We drove through a forest until dark, when suddenly we came to a clearing in the woods. Here there was some sort of small engine, which they did not allow me to approach, and they would not allow me to see anything except the end of a hose. At a signal the hose began to spurt a stream of fire in the air. The heat was such that I could not approach within 200 feet of the nozzle. They turned the hose upon a small stream that was near, and soon for quite a distance the surface of the stream was ablaze. The inventor said that he had set fire to boats by letting the current and the wind carry the blaze in their direction.

"The invention had been demonstrated three times before the Kaiser himself. I was so impressed with the invention that I immediately made a [illegible] for the American rights of it. I was [illegible] that there were no American rights, [illegible] German government had forbidden that [illegible] invention should be shown outside of the country. When the descriptions were published of the attack on French trenches with liquid fire, I recognized the invention I had seen demonstrated near Berlin about four years ago."—New York Times.

Shell as Souvenir

Presented to General Hughes in Recognition of His Services

OTTAWA, May 12.—At an informal dinner given in Montreal to Major-General Hughes on his visit there on Monday night, expression was given to the services rendered by the Minister of Militia in doing so much for the industries of Canada by securing large shell orders from the British, French and Russion government. The first eighteen-pounder cartridge case used commercially in Canada, plated in gold and suitably inscribed, was presented to General Hughes by Brigadier General Bertram, chairman, on behalf of the shell committee, as a testimony of their appreciation for the work he has been doing. General Bertram pointed out that previous to the war no shells were made in Canada, except in the Dominion arsenal, but now, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, foundries and factories which otherwise would have been idle owing to depression caused by the war, were working day and night turning out shells. It was stated by General Bertram that the Minister of Militia had the foresight and the ability to know that Canadian factories could do such work, and had used his influence to get large shell orders for Canada. The inscription on the cartridge case which is mounted on a mahogany base is as follows:

"The first eighteen-pounder cartridge case used commercially in Canada February 1st, 1915, by Canadian Pacific Railway Angus Shops, Montreal, presented to Major General, the Honorable Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia by the Shell Committee."

Shooting Mystery

MONTREAL, May 12.—Mystery surrounds the shooting of a woman in a St. Denis street house yesterday afternoon. The police knew nothing of the shooting until early this morning and thus far have not ascertained whether they were purposely self-inflicted or whether she was shot by an other person. The ambulance of the Royal Victoria Hospital was called evidently by mistake, at four o'clock yesterday afternoon to 403 St. Denis street. The ambulance doctor, entering the house found a woman suffering from a bullet wound in the abdomen and another in the thigh. A private physician in attendance refused to allow the victim to be taken in the ambulance, although she was bleeding profusely from the apparently dangerous wounds. The physician insisted that she was to be taken to the Hotel Dieu. When inklings of the affair leaked out late last night, it was found by inquiry at the City Hall avenue police station, only three blocks from the St. Denis street house that they had received no report from the Hotel Dieu. Inquiries at that institution elicited only the information that the woman was still alive, and that an operation had been performed. The police promise an investigation today.

ELBERT HUBBARD HAD HIS WISH

I first saw Elbert Hubbard, the American writer lost with the Lusitania, when he toured this country lecturing some five years ago," writes "The Wanderer," in the Montreal Mail. "Hubbard was a peculiar genius; but evey reader of the popular magazines and many others who followed his work, hold a special grudge against the Germans for his murder.

It was not Hubbard's way to starve in a garret just because he was a literary genius. He had keen business talent as well, and he employed it to good advantage. His colony at East Aurora, New York, is familiar to millions all over the world, and countless numbers have contributed to Hubbard's income. He had a gift of subtle flattery against which the average mortal had no defence. The average mortal, therefore, was permitted to join the magic circle of Hubbard's admirers and worship at Hubbard's feet—for so much hard cash.

The man was an exceptionally vivid writer, [illegible] with quaint and original ideas. His [illegible] interpretation of the passing events, in [illegible] of the popular magazines, was illuminating and instructive. Early in the war he took a stand against Germany, and I have not seen a more biting condemnation of the Kaiser than he produced.

Hubbard's loss is important because he had a huge following in the United States, composed of intelligent readers who were attracted by his genuine literary skill and his refreshing unconventionality. Personally, in reading of his death I felt that I had lost a friendly advisor, and no doubt thousands who followed him more closely, feel this all the more keenly.

Before the Lusitania sailed Hubbard told the press he hoped the ship would be torpedoed with him on board as it would be such a great advertisement for him. Poor Hubbard has had his light-hearted desire; but it seems a great pity that he should not have lived to express his sentiments at the outrage. He would have added something notable to the history of the war."

Canadian Bayonet of Medium Length.

The following memorandum was issued recently by the Militia Department, apparently in reply to comments in letters received from Col. Currie, M.P., at the front:

"Articles have appeared in the press recently attempting to point out the disadvantage of the Ross bayonet, with which Canadians are armed at the front, in comparison with other makes, particularly on account of length. The following information will, no doubt, be of general interest:

"Length of rifles and bayonets used by the principal nations at war are:

"Germany — Rifle, 4 feet, 1.4 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 9.95 inches.

"Austria—Rifle, 4 feet, 2 inches; with bayonet, 1 feet, 11.5 inches.

"Turkey—Rifle, 4 feet, .6 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet 6.6 inches.

"Belgium — Rifle, 4 feet, 2.25 inches; with bayonet, 4 feet, 11.75 inches.

"France — Rifle, 4 feet, 3.12 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 11.84 inches.

"Russia — Rifle, 4 feet, 3.875 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 9 inches.

"Great Britain — (Short Lee-Enfield) rifle, 3 feet, 8.5 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 1.17 inches.

"Canada—(Ross) rifle, 4 feet 2.5 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 1 inch.

"It is interesting to note that the American rifle is 3 feet, 7.2 inches long and with the bayonet, 4 feet, 11 inches.

Chief Holds His Land.

A seventy-eight-year-old Indian, son of Chief Kijikomanitou, so patented by George IV., was defendant in an action brought by John McAllister, of Bancroft, who describes himself as a foreman. The action was brought to recover possession of two lots on Long Lake, Herschel township, Hastings, part of the paternal estate of the defendant, to whose family the land was granted by the Crown in 1876. The plaintiff claimed, under a tax sale and under a quit-claim deed from a sister of the defendant.

Chief Justice Falconbridge gave judgment in favor of the aged "child of the forest," holding that the defendant had proved title by possession, as he has occupied the lands for 29 years.

The Few Did Well.

Although there are only twelve women in the town of Carcross, Yukon Territory, including one Japanese and one Indian, they have been doing a splendid work on behalf of the soldiers and have sent a parcel of knitted goods to the Canadian Red Cross. These comforts were sent by the patriotic league of that little town in the far north.

Evolution of Advertisement.

The word "advertisement," which meant special notice, was not used in our modern sense until about 1660. The term adopted was "advice." The fees were distinctly heavy, and a curious fact is that it does not seem to have occurred to the promoters to charge for space or the number of words. Important "advices" or those by important people seem simply to have been put in capital letters and allowed more space without regard to price.—From "A History of English Journalism," by J. B. Williams.

TO THE THIRD CONTINGENT

Come Johnny, are you ready? We are going to the fight;
Those Huns will soon be routed, for the British lion's alright,
Has been taken into action and her cubs are all in sight,
Are rushing to the conflict, and their work will not be light.

Chorus.

When you hear those German bullets ping,
All keep cool and make your rifles sting;
And we'll rout those Huns till they have no breath to sing—
We'll give them some trouble in Germany—Look out!

There are men from [illegible] Australia and from good New Zealand too,
And our gallant troops from India have proved what they can do;
For in heart they're all united with a spirit brave and true—
And they'll fight as British soldiers fight until the war is thro'.

Our Canada is giving two hundred thousand strong
Of her bravest sons and loyal who will always right the wrong;
And from all her rich Dominion they are rushing to the fray,
And "The Maple Leaf Forever" is their battle song today.

When you hear those German bullets ping,
All keep close and make your rifles sting;
And we'll rout those Huns, and drive them out to sea,
And give them a hot time in Germany.

—M. E. S.

Persons and events may stand for a time between you and reckoning, but it is only a postponement. You must pay at least your own debt.—Emerson.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.20 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast [illegible] Flyer, daily.
No 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 2.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.0? a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—4.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—4.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.28 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.08 p.m

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Bulier, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily
MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.
Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIME TABLE CHANGES
A change of time will be made on May 15th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO
Muskoka Lakes — Lake of Bays
Algonquin Park — Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River — Timagami Etc.

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain points in Ontario, with liberal stop-overs.
Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

OUR LINES
Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor Cycle Repairing
Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing
Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at
The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000
The A, B, C of Banking
Get the Savings Habit.
Highest Current Rates Allowed, and
Interest Compounded Half-Yearly on Deposits.
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

The Merchants Bank Of Canada
Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000
YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
Belleville Branch — H. SNEYD, Manager

KK
Kitchener
Tooke
BROS LIMITED
MADE IN CANADA

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
A HUNDRED YEARS SUCCESS GUARANTEES THEIR EXCELLENCE
The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

MADE IN CANADA
W.G.&R. TRADE MARK
SHIRTS
COLLARS
PYJAMAS
SUMMER UNDERWEAR
BOYS' BLOUSES
THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED
BERLIN, ONTARIO

WEAR FLEET FOOT
Shoes for every Sport and Recreation
Sold by all Good Shoe Dealers
Worn by Every Member of the Family

Col. Roosevelt Comments on Wilson Speech

"Too Proud to Fight" Policy Will Place U.S. Where China is Now

SYRACUSE, N.Y., May 11.—Col. Roosevelt announced to-day what action, in his opinion, this country should take toward Germany because of the sinking of the Lusitania. Col. Roosevelt earnestly said that the time for deliberation was past and that within 24 hours this Government could and should, take effective action by declaring that all commerce with Germany forthwith be forbidden and that all commerce of every kind be permitted and encouraged with France, England, and "the rest of the civilized world."

Col. Roosevelt said that for America to take this step would not mean war, as a firm assertion of our rights could not be so construed, but he added, that we do well to remember that there were things worse than war.

The Colonel has been reading carefully President Wilson's speech, and what seemed to impress him more than anything else was this passage from it:—

"There is such a thing as a man being to proud to fight. There is such a thing as a nation being so right that it does not need to convince others by force that it is right."

Asked if he dared to make any comment upon the speech of the President Mr. Roosevelt said:

"I think that China is entitled to draw all the comfort she can from this statement and it would be well for the United States to ponder seriously what the effect upon China has been of managing her foreign affairs during the last fifteen years of the theory thus enniciated.

"If the United States is satisfied with occupying some time in the future the precise international position that China now occupies, then the United States can afford to act on this theory. But it cannot act on this theory if it desires to retain or regain the position won for it by the men who fought under Washington, and by the men who, in the days of Abraham Lincoln, wore the blue under Grant and the grey under Lee.

Hopes For Prompt Action

"I very earnestly hope that we will act promptly. The proper time for deliberation was prior to the sending of the message that our Government would hold Germany to a strict accountability if it did the things it has now actually done. The 150 babies drowned on the Lusitania; the hundreds of women drowned with them; scores of these women and children being Americans, and the American ship, the Gulflight, which was torpedoed and sunk with the American captain and some members of her crew, offer an eloquent commentary on the actual working of the theory that force is not necessary to assert and that a policy of blood and iron can with efficacy be met by a policy of milk and water.

"I see it stated in the press despatches from Washington that Germany now offers to stop the practice on the high seas, committed in violation of the neutral rights that she is pledged to observe, if we will not abandon further neutral rights, which by her treaty she has solemnly pledged herself to see that we exercise without molestation. Such a proposal is not even entitled to an answer.

Would Not Mean War

"The manufacturing and shipment of arms and ammunition to any belligerent is moral or immoral according to the use to which the arms and munitions are to be put. If they are to be used to prevent the redress of the hideous wrongs inflicted on Belgium, then it is immoral to ship them. But they are to be used for the redress of those wrongs and restoration of Belgium to her deeply wronged and unoffending people, then it is eminently moral to send them. Without 24 hours' delay this country could and should take effective action by declaring that in view of Germany's murderous offenses against the rights of neutrals, all commerce with Germany shall be forthwith forbidden and all commerce of every kind permitted and encouraged with France, England and the rest of the civilized world. This would not be a declaration of war. It would merely prevent munitions of war being sent to a power, which, by its conduct, has shown willingness to use munitions to slaughter American men and women and children. I do not believe the assertion of our rights means war, but we will do well to remember there are things worse than war.

"Let us, as a nation, understand that peace is worthy only when it is the hand maiden of international righteousness and of international selfrespect."

HIS HEALTH IN A TERRIBLE STATE

"Fruit-a-tives" Healed His Kidneys and Cured Him

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., AUG. 26th. 1913.

"About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. My Kidneys were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. I felt the need of some good remedy, and having seen "Fruit-a-tives" advertised, I decided to try them. Their effect, I found more than satisfactory.

Their action was mild and the result all that could be expected.

My Kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes, and I regained my old-time vitality. Today, I am enjoying the best health I have ever had".

B. A. KELLY

"Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest Kidney Remedy in the world. It acts on the bowels and skin as well as on the kidneys, and thereby soothes and cures any Kidney soreness.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. or will be sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Use Rexall Orderlies for Chronic Constipation; they are gentle in action, mild and natural. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Blow to British

Naval Writer Says Prestige of Admiralty Has Suffered

LONDON, May 11.—A. H. Pillen, who is among the most highly considered naval writers here, concludes an article in the Westminster Gazette today on the loss of the Lusitania wherein he examines the criticisms of the Admiralty.

"The counter campaign of which we have heard so little and hoped so much does not seem to have driven the German submarines from the Channel, but nearly thirty of our trawlers have now been sunk in the North Sea and two liners each exceeding five thoushand tons displacement; were sunk on Friday in addition to the Lusitania.

"The case of the Lusitania makes the efficiency of the defensive campaign something more than a domestic matter. The murder of over one hundred Americans who entrusted their lives to a British ship may be the last and final blow to British prestige and we shall await with the utmost anxiety the explanations which the Admiralty and the Cunard Company will offer."

'LIFE OF LORD STRATHCONA'

LONDON, May 12.—A verdict for the defendants was given yesterday in the libel action brought by W. T. R. Preston against the Daily News over their criticism of his book on the "Life of Lord Strathcona." The newspaper's counsel addressing the jury described the book as a bitter sermon on the text appearing in the early pages of the book that the Scotchman lived for himself. 'What you get in this book is page after page of game of grab,'' declared counsel.

The appointment of Judge Wallace Graham to the justiceship of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia in succession to Sir Charles Townsend, is gazetted. Sir Charles recently resigned.

To Folks Who Daily With Corns

To you who pare corns—

You who use liquids—

Or other old-time ways.

You've amply proved that using such things is merely dallying with a corn.

For your own sake, prove the right way. Millions of people have found it. Half the corns that grow are ended by this woondrous Blue-jay plaster.

The corn pain ceases the moment you apply it. Then the B & B wax—a famous chemist's invention—gently undermines the corn. In 48 hours the whole corn comes out, without any pain or soreness.

Ask your friends. Scores of them have proved that Blue-jay makes it folly to have corns.

Blue-jay Plasters

15 and 25 cents—at Druggists
Samples Mailed Free

Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York
Makers of Physicians' Supplies

Education of Soldiers' Children

Kingston to Provide for Education of Children of Soldiers Killed or Disabled

KINGSTON, May 12.—The City Council will provide for the education of all children of Kingston soldiers killed or completely disabled in the war. This was decided upon Monday night when the following resolution, moved by Ald. Nickle, was adopted:

"That the Mayor be instructed to appoint a committee to consider and report upon a scheme for providing free education through the Collegiate Institute for children of soldiers killed or completely disabled while on active service, the soldiers to have been residents of Kingston when they enlisted."

Ald. Nickle said that as one of the Canadian Patriotic Fund Committee having charge of the payment of money to the families of soldiers serving overseas, he had noted this: That the mothers had on their mind the education of their children should the fathers be killed or permanently disabled. Widows of soldiers would receive less than half what they were now getting as the pension fund would give them $22 a month for themselves and $5 for each child. Ald. Nickle said that it was the duty of a municiality to look after the children and see that they were properly educated.

The resolution was carried unanimously, and a report will likely be presented at the next meeting of Council.

What Thin Folks Should Do To Gain Weight

Physician's Advice for Thin, Undeveloped Men and Women

Thousands of people suffer from excessive thinness, weak nerves and feeble stomachs who, having tried advertised flesh-makers, food-fads, physical culture stunts and rub-on creams, resign themselves to life-long skinniness and think nothing will make them fat Yet their case is not hopeless. A recently discovered regenerative force makes fat grow after years of thinness, and is also unequalled for repairing the waste of sickness or faulty digestion and for strengthening the nerves. This remarkable discovery is called Sargol. Six strength-giving fat-producing elements of acknowledged merit have been combined in this peerless preparation, which is endorsed by eminent physicians and used by prominent people everywhere. It is absolutely harmless, inexpensive and efficient.

A month's systematic use of Sargol should produce flesh and strength by correcting faults of digestion and by supplying highly concentrated fats to the blood. Increased nourishment is obtained from the food eaten and the additional fats that thin people need are provided. J. S. McKeown and other leading druggists supply Sargol and say there is a large demand for it.

While this new preparation has given splendid results as a nerve-tonic and vitalized, it should not be used by nervous people unless they wish to gain at least ten pounds of flesh.

INTERESTING ITEMS

Kingston has decided to erect an incinerator for the burning of public garbage.

The Princess Theatre destroyed by fire last week, at Toronto, will be rebuilt, but not on the old site. Mr. B. C. Whitney, the Detroit owner, has given instructions to Mr. Howard Crane, contractor, to proceed with the plans.

The Board of Trade has fixed May 20 as the date for enquiry into the sink of the British passenger steamer Falaba.

With an area equal to that of Texas, two-thirds of it tillable, Moracco has less than 10 per vent. of its soil under even the rudest cultivation.

Tanks to hold half a ton of ice and electric fans to circulate the air from them are used to cool the interior of cars on the Egyptian state railways.

Colossal stone statues and other relics of an unknown race on Easter island, 200 miles off the west coast of South America, are to be studied by English scientists.

With wireless stations powerful enough to reach vessels in all Chinese waters, the government of that nation will establish a typhon warning service.

An increase in wages to men on the Hudson Bay Railway is announced.

New buildings for the Children's Home at Tuxedo Park, Winnipeg, are to be erected. They will cost in the neighborhood of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Through the efforts of a bucket brigade formed by neighbors, several horses and other stock were rescued from a fire that destroyed a large barn and two adjoining buildings on the farm of Charles Barnett, in Gosfield township, Amherstburg.

The new Carnegie library in Elmira was discovered ablaze on Tuesday. Owing to the fireproof roofing the fire was confined to the interior.

John Peterson, of New Westminster B.C., was sent to jail for six months for selling liquor to an Indian.

Frank J. Doran, of Watertown, was drowned in the St. Lawrence river on Saturday opposite the Westminster Park hotel.

John Goodison, founder of the thresher works of that name in Sarnia, and whose name is familiar among the farmers of Canada, died at his home on George street last night after an illness of only a few minutes.

Phosphate is now being mined in Burgess township and loaded by rail at Perth for export to the United States.

Freight rates on the Kettle Valley, B.C., railway have been cut seven cents per hundred pounds between different points.

It is definitely decided that there will be no court-martial proceedings against any of the prisoners at Fort H nry in connection with the mutiny of two weeks ago.

Shoe manufacturers of Berlin, Waterloo, Guelph, Brampton, Tilsonburg, Hamilton, Galt and other Ontario towns met for the purpose of making arrangements to handle an immense order of shoe for the British Army.

A Reuter despatch from Cape Town says regulations have been promulgated imposing severe restrictions in the sale of liquor, especially to members of the Union of South Africa and the Imperial forces.

Mr. John A. Murphy, County Crown Attorney for Haldimand County, died at his residence, Cayuga, yesterday evening.

A jitney service has been started in Regina. They will compete with the municipal street railway, which is already a losing proposition.

Bedford Park residents are complaining that no Englishmen can get jobs with the contractors working on the city water mains. They claim that foreigners are being employed instead.

Because of the low water on the Great Lakes it is estimated that the shrinkage in the total amount of freight carried this year will be between 4,000 and 6,000 tons.

The funeral of Mr. A. H. Creswicke, K.C., of Barrie, which was held yesterday, was attended by prominent barristers from many parts of Ontario.

The congregation of St. James' Lutheran Church, at Elmira, yesterday and was largely attended.

A memorial service to honor the memory of soldiers who have died at the front was held in the Armoury at Woodstock. Over 1,500 citizens were present.

The longer we live the stronger is our conviction that there should be a law against contempt in the home. Nothing quite equals the sneer of a certain woman if you puff and blow after you mow the lawn for the first time.

Isn't it pleasant to have a stenographer always with you?'' asks the advertising writer for the "Sunset Limited." One might pull a wheeze from this if one hadn't long since been taught not to monkey with wheezes of this nature.

It's (Not Such) A Long, Long Way to Tipperary (Biscuits)
REGISTERED
(Just to the nearest Grocery store) 35

Hello Montreal, Speak to Frisco

Party of Montrealers Inaugurated Service With 3,800-Mile Talk

MONTREAL, May 11.—Montreal was yesterday for the first time in its history connected by copper telephone wires stretching from this city through to San Francisco, completing a long-distance circuit, and a number of leading Montreal gentlemen, at the head offices of the Bell Telephone Co., inaugurated the event by holding conversations with friends in the California capital.

Sitting quietly around a table, at which a number of telephone instruments had been adjusted, they were able to easily chat with people at the other end of the line, at the San Francisco Exhibition, 3,800 miles away, and they had not the slightest difficulty in being heard or hearing the voices at the other end of the line, at the far southwestern corner of the continent.

To make the marvellous exhibition of the possibilities of the modern telephone even more complete, a gramophone concert was given in the room at the Panama Exhibition at San Francisco, which was heard with perfect clearness by those sitting in the room on Notre Dame street, the programme ending with "Tipperary" and "God Save the King."

It is difficult quite to understand what this achievement means to people used to ordinary and long distance telephoning. To appreciate its significance it is necessary to understand that the words spoken in Montreal passed over continuous copper lines to New York, thence 390 miles to Pittsburgh, 545 miles on to Chicago, 500 miles further to Omaha, 585 miles to Denver, 585 miles to Salt Lake City, and finally 770 miles to San Francisco, and over this extraordinary distance the voices were carried with the same clearness and promptness as in an ordinary conversation to Quebec or Toronto.

TOOK 1-15 OF A SECOND.

When Mr. Sise's guests at the Bell Telephone office spoke into the receiver their voices travelled much more than across the continent at a speed of 56,000 miles an hour. It took just one-fifteenth part of a second for the words spoken here to reach the ears of those listening in San Francisco. Had it been possible to project a human voice over such a distance at the ordinary rate of sound progression, which is about 1,100 feet a second, it would have taken three hours before the sound would have been heard in San Francisco.

To accomplish this marvellous ... ing of the ordinary forces of nature it was necessary that every word spoken should send electric waves through no less than 2,960 tons of drawn copper wire, strung over 130,000 telephone poles, with 870 pounds of copper wire per circuit mile. The service required two physical circuits and one phantom circuit, each physical circuit from New York to San Francisco requiring 6,800 miles of wire, there being two wires to each physical circuit. The total length of copper wire in the lines from New York to San Francisco is 13,600 miles, to which must be added a thousand or more miles for the circuits from Montreal to New York. The wire is naturally light, being .165 of an inch thick.

What this telephonic achievement means is shown by the fact that it takes about 90 hours on the fastest through trains to get from Montreal to San Francisco, while the fastest railroad time ever made between New York and San Francisco was 71 hours and 20 minutes. Travelling by way of the Panama Canal it would take 17 days to get to Montreal from San Francisco. With this latest triumph of telephony the connection is made, Central calls, "Hello, San Francisco," and in the fifteenth part of a second the words spoken in Montreal are heard at the Pacific coast capital.

The Panama Canal, the greatest engineering achievement of the age, was started nine years ago, and has cost $310,000,000. During that same period the Bell Telephone Co. has spent more than twice as much, or $620,000,000 on engineering construction work alone.

FIRST TO USE THE LINE.

Mr. C. F. Sise, Jr., General Manager of the Bell Telephone Co. of Canada, was the host on this historic occasion, and amongst the guests at the telephones were Sir Herbert Holt, President of the Royal Bank, Mr. Geo. Benson, President of the Board of Trade, Mr. H. B. Walker, Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Mr. Frank Pauze, President of the Chambre de Commerce, Mr. M. S. Allan, of the Northern Electric Co., and Mr. James Sutherland, of Verret, Stewart & Co., together with representatives of Montreal newspapers.

Seated around the office table, each of these had an instrument with which they could hear all the conversations being carried on on the Fair Grounds at San Francisco.

Amongst those with whom they conversed were Col. Hutchinson, Canadian Commissioner at the San Francisco World's Fair, U. S. Senator Dawson, Mr. Deville, of the American Telegraph and Telephone Co., and Mr. Peck, chairman of the press committee of the exposition. Several of those at this end sent messages to friends and relatives in the far distant city, and the wonderful demonstration concluded with a brief concert, played on a gramophone nearly 4,000 miles distant.

German Agents Visit Montreal

Were Headed by Von Novelli, Who Engineered Famous Dacia Deal

MONTREAL, May 12.— Her Von Novelli, the secret Austrian agent, who was behind the Dacia deal when an effort was made by German agents to entange the United States with Great Britain, was in Montreal on Monday, and with several other agents made efforts to buy steamers and arrange freights. The net result of his work was that his agents were arrested by officials from the enemy alien department, and it is believed that they have returned across the border whence they came. What has happened to Von Novelli is not known but it is thought that he is no longer in Canada.

On Monday morning two gentlemen, with German names, called at the offices of the Montreal Transportation Company, and started to negotiate for the purchase of the steamer Rosemount, stating that they represented Mr. Von Novelli. Some suspicion was raised when the men said that they only met Von Nevelli on the train on their way here from New York on the previous night.

The two agents wished to purchase one vessel from the Montreal Transportation Company but were told there was nothing doing, as the suspicions of the company were aroused by the accent and manners of the men.

While these negotiations were going on, officers from Chief Carpenter's department arrived, and took the men in charge. No statement had been made as to what was done with them, but it is believed that they were subsequently released.

Another call was made by the agents on the F. E. Hall Company, about noon. Mr. F. E. Hall said that two men came in and wanted to talk arrangements for a cargo for a vessel. One said his name was Chas. Kurz, representing Rubelli & Sons, shipping brokers, Philadelphia, and he spoke English perfectly. The man with him gave his name as F. Von Novelli, and he did practically all the talking in a strong German or Austrian accent.

"I suspected the men at the very start," said Mr. F. E. Hall yesterday. "They wanted to talk about freight for the other side, but I would not allow them into the inner office at all, and gave them such a cool reception that they speedily left."

Visited Thomas Harling

"I had a call from these same people," said Mr. Thos. Harling, the well-known steamship agent at the Board of Trade Building. "A man who gave the name of Mr. Kurz, of Philadelphia came to my office and wanted to know if I would supply a cargo for a vessel he wanted to load. He told me it was the Rosemount, which I knew belonged to the Montreal Transportation Co. I asked where the cargo was to go and he said to England.

"He had left another man in the outside office, whom I recognized. I asked him who the other man was, and he said it was Mr. E. Von Novelli. I at once told him I would give him two minutes to get out of my office or I would give him in charge. At that time Novelli had also recognized me, and I hunted them both out of the office."

Mr. Harling said he had met Von Novelli in New York, and knew him in connection with the famous Dacia case. This was the German freighter which was interned in an American port and ostensibly sold to an American citizen, to take a cargo to Germany, when she was naturally seized by the British warships and sent to a prize court. Mr. Harling stated that Novelli claimed to be an American citizen, but he knew him for an Austrian while Novelli's record was well known to Chief Carpenter.

Nothing is know as to what object Von Novelli and his associates had in their efforts to get vessels and cargo in Montreal. It is, however, known that they made a mistake. The officials in charge of the enemy alien department know what has become of the trio, but they decline to make any statement.

Clean and Sanitary—this is possible with hard, lustrous black enamel finish on

McClary's Gas Ranges

For artificial or natural gas

A rub with a soft cloth keeps smooth nickelled trimmings good as new. 40 styles. See the McClary dealer.

Sold By
The Smith Hardware Co.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE FATAL LETTER

The blind man's ear recognized the tone now. "I wish you boys would agree better," he said wearily. "Gerald, go to bed. I would as soon play chess with an idiot from Earlswood. Generally you can play the game, if you are good for nothing else; but since your brother came in, you have not made a move which anyone not an imbecile would make. Go to bed, boy! go to bed!"

I had stepped to the table while he was speaking. One of the glasses was full. I lifted it, with seeming unconcern, to my nose. There was whisky in it as well as water. Then had Gerald mixed for me? At any rate, I put the tumbler aside, and helped myself afresh. When I set the glass down empty my mind was made up.

"Gerald does not seem inclined to move, sir, so I will," I said quietly. "I will call in the morning and discuss that matter, if it will suit you. But to-night I feel inclined to get to bed early."

'Quite right, my boy. I would ask you to take a bed here instead of turning out, but I suppose that Laura will be expecting you. Come in any time tomorrow morning. Shall Barpes call a cab for you?"

"I think I will walk," I answered, shaking the proffered hand. "By the way, sir,'" I added, "have you heard who is the new Home Secretary?"

"Yes, Henry Matthews," he replied. "Gerald told me. He had heard it at the club."

"It is to be hoped that he will have no womanish scruples about capital punishment," I said, as if I were incidentally considering the appointment. And with that last shot at Mr. Gerald—he turned green, I thought, a color which does not go well with a black mustache—I walked out of the room, so peaceful, so cozy, so softly lighted as it looked, I remember, and downstairs. I hoped that I had paralyzed the young fellow, and might leave the house without molestation.

But, as I gained the foot of the stairs, he tapped me on the shoulder. I saw, then, looking at him, that I had mistaken my man. Every trace of the sullen defiance which had marked his maner throughout the interview upstairs was gone. His face was still pale, but it wore a gentle smile as we confronted one another under the hall lamp. "I have not the pleasure of knowing you, but let me thank you for your help," he said in a low voice, yet with a kind of frank spontaneity. "Barnes' idea of bringing you in was a splendid one, and I am immensely obliged to you."

"Don't mention it," I answered stiffly, proceeding with my preparations for going out as if he had not been there, although I confess that this complete change in him exercised my mind no little.

"I feel so sure that we may rely upon your decision," he went on, ignoring my tone, "that I need say nothing about that. Of course, we owe you an explanation, but as your cold is really yours and not my brother's, you will not mind if I read you the riddle to-morrow instead of keeping you from your bed to-night?"

"It will do equally well; indeed better," I said, putting on my overcoat and buttoning it carefully across my chest, while I affected to be looking with curiosity at the sedan chair.

He pointed lightly to the place where the packet lay. "You are forgetting the papers," he reminded m. His tone almost compelled the answer. "To be sure."

But I had pretty well made up my mind, and I answered instead: "Not at all. They are quite safe, thank you."

"But you don't—I beg your pardon," be said, opening his eyes very wide, as if some new light were beginning to shine upon his mind and he could scarcely believe its revelation. "You really don't mean that you are going to take those papers away with you?"

"Certainly!"

'My dear sir!" he remonstrated earnestly. "This is preposterous. Pray forgive me the reminder, but those papers, as my father gave you to understand, are private papers, which he supposed himself to be handing to my brother George."

"Just so," was all I said. And I took a step toward the door.

"You really mean to take them?" he asked seriously.

"I do; unless you can satisfactorily explain the part I have played this evening, and also make it clear to me that you have a right to the possession of the papers."

"Confound it! If I must do so tonight, I must!" he said reluctantly. "I trust to your honor, sir, to keep the explanation secret." I bowed, and he resumed: "My elder brother and I are in business together. Lately we have had losses which have crippled us so severely that we decided to disclose them to Sir Charles and ask his help. George did so yesterday by letter, giving certain notes of our liabilities. You ask why he did not make such a statement by word of mouth? Because he had to go to Liverpool at a moment's notice to make an effort to arrange the matter. And as for me," with a curious grimace, "my father would as soon discuss business with his dog! Sooner!"

"Well?" I said. He had paused, and was absently flicking the blossoms off the geraniums in the fireplace with his pocket handkerchief, looking moodily at his work the while. I cannot remember noticing the handkerchief, yet I seem to be able to see it now. It had a red border, and was heavily scented with white rose. "Well?"

"Well," he continued, with a visible effort, "my father has been ailing lately, and this morning his usual doctor made him see Bristowe. He is an authority on heart disease, as you doubtless know; and his opinion is," he added, in a lower voice with some emotion, "that even a slight shock may prove fatal."

I began to feel hot and uncomfortable. What was I to think? The packet was becoming as lead in my pocket.

"Of course," he resumed more briskly, "that threw our difficulties into the shade at once; and my first impulse was to get these papers from him. Don't you see that? All day I have been trying in vain to effect it. I took Barnes, who is an old servant, partially into my confidence, but we could think of no plan. My father, like many people who have lost their sight, is jealous, and I was at my wits' end, when Barnes brought you up. Your likness," he added in a parenthesis, looking at me reflectively, "to George put the idea into his head, I fancy? Yes, it must have been so. When I heard you announced, for a moment I thought that you were George."

"And you called up a look of the warmest welcome," I put in dryly.

He colored, but answered almost immediately. "I was afraid that he would assume that the governor had read his letter, and blurt out something about it. Good Lord, if you knew the funk in which I have been all the evening lest father should ask either of us to read the letter!" and he gathered up his handkerchief with a sigh of relief, and wiped his forehead

'I could see it very plainly." I answered, going slowly in my mind over what he had told me. If the truth must be confessed, I was in no slight quandry what I should do, or what I should believe. Was this really the key to it all? Dared I doubt it? or that which I had constructed was a mare's nest. For the life of me I could not tell!

"Well?" he said presently, looking up with an offended air. "Is there anything else I can explain? or will you have the kindness to return my property to me now?"

"There is one thing, about which I should like to ask a question," I said.

"Ask on!" he replied; and I wondered whether there was not a little too much of bravado in the tone of sufferance he assumed.

"Why do you carry"— I went on, raising my eyes to his, and pausing on the word an instant—"that little medicament—you know what I mean —in your waistcoat pocket, my friend?"

He perceptibly flinched. "I don't quite—quite understand," he began to stammer. Then he changed his tone and went on rapidly, "No! I will be frank with you, Mr.—Mr.—"

"George," I said calmly.

"Ah, indeed?" a trifle surprised, "Mr. George! Well, it is something Bristowe gave me this morning to be administered to my father—without his knowledge, if possible—whenever he grows excited. I did not think that you had seen it."

Nor had I. I had only inferred its presence. But having inferred rightly once, I was inclined to trust my inference farther. Moreover, while he gave this explanation, his breath came and went so quickly that my former suspicions returned. I was ready for him when he said, "Now I will trouble you, if you please, for those papers?" and held out his hand.

"I cannot give them to you," I replied, point-blank.

"You cannot give them to me now?" he repeated.

To be Continued.

Piles 2 Years. Cured by ZAM-BUK

Mr. W. J. Donovan of New Edinburgh, Ont., writes, "For two years I suffered with bleeding piles. The pain was most intense. I tried first one and then another of the so-called remedies but without effect. At last I decided to try Zam-Buk. This gave quick relief from the dull gnawing pain, and perseverance with Zam-Buk entirely cured me."

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FOR FREE TRIAL BOX send this article, name of paper, and 1c stamp (for return postage) to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

MELVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Osborne are in Toronto this week, attending the obsequies of the late Mrs. Arthur Trimble, a sister-in-law of Mrs. Osborne.

Mrs. Harston returned home on Friday after spending several weeks with friends in Madoc.

Mrs. Thomas Thompson, Wellington spent a few days last week in Melville, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Albert Carley.

An exciting run away occured in Melville on Thursday afternoon, when a team of horses hitched before a wagon, became frightened near the mill and ran away. There being no driver on the wagon, the horses continued their furious pace, for a mile or more, when one of the horses falling and becoming entangled in the harness, prevented the progress of the other. Fortunately, no serious damage was done, other than a few bruises to the fallen horse. The team belonged to Mr. J. R. French.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. French spent Saturday in Picton.

The Melville friends of Mr. Morris Huff, Mount Pleasant regret to hear of his illness, necessitating an operation in a Toronto hospital, and sincerely hope for his ultimate recovery.

Mrs. Leslie Walt, North Lakeside, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Mary Johnson at Mount Pleasant.

Seeding operations being finished, the farmers are now preparing the soil for planting.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Chase entertained recently at dinner Mr. and Mrs. W. Anderson and Mr. and Mrs. J. Chase.

Mr. Young, Gardenville was through this locality on Saturday, selling raspberry plants.

The Sunday evening service at Melville was in keeping with the observance of Mothers' Day. White flowers, to the loving memory of mothers occupied conspicuous places in the church, exhaling a pleasing fragrance and breathing the spirit of the purity and dignity of motherhood. The organ prelude of "Home Sweet Home," a selection by the choir, "Beautiful Flowers of Eden"; an impressive sermon by the pastor, Rev. E. H. Harston, and a vocal solo, "The Touch of His hand on Mine," by George Weeks, combined to make a service peculiarly appropriate to the observance of this most sacred day.

Messrs. Arthur and Charles Kinnear, Mr. Clayton French and Mr. Percy Chase spent Saturday evening in Wellington.

The angel of Death has again visited our village and removed a fair young flower in the person of Miss Edith French, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman French. The deceased passed peacefully into eternal rest on Monday evening May 10th, after an illness of eleven weeks, at the early age of thirteen years. The parents and friends have the heartfelt sympathy of the community in their great loss.

MAGANETAWAN RIVER

The Maganetawan River District reached through Burk's Falls, 171 miles north of Toronto on the Northern Division of the Grand Trunk Railway System is recognized as one of the choicest districts in the Highlands of Ontario for the camper, canoeist and fisherman. Maganetawan lake and river scenery has a charm of its own, and each year it is increasing in popularity, not only among the hunters and fishermen who have been going into the region annually for years but by the summer resorter who desires to get away from the older and more crowded resorts. Good hotel accommodation may be had at many points at moderate rates. Apply to C. E. Horning, Union Station, Toronto for all particulars.

Rev. Henry McNeal Turner, Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Church in Michigan and Canada, died yesterday at Windsor, from a stroke of paralysis. He was in his 83rd year. He was an associate of Abraham Lincoln and was the first colored chaplain in the United States army.

The first week of the Canadian Officers' Training Camp at Niagara was completed yesterday. It is unofficially announced that the Duke of Connaught will visit the camp.

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20c Dress Crepes, 15c yard
These are good quality Cotton Crepes with raised stripe, and may be obtained in six colors, Navy, Copenhagen, Light Blue, Mauve, Grey, and Black, for........15c yard

Cambric Nightgowns, 59c
We have about five dozen Ladies' Cambric Nightgowns, slip-over style. The neck and sleeves are trimmed with Linen Torchon Lace. Unusual values at........59c each

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We have ribbed Cotton Hose in all sizes from 6 to 10, good quality, at........15c per yard

UNDERSKIRTS, 89c
In this assortment are about 10 dozen Ladies' Underskirts, in Satin, Cotton Foulards, and English Percales, in a good variety of colors.
Regular prices
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Your Choice, 89c

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Two pieces only of Shepherds' Check Dress Goods, 50 ins. wide, are specially priced at 50c yard

Pearl Buttons
These are shown in all sizes from 16 to 36 lines, in 2 or 4 hole styles, mounted 3, 4, 6 or 12 on a card at only........5c per card

Shantung Silk, 39c
We are selling our 34-in. Shantung Silk, in natural shades only, at........39c yd.

Ladies' Cotton Vests
We are offering about 7 dozen Ladies' Cotton Vests, summer weight, with low neck and short sleeves. Regular 15c,
Your Choice, 3 for 25c

Bedding Bargains
9-4 Bleached Sheeting, either twilled or plain, to sell at only........39c yard
Pillowslips, with scalloped embroidered edge, are priced at........25c each or 40c pair

Children's Dresses 75c each
We have about 4 doz. Dresses, in sizes 4, 6 and 8 only, made in colored Indian Head and Ginghams, at only........75c each

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You can buy a pure Linen Table Cloth, size 64 x 84 inches, for only
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STARVING THE GERMAN

BRITAIN'S TASK IN THE WAR IS A DIFFICULT ONE.

The Problem of Keeping the Kaiser's Workshops Without Copper Is Stupendous, But Britain Is Using Her Commercial and Naval Power Shrewdly and According to the Rules of War.

Will Britain be able eventually to starve Germany out? So far Great Britain has been fairly successful in drawing a fence of steel about Germany's shores, but Germany's necessity has made it worth the while of thousands of keen business men in neutral countries, and I am afraid of some in the old country, whose keenness is greater than their patriotism, to plan means for circumventing the blockade. This phase of the war has come down to a struggle of wits between the British Government and the neutral traders, and it is a struggle which must be carried on with the utmost diplomacy; for Great Britain does not wish, even if she could afford, to antagonize the people of the neutral countries by interfering with their business more than is absolutely necessary.

With her own people she can deal in one of two ways when she catches them. If the offence is not a serious one they may be dealt with under the new trading with the enemy Act, which provides for a fine of $5,000 or five years' imprisonment or both, but if a British subject is caught supplying arms or military stores to the enemy he may be tried for high treason, for which the punishment is death.

An interesting situation is that in regard to copper. Copper may well be described as the life-blood of war, and without it Germany cannot continue to fight long. It is used for cartridge cases, for shells, and for all sorts of machinery in connection with the guns on which Germany relies so much.

Copper, of course, is on the list of contraband, and under international law Great Britain has a perfect right to seize every cargo of copper which she can prove is destined for Germany. At the beginning of the war she did so, and, as a matter of fact, she is still doing so, but she has run up against a very difficult situation. The copper supply of the world is controlled largely by the Guggenheim interests. Britain, as well as Germany, must buy her copper from them, and the Guggenheims don't like the idea of their cargoes which they have sold to the Germans being seized by their other customer. Of course, Great Britain has scrupulously paid for all the copper that she has seized, but the result of the seizures has been to reduce her own orders for the metal. If she goes on seizing, the copper magnates have threatened to cut off her own supply.

One way out of the difficulty, of course, would be for Great Britain to take the entire available supply of copper, and she could well afford to do so.

There has been great difficulty in adjusting matters with Holland and the Scandinavian countries, especially Sweden, on which Germany has relied as sources of supply for many things, and as gates through which she may receive goods from overseas. Great Britain does not desire to quarrel with or to injure their trade more than is absolutely necessary for many reasons. One is that in normal times they are excellent customers of Britain and excellent friends as well.

The following figures will show how in a few articles of every day use Germany has been drawing supplies from Great Britain itself through these neutral countries. In the months of September and October, 1913, Britain exported to Holland, 733,800 pounds of tea, and in the same period Holland exported to Germany 1,028,356 pounds. In the corresponding two months of this year Britain exported to Holland 11,440,000 pounds of tea, and Holland sent 16,328,464 pounds to Germany. These figures are still more remarkable when we remember that Germany is not a tea-drinking country. In ordinary years she consumes about 9,000,000 pounds. The only conclusion we can draw, therefore, is that having seen how well the British troops fight on tea she has begun to serve it to her own soldiers. Similar figures show how she has been drawing cocoa and coffee from Great Britain. In the same two months of 1913 Great Britain exported to all European countries 2,522,732 pounds of cocoa, and in the two months of this year she exported 9,526,115 pounds. The figures for coffee for the same period were 20,966 cwt., and 83,087 cwt.

The situation has already been dealt with by the Board of Trade, which has put an embargo on the export of tea and coffee from Great Britain to the countries bordering on Germany. They have been informed as politely as possible that they have had all of these beverages that they can consume for a long time to come, and that Great Britain has no more to spare for them.

Germany has so far been willing to pay a price enough above the market to make it worth while to secure the stuff through the countries on her borders.

Grain and meat are two necessities which Germany is much in need of and which she has been unable to obtain in any quantity, owing partly to the arrangements made by the Board of Trade and partly to the patriotism of the dealers engaged in the trade. The international grain trade is almost entirely controlled by a few large houses with headquarters in London. Some of them are British and some are French, and both have rigorously shut down on the supply of grain to Germany or to countries which might pass it on to Germany. At their suggestion the Board of Trade arrived at an ingenious bargain with the neutrals which prevents them from suffering any hardship, preserves their trade, and overcomes all difficulties of finance at the same time.

Most Tactless of Men.

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"In what way?"

"He sent her a gayly decorated wastebasket as a birthday present."—Philadelphia Record.

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Fear of Premature Burial.

The fear of premature burial, which prompted the late Lord Burton to direct by his will that his heart should be removed from his body, has caused many well known men and women to order a surgical operation to be performed upon their bodies. Harriet Martineau left her doctor £10 to amputate her head, and Lady Burton directed that her heart should be pierced with a needle. The late Edmund Yates left instructions that his jugular vein should be severed, with a provision that a fee of 20 guineas should be paid for the purpose. Literary persons appear to have been particularly afraid of premature burial. Bishop Berkeley, Lord Lytton, Hans Andersen and Wilkie Collins all took measures to protect themselves from it.—Westminster Gazette.

Magazines on Warships.

If there is one danger that sailors dread more than any other it is an explosion in the powder magazine. To prevent such an occurrence a device for flooding that compartment in the least possible time is fitted to most big battleships. A pipe below the surface connects the magazine with the sea. This pipe is closed by two taps, which are connected with the deck. In case of danger it is only the work of a minute to open the taps, let the sea rush in through the pipes and flood the magazine. The water is afterward drained off by means of a gutter.—London Mail.

Teakwood.

The fact that teakwood is coarse grained, greasy to the touch and possesses an offensive odor kept it in disrepute with English shipbuilders until 1897, when British shipbuilding and railway interests began to recognize the value of Indian teak. During the next seven years all the shipbuilding countries in the world joined in an ever increasing demand for this timber until its prices were forced up to a figure much beyond their normal rates. It has practically become the staple of the local wood industry for the greater part of the entire Indian continent. Teak is being freely planted by the Indian forestry service in the important civil stations all over India, even as far north as Saharanpur, Debra Dun and Lahore.—Argonaut.

Paid the Fine.

A policeman in a country village where "cases" were rare one day came across his landlord in an incapable state. The chance was too good to be missed, so the landlord was summoned, and fined to the amount of 14s. 6d. The fine was paid, but the policeman's feelings can be better imagined than described when, on reaching home, he found his rent had been raised sixpence per week, and so it continued for twenty-nine weeks, when the landlord coolly informed him that he had paid the fine and could have his house at the former rent.—London Answers.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

COMMITTEE MEETING

A meeting of the various Civic Committees will be held this evening in the city building.

THE MARKET

A number of our country friends were to-day in attendance upon the market. Prices for produce offered for sale were same as on Saturday.

CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY

A comparatively young man who gave his name as P. Ashworth was today remanded to jail by Magistrate Masson. He was arrested by G. T. R. Constable Donovan and a charge of vagrancy was preferred against him.

TENT CATERPILLARS

There is every indication that the tent caterpillars will be a serious menace to the orchards this year unless prompt measures are taken to combat it. It is much easier to destroy the nests now than a week later. A number of citizens are examining their trees every day and cleaning out the webs as they make their appearance. One who has only a few trees in his garden states that he has already destroyed quite a number in the incipient stage.

SPECIAL SERVICES

At the mid week prayer service in Holloway Street church last evening, there was a very general feeling that we should have a week of prayer for our Empire. After some discussion it was unanimously decided to have a service every night next week from 8 to 9, when the following subjects will be discussed: Monday, our Canadian boys in France; Tuesday, our Allies; Wednesday, Belgium and the Belgians; Thursday, our enemy the Germans; Friday, the call of Canada and the response.

MUSICAL GATHERING

A very pleasant time was spent yesterday by members of the Scarlet Knitting Circle in the tea room of the Quinte Hotel, which had been kindly lent by Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins. Mrs. Grant had arranged an excellent musical programme, which was heartily enjoyed by all present. To this lady as well as to the convenor, Mrs. F. E. Seymour, are due the fact that $30 were raised on behalf of the Soldiers' Fund. A dainty tea added to the pleasure of the gathering.

Orangemen Hold Military Night

On Tuesday evening of this week L. O. L. 274 and L. O. L. 2519 held a joint meeting, termed "military night" for the entertainment of members of the order in the 39th Battalion now quartered in the city. Unfortunately, owing to the duties of reorganization, preparatory to their departure for the front, the attendance was not as large as anticipated, but those who were present expressed themselves as well pleased and showed by their conduct that they were prepared to do their duty as well as our boys already at the front.

During the regular routine of lodge work three candidates were initiated into the order, after which Bro. F. M. Clarke, Grand Secretary for Ontario East, was called to the chair, and a programme of music and patriotic speeches by prominent members of the order was given.

Particular mention must be made of the only lady present, Miss Lila Sprague, who with her sweet childish voice contributed to the main pleasure of the evening. The little lady was also made happy by carrying home with her a tangible souvenir from the lodges. Bro. Wrightmeyer, in a couple of well-rendered patriotic songs, also helped in the enjoyment of the evening. At the close light refreshments were served.

Banks Decline Tax Collection

City Treasurer Patterson of Toronto, reported to the Board of Control yesterday that the bankers of the city had refused to collect taxes in future. According to the reasons given by Mr. W. K. Pearce, chairman of the clearing house, the business is not profitable enough for the banks, and they are not satisfied with the guarantee of the city to indemnify them against possible loss. Mr. Patterson suggests that branch offices be opened in the outskirts of the city, and that a large staff be employed at the City Hall to facilitate the collection and minimize the inconvenience to the public caused by the action of the banks.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

HASTINGS BOYS WOUNDED

Amongst the list of wounded in action at the front appears the names of Driver John Bradley and J. Leah, both from Tweed Village.

LONG MOTOR RIDE

Last evening Messrs. R. Zufelt, C. Wallace and R. Weese returned home from a trout fishing expedition. They succeeded in landing a number of the finny tribe. Their trip by auto was an extraordinary one. They left here motoring to Madoc and from thence they went to Bannockburn, Millbridge, Coe Hill, L'Amable, Bancroft and McCarthy's Mills. Yesterday they left McCarthy's Mills at 9.30 arriving in the city at 7 o'clock. Although they travelled over all kinds of road they did not have a mishap.

Belleville Boy Reported Missing

Mr. L. Cook, residing on College Hill, received to-day the following telegram from Ottawa:

L. Cook,
College Hill, Belleville, Ont.

Sincerely regret to inform you 172 Lance Corporal Archibald Cook, 2nd Battalion, officially reported missing. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

Adjutant-General.

Lance Corporal Cook is well known in this city. He is a young man about 19 years of age, and was a member of the 15th Regiment of this city, and enlisted with the first contingent.

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. William Thompson of the Thompson Company of this city, is in Chicago on business.

Capt. Percy Anderson, son of P. J. M. Anderson, is home from England. He went over with the first contingent and has returned on a special mission.

Quick Hot Water
AT A BIG SAVING OF GAS
By using one of our
Nine X Gas Water Heaters

This Heater has nine Copper Coils, costs no more than the Single Coil Heater. Get our price for Heater installed complete.

Gurney-Oxford Gas Stoves from $8.00 up
Gurney-Oxford Gas Plates from $1.50 up
Refrigerators from.... .... $9.00 up

LAWN HOSE, HOSE REELS
LAWN MOWERS
ELECTRIC AND WATER POWER WASH MACHINES
See Our Goods Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT?
We can build a new one on your old Hub.
IS YOUR HUB BROKEN?
We can build a new one in your old Rim.
Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

Laid to Rest

JOHN CARTER

The funeral of the late John Carter took place on Monday afternoon from the residence of Mr. C. N. Hall, 52 Everett St. The service at the house was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Kerr of St. Andrews Church, after which the remains were taken to Plainfield Methodist church, where an impressive service was held by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Huffman. Interment took place in Victoria cemetery. The bearers were: Messrs H. Campbell, R. Shannon, O. Glass, E. Barber, C. Sargent and A. Collins.

OBITUARY

CATHERINE REED

The death occurred yesterday afternoon of Mrs. Catherine Reed, 86 years of age, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. W. Sills, Marshal Road. Deceased was born in Prince Edward County, but resided here for 36 years, being a member of the Methodist church. Her husband preceded her to the tomb some years ago. Mrs. Reed was taken ill a week ago. She leaves to mourn her loss, three daughters, Mrs. H. Herring, Toronto; Mrs. G. W. Sills, Marshal Road; Mrs. George Weston Toronto, and one son, Charles Wesley of Rossmore.

When You Want
Good Pure Liquors
COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 105
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SPECIALS Friday & Saturday

Plain Glass Water Pitchers, Regular 30c; Saturday, 20c
Regular Size Window Screens, Saturday Only 15c

Saturday Only
25 p.c. off
ALUMINIUM WARE
and
HIGHEST GRADE
BLUE ELITE
GRANITE WARE

Rice Boilers, 39c
O. Cedar Polish
Mops, 75c

TEA WILL ASCEND TO HIGHER PRICES AS WAR'S RESULT.

That the price of tea must go up is admitted by Tea Merchants. Cables from London, Colombo and Calcutta all point to a very serious shortage of tea. Cables received in Canada this week advise that markets are still advancing and prices have almost doubled since war began. This week tea has risen 5c. a lb. in Montreal.

$5.50 Vase Set $3.50
$3.50 Berry Bowls $2.75
$7 Ice Cream Plates $5.00
$5 Cream & Sugar $4.00
$5 Water Pitchers $3.75
$4 Comforts, $2.75
$7 a doz. Cut Glass Tumblers, $5.50

Brass Jardineres
$3.50 Hammered Brass, $2.50
$2.25 Pierced Brass $1.65

STROUD'S TEAS
15c, 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, and 60c lb.
COFFEE, 30c, 35c, 40c lb. DUTCH COCOA, ½ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 40c

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64888.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

Butterick Whispers

The Afternoon Tea
See The Delineator for May

Bolero and Yoke-Skirt of Wine-Colored Silk.
The Dearest Little Blouse of Finest Lace
with Frill-Finished Waistline
Held by Soft
Pea-Green Velvet Ribbon

For the Nices Things for Dress and Semi-Dress Occasions, come first to our Drers Goods and Butterick Pattern Departments.

Sea Grass Furniture Sale Chairs, $5.60 Rockers, $6.15 3rd Floor	Special Selling of Flowered Crepes Regular 15c For 12c

Ask to be shown the New Blouses
The smartest ones yet shown

Ketcheson & Earle
The Glasgow Warehouse
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

CHAMBERMAID AND TWO WOMEN TO work in kitchen. Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-4td

YOUNG LADY TO ACT AS BOOKKEEPER. Apply Hotel Quinte. 10-t4d

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. Apply Crystal Hotel. 11-4td

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. A. P. Allen, 277 William Street. m11-dtf

FOR SALE

A NICE HOUSE AND LOT NORTH OF Chatham street, cheap, if sold in 10 days; if not sold, to rent. O. A. Snyder, owner, 74 Victoria Ave. 8-6td

LAST DAYS PRIVATE SALE OF OLD Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Furniture; Tables, Chairs, Desks, Mirrors, Hall, Den and Library Pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 8-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street. All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 16—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an allround good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

ONE FUMED OAK DINING ROOM SET; one white enamelled bedroom suite; one Imperial Oxford Range; one Wilton Rug; one Singer Sewing machine. All practically new. Apply Box A, Intelligencer. 13-4t

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HOUSE AND GARDEN ON DONALD Street. Apply on premises. 1td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

Notice to Creditors

IN THE ESTATE OF EMMA ILES, Late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of R. S. O. 1914 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Emma Iles, who died on or about the third day of April, 1915, are hereby required to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned for the Reverend G. R. Beamish, the Executor, on or before the seventh day of June, 1915, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the security if any held by them duly verified, and after the said seventh day of June, 1915, the said Executor will distribute the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for said estate or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Belleville this eleventh day of May, A.D. 1915.

NORTHRUP & PONTON,
Solicitors for the Estate of the late Emma Iles. 4td:m13,15,22,29

Henry E. Croasdaile, a pioneer of the Kootenay, died at Gray Creek, B. C.

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Ice Cream Bricks

We have Ice Cream Bricks Every Day and endeavour to keep a fine assortment.

BRICKS in
PINTS and
QUARTS in
Plain Vanilla, Strawberry, Coffee,
or Neapolitan,
or Walnut,
or Cherry, Melba, etc., etc.

Chas. S. Clapp

SHOOTING ACCIDENT AT KINMOUNT

KIMOUNT, May 11.—William Colbert, aged 15, was accidentally shot by Havey Switzer, through the right cheek, the bullet coming out under the eye. Switzer was shooting at a mark and unknown to him the lad went to look at the mark just as a second shot was fired, which unfortunately entered the boy's cheek. He was brought to Kinmount where the wound was dressed and he was then sent on to Lindsay Hospital.

AVIATORS' FIERCE FIGHT

"During the day our aeroplanes attacked several points of importance. One of our airmen, who was sent to bomb the canal bridge near Don, was wounded on his way there, but continued and fulfilled his mission. Near Wytschaete, one of our aviators pursued a German aeroplane and fired a whole belt from his machine gun at it. The Taube suddenly swerved, righted itself for a second, and then descended from a height of several thousand feet straight to the ground.

"On the other hand, a British machine was brought down over Lille by the enemy's anti-aircraft guns, but it is hoped that the aviator escaped."

FOR EVENING WEAR.

This Gown of White and Silver Brocade Shows Grecian Tendency.

HANDSOME PARISIAN GOWN.

This is a year when milady pretty much pleases herself in the style of her evening gown. For a certain type—the tall, stately, classic type—nothing is more becoming than the loose flowing draperies reminiscent of the Greek costumes. Such an evening creation is shown in the picture. It is developed in white and silver brocaded satin and is girdled with a pearl embroidered girdle. A gracefully draped scarf of silver net bound with silver cloth falls from the shoulders.

How to Launder Neckwear.

The majority of women who indulge in the ubiquitous neck decorations of the moment find it necessary to launder the dainty finery themselves in order to have it done as it should be.

It should in any case, however, be done separately from the regular wash. White crepe de chine sets should be washed in cold water and a good white soap, rinsed in cold water and ironed while wet between the folds of a Turkish towel.

Some women clear starch white neckwear, but others find a substitute in powdered borax, allowing two teaspoonfuls to a quart of water, which is said to leave the material more sheer than does starch.

Heavy lace, which will pull out of shape if regularly washed, can be cleaned by scrubbing it with a new but not too stiff nailbrush wet with soap and water, laying the lace on something flat like a plate or stone of the washbowl during the process. When finished iron it over folds of Turkish toweling or flannel to bring out the patterns of the lace.

Clear Enough.

"I can't understand that glassy stare she gave me."

"Why, anybody ought to be able to see through a glassy stare."—Baltimore American.

What an inaccessible stronghold that man possesses who is always in our nest with himself and the things around him.—Goethe.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	The Ritchie Co., Limited	PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

Penman's Summer Hosiery
For Ladies, Misses and Children

For many seasons our Hosiery Department has featured the well known "Penman's" Brand of Hosiery, and this season is no exception. The warm weather is upon us and the lighter weights of hosiery will be much in demand. We are ready with the best assorted and largest stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's summer hosiery we have ever shown—featuring "Penman's".

Children's Hosiery

"Penman's" Peter Pan Stockings for children, in fine ribbed cotton quality, sizes 7 to 10, at, per pair .... 25c.

"Penman's" Kewpie Cotton Hose for children, all sizes, in tan, white and black cotton lisle of a fine rib. Special, 25c. pair

"Penman's" Silk Hose for Children in pink, white and sky, sizes 4 to 6½ at .... 38c.

"Penman's" Black and White Silk Stocking for children, sizes 6 to 9½, at .... 50c. pair

LADIES' And MISSES' HOSIERY Starting at 25c Pair

"Penman's" Cotton and Lisle Thread Hose, in white and black, full fashioned and seamless; spliced heel and toe, sizes 8½ to 10 and O.S. sizes. Special, pair, ...25c

"Penman's" 35c, 3 Pairs for $1.00 Hose, white and black lisle thread hose, full fashioned, spliced heel and toe and seamless, all sizes and extra value at 35c pair, 3 pair for $1.00.

"Penman's" Silk Lisle Hose in black and white, full fashioned and seamless; very special at.......................50c pair

"Penman's" Silk Boot Hose in black and white,.......................50c pair

"Penman's" Silk Boot Hose, black only, ...75c pair

Linen Shade HOUSE DRESSES That are Great Values at $1.25

Made of natural Linen material, nicely piped around collar, cuffs and front of dress with red; also trimmed with red buttons; roll collar and set in sleeves; sizes 34 to 40. Regular $1.75 value for ..

$1.25

Infants' and Children's GOWNS 39c

Slip-over style, short sleeves—neck and sleeves trimmed with Val. lace. Very special

39c

The Greatest Men's Suit Sale Of All

One hundred and fifty Men's Suits that we considered the best values we ever had at $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00; on sale at

Society Brand Clothes

$13.50

Almost an endless variety to choose from, and all in suitable weights for summer wear. The materials are principally fancy worsteds in the best shades of the season. Splendid styles for the young men as well as for the men desiring a more conservative style. Regular values up to $18.00, for

$13.50

(See Window)

Some Dainty New KIMONAS That are Exceptional Values at $1.50

Made of fine quality Crepe with belt, ¾ sleeves, nicely trimmed down front and on cuffs and belt with contrasting colors. They are in shades of pink, Copenhagen, rose and pale blue. Very special $1.50

$1.50

Another Range at $2.00

Made of fine Crepe; ¾ Raglan sleeves, trimmed with satin throughout and around sleeves also piped with satin; in shades of rose, pink and pale blue $2.00

$2.00

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.

THE SISKINS.

Greyish Brown Birds Are Most Irregular In Their Habits.

Waywardness lends interest even to the plainest and most retiring among the feathered wanderers. There are some whose coming and departing are almost as regular as the calendar, and their friends are seldom disappointed in the day of meeting. Others respond to the varying seasons, coming north as insects awaken or vegetation expands, and bringing advance news of the descending cold in late autumn. Among the wayward are the pine siskins, says a writer in The Toronto Globe, little frequenters of the evergreens, clad in plain greyish brown, and streaked abundantly above and below. They seem to delight in their concealing plainness, for the pretty yellow tints at the bases of their wing and tail quills are almost entirely hidden. Their double wing bars are also inconspicuous, so the yellow showing through the middle of the closed wing, slightly brighter on the male, is the best distinguishing mark. A pair quite devoted and evidently determined to make their home in one of the surviving pines of a suburban ravine seemed to find a supply of food among the litter soiling the few lingering patches of snow. They were tame as sparrows, which suggested a winter residence far from human intrusion. On the ground their quiet tints made them almost invisible, but they seemed to prefer the snow still heavy in the shaded hollows, thus attesting their fondness for winter and their happy ability to survive its protracted cruelties.

They can remain as winter residents, fraternizing with goldfinches in sombre attire, redpolls and purple finches. They may make a wayward excursion southward, almost attaining the dignity of a migration, or they may prefer to winter in their distant northern home. Almost anywhere from ocean to ocean in the northern half of the continent, from the sub-Arctic limit of big conifer trees to the region of the Lakes and the St. Lawrence, a pair may decide to rest. There is the some happy irregularity as to their time of building, which may be early in April or even as late as June. Although decidedly partial toward pines and cedars, they may nest in other evergreens, sometimes on a low limb within easy reach, and sometimes in a tall, inaccessible tree. Such varying habits and disregard for times and seasons is quite naturally accompanied by an equally varied choice of food. Their little beaks seem to combine the intrusive sharpness of insect gatherers with the strength of the seed eaters, and while they seem well nourished among the dead weed stalks protruding from the snow, they also partake in season of a mixed diet of insects. They can gather both buds and insects from twigs in winter, sometimes hanging and swaying with the acrobatic persistence of chick-a-decs.

CANADIANS.

With arrows on their quarters and
with numbers on their hoofs;
With the tramping sound of twenty
that re-echoes in the roofs,
Low of crest and dull of coat, wan
and wild of eye,
Through our English village the
Canadians go by.

Shying at a passing cart, swerving
from a car,
Tossing up an anxious head to flaunt
a snowy star,
Racking at a Yankee gait, reaching
at the rein,
Twenty raw Canadians are tasting
life again!

Hollow-necked and hollow-flanked,
lean of rib and hip,
Strained and sick and weary with the
wallow of the ship,
Glad to smell the turf again, hear the
robin's call,
Tread again the country road they
lost at Montreal!

Fate may bring them dule and woe;
better steeds than they
Sleep beside the English guns a hundred leagues away;
But till war hath need of them lightly
lie their reins,
Softly fall the feet of them along the
English lanes.

—By W. H. Ogilvie, in Country Life.

BE CONSTRUCTIVE.

It so often happens that many so called "good" people have no force. If they would only put half the energy into being constructive that an active mischief maker puts into being destructive we should see more justice in the world.

CITY AND VICINITY

There will be an informal dance at the Academy to-night from 9 until 1 o'clock. The famous Richard Greene, pianist.

On June 5th the Quinte Chapter, I.O.D.E., will hold a "Rose Day" On that day roses will be sold on all the principal streets. Proceeds in aid of the Red Cross. 1t

Do not fail to hear Elmer Luck repeat "Experiences and Observations in Germany"---Tabernacle Church, Friday Evening, May 14th

Notice

There will be a special meeting of The Total Abstinence Society this evening at 8 o'clock in St. Michael's Academy. All members are requested to attend. T. R. Barrett, Recorder.

C. P. R. TICKETS

You can travel via C.P.R. to Montreal, New York, and any other Eastern or Intermediate points; also Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and all Western and Intermediate points.

S. BURROWS, C.P.R. AGENT.
M11,t,t,s,dtf

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 205.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Notice

LICENSE DISTRICT OF WEST HASTINGS.
Ontario Liquor License Act.

Take notice that an application has been made to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario for permission to transfer the City Hotel License now held by A. E. Trueman of Belleville to Messrs. Henry Johnson and Edward Naylor, both of Belleville, and that at the expiration of ten days from the date of the publication of this notice, the said application will be considered by the Board.

Any person objecting thereto should file a written notice thereof with the undersigned Inspector within one week from the date thereof, together with the reasons therefor.

Dated at Belleville this 13th day of May, 1915.

R. C. ARNOTT,
2t:m13,20 License Inspector.

Notice

LICENSE DISTRICT OF WEST HASTINGS.
Ontario Liquor License Act.

Take notice that an application has been made to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario for permission to transfer the Albion Hotel License now held by Thomas Haslip of Belleville to Wm. J. Smith of Belleville and that at the expiration of ten days from the date of the publication of this notice, the said application will be considered by the Board.

Any person objecting thereto should file a written notice thereof with the undersigned Inspector within one week from the date thereof, together with the reasons therefor.

Dated at Belleville this 13th day of May 1915.

R. C. ARNOTT,
2t:m13,20 License Inspector.

Test the claims of want advertisers. Not many are over-sanguine. A good many are over-modest.

Dauss of Detroit and Ray Fisher of the Yanks are the leading twirlers in their league. Both pitchers have won five straight.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1915. No. 30

FRESH RUSSIAN TROOPS FIGHT GERMAN WINGS

German Drive in West Galicia Checked—Fierce Attacks by the Russians—New Austro-German Offensive Against Russian Left

(Canadian Press Special)

PETROGRAD, May 14.—The Russians have fallen back upon strong strategic positions along the River San, and now regard the German drive through West Galicia has having been checked permanently.

The arrival of fresh Russion troops which successfully engaged the German flanks has relieved the pressure upon the Russian centre. These attacks on the German wings, in which Russian cavalry have been supported effectively by mountain artillery have been prosecuted with unusual fierceness.

The retreat of the Russian centre from Luhkow is explained as due, not to the pressure of Germans but to the exposed situation of the Russians at that point, after the right flank had been rolled back.

With the checking of the German eastward movement, between the Vistula and Carpathians there are already indications of a new Austro-German offensive against the Russian left in the direction of Stray and Ussok.

In view of this new activity the Russians attach great importance to their recent successes further east across the Dneister.

To the north the Russians have been able to hold the Germans on line between Mitau and Kelmo and have driven them out of Ragola.

IN THE DANGER ZONE

Bandsman Christmas of the Salvation Army has received a letter from Sapper W. C. Rogers who went to the front with Queen's Engineers and who was formerly chief electrician at the civic light plant. The letter was dated April 28th on board the S.S. Northland The Northland arrived in England some days ago.

"At the time of writing we are in the most dangerous part of the trip," Sapper Rogers wrote. "We have two troops ships, one cruiser and two destroyers as an escort. It is great to watch them shoot around the ship.

Sapper Rogers kept a diary of his trip after leaving Halifax and it is a very interesting one.

On Tuesday, April 27th he says that the cruiser H.M.S. Cumberland fired three shots at a boat that would not stop when ordered to do so. The boat stopped in a hurry then.

All the life boats were over the side ready for use and all on board were provided with life belts in case they were needed. The men slept with their clothes on—Kingston Whig.

GEORGE NIPER IS 107

STANHOPE, N.J., May 13.—George Niper celebrated his 107th birthday yesterday in the little cabin near the old Stanhope reservoir, where he has lived for nearly a century. His youngest son, Thul, 64 years old, lives with him.

Niper was born in Pennsylvania. His father was a charcoal burner.. Niper makes axe handles for a living. He selects the hickory and turns several handles a day. He has smoked and chewed tobacco since he was 12, and says he thinks he has lived so long because he has been a moderate user of tobacco and alcohol. He has never been seriously ill.

He voted for Andrew Jackson for President, and has voted in ninety-four elections. He was married when he was 21 years old, and his wife died fifteen years ago at the age of 90.

Niper's father died when he was 99 years old, and his mother lived to be 97. Despite his great age Niper frequently walks ten miles to visit friends and says walking is the best exercise except work.

No "Kultur" Knights

Names Struck off the Roll of Knights of the Garter

LONDON, May 13.—It is officially announced that King George has directed that the following names be struck off the roll of Knights of the Garter:

The Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of Germany, the King of Wurtemburg, the Crown Prince of Germany, the Grand Duke of Hesse, Prince Henry of Prussia, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and the Duke of Cumberland.

For the Front

Pat Boland Passed Through Belleville This Morning

Pte. Pat Boland, of D. Company, 20th Battalion, who enlisted at Cobalt, passed through Belleville this morning at 10.45 from Toronto. His mother and two sisters were at the station, but the train (C.P.R.) did not stop and all the farewell that could be taken was a grasp of the hand and a tearful "good-bye."

KINGSTON GUARD FIRED ON OBSTINATE GERMAN

KINGSTON, Ont., May 13.—A German prisoner who disobeyed an order of a guard at Fort Henry was shot by the guard, and he lost a piece of one of the fingers of his right hand. The German was in his room and persisted in holding a small mirror out of the window, which was partially opened. The guard doing duty at the fort ordered him to take in his hand, but he refused. The order was given a second time, but still the German refused, and the guard then fired.

There are several unruly prisoners in the fort and the officials are determined to maintain order.

According to telegrams received here tonight there are seven Kingston soldiers at the front reported missing. They are: Sergt. A. E. Cross, Pte. J. E. Barry, Pte. J. G. Billings, Pte. E. G. Clarke, Pte. D. Davidson, Pte. D. Smith, Pte. H. H. Phillips. They were all members of the Second Battalion, the majority belonging to Captain George Richardson's company, and took part in the battle of Langemarck.

ITALIAN CABINET RESIGNS OFFICE

LONDON, May 14.—The Italian cabinet has resigned. "The council of ministers," says Reuter's Rome correspondent, "considering that it did not possess the unanimous assent of the constitutional parties regarding its international policy, which the gravity of the situation demands, has decided to hand its resignation to the king. An official note to this effect was issued tonight.

"The King has reserved his decision as to whether the resignation will be accepted."

A SIGNIFICANT ORDER

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 14.—The agents of an Italian steamship have received instructions to refuse pasage to German, Austrian and Turkish women and children. Men of those nationalities had already been excluded.

KING OF GREECE HAS ATTACK OF PLEURISY

Monarch Unable to Attend to State Business for Some Time

LONDON, May 14.—The cold from which King Constantine has been suffering for the past week has turned into pleurisy, says Reuter's Athens correspondent. The king consequently will be unable to attend to state business for some time. The doctors held a consultation concerning his condition Thursday night.

BOTHA EXPECTED TO RESORT TO REPRISALS

CAPETOWN, May 13.—General Louis Botha has issued a proclamation at Windhoek which says that as the comander of the German forces violated The Hague convention by poisoning wells, General Botha has reserved the right to exact such reprisal as he may deem fitting.

BERCK'S LITTLE ERROR

BERLIN, Ont., May 13.—Con. Berck is in custody tonight and the charge against him is that he circulated a petition praying those in authority to oust from office all those of English and Russian descent.

Dr. Dernburg is Cooking His Goose

Men High in Government Circles Still Seeking a Way to End His Propaganda

WASHINGTON, May 12.—From a high official of the Government, who has special facilities for knowing, it was learned this afternoon that the Administration's resentment against the propaganda of Dr. Bernard Dernburg, former Colonial Minister in the German Government, had led to a study of the problems involved that might have effects not limited to Dr. Dernburg's personality. Dr. Dernburg's public comments, especially since the killing of Americans on the Lusitania, have been extremely offensive to the Administration and the laws have been searched at the Department of Justice for a statute that might apply to him.

Along with Dr. Dernburg's comments which are construed as hardly less than threats against American ships in the war zone, the attention of the Department of Justice has been called to instances in which American papers, printed in the English language, have approved the sinking of the Lusitania, with all that is involved, and have seemed to encourage repetitions of that disaster. It is said that "some five or six" papers are in this group and it is against them that officials believe a statute has been found that might be used effectively.

The law in this connection forbids, under penalty of a $5,000 fine or five years' imprisonment or both, the mailing of obscene or indecent literature, or obscene implement. That would not apply to the offenses under considerations, but in March, 1911, the law (Section 211 of the Penal Code) was amended so that "the termn 'indecent' within the intendment of this section shall include matter of a character tending to incite arson, murder, or assassination."

"The time may come very soon,' said the official, discussing the subject "when this section, which seems to have been overlooked in certain quarters, might be found effective."

It was explained that no proceedings were under contemplation as yet, but the mere fact that this harshly worded statute is officially believed to apply to the case suggests that a view seriously entertained by the Government fixes to the German policy the name of murder and assassination.

Cooking His Own Goose

"I don't think we need anything against Dr. Dernburg," said the official explaining the limits of the statute. 'Dr. Dernburg is cooking his own goose as fast as he can."

While nothing was said as to the identity of the newspapers that had attracted the Government's interest, it is believed that one is published in St. Louis, one in Milwaukee, and another possibly at Atlantic Highlands, N.J.

One difficulty in the way of curtailing Dr. Dernburg's activities is that the Government does not desire to take action against him at this time, because such action might tend to embitten sentiment in Germany against the United States. It is the desire of this Government that the issue involved in the Lusitania case shall not be confused by the injection of any other incident, and for that reason mainly there is not likely to be any procedure against the former German Colonial Minister until the international atmosphere has cleared, if it does clear.

Because he has no official status in the United States the Administration hesitates to ask the German Government to take measures against Dr. Dernburg, or even to suggest informally to the German Ambassador that he express to Berlin the feeling of indignation that has been caused in this country by Dr. Dernburg's justification of the destruction of the Lusitania, with the loss of so many American men, women and children.

But it is plain that any inquries by the German Government or its Ambassador in Washington as to the manner in which Dr. Dernburg's activities as a propagandist are regarded by this Government would be appreciated.

German Sub. in Mediterranean

Reward Offered for Information Leading to Their Destruction

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 14—Reuter's Athens correspondent says: "Owing to the reported presence of German submarines in the Mediterranean the British legation has issued a notice in the local press offering $2500 reward to anyone supplying information which will lead to their destruction.

His Foot Blown off

Pte. Raymond Neilson Received Very Bad Injuries

KINGSTON, May 13.—William Neilson, G.T.R. outer depot, has had a letter which tells him his son, Raymon, had his foot blown off in the battle of Langemarcke.

Private Harold Fraser, Edmonton, wounded; he is a nephew of Miss Fraser, King street.

W. E. Revelle, with Queen's Engineers, writes that the company is encamped at Shorncliffe.

William Ramsay, Raymond Neilson and Warmington, wounded in the feet at the front, were all employees of McKelvey and Birch.

LUSITANIA

HUNDRED MORE BODIES SEEN.

Queenstown, May 13.—Lord Wimborne, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has issued an order in Dublin that hereafter any bodies of persons drowned on board the Lusitania found along the Irish coast shall be brought direct to Queenstown without the formality of an inquest in small towns where they might happen to be landed. This order, it is believed here, should greatly expedite the identification of many bodies which it is thought will yet be found.

A fishing boat reported last night having sighted no less than 100 bodies floating ten miles south of Glandore, which is situated on the southwest coast of County Cork, a fact which upsets the contention that the current, wind and tides had so scattered the bodies of victims as to make the recovery of any considerable of them questionable.

The news of the sighting of these bodies was conveyed to Webb Ware, Secretary of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt who has been most vigilant in the search of Mr. Vanderbilt's body, and in urging that no effort be spared to find the dead body before it is too late. Rain fell nearly all day in Queenstown making more dismal the work of identifying the bodies in the morgue and placing them in coffins.

HOW ALLAN GIRLS DIED

QUEENSTOWN, May 13.—William M. Adams, of Boston, son of A. H. Adams, European manager of the United States Rubber Co., was standing on the deck with his father, near Lady Allan, of Montreal, and her two daughters, Anna and Gwen, and Mrs. G. W. Stephenson, of Montreal. All the members of this group got into a lifeboat, but it was smashed, throwing all of its occupants in the water."

"The Lusitania heeled over," said Mr. Adams. "I was struck by a mast and the same blow evidently sent my father to the bottom, and also hit Lady Allan, who suffered a broken collarbone and injuries to one of her hips and her spine.

"I must have gone down with the suction of the ship, but regained the surface of the water, and was picked up half-conscious and taken aboard a trawler."

WILL EXACT VENGEANCE

HAMILTON, Ont., May 13.—Constable William Smith, whose wife went down on the Lusitania, handed in his resignation to-day. He is now a member of the 36th Battalion.

"Those dirty hounds murdered my wife and her unborn babe. They may get me, but I will wipe out my score first," he said as he walked out of the station.

CYMRIC WILL SAIL

NEW YORK, May 12.—Already ninety persons have cancelled passage on the White Star Liner Cymric, flying the British flag, which is scheduled to leave for Liverpool on Friday. The Lusitania torpedoing is held responsible by officials. The Cymric will carry a crew of 500 men and only about sixty passengers.

Stevendores yesterday began to load her with guns and ammunition for the British Government. It was said that about 10,000 tons of cargo will be stowed in her hold and that armored motor trucks will be lashed to her decks.

On her last eastward trip, the Cymric carried much ammunition and no pasengers. She is advertised, however, to take steerage passengers on Friday.

It was stated that Capt. F. E.. Bendell, her master, was confident that the Admiralty will see that the Cymric is protected when she reaches the war zone.

An extra staff of customs officers inspected the German steamers interned at Hoboken, N.Y.

German Sub. Sunk

Captain Believes He Sank a Submarine in North Sea

(Canadian Press Special)

BLYTH, Eng., May 14.—The captain of the steamer Collairnie, which reached port today believes he sank a German submarine in the North Sea. He ship struck a submerged object, and later a quantity of oil came to the surface.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 13.—Casualties in the Second Battalion:

Missing—Sergt. Cross, Kingston; Wounded and missing—Pte. Pim, S.S. Marie; Corporal Mahoney, Belleville; Corp. McMahon, Brockville; Pte. Eafle Wakefield, Que., Missing—Pte. Brettle, Sault Ste. Marie; Durham, Soo; Cameron, Soo; Lance Corp. Collins, Montreal; Pte. Chard, Frankford; Burns, Toronto; Devonshire, Torontoffi Davison, Kingston; Lance Corp. Graham, Montreal; Pte. Bramley, Brockville; Wounded and Missing—Lance Corp. Heogle, Trenton.

Killed in action—Sergt. Brister, Brockville.

Missing—Corp. Elliott, Renfrew; Billings, Kingston; Pte. Clarke, Kingstone; Lance Corp. Cook, Belleville; Lance Corp. Cumberland, Peterboro; Pte. Cara, Perth; Pte. Briscoe, Peterboro; Pte. English, Peterboro'.

First Field Artillery Brigade: Wounded—Bombardier Blaylock, of Belleville; Gunner Paterson, Lethbridge, Alb., Bombardier Thomson, Gananoque.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 14.—Casualty list issued today:

First field artillery brigade: Wounded—Gunner Minto, Scotland.

Died of wounds—Gunner Munn, Scotland.

THE DUKE AT NIAGARA

Large Party Will Attend Ceremonies at Camp and Falls

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., May 13.—The Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia and party arrived in the city at noon. They were met at Victoria Park Station by Mr. H. D. Symmes, head of the Niagara Falls Patriotic Fund, and Lord Richard Neville.

In the party were Col. Stanton, Miss York, Miss Adams, Major Duff, and Capt. Lee, who were taken the Clifton Hotel, and lett at 2.20 p.m. for Niagara camp. Major-General Hughes will return to the Clifton Hotel from Niagara camp with the royal party. The Duke has consented to review the Niagara Falls Home Guards on Saturday afternoon at four o'clock in Queen Victoria Park. Cadets, Boy Scouts and bands will turn out and a half-holiday will be proclaimed.

Alien Settlers Giving No Trouble

OTTAWA, May 13.—Comptroller Fortescue of the mounted police, who has just returned from a visit of inspection in the west, reports that the police are experiencing no difficulty regarding the alien situation in the police districts.

Shortly after war broke out, alien settlers were required to give up their arms but later they were returned to those who were recognized by the police as law-abiding citizens, by whom no unfriendly action might be expected.

Especially in the frontier districts, the settlers experienced difficulty in keeping off coyotes and other wild animals without their guns, and were suffering because of the lack of game, upon which they depended to a large extent for subsistence. However, the return of the guns has not been wholesale, but there has been no trouble among those who got their weapons back.

SEEKING MACHINISTS

Word has been received that a representative of the British Government is coming to Canada to engage machinists to work on the manufacture of ammunition. However, it is believed that his mission will be a futile one. Orders enough have been placed in Canada recently by the British Government Shell Committee and by the Russian Government to keep every skilled machinist in the Dominion busy for months.

At present the Canadian Locomotive Company, Kingston, is seeking skilled machinists all over Ontario for the big shell contract it has been given.

FRENCH CAPTURE CARENCY THE BRITISH LINE HELD

French Troops Capture Carency, War Material and Prisoners—British Heavily Shelled, but Hold Line Firmly

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 14.—(Afternoon's official statement), It has been raining without a stop since yesterday morning. Last night in spite of the handicap of a difficult and slippery terrain we occupied several German trenches to the southwest of Souchez and we have maintained on the rest of the rest of the front from Loos to Arras all the gains recently made by us.

In the valley of the Aisne yesterday we destroyed four German blockhouses and levelled several trenches.

London, May 13.—The following official communication was issued this evening:

"The fighting east of Ypres still continues. The Germans today have again subjected our line north of the Mennin road to a violent artillery bombardment, which in place destroyed some of our trenches, causing temporary readjustments in the line. The line, however, has since been re-established.

"On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."

CAPTURE OF CARENCY.

Paris, May 13.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"The Belgian army, by a new attack last night on the right bank of the Yser, repulsed the enemy, who left, in retiring, several hundred dead on the ground.

"To the north of Arras we have obtained some new and important results. By the capture of Carency there has fallen into our hands much war material, which it has not yet been possible to enumerate completely. It includes two cannon, one howitzer, two mortars, a dozen bomb throwers, a large number of machine guns, 3,000 rifles and large supplies of shells and cartridges.

"In the wood of Hill 125 we found the bodies of three companies of Germans who had been annihilated by our artillery.

DEATH ROLL APPALLING.

Harold Ashton cables the Daily News:

"The week of battle now drawing to a close has left both sides exhausted and breathless. The storm has now quieted down to break again perchance Sunday. Always in this titanic struggle Sunday has marked the opening clash of great events. The fury of the fighting has been unbelievable, the death roll appalling. One man just down from the shell-scarred ridge of Aubers, where the tide of battle has swept madly to and fro from trench to trench and back again tells that in the last retirement from the slope he and the handful of men left out of a wild bayonet charge came down shoulder deep in German dead. Northward around by Ypres the fight was fiercer and bloodier still. I am informed that last night the old town was burning in a great furnace of angry flame under a rolling canopy of black smoke. Fanned by wind and fed by scores of incendiary bombs fired into the ruins by the enemy, the vast conflagration spread until the whole country for miles around was illuminated by the beacon. Our line is established firmly.

"We have two-thirds of Hill No. 60 in spite of all furious attempts of the enemy to dislodge us. A sojourner on that hill for the last fifteen days told me this morning that all was well there,, though the mound is more of a rubbish heap than a hill.

United States and Germany

WASHINGTON, May 13—The United States Government to-day cabled Ambassador Gerard, for presentation to the German Government, a note calling attention "to the grave situation which has resulted" from violation of American rights on the high seas, culminating in the sinking of the Lusitania with a loss of more than 100 American lives.

The communication expresses the confident expectation of the United States "that the Imperial German Government will disavow the acts of which the government of the United States complains, that they will make reparation, so far as reparation is possible, for injuries which are without measure, and that they will take immediate steps to prevent the recurrence of anything so obviously subversive of the principles of warfare, for which the Imperial German Government in the past so wisely and so firmly contended."

In conclusion the note states that "the Imperial German Government will not expect the government of the United States to omit any word or any act necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens, and safeguarding their free exercise and enjoyment."

Canadian Victims Of Poisonous Gases

LONDON, May 13.—A graphic description of recent experiences of the Ninetieth Rifles of Winnipeg, in a heavy engagement were received here today from Lance-Corporal Wilson, who writes:

"What with bullets overhead all the time, shells bursting within ten yards, gas fumes nearly choking one, it could only be God's help and excitement that kept one going. There were about thirty of us lying in a turnip field. The Germans seemed to know all the roads perfectly and kept dropping shells all day. I found two of my companions in a ditch. We had a rest, then marched towards Ypres. There is little left of the poor old town now. Anyone who says the Germans are short of ammunition does not know what he is talking about."

Corporal Wilson says about thirty survivors of number one company are suffering from the effects of gas poisoning.

Allied Successes In Dardanelles

Fleet Reduced Great Turkish Forts and Many Towns are in Ruin

LONDON, May 13.—A report from Athens states that an allied fleet reentered the Dardanelles last night and bombarded the forts at Kilid Bahr, Chanak Kalessi and Nagara. After an interruption at 8 o'clock, the bombardment was resumed three hours later, and is being continued. The Turks, although strongly reinforced, lost heavily, and are steadily losing ground. Their trenches are filled with bodies.

In a number of belated despatches received by The London Times from Moudros, on the Island of Lemnos, assertions are made that the towns of Chanak Kalessi, Maitos and Kilid Bahr are nothing but smoking ruins.

Assault in Progress

The despatches state that the forts in the straits are gradually being overcome and it is believed a general assault is in progress agains the Heights of Achibaba, the capture of which is a preliminary to a complete clearance of the straits.

It is persistently reported at Moudros that these heights have been taken and that the entire stretch of peninsula from Cape Helles to Kilid Bahr is now in the allies' hands.

Canadians in Great Battle

LONDON, May 13.—Richard Reid, Agent-General for Ontario, who has just returned from the front, states that the hottest action of the whole campaign has been in progress for the past week, with the Canadians engaged again. While he is procluded by his official position from giving any details he gave a press correspondent to understand that Canadian conditions were quite satisfactory.

Detroit Strike to be Settled

(Canadian Press Special)

DETROIT, May 14.—The Detroit United Railway striking motormen and conductors have voted unanimously agreeing to plan of settling trouble and it is expected that the service will be resumed today.

Saturday Bargains

18 Doz. Men's Fine Neglige Shirts, shirts that sell regularly at $1.25 each, with each shirt you get a soft collar to match, sizes 14 to 17,

Saturday Bargain each 79c.

15 Doz. Ladies' Fine Lawn Shirt Waists, beautifully embroidered waists, high and low neck, would sell in regular way at $1.50 to $2.50, sizes 32 to 42,

Saturday Bargain each 49c.

100 only Women's and Misses' House Dresses, nearly all manufacturer's samples, light, medium and dark colors, neat patterns, sizes 14 years to Ladies' sizes 34 to 42.

Sa'u'day Bargain each 75c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

What'a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

KINGSTON

The total strength of "C" Battery is 172 in all ranks.

St. Mary's School Cadets had a parade Wednesday night and created quite an impression as they marched through the principal parts of the city headed by their bugle band.

There are 60 men in No. 3 Company C.A.S.C. who will go into camp at Barriefield on Saturday.

Captain J. Welch, officer commanding No. 3 Company C.A.S..C. has retruned to the city and taken over command of his corps. Captain Welch has been at Belleville for some time.

Thursday was Ascension Day, and the men of "C" Battery were given a holiday.

The use of the hand grenade in the trenches on Blacklock's farm at midnight, combined with the fire of the machine gun with the deep boom of the 18-pounder, gave a touch of realism to the sham fight held on Wednesday. At the camp fire the cadets and officers present gave three rousing cheers for Lt.-Col. Perreau.

"C" Battery detachment, which went out to take part in the tactical scheme of the R.M.C. on Wednesday, returned to barracks at nine o'clock this morning.

There is some talk of the C.A. S. C. conducting a school of instructions at Barriefield camp for volunteers for overseas service. It is felt such a school would prove helpful under present conditions.

Lieut. A. A. Ridout, of Nova Scotia, arrived yesterday at the R.S.A. and will take the balance of the course.

No. 3 Company, C.A.S.C., and the 14th guard played a game of baseball in the cricket field Wednesday afternoon. The game finished with a score of 11-7 in favor of the 14th.

Lieut. Light is back from Ottawa.

The non-coms attending the R. S. A. were given one of the school's delight "Numneh" rides on Thursday morning at six o'clock on the Gananoque.

The administration building at Barriefield camp is expected to be finished by Thursday. The Army Service Corps building will be extended to allow for the handling of the extensive supplies. It has been suggested that May 18th be the date for the opening, but the formal official sanction has not yet been received.

At present there are forty-four members of No. 5 F.C.C.E. in camp at Barriefield and with the closing of the college term this number will be reduced. Authority has been received to have twenty-five men of this company at the camp and these with the permanent staff under Major Burritt will look after the engineering work. An auxiliary pipe-line will be laid to Macdonald's Cove for use as an emergency supply to the wells.

The military authorities are making special efforts to recruit a large number of men in this division so that they will get the benefit of the splendid training offered at Barriefield camp before being sent overseas. A circular has been issued by the officer commanding the 3rd division to the effect that commanding officers of militia units throughout this division must make special efforts to recruit a large force.

BELLEVILLE

Lieut. Ross has taken over the duties of Captain Welch.

DEATH OF MR. LANGMUIR

Mr. J. W. Langmuir, a gentleman well known in the Bay of Quinte, having been a resident in Picton some years ago, passed away at his residence 11 Roxborough street east, on the 12th inst. The deceased was for some years manager of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, and in a long and honorable career has occupied a distinguished place in the life of Ontario. He was in his 81st year, and since last September had suffered from a general breakdown which became more accentuated as time went on. The last occasion he appeared in his office was towards the end of February, and a few weeks prior to his death it was noticed he was becoming steadily weaker. The announcement of his demise will be received with genuine regret by a wide circle of friends, who admired his personal qualities and agreeable companionship.

The late Mr. Langmuir was married four times, and is survived by a widow formerly Miss Georgina Herrick Thorburn, daughter of Dr. Thorburn, of Toronto, and nine children: Mr. J. A., of Niagara Falls, formerly manager of the Imperial Bank in that city; Mrs. George H. Jarvis, Toronto; Mr. A. D., general manager of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation; Mr. Woodburn, of New York; Mrs. Alexander J. Porter, Niagara Falls; Mr. Fred, a barrister, of Calgary; Mr. Murray of Los Angeles; Mrs. Gwyn Francis of Toronto, and Miss Charlotte, who was staying in Brussels, Belgium. when the war broke out and who has been detained by the Germans.

Arrangements have been made for the funeral to be held today at 3 o'clock from the home on Roxborough street, Toronto, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Efforts are being made to keep the funeral as private as circumstances will permit. Of the nine sons and daughters who survive, seven are present in the city.

Out in a Fierce Gale

Two Brockville Men and a Local Resident Caught in Heavy Sea

The following item is taken from the Brockville Times of yesterday:

During the heavy gale from the south last Friday, Mr. H. W. Gardiner of the Gilbert Motor Boat Co., had an experience he is not likely to forget.

He had sold a fine mahogany 35-foot boat to a Mr. Saunders of Belleville, and took the new boat up to Kingston for delivery. Mr. Saunders set out for Belleville, and Mr. Gardiner, accompanied by George Buchanan, started for home.

By the time they got east of Gananoque the wind was blowing a gale from the south, making progress difficult and dangerous. Finally the seas got so bad near Brown's Bay, across from Chippewa Bay, that the boat could not hold steerage way and they had to anchor and ride the seas for three hours before the wind abated sufficiently to let them return.

Mr. Saunders, on his way to Belleville, was storm-stayed also, and had to wait all night behind Massassaga Point before proceeding

INTERESTING ITEMS

At present there are 4,000 vacant flats, apartments and houses in Rochester, and over 7,000 in Toronto.

During a thunderstorm that swept Niagara county early yesterday lightning struck the Fiber corporation plant, owned by the S. W. Johns Manville company, Lockport, N.Y. Fire broke out in several of the buildings.

The famous old city of La Paz, Bolivia, in a valley more than 12,000 feet above the sea, is the highest capital in the world, overtopping Lhassa, the far-famed captital of Tibet, in Asia, by several hundred feet.

A late run of Arctic ice has blockaded the east coast of Newfoundland. The great floes have so choked the harbors that the movement of coastwise vessels has been stopped, and the hundred fishing schooners ready for their annual operations on the Grand Banks and off the Labrador coast have been delayed in departure.

Emerson Shelley, wanted in Norwich for a serious offence, was arrested in Woodstock last night through the alertness of Police Constable Bickley, who noticed the man's defective right hand as he lounged about the streets. Two fingers are missing, and the Woodstock police had been warned to look out for a man so marked.

Joseph Dell, a Blandford farmer, who caused serious injury to several people when he was returning home in his rig, as is alleged, in an intoxicated condition, was in the Woodstock police court yesterday and was released on heavy bail pending his appearance again to answer a disorderly charge. Mrs. Polhill, who was thrown out and severely injured when Dell's rig collided with hers, is still in a serious condition.

Chief Immigration Agent John Farrell, now in Woodstock, stated last night that it is nearly impossible to provide men to meet the eager demands for farm help which have poured in upon him from all over Oxford county this week. The farmers offer yearly contracts and top wages, said Mr. Farrell, but the response from the unemployed is not forthcoming.

Miss Sophia Weaver, the young girl who more than two months ago was terribly burned when her clothing caught fire from a gas stove in the lunch room of the McKinnon Dash and Metal works, St. Catharines, died yesterday afternoon from the effects of the burns then received. Nellie Holliday, who attempted to rescue Miss Weaver, and was also badly burned, has recovered, but is badly [illegible]ed.

DOMINION REVENUE SHOWS FAIR GAINS

OTTAWA, May 13.—A table issued by the Government today shows that since the war budget became effective on February 12 the decline in the Dominion revenue has been arrested and is now practically on a par with the corresponding months of last year. The figures are:

	1914	1915
February ...	$ 9,698,120	$10,522,344
March	11,688,901	11,641,970
April	9,848,998	9,627,787

GERMANS GLOAT IN VERSE

Would Sink Ten Lusitanias to Save One Soldier

LONDON, May 12.—A poem on the sinking of the Lusitania appears in the German paper Der Tag. Its character may be gathered from the following stanza, translated as literally as possible:

The ship goes down with passengers
and crew.
Hurrah! a thousand German lives it
will save;
To guard one steeled grey hero we
would strew,
Ten Lusitanias gladly 'neath the
wave.

Not inappropriately, it is signed "Caliban."

FIND OUT

The Kind of Food that will Keep you Well

The true way is to find out what is best to eat and drink, and then cultivate a taste for those things instead of poisoning ourselves with improper, indigestible food, etc.

A conservative Eastern woman writes:

"I have used Grape-Nuts 5 years for the young and for the aged; in sickness and in health; at first following directions carefully, later in a variety of ways as my taste and judgment suggested.

"But its most special, personal benefit has been as a substitute for meat, and served dry with cream when rheumatic troubles make it important for me to change diet.

"Served in this way with the addition of a cup of hot Postum and a little fruit it has been used at my morning meal for six months, during which time my health has much improved, nerves have grown steadier, and a gradual decrease in my excessive weight adds greatly to my comfort."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Departure of a R. C. Priest

Rev. Father Corrigan is the Recipient of a Gratifying Presentation

A special meeting was held last evening of St. Michael's Total Abstinence Society in The Academy Church street, for the purpose of bidding farewell and presenting a purse of gold to the Spiritual Director, Rev. Father Corrigan.

Mr. E. J. Butler, on behalf of the society, expressed the sincere regret of the members at the departure of one who had given so much of his time and zeal to place society in its present flourishing condition. Mr. J. V.V Truaisch, the energetic treasurer, made the presentation. Since coming to Belleville, Rev. Father Corrigan has been indefatigable in his efforts to promote the cause of Total Abstinence and he has the satisfaction of knowing that the membership has now reached nearly the 300 mark.

A large number of members were present to say goodbye and many were the expressions of regret at the departure of their beloved priest.

Rev. Father Corrigan was deeply affected and regretted his leaving Belleville. He urged the members of the Society to continue their efforts in the cause of total abstinence, and stated while his duties called him elsewhere, the society would always have his prayers and best wishes. He thanked the members for their good wishes and presentation.

Rev. Father Corrigan will take up his duties at Brockville immediately, and will be succeeded by the Rev. John Oleoner, nephew of the late Father Twomey.

Notice

Now is your time for a Gas Service. For full particulars inquire at the Gas Office, or phone 69. T. Gardner, Mgr. 13-d2t

Two Hastings Boys Missing

In the list of casualties sent out from Ottawa today, appears the names of two Hastings County boys, who are reported as missing. They are Pte. Chard of Frankford and Lance Corp. M. Heagle of Trenton. Both were members of the 49th Hastings regiment and enlisted and left here with the first contingent. Both were young men, who were well known and much respected in the municipalities from whence they came.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Peter Zinn of Hanover, was in the city to-day on business.

Police Magistrate Masson of this city, was in Picton to-day on business.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

WRECK ON LOCAL G.T.R.

On Monday afternoon a wreck occurred on the local train coming up from Belleville. When rounding the curve south of the lake, apparently the trucks on the front freight car bound and on the second part of the curve refused to reverse and left the rails, and breaking away from the engine, rolled down a thirty foot embankment. The second car also went down the bank and the third car left the rails. The passenger cars were stopped by the shutting off of the air and a serious loss of life thus averted. The auxiliary came up from Belleville and on Tuesday the line was open. The two cars were loaded with "way-freight."—Madoc Review.

GUILTY OF THEFT

Before Judge Deroche today a young man named Devain was found guilty of theft. A few days ago a soldier named Thompson, had an overcoat stolen and Devain was arrested, charged with the offence and his conviction followed. Sentence was deferred for a week. Mr. Anderson, County Attorney, represented the Crown. The accused was undefended.

COSTS LITTLE

Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

THE WEATHER.

Moderate northeast winds, fine. Saturday, easterly winds, fair until night, then rain.

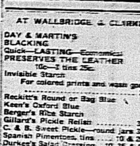
TRY OUR

Buns
Fried Cake
Doughnuts

Tarts
Cookies
Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.



Perfect Eye Protection

In order to get the greatest amount of enjoyment in automobiling it is essential to protect your eyes in a most efficient manner. Our line of Protection Classes for the motorist is most complete and varied. Come in and let us show you some of the most modern styles. You will be surprised to find how really attractive they can be made to look, at the same time giving you the protection necessary.

J. A. McFEE
OPTOMETRIST at
Angus McFee's

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and wash goods .... 20c.

Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue	
Keen's Oxford Blue	
Berger's Rice Starch	
Gillard's Pickle Relish	35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars	30c.
Spanish Pimentoes, tins	10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing	10, 35 & 60c.
Currie Powder, bottles ...	10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles	20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars	20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White	
Grape Juice	
Peanut Butter	
Dill Pickles	
Fresh Gulf Lobster	18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked)	10 & 15c.
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs.	25c.
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings	10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes	10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade	25c.
Bramble Jelly	25c.
Mandarin Marmalade	25c.
Skinless Figs	15 & 25c.
Individual Jams & Marmalade	5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables	

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER

May 1st

25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at

30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE

Sells It For Less

We Lead In Quality, Values and Prices

Reg. 25c. Bland's Iron Pills 2 for 25c.	Reg. 25c. Hydrogen Peroxide 10c.	Reg. 15c. Glycerine Soap 3 for 25c.	25c. Tooth Paste 15c.

PATENT MEDICINES

50c	Gin Pills	25c.
50c.	Fruitatives	28c.
50c.	Chase's Nerve Food	29c.
25c.	Chase's K. & L. Pills	15c.
50c.	Dodds' Pills	29c.
25c.	Nature's Remedy ..	12c.
50c.	Nature's Remedy ..	35c.
$1	Nature's Remedy ..	65c.
25c.	Thomas' E. Oil ..	15c.
25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Hamilton's Pills ..	17c.
50c.	Williams' Pink Pills	30c.
25c.	Baby's Own Tablets	15c.
60c.	Abbey's Salts	39c.
25c.	Abbey's Salts	19c.
10c.	Kkovah Salts	8c.
25c.	Extract Malt	20c.

And all other patent medicines at lowest prices.

CIGAR SPECIALS

10c.	Ovido	4 for 25c.
10c.	Irving	5 for 25c.
10c.	Van Horne ..	5 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers	5 for 25c.
10c.	Jap	4 for 25c.
5c.	Student	6 for 25c.
5c.	Col. Steele ..	6 for 25c.
5c.	Amo	6 for 25c.

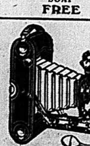
25c.
A. B. S. C. TABLETS
17c.

FREE

SOAP

With each tin of Duchess Rose Talcum purchased Saturday at 25c. we will give absolutely free one cake of

SOAP
FREE



Our stock is complete with Kodaks and Brownie Cameras.
Kodaks .... $7.00 to $22.50
Brownie Cameras $1 to $12.00
DEVELOPING & PRINTING
Bring your films to us for development and printing. We give you best results.

Moth Bags
Wayne
Cedared Paper
Wardrobes
(all sizes)

65c, 75c. $1.00

With every purchase of a Moth Bag on Saturday we will give 1 lb. Moth Balls or Camphor Flakes Free.

Regular $1.00
BEEF, IRON & WINE
49c.

PURE DRUGS

5c.	Vaseline .... 3 for	10c.
20c.	Essence Vanilla ..	10c.
20c.	Powd. Borax	10c.
25c.	Boracic Acid	15c.
10c.	Epsom Salts	7c.
10c.	Camphor Gum 2 for	15c.
10c.	Camphorated Chalk	5c.
10c.	Chloride Lime	8c.
25c.	Aromatic Cascara .	20c.

75c.
RUBBER GLOVES
49c.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE

THE CAMERA SHOP

Don't Miss This Silk Hose Opportunity

A lucky purchase enables us to offer 300 pairs of Silk Hose at 59c. pair. Black only; extra quality; extra wearing in heel and toe; made in Canada; actual value $1.00 pair. On sale at 59c. pr.

D. & A. CORSETS.

Made in Canada by Canadians; prices 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.0, $3.00. Satisfaction assured.

WHITE VOILE WAISTS, 98c.

Marvellous value at this price. Others at .... 54c. to $5.00

FOWNES' GLOVES.

In kid, lisle, silk. Every pair guaranteed. 50c. to $2.50 pair

HOUSE DRESSES.

Stylish, snappy, neat, good material, 98c., $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $1.95. We keep down the high cost of living at this store.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

Driver Felstead Sends Letter

Describes Terrible Loss Sustained by One Regiment Calls German "Dirty Fighters"

The following letter has been received by a friend from Driver Felstead, a reservist, who was a fireman on the G.T.R. at Belleville when the war broke out:

Belgium, April 23, 1915.

Dear Bill,—

Just a few lines in answer to your most welcome letter and bundle of papers received here today. You will see by the above that we have made a considerable move, from our last place, where we had the pleasure of continuing hitting at the Germans without being hit back; though mind you at times they have been very close to giving us a taste of their shell. Well, Bill, during the last two months I have seen more of the actual fighting than I did in the previous five, for we have been in the firing line now for over seven months.

Now it is not much use in telling you about things that have happened weeks ago, as I will tell you as near as I can what has actually happened since the evening of the 15th, for on that night we commenced to leave here, behind us. We had been there a long time and the enemy was pretty quiet around there. They had gone close to be, for we had been getting them more than they wanted above the 10th of March. Well, we arrived here in the small hours of the morning of the 17th and came straight into action again. We commenced to bombard the enemy at 7 p.m. and kept it up all night long, so that it was impossible for them to bring up reinforcements. Even the (censored) were ordered to attack and capture a very important position—Hill No. 3. I guess it has been in the papers, and you will no doubt have seen it before you get this letter. Well, the (censored) captured the position with only one man wounded. They also captured one German officer and 15 men, whom I ran myself. By the way, I had a narrow shave myself that night, or rather evening, for it was shortly after the bombardment commenced that a gun layer and myself were making our way up the road towards our observation post when the Germans began to turn our fire and they were firing eight inch howitzers. Well, three of their coal boxes dropped fairly close to us, so we thought the best thing to do would be to take cover. We dived down the cellar of a deserted house, and it was a good thing we did, for we had not been down there five minutes when a coal box hit the roof, sending the better part of the house to glory, also sending us spinning dizzily to the other end of the cellar. We picked ourselves up after a while, covered with dust and dirt but otherwise unhurt. You can guess we both felt a bit queer. We just looked at one another, neither saying a word for a few seconds; then we both burst out laughing—really surprised at being alive. By this time the house was burning, and we had to leave and make the remainder of the journey to the observation post through the hail of shell and rifle fire, though the majority of it was going over our heads. But every now and then a bullet or shell would whistle past our heads—not that they are not very pleasant, you know, Bill, at close quarters. Of course we get used to them and do not take much more notice of them now, for you begin to realize after a while that it is very little use trying to dodge them if you are open, and as long as you can hear them it is quite alright, for we shall never hear the one that hits us, if they ever do. But I'm rather beginning to talk as they won't hit—me, though they have tried more than once to get me with their snipers but they have missed so far, and if I had the chance I would be pleased to shoot the fellow who shot at me, for being a bad shot. Now my duties are in the observation post every day, and we have to pass along the second line of trenches and go over the top of them for about 100 yards, which is quite open to the German lines, and where we shall stop a bullet if any there. We have a place dug in the hill to observe from and we are between the first and second lines of trenches, and of course, being there, we get some pretty warm things, and more than once have I seen a young nine cut down by a shell or chipped by a rifle bullet, not far from where we, so you can guess from that, Bill, that it is not all honey being here, even in the artillery if you are on the observation party, for when the wires are broken we have to go out and repair the break, never knowing when we shall be getting a sourenir from Germany.

There has been some terrible fighting going on just here, and between the trenches hundreds of the dead can be seen. Under cover of our artillery fire the infantry have captured a lot of the enemy's trenches, but, poor devils, they have suffered terribly. The (censored) went into action three days ago 1200 strong with 18 officers; they came out of action last night 240 strong with only one junior officer left of the whole regiment. The (censored) also went up to replace them, and went into action up to full strength at 7 a.m. the next morning. At 11 a.m. they had not 50 effects and men. The Germans are dirty fighters. Only yesterday two stretcher bearers were carrying a wounded man down to the dressing station when one of their snipers shot the two bearers. Our fellows never have or will fire on a Red Cross. We have had a big victory here, but it has cost a lot. The German prisoners have told us that they know they can not get back the ground they have lost, as they are shelling the town with Jack Johnsons and Black Maries. The first day they commenced to shell the town (Ypres) they killed a lot of women and children. It has been a fine town, but it is now a heap of ruins. It is a shame and a mean revenge to take, but the women and children have been sent away by our Government for safety. It is pitiful to see the poor people running away and they are terror-stricken. Some of the holes made by the shells are fifteen feet deep and 25 to 45 feet wide, for they are 11 and 16.9 inch shells they are using. But I feel pretty certain they are nearly beaten and are now but fighting to advance but to save themselves from annihilation. I don't think we shall be long before we are at home now.

Well, Bill, I must now begin to answer your letter. I have plenty of friends in Belleville. Yes, I remember J. S. McKeown. I have had many a chat with him, as he rather liked to know what India and other places were like.

Say, Bill, there is a real war on here. I am writing this with a telephone receiver to my ear strapped around my head, as I have 15 receive and send wires in between writing, or I should never get my letters written. The banging of guns and crack of rifles makes it pretty difficult, but we have got up with that. They won't stop for a letter to be written. Good job they don't for we want to wipe Germany off the map, and we shall do it, too. Say, Bill, I forgot to tell you; but there are an awful bunch of Canadians here from Toronto. I haven't met any I know yet. I guess Walter is about right—the first shell you hear is the worst, and as you say, it is piece of it hits you, it would mean a long sleep. (How nice) I had no sleep for three nights and two days, and then I think I had a trance for about 10 hours. I had a post-card from Walt., but I have lost his address so can't write again until I get it, which I hope will be soon now.

Say, Bill, I guess we can do with the Second Contingent, and if they do as well as the first have done, they will do well. I guess you are kept pretty busy writing letters, but you write a good letter and heaps of news. I have had two or three German helmets, and if I get another, well, I will try and get one along to you if it is at all possible, though at present it is rather a difficult article to get hold of as the Germans are getting wise and are wearing caps. I read the account of the Jack Johnson fight; and the nigger has had to come down some now. Well, Bill, I must dry up for now. With best wishes to you and all the boys in Belleville, I remain,

Yours as before,

DICK.

P.S.—Address all letters as follows: No. 22243 Driver R. W. Felstead, 110 Heavy Battery, R.G.A., British Expeditionary Force, Belgium.

The Canadians are covering themselves with glory here. They are still driving the Germans in front of them and are doing remarkably well.

Mess Dinner At Belleville

An exceedingly pleasant evening was spent at the Quinte Hotel last night at a "Mess Dinner" given by Col. Preston and the officers of the 39th Battalion, now stationed in this city awaiting orders to join their comrades who are doing brave and noble work in the trenches at Ypres, in Belgium, in defence of the Empire.

The Colonel and officers had extended invitations to a number of our leading citizens, many of whom had served in the Volunteer force of Canada, who could and did wear long service medals.

The dinner, consisting of between 50 and 60 guests, was presided over by the Colonel in command of the force, and the vice-chair was ably filled by Adjutant Campbell, a grandson of the late Rev. Mr. Campbell, Rector of St. Thomas Church, in this city, some seventy years ago, and after whom Campbell Street was named.

After the sumptuous repast, provided by the genial host of the Quinte, had been disposed of, the toast of the King was proposed and received in true British style.

The Colonel then rose and remarked that formal toasts were not usual at Mess Dinners, but as there were prominent representative men of the city and of the Dominion present, he proposed to depart from the usual practice and propose two toasts, one of which would be "The Empire," to which he would ask Sir Mackenzie Bowell and I. W. Johnson, M.P.P., to respond; and the other, "The Dominion of Canada," to which W. A. Northrup, M.P., and Col. Lazier would be asked to respond. The sentiments were proposed and briefly acknowledged by the gentlemen named, after which Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in a few words, proposed the health, and a long and valiant future for the Colonel and officers of the 39th Battalion, coupled with the hope that all might return from the conflict in health, covered with glory. This sentiment was seconded in an eloquent speech by the Rev. Mr. Blagrave, and drank in rapturous applause by those present—not in the old "O be joyful" style, but in the cup that does not intoxicate, the Colonel strictly enforcing the non-alcoholic policy of his King and Commander Kitchener.

The gathering separated after singing the National Anthem, highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

Laid at Rest

MRS. M. A. KETCHESON

Many were yesterday afternoon in attendance at the obsequies of the late Mrs. Mary Ann Ketcheson of Sidney Township. Service at the house and grave at Belleville cemetery, where interment took place, were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Sharpe. Many floral tributes were placed upon the casket by relatives and friends. The bearers were Messrs. E. T., Albert and George Ketcheson, sons of the deceased, and Walter, Percy and Allan Ketcheson, grandsons.

WEDDING BELLS

COOPER—PRATT.

The home of the Rev. L. E. Skey, Toronto, was the scene of a very quiet wedding when he united in the holy bonds of matrimony Mr. George W. Cooper, formerly of Bangor, Ireland, only son of G. Cooper, Ireland, and Miss Rose Pratt, youngest daughter of Mr. Samuel Pratt, Gladstone Ave.

The happy couple, after a short trip, will reside in Toronto.

DAVIES

EXTRA LARGE

PINEAPPLES

ONLY

15c Each

JUNE PEAS

4 Tins 25c

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50

Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50

Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00

Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00

Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00

Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children's White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Tranton Smith's Falls

The Great Sale

OF WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR, READY-FOR-WEAR APPAREL, SUCH AS HOUSE DRESSES, MIDDY BLOUSES, LADIES' WAISTS, UNDERSKIRTS, Etc., CONTINUES TOMORROW AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

It is to your interest to attend this great sale, as we have some most startling bargains to offer you.

$1.25 to $1.50 House Dresses, sale price ..... 98c.

75c. Corset Covers, sale price ..... 39c.

Others at 19c., 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 75c. Just about half their regular value.

Women's Fine Cotton Nightdresses, a most extensive line to choose from at exceedingly low prices; made of good material, neatly made. Sale prices 49c., 59c., 69c., 75c., 97c., $1.09, $1.19, $1.49—great value in every case.

Women's Cotton Drawers, made of best quality material; on sale at 39c., 49c., 69c., 75c. and $1.19.

Children's, sale price 10c. pair. Very neatly made and trimmed. For Women with Girlies at 6 to 14 years old, a lovely line of embroidered and lace dresses at $1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. This should prove most interesting at these prices. Just imagine! A dress ready to wear cheaper than you can buy the goods for.

McINTOSH BROS.

Phone 326 | **Lower Prices In Patent Medicines for Saturday** | Phone 326

If you watch carefully you will find our prices on Patent Medicines the lowest advertised. Telephone your orders if you cannot come down town on Saturday. We deliver orders promptly to any part of the city.

Baby's Own Tablets 14c.	Gin Pills 26c.	Nerviline 16c.	Abbey's Salts 15c.	Chase's Cough Syrup 19c.	Pinex 38c.
Kkovah Salts 8c.	A. B. S. & C. Tablets 100 for 15c.	Hydrogen Peroxide 11c.	Boracic Acid 25c. lb.	Sanital Talcum 17c.	Pink Pills 32c.

A 10c pack. of Sanitary SOAP LEAVES FREE with each bottle of Penslar Liver Saline, 25c

A TOOTH BRUSH Free with a package of our own TOOTH PASTE 25c

Free with every box of TALCUM POWDER of any kind a 5c package of Chewing Gum.

For pain in the back, and is a Remarkably Good Remedy For All Kidney Trouble

If you have not yet tried our Extra Fine line of Neilson's CHOCOLATES, don't let this opportunity pass. These are Chocolates that are Chocolates; would cost you in the regular way 75c per lb. SATURDAY, 40c per lb.

Cameras | Developing and Printing | Films

Call in and let us play over the latest Victor Records for you

Doyle's Cut-Rate Drug Store

The Penslar Store

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

LAST DAYS

THIS IS THE LAST WEEK OF OUR **April Sale**

If you have not had your share of the good things that are going, be sure you get in this week.

Bargains in Wallpaper, Agateware, Soaps, Brooms, Soda, Starch, Fancy Goods, etc.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually largestock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices. Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

MANITOBA.

The political situation in Manitoba, at the present moment, with the meagre information before us, renders the whole situation an enigma. The Premier, Sir Rodmond Roblin, who tested the opinion of the electors of Manitoba a few months ago, and was confirmed in power by a majority of the representatives of the electors, though much reduced from his former supporters in number, still with a majority sufficiently large in a small House of 41 members to carry on the Government, resigns the Premiership and recommends to his Honor the Lieutenant Governor, the leader of the Opposition to succeed him in the Premiership of the Province.

This advice was acted upon by the Governor, and the Hon. T. C. Norris, has organized his Cabinet and has been sworn into office.

This break up of the Roblin Government appears to be the result of charges brought in the House of Assembly by Mr. Hudson, one of the members, charging the Government with the maladministration of affairs by the Public Works Department, presided over by the Hon. Dr. Montague, in permitting Thomas Kelly & Sons, contractors for the building of the New Parliament Buildings, to overcharge for extras to the extent of 35,996 yards of concrete, whereas there were, he declared, only 25,599 yards.

The general statement of Mr. Hudson was that Kelly & Sons, the contractors, had received "undue profits" to the extent of $850,000, made up as follows:—

Shortage in cement, 13,732 cubic yards, at $23.45 per yard	$320,905
Excess profits, $6.95 per yard on 22,261 cubic yards	154,714
Excess allowance for piling	99,866
Excess profits on north wing	177,090
Excess profits on south wing	88,050
Excess profits, third steel contract	16,575
Total	$857,200

This charge having been made by a member of the Assembly, upon his own responsibility, Premier Roblin, after a consultation with the Lieut.-Governor, informed the Assembly which was then in session that a Royal Commission would be appointed to make a full and exhaustive examination into all the charges which had been made.

Parliament was then prorogued, and a Royal Commission appointed. No sooner was this done than the contractors, Messrs. Kelly & Sons secured the services of the late Judge Phippen, who is now the Solicitor of the Northern Canadian Railway, to represent them before the Commission. The first step taken by Mr. Phippen was to deny the power and constitutional right of the Commissioners to make the investigation, which point is now before the courts for its decision. In the meantime Sir Rodmond resigned the Premiership and a new Government was formed.

Sir Rodmond after tendering his resignation issued an address giving his reasons for the course he had taken. He says:

"At the late session o the Legislature certain serious statements were made alleging overpayments and other matters in connection with the construction of the New Parliament Buildings. A Royal Commission was appointed to inquire into the whole matter. The authority, or jurisdiction, of the Commission is now challenged. This means considerable delay before that point can be determined by the courts. The Government believe such delay is undesirable and contrary to public policy.

"The production of certain evidence during the sitting of the Public Accounts Committee caused the Government to institute a departmental inquiry into these matters. The result of that inquiry, together with the statement made before the Royal Commission by counsel for the contractors, convinced the Government that adjustments between the Province and the contractor were necessary. Further, the Government believed that such adjustments could be made with more satisfaction to the public by a new Government.

This course on the part of Sir Rodmond would indicate that he, at least, has no fear of an investigation so far as his personal honor is concerned. This view is sustained if the further statement is correct that "the Ministers who are retiring will "not offer themselves for re-election, "and that the Liberals will have the "seats by acclamation," and "that "the old Government has promised "to vacate enough seats to give the "new Government a comfortable "working majority."

This action of a retiring Cabinet has no precedent in political history. What the outcome may be is in the future. Whatever it may be, there should be no blocking of a full and exhaustive inquiry into the serious charges which have been made; and that they should be "probed to the very bottom" Sir Rodmond should in justification to himself insist upon it.

GERMANS.

The inhuman and piratical practices of the Germans in conducting the present war against the Allies, particularly against the English, have aroused a feeling of indignation and resentment in the minds of people throughout all parts of the civilized world which will take years to allay.

The torpedoing of the steamer Lusitania, causing the death of some eleven hundred persons, composed of men, women and children, has intensified that feeling to such an extent that every German is looked upon with suspicion, as the result of some of them not restraining their feelings in favor of the Fatherland, to the extent of publicly rejoicing at the murder of over a thousand innocent persons, engaged in no way in the conflict now raging.

This feeling of resentment is exhibited by demands made for the closing of German Clubs in different parts of the Dominion, the dismissal of Germans from manufacturing establishments, and in various other ways.

Here are a few instances of what is taking place in various parts of the world:—

Calgary, Alta., May 11.—Sixty-five employes of a local leather company busy on French war orders have issued an ultimatum to the management to discharge all German or Austrian employes by Saturday. They refuse, they say, to work alongside people whose countrymen have proved themselves to be beasts."

The members of the Germania Club, in Toronto, have decided to close the club until after the war. George Schnabel, the president, said that notwithstanding the warranted feeling against the Kaiser, there were no more loyal citizens of Britain in Canada than the members of the club. He has a son in the 91st regiment. Other more drastic steps should be taken, he said, to show that the club was not in sympathy with the Kaiser in this war. He deplored the sinking of the Lusitania.

Manchester, England, May 11.—A number of buildings in Manchester and Salford occupied by German firms were attacked by crowds today and considerable damage was done. At other places workmen refused to accept employment from alien enemies and in consequence some establishments conducted by Germans were closed.

The directors of the Manchester Stock Exchange asked members of German, Austrian or Turkish birth, whether or not naturalized, to refrain from using the exchange.

Johannesburg, South Africa, May 11.—The employes of the Victoria Falls Power Company at Brakpan served notice today that unless all German employes were discharged at once the men will strike tomorrow as a protest against the destruction of the Lusitania.

In Toronto Police Constable H. G. F. Stabenow (469), attached to the Ossington Avenue station, was ordered by the Police Commissioners to hand in his resignation. Stabenow is a German, and six constables from the division (No. 7) appeared before the commissioners and swore that Stabenow had made on several occasions violently pro-German statements. The commissioners took the same view of the matter as they did in the case of P. C. Dierks two weeks ago. Stabenow is 23 years of age, and was born in Germany and joined the force on September 16, 1912.

Khaki-bound testaments at a penny are now sent out by the British and Foreign Bible Society.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

GOOD BEFORE, AFTER OR AT MEALS

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

CURRENT COMMENT

Woodrow won't row.

Just what would the United States call a realy unfriendly act upon Germany's part?—Beck's Weekly.

He who fights and runs away
May live to fight another day;
And he who is too proud to fight
May live to run another night.
—Beck's Weekly.

Novelists are complaining that the war has struck a severe blow to the output of fiction. Some readers of war despatches are liable to think differently.—Ottawa Journal.

"English boots are torture when you have anything wrong with your feet," writes Private C. J. Peppin from the front. Probably he would prefer the much-abused Canadian boots.

Canadian men should keep themselves in good physical condition. Each day's news brings the need for more men closer to everyone.—London Advertiser.

Edison is said to have perfected an invention for keeping the air in submarines pure. We wish he would do as much for offices, hotels, city halls, prisons and other airtight compartments above water level.—New York Evening Sun.

"With joyful pride we contemplate the latest deed of our navy," exclaims the Cologne Volks Zeitung. "The sinking of the Lusitania is a success of moral significance—one of the greatest achievements of the naval war." And there is a great mass of similar documentary evidence to prove that the German nation is in the criminal class.

The Lusitania was torpedoed without an instant's warning to the doomed passengers and crew. Even the rattlesnake gives warning before striking. The Lusitania was torpedoed without an instant's warning to the doomed passengers and crew. Even the Black Hand gives warning before lighting the bomb.—New York Herald.

The German Government's formal expression of regret to Washington over the loss of American lives in the Lusitania disaster is merely another insult to the American nation. "The German Government cannot but regret that Americans felt more inclined to trust the British promises than to pay attention to the warnings from the German side." It is a diplomatic way of saying, "Served you right."—Hamilton Herald.

A rate of compensation has been gazetted that will be paid to the survivors of Canadian soldiers who are wounded or killed at the front. The first degree applies to those who are totally disabled. The second to those who are totally disabled while on active service. The third and fourth degrees are for those who are not so badly wounded though unable to earn a livelihood. The first degree entitles the survivors to $264 for privates up to $2100 for brigadier generals. The pension for the widowed mothers, orphans and others grade from $22 a month for brigadier general; $5 a month for each child is also paid the widow of a private killed in action.

Whatever the outcome, one result is sure. The blow at humanity, at civilization, hard as it hits the world, hits Germany harder still. Its effects will be cumulative. They will grow wherever there is response to impulses other than those which are wolfish, bloody and ravenous. They will convert Prussian, if not all German militarism into a byword and a reproach. For the Von Tirpitz regime has drawn up its own indictment, and the finger prints are in crimson. They are there to stay. They are there to blast a name as long as anything keeps a place on the tablets of memory. They are there to alienate whatever was left of sympathy. They are ineffaceable.—Brooklyn Eagle.

WAR NOTES

Sir Wm. McKenzie has offered his fine residence at Kirkfield for a convalescent home for soldiers.

The Duchess of Marlborough, in a letter to America for aid, states that one sea fight made 500 widows.

The Russian War Office claims that the Germans and Austrians have lost 100,000 men in the recent fighting.

There is a reign of terror in Constantinople since the arrival of twelve thousand wounded some days ago.

The Strathcona Horse are reported in a private cable message to have been ordered to the front and the Gort Garry Horse expect to be sent shortly to the Dardanelles.

The formal militia order authorizing the establishment, under regimental supervision, of dry canteens for each military unit of the Canadian milita forces in training has been issued.

Out in the West men are standing in line waiting a chance to enlist, as they were wont to stand when homesteads of value were at stake. There is no need for conscription in Canada. —Toronto Star.

The reason why companies from the 21st Battalion were not chosen for reinforcements of the first contingent is because of the fact that the 21st is part of a division that must be kept up to strength. The 38th and 39th battalions are not yet formed into brigades, and hence drafts can be taken.

The world before has never seen another army like this English one; men who can be counted almost in millions; each man his own man's man; each man doing his duty because something within him had forced him to do it; each man playing to the grand stand that lies within himself and to the little gallery in his castle back home.

Believe America Will Declare War

Irish-American Journalist is in Close Touch With Public Opinion

"The United States could no longer boast of being great, glorious and free if she permitted Berlin assassins to destroy American lives and property on the high seas with impunity," is the message which Mr. P. A. O'Farrell the Irish-American newspaperman, brings from the other side of the line where he is in close touch with both east and west. The best informed Americans, he says, realized from the outset that Germany was waging an implacable war against every fundamental principle of the American Republic. They were also thoroughly convinced that the British Empire and her Allies were battling in Europe for the very ideals to which Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln consecrated their lives, but the American Government, guided by the noblest and greatest mind since the days of Lincoln, could not abdicate its neutrality as long as no open act of brigandage or murder was committed against the United States.

"The Kaiser," says Mr. O'Farrell, "mistook the forbearance of President Wilson for cowardice. The Germans began a campaign of piracy and murder on the high seas against the United States and her flag. Today the American eagle is screaming for vengeance, and Berlin will soon realize the power and might of a great democracy of a hundred million people; Berlin has, of course, calculated the possibility of the American Republic siding with the Allies, but its blind spies and agents in the United States promised the Kaiser that the German element in America could wreck any party or government declaring war on the Fatherland. Just as the Kaiser was led to the belief that Ireland would not fight against Germany, so he lived in the fool's paradise of belief that the United States was pro-German and anti-British. Moreover, like all tyrants, he cherished a secret contempt for the military prowess of a democracy even as great as that of the United States. He believed he could have his enemies in Europe crushed and plundered and enslaved before the United States could have been mobilized or could have comprehended his gigantic schemes of world-wide conquest and empire. But of all the peoples of the earth, those of the United States are the quickest to understand and the fleetest to mobilize.

Milestone of History

"The tragedy of the 'Lusitania' will therefore, prove on of the great milestones of history, for it will mark the advent of the American republic into this war. It is well that it should be so, for when the day for meting out compensation and punishment is at hand, it will be well to have the voice of a nation so strong, so young and so unselfish as a potent factor. I must, however, not be understood as thinking that the United States' intervention will shorten the war to any material extent.

"The Kaiser sees the handwriting on the wall. Failure spells beggary for his race and the scaffold for himself, so he will fight on with the courage of despair and the fury of the fallen angel, and his assassins and murderers will be commanded to out-Herod Herod. No more dangerous lunatic ever cursed the earth than William the Second of Germany. While professing Christianity with his lips and bamboozling Christian prelates and princes, he has secretly planned the day when he would found a new religion and make himself a God. Good may come, however, out of this evil, and the entrance of the United States into the conflict will be of incalculable value.

"The chief good will be the re-establishment of international law and the creation of the international court of justice to which all international disputes shall be referred. Next will be the assertion of the inalienable right of individuals and nations to self-government. The Poles and the Bulgars, the Greeks and the Alsations must henceforth have the same right to choose their own forms of local self-government as the Irish or the French-Canadians of Quebec. One great principle, 'the consent of the governed underlies all true governments, and this is the main principle which must be kept in view when peace is framed. That is the main principle of Great Britain's wide extended Empire. Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Scotland, Wales and Ireland have gone into this war with an intelligence and enthusiasm greater even than England's. They knew from the very first shot fired that they were battling for great principles and fighting for a holy cause. Were the British Empire not an agglomeration of free nations, it would not have been so."

STEEL TRADE NOT ALARMED BY CRISIS

Continues to Hold Recent Strength Chiefly From Export Demand

NEW YORK, May 12.—Talk of war has not disturbed the steel market this week, according to reports from manufacturing centres. Heavy contracts placed here by the Russian Government for cars and rails are mentioned with others in sight. The Iron Age says:

"As yet the possibility of war has not proved disturbing to the steel trade. There are no cancellations or any other features that might be looked for in a grave crisis. The situation in fact, holds the strength gained in the past two months. War orders and other foreign business have figured so largely in the industry of late that the chance of more war does not cause alarm. A first effect would be an increased home demand in some lines, and deliveries on foreign orders would suffer.

"Russian rail and car requirements are of immediate interest. Contrary to reports rail contracts have not been placed, but two steel companies expect to roll 30,000 tons each for Russia and the total purchases will be around 100,000 tons. Still larger amounts are talked of for the Trans-Siberian railroad.

"Steel makers do not disguise their dissatisfaction with the volume of purely domestic business and the more or less precarious character of the foreign demand. At the same time it is pointed out that if a real railroad demands develops, the industry would soon be running to capacity."

The Iron Trade Reviews says:

"May starts off with the steel companies in a better position in bookings and operations of any time during the slow but progressive movements spread over the past four months. Higher prices, which on the average are about $1.00 a ton above the low point of the recent market, are being netted on present shipments. With some companies notably the Steel Corporation, the operating position at present is the best in more than six months."

PROUD OF CHILD KILLING

Germans Believe it Will Increase Their Prestige

LONDON, May 13.—An editorial in the Daily News says:

"Editorial comment in the German press on the sinking of the Lusitania has been singularly scant. Unauthorized comment, however, has been plentiful and this is the sort of thing which appears, for instance, in the Berlin Anzieger from the pen of Erich von Salymann:

"'The Lusitania is no more. Only those who have travelled by sea can appreciate the extraordinary impression which this news will make all over the world. It will now become clear to other nations that England's world's dominion is gone forever. The mistress of the seas, who oppressed small nations with most brutal ruthlessness and to whom modern North America kow tows has received a well aimed smack in the face, a veritable knockout in the boxing ring.

"'The fact that it was we Germans who destroyed the ship must make us proud of ourselves. The Lusitania case will attain for us more respect than a hundred battles won on land.'"

"SINK EVERYTHING."

To his dark minions under sea
Flashed the Imperial decree:
Sink everything!
Spare nought! Sink everything that floats!
Merchantmen, liners, fishing boats;
Sink ships on mercy's errand sped;
Dye Christ's red cross a deeper red;
Sink everything!

Sink honor, faith, forbearance, truth;
Sink virtue, civalry and truth,
Sink everything!
Sink everything that men hold dear,
That devils hate, that cowards fear,
All that lifts man above the ape,
That marks him cast in God's own shape:
Sink everything!
(From Harper's Weekly)

Sweden requires wood alcohol to be so colored that it will be instantly distinguished from grain alcohol.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN. the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on May 15th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO

Muskoka Lakes — Lake of Bays
Algonquin Park — Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River — Timagami Etc.

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain points in Ontario, with liberal stop-overs.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station).

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool		Montreal
May 21	Metagama	June 3
June 4	Missanabie	June 17
June 18	Metagama	July 1
July 2	Missanabie	July 15

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.

No. 18—12.38 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 11— 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.0? a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.5? p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.30 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 28, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—4.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—4.35 a.m., 12.5? noon, 8.25 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Harker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville

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Capital $7,000,000
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Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.

Belleville Branch — H. SNEYD, Manager

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking
Get the Savings Habit.
Highest Current Rates Allowed, and
Interest Compounded Half-Yearly on Deposits.
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

Even the Nurses Need Cigarettes

Find Relief from Overstrained Nerves Men Must Smoke While in Trenches

(Montreal Gazette)

Everything that it written from the front, either by professional correspondents or by the men themselves, goes to show that about the only fighting luxury the soldier on fighting business can get is a plentiful supply of smoking material. The man in the trenches, with his nerves wracked by the continual buzz of bullets, and the more ominous whine of shells, or the bursting of shrapnel, finds in smoking the sedative his nerves need. When the fighting is too fierce to permit of food being brought up, he can face even hunger with equanimity if his supply of tobacco and cigarettes holds out. When wounded, perhaps consciously dying, he craves the soothing influence of a smoke to aid his last moment.

Those at home who have been accidentally cut off for a time from their accustomed smokes know what discomfort it means. That will give them a faint idea of what the man under the stress of long drawn-out trench fighting must experience if he finds himself held for hours under fire, without even the consolation of a smoke. To this must be added the galling sensation that a Canadian would have that, even though he had voluntarily undertaken the most tremendous work any man could undertake for his country, his own people had not thought enough of it to clip in the little money it would require to keep his pouch supplied. No true Canadian would willingly care to leave his fellow-countrymen in such a predicament. There are few that cannot do their bit to make it impossible.

Even the women on active service, the Red Cross and other nurses, have found the benefit of smoking the sedative relief to their over-strained nerves. This is pointed out by Mr. Arthur H. Gleason, writing in the last issue of the Saturday Evening Post. Mr. Gleason writes that not only do practically all the soldiers smoke, but that most of the Red Cross nurses and other women on service, often under fire, find cigarettes indispensable.

Mr. Gleason writes: "Almost all our women at the front smoke, and find the same relief from it that the men do. Cigarettes are what they use. They smoke them at the end of a hard day. The sudden lulls of waiting when one is expecting action and noise are hard to live through and they find that smoking a cigarette quiets the jumping nerves." Mr. Gleason says that in his experiences near the firing line he has frequently seen nurses tired out, sitting on the roadside, smoking cigarettes, and evidently getting as much comfort from them as the Tommies themselves.

Elderly people should use Rexall Orderlies. They are a perfect and mild laxative. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c boxes.

ON TRIP OF INSPECTION

An Unusually Large Number Visit German Ships in N. Y.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Customs inspectors to the number of seventy, went in two boats late to-day to the North German-Lloyd and Hamburg-American Steamship Company piers in Hoboken, where many German steamers are tied up, including the giant steamship Vaterland, ostensibly on their regular month trip of inspection.

Ordinarily, the squad of inspectors consists of about 12 men. The unusual size of the detail on to-day's visit gave rise to reports that the visit was more than a mere inspection and that the big vessels would be searched throughout. It was rumored that the visit was made upon telegraph instructions from Washington.

At the Office of Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port, it was said that the inspectors were on their usual monthly trip of inspection. Why the size of the force was increased was not explained.

AN ABSOLUTELY TRUE STORY

Of How E. L. Marshall of Shreveport, La., Was Cured of a Stomach Trouble That Kept Him Out of Work for Months.

Shreveport, La.—"I had a bad stomach trouble for years and became so weak I could hardly walk or do any work. My appetite was very poor, then my food would not digest, I bloated and was very weak and nervous, and it seemed impossible to get any relief. I was so bad I could not work for months at a time. I tried too many remedies to name, but without help. I saw Vinol advertised and tried it, and soon noticed an improvement. I continued its use and now my stomach trouble is completely cured. I am a well man enjoying perfect health and have gained in weight."—E. L. MARSHALL, Shreveport, La.

The recovery of Mr. Marshall was due to the combined action of the medicinal tissue building elements of the extract of cod's livers, aided by the blood making and strength creating properties of tonic iron, contained in Vinol, which seldom fails to strengthen and tone up the tired, over-taxed and weakened nerves of the stomach and remove the trouble.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

OF MILITARY FAMILY.

Lt.-Col. Elliot Is Fifth of His Line to Serve In the Army.

He was born in the army, was educated in a military school, and soldiery has been his life-work. His father was a general, his ancestors have been in the army for four generations back, and he has served the British Government in many parts of the world.

These are some of the qualifications of Lieutenant-Colonel Harry MacIntire Elliot, who occupies the position of assistant adjutant-general in Military Division No. 2, of which Toronto is the headquarters, and is second in command of the troops which have been stationed there.

He was born in India, 47 years ago, the son of General Elliot, of the British Imperial force stationed there. He was educated at the Royal Military Academy in Woolwich, received his first commission in the Royal Artillery in February, 1888, and his first station was with the battery at Bermuda. Two years later, in 1890, he was sent to Halifax, where Imperial soldiers were then stationed. He remained there six and a half years, the last four years of which he was adjutant of artillery. In 1896 he returned to England and was stationed at Plymouth. He took a gunnery staff course at Shoeburyness in 1898, and one year later was sent to Gibraltar. He was in South Africa in the first months of the war as captain of the heavy artillery, but in July, 1900, he was ordered to China in connection with the Boxer uprising. Concluding his work there in 1901, he again returned to the Old Country, and was made instructor of gunnery at Chatham, followed by a term at the gunnery school at Sheerness.

Col. Elliot became instructor of gunnery under the Canadian Government in 1906, and was stationed at Halifax. In 1909 he returned to England, and was stationed at Queenston, in the south of Ireland, but two years later he returned to Canada and was appointed director of artillery with headquarters at Ottawa in March, 1911, and in March, 1913, became assistant adjutant-general and senior staff officer, responsible for the administration and organization of this military division under Major-General F. L. Lessard in Toronto.

Col. Elliot belongs to the Imperial Government and has been lent to the Canadian Government for four years, one year of which is yet to run. His friends say that when his term has finished, he would like to remain in Canada and in the Canadian militia, should this meet with the approval of the Imperial authorities.

Personally, the assistant adjutant-general is quiet, unassuming, reserved, dignified, hard-working, with courteousness his outstanding characteristic. "An officer and a gentleman" is no figure of speech when applied to Colonel Elliot. At the Exhibition camp his day's work commences early in the morning, continuing through a strenuous day, and the jangling of a telephone sometimes keeps him tied to military matters most of the night. During the day an endless stream of military men and civilians pours into his office in the Administration building.

No matter how long the list of callers, or how high the mountain of work, the assistant adjutant-general still maintains the same quiet, never-ruffled demeanor.

When the world is not at war, Col. Elliot sometimes plays golf.

Life Doesn't Wait For You.

It is one of the provoking, but interesting things about life that it will never stop a moment for admiration. No sooner do you pause to enjoy it, or philosophize over it, or poetize about it, than it is up and away, and the next time you glance around it is vanishing over the hill—with the wind in its garments and the sun in its hair. If you do not go on with life it will go on without you.—American Magazine.

Already Taken.

"I wouldn't marry the best man on earth," said Belle scornfully to her dearest friend.

"I guess you wouldn't," said Claire happily. "He has promised me that he'll never marry again, even if I should die."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Close Observer.

Mrs. Jones—Mrs. Jimms has a new pink chiffon over cream satin with ecru trimmings and basque effect, with a toque hat with heron wings and—Mrs. Hakon—Where is she? Mrs. Jones—I saw her as the elevator shot past this floor.—New York Globe.

Hardened.

Willie—Paw, what is a business woman? Paw—One who can receive and open a telegram without getting cold feet, my son.—Washington Star.

AN OFFICER'S EXPENSES

Lowest Price Is $200 and It May Cost Him $600

The average citizen knows little what the cost—or rather the privilege—of being an officer in the militia means. He is not presented with his uniform, sword, binoculars, revolver, and what not. He must go to his bank and write out a big check for it all, or, failing that, borrow from some one and lose that "some one" as a friend.

The big item is not what he wears on his back; it is what the privileges costs him. A citizen when he takes out a commission for the first time merely goes to his tailor and orders his equipment. If he enlists in war times the cost of that is comparatively small, for he needs only a service uniform and equipment. Usually, however, he purchases two uniforms, for khaki does not wear for aye.

But in peace times he must buy a service uniform, a dress and a mess uniform with the thousand and four requisites.

To-day were a citizen to place his application for a commission as lieutenant in one of the Toronto regiments he would be asked to purchase only a service uniform and service equipment, and this would be about what it would cost him: Jacket, $21; breeches, $18; great coat, $3; hat, $3.50; Sam Browne belt $7; leggings, $6; boots, $6.50; wrist watch, $12; shirts, $8; sword, $25; revolver, $25; binoculars, $40. Total, $202.

Of course, the officer's grannie, mother, fond aunt, and all his female acquaintances furiously knit socks, mufflers, and other woollen garments, all of which, if they were sold in a store, would net the officer enough to pay for his outfit. The officer must also have gloves, a cane, a waterproof cover for his hat, khaki handkerchiefs, etc., all of which are not included in that list. Then he must buy books of all colors, shapes and sizes, and when his military library is complete that has cost him $15. Incidents will thus raise the cost of what he carries on his back to about $225.

Now comes the privileges First of all there is the regimental fund. The rock bottom price of lieutenants for that is $50. For captains, majors and the higher-up officers, it costs more in accordance. Then there is the officer's mess, for which the fee might well be anything, and which is a constant drain on his financial resources. Then he must contribute handsomely to the Sergeants' Mess. There are dinners to officers so lucky as to have been gazetted with overseas forces, dinners to the men going away, all manner of dinners, concerts, and band concerts among the men, whom the officers must patronize to remain in their good graces.

Such are a few of the "privileges" although the word is rather poorly used, or abused if you like. They are the "evident" privileges. Beyond these "evident" ones, there are hazy, misty, clouded privileges innumerable, that might take one all day to put down on paper. Those are left to the reader's imagination. Thus the privilege item runs well up into $200 a year. Total to the present $425.

War costs more in peace times than in war times—at least so far as most officers are concerned, for as yet no mention has been made in this article of mess and dress uniforms. Although those uniforms must be cut on regulations, well-night any price can be paid for them.

Leaving the reader to do the subtraction, it costs an officer, all fringes clipped-off, just about $600 to wear his stars and crowns with good grace.

Numbered Teaspoons.

Tea table etiquette was somewhat complicated in the days of that "hardened and shameless tea drinker," Dr. Johnson, when many people thought nothing of drinking ten or twelve cups at a sitting. It was considered proper for the cups and saucers of a party of tea drinkers to be all passed up to the hostess in one batch when replenishment was considered necessary, and in order that each person might be sure of getting back the right cup the teaspoons were numbered. When the cups were passed up those who did not require any more tea were supposed to place the spoon in the cup.—London Saturday Review.

CLARK'S POTTED MEATS—

Full flavored and perfectly cooked make delicious sandwiches.

The child's delight. The Picnicker's choice. Everybody's favorite.

W. CLARK, Ltd., Montreal.

Germany Has Fear of Italy But Not U. S.

Lusitania Sinking is Overshadowed in Berlin by Italian War Cloud

CHICAGO, May 13.—A Berlin despatch to the Chicago Daily News says: "Senator William J. Stone's statement concerning the Americans' loss in the Lusitania has made an excellent impression in Berlin, where it is believed that it represents the American attitude. Official circles are confident that when the American people know the full details of the Lusitania affair nothing will be found to mar the friendly relations between their country and Germany.

"The whole situation is overshadowed by the Italian war cloud, the relations with that country being exceedingly difficult. Although there are hopes of a peaceful solution, the general impression is that the possibilities of a war with Italy are far more vital to the empire than the danger from the American difficulty.

"The warning issued before the Lusitania sailed still stands, say the German officials, against all other hostile ships. The only safe course for Americans they state is to take neutral ships to neutral ports without passing through the war zone.

"The vigor of the submarine activity will increase rather than slacken according to the German officials, who says that England should convoy her passenger ships. If the Lusitania had been accompanied by dreadnoughts they say, they would have been glad to destroy them instead of the liner."

BISURATED MAGNESIA

Four sour acid stomachs, gas and fermentation of food. A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle.

WORK AND THE EYES.

Importance of Having the Light Come From the Left Side.

The widely known fact that, when using the eyes for any near work, the illumination should come from the left side rather than the right is often disregarded. Let any one who considers the matter of little importance once demonstrate to himself the difference, and he will never forget it.

Take a pencil and paper and try to write while in such a position that the light will fall from the right side. The shadow of the hand or pencil or both is thrown on the paper in such a way as partly to cover the characters one is making. This necessitates a closer viewpoint and a conscious strain on the eyes.

Now let the position of the writer be reversed so that the light falls on the work from the left side. He will notice that the shadows fall away from the work he is doing and leaves the field unobscured. In making the change he cannot help but notice the feeling of ease that immediately is experienced by the eyes.

This applies to any other kind of near work in which the fingers work under the guidance of the eyes. This fact should be remembered in planning schoolrooms, workrooms, offices and any, places where steady close work is to be performed.—Journal of the American Medical Association.

STARVED INTO GOODNESS.

Why Crime Is Rare Among the Caribs of South America.

In the whole wide world there is not a class of people to be found who inflict severer punshment upon themselves than the Caribs of Central America.

Their religion, which is one of the most peculiar kind, demands self punishment for sins intentionally or unintentionally committed. The punishment takes the form of starvation and close confinement.

If the sin be in the form of a lie, no matter whether it is calculated to injure another or not, the sinner goes without either food or drink for three days, at the end of which it is believed that the offender has paid the penalty for his or her sin. Blaspheming and using bad language are punishable by absolute starvation for two days. Assault, drunkenness and other serious sins call for four days' starvation for one week, three days' starvation for the second week, two days' starvation for the third week and one day's starvation in the fourth week

All sins are punished with starvation. For that reason crime is very low among the Caribs, who are among the best behaved and most truthful people in the world.—London Telegraph

Abbas Was Snubbed.

Abbas II., the ex-Khedive of Egypt, who has probably repented by this time that he sided with Britain's enemies and thus lost his position was once very neatly snubbed by a young Canadian girl.

When the Canadian girl was introduced to the Khedive he said to her: "Have you been able to pick up any of our language?"

"Yes, I can say one or two words," she answered.

"Let me hear you," said the Khedive.

Pointing to her pocket, and imitating the whining voice of the Egyptian beggars, she said:

"Backsheesh, Excellency!"

German Insult Angered Chile

Republic Sent Ultimatum to Kaiser Giving Five Days for Answer

NEW YORK, May 13.—A London cable to the Times says:

"German diplomacy has blundered into a situation which may provoke in South America a crisis most as acute as, though different in kind from, that caused in the United States by the sinking of the Lusitania. Diplomatic secrecy is being strictly maintainod pending the exchange of communications, but it is learned on excellent authority that these latter have taken such a tone that the severance of diplomatic relations between the two countries concerned is considered highly improbable.

"The incident began with Chile's acceptance of the British apology for the violation of her neutrality by the sinking of the Dresden in territorial waters. Berlin resented this acceptance and conveyed its dissatisfaction to Santiago in terms which the Chilean Government considered insulting and constituting an unwarrantable interference with the sovereign rights of the country.

"Chile responded by what was practically an ultimatum, to the effect that Germany must withdraw her expressions and apologize for her flagrant breach of international amenities or Chile would take such action as best appeared to fit the circumstances.

"There is ground for believing that Germany has received an allowance of five days in which to decide upon the course she will pursue."

SOLDIER WARMERS.

Russians Carry Little Radiators In Their Pockets.

A peculiar device which Russian soldiers use to alleviate the cold while in the field is thus described by a Russian officer:

Russian soldiers never suffer from frost, and if there were cases in former campaigns when the soldiers have died from it, that was only due to vodka. But now, when vodka and other alcoholic drinks no longer exist in the Russian army, there is no further danger for the Russian soldier.

The Japanese have taught the Russians to fight the frost. It is very well known that only the inhabitants of the north of Japan are accustomed to the coldest winter, and for the Japanese army the prospect of a winter struggle with their enemy in Manchuria or Siberia was a problem of the greatest gravity. They succeeded in combating King Frost.

The Russians first learned from their enemy how to keep warm after some winter battles when they took prisoners, and Gen. Kuropatkin, as well as all Russian generals, approved the cleverness of the Japanese.

It is most important for a soldier to keep his hands warm, the feet, when well covered, do not suffer so much as the hands, which are always in action, and in most cases without gloves, especially when shooting or cleaning arms. When you have your hands warm the circulation of the blood generally becomes better, and you do not suffer from cold.

I remember that during the Russo-Japanese war our soldiers brought to us officers some strange objects taken from dead or wounded Japanese. These objects were like metallic cigarette boxes covered with cheap velvet or some kind of stuff, and were quite warm as if they had been filled with hot water. With great curiosity we studied those boxes, and when we opened the hermetically sealed top we found that the box was filled with a special sort of black, slowly burning powder, which kept the box at a considerable temperature.

Afterward, when I became a prisoner of war and spent many months in Japan, I fully learned this method, and during all my winter's imprisonment used these splendid cheap and comfortable pocket warmers without further suffering from cold. King Frost was beaten.

I can truthfully say that never in my life have I seen anything more practical, more convenient or more useful for a soldier than these warmers.

I know how precious is a fire that can warm you a little when you are frozen deep to the bones. After a long period on outpost duty without a fire you become apathetic, indifferent and yearn only for death, the great deliverer from your physical sufferings.

And when suddenly you feel yourself warm! What happens then?

All is forgotten. A new force rises in you, new courage, new energy! A cup of tea can make a new man of you—a soldier capable of the greatest deeds of bravery. That is so, because man is a human being, not a machine.

The Japanese soldiers each had several of these small pocket warmers and a reserve of the special powder in packets. They lighted them when the frost was too strong, and kept them in their pockets, so that they never knew what it was to be frozen.

From the monetary point of view, it is the cheapest remedy against frost. The powder is some kind of mixture of semi-burnt rice straw with an addition of black gunpowder and something else that I do not know, which regulates the process of burning for many hours. I used these boxes in Japan like hot water bottles at night, and when I awoke they were still very warm.

On Good Authority.

When Walter Scott was a boy his teacher asked him to give the part of speech of the word "with."

"It's a noun," said young Scott.

"You are very stupid," said the teacher. "How came you to say such a thing?"

"I got it from the Bible, sir," said the future novelist, stoutly. "There's a verse that says 'they bound Samson with withs.'"

Prices start at $15.

for new spring and summer Suits — and go up, by easy stages to $35.

At $18.50 and $20, in particular, we are showing some exceptional values — in a big variety of styles and patterns.

Come in and see them.

FIT-REFORM

Chas. J. Symons

"The Store With The Electric Man"

My Wife's Judgment

By DWIGHT NORWOOD

It is singular how persons will be misjudged. When I married Margaret the remark of a friend was repeated to me that nettled me. It was that she had much better judgment than I, and if we got on in the world it would be owing to this fact.

Now, while I love my wife dearly and appreciate her good qualities, I confess I don't like this decrying of myself by comparison with her. I admit that she has on certain occasions advised me as to investments, and her judgment in the matter has turned out to be quite correct. But these persons who set such store by judgment seem to forget that there is such a thing as luck. When I proposed at one time to spend some money in advertising a scheme I had in view Margaret said to me, "You will not get a single reply," and it turned out that she was right. It was a piece of luck.

Then, too, when I proposed to go into business with a certain man she told me he would leave me in the lurch at the first opportunity. When I asked her on what she based her statement she said she didn't like the shape of his nose. The member was not shapely, I admit. It was altogether too small for his face, but I do protest against any woman condemning a man for such a reason. That the fellow relieved me of $3,000 does not alter the argument in the least.

When I submitted this case to a woman friend of my wife she laughed and said, "That is reason enough for any woman, and when I indicated my surprise at such nonsense she claimed that I had no business to ask my wife to give a reason for such an opinion.

Margaret had such a run of luck in proving me wrong in certain instances that she came to believe she was very much my superior. True, she never said she was my superior and relied on me entirely for certain things about which she was very stupid. When I asked her one day, when my passbook was returned to me from the bank, balanced, to see if the balance in my checkbook agreed with the balance in the passbook, she replied that she didn't know how and couldn't learn. A nice person that to advise a man in business matters. But this is not the worst. On one occasion when I was on a trip and Margaret needed money from the bank she wrote a check, and instead of signing my name by herself or her own she forged my signature. The check was paid, but Margaret's stupidity raised a laugh at the bank at her expense.

"My dear," I said to her when informed of what she had done, "I hope hereafter I shall hear no more of your superiority to your husband."

"Oh," she replied, with a toss of her head, indicating that she considered the matter one of the most trivial importance, "I naturally supposed that in signing your name I should make it look like yours. They must be very particular at your bank. I should not be surprised if you lost everything you have there some day."

"Very particular indeed," I replied. "Do you consider forgery a matter for a banker to pass lightly? If they so regarded it at my bank I should have good reason to believe that I might lose money by them."

Who could imagine such blind luck as followed my wife's prediction? Six months after it was made the bank was obliged to go into liquidation. But luckily I lost nothing by the failure. Shortly before it occurred Margaret took it into her head to buy a number of expensive household articles, which had necessitated using up all my balance.

"I told you so!" she said when I announced the bank's trouble.

"Told me so," I retorted impatiently. "Do you refer to what you said about my some time losing money by the bank?"

"Of course I do."

"Will you kindly inform me how you, who don't know enough to write a check without committing a forgery, knew about the bank's weakness?"

"I knew that Mrs. Burton, the cashier's wife, was a very ambitious woman."

"Suppose she was. What has Mrs. Burton's ambition to do with the bank's failure?"

"Everything. But she didn't get any of our money. I took care of that."

"Took care of that!"

"Yes. I put it into rugs and furniture."

Now, was not this the most remarkable piece of impudence? Because she happened to spend this money at this time she claimed to have saved it intentionally.

I was telling Quigley about this one day soon after it occurred. To my surprise, he turned upon me and said:

"Bob, you're the biggest fool I ever knew."

"What do you mean?"

"Don't you know that Burton was the cause of the bank's failure and he was ruined by his wife?"

"You don't mean it!"

Sometimes I think it's pretty hard to find a foundation for anything in this world. It may be that Margaret's foresight induced her to put the money I had in bank into rugs in order to save it, but I can't understand how a woman who didn't know enough about banking to avoid committing a forgery would be able to tell that the institution would go under.

His Wife's Allowance.

Illustrative of the social leveling influence of war, the following incident is told of two Englishmen:

A new commanding officer was questioning a smart young corporal.

"Are you married?" asked the officer.

"Yes, sir."

"Don't you think you ought to make her some allowance out of your pay?" continued the officer.

"If you think it necessary, sir," replied the corporal, "I will, sir. I'm keeping up the house and car and allowing her £600 a year, but if you think an extra sixpence a day would be any good to her I am perfectly willing."

Time and Trial Prove

the unequalled value of Beecham's Pills as the best corrective of ailments of the digestive organs so common—and the best preventive of lasting and serious sickness so often resulting from defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver or bowels.

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have a great record. For over half a century they have been used with entire satisfaction in thousands of homes. A few doses will prove to you that you can find prompt relief from the headaches, depression of spirits and general no-good feelings caused by indigestion or biliousness. Try them, and you will know what it is to have at your command such

An Invaluable Aid to Health

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

THE FATAL LETTER

"No. Moreover, the packet is sealed. I do not see, on second thoughts, what harm I can do you—now that it is out of your father's hands—by keeping it until to-morrow, when I will return it to your brother from whom it came."

"He will not be in London," he answered doggedly. He stepped between me and the door with looks which I did not like. At the same time I felt that some allowance must be made for a man treated in this way.

"I am sorry," I said, "but I cannot do what you ask. I will do this, however. If you think the delay of importance, and will give me your brother's address in Liverpool, I will undertake to post the letters to him at once."

He considered the offer, eying me the while with the same disfavor which he had exhibited in the drawing room. At last he said slowly, "If you will do that?"

"I will," I repeated. "I will do it immediately."

He gave me the direction—"George Ritherdon, at the London and Northwestern Hotel, Liverpool!"—and in return I gave him my own name and address. Then I parted from him, with a civil goodnight on either side—and little liking, I fancy—the clocks striking midnight, and the servants coming in as I passed out into the cool darkness of the square.

Late as it was I went straight to my club, determined that, as I had assumed the responsibility, there should be no laches on my part. There I placed the packet, together with a short note explaining how it came into my possession, in an outer envelope, and dropped the whole, duly directed and stamped, into the nearest pillar box. I could not register it at that hour, and rather than wait until next morning, I omitted the precaution; merely requesting Mr. Ritherdon to acknowledge its receipt.

Well, some days passed; during which it may be imagined that I thought no little about my odd experience. It was the story of the Lady and the Tiger over again. I had the choice of two alternatives at least. I might either believe the young felow's story, which certainly had the merit of explaining in a fairly probable manner an occurrence of so odd a character as not to lend itself freely to explanation. Or I might disbelieve his story, plausible in its very strangeness as it was, in favor of my own vague suspicions. Which was I to do?

Well, I set out by preferring the former alternative. This, notwithstanding that I had to some extent committed myself against it by withholding the papers. But with each day that passed without bringing me an answer from Liverpool, I leaned more and more to the other side. I began to pin my faith to the Tiger, adding each morning a point to the odds in the animal's favor. So it went on until ten days had passed.

Then a little out of curiosity, but more, I gravely declare, because I thought it the right thing to do, I resolved to seek out George Ritherdon. I had no difficulty in learning where he might be found. I turned up the firm of Ritheron Brothers (George and Gerald), cotton-spinners and India merchants, in the first directory I consulted. And about noon the next day I called at their place of business, and sent in my card to the senior partner. I waited five minutes—curiously scanned by the porter, who no doubt saw a likeness between me and his employer—and then I was admitted to the latter's room.

He was a tall man with a fair beard, not one whit like Gerald, and yet tolerably good looking; if I say more I shall seem to be describing myself. I fancied him to be balder about the temples, however, and grayer and more careworn than the man I am in the habit of seeing in my shaving glass. His eyes, too, had a hard look, and he seemed in ill health. All these things I took in later. At the time I only noticed his clothes. "So the old gentleman is dead," I thought, "and the young one's tale is true, after all?" George Ritherdon was in deep mourning.

"I wrote to you," I began, taking the seat to which he pointed, "about a fortnight ago."

He looked at my card, which he held in his hand. "I think not," he said slowly.

"Yes," I repeated. "You were then at the London and Northwestern Hotel, at Liverpool."

He was stepping to his writing table but he stopped abruptly. "I was in Liverpool," he answered, in a different tone, "but I was not at that hotel. You are thinking of my brother, are you not?"

"No," I said. "It was your brother who told me you were there."

"Perhaps you had better explain what was the subject of your letter," he suggested, speaking in the weary tone of one returning to a painful matter. "I have been through a great rouble lately, and this may well have been overlooked."

I said I would, and as briefly as possible I told the main facts of my strange visit to Fitzhardinge Square. He was much moved, walking up and down the room as he listened, and giving vent to exclamations from time to time, until I came to the arrangement I had finally made with his brother. Then he raised his hand as one might do in pain.

"Enough!" he said abruptly. "Barnes told me a rambling tale of some stranger. I understand it all now."

"So do I, I think!" I replied dryly. "Your brother went to Liverpool, and received the papers in your name?"

He murmured what I took for "Yes." But he did not utter a single word of acknowledgment to me, or of reprobation of his brother's deceit. I thought some such word should have been spoken; and I let my feelings carry me away. "Let me tell you," I said warmly, "that your brother is a——"

"Hush!" he said, holding up his hand again. "He is dead."

"Dead!" I repeated, shocked and amazed.

"Have you not read of it in the papers? It is in all the papers," he said wearily. "He committed suicide—God forgive me for it!—at Liverpool, at the hotel you have mentioned, and the day after you saw him."

And so it was. He had committed some serious forgery—he had always been wild, though his father, slow to see it, had only lately closed his purse to him—and the forged signatures had come into his brother's power. He had cheated his brother before. There had long been bad blood between them; the one being as cold, businesslike, and masterful as the other was idle and jealous.

"I told him," the elder said to me, shading his eyes with his hand, "that I should let him be prosecuted—that I would not protect or sheler him. The threat nearly drove him mad; and while it was hanging over him, I wrote to disclose the matter to Sir Charles. Gerald thought his last chance lay in recovering this letter unread. The proofs against him destroyed, he might laugh at me. His first attempts failed; and then he planned, with Barnes' cognizance, to get possession of the packet by drugging my father's whisky. Barnes' courage deserted him; he called you in, and—and you know the rest."

"But," I said softly, "your brother did get the letter—at Liverpool."

George Ritherdon groaned. "Yes," he said, "he did. But the proofs were not inclosed. After writing the outside letter I changed my mind, and withheld them, explaining my reasons within. He found his plot laid in in vain; and it was under the shock of this disappointment—the packet lay before him, resealed and directed to me—that he—that he did it. Poor Gerald!"

"Poor Gerald!" I said. What else remained to be said?

It may be a survival of superstition, yet, when I dine in Baker street now, I take some care to go home by any other route than that through Fitzhardinge Square.

THE END.

BLOOD WILL TELL

LONDON, May 14.—Many young men have been lost in France by the fact that their blood was out of order and impure when they started out in this campaign as soldiers at the front. Many of them never reached the battle line because they were taken sick in camp, due to stomach and bowel troubles, and with blood powerless to resist. Young men and old men in Canada should be just as watchful of their blood to see that it is pure, that their stomach is acting well and the liver active.

It takes lots of vitality, nervous force and strength to win a race. Blood must be pure and good.

Keep the nerves nourished, the heart strong, the head cool, the stomach vigorous, the liver active with a tonic which has stood the test of time and has a wide reputation, such as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the world's great Blood Purifier; it enters joints, dissolves the impure deposits and carries them out, as it does all impurities, through the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin.

If you have indigestion, sluggish liver, backache over the kidneys; nasal or other Catarrh, unsteady nerves or unsightly skin, get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery today and start at once to replace your impure blood with the kind that puts energy and ambition into you and brings back youth and vigorous action—Adv.

IMPORTANT SPECIAL OFFER TO READERS OF THIS PAPER

Any person desiring a copy of The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser before the edition is exhausted should send this notice together with five dimes or stamps, to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y., and a copy will be sent by return mail, customs duty paid, all charges prepaid—Adv.

Dr. Pierce's Medicines are manufactured in Canada at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

Herbie Milligan, the five-year-old son of Mr. Milligan, of North Cobalt, succumbed yesterday to terrible burns received Tuesday while endeavoring to recover a ball from a hollow stump on a vacant lot which was being burned and cleared up.

James Bay Rich In Its Fisheries

White Fish Industry Will Prove One of the Most Prolific in Canada

OTTAWA, May 13.—That the "white fish industry of James Bay will prove to be one of the most prolific in Canada, equalling, if not surpassing the fisheries of the Great Lakes," that James Bay is probably the last virgin fishing ground in the world for sturgeon, and that both in James Bay and Hudson Bay there are fisheries of immense value waiting for the completion of the Hudson Bay Railroad and other lines to develop them, is the gist of a report just published by the Naval Service Department on the food fishing possibilities of these northern waters.

The report is in three parts, one on the fisheries of the east coast of James Bay, another on those of the west coast, and a third on the Hudson Bay fisheries, and is the result of investigations made by three separate expeditions. The general conclusion arrived at in all three reports is that the whitefish is the most valuable commercially, of all those with which the two bays abound. With the transportation question settled, the statement is made that "there can be little doubt the whitefish industry will prove one of the greatest in Canada, and with its development the other fisheries will become of immense value." These other fisheries include the catching of sturgeon for which James Bay is the last virgin fishing ground. The statement is made in this connection that the sturgeon, unless protected, is doomed to become as extinct as the American buffalo.

Speckled trout, tullibee, char, codfish, seals and white whale are also plentiful in James Bay, especially on the east coast.

As regards the Hudson Bay fisheries the report states that when the Hudson Bay Railway is completed they will prove of great value to the Northwest provinces.

The interesting statement appears hat as a game preserve there is nothing on the North American continent to compare with the shores of Hudson Bay. "I have visited and shot over most of the celebrated game resorts on this continent—the Northwestern States with their famed duck ponds Lake Champlain in its palmy days, the famous Longue Pointe and Sorel marshes, Seal Reef in the St. Lawrence, and Labrador Shore with its myriads of birds"—says Mr. Nap Comeau, the Government's special officer, "but never have I seen anything that could compare to this Hudson Bay shore—geese, black and pintail duck, plovers, and the small members of this family are to be found there in countless thousands. We actually could not sleep owing to the continous honking of the wild geese about us. All the low marshy land from Churchill to James Bay is nothing but an immense breeding ground."

Mr. Comeau hopes the Government will make a game preserve of this region as in a few years sportsmen will be flocking there.

WILSON HEARS FROM PARIS

PARIS, May 12.—More than 100 Americans in Paris have signed the following cablegram, which was forwarded to President Wilson:—

"We, the undersigned, having observed strict neutrality though living amid the horrors of war, now feel that in justice to our conditions and in order to preserve our self-respect, we must voice an indignant and energetic protest against the sinking of the Lusitania, an act pre-eminent in its savargery, and which places the responsible government outside civilized humanity."

Among the signers of the message are Dr. Edmund L. Gros, chief surgeon of the American Ambulance Corps in France; A. Platt Andrew, formerly assistant secretary of the United States Treasury; Norman Hutchinson, American consul-general to Roumania and Serbia; Lawrence V. Bennett, former president of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris; Captain Arthur W. Kipling, of the American Ambulance Corps; P. Lorillard Ronalds, George Blumenthal, William E Iselin and Dr. Winchester Dubouchet.

CLOTHED IN GRASS GREEN

New Summer Uniform Being Made For Germans

The Hague, via London, May 13.—The German troops will be clothed in grass-green uniforms during the summer months, according to private information received here from Ghent, where a large factory is said to be working day and night making the new clothing. Field gray will be the color worn again in next winter's campaign, for which the Germans are making great preparations, according to the stories of people arriving in Holland.

The German War Department, it is asserted, has ordered many kinds of new materials, including medical stores and entrenching tools, sufficient to last until the end of December. The original belief of Berlin, it is asserted, was that the campaign would be concluded at the latest in August of this year.

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Friday and Saturday Specials

20c Dress Crepes, 15c yard
These are good quality Cotton Crepes with raised stripe, and may be obtained in six colors, Navy, Copenhagen, Light Blue, Mauve, Grey, and Black, for........15c yard

Cambric Nightgowns, 59c
We have about five dozen Ladies' Cambric Nightgowns, slip-over style. The neck and sleeves are trimmed with Linen Torchon Lace. Unusual values at........59c each

Cotton Hose, 15c
We have ribbed Cotton Hose in all sizes from 6 to 10, good quality, at........15c per yard

UNDERSKIRTS, 89c
In this assortment are about 10 dozen Ladies' Underskirts, in Satin, Cotton Foulards, and English Percales, in a good variety of colors.
Regular prices $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, and $2.00
Your Choice, 89c

Shepherds' Checks, 50c yd.
Two pieces only of Shepherds' Check Dress Goods, 50 ins. wide, are specially priced at 50c yard

Pearl Buttons
These are shown in all sizes from 16 to 36 lines, in 2 or 4 hole styles, mounted 3, 4, 6 or 12 on a card at only........5c per card

Shantung Silk, 39c
We are selling our 34-in. Shantung Silk, in natural shades only, at........39c yd.

Ladies' Cotton Vests
We are offering about 7 dozen Ladies' Cotton Vests, summer weight, with low neck and short sleeves. Regular 15c,
Your Choice, 3 for 25c

Bedding Bargains
9-4 Bleached Sheeting, either twilled or plain, to sell at only........39c yard
Pillowslips, with scalloped embroidered edge, are priced at........25c each or 40c pair

Children's Dresses 75c each
We have about 4 doz. Dresses, in sizes 4, 6 and 8 only, made in colored Indian Head and Ginghams, at only........75c each

Table Cloths $1.50
You can buy a pure Linen Table Cloth, size 64 x 84 inches, for only
$1.50 each

Towelling, 10c
We have several lines of PURE LINEN TOWELLING to sell for
10c per yard

Sinclair's See Our SUIT SPECIALS at $10.00 **Sinclair's**

A DEAF MUTE

By JOHN Y. LARNED

Dan Goodwin, an American globe trotter, when the European war broke out was in Brussels. Dan always wanted to be in everything, but in an independent capacity. As for seeing the fight in the ranks, that was not to his taste. He had no mind to be bossed, and, as for living in a trench, he infinitely preferred a front room in a hotel.

Leaving Brussels, he went to Liege, then to the top of a high hill and watched the Germans smash the works defending that city. He found it very pleasant looking on from a safe distance, watching successive missiles and noting the damage they did or their failure to do damage. He enjoyed the bombardment for some time without getting into any danger, then one morning woke up to find the city in possession of the Germans. This was getting too near to the other side, and, availing himself of his American passport, he withdrew to Brussels.

One morning Dan went to the front to look for a good place from which to see a battle. Suddenly a troop of uhlans came down on him. Seeing their approach, he felt in his pocket for his passport. It was gone.

Though the uhlans when he made this discovery were but a few hundred yards away, Dan did a large job of thinking before they reached him. He had heard a great deal of the looking out for spies on both sides, and it occurred to him that he would be mistaken for one. What should he do? A spy must be able to see. If he couldn't see he couldn't be a spy. He would pretend to be blind.

Fortunately he carried a cane and began at once to tap the ground before him with the evident intent to feel his way. The Germans, seeing this when they reached him, drew aside to let him pass, but the captain of the troop pulled up and said in German:

"Who are you, and where are you going?"

Dan understood enough German to know the question he had been asked, but it occurred to him to pretend that he didn't. He walked right on till he ran against the captain's horse, then started back, imitating the action of a blind man.

"He's a deaf mute, captain," suggested a lieutenant.

"Deaf mute be hanged!" replied the captain. "He can hear and see as well as any of us."

This gave Dan the idea to play that he could neither see, hear nor speak, and he decided to play the three cards instead of one. He made the throat sounds of a mute.

"Bring him along," said the captain. "They can find out about him at headquarters."

The captain ordered a couple of men to dismount and put Dan upon a horse behind a third man. This was done, Dan making sounds as if in protest, and when he was in position the troop moved on.

When they reached headquarters Dan was taken before an officer whose mustaches alone were fierce enough to strike terror. He heard those who took him there say that he was either a deaf mute or a spy—they did not know which—whereupon the officer said he would soon find out. Dan expected to be searched, but the officer evidently preferred to test him first. Taking a cigar out of his mouth, he extended the lighted end toward Dan's nose. Dan had the nerve to wait till the fire touched the skin, then jumped.

"That will do," said the officer. "He's shamming. He must have felt the heat before the fire touched his nose, but he showed no sign till it burned him."

Dan saw his mistake, but said nothing, keeping up the vacant stare of a blind man. The officer looked doubtful of his discovery and, drawing his sword, brought it to a level with Dan's face and slowly moved it toward his right eye. Dan found that a more trying ordeal than the other test. But he had excellent nerve and did not budge till he saw the point so near his eye that the officer could not be sure he had not touched it. Then he sprang back, with grimaces and guttural sounds in his throat.

The officer, whether convinced or not of his prisoner being a deaf mute, ordered him to be searched. From a hip pocket his passport was taken. When Dan saw it an expression of mingled relief and joy passed over his face, which betrayed him. While those standing about him were still looking at him curiously he broke into a laugh.

"Heaven be praised!" he exclaimed in German. "I thought I had been robbed of it."

The officer opened the passport, saw the seal of the United States, compared the description with the original and, finding that they agreed, was much puzzled.

"What did you pretend to be a deaf mute for?" he asked sternly.

Dan explained the matter, but the German refused to believe him. Instead of freeing him he sent him to the general, who asked him a great many questions which would prove or disprove that he was the original of the passport. Dan spent a month in limbo, every day fearful that he would be shot as a spy, but in time the Germans became satisfied that he was what he pretended to be and released him. Had he been any but an American he would doubtless have been shot.

Scorching.

"Things were getting too warm for me in that section of the country."

"What was the reason?"

"I was burning up too many of the roads."—Baltimore American.

Never Break.

Greene—Are there any really indestructible toys? Gray—None that I know of, except those that make an infernal noise.—Judge.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S
BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
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BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under the head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street. Belleville
Money to loan at lowest rates.
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DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets
Phone 718.

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JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer. Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 3 per cent.

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Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
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I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
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Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
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QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .... Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
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Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. 236 Charles Street.

Smart Spring Overcoat!

Every Good Dresser appreciates a smart Spring Overcoat!

Our Coats are very much admired by Men who like swagger, stylish Garments.

We'll take great pleasure in showing you all these new models if you will step in for just a look!

Rain Coats

A Good Rain Coat is a necessary adjunct to the Wardrobe of every Man who cares for his Clothes.

Spring Weather is always fickle, and Rain is just as wet in the Spring as it is in the Fall!

We're showing a great variety of Waterproof Rain Coat fabrics—Coats cut long and full.

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Every Coat is fully guaranteed.

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THE HOUSE OF GOOD CLOTHES

BUY A
WAR BOX
Contents:
½ lb. Absorbent Cotton
2 Gauze Bandages.
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FOR RELIEF WORK AT THE FRON
Each box packed and labelled ready for mailing. Send to THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, Toronto, who will send it to Europe without further charge.
PRICE ONLY 50c. CENTS.
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When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

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New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

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208 Front Street

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Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.
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BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.
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Manager Belleville Branch

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Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

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For ONE DAY Only Saturday, May 15th

MEN'S HAT BARGAINS
Your choice of any Felt Hat, soft or stiff shapes, the season's newest blocks and colors; regular prices $2 and $2.50,
Saturday Only, $1.50

EXTRA VALUES MEN'S SHIRTS
Neat hair-line stripes, coat style, with attached laundried cuffs.
Regular Price $1.50
Saturday Only, $1.15

MEN'S BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR
Specially Priced
Fine Quality Balbriggan Underwear; Shirts have long sleeves, drawers ankle length. Reg. price $1 per suit.
Saturday Only, 75c

SPLENDID VALUES MEN'S TIES
Finest quality Silk Four-in-Hand Ties, the newest colors. Reg. 50c each.
Saturday, 35c each
3 for $1

MEN'S SOCKS
Best quality Cashmere. Reg. 50c per pair.
Saturday Only, 38c
2 pairs for 75c

MEN'S CAPS
The newest Check and Stripe Patterns. Reg. 75c and $1 qualities,
Saturday Only, 50c

For One Day Only, Saturday, May 15th

S. A. HYMAN & CO.
242 Front Street

Go elsewhere—if you find a corset department which through prejudice against "Made-in-Canada" goods does not sell the "D. & A" or the "La Diva" Corsets.

The superior value of the "D & A" and the "La Diva" Corsets has made hundreds of thousands of women wear them.

The "D & A" and the "La Diva" are made by the Dominion Corset Co., in one of the finest corset factories in the world. 7-15

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

LADY'S WHEEL FOUND

A lady's bicycle was last night found in a gangway by the police whilst making their rounds of inspection. The wheel was taken to the police station for safe keeping.

TENDERS CONSIDERED

At a meeting of the Public Works' committee held last evening in connection with the civic committees the tenders for the construction of the West Belleville sewer were considered but nothing definite was done.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT

T. Cornell, D. and F. Munville were this morning charged with disorderly conduct. Owing to the absence of Magistrate Masson from the city Mayor Panter presided over the police court. He enlarged the case until tomorrow, allowing the accused out on their own recognizance.

CHEESE BOARDS

At the Stirling Cheese Board on Tuesday, 485 boxes of cheese were boarded and sold at 18c. On Wednesday at Madoc 285 boxes were offered for sale and the price realized was 18c. At Campbellford on Tuesday, Mr. J. A. Kerr received all that was boarded, namely 440 boxes at 18 7-16c.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

The local band and corps of the Salvation Army have lost a highly respected member in the death of Private Lavender who fell in the Battle of Langemarck, fighting for his country. In memory of him an official memorial service is to be conducted by Captain Rustan in the Salvation Army Citadel on Sunday night.

ORDERED OUT OF CITY

At 11.30 last night two strangers named Peter Carney and Hiram Chapelle, were placed under arrest, having been found in a C.N.O.R. freight car. They were charged with being vagrants. This morning they were given the option of going to jail for three months or leave the city within half an hour. They chose the latter alternative.

BOX SENT TO NAVY

A box has been sent to-day from the Red Cross Association and Patriotic Association to the navy containing the following: 9 scarfs, 12 helmets, 7 doz. and 4 wristlets from the Association. Mrs. C. N. Sulman, 1 box gum; Miss Pitcathely, socks, stationery, handkerchiefs and tobacco; Miss Sills, knitted scarf; Mrs. (Dr.) Mather, knitted scarf; Alice Lazier, knitted scarf; Mrs. Stone, preserved ginger, and cigarettes; Mrs. Seymour playing cards; Mrs. (Dr.) Boyce, maulted milk, box of gum; Mrs. Margaret Sine, 1 doz. handkerchiefs, 2 writing pads; H. Greenleaf, stationery; Mrs. Sprague, tobacco. The Association wishes to express their grateful thanks to all contributors who have so kindly remembered the navy.

Civic Committees

At a regular meeting of the Civic Committes held last evening considerable business was transacted.

PUBLIC WORKS

Ald McFee, chairman of this Committee, presided. The accounts passed were:

Pay Sheet	$375 34
Schuster Co.	17 36
Ethel Wheatley	4.00
Walker Foundry Co	41 31
Pay sheet	373 20
J. W. Walker	11 71

It was recommended that the petition from property owners on Forin street, asking for the construction of a tar macadam tarvia pavement be referred to the city engineer and assessor to report, and that if the petition is sufficiently signed the prayer of the petition be granted.

LIGHT

Ald Smith, chairman, presided. An account of the Trenton Electric company for $620.11 was passed.

PARKS

Ald. McCurdy, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Intelligencer Printing Co	$63 75
Morton & Herity	10 35
Jenning & Sherry	20

FIRE

Ald. St. Charles, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

D. Gallagher	$15 30
Jas. Clarke	5 00
Belleville Gas. Dept.	4 88

GAS

Ald. Platt, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Pay sheet	$233 00
Canadian Meter Co.	28 07
Standard Meter Co	23 44
H. W. Knight & Bro	2 20
Y. & O. Coal Co	54 14
Hyde & Son	8 00
Empire Mfg. Co	65 57
Asbestos Mfg. Co	152 80
Intelligencer Printing Co	10 85
J. W. Walker	10 85
Walker Foundry Co	55 28

It was recommended that the manager of the Gas department be authorized to purchase twelve ordinary gas metres and 6 slot metres.

MARKET

Ald. Duckworth, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Belleville Gas Dept	$31 45
Atkins & Cochrane	2 35
F. Page	6 75
Gorman & Anderson	10 00

WATER WORKS

Ald. Woodley chairman presided. The accounts passed were:

Trenton Electric Co.	$195 62
Pay Sheet	87 79
Ethel Wheatley	4 00
John Lewis Co.	435 74
Canadian Oil Co	7 05
Jas. Cummins estate	3 86
Aikenhart Hardware Co	80
Walker Foundry Co	115 90
Malone, Malone & Land	15 25
Intelligencer Printing Co	8 00
J. W. Walker	17 20
J. T. Warren	5 00
R. McDougall Co	100 59
R. McCoy	3 00
Pittsburg Coal Co	80 88

PARKS AND INDUSTRIES

Ald. Earle, Chairman, presided. An account of A. Johns for $26.00 was passed.

EXECUTIVE

Ald. Wallbridge, presided. The accounts passed were:

Walker Foundry Co	$12 00
J. H. Holmes	5 25
Children's Aid Society	20 00
C. P. R. Telegraph Co.	.78
G. N. W. Telegraph Co	.28
Hydro Electric Power Commission	2 26
F. H. Henry	10 85

It was recommended that the 15th Regimental Band be given the use of a portion of Victoria Park for the purpose of holding a military carnival thereon during the week of May 31st to June 5th, and that the organizatios operating under their auspices be charged no license fee whatever.

CASUALTIES FROM DEFECTIVE LABORATORIES

The human body carries within it all the functions necessary to keep it in perfect health, possesses its own chemical laboratory, making all chemicals needed for any purpose; it can mend a broken bone or do any of the building up or repairing that is necessary, interfere with these natural processes and disease is the result. Since disease is unnatural, Nature will, if given the opportunity, correct the diseased condition with her own laboratory.

By continually drugging, if you are fortunate enough to hit upon the right drug, you supply the deficiency and get a little temporary relief. Chiropractic is the only science that makes it possible for your own laboratory to cure you. Why not let it do so; it makes no mistakes.

If you are suffering from any disease you may be sure that Nature's laboratory is not working properly. Why isn't it? I will tell you. Dr. B. G. Hahn, 42½ Bridge St., opposite Post office. Consultation Free.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us;

We Can Save You Money By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT?
We can build a new one on your old Hub.
IS YOUR HUB BROKEN?
We can build a new one in your old Rim.
Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

Belleville Boy Wounded, Missing

Mrs. T. C. Mahoney, who resides on Front street yesterday afternoon received the following telegram:

Ottawa, May 13, 1915.

Mrs. T. C. Mahoney. Sincerely regret to inform you 8048 Lance Corp. Mahoney, Second Battalion, reported officially wounded and missing. Further particulars will be sent you when received.

Adjutant General

Lance Corporal Mahoney was a member of the 15th regiment, and left here with the first contingent. He is a young man, who was well and favorably known in the city.

A young German named Hofacmaer, who has been employed in a Berlin bank for some time, and recently resigned to learn farming, created considerable stir yesterday morning by appearing on the street with an outfit closely resembling the uniform of a German soldier. He had had it made to order. Chief O'Neill took him to police hadquarters and requested him to wear civilian clothes while in the city and use his new outfit when plowing the fields and feeding cattle.

Have the Intelligencer Sent to Your home address.

When You Want
Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

SPECIALS Friday & Saturday

Plain Glass Water Pitchers, Regular 30c; Saturday, 20c
Regular Size Window Screens, Saturday Only 15c

Saturday Only
25 p.c. off
ALUMINIUM WARE
and
HIGHEST GRADE
BLUE ELITE
GRANITE WARE

Rice Boilers, 39c
O. Cedar Polish
Mops, 75c

TEA WILL ASCEND TO HIGHER PRICES AS WAR'S RESULT

That the price of tea must go up is admitted by Tea Merchants. Cables from London, Colombo and Calcutta all point to a very serious shortage of tea. Cables received in Canada this week advise that markets are still advancing and prices have almost doubled since war began. This week tea has risen 5c. a lb. in Montreal.

BEST CUT GLASS
$5.50 Vase $3.50
$3.50 Berry Bowls $2.75
$7 Ice Cream Plates $5.00
$5 Cream & Sugar $4.00
$5 Water Pitchers $3.75
$4 Comports, $2.75
$7 a doz. Cut Glass Tumblers, $5.50

Brass Jardineres
$3.50 Hammered Brass, $2.50
$2.25 Pierced Brass $1.65

STROUD'S TEAS
15c, 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, and 60c lb.
COFFEE, 30c, 35c, 40c lb. DUTCH COCOA, ½ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 40c

Butterick Whispers

WAIST 7623 SKIRT 7602.

The Afternoon Tea
See The Delineator for May

Bolero and Yoke-Skirt of Wine-Colored Silk.
The Dearest Little Blouse of Finest Lace
with Frill-Finished Waistline
Held by Soft Pea-Green Velvet Ribbon

For the Nices Things for Dress and Semi-Dress Occasions, come first to our Dress Goods and Butterick Pattern Departments.

Sea Grass Furniture Sale
Chairs, $5.60
Rockers, $6 15
3rd Floor

Special Selling Of Flowered Crepes
Regular 15c
For 12c

Ask to be shown the New Blouses
The smartest ones yet shown

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

man shops appeared in the police court of London to-day, and the magistrates read them severe lectures and imposed heavy penalties in most cases. Some of the more culpable were sentenced to jail terms at hard labor, the sentence ranging from a month to four months.

Life in England

As Seen by a Canadian Who is with the First Contingent

In the course of a letter to a friend in Toronto, G. R. Bremmer who resigned his position on the staff of the King Edward Hotel in this city to join the Canadian 2nd Divisional supply column, now at Hythe, in Kent, England, writes:

This is a very wonderful camp and is in a very pretty spot, high and dry The air is fine and everyone seems to be very happy and content. It is hard to realize that we are only 30 miles from the firing line, and very often we hear the firing of the guns. The peace that we are surrounded with makes it hard to believe that there is such a thing as war going on. The country is beautiful and full of charm, and as we are only two miles from Hythe, a very pretty seaside resort we walk over nearly every night, as we are off duty from 4 to 9.30, with lights out at 9.45 and spend many very delightful evenings walking up and down their quaint-narrow streets, and going into the funny little shops, and having more fun than enough trying to count out change and figure it out in Canadian money. The little kiddies on the streets are very fond of the Canadians and run after them with small bags of candy and cake, and are very much hurt if they are refused. They simply love to have a penny given them by the soldiers. We find that most of the shops are increasing their prices and the badge "Canada" on our shoulders is a warrant for a penny increase of prices, although it does seem funny to pay a barber only a penny to trim your upper lip, and 8 cents for a haircut and 4 cents for a shave. The railway fares are very low and travel at a greater rate of speed here than in Canada, and the roadbeds are much better laid. The land alongside the line is all under cultivation and very beautifully kept and the consequences is that it is much cleaner to travel by rail in this country than in Canada. I am afraid Canadians do not all realize the seriousness of this war. Do not think for a moment that the allies are having things all their own way. The English papers are much more conservative in what they say than the Toronto papers and they make one fell how very serious it all is."

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

Penman's Summer Hosiery
For Ladies, Misses and Children

For many seasons our Hosiery Department has featured the well known "Penman's" Brand of Hosiery, and this season is no exception. The warm weather is upon us and the lighter weights of hosiery will be much in demand. We are ready with the best assorted and largest stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's summer hosiery we have ever shown—featuring "Penman's".

Children's Hosiery

"Penman's" Peter Pan Stockings for children, in fine ribbed cotton quality, sizes 7 to 10, at, per pair .... 25c.

"Penman's" Kewpie Cotton Hose for children, all sizes, in tan, white and black cotton lisle of a fine rib. Special, 25c. pair

"Penman's" Silk Hose for Children in pink, white and sky, sizes 4 to 6½ at .... 38c.

"Penman's" Black and White Silk Stocking for children, sizes 6 to 9½, at .... 50c. pair

LADIES' And MISSES' HOSIERY Starting at 25c Pair

"Penman's" Cotton and Lisle Thread Hose, in white and black, full fashioned and seamless; spliced heel and toe, sizes 8½ to 10 and O.S. sizes. Special, pair, ... 25c

"Penman's" 35c, 3 Pairs for $1.00 Hose, white and black lisle thread hose, full fashioned, spliced heel and toe and seamless, all sizes and extra value at 35c pair, 3 pair for $1.00.

"Penman's" Silk Lisle Hose in black and white, full fashioned and seamless; very special at .... 50c pair

"Penman's" Silk Boot Hose in black and white, ... 50c pair

"Penman's" Silk Boot Hose, black only, ... 75c pair

Linen Shade HOUSE DRESSES
That are Great Values at
$1.25

Made of natural Linen material, nicely piped around collar, cuffs and front of dress with red; also trimmed with red buttons; roll collar and set in sleeves; sizes 34 to 40. Regular $1.75 value for ..
$1.25

Infants' and Children's GOWNS
39c

Slip-over style, short sleeves —neck and sleeves trimmed with Val. lace. Very special
39c

The Greatest Men's Suit Sale Of All

One hundred and fifty Men's Suits that we considered the best values we ever had at $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00; on sale at

$13.50

Society Brand Clothes

Almost an endless variety to choose from, and all in suitable weights for summer wear. The materials are principally fancy worsteds in the best shades of the season. Splendid styles for the young men as well as for the men desiring a more conservative style. Regular values up to $18.00, for

$13.50
(See Window)

Some Dainty New KIMONAS
That are Exceptional Values at
$1.50

Made of fine quality Crepe with belt, ¾ sleeves, nicely trimmed down front and on cuffs and belt with contrasting colors. They are in shades of pink, Copenhagen, rose and pale blue. Very special $1.50
$1.50

Another Range at $2.00

Made of fine Crepe; ¾ Raglan sleeves, trimmed with satin throughout and around sleeves also piped with satin; in shades of rose, pink and pale blue $2.00
$2.00

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. Apply Crystal Hotel. 11-4td

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. A. P. Allen, 277 William Street. m11-dtf

FOR SALE

A NICE HOUSE AND LOT NORTH OF Chatham street, cheap, if sold in 10 days; if not sold, to rent. O. A. Snyder, owner, 74 Victoria Ave. 8-6td

LAST DAYS PRIVATE SALE OF OLD Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Furniture; Tables, Chairs, Desks, Mirrors, Hall, Den and Library Pieces. Mearley & Co., over Blackburn's. 8-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street--All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

DRIVING HORSE — HACKNEY BRED mare, age 6 years, height 15—3, color light chestnut; can be driven by lady and used under saddle. This mare is an all-round good family horse. Also used rubber tired Stanhope Phaeton, harness and Stanhope sleigh. (Entire outfit $350.) or Horse sold separately. Apply to C. J. Bowell, Intelligencer Office. d&wtf

ONE FUMED OAK DINING ROOM SET; one white enamelled bedroom suite; one Imperial Oxford Range; one Wilton Rug; one Singer Sewing machine. All practically new. Apply Box A, Intelligencer. 13-4t

TWENTY HORSE POWER HUP. RUNabout automobile in good condition; reasonable price. Apply to W. J. Graham, P.O. Box 316, Stirling, or Ralph Boulter, Belleville. 14-4td

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

$20 WEEKLY PAID MEN EVERYWHERE to distribute or mail circulars. The Co-Operative Union, Windsor, Ont. 14-2td

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774.

Ice Cream Bricks

We have Ice Cream Bricks Every Day and endeavour to keep a fine assortment.

BRICKS in PINTS and QUARTS in
Plain Vanilla, Strawberry, Coffee,
or Neapolitan,
or Walnut,
or Cherry. Melba, etc., etc.

Chas. S. Clapp

The Anti-German Outbreak in England

LONDON, May 13.—The statement of Premier Asquith in the House of Commons to-day that all aliens of enemy countries of military age would be interned and that applied to those naturalized, against whom there was any suspicion, and that the others would be repatriated, has satisfied those persons who were agitating for some drastic action.

As a result the riots in London and provincial towns have largely subsided. Such rioting as did take place to-day and to-night was carried on by mobs of boys, girls and women, who were out for fun or bent on looting German shops, while men stood by laughing or encouraging their youthful imitators. The police, strongly reinforced by special constables, were better able to handle the situation today.

Rioters Punished

Following the wild scenes of yesterday and last night, some 500 or more active participants in attacks on Ger-

Grand Trunk News Bureau

Advices received at the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway headquarters today announce the appointment of Mr. C. E. Brooks as Acting Superintendent of Motive Power with headquarters at Transcona, ice Mr. J. Billingham resigned.

It is also announced that the jurisdiction of Mr. W. C. C. Mehan, General Superintendent of Grand Trunk Pacific Lines, west of Prince George, has been extended to include the territory between Prince George and Edmonton

Advices received at the Grand Trunk headquarters announces the death at White Sulphur Springs, Va. Montana, on Sunday night, May 9th of Mr. O. S. Cockey, General Agent of the Grand Trunk Railway System in New York city.

Mr. Cockey was in his sixty-first year and had been in the service of the Grand Trunk since 1880. His first railway experience was with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Pittsburgh. Later he joined the Great Western Railway, which was taken over by the Grand Trunk System. Mr. Cockey had been the freight representative of the Grand Trunk in the city of New York since 1883 with the title of General Agent from 1891. He was widely known to shippers and railroad men and was a recognized authority on all matters relating to freight traffic.

Justice Sutherland, at the Sandwich sittings yesterday afternoon, awarded damages in the sum of $2000 to the estate of the late Samuel K. McCaw against Arthur Renshaw, whose automobile knocked down and so seriously injured Mr. McCaw that his death resulted. The accident occurred in January last.

Well provisioned however

British Navy Biscuits
REGISTERED
At your grocers

DAINTY BOUDOIR CAP.

Pretty Lingerie Creation of Dotted Net and Lace.

Nothing adds so much of beauty to milady's "morning face" as a pretty beribboned and beruffled cap. Tousled locks can be discreetly covered until

FOR MILADY'S ROOM.

such time as she or her maid can give them the required attention Pictured here is a very simple but pretty boudoir cap of dotted net with an edging of val and ribbon rosettes.

Comfort For the Tourist.

For the tourist planning to go to the California exposition a very suitable parting gift is a utility case. These come in all sorts of practical designs One of the most unusual is of Roman stripe ribbon outside. It folds over in half to be carried by a leather handle so that it closely resembles a hand bag, as the silk is also bound around the edge with leather. Inside the case is lined and fitted with thin black rubber and contains pockets for every conceivable toilet utensil

Of course shapes and covers vary with the price, but all are attractive One case folds up quite small and contains only two pockets, one for a face cloth, the other for comb and tooth brush.

EMBROIDERED PINCUSHION.

Attractive Accessory For the Dressing Table of Yellow Satin.

The attractive pincushion shown in the illustration is made of yellow satin and is matched by a tray for pins with

FOR MILADY'S BOUDOIR.

a glass to fit over the embroidery. Daisies of white are done in outline stitch and have yellow centers of French knots.

A New Box Party.

A young people's society gave the following unique affair that resulted in a most enjoyable evening for all the participants: The invitations were delivered in tiny pill boxes and asked the guests to bring a lunch prepared for two in a box to consist of sandwiches, hard boiled eggs, cake and wafers. The entertainment committee provided potato salad, coffee and olives. The first test was for girls only, and each was given an empty box, a piece of paper and some string. Scissors were also placed accessible to all, and five minutes was allowed for seeing who could do up the neatest parcel. A prize was awarded, consisting of a box of homemade candy. The next test was for the boys, and the same boxes were used and a number of articles produced to be packed, and the man who displayed the neatest box at the end of five minutes received a box of salted peanuts. The luncheon boxes were hidden, and the company was divided into pairs by matching animal crackers and hunted the boxes. Then after the feast a boxing glove was produced and each one in turn had to put it on and write his or her name and the date

CITY AND VICINITY

The Dramtaic Class of Albert College will give 2 short humorous plays in the College Chapel, Friday evening May 21st. Admission 15c. 14,15,19,20

WHITE SHOES

The Gorman Shoe House are showing a large range of white Shoes for Women, Misses and Children, in a large variety of heels. Call in and examine our stock before purchasing. 14,2t

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance. Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75. F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

Want a Partner?
Perhaps business is dragging for the want of a helping hand, or a little more capital. Men with money and men with brains read this paper. You can reach them through our Classified Want Ads.

SHOES SHINED

Have your Shoes Shined at the Gorman Shoe House. 14,2t

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

STEP IN OUR SHOES.—GORMANS. 14,2t

Magistrate Weir, in the Berlin police court yesterday morning, remanded two lads, Salem Martin, aged seventeen, and George Rosenberg, aged nineteen, of Bridgeport, until Monday. They were charged with stealing revolvers and other articles from a Berlin merchant and several farmers in Waterloo.

Money makes Money
Your money will work while you sleep if loaned at good interest, and you can find safe and satisfactory borrowers by placing a money-to-loan ad. in our Classified Want columns. A first mortgage is as safe as a bank and the interest is twice as big.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. | Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1915. No. 30

Many Canadians on Liner Cymric

Great Proportion of the Passengers Going From This Country to Europe

NEW YORK, May 14.—Without an American on board, but with 965, including a crew of 400 the White Star liner Cymric sailed today for Liverpool under the British flag. Four hundred of the passengers were in the steerage. A large percentage of them were children, and nearly all were Canadians.

Th commander, Capt. Bodnell a lieutenant commander in the Royal Naval Reserve, said that on the way across the Atlantic the passengers will have a daily boat drill and instruction in the adjustment of life preservers.

There were seventy-six cabin passengers. Among the cabin passengers were twenty-six women and seven children, while 40 per cent. of those in the steerage were women or children. At the offices of the line it was said the Cymric carried as many passengers as she could accommodate.

In the Cymric's cargo was a large consignment of automobile trucks.

Agents of Italian steamship lines here announced that instructions had been received by them to refuse passage to women or children of German, Austrian or Turkish birth.

Officials of the American Line have refused a demand by members of the crew of the steamship St. Louis for $20 extra pay for the trip to Liverpool, on which the steamer is to start tomorrow. The officials declared that the risk to the St. Louis of being torpedoed by a German submarine is very small.

Three Canadian Soldiers Crucified

LONDON, May 14.—John Clayton, journalist, who has worked in the principal American cities, has arrived in London from Hill No. 60 with his left arm paralyzed by a shrapnel wound. Mr. Clayton, who is English by birth, became an American citizen, but resumed British nationality to join the British Red Cross.

"I was behind the fighting at Hill No. 60," he said. "I have been at the front since November and passed through the most horrible experiences of my life. That German gas—it pulls men's mouths right around on the sides of their faces. Sometimes it dislocates men's jaws. They cannot speak, and die in ghastly agony. It is a thousand to one that any man who gets a good whiff ever recovers. Every day soldiers are coming to the hospital gasping for breath. It is heartbreaking. No civilized being could believe it."

"Did you gain any personal knowledge of atrocities?"

"I have seen three little Belgian girls with their hands cut off at the wrist. It is pure barbarism. No Red Indian ever beat it. I have seen a photograph of a Canadian sergeant crucified with German bayonets. I heard on authority which I cannot discredit that at least three Canadians were similarly murdered. Instances of this sort, I believe, are common."

ANTI-GERMAN FEELING RIOTS IN SOUTH AFRICA

Sacking and Firing of German Houses in Durban Estimated at Quarter-Million Dollars—Aliens to be Interned

(Canadian Press Special)

CAPETOWN, South Africa, May 15.—The Government has decided to intern male aliens of enemy nationality. General Botha has issued from Windhoek, the capital of German Southwest Africa, a message deploring the anti-German riots.

The latest reports show the rioting to have been of the most serious character, but the fear of an uprising among 250,000 nnue boys along the Rand is now apparently having a steadying effect. The damage through wholesale sacking and firing of German houses at Durban is estimated at a quarter of a million dollars, and tales of destruction on a large scale come from other towns.

The Lusitania One Torpedo

Berlin Official Story of the Hideous Crime

BERLIN, May 14.—From the report received from the submarine which sank the Cunard Line steamer Lusitania, the following version of the incident is published by the Admiralty staff under the signature of Admiral Behncke:

"The submarine sighted the steamer, which showed no flag, May 7, at 2.20 o'clock, Central European time, afternoon, on the south-west of Ireland in fine, clear weather.

"At 3.10 o'clock one torpedo was fired at the Lusitania, which hit her starboard side below the captain's bridge. The detonation of the torpedo was followed immediately by a further explosion of extremely strong effect. The ship quickly listed to starboard and began to sink.

"The second explosion must be traced back to the ignition or quantities of ammunition inside the ship."

Manitoba Crisis

Young Winnipeg Lawyer Likely to Take Leadership of Manitoba Conservatives

OTTAWA, May 14.—The Manitoba political situation continues to excite considerable interest here. There is much speculation as to who will be the new Conservative leader. With all the present cabinet retiring from active political life a new leader must be selected.

Mr. John T. Hoig, M.L.A. for Assiniboia is mentioned as the possible choice. Mr. Hoig is a young lawyer in his early thirties and is a vigorous speaker. He is a graduate of Manitoba University and is chairman of Winnipeg school board.

Danish Steamer Sunk To-day

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 15.—The Danish Steamer Martha was torpedoed by a German submarine and sunk off Aberdeen today. The crew of eighteen were all saved.

SEARCH GERMAN SHIPS

Inspectors to Examine Liners in Brooklyn Today for Explosives

NEW YORK, May 14.—The neutrality squad, consisting of seventy Customs Inspectors, with four Acting Deputy surveyors, under the command of Acting Deputy Surveyor Edward Norwood, went to Hoboken again yesterday to continue their search for explosive on the German steamships.

A number of the inspectors wore overalls for climbing into coal bunkers bilages and ballast tanks. It is understood that the examination of the German and Austrian steamships lying at the piers in South Brooklyn will commence this morning.

The German steamships anchored off Staten Island will also be inspected.

Dr. B. Dernburg Driven From U.S.

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Dr. Bernard Dernburg, often referred to as the unofficial spokesman of the Emperor William in the United States, has made plans to sail for Cuba or South America shortly. Friends have persuaded him to leave in view of intimations that his speeches seeking to justify the sinking of the Lusitania displeased President Wilson and the Cabinet.

Crisis In Italy Strike at Milan

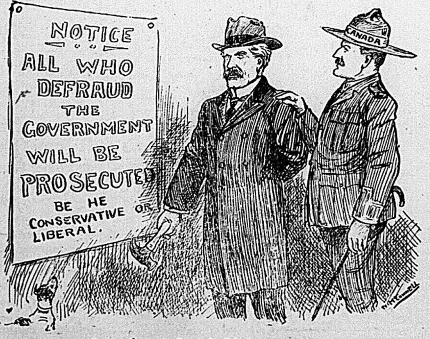
(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 15.—Guiseppi Marcora, entrusted by King Emmanuel with the task of forming a new Cabinet, has already assured himself of the support of the leader of the Socialist Reformists, and other radical leaders, and reported to the King that he is making progress.

A strike has been proclaimed at Milan as a protest against the course of political events in Italy, and troops occupy all strategical points in the city.

The Tribune, in a special edition, denies the report that Italy has denounced the Triple Alliance.

NATIONAL APPROVAL



Canada: "Bravo! Sir Robert, I will back you up.

Allies Order Arms To Cost $203,000,000

Contracts for Rifles, Shrapnel and Explosive Shells Split up Among Americans

NEW YORK, May 14.—Senator Nathaniel Curry, president of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company, made public yesterday some details regarding the distribution by his firm of subcontracts entailed in the manufacture of a large order for shells. The order amounted to $83,000,000, according to statements which have not been denied, and was placed by the Russian Government.

"There are about fifty companies in the United States," said Senator Curry, "and about ten companies in Canada engaged in the manufacture of different parts of shrapnel and explosive shells. These orders have been split up among companies in the Eastern and middle Western States and throughout Eastern Canada."

This brief summary was not all that Mr. Curry intended at first to give out, it was learned. A full list of the concerns, with their allotments, was prepared, but some of the manufacturers objected to publicity, and at their request the announcement was changed.

Wall Street heard more particulars also of the contract taken by the American Locomotive Company a few weeks ago for shrapnel. The order, it was said, called for 5,000,000 shells at a cost of $13 each, making the total $65,000,000. Of this half is to be turned out by the locomotive plants, and the rest by the New York Air Brake and the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. The Westinghouse Company is understood to have exercised its option to purchase the Stevens Arms and Tool Company and the Stevens-Duryea Automobile Company. In these plants 1,000,000 rifles will be turned out, with the possibility that a second contract for a like amount may be placed soon. The total value of these orders is put at some $55,000,000.

The purchase of these plants leaves the Westinghouse Company, with its established properties, free to continue the manufacture of electrical equipment. The Stevens working organization, which is skilled in the making of arms, will handle the rifle output.

BRITISH SUBMARINES SINK MANY SHIPS

Two of Them Had it all Their Own Way in Sea of Marmora

LONDON, May 14—A despatch from Moudros, Island of Lemnos, dated May 9 to the Times says: "Two British submarines, which succeeded in traversing the Dardanelles and entering the Sea of Marmora a fortnight ago, were admitted by the Germans to have sunk two Turkish transports. The German report announced their capture by the Turks. It is now known that until a few days ago there were having it all their own way from Gallipoli to Constantinople, having sunk more vessels than the Germans liked to confess, providing themselves with fuel and provisions at the expense of the Turks, and spreading confusion and panic among Turkish shipping."

Losses Enormous

An Athens despatch to the Daily Mail dated Wednesday says: "The fighting on the Gallipoli peninsula, has not yet produced decisive results, but continues in favor of the allies, who have scored a number of minor successes. The losses inflicted on the Turks are reported to be enormous. The French 75 guns are doing great execution. The Turkish staff retired from Gallipoli to Rodosto, sixty miles to the north-east, on the sea of Marmora, after the allies' last advance. Severe fighting is proceeding between Gallipoli and Maidos. The Turks, who have been reinforced are offering desperate resistance.

Allies Have Coast Line

London, May 14.—A despatch to the Times from Moudros, Island of Lemnos says the coast line of the Gallipoli peninsula now is in the allies' possession, and that troopships from Egypt and France are landing reinforcements and guns.

SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS

John Potts was this morning sentenced to two years less one day in the Ontario reformatory by Judge Deroche, on a conviction of the theft of robes, etc., at the village of Rossmore.

Starvation Near In Mexican City

Americans Report Dangerous Conditions—Daily Fights Between the Factions

VERA CRUZ, May 14.—Real starvation in Mexico City within two weeks is now predicted. A party of Americans arrived yesterday after a five days trip. They attempted to leave the city four times, but were stopped by Zapatistas, who refused to allow anyone to leave or enter the city. They succeeded in passing the lines at night in express wagons, paying 200 pesos apiece.

Starvation is near in Mexico City, they said. Tortillas are selling for 10 cents each; no flour is to be had; the water supply is running low owing to the misuse of the machinery, and there is much disease, smallpox and typhoid. Hundreds daily storm the Zapatista headquarters seeking passes to leave the city.

Upon their arrival at the Constitutionalists' lines at Ometusco they say they were treated well, soldiers offering food in exchange for cigarettes. Passes were given to Vera Cruz. They say that unless General Carranza takes Mexico City soon riots will begin. Merchants are refusing to take Villa bank notes. Daily fights are reported between Zapatistas and forces of Gonzales Garza.

General Carranza is sending fifty-five school teachers to Boston to study modern teaching. Before leaving on the Monterey he advised them also to study the civil life of the greatest democratic republic in order to make Mexico the same free country.

WOUNDS ARE SERIOUS

Gunner John Hale Had Arm Broken and Shell Wounds

A young Englishman, born at Southport, and who had been in this country for three years, is Gunner John Hale, now reported among the wounded. Gunner Hale's wounds are serious, but his relatives have every hope that he will recover, as a letter has been received from France telling of his condition. His right arm was broken and he is suffering from shell wounds in the back and shoulder. The letter which came to his mother at 136 Brooklyn avenue, was written by a lady visitor to the French hospital who was doing what she could to write letters for the wounded soldiers who could not write for themselves. Private Hale is 23 years of age. He was a barber by trade, and was working in Belleville at the time the war broke out. He joined a regiment from that city—Toronto Star.

The subject of the above sketch was a former resident of Belleville, and worked for John D. Griffith's, at the Hotel Quinte, previous to enlisting for overseas servic.

DIED OF WOUNDS

Gunner John Hale is officially reported this morning to have died on May 13 in West London Hospital.

Transylvania Due on Sunday

Her Track Cuts Submarine Zone —Course Lies Near Southern Irish Coast

NEW YORK, May 14.—The agents of the Anchor Line, 22 State Street, said yesterday that the Transylvania, which sailed at 6 p.m. last Friday for Liverpool and Glasgow with 879 passengers, is expected to reach her first port late on Sunday.

The Transylvania steams about 15 knots and will probably passed 20 to 25 miles south of the Irish coast, which is considered the submarine danger zone.

Of her 17 first cabin passengers only seven are citizens of the United States Vessels sailing today for the war zone are the SS. Cymric, British, Liverpool, and the S.S. Tropea, British, London.

DOCTOR FINED FOR PRESCRIBING WHISKY

BROCKVILLE, Ont., May 14.—A total of $1,016 in fines was levied in liquor cases tried here today before Police Magistrate Deacon. By a change in the law made at the last session of the Ontario Legislature, $300 is the penalty of the first offence of selling liquor without a license, and three such charges were sustained the defendants being residents of Brockville and Athens, the latter a local option district. A Frankville hotel keeper was also touched for two infractions, and one at Athens; a doctor, was fined for prescribing whisky for a beverage.

REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL FORMER PREMIER KILLED

Grave Revolutionary Movement is Reported from Madrid—Dr. Alfonso Costa, Former Premier of Portugal, Has Been Assassinated

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 15.—A despatch from Madrid declares that information has been received of a grave revolutionary movement in Portugal. It is reported that the revolutionary committee is in control of the situation in Lisbon.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 15.—A despatch from Madrid to Reuter's Telegram Company says it is reported there that Dr. Alfonso Costa, former Premier of Portugal, has been assassinated in Lisbon.

Arras Campaign Enemy's Losses

Allies Progress — British Have Caused a Loss to Germans of 10,000 in Last Few Days

BOULOGNE, May 15.—One of the most violent actions of the campaign is taking place on the Armentieres-Arras front. The British in conjunction with the French have taken the offensive. The combat rages with terrible fury. The intensity of the fighting around Ypres is beyond belief.

The German losses are terrifying, but the Germans have not yet given up hope. At an early hour this morning they made a very determined massed infantry attack along the whole front from Armentieres to Arras. After being repulsed three times the Germans made a fourth attack. Finding this effort also useless, they called to their aid poisonous gases. Our troops were forced to give way in the face of the fumes, but about midday today we were once more well on the way to recover all the ground lost.

Paris, May 14—The official communication of the War Office made public tonight says:

"To the north of Arras the condition of the ground has rendered operations difficult. Our offensive has, however, been continued.

"At the southeast of Angres we have attacked from both sides of the road of Aix Houlettes-Souchez, and taken to the north of this road a strong German trench, extending on a front of one kilometre (about two-thirds of a mile), to the south of the road a forest, which has been organized for defence, and behind this forest a trench of the second line.

"We have found on the ground in this vicinity 400 Germans who were killed.

"More to the south we have continued the clearing of the slopes east and south of Notre Dame de Lorette.

"We have taken additional houses at Neuville St. Vaast.

GERMAN LOSSES HEAVY.

"According to the testimony of prisoners, our artillery has inflicted extremely heavy losses on the enemy.

"The number of officers made prisoners since Sunday is about one hundred. The number of guns captured is twenty, including eight heavy guns. In addition, we have taken one hundred machine guns and bomb-throwers.

"The Germans made an attack upon us this morning at the Wood of Ailly. They obtained a momentary footing in our first line, but were forced back by a counter attack. We captured about 100 prisoners.

"The day has been quiet on the other parts of our front."

LONDON May 15.—"The allies have ample reserves near Ypres and the situation there is well in hand. Elsewhere along the front the British artillery carried out a continuous deliberate bombardment.

"The British have caused a loss to the Germans of 10,000 men in the last few days. The allied operations will continue in close co-operation with increasing vigor. The partial destruction of the Freiburg corps gives particular satisfaction."

(Canadian Press Special)

Paris, May 15.—(official statement) "There have been no changes in the situation since last evening in sector to the north of Arras. Here the fighting continues under conditions set forth in our last communication. We have progressed five hundred yards in the direction of Souchez. In this sector there have been violent artillery exchanges.

BODY OF CRUCIFIED CANADIAN IS FOUND

NORTHERN FRANCE, May 14.—There is reason to believe that the story of the crucifixion of a Canadian during the fighting about Ypres on April 22-23 is true. A written deposition testifies to the fact of the discovery of the body. This deposition is in possession of the British Headquarters Staff. The victim was a Sergeant. He was found transfixed to the wooden fence of a farm, bayonets thrust through the palms of his hand and a few through his body pinning him to the fence. He was then repeatedly stabbed with bayonets, many of which punctured and wounded his body. There is room for the supposition that the man was dead before he was pinned to the fence.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

Second Battalion: Wounded and Missing—Hector O. Fillion, Embrun, Ont.; Herbert Ferris, 74 Hamilton St., Toronto; Joseph Anderson, Edmonton Alta.; Rodolphe Tasse, Chrysler, Ont. Wounded—R. Messett, 63 Balmoral avenue, Toronto.

OTTAWA, May 14.—The casualties have Gunner Jamieson, Ottawa, First Field Artillery, wounded.

RETREAT OF AUSTRIANS ACROSS THE PRUTH

LONDON, May 14.—Petrograd claims a very considerable success for the Russian offensive in the extreme southeast, asserting that the Austrians on the day of Tuesday evacuated a strongly fortified position extending from Bistritiza to the Roumanian frontier, and fell back precipitately beyond the River Pruth.

The Russians also claim successes in the north in the direction of Shavli.

AMERICAN LINE BIDS FOR TOURIST TRAVEL

(New York Times)

The International Mercantile Marine Company announced yesterday that in response to the numerous requests from Americans who wished to travel in comfort under the protection of their own flag the Directors had decided to restore the first-class accommodation on the American liners Philadelphia, New York, St. Louis and St. Paul which was done away with last November.

The ships will be thoroughly renovated in turn, and the change will come into operation with the sailing of the Philadelphia from New York on June 5 and the St. Paul from Liverpool on the same date. The rate will probably be $100 minimum, but is not definitely fixed yet.

P. A. S. Franklin, the Vice President of the Mercantile Marine, when asked about the probability of building four new steamships for the American Line, said that his statement made eighteen months ago in The New York Times contains his views on the subject to-day.

"The Directors of the International Mercantile Marine are willing to construct four liners of 35,000 tons each, to have speed of tweny-five knots, if the Federal Government will lend them the money under the same conditions as the Cunard had from the British Government to build the Lusitania and Mauretania," he said. "We do not need a subsidy, as we are confident that Americans are patriotic enough to follow the flag if we have the ships. So far our efforts to bring this about have been in vain."

The International Mercantile Marine officials said that under no circumstances will ammunition or other contraband of war be carried on the vessel of the American Line between New York and Liverpool.

The death of Mrs. Levasseur, wife of the proprietor of the Jubilee House, Rice Lake is reported. It is stated that the deceased lady had been suffering for some time with heart disease and was found dead in her bath.

Saturday Bargains

18 Doz. Men's Fine Neglige Shirts, shirts that sell regularly at $1.25 each, with each shirt you get a soft collar to match, sizes 14 to 17,
Saturday Bargain each 79c.

15 Doz. Ladies' Fine Lawn Shirt Waists, beautifully embroidered waists, high and low neck, would sell in regular way at $1.50 to $2.50, sizes 32 to 42,
Saturday Bargain each 49c.

100 only Women's and Misses' House Dresses, nearly all manufacturer's samples, light, medium and dark colors, neat patterns, sizes 14 years to Ladies' sizes 34 to 42,
Saturday Bargain each 75c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

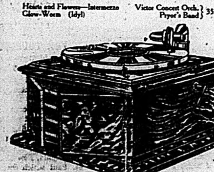
Variety

is the spice of life, so they say, and it's the spice of music as well.

With a Victrola in your home your music is not confined to one instrument or one voice—you have an unlimited variety of music, not only every musical instrument played by the master musicians of the world, but the human voice—the voices of the world's greatest singers.

Here are a few of the favorite selections by great artists whom you can hear only on the Victrola with Victor Records:

Tales of Hoffman—Barcarolle	Alma Gluck-Louise Homer—87202
Lucia—Sextette	Caruso, Tetrazzini, Amato, Journet, Jacoby, Bada—96201
Trovatore—Miserere	Caruso and Alda—89030
A Perfect Day	Evan Williams—64306
I Hear You Calling Me	John McCormack—64120
Good-Bye (Tosti)	Melba—88065
Ave Maria (Schubert)	McCormack-Kreisler—88484
Humoresque (Dvorak) (Violin)	Mischa Elman—74163
Thais—Meditation (Violin)	Fritz Kreisler—74182
Handel's Sixth Sonata (Violin)	Jan Kubelik—74368
Traumerei (Schumann) (Violin)	Maud Powell—64134
The Swan (Le Cygne) (Saint-Saens)	Efrem Zimbalist—74338
Valse Brillante (Chopin) (Piano)	I. J. Paderewski—88322
Funeral March (Chopin) (Piano)	V. DePachmann—74304
Simple Aveu (Thome) (Cello)	Victor Herbert—74300
Hearts and Flowers—Intermezzo / Glow-Worm (Idyl)	Victor Concert Orch. / Pryor's Band } 35344



Victrola VI $33.50

With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections your own choice) $47.00

Sold on easy terms, if desired.

Other Victrolas from $21.00 to $305 (on easy payments, if desired) and ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records at 90c for the two selections at any "His Master's Voice" dealer's in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO.
LIMITED

102 Lenoir Street, Montreal

DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY

Victor Records—Made in Canada—Patronize Home Products

554-396

J. V. DOYLE, AGENT, BELLEVILLE.

ANSWERED THE CALL

The London plumber was apologizing for delay. 'You see, sir, I'm that short-'anded. I'd a nice lad of 19 I meant putting on this job. His three brothers had 'listed and he promised his mother he'd stay. I'd started 'im round 'ere with a boy and a 'andcart, and on 'is way he met a marching brigade. They just sang to 'im 'Drop your bag and carry a gun,' and drop his bag he did into the 'andcart and I've 'eard nothing of 'im since, except a postcard asking me to give his mother his wages."

Khaki-bound testaments at a penny are now sent out by the British and Foreign Bible Society.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

Orderly officer for tomorrow for Zwick's Island, Lieut. R. G. Travers; for Barracks, Lieut. W. P. Eastwood. Next for duty, Zwick's Island, Lieut. E. Wright; for barracks, Lieut. E. C. Snider. Captain for ensuing week, Capt. W. H. Hudson.

The undermentioned men having joined the Battalion, are taken on the strength, and posted to companies named: W. J. Dunn, B. Co.; J. R. Babcock, D. Co.; T. R. Robertson, D. Co.; W. Allen, D. Co.

KINGSTON

The C.O.C. have been in camp at Barriefield since May 11th and have many of the tents up for the summer military camp. The C.A.S.C. are putting up their tents and Lieut. Charleson is directing the work. The camp will not disturb the work now being done ate Tete du Pont barracks, and Major Halimton will be able to carry on the work of the camp without interferring with the city C.A.S.C. responsibilities.

The R. C. H. A. band has 24 members, which is the number allowed by the establishment. The garrison band in Quebec is allowed 32 musicians, and many local officers feel that an increase in the establishment of the excellent band of the R.C.H.A. would be helpful to the corps as well as to the city. Some of the bandsmen are doing gunners' duties, and throughout the winter did general fatigues. The band was organized in January, 1906.

Lieut. H. W. Uglow, of "C" squadron 4th Hussars, left yesterday for Ottawa to join the 8th Mounted Rifles for overseas service. He is a son of Mr. R. Uglow, the well-known bookseller and stationer.

"C" battery is having a short course in driving. The battery went to Barriefield yesterday morning after spending some time drilling on the barracks square.

A recruit applied at the 14th office for overseas. He told the officer in charge that he was an Englishman had lost two brothers and two cousins in the present fight, and wanted a chance to try and get back at the enemy for this loss in his family. He was sent to be medically examined and if he passes will be taken for service at the front. He has had military training in England.

Lieut. Turner and the pay corps moved to Barriefield camp yesterday.

The C. O. T. C. company of McGill to which Queen's men belong, will furnish part of the reinforcements now so badly needed by the Princess Patricia's C.L.I. at the front. They wil take the place intended for the company selected from the 38th battalion, Ottawa.

As official word regarding the camp at Barriefield has been delayed, it will be impossible to open the camp on Tuesday next, as intended. The opening will be delayed for a week. Troops intended for the camp could not be brought here earlier.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Thos. Moore, manager of the local Steel Company of Canada Mills, is in the city from Montreal.

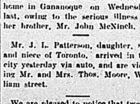
Mr. Bernard Hepburn, M.P., and wife of Picton, motored over with a party to the dance at Hotel Quinte last evening.

Mrs. J. N. Miller was called to her home in Gananoque on Wednesday last, owing to the serious illness of her brother, Mr. John McNinch.

Mr. J. L. Patterson, daughter, son and niece of Toronto, arrived in the city yesterday via auto, and are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Moore, William street.

We are pleased to notice that two of our Belleville boys, Will McGie and Gordon Reid, have passed their final examinations at the School of Science in Toronto, both taking honors.

"MADE IN CANADA"
RADNOR



THE NEW ARROW COLLAR

Today in Germany

Popular Feeling And Preparations for a Possible Siege

Neutrals have their full share of Germany's hatred, especially since the "blockade" was announced. In the early days of the war the Germans hoped to win neutral sympathies and left nothing undone to obtain them. Having failed in their aim, they have now resorted to means more familiar to them, and try to frighten neutrals by sinking their merchant ships. "If we cannot be loved we must be feared," is the common argument.

Of Italy they speak little, but think much, and I am convinced that if Italy ever sides with the Allies, England will cease to be, for some time at least, their most hated enemy. All their contempt, all their animosity, and all their violent reproaches will be addressed to the country they would already call disloyal and treacherous if they were not afraid. Their secret hope is that at the end of the war they will be in a position to show Italy that she chose the path which led to her own destruction.

Every American of non-German birth today is looked upon as a masked Englishman. As long as the Germans hoped they could use American influence for their own ends they were extremely careful in their attitude toward the United States, but now their reserve has gone, and they openly say that America also has betrayed them. The fact that many American firms are making money by exporting ammunition and other war material, which are used to kill brave German soldiers, is commented upon with the utmost indignation.

As to Scandinavia, the Germans know that their methods of warfare have to a great extent lost them the sympathies which they formerly enjoyed—chiefly on account of Scandinavian fear of Russia—and that, especially in Norway, their friends are few. They accuse Norway of being ungrateful for the Kaiser's admiration of Norwegian fjords and scenery, and for all his visits and many gifts to the country. In fact, there is but little left of the Kaiser's influence in Norway.

On my way back to England, I visited Heidelberg, Cologne and Essen. Heidelberg is much changed; the university is open, but lectures are attended only by students who, for one reason or another, are drilling or with their colors. Perkeo, the comfortable old restaurant, so typical of student life, is empty in the evening. The hotels on the heights, and the countless villas among the picturesque Neckar valley, are mostly filled with wounded soldiers, formerly students of Heidelberg, who have been allowed to spend their period of convalescence in their old haunts. Trainloads of barbed wire are despatched to the Rhine towns and stored in the most easily accessible places. Strong, partly cemented, trenches are being built to the west of Coblence. People are asking themselves why these trenches are necessary while their armies are fighting in France and Belgium. "What is wrong and where is it wrong?" is the constant question; and the farther south one goes the greater the nervousness becomes.

Among German cities, Cologne has doubtless, to care for the greatest number of wounded. The garrison of the fortress has gone, and troops now only pass to and fro from the western front. In the evening some of the streets are kept very dark, especially around the cathedral. Quick-firing guns are placed on the roofs of many houses and also in the cathedral tower. In sepite of official denials I know this to be a fact. One of my countrymen living in Cologne has seen them used on two occasions against hostile airmen.—London Morning Post.

BASEBALL MATCH

An interesting game of baseball took place this morning on the Q.V.S. Grounds, between Queen Victoria school, and Grier St. School, ending in a win for the Victorians by a score of 14 to nine. The following are the players:

Q.V.S.—Ross, Diamond, Majdens, Barlow, Atkins, Wensley, Young, Collins, and Merriman.

Grier St.—Moore, Townsley, Miles, VanAllen, Barrage, Scott, Kemp, Miles and Moore.

Umpire—L. McLaren.

Efforts are being made by linemen and the tug Leroy Brooks to locate the break in the Pelee Island cable, which has been out of use for several weeks.

Lieut. Richardson, A.M.C., is back in the city and on duty, after visiting his home at Norwood, where his father was sick.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

TRAMPS LOOKED AFTER

Two tramps were last night taken care of by the police. Both were young men and Britishers.

THE LATE MR. S. M. GILBERT

In our report of the death of Mr. S. M. Gilbert, it was stated that the deceased was born in 1842. It should have been 1852.

ALLOWED TO GO

Wm. S. Peters, a stranger in the city, was this morning before Magistrate Masson on a charge of intoxication, and was allowed to go, being his first offence.

CASE ENLARGED

A man named Lindstrom was this morning remanded for a week by Judge Deroche, when he will be tried by jury, on a charge of converting to his own use, moneys entrusted to him, as treasurer of the Railway Brotherhood.

THURLOW RESIDENT DEAD

Mr. James B. Hendricks a resident of Foxboro, died this morning after some days' illness. Deceased, who was 76 years of age, was born at Diamond Harbor, Quebec, but had resided in this vicinity for many years. He was a member of the Methodist church. A wife and two sons, Robert of Rochester, and Ridgeway of New York City, survive.

THE MARKET

There was a fair attendance upon the market this morning. Much produce was offered for sale and prices realized for same were good. Butter sold at 32c. to 35c. per pound, fresh eggs from 18c. to 20c. per dozen, and dressed chickens from $1.25 to $1.75 per pair, according to size and quality. Potatoes sold at 50c. and 55c. per bag. Garden produce was quite plentiful and realized fair prices.

Exceptional Bargains at Ritchie's To-night.

Read the List on Page 8.

BERLIN GROWS UNEASY

Military Experts Doing Best to Belittle Gains

ROTTERDAM May 13.—That there is evident uneasiness in Berlin military circles over the Allies' advance is shown by a significant article by Major Moraht who, writing in the Berliner Tageblatt, candidly admits that the Germans must now be on the defensive and may be forced to surrender some territory.

"Between Arras and Armentieres," he says, "things are very lively. It is the offensive of an enemy with strong forces, and therefore the beginning of the war in May announced by Kitchener. That announcement was not unwelcome to our army commanders. That Kitchener keeps his word is due more, perhaps, to the peculiarities of a coalition war than to the completion of his advertised armies of many white and colored Englishmen. For two weeks transports have, without doubt, brought notable new forces into France, but in any case not millions. What France has brought into the field for this offensive it is difficult to say. It may be the great army of defence from Paris, which does not feel itself threatened at the moment, but it may be the newly-trained young reserves, or troops rested after the fighting in Champagne and between the Meuse and Moselle.

"Although we have strong confidence that his offensive will not lead to driving us out of Flanders and the north of France, as the enemy hopes still, an attack with great numerical superiority may bring about a backward and forward battle which may continue for a long while without resulting in any decision. In such circumstances the giving up of individual points on the front is no catastrophe, and if the French have wrested from us the trenches between Carency and Nuville, they have had to win their successes at the cost of bloody losses and without the certainty of keeping them permanently.

"The situation in the west is such as development toward a decision will lie in the question as to whether we are stronger in defence or the enemy strongr in attack."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

In Front!

PERRIN'S TIPPERARY BISCUITS
REGISTERED
Are you using them?

Notice to Creditors

IN THE ESTATE OF EMMA ILES, Late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of R. S. O. 1914 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Emma Iles, who died on or about the third day of April, 1915, are hereby required to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned for the Reverend G. R. Beamish, the Executor, on or before the seventh day of June, 1915, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the security if any held by them duly verified, and after the said seventh day of June, 1915, the said Executor will distribute the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for said estate or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Belleville this eleventh day of May, A.D. 1915.

NORTHRUP & PONTON,
Solicitors for the Estate of the late Emma Iles.
4td:m13,15,22,29

Judicial Sale

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO. Clark vs. Doolittle.

Pursuant to the Judgment made in this action on the 7th day of April, 1915, there will be sold by Public Auction with the approbation of the Local Master at Belleville at his Chambers in the Court House in the City of Belleville on Wednesday the 2nd day of June, 1915, at the hour of Two O'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable city property:—

Lot. No. 4 on the East side of Octavia Street in the city of Belleville, County of Hastings.

Upon the premises are erected a two story brick dwelling house about 24x20 with addition about 14x20 and frame woodshed attached.

The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the Master.

TERMS OF SALE. The purchaser shall pay down a deposit in the proportion of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money and the balance within one month thereafter without interest.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of this Court.

For further particulars apply at the Law Offices of Wills & Wright.

Dated at Belleville this 4th day of May, 1915.

S. S. LAZIER, Master.
4td: m8,15,22,29

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204.   314 Front Street.

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

THE WEATHER.

Winds becoming fresh and strong, northerly and easterly, fine to-day. Showery on Sunday.

TRY OUR

Buns, Fried Cake, Doughnuts | Tarts, Cookies, Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

COMFORTABLE
Motor Glasses

Protection glasses for the motorist need not be ill-fitting and uncomfortable. You will find the same comfort in our Protection Glasses you would in perfectly-fitting spectacles for ordinary use. Come in and let us help you prepare for your anticipated motor trip.

Angus McFee's
Mfg. Optician   Jeweller

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and wash goods 20c
Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue
Keen's Oxford Blue
Berger's Rice Starch
Gillard's Pickle Relish .... 35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars 30c.
Spanish Pimentoes, tins .... 10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing . 10, 35 & 60c
Currie Powder, bottles .. 10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles .... 20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars .... 20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White
Grape Juice
Peanut Butter
Dill Pickles
Fresh Gulf Lobster .... 18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) . 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes .... 10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly .... 25c.
Mandarin Marmalade .... 25c.
Skinless Figs .... 15 & 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalade .... 5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables
AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER **May 1st**
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at
30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott.   Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Don't Miss This Silk Hose Opportunity

A lucky purchase enables us to offer 300 pairs of Silk Hose at 59c. pair. Black only; extra quality; extra wearing in heel and toe; made in Canada; actual value $1.00 pair. On sale at 59c. pr.

D. & A. CORSETS.
Made in Canada by Canadians; prices 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.0, $3.00. Satisfaction assured.

WHITE VOILE WAISTS, 98c.
Marvellous value at this price. Others at .... 54c. to $5.00

FOWNES' GLOVES.
In kid, lisle, silk. Every pair guaranteed. 50c. to $2.50 pair

HOUSE DRESSES.
Stylish, snappy, neat, good material, 98c., $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $1.95. We keep down the high cost of living at this store.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes in Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill,
The same fine materials,
The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

Coming To Belleville

THE DORENWEND CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED

Canada's foremost Hair Goods Establishment, will display and demonstrate a sample stock of the latest Hair Goods Fashions for Ladies, and Toupees and Wigs for blad men, at

The Hotel Quinte, on Friday, May 28th

For Ladies

Dorenwend's Transformation, by overcoming every defect of your own hair, will assist you to appear at your best always. Switches, Braids Pompadours, Wavelets, etc., of the finest quality hair and unsurpassed workmanship. You are invited to inspect these goods.

Gentlemen, Are You Bald ?
A DORENWEND Art Hair - Toupee

Will make you appear years younger and will prove a benefit to your health and comfort.

Indetectable, Featherweight, Hygenic,

Professor DORENWEND will be here in person.

Have a Demonstration of what it will do for you.

ONE DAY ONLY, FRIDAY, MAY 28th

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

MAY SEND LETTERS TO CANADIANS IN PRISON

Relatives and Friends Now Able to Forward Parcels and Money Orders, Too

The British Postmaster-General announces that letters, post cards, parcels, and money orders may be sent free of all postage charges to prisoners of war interned abroad, and to British civilians interned in Austria-Hungary and Germany. The address must be in the following form and must be written very distinctly in ink: Rank, initials, name, regiment (or other unit), British prisoner of war, place of internment, country, care of General Post-Office, Mount Pleasant, London, E.C. The following specimen address is given:

Private W. G.. Thomas,
2nd Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders,
British Prisoner of War,
DOEBERITZ, Germany.
c/o General Post-Office,
Mount Pleasant,
London, E. C.

Rank and Regiment in case of military prisoners only. The name of the camp of internment should always be stated, if known. Parcels cannot be accepted unless the place of internment is stated.

Letters should be short and clearly written, and may not contain any references to the naval, military, or political situation, or to naval and military movements and organizations. Letters containing such references will not be delivered. The use of the letter post is restricted to the transmission of letters and post-cards.

Parcels must be very strongly packed; they may either be sewn in strong linen or wrapped in several folds of stout paper, or enclosed in strong wooden or metal boxes. Cardboard boxes or thin wooden boxes should not be used. The address must be clearly written in ink on the cover of each parcel. Despatch notes and Customs declarations must accompany all parcels, and must be filled in very distinctly in ink. The name and address of the sender should be stated on the despatch notes. The Customs declarations must be prepared in duplicate.

According to present information, prisoners of war and civilians interned abroad are allowed to receive food, clothing, and tobacco sent from the United Kingdom. No Customs duty is payable. Foodstuffs of a perishable nature should not be sent. Letters may not be enclosed in parcels, but should be sent separately by letter or parcel post. Newspapers may not be sent either by letter or parcel post to prisoners of war in Germany, but may be sent to prisoners of war interned in Holland. Newspaper cuttings should not be enclosed in letters or parcels for prisoners of war in Germany. Information as to any special prohibitions that may be imposed from time to time can be obtained from the Prisoners of War Committee.

AMERICAN LINE SAILORS DEMAND $20 WAR BONUS

Crew of St. Louis Refuses to Sign Unless Pay is Increased

When the members of the crew of the engine room and deck apartments of the American liner St. Louis gathered at the office on the pier at the foot of West Twenty-second Street at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, they notified Howard Hinsley the ship's purser, and the United States Shipping Commissioner, that they would not sign articles unless they received $20 extra for the war risk. Men serving on the American and British liners in the New York and Liverpool trade have been receiving $5 a round trip as a bonus from captains down to cabin-boys.

The management of the American Line decided that the men were using the sinking of the Lusitania as an excuse for extortionate demands and refused to pay the $20. The quartermasters and seamen finally signed articles, but twenty oilers, seventy-five stokers and fifty coal passers stood out for the $20. The present rate of pay for these men, not including the $5 bonus, is $12.50, $10.50 and $30 a month.

At the American Line office it was said that the strikers had been told to be at the pier, at nine o'clock this morning and it is expected that they will agree to accept the company's wages and sign articles. If not other men will be obtained through the shipping agents to supply their places. The American liners have not carried any contraband since the war started, the agents assert and the risk of their being torpedoed by German submarines is very small.

The St. Louis has booked 300 cabin and 400 third class passengers for this trip. The agents said that a number of the persons were booked yesterday for the Philadelphia which sails June 5 from New York and which will inaugurate the restoration of first-class accommodations on the American Line.

At the offices of the International Mercantile Marine yesterday it was said that the sinking of the Lusitania had not had any marked effect in cancelling bookings on the steamships departing this week. The White Star steamship Cymric will sail this afternoon for Liverpool with 120 cabin and 300 third-class passengers.

[illegible]

After a decade of experiment, a Hull, Que., scientist claims he has found a substitute for gasoline, and at a test before several officials of the Public Works Department recently, two tablespoonful of the liquid, mixed with two quarts of water, proved sufficient to run a 3-4 horsepower engine for an hour and a half without stoppage.

The discoverer, who is Gideon Charbonneau, claims he will be able to manufacture the liquid in any quantity at 4 cents per gallon. The liquid does not give off any smoke, and the inventor asserts it will revolutionize the automobile and other industries.

The Domestic Machine.

Mr. Meek was laboriously hooking up the back of his wife's evening dress just as the clock was striking their dinner hour and their dinner guests were ringing the doorbell. Mr. Meek breathed hard; his forehead was damp, and his hands shook.

"I do wish some one would invent a machine to do this kind of work!" he muttered miserably.

"Why, they have!" replied his wife brightly, as she applied some powder nonchalantly to her nose. "They have and [illegible]"

Transposition.

What in winter you feel,
When the frost's on the ground
Transposed it will reveal
(And it is truth I'll be bound).
A name that to rustics we give,
Who in clownish simplicity live.
Answer—Cold, clod.

Germany and U.S. Neutrals Warned

American Note Delayed—Defiant Attitude of Official German Press

WASHINGTON May 14—The American note to Germany was delayed in transmission and was not telegraphed from Rome until 3.40 p.m. today, so that it probably will not be presented by Ambassador Gerard to the German Foreign Office until tomorrow. This was announced by Secretary Bryan tonight.

The state department received a message from Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page at Rome saying the note was received there at 2 p.m. today, and was immediately copied and forwarded to Berlin at 3.40. It should have reached Berlin late this afternoon, but the time required for deciphering is expected to delay its presentation until tomorrow.

LONDON, May 14.—A copy of the Cologn Gazette of May 10 has just been received here. It contains an editorial headed, "To Neutrals," and is as follows:

"Th Lusitania was for us a hostile ship; to destroy it was our right and duty.

"We are now the objects of bitter rage and are called Huns, barbarians and murderers, simply because German smartness and bravery accomplished a brilliant stroke.

"But now the neutrals are warned,

"They have seen the bloody seriousness of our submarine warfare, and let them abstain from further foolhardiness, for the fate of the Lusitania will be shared by other English steamships and every neutral who trusts himself to them courts the fate which overtook the passengers of the Lusitania.

"The abuse of the neutral press up to now can be dismissed as an expression of naivette which was not conscious of the gravity of the affair. If the abuse continues it wil no longer be naive, but impertinent."

The official connection of the Cologne Gazette, apart from the ordinary Government supervision of the press, makes the inference strong that the foregoing was inspired by the German Government.

GERMANY AND U. S.

LONDON, May 14.—The Tribune interviewed a famous ex-cabinet minister to-day and asked his opinion of the Lusitania note, then just printed. He had not yet seen it and read it with amazement. "Whew" he exclaimed and said:

"This is the strongest ultimatum that I have ever seen. The loophole it gives to commanders committing the acts under a misapprehension of orders makes it nearly impossible for Germany to accede to the demands contained therein." He continued "The note is one series of sledge hammer blows. The man who penned it must had supreme confidence that the entire nation was behind him. It sets a new precedent in international intercourse. The question now is whether Germany will dare make the note a question of peace or war, will it make the beast venture to set itself against the entire civilized world. I cannot help thinking that even the Germans wil hesitate before finally alienating the people of the United States and dispute all their contemptuous indifference to all considerations of humanity in war.

LATER
(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 15.—The Exchange telegraph company says the following message has been received from Amsterdam: "A telegram from Berlin states that the Vossische Zeitung announces that high Government circles in Germany favor the submission of the question of the Lusitania's sinking and the difficulty with America, arising therefrom to a court of arbitration.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

The Great Sale

OF WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR, READY-FOR-WEAR APPAREL, SUCH AS HOUSE DRESSES, MIDDY BLOUSES, LADIES' WAISTS, UNDERSKIRTS, Etc., CONTINUES TOMORROW AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

It is to your interest to attend this great sale, as we have some most startling bargains to offer you.

$1.25 to $1.50 House Dresses, sale price .... 79c.

75c. Corset Covers, sale price .... 39c.

Others at 19c., 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 75c. Just about half their regular value.

Women's Fine Cotton Nightdresses, a most extensive line to choose from at exceedingly low prices; made of good material, neatly made. Sale prices 49c., 59c., 69c., 75c., 97c., $1.09, $1.19, $1.49—great value in every case.

Women's Cotton Drawers, made of best quality material; on sale at 39c., 49c., 69c., 75c. and $1.19.

Children's, sale price 10c. pair. Very neatly made and trimmed.

For Women with Girlies at 6 to 14 years old, a lovely line of embroidered and lace dresses at $1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. This should prove most interesting at these prices. Just imagine! A dress ready to wear cheaper than you can buy the goods for.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

"CANADIAN RATS."

This is the elegant term applied to the Canadian soldiers by a German officer. "If it had not been for the Canadian rats," he said, "we should be in Calais." Of course they would not, but it is a compliment to the Canadians all the same. It is a recognition of the splendid work they did at Langemarck, when the French—driven back through the use of poisonous gases—left the Canadian division unprotected. When the men from the Dominion first took their places in the trenches they were dubbed "sheepsheads" by the Germans. That this term of contempt should be altered to "rats" should be a source of satisfaction to the Canadians. It must be regarded as the snarl of men who have been foiled and defeated. Hitherto it is the English who have incurred the venomous hate of the Huns. Now their ferocity is being transferred to the Canucks. As with the English so with the Canadians, this hatred is born of fear; and in this way must be regarded as a compliment. To be flattered by a German would be an insult; to be traduced must be regarded as praise.

If the epithet is applied in its literal sense, and the Canadians are compared to rodents, there is an element of truth in the comparison. Rats, when driven into a corner, will fight for their lives against overwhelming odds. And is not this precisely what the Canadians did? Standing back-to-back, with the enemy all around them, they fought with the ferocity of a cornered rat. But if the term "rat" is applied in the political sense it is sadly out of place. To "rat" is to desert one's former party. The Canadians, on the contrary, were fighting not for their party, but for their country and Empire. Never will the glory of Langemarck be forgotten. It is an example of what men of British blood can do when hard pressed. It is an inspiration to those who have not yet enlisted.

It gives the lie to the sneers passed on the Canadian militia less than a year ago by Liberal members of Parliament. "All you get in the militia of Canada," said Mr. F. B. Carvell, Liberal M.P. for Carleton, N.B., "is that you teach about 25 per cent. of the men in Canada how to get drunk." They were not "real soldiers," according to Mr. Alphonse Verville, M.P. for Maisonneuve, Que. "The Minister (Col. Hughes) may have in the militia a good many men," he said, "but I fail to see that they are what you call real soldiers, for this reason, that, in the event of war, the great majority of them would not do much fighting." We wonder how these two gentlemen feel now, after all that has transpired during the last few months. We know the splendid response to the call to arms which was made by the militia, and we know how they have distinguished themselves on the battlefield. The message of King George, to the Duke of Connaught may well be recalled here. "I congratulate you most warmly on the splendid and gallant way in which the Canadian division has fought during the past two days north of Ypres. Sir John French says their conduct was magnificent throughout. The Dominion will be justly proud." When Canadian soldiers receive the hearty thanks and congratulations of their Sovereign and of Sir John French they can afford to treat with sublime indifference the sneers of Liberal politicians; and they will smile with self-satisfaction when a degraded and despicable Hun designates them as "rats."

THE MANITOBA CRISIS.

Nothing has as yet transpired to bring to light the extent of fraud, if any were practiced, in connection with the construction of the parliament building in Winnipeg. The Telegram, of Winnipeg, (Conservative), referring to Sir Rodmond Roblin, says, "It has not been as "much as suggested that Sir Rod- "mond had personal knowledge of "the wrongdoing that stands re- "vealed, and goes on to suggest "that his retirement is but tempor- "ary, and that before long the Pro- "vince will again call upon his serv- "ices."

This is precisely what The Intelligencer predicted, so far as Sir Rodmond was personally concerned, but it is a tacit acknowledgment that "wrongdoing" has "been revealed," by whom, the Royal Commissioners, if not prevented from making the enquiry, should discover. It is well in the interest of honest government that the Telegram "commends the work of A. B. Hudson, the Liberal M.P.P. who brought the charges, for pressing the enquiry and exposing wrongdoing. The personality of Premier Norris is commended, and the Telegram promises him a fair trial.

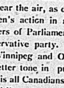
What a contrast to the course pursued by the Liberal press in the older provinces of the Dominion, when serious charges were made against members of the Laurier Government, the Ontario Government, and their supporters. Then the majorities in the committees, and the Liberal press blocked, suppressed and defended the wrongdoings.

The Tribune goes further, says a telegraphic report, and "warns the "public regarding rumors of under- "standing between the parties for "calling off the inquiry. It insists "that all the late Cabinet Ministers "shall be examined under oath be- "fore the Royal Commission, and "warns Premier Norris that he will "be held responsible should a single "Cabinet Minister leave the Pro- "vince before the enquiry is pushed "to its utmost end."

The time has come when the public, in the interest of honest government, should insist upon the whole charge laid at the door of the outgoing members of the Cabinet should be probed to the very core; and if any of the Cabinet be found guilty of being a party to the frauds let them suffer the condemnation of the public and the punishment that "fits the crime."

"The Roblin Government," says a contemporary, "was accused of unscrupulous electoral methods, but these could not have been more unscrupulous than those of the Liberal machine imported bodily from the adjacent Provinces. There is little value in the tu quoque-argument, except that they who have lived in glass houses should not throw stones, but should keep themselves above suspicion. The Government's retirement goes far to clear the air, as did Sir Robert Borden's action in reading two members of Parliament out of the Conservative party. Recent events at Winnipeg and Ottawa make for a better tone in public life, and for this all Canadians can only be grateful."

Many Toronto Germans have applied to the Registrar of Alien Enemies for permission to leave the country.



GERMAN ATROCITIES.

The attention of our readers is directed to the official report of the committee appointed by the British Government to enquire into the atrocities alleged against the Germans, which will be found in today's supplement to The Intelligencer. It is a terrible indictment of the wanton and wicked devastation of Belgium, and is the most awful story of murder, pillage and rapine which has been told for several centuries. However horrible the details it should be read, for it is the report of a responsible body of gentlemen, with Viscount Bryce as chairman, issued after the examination of a large number of witnesses.

CURRENT COMMENT

What if the German reply to President Wilson's note should come in the form of news of the torpedoing of the liner Transylvania?

The Czar has imposed a special war tax upon all persons excused from military service. It is a just tax. Those who don't fight should be willing to pay.

When he takes his pen in hand, Woodrow Wilson seldom fails to say just as he wants to say it, what it is in his head and heart to say. It's a rare gift.—Hamilton Herald.

Two steel steamers collided in a fog on Lake Huron and both of them went to the bottom—a reminder that peace hath her marine disasters not less than war.

Hon. Dr. Montague is in bad odor just now. He has been at the funeral of several governments, and the cause of them, and he has been at the death of the Roblin administration. His influence seems to be decidedly bad.—Kingston Whig.

What's the use of wasting space in replying to American newspapers which charge that the British navy is incompetent and has not come up to expectations because it has not annihilated the German navy and bombarded German ports? Persons who write such stuff for publication cannot be so inexcusably ignorant as they seem; more likely they are wilful falsifiers, and all the replies that can be made will not set them right.—Hamilton Herald.

An American millionaire's wife, wrote her husband from Paris, saying that she had sent him a model of the Venus de Milo. The millionaire, who had heard of the famous lady, was delighted; but when it arrived he was greatly disgusted to find that both arms were broken off. In great indignation he sent off a claim to the railway company in respect of the damage. The railway company sent around a man to look into the complaint, found the arms were really broken off, and paid up!—Journal of Commerce.

An incident is related by a German-Canadian resident in London of a visit to a village in Perth county, Ontario, that is very largely populated by German-Canadians. "I said to a group of men in the village," says the narrator, "'Well, Germany is doing pretty well.' 'Yes,' said an old man among them, speaking as I did in the German tongue, 'but they'll get her yet.' Meaning that there was no sympathy entertained by these German-Canadians with the German cause." The same informant declares that he found among the German-Canadian women an even stronger feeling against Germany than was the fact among the men.—London Free Press.

Borden's Battery Anxious to Leave

Men Find Long Stay in City Rather Monotonous When Fighting's to be Done

The fifty-four members of Borden's Armored Battery are about the most anxious men in Montreal to be off to the firing line; they are tired of "sticking around" the city when there's fighting to be done. Every man in the unit, from Major E. J. Holland, their V.C. commander, down, is fairly "itching" to get started on the trip that will end only when the blood-stained fields of Flanders are reached.

The Battery has been in Montreal, in barracks at the Grenadier Guards' armory, since December and their stay is beginning to become monotonous. Just when they were expecting to receive their marching orders came word that the unit might be changed from an armored car battery into a machine gun section, which looked to the men like a still further delay. They are not particular how they get away, so long as the order comes soon.

Recruiting for the corps was discontinued some time ago, there having been more applicants then there were places for. Each man of the fifty-seven has been "hand picked," and the corps is probably the most proficient in the city.

HYMN OF HATE

(With no apologies to Herr Lissauer)

Carrots or beets we hate them not,
We love them not, we hate them not.
Of all the things that land on our plate
There's only one that we loathe and hate;
And that we'll hate till kingdom come—
Sauer Kraut.

It's known to you all, it's known to you all,
Pilgrims on this terrestrial ball;
Full of vinegar in distress,
Making a most unsavory mess.
Come, let us stand in our eating place,
An oath to swear to, face to face;
An oath of bronze no wind can shake,
An oath for all sons of guns to take.
We will never forego our hate;
We have all but a single hate.
We love as one; we hate as one,
And we'll hate that dish if we do it alone—
Sauer Kraut.

Wienerwurst, liverwurst, lager beer,
Many a time hath given us cheer;
Not so bad if made just right;
Bad to take going to bed at night;
Better by far to lunch in—"The Day."
Then there won't be the devil to pay.
But you we hate with a lasting hate;
We will never forego our hate;
Hate of the stomach and hate of the tongue;
Hate of the senses every one;
Hate of millions who've choked it down;
Hate of the country and hate of the town.
We love a thousand; we hate but one,
And that we'll hate with hate of Hun—
Sauer Kraut.
CLEM.

Woman troubled with constipation find Rexall Orderlies far superior to the usual harsh purgatives. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

PICKED UP HIS OWN SON

Double Fishing Fatality Had Sad Sequel

HALIFAX, N.S., May 13—A double drowning fatality occurred at Clark's Harbor yesterday. Two young men, hauling lobster traps, capsized their boat. Everett Nickerson went to the rescue, but only one was to be seen. He got him into his dory. It proved to be his own son. He was quickly landed, but too late. The dead body of the other man, Ephriam Nickerson, was found later.

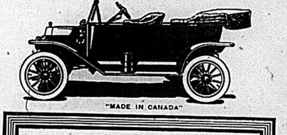
THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
THE BEST HOPS & MALTS IRRESPECTIVE OF PRICE
The National Breweries Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

"Resorts in the Canadian Rockies" is the title of a new folder issued by the C.P.R. The cover is in black and gold, while the pages contain a series of beautiful pictures, accompanied by explanatory and descriptive letterpress. A chief feature is a map on which are shown the Rockies in one large view—a bird's-eye view, which picks out and tabulates every single peak and which gives to the whole a wonderful sense of vividness and reality. "That surging sea of mountains," as the Rockies have been named, stands out from the paper, each peak distinct and marked by its own characteristics—the whole being presented with photographic minuteness. It took the artist who painted the picture, in the first place, two years to accomplish this work."

LAKE AND BAY TRANSPORTATION

STEAMER
"Brockville"
will be on her route
Trenton to Picton
ABOUT MAY 22nd.
May be chartered for Excursions.
Apply—
CAPTAIN CHRISTIE
Picton, Ont.

THIS IS THE BEGINNING
of a Boom in
RAILWAY, MINING AND INDUSTRIAL SHARES
Write for My Weekly Market Letter
Accurate Advice
ROBT. E. KEMERER
108 Bay Street TORONTO, ONT.


"MADE IN CANADA"

Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.
Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.
Ford Touring Car $590. Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840.
(All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.)
Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.
FORD MOTOR COMPANY
OF CANADA, LIMITED.
W. B RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.
Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

UNION BANK OF CANADA
Bank by Mail and Save Long Drives
Mail us the cheques or cash you receive, with your Pass-book, which we will return with the Deposit credited. Then you can pay your bills by cheques, which we will honor, or if you want the cash yourself, send us a cheque in your own favor and we will forward the money by return mail.
Drop in and talk to the Manager about it.
Belleville Branch J. G. MOFFAT, Manager
LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY
Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.
OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily
MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.
Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland
Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
TIME TABLE CHANGES
A change of time will be made on May 15th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.
ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO
Muskoka Lakes — Lake of Bays
Algonquin Park — Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River — Timagami Etc.
Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain points in Ontario, with liberal stop-overs.
Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.
H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER
Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily
Attractive Tours to
PACIFIC COAST
Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Sweden requires wood alcohol to be so colored that it will be instantly distinguished from grain alcohol.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.
Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.08 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 11 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.13 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7 - 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.
	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.2. a.m.	8.0? a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.
	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.
	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.
	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	2.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 p.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.
For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 p.m.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
*For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.05 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Bulier, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.
	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto ..	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville ..	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal ..	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local
Leave Trenton	8.03 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.
	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal ..	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville ..	2.10 p.m.	5.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto ..	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.
Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

ALLAN LINE Royal Mail
From MONTREAL To
"CORSICAN" .... May 22 .. Glasgow
"SICILIAN" .... May 30 .. Havre & London
"PRETORIAN" .... June 5 .. Glasgow
"HESPERIAN" .... June 16 .. Liverpool
"SCANDINAVIAN" .... June 19 .. Glasgow
"CORINTHIAN" ...... June 20 .. Havre & London
"GRAMPIAN" .... June 24 .. Liverpool
For full information apply local agents or
THE ALLAN LINE
95 King St. West, - - Toronto

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking
Get the Savings Habit.
Highest Current Rates Allowed, and
Interest Compounded Half-Yearly on Deposits.
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

The Merchants Bank Of Canada
Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000
YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
Belleville Branch H. SNEYD, Manager

Wanton, Wicked Ruin in France

Roger Frey Says Destruction of French Villages Served no Military End

The ruthless methods of warfare employed by the Germans in the north of France are described at first hand in a letter just received by Mrs. Edith Woodman Burroughs, a sculptor of Flushing, L.I., from Roger Frey, now at La Source on the Marne, in France, assisting in the relief work there. Mr. Frey, of whom Mrs. Burroughs, executed a bas-relief portrait, tells of the dangers confronting the relief workers on their passage from England to France, when, he writes, lifeboat facilities for only 120 persons were provided although the ship carried 500 passengers. In his letter Mr. Frey says:

"Imagine the country here as absolute heap of ruins, but much more ruined than Pompeii; still crowded with inhabitants, 300 stacked like herrings in this hotel, and the rest in their cellars, often full of water, yet still managing to dress like the incurable bourgeois they are. Then the Casina itself, filled with about thirty young Quakers, mostly from the North of England, blunt, but immensely virtuous, and working like niggers at building huts, nursing, taking blankets and necessities to the people, and giving them seed for their potagers, (garden plots.)

The roads are everywhere absolutely deserted, excepted for innumerable motor cars of the said Quakers, who rush from one village to another as the cases of necessity and want come in.

"We had a frightful jojurney out, fifteen hours to Paris, and most of the time waiting with a horde of Belgians and Italians, and God knows what, waiting for strings of officials to examine our papers on a four and one-half hours' sea passage. Five hundred passengers and lifeboats for 120, and the knowledge that a submarine could and would blow us up at any minute. It would have been a ghastly scene and I'm glad we missed them.

"Here the whole countryside is a scene of desolation. Please don't let good pacifists talk about the inevitable horrors of war. The destruction here has been highly organized, deliberate and, as far as I can see, entirely wanton, showing no kind of military purpose.

"The Germans become entirely inexplicable to me, except as a case of collective madness. They burned most of these villages the moment they got here, leaving only the houses they wanted for their staff quarters. They pumped petroleum all over the houses and they scattered little squares of celluloid. Then they shot out a flame a yard big and set light to everything. The houses are like this all down the village street—only the chimneys standing, not a foot of the outside wall.

"I've never seen anything like this. It beats all one could imagine—and why? I can't make it out. The old people here who knew 1870 told all the people that all would be well if they stayed; but they were simply driven for days and nights in front of the German troops, old women among them dropped dead after three days without food.

"Now if the Germans break through, there won't be a soul to receive them. They really have reduced war almost to shere barbarism. It's no use being indignant with them, but the facts ought to be known, and not glossed over as common warfare.

"I must go now to take seeds around I'm glad I came. It's better than the misery of London. All they do is to worry there."

MIRACULOUS CURE OF ASTHMA

Suffered Terribly for 15 Years Until He Tried "Fruit-a-tives"

D. A. WHITE, Esq.

21 WALLACE AVE., TORONTO, Dec. 22nd. 1913.

"Having been a great sufferer from Asthma for a period of fifteen years (sometimes having to sit up at night for weeks at a time) I began the use of "Fruit-a-tives". These wonderful tablets relieved me of Indigestion, and through the continued use of same, I am no longer distressed with that terrible disease, Asthma, thanks to "Fruit-a-tives" which are worth their weight in gold to anyone suffering as I did. I would heartily recommend them to all sufferers from Asthma, which I believe is caused or aggravated by Indigestion". D. A. WHITE

For Asthma, for Hay Fever, for any trouble caused by excessive nervousness due to Impure Blood, faulty Digestion or Constipation, take 'Fruit-a-tives'

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

WOMEN'S WEAKNESS AND HEALTH PERILS

Anaemia Comes so Gratefully that the Victim Scarcely Realizes the Hold the Trouble Has Upon Her Until Almost in a Decline.

Women's work is more wearing than man's because it lasts almost every waking hour. There is no eight or nine hour day for the breadwinner's wife, and often she toils under the greatest difficulty because her strength is below what it should be. The woman who is indoors all day is very often careless about what she eats and does not keep her blood up to the mark. It becomes thin and poor, which makes her weak, headachy, tired, breathless and liable to pains in the back and sides, the scourge of her sex. New blood will do wonders for the woman who is tired out, who aches all over when she rises in the morning and feels unaccountably depressed. She can gain new blood now, and drive away the pains and aches and tiredness if she will take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have worked marvels for other women and will do the same for you if you are weak, tired, depressed or suffering from backaches or sideaches. Mrs. Elmer C. Taylor, Calgary, Alta., says: 'I was so run down with anaemia that I could scarcely walk without aid. I was not able to leave the house. I had no color, no appetite, and was constantly troubled with headaches, dizzy spells and a general disinclination to move about or do anything. My friends did not think I would get better, and even the doctor was apprehensive. I was constantly taking medicine but it did not do me a particle of good. One day a friend asked if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to do so almost as a forlorn hope. After I had used a few boxes there was a decided change for the better and people began to ask what I was taking the change was so noticeable. As I continued the Pills my color came back. I could eat my meals regularly, the headaches and dizzy spells ceased, I gained in weight and took a new interest in life, my cure being complete. I have told many sickly women and girls what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me and urged them to take them and shall continue to do so, knowing what a splendid medicine they are."

Every weak and ailing woman who will follow Mrs. Taylor's example and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial will find new health and strength through their use. Sold by all medicines dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

DESERONTO.

The bill mill started for the season on Thursday with a number of logs in the pond. A large number of cars of logs come in daily from Tweed where they are loaded.

Work is being pushed on the Rathbun Match Company's building. The bricks have arrived.

The engagement is announced by William Irvine, of his eldest daughter, Jessie Jean to J. James, Bank of Montreal, King City. The wedding will take place in June.

Rev. Mr. McFall Kanaggo, preached on Sunday in the Church of the Redeemer.

Miss Dora Gammon, Gananoque spent Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. James Gammon. Mr. and Mrs. F. McManus, Toronton, returned to the city on Saturday after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Franklin Brennan, and brother, E. J. Edwards.

The Patriotic League holds its sewing meetings every Friday afternoon in the town hall, when about forty ladies are present. Preparations are being made for a patriotic concert.

Joseph Leveque, 26th Battery, Kingston, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Leveque.

An "at home" was given by the Young Men's Catholic Club on Thursday evening in their club rooms.

WANTS A DIVORCE

German Prisoner of War Husband of Kingston Young Woman

Karl Kessler a German prisoner-of-war now in Fort Henry has written a letter to American Consul F. S. S. Johnston saying that if he is to be kept a prisoner until the end of the war he wants a divorce from his wife because she is a Canadian. Kessler maried a young woman of Kingston about six weeks ago and then left for Napanee "in search of work." He was arrested in Napanee because of his suspicious actions and he has been a constant source of trouble to the authorities. He first contended that he was a Canadian and was naturalized at Quebec about 1904. The authorities searched the records as far back as 1891 and no man of that name was recorded as being naturalized.

In his letter about a divorce from his wife Kessler states that should he be released and allowed to live with his better-half he would not seek a separation, but under present circumstances he does not want to have any connection with anything Canadian.

A man with a grievance never misses an opportunity to air it.

Slid by German Cruisers in Dark

Romera, Newly Come to Montreal Had Narrow Escape From Karlsruhe

MONTREAL, May 14.—In the Romera which berthed at Section 25 yesterday afternoon, Montreal sees a tramp vessel which has never before been up the St. Lawrence River, but which in common with many others have been all over the Atlantic since the war was started in Europe. During the early stages of the war this vessel had some narrow escapes from German cruisers, as she went out to the River Plate and to Brazil ports across waters infested by the Karlsruhe and others of the same ilk. On one occasion in October the Romera was less than forty miles distant from German cruisers, but managed to slip past them during the night and to gain her port unharmed. These cruisers were continually speaking to each other in their endeavor to locate British merchant vessels.

As for submarines the Romera has never been near one so far as the officers on board are aware. In leaving port she has always had the advantage of fogs or mists and sheer luck would have been needed by a submarine to have blundered upon her.

ENOUGH OF KID GLOVE WAR

Time to Take off the Gloves Says Lord Beresford

LONDON, May 19.—"We have had enough of kid glove and feathered fighting now let us take the gloves off and intern a lot of our enemies." said Lord Charles Beresford at a women's meeting in support of the movement for the internment of alien enemies held in the Manson House this afternoon. "The most dangerous enemies in England" he said "are wealthy naturalized Germans in high social positions. In this port they have had an immense influence in Britsih affairs."

"All these people," continued Lord Charles, "have their appointed place and duty in case we are invaded."

Prince Louis of Battenberg had the good taste to resign, and Lord Charles wanted to know what German privy councillors were doing in this country. He did not know why they were made privy councillors, but they ought to follow Prince Louis' example and throw up their positions. Naturalization did not change the nature of the men, he said, and they came over here Germans and remained Germans.

Lord Charles' special reference was understood to be Sir Edgar Speyer, who was mentioned by name in a Morning Post editorial.

Sir Edwin Cornwall, M.P., said Germans dined with admirals, general and even prime ministers, and there was a regular system of espionage.

Sir Henry Dalziel, M.P., said the chairman of the building acts' committee of the London County Council had reported that to the north, south, east nd west the alien enemy possessed positions with concrete foundations of strategic value with regard to London.

Other speakers included Lady Glenusk, who said she had received a letter from a survivor of the Lusitania asking her to try to imagine her feelings on recovering consciousness to find herself in a hotel owned by a German.

FRECKLES

Don't Hide Them With a Veil; Remove Them with the Othine Prescription

This prescription for the removal of freckles was written by a prominent physician and is usually so successful in removing freckles and giving a clear beautiful complexion that it is sold by druggists under guarantee to refund the money if it fails.

Don't hide your freckles under a veil; get an ounce of othine and remove them. Even the first few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the lighter freckles vanishing entirely.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine; it is this that is sold on the money-back guarantee.

DON'T SUFFER WITH STIFF ACHING LIMBS

Don't be inconvenienced and annoyed by tired, inflamed muscles. Massage the parts with Absorbine, Jr., and root out the trouble. Athletes do. They know that Absorbine, Jr. penetrates quickly and reduces soreness and inflammation—that it is powerful and efficacious in cases of serious sprains, wrenches, torn ligaments and painful affecdons.

Absorbine, Jr. is a different kind of liniment. It is a non-poisonous Antiseptic and Germicide. Applied to an open sore or wound, it kills the germs, makes the part aseptic and promotes rapid and healthy healing. That is why it is so good for cuts, wounds, and sores.

Absorbine Jr. is a discutient and resolvent, effective in reducing Bursal Enlargements, Fatty Tumors, Swollen and Enlarged Glands or Veins. Use Absorbine, Jr. where you want relief quickly and permanently.

$1.00 and $2.00 per bottle at druggists or delivered. Manufactured only by W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

DR. PEARSON'S CAREER

Dr. F. S. Pearson head of the Brazilian Traction and Barcelona Power enterprises, is apparently to be included in the list of those lost in the Lusitania disaster. In view of the fact that the Barcelona enterprise is still in an incomplete state, his loss will be severely felt. Brazilian Traction is in rather a different position the construction stage having been passed some time ago and the company's finances being quite satisfactorily arranged. Mr. E. R. Wood, of Toronto, was one of Dr. Pearson's closest associates in Canada, and possibly may take up some of his work now.

Dr. Pearson ranked as one of the most eminent consulting engineers in the United States, being the active head of the Pearson, Farquhar syndicate, which has engineered contracts of exceptional importance in all parts of the world, lately having been concerned in an immense hydraulic engineering project in South America.

Fred Stark Pearson was born in Lowell, Mass., in 1861. After a public school education he was obliged to secure a position and began work as ticket agent for the Boston & Maine Railroad. He availed himself of the opportunity of visiting Tufts College, which was nearby. Because of his interest in electricity, Prof. Dolebar, of that college, took considerable interest in him, and induced him to take a course in Tufts College.

Dr. Pearson became instructor in Massauchusetts Institute of Technology for a year or so, after which he re-entered Tufts College, adding civil and electrical engineering couses to his mining and chemical degrees. Aftre graduation, Dr. Pearson became successively manager of the Somerville Electric Light Company, chief engineer of the West End Street Railway, of Boston, and consulting engineer of the Brooklyn Heights Railway Company of Brooklyn. In 1893, he organized the Dominion Coal Company, acting as its chief engineer, the following year he accepted the position of chief engineer of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company of New York. The Columbus Avenue and Lexington Avenue cables roads were constructed under his supervision.

After much European study, he invented a system of underground conduit roads for the Metropolitan Street Railway Company and constructed eighty-one miles of these conduits for New York. The electric power station of this company at Ninety-sixth street, having a capacity of 70,000 horse power was designed by him and represents one of his greatest achievements.

Dr. Pearson was one of the first to recognize the wide field of opportunity in the Latin-American republics and went to South America to develop a railway, light and power scheme at Sao Paula, Brazil. He was a man of great modesty, with a genial and attractive prsonality. He was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the Institution of Civil Engineers and other technical bodies.

STRATHCONA'S GRANDSON LIEUT. HARRY HOWARD KILLED AT THE FRONT

LONDON, May 13.—Lady Strathcona has received word that her second son, Lieut. Harry Howard of the East Surrey Regiment, was killed at the front, May 9.

The Lord Mayor And Canadians

Sir Charles Johnston Sends Congratulations upon Heroism Shown at Langemarck

The Lord Mayor of London sends congratulations to Canada upon the assistance her soldiers are giving the Empire during the present war, in a recent letter to the Canadian Press. He speaks in the most eulogistic terms of the service rendered by the Dominion's troops during the great battle of Langemarck and says:

"I should like to tell you how proud we are in the city of the gallant, heroic and splendid services of the Canadian contingent in last week's battle, when, to use Sir John French's words, 'they saved the situation.' Their magnificent feats on that momentous occasion will form one of the most brilliant achievements and episodes in this terrible war, in which all records of the past dwindle into insignificance, and I warmly congratulate the Dominion that, as in the Boer War, its troops are rendering such efficient and admirable assistance in behalf of the Empire and in furtherance of all that is just and right and honest.

"I am, sir, your obedient servant,
"CHARLES JOHNSTON,
"Lord Mayor of London."

NAPANEE

May 13.—Eugene Richardson is fitting up the rooms lately occupied by G. Cooke over Frank Perryy's store, and will open a photograph studio.

Some malicious person is evidently scattering poison for dogs around the town, as last night six dogs were killed with it, and a valuable bulldog owned by Clare Windover was only saved by promptly getting a veterinary to attend it.

Miss Nora Barker left for Welland to join her mother and brothers, and the family will reside there in future.

A peculiar accident happened at the G.T.R. hog yard yesterday. Charles Hambly was shipping hogs and in some way one of them, which weighed over four hundred pounds, rooted the top off the manhole of the sewer in the yard and slipped into the hole. In its struggles it became so firmly wedged that it was some time before it could be released, but it was dead when taken out.

The local branch of the Retail Merchants' Association held a meeting last night in the Town Hall to consider their liability under the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Daniel Higley, a drunk, was sent to jail for eight days on remand, by Magistrate Rankin, in the Police Court today.

Constable Van Koughnet went to Kingston yesterday, taking an insane man to the asylum.

There are some ugly rumors going around with reference to the fire which destroyed two stores the other night. There will probably be in investigation to establish the cause of the fire.

John McLaugnlin was arrested tonight for non-payment of fine, and will serve twenty-one days in the county jail, unless the fine is paid in the meantime.

Recent sales of the United States government totalling 126,000,000 feet of saw timber in the Olympic national forest in western Washington, mark the opening of this hitherto inaccessible storehouse of timber, estimated to contain a stand of 33,000,000,000 board feet.

KEEP YOUR BABY WELL

Mothers can keep their little ones happy and healthy by the occasional use of Baby's Own Tablets. There is no minor ailment of little ones that the Tablets will not cure, and above all they are absolutely safe and positively no injury can result from their use Concerning them Mrs. Henri Huard, Kingston, Ont., writes: "There is no medicine I know of so good for little ones as is Baby's Own Tablets. They have certainly been of great service to me." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Have the Intelligencer sent to your home address.

LASTING—Dome and radiator are American Ingot Iron—99.84% pure. These parts in

McClary's Sunshine Furnace can never wear out or rust away. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

Sold by The Smith Hdwe. Co.

Keep The Men In Good Humor

When Hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke. Ask your grocer for EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIPS" or "SILENTS," two of our many brands.

The E. B. EDDY CO., HULL, CANADA

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

You've never tasted a meat paste so delicious as PARIS PATÉ

PARIS MEAT PATTY

(Pronounce it "PARIS PATTY")

HAVE *you* tried it? If not, order a tin or two from your grocer *to-day* and find out how good it is. PARIS PATÉ is something *more* than a meat paste—better than an ordinary potted meat.

You have the expert service of a French Chef in every tin of PARIS PATÉ

All cooked and ready to eat, consisting of nutritious meats and spices prepared and cooked at Montreal by clever French chefs. Makes the tastiest of sandwiches.

PARIS PATÉ is a meal in itself—light, wholesome and easily digested. For breakfast or supper—for light lunches—for snacks between meals, you couldn't wish for anything nicer than PARIS PATÉ.

10c. a Tin

And so economical, too! A ten-cent tin goes farther than any other food at the price. Try this delicious cooked meat paste to-day! Your Grocer sells it.

—Prepared by—
SOCIÉTÉ S. P. A., 91 Roading St., MONTREAL.
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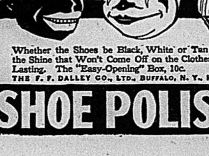

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The Gallantry Of Canadians

Further Details of the Memorable Fight at Langemarck by the British "Eye-Witness"

The English newspapers received by the last mail contain much additional information regarding the battle of Langemarck, in which the First Canadian Division so notably distinguished itself. The correspondent of the London Morning Post, for instance, emphasizes the work of the 16th Regiment, from Alberta and British Columbia, in the battle. With remarkable foresight General Alderson, who was holding this battalion in reserve, instead of having it paralled to his front had it perpendicular, that is to say facing north. When, therefore, the Germans broke through from Langemarck towards the canal and swung south to cut off the Canadians the 16th was ready to meet them and to advance at the crucial moment to maintain the line intact. This was undoubtedly the critical part of the battle.

The British Eye-Witness at General Headquarters describes the Canadian lines between Ypres-St. Julien and towards Langmarck, as thy were when the big fight started, as being faced by a long gentle slope down which the Germans came. It was between four o'clock and half past four that the gas began to come to the Canadian lines, and thereafter St. Julien was subjected to an infense bombardment for half an hour. At 5.30 the German advance began, preceded by gas men in a kind of driver's costume. Behind these again came the bomb-throwers.

The first advance led past the corner of the Canadian line, when the advancing mases were caught in an enfilading fire, which inflicted very heavy loss upon them. Then, however the gas-throwers got into the range of the French lines, with the result that the break occurred. Upon this two battalions of Canadians, the 16th and also the 10th were brought up, and hurled themselves on the Germans, who had cut around behind the lines. This checked the German advance and the enemy retired into a little wood between Pilken and St. Julien, where they rapidly threw up earthworks, and by rushing in a large number of machine guns constituted a little fortress of the place, thereby in their turn checking our advance.

Early on Friday morning the 1st and 2nd Canadian Brigades advanced to attack the little wood. They were preceded by bomb-throwers, a section which the same correspondent described as "particularly well organized in the Canadian Army. These men move rapidly forward, scattered in open formation. They are armed with rifles and have percussion hand-grenades in belts about their waists, which they throw as they go." This fight lasted almost the whole day and the Germans had been driven from the wood when orders were received for the line to retire so as to maintain intact the contract with the French.

CAPTURE OF ST. JULIEN

From the reports cabled to Canada it has been understood that the re-inforcements which were rushed up to the Canadian front at a critical time and which participated in the taking of St. Julien were regular troops. It appears, however, that they were English Territorials, and that they, shoulder to shoulder with the Canadians, bore themselves with the utmost gallantry. For many of them it was their baptism of fire, but, the Morning Post's correspondent says, "On all hands I hear warm eulogies of their steadiness and courage. They behaved like seasoned roops."

According to the "Morning Post" correspondent it was on the afternoon of Friday the 23rd, that the reinforcements consisting of Britismh Territorials, were brought around from behind Ypres and moved to the assault of St. Julien. Detachments of the Buffs were already with the Canadians, but these fresh Territorials included the 5th Yorks, the West Kents and the Gloucesters. The taking of St. Julien was one of those brilliant minor affairs of which this war has been full, but which in any former campaign would have been writ large upon the the pages of history. It was a little epic in itself. Up the open road and along the banks of the little River Haanebeck they poured, mowed down by the murderous machine guns in the ruined houses and a fair mark for the artillery further on. With dauntless courage they bore it for hours until at last in the final rush they gained the place. Then among the ruins they got a little of their own back with the bayonet, gor the Fermans held their ground. It was here that the greatest number of machine guns were captured, and the deadliest slaughter effected. The pity of it is that the Territorials could not enjoy the full fruits of their gallant conduct, for with the remodelling of our line St. Julien was too far advanced and had to be abandoned again.

The British "Eye Witness" present with the General Headquarters explains that an effort on the part of the Germans in the direction of Langemarck was not unexpected, since movements of troops and transports behind their front line had been detected for some days. Its peculiar and novel nature, however, was a surprise which was largely responsible for the measure of success achieved.

The "Eye Witness" was much impressed by what occurred behind the Canadian lines during the hot artillery fire which followed the first German onslaught on the right of the lines held by the French. He relates that about this period "our men in reserve near Ypres, seeing the shells bursting, had gathered in groups, discussing the situation and questioning some scattered bodies of Turcos who had appeared. Suddenly a Staff officer rode up, shouting, "Stand to your arms," and in a few minutes the troops had fallen in and were marching northwards to the scene of the fight. Nothing more impressive can be imagined than the sight of our men falling in quietly in perfect order on their alarm posts amid the scene of wild confusion caused by the panic-stricken refugees who swarmed along the roads.

"In the meantime, to the north and north-east of the town, a confused fight was taking place, which gave proof not only of great gallantry and steadiness on the part of the troops referred to above, but of remarkable presence of mind on the part of their leaders. Behind the wall of vapour, which had swept across fields, through woods, and over hedgegrows, came the German firing line, the men's mouths and noses, it is stated, protected by pads, soaked in a solution of bicarbonate of soda. Closely following them again, came the supports. These troops, hurrying forward, with their formation somewhat broken up by the obstacles encountered in their path, looked like a huge mob bearing down upon the town. A battery of 4.7 inch guns a little beyond the left of our line was surprised and overwelmed by them in a moment. Farther to the rear and in a most easterly direction were several field batteries, and before they could come into action the Germans were within a few hundred yards. Not a gun, however, was lost. One battery, taken in flank, swung round, fired on the enemy at point blank range and checked the rush. Another opened fire with the guns pointing in almost opposite directions, the enemy being on three sides of them."

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Is your skin harsh and dry? Are there signs of approaching wrinkles? Are you getting worried about the possible loss of your youthful beauty? Cleopatra didn't worry about these things. You needn't if Usit is applied.

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WAR NOTES

The Information Department of the Canadian Red Cross Society in London has already been started on an efficient basis. A staff of visitors has been procured who visit the Canadian men in the hospitals, notification of whose destination is received by special postcard handed to the Canadian wounded as they disembark in England from the front. The Department is sending to every man whose name comes through to them, parcels containing socks, a shirt or sweater, playing cards, candies, tobacco together with a recent issue of some Canadian newspaper. All these supplies are furnished from the stores of the Canadian Red Cross Society in the London warehouse and a constant supply of hand knit or soft machine knit socks is required for the purpose and should be sent through the ordinary Red Cross channels in Canada.

Each week returns of the sick and wounded Canadians are more from the English office of the Red Cross Society for the headquarters of the society in Toronto. At the head office in Canada the work of analysing and filing their correspondence has been undertaken by Mr. Hugh Langton, Librarian to the University of Toronto, so that enquiries concerning the condition of the sick and wounded may be answered so far as the information provided permits.

That a splendid work is being carried on by the Canadian War Contingent Association among the soldiers at the front will be seen from a report received recently by Mrs. Plumptre, Secretary of the National Service Committee, from Mr. J. C. Colmer, secretary of the association. In the course of his report Mr. Colmer says that the association is in direct communication with the officers commanding the different units and among the numerous things lately sent out to the Canadian soldiers are 9,000 cigarettes, 880 pairs of socks, 1282 pairs of wristlets, 1500 cakes of soap, besides mufflers, tobacco, pipes, candies, chewing gum and even such luxuries as a gramaphone and a football. These articles were sent to the first, second and third artillery brigades. In conclusion Mr. Colmen said: "I think this will show the battery is not being neglected and we shall be sending other things in a day or two. One of the difficulties we experience in regard to applications from individual officers that are published. We are trying to centralize, so that all our communications may be with either the commanding officers of each unit, or with some officer nominated by him to take charge of the matter.

The Executive Committee of the Canadian Red Cross Society have made a grant of $5,000 for relief work in Serbia. This money has been sent to Sir Edward Boyle, Bart., Treasurer of the Serbian Relief Fund in London.

The following official announcement has been issued by Mrs. Plumptre, Secretary of the National Service Committee: "By authorization of the Militia Department, the National Service Committee are making arrangements for the supply of respirators needed for immediate use according to the pattern approved by the British War Office. Sample respirators and material for making them are being supplied by the National Service Committee to the centres where the troops are mobilized. Others are earnstly requested to help by defraying the cost of the materials which must be of the best quality. Kindly send donations for this purpose to Mrs. Bruce, Honorary Treasurer of the National Service Committee, 77 King Street, East, Toronto. Other workers are requested not to attempt to make respirators themselves, but to continue working at hospital supplies which are urgently needed by the Red Cross in unlimited quantities."

The congregation of St. James' Lutheran church, Elirma, Sunday dedicated their new $35,000 church building. The congregation was organized in a log building in 1850.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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We are in a position to fill the present heavy demand for Black and White and White and Black fabrics. We show these in Cottons, Voiles, Organdies and Zephyrs, and in Silk at prices from 18c to $2.50 yard.

Silk Poplins
We have a variety of all the leading shades in this new material, which is used so extensively for Summer Dresses and Suits. The prices are $1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.00.

Ladies' Skirts. Our assortment of Ladies' Cloth and Silk Skirts is now very complete. They are being shown in Serges, Panama, Bengaline, San Toy, Silk Poplin, Taffeta, and Moire, in Navy, Tan, Black and White, Black, and the new Palm Beach shades.
Prices, $4.50 to $14.50

Curtain Scrims
We can fill your order for Curtain Scrim from a large and varied stock. Prices from 12½c to 40c yard, with a special line at 15c yard.

Silk Suits
Silk Poplin Suits are now very fashionable. We offer them in Black, Navy, Putty, Sand, Battleshiy Grey, and Belgian Blue, at $25.00 each.

Rugs
We have a number of reversible Chenille Rugs, size 26x46 ins. The colors are combinations of Blue, Brown and Green, and the price $1.00.

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IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

FIELD DAY

This afternoon the annual sports in connection with Albert College took place. An interesting programme was presented. A list of the winners will be in Monday's issue.

UNGENTLEMANLY LANGUAGE

Complaint has been made to the police that a number of boys who congregate nightly on Wickett street, use ungentlemanly language. If it is not suppressed the boys will be brought up before the Cadi.

RED CROSS DANCE

An informal dance was held last evening at which over $50 were raised for Red Cross purposes, thanks to the generosity of Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins, who placed the handsome tea room at Hotel Quinte and refreshments at the disposal of the Tango Knitting Circle.

PRESENTED WITH GOLD

The Brockville Recorder of yesterday had the following item in reference to the presentation to Rev. Father O'Connor of that town, who is coming here to take the place of Rev. Father Corrigan: "At a meeting of the Knights of Columbus held last night, Rev. Father O'Connor, who leaves to-morrow to enter on his new duties as assistant at St. Michael's church, Belleville, was honored. He was presented by Mr. D. W. Downey, on behalf of the members, with a purse of gold. Suitable addresses were delivered by Very Rev. Dean Murray, Dr. Macaulay, Mr. E. J. Kelly, Mr. D. W. Downey and Mr. E. B. Meehan. Though taken by surprise Rev. Father O'Connor replied appropriately, thanking all for the kindness extended and esteem shown him.

A SORE WHICH WOULD NOT HEAL

Policeman's Testimony to Zam-Buk

Constable R. B. Nunn, of Vernon B.C., says: "I would like to bear testimony to the wonderful healing properties of Zam-Buk. For over two years I suffered acutely with a sore on my leg which, despite all treatment, turned into an open ulcer. I tried all kinds of medicines, ointments, liniments, etc., but notwithstanding, the wound seemed only to get worse. Finally it became so bad that I was on the point of going into a hospital when a friend persuaded me to try Zam-Buk. I did so, and the first few applications made the ulcer less painful. By degrees the inflammation went down and there were traces of healing. To cut a long story short, from the time of first commencing to use Zam-Buk the ulcer improved and twelve boxes of Zam-Buk effected a complete cure.

"Although the ulcer was healed, I was still afraid that the healing would be only temporary, and that in a very short time it would break out again. To my extreme delight such has not been the case. It is close on a year since Zam-Buk healed the ulcer, and as there is not the slightest trace of any further trouble, I can safely speak of my case as a complete cure."

The above is but one of many instances where Zam-Buk has proved effective in healing old and obstinate sores after other preparations have completely failed. For eczema, piles, cuts, burns, bruises, chapped hands, cold cracks, and all skin diseases or injuries, and as an embrocation for rheumatism, sciatica, stiffened muscles, etc., nothing can equal Zam-Buk. All druggists and stores or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price; 50c. per box. Refuse substitutes.

Belleville High School Glee Club

A most successful concert was given in the auditorium of the High School last evening by the Glee Club. Every number was greatly enjoyed, and all testified to the skill and patience of the instructress, Mrs. (Dr) MacColl. A solo by Miss Mary Yeomans, assisted by the chorus, "Bright the Sun," called for much applause. A piano selection by Miss Eva Shorey, and a violin solo by Miss Annie Lafferty, were also greatly appreciated. "A song Without Words," rendered by John McGie on the piano, deserved much praise. The most unique musical number heard in this city for some time was the "Toy Symphony", played entirely on toy instruments. Each member of the Glee Club knew exactly where her part came in, and how to render it. The instrumentalists were:

Quail Pipes—Eva Lazier, Marguerite Hill. Cuckoos—Eva Lazier, Marguerite Hill. Nightingales—Marion Vandervoort, Mary McDermott, Marguerite Mulvehill. Trumpets—Claire Coughlin, Kathleen McDermott. Rattles—Clara Yeomans, Mary McLennan. Bells—Anna Hogan, Theresa Donaghue, Nora Ryan. Triangles—Marjory McDonald, Blanch Pringle. Cymbals—Rita Collip. Drum—Mary Yeomans.

Mis Helen Foltz in a very pleasing manner gave a piano selection by Godard. Mr. Arthur Rogers in a manly style rendered "Jack Canuck's the Boy." "The Feather Dance," by Miss Valiere Wrightmeyer was given in a very pleasing manner, as was a selection by Miss Wilda Palmer. A feature of the evening was Miss Vandervoort's rendering of the song "Good Night, Little Girl." The tune is catchy and as the singer's voice is of good quality, she had the whole attention of the audience. A dance and chorus by the Glee Club closed a very pleasing musical evening at about half-past nine. From then until 11 o'colck dancing occupied the attention of the young people.

HOW FAT FOLKS MAY BECOME THIN

By Elizabeth Thomas

Perhaps you are suddenly becoming stout, or it may be that you have been putting on weight for years. In either case the cause is the same—lack of oxygen-carrying power of the blood. This trouble occurs in adults of both sexes and all ages, but it may be overcome very easily and without any of the privations that most people imagine necessary to reduce their weight.

Simply go to your druggist and get some oil of orilene capsules. Take one after each meal and one before going to bed. Weigh yourself so as to know just how fast you are losing weight. Wonderful results have been accomplished by this inexpensive recipe, but be sure to get the genuine oil of orilene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any large druggists can supply you, or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240 Montreal Can.

Read Ritchie's List of Saturday Night Bargains on Page 8. Exceptional Offerings for To-night.

Lacrosse Fixtures For Season

The District Committee of the O. A. L.A. met on Monday, May 3rd, at the Iroquois Hotel, Toronto, and made the final draft of the groupings for the coming season.

The following are the groupings of series Nos. 8 and 9:

INTERMEDIATE SERIES.

Group 8—Peterboro', Campbellford, Hastings, Millbrook, Norwood. Convenor, T. P. Lancaster, Havelock. Meet at Hastings.

Group 9—Stirling, Madoc, Tweed, Trenton. Convenor, Geo. West, Madoc. Meet at Madoc.

JUVENILE SERIES.

Group 8.—Tweed, Stirling, Madoc, Marmora, Trenton. Convenor, Geo. West, Madoc. Meet at Madoc.

Group 9—Hastings, Campbellford, Norwood, Havelock. Convenor, Percy Lancaster, Havelock. Meet at Hastings.

Convenors of the different groups are requested to have their schedules ready by May 17th.

The following schedule was drawn up on Monday night for group 9, intermediate series, O.A.L.A.:

June 9—Stirling at Trenton.
" 9—Madoc at Tweed.
" 16—Tweed at Stirling.
" 23—Trenton at Madoc.
July 14—Madoc at Trenton.
" 14—Stirling at Tweed.
" 21—Trenton at Tweed.
" 28—Madoc at Stirling.
" 28—Tweed at Trenton.
Aug. 6—Stirling at Madoc.
" 11—Tweed at Madoc.
" 11—Trenton at Stirling.

The following delegates were present—Tweed, W. Turcott, Dr. Allen; Trenton, Messrs. Haynes and Ireland; Stirling, W. Whitty, M. Cooke; Madoc, Geo. Bassett, C. Moon.

The following is the juvenile schedule:

July 9—Trenton at Madoc.
" 16—Madoc at Trenton.
" 30—Trenton at Madoc.
Aug. 4—Madoc at Trenton.

—Madoc Review.

A Napanee Boy Killed in Action

Word was received from Ottawa on Monday last, by Mrs. Charles Chapman, of the death of her son, Guy, who enlisted with the First Canadian Contingent in August last, at Winnipeg with the 48th regiment. Guy was well known in town, having resided here most all his life until about four years ago, when he went West. Deceased was for a number of years a member of Grace Church choir and was much esteemed by all who knew him. He held good positions at Winnipeg and Brandon and was unmarried. Besides his widowed mother he leaves to mourn two brothers and one sister Mrs. G. F. Zapfe, Owen Sound; James of Hespeler and Claude of Amherstburg. Mrs. Chapman has the sympathy of the community in her bereavement.

A prominent Brant county farmer, Mr. James Miller died yesterday morning in his seventieth year.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us;

We Can Save You Money By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co. Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT? We can build a new one on your old Hub.

IS YOUR HUB BROKEN? We can build a new one in your old Rim.

Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone [illegible]

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Laid at Rest

MRS. JAMES REED.

Yesterday afternoon the remains of the late Mrs. James Reed were interred at Belleville Cemetery. At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. W. Sills, Marshall Road, services were conducted by Rev. A. R. Sanderson, who also officiated at the grave. A number of floral tributes were placed upon the caket. Relatives of the deceased were bearers.

CAPT. JOHN THOMPSON

The funeral of the late John Thompson took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of W. M. Howie, Dundas treet. Services at the house, St. Thomas' church and Belleville Cemetery were conducted by the Rural Dean Beamish. Many mourners were in attendance, and the floral offerings were beautiful and many. The bearers were Messrs. W. J. Hinchey, E. O'Rourke, Vandervoort, Naylor, Phillips and Carlyle.

Notice

Now is your time for a Gas Service. For full particulars inquire at the Gas Office, or phone 69. T. Gardner, Mgr. 13,d3t

Belleville Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to the 8th of May:

Employees of McIntosh Bros. (for May)	$ 6 00
John Williams (for May)	5 00
Paul Lalonde	10 00
Miss Anna Lounsberry	15 00
Geo. Thrasher	2 00
C. M. S.	15 00
Alex. J. McLaren	5 00
J. W. Walker	10 00
C. J. Bowell	10 00
Judge G. E. Deroche	10 00
Standard Bank Staff (May)	2 50

Card of Thanks

Mrs. S. M. Gilbert wishes to express her heartfelt gratitude to her many friends for their kindness and sympathy in her very sad bereavement.

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors** **COME** to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS** CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED

A new line of FANCY HAT BANDS all the latest shades also a few PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY

236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Silk Crepe de Chine
And
Wash Silk Blouses

Articles Very Much Sought After Just Now

IN all their freshness, surrounded by tissue, are these most delightful examples of what is really new in Blouses.

Dainty Crepe de Chines, Flesh Colored and White Silks, Pretty Black and White Stripes, and the ever-popular Wash-Silk ones, are here in a myriad of pretty styles and at such prices.

Only **$2.75** to **$4.00**

Middies for the 24th

And the ones with the Flannel Collars at **$1.50** are marvels of daintiness.

Then the others, with their lacings and colored collars, with their colored tips and bands, at **$1.00** and **$1.25**, made of splendid quality duck, and the colored collars being all washable.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse 210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Major McCuaig is Found

MONTREAL, May 14.—Major D. Ryckert McCraig of the 14th Battalion who has been missing since the recent terrific engagement with the Germans in which so many Canadians suffered, has been located in a hospital in Germany, according to a cable despatch which came today to his father, Mr. Clarence J. McCuaig, stock broker, of Montreal. The news came from American Ambassador Gerrard at Berlin, through United States Consul-General Bradley, Montreal.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Words of Eternal Life.
3 p.m.—Sunday School. Ladies' and Brotherhood Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—A Stupid Transaction.
Guild, Monday evening at 8 o'clock.
Mid-week service Wednesday evening at eight o'clock.
A cordial welcome to all.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH
Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—False Friends, and how Christ Treated Them.
—5 minute Children's sermon. Subject—The First Flood.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and organized Classes.
7 p.m.—Subject: Does it Matter What We Believe?
Singing led by Chorus Choir under the direction of W. B. Riggs.
Monday, 8 p.m.—Outlook Club.
Wednesday 8 p.m.—Service for Bible Study and Prayer.
All Welcome.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.
The Business Men's Bible Class will meet as usual in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church at 2.30 p.m.
H. W. ACKERMAN, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

BETHEL HALL.
Over Lattimer's Drug Store
Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m. Wed.—Prayer and Bible reading.
SUNDAY EVENING.
Subject—The man who was hanged on a gallows he made for another man.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL.
Victoria Ave. between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Pastor.
11 a.m.—Pulpit theme: "The Sabbath for Man."
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Meditation: Compensation for Unrealized Hopes.
Monday evening: Divine service conducted by Rev. Bishop Willard Brewing: Sermon preached by Rev. George Buckingham, of Emmanuel Church, Ottawa. This service is open to the public. Everybody welcome.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
Organized in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S Osborne, B.A., B.D.
Sunday School Anniversary.
11 a.m.—Sunday School Anniversary service. Graduation exercises of Primary department. Songs and recitations by the pupils. Short address by the pastor.
2.30 p.m.—Anniversary Day service of the school. Special music. Addresses by Mr. Wm. McIntosh, superintendent of St. Andrew's School, and by Prof. Elmer Luck.
7 p.m.—The pastor will conduct the service. Instead of the sermon there will be two short addresses by Judge Deroche and Prof. Luck.
Choirmaster, Prof. D. A. Cameron; organist, Miss Elliott.
Monday 8 p.m.—Epworth League. Social evening under direction of the Literary and Social Department.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer and Praise Service
Services of special interest — Come.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church St.
Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A., Pastor.
10 a.m.—Three Classes. Junior E. League
11 a.m.—The Pastor. Subject—"Supernatural Answers to Prayer."
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School; Alpha Club; Good Orchestra.
7 p.m.—"Save the Kiddies." "Submarines and Saloons, England's Youth's Deadly Foes."
Music for the day will include anthems by the full chorus, solos, quartettes, etc. Corporal Lightheart, of the 39th Batt. will sing at the evening service, "Some Sweet Day," by Julian Edwards.
Soldiers, students and all are cordially invited to all services. Mrs. M. P. Duff organist; Mrs. J. Grant, leader.
Monday 8 p.m.—Young People's Meeting

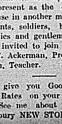
WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Pastor.
Parsonage: Hillside Street.
Service every night next week from 8 to 9 p.m. Special prayer for our Empire.
10 a.m.—Regular Classes and Junior League.
11 a.m.—"Elijah, the Prophet of Fire."
7 p.m.—"Joseph, a Heroic Young Man." A talk to Young Men.
2.30 p.m.—Bible School for all.
Mrs. Denmark, organist and choir directress.
Good music. Helpful services. Students, Strangers, Soldiers, and all welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.D., Rector.
Residence, 80 Commercial St.
Sunday after Ascension.
Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon—The Consistency of Jesus' Ascension .... 11 a.m.
S. S.'s and Adult Bible Classes. Confirmation Study Class .... 3 p.m.
Evensong and sermon—"The Burden of Ascension Tide" .... 7 p.m.
Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. C. Currie, Pastor.
11 a.m.—The Power of a Great Conviction.
3 p.m.—The Church School.
7 p.m.—Salvation by the Grace of God
Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.
Tues. 8 p.m.—Meeting of Guild.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Mid-week service.
Strangers and visitors welcome.

THE SALVATION ARMY
Sunday May 16th, Memorial service to the memory of the late Private Bert Lavender, conducted by Captain Ruston, at 7.30 p.m.

WHOOPING COUGH
SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS
Vapo-Cresolene
Est. 1879
A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.
Send us postal for descriptive booklet
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPO-CRESOLENE CO.
Leeming Miles Bldg., Montr'l



RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

Store Open To-night until 9.30

Watch for the Blue Price Cards To-night

These Exceptionally Good Bargains for Tonight, they'll save you Money

25c. KIMONO CREPES, 19c. YARD.
In dainty figured patterns on pink. Copenhagen, navy, cardinal and mauve grounds. Regular value 25c. yard. Reduced for tonight to 19c. yard.

15c. DRESS CREPES, 10c. YARD.
Very pretty striped and floral designs, very suitable for Dresses and Blouses; 27 inches wide, regular 15c. On sale tonight only at 10c. yard.

SHANTUNG SILK, 39c. YARD.
Medium weight natural Shantung Silk, 34 inches wide, suitable for Dresses, Blouses, and Men's Shirts. Great value tonight at 39c. yard.

Latest Novelty Neckwear
On Sale To-night at
19c
For tonight's quick selling we are placing on sale exactly 50 pieces of the season's daintiest neckwear, consisting of the high pleated Military effects, vestees, collar and cuff sets and lily collars of organdies, piques, embroideries, batistes and lawns. Regular prices from 25c. to 75c. Remember, they are the latest styles and on sale tonight at .... 19c. each
(Front Store)

TAFFETA RIBBONS, 15c. YARD.
4½ inches wide and in all the season's best shades. Extra special tonight 15c. yard.

35c. CORSET COVER EMBROIDERY 19c. yard.
Very prettily patterned on fine quality lawn. Regular value 25c. and 35c. yard. For tonight 19c. yard.

TORCHON LACE, 5c. YARD.
Pure linen torchon lace in a variety of widths. Very specially priced for tonight at 5c. yard.

HUCK TOWELS, 2 FOR 25c.
Pure white Huck Towels, sizes 18x38 inches; on sale tonight at 2 for 25c.

Regular to 20c. CHILDREN'S VESTS 9c. each.
Children's summer vests with long or no sleeves, in ages 4 to 10 years. Regular prices up to 20c. On sale to night at
9c Each

Regular 35c. CHILDREN'S DRAWERS 19c.
Well made of good material, trimmed with lace, embroidery or hemstitched, for ages 2 to 10 years. Reg. 35c. On sale tonight at
19c Pair

LADIES' NIGHT GOWNS 49c.
Good heavy white cotton gowns in slip-over style, kimono sleeves, torchon lace trimmed on sleeve and around neck and ribbon run through beading. Size 58 and 60. To-night, 49c.

MUSLIN KIMONOS 50c.
Ladies' short White Muslin Kimonos in a lot of different styles. Regular up to $1.25. On sale tonight only at 50c.

CHILDREN'S RAIN CAPES $1.00
Only six to sell at this price tonight, in navy and fawns; good waterproof materials; regular up to $2.50. On sale at
$1.00

Regular $1.50 SATIN UNDERSKIRTS $1.00
Ladies' underskirts in shades of tan, cerise, cardinal; made of excellent quality satin and regular $1.50. Reduced for tonight to only
$1.00

Regular 25c. MEN'S RUBBER COLLARS 2 for 25c.
Men's Rubber Collars, lines we are selling out and do not intend to replace; sizes 13 to 18, and regular 25c. Tonight only 15c. each; 2 for 25c.

15c. MEN'S LINEN COLLARS 10c. each.
White linen collars in all sizes and styles. Regular 15c. On sale tonight at 10c. each.

50c. MEN'S SILK HOSE 35c. pair.
In shades of tan, black, wine and grey. Regular 50c. quality. On sale tonight at 35c. per pair; 3 pairs for $1.00.

Trimmed Millinery
On Sale To-night

HATS	HATS
Worth $5 & $6	Worth $7 & $8
On Sale at	On Sale at
$3.50	$4.50

They are all desirable models in splendid shapes and prettily adorned with flowers, ribbon and mounts. About 3 dozen hats, reduced to the above exceedingly low prices for tonight.
(Second Floor)

CRETONNE SPECIAL AT 18c. yard.
—A splendid range in standard colorings and designs, suitable for windows or box coverings, 31 inches wide. Regularly 35c. yard. For tonight 18c. yard.

Special Value in CROCHET BED SPREADS at $1.15
50 extra fine woven Bed Spreads, good designs and strongly sewed edges, size 68 x80 inches. Reg. $1.50, for $1.15.

$1.25 LACE CURTAINS 99c. pair.
Nottingham Lace Curtains with overlocked colbert edges, sizes 45 inches by 3 yards, all new patterns and reg. $1.25 values. Tonight only 99c. pair

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS. **The RITCHIE Company Limited** WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 629. a5-dtf

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

FOR SALE OR RENT. HOUSE, NEARLY new; modern conveniences, 111 Chatham Street; also one lot, will sell cheap if sold at once. Apply O. A. Snyder, 74 Victoria Avenue. 15-6td

ONE FUMED OAK DINING ROOM SET; one white enamelled bedroom suite; one Imperial Oxford Range; one Wilton Rug; one Singer Sewing machine. All practically new. Apply Box A, Intelligencer. 13-4t

TWENTY HORSE POWER HUP. RUNabout automobile in good condition; reasonable price. Apply to W. J. Graham, P.O. Box 316, Stirling, or Ralph Boulter, Belleville. 14-4td

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything. Write or call, Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

WANTED

WORK WANTED; CAPABLE WOMAN DEsires house work at once, by the day or part of each day; good laundress. Apply Box G., Intelligencer. 15-2td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

$20 WEEKLY PAID MEN EVERYWHERE to distribute or mail circulars. The Co-Operative Union, Windsor, Ont. 14-2td

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS, steady work, good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 15-4td

AGENTS WANTED

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

AGENTS WANTED, CITY, TOWN AND village; labor saving sanitary article, every good home needs. $5 profit. Get particulars today. Dominion Sales Co., Toronto Arcade, Toronto. 3t:m15,22,29

LUSITANIA DESTRUCTION AND HORrors of the Great War—thrilling, heartrending and appalling. Greatest seller ever published. Only dollar. Best terms. Sample book free. Winston Co., Toronto. 15-6td

WANTED, TWO LADIES OR GENTLEMEN to take orders. No selling. Salary or commission to the right party. 354 Front Street, upstairs. Box S., Intelligencer. 1t

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

Court of Revision

TAKE NOTICE that the Court of Revision of the City of Belleville will meet in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Belleville, on the following dates in the matter of Appeals and Complaints against the Assessment for the year 1915:—
Foster and Samson Wards, Tuesday, May 25th, 1915, 7.30 p.m.
Ketcheson and Baldwin Wards, Wednesday, May 26th, 7.30 p.m.
Bleecker, Coleman and Murney Wards, Thursday, May 27th, 7.30 p.m.
Belleville, May 15, 1915.
M. B. MORRISON, Chairman Court of Revision.
J. WILFRED HOLMES, Clerk.
3td:m15,19,22.

Mr. I. H. Cameron is resigning the chair of surgery at the University of Toronto.

Edward Fredericks, aged fifty, a farmer in Aldborough township, committed suicide by hanging in his barn last night.

Ice Cream Bricks

We have Ice Cream Bricks Every Day and endeavour to keep a fine assortment.
BRICKS in PINTS and QUARTS in
Plain Vanilla, Strawberry, Coffee,
or Neapolitan,
or Walnut,
or Cherry, Melba, etc., etc.

Chas. S. Clapp

WINDS THAT WHISTLE.

The Sounds Come Only When the Air Waves Meet Resistance.

Did you ever notice that although you may feel the force of the wind when you are out in it, you do not hear it whistle unless you are close to a building? This is because the sound is produced according to the same principles as apply to the production of the tones of a pipe organ or any instrument on which the tones are produced by blowing.

In order to make the whistling sounds we hear from the wind it is necessary for it to blow against something. That is why we hear it when we are in the house or some other building.

The whistling is caused by the wind blowing past the sharp edge of some obstacle in its path or finding its way through small openings offering some sharp edged resistance.

If you blow through a long tube or pipe you will produce no sound, but if there is an opening with a sharp edge near the end where you blow the blowing will cause a distinct sound. It is on this principle that all small whistles, organ pipes and wind instruments of an orchestra are made.

Another way in which the wind produces sounds is by blowing against objects which vibrate. A curious instance of this is the humming volume of sound produced by the wind blowing through a group of telegraph wires and which may be noted, even when there is not a great force of wind, by placing the ear against a telegraph pole.—Boston Herald.

Numbered Teaspoons.

Tea table etiquette was somewhat complicated in the days of that "hard ened and shameless tea drinker," Dr Johnson, when many people thought nothing of drinking ten or twelve cups at a sitting. It was considered proper for the cups and saucers of a party of tea drinkers to be all passed up to the hostess in one batch when replenishment was considered necessary, and in order that each person might be sure of getting back the right cup the teaspoons were numbered. When the cups were passed up those who did not require any more tea were supposed to place the spoon in the cup.—London Saturday Review.

CITY AND VICINITY

The Dramtaic Class of Albert College will give 2 short humorous plays in the College Chapel, Friday evening May 21st. Admission 15c. 14,15,19,20

Chas. W. Smith, REAL ESTATE Man, office at Scantlebury NEW STORE. 1t

WHITE SHOES

The Gorman Shoe House are showing a large range of white Shoes for Women, Misses and Children, in a large variety of heels. Call in and examine our stock before purchasing. 14,2t

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance.
Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

The man who was hanged on a gallows he made for another man, will be subject of address at Bethel Hall Sunday evening. Come and hear. 1t

SHOES SHINED

Have your Shoes Shined at the Gorman Shoe House. 14,2t

I have several First Class Building Lots for sale in different parts of the city. See me about them, office Scantlebury NEW STORE.

C. P. R. TICKETS

You can travel via C.P.R. to Montreal, New York, and any other Eastern or Intermediate points; also Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and all Western and Intermediate points.
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THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS will meet in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church to-morrow afternoon at 2.30.

It being the Sunday School Anniversary the members upon submitting the matter to a vote if satisfactory will join with the Sunday School in the church parlors.

In the evening the members are asked to assemble in the body of the church with the other Men's Bible Classes so as to assist in the Anniversary

All members are especially invited to be present as the class sessions will cease in another month.

Students, soldiers, business men, mechanics and gentlemen of leisure are all invited to join this class.

H. W. Ackerman, President; F. E. O'Flynn, Teacher. 1t

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AT HOME

The members of the Forgetmenot Circle will give an At Home and Garden Party at the residence of Mrs. S. B. Lazier, 186 John street, May 20, from 3 o'clock to 9 p.m. Collections in aid of Red Cross and Patriotic Association. Tennis, Music, Fortune-Telling. 1t

STEP IN OUR SHOES.—GORMANS. 14,2t

"WAIT FOR MAY 15"

Mysterious Warning of Germans to the British Near Ypres

LONDON, May 14.—A Morning Post correspondent in the north of France, after describing the operations near Ypres, says: "For some time past shouting from their trenches, the Germans have constantly been advising us to wait for the 15th of May. Their meaning is not yet clear."

Victoria is under martial law as the result of renewed attacks upon German establishments by mobs bent on revenge for the sinking of the Lusitania.

Elijar Donnell, Town Clerk of Barrie for seventeen years is dead, at the age of 70.

The water in Rideau Lake is rising slowly.

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TWELVE PAGES

The Daily Intelligencer

PAGES 9 TO 12

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1915. No. 306

MURDERS, MASSACRES AND MUTILATIONS BY GERMANS IN BELGIUM CONFIRMED

Report of Government Committee to Investigate German Outrages Reveals Terrible Story of Murder, Debauchery, Devastation and Brutality—Four Hundred People Lost Lives in One Massacre in the Vicinity of The Meuse

LONDON, May 12.—Viscount Bryce, former British Ambassador at Washington, and now chairman of a special Government Committee appointed to investigate and report on "outrages alleged to have been committed by German troops during the present war," has submitted the report of the committee to Premier Asquith.

The document is considered as probably the most severe arraignment thus far made of the German military sweep across Belgium mainly because of the position of Viscount Bryce as a historian, and also because of the care with which the investigation was made, the great number of witnesses whose testimony was examined, and the mass of evidence now submitted with the report of the committee..

Associated with Lord Bryce on the committee were Sir Frederick Pollock, Sir Edward Clarke, Sir Alfred Hopkinson, H. A. L. Fisher, Vice Chancellor of the University of Sheffield, Harold Cox, and Kenelm E. Digby. The committee was appointed by Premier Asquith on January 27 last, and was given broad instructions to investigate "alleged outrages," the maltreatment of civilians, and breaches of law and established usages of war."

The most important findings of the committee have come to a definite conclusion at the close of the report:

"It will be seen that the committee have come to a definite conclusion upon each of the heads under which the evidence has been classified:

"It is proved:

"First—That there were in many parts of Belgium deliberate and systematically organized massacres of the civil population, accompanied by many murders and other outrages.

"Second—That in the conduct of the war generally innocent civilians, both men and women, were murdered in large numbers, women violated, and children murdered.

"Third—That looting, house burning, and the wanton destruction of property were ordered and countenanced by the officers of the German Army that elaborate provision had been made for systematic incendiarism at the very outbreak of the war, and that the burning and destruction were frequently where no military necessity could be alleged being indeed part of a system of general terrorization.

"Fourth—That the rules and usages of war were frequently broken, particularly by the using of civilians, including women and children, as a shield for advancing forces or exposed to fire, to a less degree by killing the wounded and prisoners, and in the frequent abuse of the Red Cross and the White Flag.

"Sensible as they are of the gravity of these conclusions the Committee conceive that they would be doing less than their duty if they failed to record them as fully established by the evidence. Murder, lust and pillage prevailed over many parts of Belgium on a scale unparalleled in any war between civilized nations during the last three centuries.

"Our functions is ended when we have stated what the evidence establishes, but we may be permitted to express our belief that these disclosures will not have been made in vain, if they touch and rouse the conscience of mankind and we venture to hope that as soon as the present war is over, the nations and the world in council will consider what means can be provided and sanctions devised to prevent the recurrence of such horrors as our generation is now witnessing."

The report makes an official document of sixty-one printed pages, or upward of 30,000 words, accompanied by maps, showing the various routes of the army and the chief scenes of desolation. It states at the outset that 1,200 witnesses have been examined, the depositions being taken by examiners of legal knowledge and experience, though without authority to administer an oath. The examiners were instructed not to "lead" the witnesses, and to seek to bring out the truth by cross-examination and otherwise. The committee also submit extracts from a number of diaries taken from the German dead, chiefly German soldiers and in some cases officers.

Taking up the conditions at Liege, Belgium, at the outset of the war, the reports give a harrowing recital of occurrences at various points in the devastated territory. At Haerve on August 4, the report says, "the murder of an innocent fugitive civilian was a prelude to the burning and pillage of the town and of other villages in the neighborhood; to the indiscriminate shooting of civilians of both sexes and to the organized military execution of batches of selected males. Thus some fifty men escaping from burning houses were seized, taken outside the town and shot. At Molen, a hamlet west of Haerve, forty men were shot. In one household alone the father and mother (names given) were shot, the daughter died after being repeatedly outraged, and the son was wounded.

CORPSES MUTILATED

"In Soumagne and Micherous very many civilians were summarily shot. In a field belonging to a man named E——, 56 or 57 were put to death. A German officer said: 'You have shot at us.' One of the villagers asked to be allowed to speak and said: "If you think these people fired, kill me, but let them go.' The answer was three volleys. The survivors were bayonetted. Their corpses were seen in the field that night by another witness. One at least had been mutilated. These were not the only victims in Soumagne. The eye-witness of the massacre saw, on his way home, twenty bodies, one that of a young girl of 18. Another witness saw 18 corpses in a meadow.

"At Heure le Romain all the male inhabitants, including some bedridden old men were imprisoned in the church. The burgomaster's brother and the priest were bayonetted. The village of Vise was completely destroyed. Officers directed the incendiaries, who worked methodically with benzine. Antiques and china were removed from the houses, before their destruction by officers who guarded the plunder, revolver in hand.

"Entries in a German diary show that on August 19 the German soldiers gave themselves up to debauchery in the streets of Liege, and on the night of the 20th, a massacre took place in the streets. Though the cause of the massacre is in dispute, the results are known with certainty. The Rue des Pitteurs and houses in the Place des l'Universite and the Quai des Pecheurs were systematically fired with benzine; and many inhabitants were burned alive in their houses, their efforts to escape being prevented by rifle fire. Twenty people were shot, while trying to escape, before the eyes of one of the witnesses. The Liege Fire Brigade turned out, but was not allowed to extinguish the fire. Its carts, however, were usefully employed in removing heaps of civilian corpses to the Town Hall."

Taking up the Valleys of the Meuse and Cambre, the report gives lengthy details of terrible conditions described by witnesses at Andenne, and says:

ABOUT 400 MASSACRED

"About 400 people lost their lives in this massacre, some on the banks of the Meuse, where they were shot according to orders given and some in the cellars of the houses where they had taken refuge. Eight men, belonging to one family were murdered. Another man was placed close to a machine gun which was fired through him. His wife brought his body home on a wheel-barrow. The Germans broke into her house and ransacked it, and piled up all the eatable in a heap on the floor and relieved themselves upon it.

"A hair-dresser was murdered in his kitchen where he was sitting with a child on each knee. A paralytic was murdered in his garden. After this came the general sack of the town. Many of the inhabitants who escaped the massacre were kept as prisoners and compelled to clear the houses of corpses and bury them in trenches. These prisoners were subsequently used as a shelter and protection for a pontoon bridge which the Germans had built across the river and were so used to prevent the Belgian forts from firing upon it.

Similar details are recited at much length in reference to the districts of Namur, Charleroi and the town of Dinant. At the latter point, the report says, "unarmed civilians were killed in masses. About 90 bodies were seen lying on top of one another in a grass square opposite the convent. They included many relatives of a witness whose deposition is given. It is stated that besides the 90 corpses referred to, 60 corpses of civilians were recovered from a hole in the brewery yard and that 48 bodies of women and children were found in a garden. The town was systematically set on fire by hand grenades.

"In Malines many bodies were seen. One witness saw a German soldier cut a woman's breast, after he had murdered her, and saw many other dead bodies of women in the street. In Hofstadt two witnesses speak of having seen the body of a young man pierced by bayonet thrusts with the wrists cut also.

"On a road side the corpse of a civilian was seen on his door-step with a bayonet wound in his stomach, and by his side the dead body of a boy of five or six with his hand nearly severed.

TOO HORRIBLE TO RECORD

"Two young women were lying in the backyard of a house. One had her breast cut off, the other had been stabbed.

"In Sempst the corpse of a man with his legs cut off, who was partly bound was seen by a witness, who also saw a girl of seventeen dressed only in chemise and in great distress. She alleged that she herself and other girls had been dragged into a field, stripped naked and violated, and that some of them had been killed with a bayonet.

"At Elewyt a man's naked body was tied up to a ring in the wall in the back yard of a house. He was dead and his corpse was mutilated in a manner too horrible to record. A woman's naked body was also found in a stable abutting on the same backyard.

"At Haecht, a child of three, with its stomach cut open by a bayonet, was lying near a house. At Werchter the corpses of a man and woman and four younger persons were found in one house. It is said that they had been murdered because one of the latter, a girl, would not permit the Germans to outrage her."

Taking up the conditions at Aershot district during September the report says:

CRUCIFIED YOUNG CHILDREN

"At Haecht several children had been murdered, one of two or three years old was found nailed to the door of a farmhouse by its hands and feet, a crime which seems almost incredible, but the evidence for which we feel bound to accept. In the garden of this house was the body of a girl who had been shot in the forehead.

"At Eppeghem the dead body of a child of two was seen pinned to the ground with a German lance. The same witness saw a mutilated woman alive near Weerde on the same day."

A chapter is given to the terrible conditions at Louvain, where the report states "massacre, fire and destruction went on. . . Citizens were shot and others taken prisoners and compelled to go with troops. Soldiers went through the streets saying "Man hat geschossen." One soldier was seen going along shooting in the air.

"The massacre of civilians at Louvain was not confined to its citizens. Large crowds of people were brought into Louvain fromthe surrounding districts, not only from Aershot and Gelrod, but also from other places.

"It is to be noticed that cases occur in the depositions in which humane acts by individual officers and soldiers are mentioned, or in which officers are said to have expressed regret at being obliged to carry out orders for cruel action against the civilians. Similarly we find entries in diaries which reveal a genuine pity for the population and disgust at the conduct of the army. It appears that a German non-commissioned officer stated definitely that he was acting under orders and executing them with great unwillingness. A commissioned officer on being asked at Louvain by a witness, a highly educated man, about the horrible acts committed by the soldiers, said he was merely executing orders, and that he himself would be shot if he did not execute them."

A division of the report is given to diaries of German soldiers. The entry of a sergeant of the First Guards Regiment, who received the Iron Cross, says under date of August 10:—"A transport of 300 Belgians came through Duisburg in the morning. Of these eighty, including the Oberburgomaster, were shot according to martial law." The diary of a member of the Fourth German Company of Jagers says, under date of August 23: "About two hundred and twenty inhabitants and the village were burnt. Artillery is continuously shooting. Just now the crossing of the Meuse begins near Dinant. All villages, chateaux and houses are burnt down during the night. It is a beautiful sight to see the fires all around us in the distance." Another diary, by a member of the Second Mounted Battery, First Kurhessian Field Artillery Regiment, No. 11, records an incident which happened in French territory near Lille on October 11:—

"We had no fight, but we caught about twenty men and shot them."

The committee says of this last diary —"By this time killing not in a fight would seemed to have passed into habit."

The report adds that the most important entry is contained in Diary No. 19. This contains no name and address, but names referred to in the diary indicate that the entries were made by an officer of the First Regiment of Foot Guards. The entry made at Bermeton on August 21 says: "We took about 1,000 prisoners; at least 500 were shot. The village was burnt because inhabitants had also shot. Two civilians were shot at once."

In conclusion the committee says: "The explanation seems to be that the excesses—on a system and in purcases ordered—on a system and in pursuance of a set purpose. That purpose was to strike terror into the civil population and dishearten the Belgian troops, so as to crush down resistance and extinguish the very spirit of self-defence. The pretext that civilians had fired upon invading troops was used to justify not merely the shooting of individual franc tireurs but the murder of large numbers of innocent civilians, an act absolutely forbidden by the rules of civilized warfare."

In France also another division of the report is on the "killing of non-combatants in France." This is not as detailed as the case of Belgium, as the committee states that the French official report gives the most complete account as to the invaded districts in France. It adds:

"The evidence before us proves that in the parts of France referred to, murder of unoffending civilians and other acts of cruelty, including aggravated cases of rape, carried out under threat of death, and sometimes actually followed by murder of the victim, were committed by some of the German troops."

In a special chapter referring to the treatment of women and children, the report says:—

"We find many well established cases of slaughter (often accompanied by mutilation) of whole families, including not infrequently that of quite small children. In two cases it seems to be clear that preparations were made to burn a family alive. These crimes were committed over a period of many weeks and simultaneously in many places, and the authorities must have known, or ought to have known, that cruelties of this character were being perpetrated, nor can any one doubt that they could have been stopped by swift and decisive action on the part of the heads of the German army.

CHILDREN AS SCREEN.

"It is clearly shown that many offences were committed against infants and quite young children. On one occasion the children were even roped together and used as a military screen against the enemy. On another three soldiers went into action carrying small children to protect themselves from flank fire. A shocking case of the murder of a baby by a drunken soldier at Malines is reported by one eye-witness, and confirmed by another.

"We cannot tell whether those acts of cruelty to children were part of a scheme for inducing submission by inspiring terror. In Louvain, where the system of terrorizing was carried to the furthest limit, outrages on children were uncommon. The same, however, cannot be said of some of the smaller villages, which were subjected to the system. In Hofstade and Sempst, in Haecht, Rotselar and Westpelar, many children were murdered. Nor can it be said of the village of Tamines, where three small children (whose names are given by an eye-witness of the crime), were slaughtered on the green for no apparent motive. It is difficult to imagine the motives which may have prompted such acts. Whether or not Belgian civilians fired on German soldiers, young children at any rate did not fire."

Cases of the Red Cross being misused for offensive military purposes, and of abuse of the white flag are also given. As to the latter, the report says:

"There is, in our opinion, sufficient evidence that these offenses have been frequent, deliberate, and in many cases committed by whole units under orders.

All the facts mentioned are in contravention of the Hague Convention, signed by the Great Powers, including France, Germany, Great Britain and the United States, in 1907.

A Very Naughty Girl

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS

Mrs. Ferguson was John Ferguson's second wife. Lucy Ferguson was her stepdaughter. The former was also stepmother to a son of John Ferguson, who had been wild, hall quarreled with his father and left home. Since his departure he had never been heard from.

John Ferguson had brought his daughter Lucy up with the understanding that she should marry a wealthy man. Lucy had her own notions about that, but said nothing. Her father communicated his idea on this subject to his wife and charged her to keep an eye on his daughter's associates, seeing that she did not become involved with some poverty stricken young fellow who would give her a life of hardship.

Mr. Ferguson was a very busy man and was much away from home. This made it especially essential that his wife should look after Lucy. One day before starting on a long trip he charged Mrs. Ferguson not to permit Lucy to receive any one young man at the house oftener than once a month during his absence and not to allow her to go out with any young man at all. Lucy was in an adjoining room during the giving of these instructions with her ear to the keyhole in a connecting door.

For a couple of weeks after her father's departure Lucy appeared to be perfectly contented at home. No men called on her, and she never went out in the evening. There had been no more sympathy between her and Mrs. Ferguson than there usually is between stepmother and daughter, but during this period of her father's absence Lucy evinced so much feeling for her father's wife as to quite win her heart. "Lucy," she wrote her husband, "is much changed. She seems content with me only for a companion and has taken to calling me 'mamma.' You have no need to worry about her. There is no one at all attentive to her."

One afternoon when Mrs. Ferguson and Lucy were in the sewing room the doorbell rang. Lucy went downstairs and opened the door. Then Mrs. Ferguson heard the following dialogue:

Lucy—Oh, my goodness gracious!

Man's Voice—Do you know me, Lucy?

Lucy—Know you? Indeed I do.

The Voice—Who am I?

Lucy—Why, Tom, of course. Oh, Tom, how could you be so cruel as to go away as you did?

The Voice—I deserved to be shot. But I've changed. I've come home repentant and will try to make up for my misdeeds. Do you think father will forgive me?

Lucy seemed hopeful as to this, but said that much would depend upon how the matter would be broken to their father. He was away at the time, and if he knew that his son had returned she believed he would write to have him sent away. But if they waited till he had returned and Lucy should announce the arrival of the prodigal, at the same time imploring for him her father's forgiveness, she believed she could obtain it.

"But you must meet our new mamma," she added. "She's perfectly lovely, and I'm sure she will help us."

So Lucy took Tom up into the sewing room and introduced him to the stepmother. He was dressed very shabbily and seemed to have had a hard time of it. Mrs. Ferguson, who was a kind hearted woman, pitied him. Besides, she knew that her husband had grieved over the conduct of his only son, and if a reconciliation could be effected it would be pleasant for all concerned. She invited her stepson to take up his quarters in his former home, but Tom declared that he would on no account do that till after he had received his father's forgiveness.

So it was agreed among the three that Tom should make himself at home in the house during the day, but should occupy a room elsewhere. Mrs. Ferguson acceded to Lucy's plan that the husband and father should not be notified of his son's return till Lucy broke the news to him after his arrival.

Never were there a more affectionate brother and sister. Mrs. Ferguson several times surprised them sitting in close proximity, and every time Tom came in or went out they kissed. This continued till the evening of Mr. Ferguson's arrival. He came unexpectedly and was received by his wife, Lucy and Tom. Lucy and Tom knelt before him, and Lucy said pleadingly

"Papa, forgive me. This is my husband. We were married a week ago."

What Mr. Ferguson said in reply is not necessary to this story. What Mrs. Ferguson said was:

"Oh, heavens, what have I done?"

Mr. Ferguson regarded his wife sternly. He had relied upon her to keep his daughter from an alliance of her own choosing. He asked some questions as to how the young man had effected an entrance to the family circle, whereupon Lucy confessed the trap she had laid for her stepmother in introducing her lover as her brother and took all the responsibility upon herself.

The couple were finally forgiven—indeed, there is nothing else to do in such cases—and all ended happily. The real Tom came back later on, but it took a good deal of time to convince his stepmother that he was not an impostor. It must be acknowledged that Lucy was a very naughty girl, but how can a girl choose a husband for herself in opposition to her parents without being naughty?

SPENT LIFE IN GRAND PRE.

Late Mrs. Borden's Family Goes Back to Middle of 17th Century.

A very sweet and kindly old lady was the late Mrs. Andrew Borden, of Grand Pre, Nova Scotia, whose death at an advanced age has just been recorded. From her, Sir Robert Borden, her eminent son, inherited many of those finer qualities of heart and head which distinguish him. Always gentle and unassuming, she watched her son's rise to fame with the pride and devotion of a good mother, and he on his part, be it said to his credit, always rendered her that respect and attention which were her due.

The Premier's second Christian name, it will be remembered, is Laird. That was his mother's maiden name. She was Miss Eunice Laird and in her younger days she was one of the beauties of Grand Pre. This historic village, in which the legend of Evangeline is jealously preserved, was the home of both the Bordens and the Lairds. Well might Miss Laird have played the part of famous heroine, if all reports are to be believed. She had the charm of manner and of look that are associated with the Acadian beauty.

Andrew Borden, the Premier's father, was a solid type of citizen, and for many years was associated with his wife's brother in a general business in the quaint old village. Later in life, he became station agent on the newly-constructed Windsor & Annapolis Railway, now the Dominion Atlantic, besides which he engaged to a certain extent in farming. There was nothing outstanding about him, except perhaps that he was a well-read and intelligent man, who believed in giving his children the best possible education advantages. The late Mrs. Borden was his second wife.

There were four children in the family. Premier Borden was the eldest. Then came John William Borden, who is now paymaster-general of the Canadian militia and finance member of the Militia Council. The third child was Miss Julia Borden who has resided constantly with her mother in the old family mansion in Grand Pre. The youngest was Henry Clifford Borden, who is a lawyer practicing in Halifax. All four give evidence of the refinement and culture of the parental home.

The Bordens are, of course, a very old family in Nova Scotia, the family tree extending back almost to the middle of the eighteenth century. They have for the most part lived in the neighborhood of the Basin of Minas, that beautiful country immortalized in "Evangeline" and successive generations have looked out across the marshes and the reddish tides of the wide Basin to distant Blomidon and the waters of Fundy.

The family connection has become in the interval very extensive, dozens of men and women of the name residing in different parts of Nova Scotia. Possibly the best-known relative of the Premier's immediate family is Sir Frederick Borden, who is a first cousin. Then there is Dr. B. C. Borden, President of Mt. Allison University and his brother, Judge R. A. Borden, of Moncton, both of whom are second cousins of Sir Robert.—W. A. Craick in Toronto Star Weekly.

Old Salts Were Sick.

Writing from a seaport which was not allowed to be named by the censor, Edward Rigsby, a Toronto University student, son of Rev. W. Rigsby, and who is on H. M. S. Inconstant, says:

"I am working like a tiger, where the heat is tremendous at times. I like the work, however, though it is no job for a weakling. I am glad I came when I did. Everyone is very kind and considerate. The sea is blue, and most summer-like. I went barefoot for a day or two during a storm that tossed us about a great deal. I was not sick, but many were, even the 'old salts.' I feel great. Temperature nearly 70 every day, just like 'the good old summer time.'"

For Harmony.

"I hear," said Mrs. Nextdoor, "that that stubborn candidate for president of your club has finally been induced to withdraw in the interest of harmony."

"Yes," replied Mrs. Peppery. "By the way, it's a wonder you couldn't induce your daughter to withdraw from the piano occasionally for the same reason."

Cookery Points

Some Coffee Pointers.

Not long ago there was published a coffee making recipe which said, "Follow directions for making which accompany each style of coffeepot." This is good advice and necessary for all but boiled coffee, and people regardful of health do not make boiled coffee.

The aroma, the flavor, the cheer of coffee are very dear to thousands of people at the breakfast hour. From the true safety first standpoint, which means at the railroad crossing that you may cross nine times without injury, but the tenth you lose your life, perhaps no one should drink coffee. The strength of the habit of coffee drinking is an argument against it. No human being who prizes his self control will allow any habit to dominate him, and bad food habits often have as fatal results as real vices. But millions drink coffee all their lives, some of which are long.

It is easy now to get the circular coffee roasters, but not so easy as formerly to get the finest green coffee to roast in them and grind while hot. There is great economy of aroma and flavor by this method.

Cafe au Lait.

A large part of the cosmopolitan world drink the French "cafe au lait," or coffee made with milk. In lunch rooms this is called Boston coffee and in many cases is made probably with about half water and half milk and is often served with cream. The essential utensil outside of some good enameled vessel is the asbestos mat. Not for one minute must the milk and coffee be allowed over the straight fire—nay, not for a second. Take the usual allowance of coffee per cup—many people take a very large tablespoon, but some use a small one—add a cup of cold milk for each person, putting in a little first and wetting the coffee thoroughly, then set over the asbestos mat with a small fire under and very slowly raise just to the boiling point, stirring once or twice if the coffee is all on top, as it should not be. Strain into a hot pot for serving. Add a little cream to each cup to give food value.

Delicious Potato Rolls.

Take one cupful of flour, one cupful of warm mashed potatoes, three-fourths cupful of lard, one cupful of scalded milk, two well beaten eggs, one-half cupful of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one cake of compressed yeast and one-half cupful of lukewarm water. Mix the lard with the potatoes, flour, sugar and salt. Add the eggs well beaten, and the milk and yeast cake dissolved in the water. Set to rise for two hours, then add six cupfuls of flour and let rise for one and one-half hours. Knead, roll out and cut with a biscuit cutter. Fold over like Parker house rolls. Lay on a buttered baking tin and let rise for one and one-half hours. Bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes.

Whole Wheat Bread.

Dissolve a yeast cake in two tablespoonfuls of tepid water. Add a pint of milk to a pint of boiling water and let stand until lukewarm; then add the dissolved yeast, a teaspoonful of salt and enough whole wheat flour to make a thick batter. Beat this batter for about fifteen minutes. It will become quite soft and liquid. Add enough flour to make a dough. Turn it on to a board and knead a few minutes. Return to the pan and let rise until it is light. About three hours is correct.

Scalloped Steak.

Cut the remains of the steak left from dinner into cubes, boil the bones for half an hour with very little water, add a little kitchen bouquet or a beef cube to this broth and season highly. Place a layer of rice remaining from boiled rice on the bottom of a greased dish, cover with a layer of beef, then another layer of rice, then beef, until the ingredients are used, pour the broth over all, cover with a thin layer of breadcrumbs and bake till brown.

Boy Scouts Growing.

The ratio of increase of the Boy Scouts of America is indicated by a striking paragraph from the chief scout executive's report: From Oct. 1, 1914, to Feb. 5, 1915, 45,330 boys were enrolled, as compared with 32,929 for the same period of 1913 and 1914; 839 new troops were organized, as compared with 533 for the same period last year. Commissions were granted to 4,113 men to serve as scoutmasters and assistants as compared with 2,251 for the same period of last year.

A Fair Question.

Sir William Ramsay once heard a brief conversation between a little boy and girl.

"I wonder what we're here in the world for?" asked the little boy, who seemed to be suffering from some childish grievance.

"We are put here to help others, of course," answered the little girl, with an air of superior wisdom.

"Um!" exclaimed the boy, disdainfully; "then what are the others put here for?"

A Page Of Interest to Women

Sovereign Cure for Rheumatism

Mrs. R. W. Hazlett, 163 Wyandotte Street, Windsor, Ont., says there is only one Kidney Remedy in the world for her—GIN PILLS.

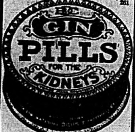
"Gin Pills, I know from personal experience, are the sovereign remedy for Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble in any form. I was cured by them after months of suffering. I was helpless—had several doctors and many other remedies but all failed to cure me. Then I tried Gin Pills with the result that I am well to-day. I heartily recommend them to any person suffering from Kidney or Bladder Trouble".

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

cure because they act directly on the Kidneys and Bladder—soothing and healing the inflamed tissues, and neutralizing uric acid.

Trial treatment free—regular size, 50c. a box, 6 boxes for $2.50 and every box sold with our spot cash guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Sold in the United States under the name "GINO" Pills.

National Drug and Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited. Toronto 261



Good Form

Announcing an Engagement.

If you are to make the announcement at a luncheon of your friends, which is a very popular method of announcing one's engagement, you can very satisfactorily herald the announcement by some message written on the place cards. Choose place cards having some bridal or wedding design, such as a tiny bride and groom, wedding bells or hearts. The bridal couple is perhaps the most effective design.

Write across the back some such sentence as "Wedding bells are soon to ring." When the girls come into the dining room and see all these bride and groom cards they will naturally take them up and read what is written on the back. Then you may take your place standing at the head of the table and, holding up your hand, call attention to your engagement ring.

Or, if you prefer to make the announcement at an evening party, choose any game in which your guests have to select partners. Have provided as many cardboard hearts (such as attractive valentine cards) as there are couples. Have each heart cut into two sections on a zigzag line, each heart being differently cut. One-half of each card must be given to one of the girls and the other half to the young man who is to be her partner.

When it comes time to select partners and match up the sections of the cut hearts, let all of your guests, your fiance excepted, find their partners first. Then, taking the arm of your fiance, both you and he having a section of a heart of larger size than the others, step where you can stand in front of all your guests and holding up the two sections of the heart match them together, at the same time showing your engagement ring.

Or you might have two hearts wreathed together in some way with a satin ribbon and hold these up before your guests. They will at once understand the significance of the united hearts.

Things to Do and Not to Do.

A woman who is untidily or carelessly dressed is quite as rude as a man without a collar. He would never dream of going out without something around his throat, yet she will appear in public with a divorce in the region of the waist, a few buttons and hooks missing, her hair bundled up anyhow and her shoes down at the heel. Not only is she exceedingly unattractive, but she is being actually discourteous to the folk who are obliged to look at her.

It is usually either nervousness or thoughtlessness that prompts a woman to display her worst side to the world. She will take a seat that is offered to her in a crowded car without a word of thanks or else will make the chivalrous person feel still more embarrassed by a quick and emphatic refusal to profit by his generosity.

Or perhaps she will rush through swing doors without bothering to notice if any one is likely to be caught in the rebound, elbow people who are in her way, walk on the wrong side of the street or fail to remember that she must always bow first to her male acquaintances before they raise their hats.

Consideration for others and a desire to be inconspicuous always mark the well bred person in public. It is still more important that in the home this consideration should not be pushed aside like an irksome duty. It is a mistake to encourage indifferent manners toward those who are lived with day after day. It is just as much trouble to be rude as to be polite, and intimacy in the home should not be made the peg on which to hang countless petty bickerings and little errors in good manners.

Ignore Social Errors.

Do you know how to meet the social break—how to pass it off lightly or ignore it if it is made intentionally, or how to cover it or even to take it upon yourself if it is made blindly?

There is one sort of social break that takes a great deal of courage to meet in the tactful womanly manner, and that is the break when some one tells you something disagreeable she has heard about you. Besides the pain that such information always causes, there is always an element of curiosity that makes you yearn to hear all. But put down this curiosity; show the greatest indifference about any sort of slander that may be brought to your ears.

"Oh, please don't tell me. I like to be liked, you know," laughed a young woman when her neighbor volunteered some malicious gossip she had gleaned about her.

"Well, I'm sorry; that is my misfortune," you might say the next time your attention is called to the animosity of another toward you. Remember that the woman of social importance—the woman who has a place of consequence to fill anywhere—will always have fault found with her, and there are always plenty of persons who will bring you news of this fault on the slightest encouragement. Repeating this sort of gossip is one of the worst of social errors, and, no matter how high the social standing or how great the education of the person who repeats it, the part of the woman of refinement and tact is always to meet it by disregarding it.

THE "SCORCH" UNDER BAN

Many housekeepers ask how to clean a scorched pan or how to keep food from having a burned taste once the pan is scorched. Scorching food is absolute and downright carelessness. That too many women are careless is shown by the amount of washing soda used.

Washing soda is a strong alkali, which "eats" the grease and scorch, but which also eats the metals of which the pots are made. When a woman carelessly throws a "handful of soda" into a pot and "lets it soak" she is soaking the scorch and the metal too. That is the reason so many pans chip or "wear out" so easily. Washing soda should be used only to clean the sink and waste pipes. How thinking women will use this strong caustic in their pots, especially enamel ones, and then expect their pots to wear is a mystery.

There should be no scorched pots. The newer fuels and methods are changing things for the better. The steam cooker and fireless cooker and aluminium are putting the "scorch" out of the home.

Frightfulness does not terrify. It impels to the destruction of the perpetrators.

SINGEING THE HAIR.

As a Measure of Protection It Is Practically of No Use.

Ridiculing the practice of singeing the hair, a medical journal says editorially:

"This is recommended to overcome splitting at the ends and to prevent falling of the hair, the reason for the latter being that it 'closes the pores and keeps the fluid in the hair.' With the long hair of a woman, which has a tendency to split at the ends, it is possible that singeing the tips may be of some use. It substitutes a charred blunt end of fused horn for one tapering to a point or cut clean across. But even in cases of this sort it is less useful than greasing lightly the hair and thus supplying the fat which is lacking in such hair.

"For the hair of men, which is kept short, singeing is not of any use in preventing splitting. Hair which is not allowed to grow to its natural length does not split unless it has a deep-seated disturbance, for which there is no such simple remedy.

"Of course singeing the hair ends in order to prevent the fluid in the hair from escaping, like sap from a tree, is based on an entire misconception of the hair's structure and nutrition. The hair does not contain any more sap than a buggy whip. It is not nourished by any fluid in it, but by the blood plasma that reaches only the hair root. The hair above the skin surface is a spine of horn, which is even oiled from without, and singeing its tips has no effect whatever on either its nourishment or its growth.

"It is certain that singeing the hair is of no great value in preventing its fall. In fact, the only value the procedure has is to the zealous hair-dresser, who gets his little fee for doing it—unless it is worth a quarter to the seeker after hair to think he is doing something, even if he is not."

Scotch Logic.

A Scotch minister was startled by the original views of a not very skillful plowman whom he had just hired. He noticed that the furrows were far from straight and said:

"John, yer drills are na near straucht ava—that is, no like Tammie's wark"—Tammie being the person who had previously plowed the glebe.

"Tammie didna ken his wark," observed the man coolly as he turned his team about. "Ye see, when the drills is crookit the sun gets in on a' sides, an' so ye get early tatties."

What Worried Him.

Maurice Donnay has received at the French Academy a letter from a friend in a dugout at the front. It contained not a word about the fighting or the "Jack Johnsons" or the weather in the trenches. The writer was troubled about only one thing—he was afraid that the academy, which has been revising its dictionary of the French language for about threescore years, might have already reached the letter "I," and about one word under the letter "I" this orthographer in the trenches holds strong views.

The word is that commonly and, according to him, wrongly written "inlassable" (indefatigable). He implored M. Donnay to bring all his influence to bear upon the academy to insure the word being written "illassable" in the revised edition of the dictionary. That was the only topic he wrote about. It was apparently the one uppermost in his mind.

M. Donnay assured him that the academy was working on the letter "E" and that the war would be over long before it got to "I."

Use All the Teeth.

Paradoxical as it may seem, the teeth employed for chewing present quite a clean appearance, while the unemployed ones are unclean, usually very dirty, writes Dr. John Philip Erwin in Oral Hygiene. People express surprise when informed they are running on one dental cylinder by using only the right or left side of the mouth.

When a father spied his boy using only the upper third of the saw on the log he said: "Son, the entire saw belongs to me. To do good work use it all."

The Creator never would have given man thirty-two teeth if it were possible to operate this intricate human machine successfully with a smaller number.

Boiling Water.

Why is it that water will not always boil at the same temperature? Water boils whenever the outward pressure of the steam balances the inward pressure of the air, but the latter is not always the same. The barometer shows that. When the air presses heavily the steam will necessarily have to exercise greater force to overcome it than when it is low. This is why water boils at a lower temperature on the top of a mountain than at sea level. Water boils at sea level at a temperature of 212 degrees F.

The Insanity Plea.

"Sir!" said the young woman, with what seemed to be indignation.

The young man looked embarrassed.

"Yes, I did kiss you," he admitted, "but I was impulsively insane."

"That means that a man would be a lunatic to kiss me?"

"Well, any man of discretion would be just crazy to kiss you."

This seemed to ease the strain, and, no jury being present to muddle affairs, a satisfactory verdict was reached.

Alibi Not Complimentary.

A prisoner at the session had been duly convicted of theft, when it was seen, on "proving previous convictions," that the accused had actually been in prison at the time the theft was committed.

"Why didn't you say so?" asked the judge of the prisoner angrily.

"Your lordship, I was afraid of prejudicing the jury against me."

THE FIRST SEWING MACHINE.

It Was Made By a Poor Tailor Who Had Mighty Hard Luck.

As early as 1790 there was a rude machine used by shoemakers for sewing the leather for boots and shoes. That was the first step in the progress of mechanical sewing, but the machine was too crude to be used on anything finer than leather.

The first really practical sewing machine was made by a poor tailor, Barthelemy Thimmonier of St. Etienne, France, in 1830. In Thimmonier's apparatus the needle was hooked at the end, and, descending through the cloth it brought up with it a loop of thread that it carried through the previously made loop, and thus formed a chain on the upper surface of the fabric.

Although the machine was made of wood and very clumsy, it appeared at an opportune time, for there was a great demand just then for thousands of extra army garments that could not be supplied through the regular sources. As many as eighty machines were made and used for the Government. But the occasion that made the invention successful was also the means of its downfall, for shortly afterward an ignorant and furious mob wrecked the establishment and nearly murdered the unfortunate inventor.

Thimmonier, however, was not discouraged. He went to Paris, traveling the entire distance on foot, without a penny in his pocket. In that city he had the good fortune to interest a firm in his invention, and preparations were made to begin manufacturing the machines. But scarcely was the enterprise started when the revolution of 1848 turned the country upside down and blasted the prospects of the resolute inventor. Still he hoped to get recognition in the great exhibition at London in 1851, but here his machine failed absolutely to attract any attention, so, downhearted and discouraged, he journey sadly back to St. Etienne and died there in 1857.

Elias Howe was more fortunate. His machine, too, was more ingeniously made and did better work, but there is no doubt that Thimmonier, the poor French tailor, deserves the credit of making the first practical sewing machine.

How the Debt Was Collected.

In the home of a certain influential family they arose one morning to find that no breakfast had been prepared, even the kitchen fire had not been lighted. Upon investigation the cook was discovered peacefully reclining in bed.

"Are you ill?" inquired the mistress.

"Not at all. I feel quite well," was the surprising response, but still no persuasion would induce her to arise.

After a time the doctor was sent for. He put to her his usual questions, but the girl insisted that she felt perfectly well.

"If, as you say, you are not ill," said the man of pills and potions, "then tell me in confidence why you won't get up and go to work."

"Well," said the girl resolutely, "these people owe me $25, and I won't stir until they pay it."

"Do you think you'll get it quicker by staying in bed?" asked the doctor.

"I most certainly do," she replied, with a gleam of the eye that expressed determination to fight it out on that line if it took all summer.

The doctor, turning to go, said: "Roll over and stay there. That's the only way you'll get it. They owe me $80."

Kitty Felt Guilty.

It was Kitty's first dinner party. As her dinner escort was presented to her she noticed that he was a member of the new family who had recently moved into the house directly across the street from her. During the meal there chanced to be a discussion of various kinds of beautiful profiles. Wishing to say something complimentary to the shy debutante, Kitty's partner remarked: "If you will allow me to say so, your own profile is very charming. I should think you would be tempted to spend a great deal of time standing before your mirror with a hand glass admiring the pretty curves."

To which Kitty, blushing scarlet, asked, "Are you joking, or have you really seen me do that?"

War Redeems an Apache.

Not long before the war a notorious apache asked a Paris police captain for a job as stool pigeon, burglary being dull for the moment. The captain accepted, whereupon the apache held out his hand, but the captain turned away.

The other day the captain got a postcard from the apache at the front. It read:

"You refused to shake my hand lately. You were quite right. But now I think you'd consent to shake my hand, for I've only one left."

The captain admits he would shake hands now.

Principal Cause of Cholera.

The principal cause for an outbreak of cholera is the presence of cholera bacilli in the drinking water supply of a city. Its descent is sudden and widespread. Almost an entire population can be stricken at once. The stricken person usually is dead or on the road to recovery within twenty-four hours. Sometimes, however, a fever hangs on for several days, in some instances resulting in death. It is not believed that the disease can be communicated by contagion.

A Soldier Burglar.

A complete burglar's kit was found on the body of a German lieutenant of the 59th Prussian Infantry, killed in action near Ypres. Tools for unlocking doors, drilling holes in safes, etc., were contained in a rich leather case, which bore a card showing that it was not sent surreptitiously, but through official channels.

Teutons In Australia.

There are 32,990 Germans in Australia.

CHIC STREET FROCK.

Early Summer Model of White Gabardine Shows Pleasing Details.

BRAIDED STREET COSTUME.

White is to be much worn this season, and many of the advance models are shown in the shops. The one shown here is of white gabardine richly braided. The blouse has long tight sleeves, and the box plaited skirt has side pockets, which are braided and tasseled.

One of the new white suits seen at a southern resort had an unusual belt. It was of dull white leather about two inches wide, perhaps narrower. It was fastened in front by means of a leather covered buckle, and on the left side, a few inches from the buckle, was a little pocket, just about the width of the belt. It clasped shut with a snap fastener.

White belts on blue serge suits are a feature of the spring modes. This striking contrast of the white against the somber background produces just the note of chic needed in the plain little tailor made suits.

Needlework Notes.

To make a good oven cloth fold a worn Turkish towel double and stitch round the edges from corner to corner. Make a loop of tape or, quicker still for the busy woman, fasten a safety pin in one corner to hang the cloth by, and you have a most useful "oven" cloth with which to handle hot dishes from the oven or kettles on the top of the stove, hot plates, etc. Have it hung close by the stove so that it is always at hand.

Use old lace curtains for window cloths. They give the window an extra polish and are quickly dried. Old underwear if cut into shape and hemmed double make most acceptable wash cloths.

New York Ice Cream.

Fill a sherbet glass nearly full of vanilla ice cream; add three tablespoonfuls of ice cold grapejuice, crown with whipped cream and two maraschino cherries.

If you want sugar that is absolutely pure, and as clean as when it left the refinery, you can depend on getting it in

Original Redpath Packages

2-lb. and 5-lb. Sealed Cartons.
10, 20, 50 and 100-lb. Cloth Bags.
"Canada's favorite Sugar for three Generations"

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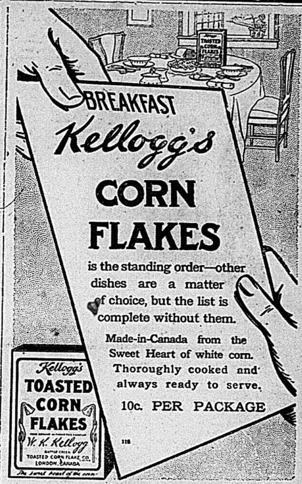

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Britain's Supremacy for the past two decades is nowhere more fully revealed than in the High Standard of her Manufacturers—the application of Scientific Principles to Industrial Productivity.

And in no one product is this better exemplified than in

Brandram's B.B. Genuine White Lead

It is the Supreme Standard for all white leads in the British Empire—wherever the Union Jack flies—in fact, the Standard of the World.

Brandram's B. B. Genuine is the Finest, Whitest and most Durable White Lead ever produced by any process.

Ask your Dealer about this lead or write us Direct.

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON
Montreal Halifax St. John Toronto Winnipeg

The courts of Wisconsin are trying to determine what the court of many another state have failed to do, that is, to establish when a man is drunk, which recalls the famous classic of a gyrating friend of ours, returned from a Gotham saturnalia and quoting one of the companions of his iniquity as follows: "Naw, he ain't drunk; I saw his hand move a minute ago."—Buffalo News.

"I've a quicker way to clean floors"

Lawrason's Snowflake Ammonia

Made in Canada.

does the trick and leaves no sticky, greasy feeling to the wood. The floor is dry and spotless.

Ask for it by name—say "Snowflake." 5 and 10 cent packages. 28

There's only one way to wash woollens flannels, and filmy fabrics absolutely clean without injury: The

LUX

way. LUX softens hard water — gives a rich, cream-like lather which the daintiest hands or flimsiest fabrics cannot harm, never fear. LUX coaxes rather than forces the dirt out of clothes.

Won't Shrink Woollens

10c

Made in Canada by Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

For the Children

Group of Youngsters Watching a Ball Game.

After long months of weary waiting the baseball season has at last arrived, and all the boys, great and small, are supremely happy. There are other sports that young America likes very well, but nothing so thoroughly fills the youthful heart as a game of baseball.

As soon as the spring sun dries the mud in the playgrounds, balls, bats and mitts are taken from their winter hiding places and the fun begins. And it is well that the boy finds joy in baseball. There is no other game that will develop the best there is in him.

It teaches quick thinking and acting, and furnishes abundant exercise to build up and strengthen the body. Baseball is truly called the national game, for there is hardly a man or boy in the country who hasn't, at one time or another, been either a fan, a player or both. The illustration shows a group of boys watching a game in one of New York city's parks. Their faces show the eagerness and interest with which they regard the various plays.

A Convert.

Little Minkley had talked for an hour on the subject of evolution.

"And now, my dear Miss Billsterton, do you believe in the missing link?" he said in conclusion.

"Yes, I do now," replied the fair maiden, "though I didn't until I sat next to you."

You will love to have this Recipe Book —FREE!

TO advertise our "HOME 65" FOOD CUTTER, we will send one of these Cook Book free on receipt of 4c. in stamps to cover mailing, etc. Write direct to us. This is a dainty little book of everyday recipes telling how to make scores of economical and tasty dishes.

And remember that the best possible Food Cutter you can buy is the—

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A handy cutter, fair, strong and durable, with sufficient cutting plates for cutting pulp, fruit or vegetables into the finest grades. Made in Canada. Easily cleaned. Can be clamped to any table. Ask any Maxwell Dealer. Free Cook Book with every machine.

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ONE DANGER OF AMMONIA.

This Substance May Bring About the End of the World.

The continuous decay of vegetation generates ammonia. As many scientists have said, there is more ammonia in the atmosphere now than there was 10,000 years ago, and considerable more than there was one million years ago. Fresh supplies are added every year, so that in the future day there will be an exceedingly great quantity of it.

Now, ammonia has a combustive property. If the atmosphere should get laden with it a universal conflagration would be inevitable. The outbreak of a volcano or a flash of lightning would be sufficient to cause the circumambient air to ignite—all space would become a mass of raging flames which would boil the rivers and the seas, converting them into hot vapors, which would devour all living creatures, all forms of vegetable life, would bake the earth and perhaps burn it to cinders.

The earth could be converted into smoke within a second. It could be hurled out of its course and made to roam into dreadful collision with another planet, or, thrown dangerously near the sun, it would be drawn by the wonderful solar attraction into the fiery bosom of that bright monarch of the universe.

The horror of such a catastrophe appears unspeakably great — something from which the startled imagination instinctively staggers. And yet, after due reflection, we must admit that the prospect is sublime rather than horrible. Anticipation of a intolerable pain is worse than the pain itself. A human being is capable of pain up to a certain degree only, and of pleasure up to a correspondingly high degree, and, as more than one person is capable of more suffering and more enjoyment than another, and it is altogether a fallacious notion that there is as much agony when a fly is crushed "as when a giant dies."

How often, after long and dismal anticipation of a tragic event, we have found at the last that the anticipation of a tragic event outran the reality. This is caused not only by the quickness and resourcefulness of mind, but also by the circumstance that we cannot bear more than a certain measure of pain and affliction.

Then, too, it must be remembered that as every occurrence causes its opposite, as a white heat gives a sensation of cold, as frost can burn like fire, as laughter can end in tears and tears in laughter, as seldom sometimes subsides into folly, and the jester will utter the sayings of a sage, so excess of pain may end in a sort of thrilling pleasure, and this may account for the sudden ecstacies of martyrs under torture.

The passing of earth, then, would not cause so much human pain as is generally believed. It would probably be nothing more than the sudden awakening into a new world from an outgrown condition of being.

Thumbs of the Gorilla.

The gorilla, an anthropoid ape, which belongs to the higher order of apes, has a greater resemblance to the human man, but there is one thing they cannot do—that is, twiddle their thumbs. In the gorilla the thumb is short and does not reach much beyond the bottom of the second joint of the forefinger. It is very much restricted in its movements, and the animal can neither twiddle his thumbs nor turn them round so that the tips describe a circle. There are a certain number of bones in the hand of the gorilla as in the hand of a man, but the thickness of the monkey have no separate flexor tendons. Which is why the ape or monkey always keeps the thumb on the outside of the fingers and never under bends it round any object that may be grasped.

Plain English.

A Frenchman staying in an American town called at the postoffice and inquired whether there were any letters for him. "I didn't hear the name," said the clerk. "My name is Paul Lorenzini. Don't you know how to for understood English?" "How do you spell your name?" asked the clerk. "is not you' business!" said monsieur. "Just give me my mails!" "I can't give you your mail one thing, unless I know how you spell the name." "I don't know how you spell it, and I don't care if you don't give to me my mails, but I tell you one thing, you have to go straight off and sell dis postoffice and buy some schoolbuse!" said the Frenchman.

Pain Is a Hint to the Wise.

One thing that should be regarded seriously is pain in any form in any part of the body. If there is a dull headache frequently, find out what causes it. Pain in the knee, the ankle of the foot or at any point should be taken seriously. Pain means something wrong. It may be brave to bear it, but it is not wise. Remember that pain felt in one part of the body may be the result of something wrong in another part. See a wise doctor about it.

Looked the Part.

There is one Brookfield story that I have always liked very much. I have not seen it in print. Brookfield was once stopped in the Strand by a surgery person, who said:

"I am told that in the Green Room Club the other night you spoke of me as a — accountant. Is that true?"

"Well," replied Brookfield, "I don't know who you are, but you certainly look it."—London Sketch.

Enemies to Peace.

Five great enemies to peace inhabit with us—viz, avarice, ambition, envy, anger and pride. If those enemies were to be banished we should infallibly enjoy perpetual peace.—Petrarch.

Indians In Columbus' Day.

It has been computed that at the time of the arrival of Columbus there were 25,000,000 Indians in North and South America.

A letter from the front tells of violets growing in the trenches of Flanders. The tradition of the violet is that it sprang from the hearts' blood of Adonis, and many such have died in this war.

A Valued Legal Fee

By CHARLES LEWIS PHIPPS

"I have a theory that there is some good in every calling. My friend Thurston is a divorce lawyer. When I was a boy I guessed a wish that he should devote himself to some other calling he told me the following story:

"Seven one day came into my office to ask me if I would not get a divorce for them. There was every reason, judging from appearance, why they should not be divorced. The man was twenty-two or twenty-three years old, the woman about twenty, and she carried a child in her arms perhaps a year old; a bright little chap who took in everything with wonderful eyes. They were of the poorer class, as was indicated by their dress.

"We want a divorce," said the man, "because we can't live together in peace. She's always nagging me because I don't make more money to make us comfortable."

"What is your complaint?" I asked the woman.

"I have to scratch all day long to make ends meet. I can't go out to earn anything on account of the child, who needs so much care that I can't even get time to do the housework. If I could be independent I might make plans. I could put the boy in some institution where I would be relieved of his care and earn enough to support myself in peace without this eternal bickering."

I invited them to be seated. The boy could stand, but was not yet able to walk. He stood by his mother's steadying himself by holding on to her dress, holding her attention every minute. I thought that if I were subjected to such a strain I should soon go to a sanitarium.

"I don't see," I said, "that a divorce will help you two, and I do see that you are giving up a good deal of happiness from some cause which it is quite possible to rectify. You both have a blessing which has been denied me. I would give $10,000 for a boy like that if he were my son."

"Would you?" asked the woman, a change coming over her face and looking from me to her child with pleasure. The man said nothing, but I saw that my remark had struck home.

"What can you do to make a living?" I asked the man.

"I'm a gardener."

"A gardener!" I repeated. "A man whose work is in the open air, trimming hedges, turning up the fresh earth in the spring to make a place for flowers. When the grass gets too high he runs a lawn mower over it. Why, do you know that I am joyfully envying half an hour's work, letting my grass this evening before dinner?"

"Perhaps you think I am contented in these well furnished offices. So I am not because I force myself on the disagreeable features of my work. I find a drop of comfort in that work occasionally in pointing out to some couple that to not sweetening their disconcerts they are going wrong."

The earnestness with which I spoke the words attracted the boy's attention. He held out my hand to me, thus leaving his mother, with three staggering steps, he came to me.

"That's the first walking that ever he did," exclaimed the mother gleefully. "The father's lowering brow cleared and he smiled. I took the child in my arms and kissed him. Then I finished my work in reuniting the parents with him on my knee. For the best work I do as a divorce lawyer is what I am telling you.

"Where are you working now?" I asked the man.

"I'm not working anywhere. I am looking for a job."

I thought a moment, then asked again, "How much money have you?"

In a shamefaced manner he told me that he had $25, which he had brought with him to pay—so far as it would go—for a divorce.

"You won't pay me the money for a divorce," I said, "for it would do us all so for me to get a divorce for a young man with a pretty wife, a lovely boy and a knowledge of gardening. Besides, this is the season for your work in the country. If there is a dull headache frequently, find out what causes it. Pain in the knee, the ankle of the foot or at any point should be taken seriously. Pain means something wrong. It may be brave to bear it, but it is not wise. Remember that pain felt in one part of the body may be the result of something wrong in another part. See a wise doctor about it.

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The first week of the Canadian officers' Training Camp at Niagara was completed yesterday. It is unofficially announced that the Duke of Connaught will visit the camp.

SPANISH HOTELS.

Plenty of Show and Frontier, But Not Much of Anything Else.

Some idea of life in a large Spanish hotel may be gathered from Mr. W. D. Howells' book, "Familiar Spanish Travels." The author says that in most cities the hotels are large, and one but bad. At a Granada hotel the door refused to latch, and Mr. Howells tells us that the infirmity or the door latch was symbolic of a temperamental infirmity in the whole hotel. There was a glitter, almost a glare, of gilding and decoration, and the rooms were Ritzlike, but there the resemblance ceased.

"The porter followed us to our rooms on our arrival and told us in excellent English—which excelled less and less throughout our stay—that judging from appearance, why that we could confidently refer all our wants to him, but their reference seemed always to close the incident. There was a secretary who assured us that our rooms were not dear, and who could not, out of regard to our honor and comfort, consider cheaper ones, and then ceased to appear until he reappeared only when we went away.

"There was a splendid dining-room with waiters of such beauty and dignity, and so purple from clean shaving that we scarcely dared to face them, and there were luncheons and dinners of rich and delicate superficial richness in the food, but of exquisite insipidity on the palate and with a most tantalizing, fascinating insubstantiality, as if they were banquets from the 'Arabian Nights' imagined under the rule of the Moors.

"The appointments were bright, radiators, such as we had not seen since we left their like freezing in Switzerland, though in the weather presently changed from an Andalusian spring to the bitterest severity after a snowfall in the sierra, the rooms under them, however, had the difference, and the air nipped the nose and fingers wherever one went in the hotel. The hall porter, who knew everything, said the boilers were out of order, and a traveler who had been there the winter before confirmed him with the testimony that they were out of order ever in January. There may not have been any fire under them, but there was none now, but if they needed repairing the eye was clearly blind to needed repairing then.

"In the center of one of our rooms the frescoed plastering had scaled off, and we knew that if we came back a year later the same spot would offer us a familiar welcome."

Sight Lost and Restored.

A farmer's wife who had had much trouble with her servants was accosted by one of them:

"I fear I shall not be able to work much longer, mum, as I am going blind."

"Why, how's that? You seem to get along pretty well with your work."

"Yes, but I can no longer see any meat on my plate at dinner."

The farmer's wife pondered, and the next day the servants were serving her with very large slices on thin pieces of meat.

"How nice!" the girl exclaimed. "My sight has come back. I can see better than ever."

"That's it, Bella!" asked the mistress.

"Exactly at this moment," replied Bella, "I can see the plate through the meat."—London Scrap.

Knew Where It Would End.

An officer attached to the British headquarters in a letter to his wife writes:

"In war the views and ideas of your enemy are at least as instructive as your own, and as a matter of interest may hear from your own people. Only the other day I heard a remark from the lips of a German officer recently captured are certainly worthy of your consideration, as the conclusion is now contained a strong element of common sense.

"He was asked how long he thought the war would last. He replied that he was unable to form a definite opinion on the point, but would be very pleased to prophesy where it would end. So by was asked to proceed and then said, 'Within forty yards of where I was captured.'"

Easily Gauged.

Old Benjamin Bowles was accustomed to treat his guests with sweet cider, and, although it darrel stood in the darkest corner of a dark cellar, he never erred in his choice on trips for a fresh supply. One evening Mr. Brookings, the minister, was a guest.

"It must be quite an art to fill the pitcher in the cellar by the dim light without running it over," said Mr. Brookings.

"Waal, no, 'tain't 'xactly difficult," Benjamin replied. "You see, when the cider gets up to the first joint of my thumb I stop."

A Flower Love Story.

Marigold lives in the woods with her father and was very shy until one day she heard that her friend daisy was to be married to Sweet Pumpup and then she wanted to marry too.

One day the young Prince William was riding by and saw Marigold and fell in love with her. Then he spoke to her and said, "I will have to ask poppy." So the next afternoon he came again and asked her and then he blew out a snowball blowing a trumpet, watching for the reception. When he did he saw sweet william she rose, and he kissed her tulips. He said, "If you will marry me I will wear a lanbelor's button, and you will see my bleed for love." But she said she would marry him, and so he took her home gave her a golden rod and a buttercup to drink from. The next day they were married by jack-in-the-pulpit, and the minister said, "I hope I won't be a mourning bride, but will live forever with sweet william and be well forgot mend."

Frohman's final great drama brought to America phrase like this: "Where is fear death?" he asked. "It is the most beautiful adventure of life."

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Halt! Give the Countersign!

Until you know the name "Black Cat" and all it stands for in cigarette quality, you cannot enter into the zone of complete smoking enjoyment. Black Cat Cigarettes are a good thing to have in your knapsack. When you're foraging for smokes, don't be content with anything "almost as good." The name "Black Cat" is considered by British smokers everywhere as the countersign that signifies "good smoking."

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You'll find "comrades-in-war" gladly welcoming your open cigarette-case and ready to return the compliment on all occasions.

Every member of the Black Cat Army gets one of the new and exciting Black Cat War Games. It's free—if you send 30 coupons to Black Cat Headquarters, Montreal.

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And a service you are proud to tell your friends about.

Notice the number of Traction "spares" that are not in envelopes on the car, but out in the open wearing the "V" smile that won't come off. Pride in possession accounts for this—the desire to have the car look its best.

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Makers of Tires for Automobiles, Motor Trucks, Motorcycles, Bicycles and Carriages; Jar Rubber Rings, Druggists' Sundries, Mats, Tiling, and General Rubber Specialties.

Make Your Days Joyous.

Here is a general warning to elderly women: Never permit yourself to live in the past. This trick, more than anything else, will age you. So often we hear women say: "Life holds nothing for me now save memories. I live with my loved ones in the past."

That speech and crows' feet are boon companions. Naturally the woman of fifty or more finds herself dropping much reminiscence, but do not indulge in this habit even if it gives you a melancholy sort of pleasure. Find pleasure in the present you. Force yourself to be interested in their interests. Think of the future. Never permit yourself to think that your usefulness is ended or your capacity for enjoyment dulled. If you examine your tennis you certainly can take brisk walks in the fresh morning air—and perhaps later in the day, if your conscience permits. And there is no law against your playing golf.

Do not dress in what is known as a kittenish fashion, but do not think that because you are approaching you must wear dun colored raiment. Do not brush your hair back severely from your face and adopt some commanding toque. Fluff your hair on either side if you part it, and under no circumstances wear a severe pompadour unless you have classic features and a stately carriage.

Do not curl your hair with the iron, as this has a tendency to break hairs which you cannot afford to lose. Better far to use soft rags or patent curlers overnight, and right here let us speak of the nightcap, which is enjoying a decided revival. Make this of very thin white silk, interlined with fine sheet wadding in which you strew violet powder. This gives a charming perfume to the hair and wards off irritation from drafts if you sleep near an open window.

Thorough.

He—When I proposed to Flossie she asked me for a little time to make up her mind.

She—She hated mind—Oh, so she makes that up too, does she?—London Opinion.

Clear Enough.

"I can't understand that glassy stare she gave me."

"Why, anybody ought to be able to see through a glassy stare."—Baltimore American.

What an inaccessible stronghold that man possesses who is always in accord with himself and the things around him.—Goethe.

How About Building That New Home of Yours?

NOW is the time to do it. Building material is down in price, and you will never have such a fine opportunity to build yourself a good home.

When you come to buy you will want the very best value for your money—that means

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Recent tests made at Toronto University prove that Milton Brick is in a class by itself.

Made from shale, clean cut and hard, and in a large variety of shades—reds, buffs and fire flashes. We can suit your taste.

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Special Rates to all coming from this vicinity.

Rooms, $1.00 per day upwards.
Rooms with Bath, $1.50 per day upwards.
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JOHN F. DOWNEY, MANAGER.

Rev. Henry McNeal Turner, Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Church in Michigan and Canada, died yesterday at Windsor, from a stroke of paralysis. He was in his 83rd year. He was an associate of Abraham Lincoln and was the first colored chaplain in the United States army.

The healthful confection. Its composition in so simple that children, or grown-ups either, can eat all they want without fear of ill effects.

Its delightful smoothness and flavor appeals to either, too.

Each piece is machine-wrapped and guarded against dust and human hands.

"THE FAMILY CANDY"

WINDS THAT WHISTLE.

The Sounds Come Only When the Air Waves Meet Resistance.

Did you ever notice that although you may feel the force of the wind when you are out in it, you do not hear it whistle unless you are close to a building? This is because the sound is produced according to the same principles as apply in the production of the tones of a pipe organ or any instrument on which the tones are produced by blowing.

In order to make the whistling sounds we hear from the wind it is necessary for it to blow against something. That is why we hear it when we are in the house or some other building.

The whistling is caused by the wind blowing past the sharp edges of some obstacle in its path or finding its way through small openings offering some sharp edged resistance.

If you blow through a long tube or pipe you will produce no sound, but if there is an opening with a sharp edge near the end where you blow the blowing will cause a distinct sound. It is on this principle that all small whistles, organ pipes and wind instruments of an orchestra are made.

Another way in which the wind produces sounds is by blowing against objects which vibrate. A curious instance of this is the humming volume of sound produced by the wind blowing through a group of telegraph wires and which may be noted, even when there is not a great force of wind, by placing the ear against a telegraph pole.—Boston Herald.

Satisfaction.

A barefooted darky while hoeing cotton one day saw his dog in the border a clod, and, thinking it was a mole's head, hit it and hurt himself. After working a little it for awhile he got tired, set his foot on a stump and said, "Well, you pain away now, I doesn't care; you hurts yeself wuss'n ye do me."

Naturally.

Little Lillian proudly displayed some shaving curls she had picked up from the floor of her father's shop. "I wouldn't wear those," said her brother. "Why not?" asked the little girl. "If you do," said Bruce, "folks'll think you are a blockhead."

Making a Distinction.

"What is the difference," asked the teacher, "between caution and cowardice?"

Johnny, who observed things carefully for so youthful a person, answered:

"Caution is when you're afraid and cowardice is when the other fellow's afraid."—Lethbridge Journal.

Dear Baby!

"Does the baby go to sleep without much trouble?"

"Always, except on the nights we have company or want to go out."—Detroit Free Press.

CONSTIPATIENTS

Read This

It must be remembered that the bowels should be kept freely open a day to ensure perfect health. When such is not the case the poisonous waste material is absorbed into the system, and the production of blood poisoning. The causes of Constipation are many and varied. Among the more common may be mentioned, chronic catarrh of digestion, a deficiency of bile in the intestines, a lack of exercise in the bowels, and a want of the natural muscular action of the intestines from above downward.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt, sold everywhere at 25c and 60c. stimulates and restores the stomach digestion, increases the flow of bile into the intestines, causes a flow from the intestines to the bowels, restores the natural downward action of the intestines, removes the cause by restoring action of the bowels, which is one of the most important requisites to health.

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

THE ARCHITECT

By EUNICE BLAKE.

Julia Edmonds after leaving the high school was eighteen years of age and obliged to make her own living. Seeing an advertisement in a newspaper for a governess, she replied to it and was invited to a conference. A lady, Miss Ashford, who said she was the aunt of the children to be taught and cared for, received the applicant and, as a number of questions and for references, and Julia was engaged.

The lady was a widow, past forty, the sister of the father of the children. Their mother was dead and their father at the time was abroad. His little girls being left in charge of their aunt. She lived near a city on suburban town and a very attractive one.

Spring came on, and one of the children needed a change of air. Miss Ashford decided to take them both southward to meet the coming summer, leaving Julia where she was until their return.

One warm morning the governess went out into the grounds with a book and seated herself on a rustic bench supported on either side by a tree. While reading she heard a step on the walk leading from the gate and, looking up, saw a gentleman apparently about thirty-five years old approaching. He paused before her in the walk and said:

"You look very contented and very restful."

"I am both," was the reply.

"Will I find Miss Ashford at the house?"

"Miss Ashford is away. She took the children with her to secure for a change of air."

"How—" The gentleman looked about him, then turned again to Julia.

"It's unfortunate that Miss Ashford is absent. I've been sent by the owner of this property to make plans for additions to the house. I fear I shall not find time to call again—you for awhile."

Julia made no reply to this. She had no authority either to prevent or permit his doing what he mentioned. He went on to the house and entered it without ringing the bell. When Julia left there she herself the housekeeper told her that the gentleman was the architect and would remain while he laid his plans. He must himself see the house, but as to making plans Julia could not see that he devoted much time to them. Then, he did get some diagram drawing in pencil, but on this he did not spend an hour a day.

The rest of the time he divided between the library and Julia. When he left the house, which was every day, besides her to chat with, he seemed dispossessed of stiffness her company. He interested her in what he said, and she was of an age to appreciate the ideas of a man. Even the housekeeper and the servants were deferential to him, gave him everything he desired without asking, and obeyed all his orders.

Every day Julia found the architect every one in the house spoke of him as the architect—more and more engaging. A day which he spent in the city she was surprised to find a very long one to her. When he returned and they sat down together for dinner she could not conceal her pleasure.

A week passed, at the end of which building materials were brought into the place and dumped beside the house. The next day workmen came, and the architect spent some time with them, returning to dinner. Then Julia asked the former with a beating heart if he were going to superintend the construction of the additions. To this he said he was and they would require at least a month. The architect, who formed her that Miss Ashford and the children would remain away until the end of the summer.

An attractive man or thirty-five shut up in the same house with a girl of eighteen is sure to have more than trouble in winning her. Before the month had passed Julia knew that passion had made havoc with poor little Julia's heart. She did not think of marriage. She was content with the love of it, as she was in the companionship of this delightful man.

But the architect was thinking very much of marriage. He was a widower and had been for many years married without a companion. He asked her how she would like to spend her life where she was. To which she replied that she would like it very much, especially if there were to continue making additions to the house. He saw through this ingenuous reply and, taking her in his arms, told her that if she stayed she might remain there always and he would remain with her.

She did not press him for an explanation, which he did not seem ready to give. She was happy, consented and trusted him implicitly. A few days later Miss Ashford returned with the children and the latter jumped into the architect's arms, covering him with kisses and calling him "papa."

The next day he asked them if they could bear to part with their governess, to which they replied that they could not, whereupon he told them that she was to remain with them always.

David Ashford had dreaded to come to his home from which his wife had gone forever. When he saw an attractive girl there the idea occurred to him to have her remain as the housekeeper and the others to preserve his incognito, and "the architect" began to win the governess.

An important English paper has made the proposition that the British retaliate with poisonous gases, and other German atrocities. All civilized nations are agreed that the German methods are inhuman and diabolical; and while England would only be following a precedent, that would not justify her in adopting them. But why should we lower ourselves to the same level as the German militarists and slayers? For victory? No, for what is victory with the loss of honor? Germany, if she wins, (which is unthinkable) in this titanic struggle, will not be highly respected as England. We shall finally win—although it will be with the loss of many men and money,—yet our descendants will not be able to say that they left the world on fire.

Jimmie's Easter Prophecy

By F. A. MITCHEL

Markham is a fishing town on the New England coast. In the olden time all the men there were sailors, but when steam finally took the romance out of sailing the Markham men found their attention to fishing, though in those days the place is given up to city people on their summer outings.

In those days when sailors lived, to bend over the billows under full sail and ship, a sailor's life was a hard one. He loved the ocean, and he loved Marjorie Pitcan as well. His woe her with the understanding that he would as soon as he had accumulated a nest egg cease making long voyages and find some employment on shore. But children came so fast as the nest egg grew, and Husted became a captain before he set any time for spending the rest of his life with his family. Then he promised them that after one more voyage he would grant what they all so much desired.

One October day he started on what he intended should be his last voyage. He had paid for his home and had some money in the bank. On this last trip he expected to add enough to his possessions to be able to get on even if he had no vocation, but he was still a young man and counted on making an additional income that would enable him to educate his children and start them in life. But he started on this last voyage with misgivings. His wife suggested that he refrain from tempting fate again on the ocean, and his children clamored for papa "to stay at home and not go away so long any more." He tore himself away from them, assuring them that he would soon return, would bring the children many pretty things and would then remain with them.

In December a vessel came in to Markham and brought the supercargo of Captain Husted's vessel. He reported that it had collided with another ship in a fog and gone to the bottom. The boats were lowered, and all of the crew left the vessel in them. The supercargo had begged the captain to leave in the same boat with him, but he clung to the tradition that a master must go down with his ship. He charged the supercargo if he got safely to land to say goodby for him to his wife and children and tell them that he loved them.

This was a great shock to Mrs. Husted and the older children. The youngest—Jimmie, a boy of six—knew nothing of death, and he could not be made to understand what had happened to his father. They could only tell him that he would never see papa any more, and then all he could hardly grasped with his undeveloped mind.

One morning at Sunday school his teacher read to him accounts of those risings from the dead mentioned in the Bible. Jimmie went home to his mother and, telling her what he had heard, asked why papa could not also be brought back to them from the dead.

His mother turned away from him to hide her tears and without reply.

When Jimmie drew near Jimmie was told the story of the resurrection of Christ; that Easter was celebrated in memory of that resurrection. He was much moved by the recital, for he said that if one could return to life on the third day why not one who had been dead on the ocean? Returning to his mother, he asked her the story his teacher had given him, adding:

"Next Sunday is Easter, mamma, and I want to wonder if papa would come back to us on that day."

Mrs. Husted could not bring to him that it would be impossible for his papa to return on Easter Sunday or any day. Her brain was too much affected by her grief. She had got it in his head that Easter was the day on which one who had died would return to life, and the Miss became associated with his father.

"Don't cry, mamma," he said. "Next Sunday is the day when dead persons come back to us. I know that papa will come to us."

The mother took her boy in her arms and wished that she might have faith as a little child.

On Easter morning the birds were breaking out in the sunshine. Jimmie was dressed in his best clothes and ran to the window, but when it was time to go he was missing. He had slipped out and a sail out on the harbor and was sure that his papa was on the vessel and was coming home. No one knew where Jimmie had gone, as they went to Sunday school and to church without him.

When they returned the boy was still missing. His older brother said that Jimmie's mind is not quite right, by the child had gone to the dock. At that moment through a window all the people saw a boy from the shore with a boy in his arms.

"It's Jimmie!" said one.

Then they ran a shout and a rush for the corners, for Captain Husted, with Jimmie in his arms on the ship, was carrying Jimmie. All clung to the father, covering him with kisses.

"I knew you papa would come today," said Jimmie proudly.

Captain Husted had gone down with his ship, had come up, clung to wreckage and was picked up by a passing vessel.

Jimmie's faith to his father's return on Easter Sunday was the talk of the village, and in the next sermon on preached with it as its theme, Jimmie being held up as an illustration of a child's faith.

THE SHERIFF'S STRATAGEM

By M. QUAD

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AS...I was resting at the top of a long hill I was overtaken by an old horseback, and after salutations had been exchanged he observed that he was glad to have company, would get down to smoke a pipe with me. After awhile he mentioned that he was the county sheriff and was then on his way to recapture a prisoner who had broken out of jail 48 months ago to the night before. The prisoner lived in a cabin a short distance down the road, and as we finished our pipes and jogged along the officer suggested that I call with him and witness the performance.

"But is the man a dangerous man?" I asked.

"That's according to how you take him," was the answer.

"And how do you mean to take him?"

"Oh, I'll be sort of soft and gentle with him, and if there is going to be any shooting you'll have warning in time to get out."

It was summer time, and when we reached the cabin the escaped prisoner sat on the doorstep with a shotgun across his knees and a pipe between his teeth. His wife, who was also smoking, sat on a log near by having the family in her lap. On hand, and the pair never even looked up while the sheriff was dismounting and hitching his horse to a tree. I got the wink to await developments, and we took seats on a stump within twenty feet of the pair and filled our pipes for another smoke. Neither the man nor his wife, the officer or the prisoner, spoke a word to them, and thus stood the situation for a quarter of an hour. Then the man, seeing that things grew uneasy, and after a bit he said:

"Hem, I reckon yo' her come for me!"

"Stearly, Bill, stearly," replied the sheriff as he looked up in seeming surprise.

"If yo' her it never be tooken back to jail alive!" quoth the man of the tire.

I glanced at the wife, and the look on her face and the way she fingered the ax told plainly that she was ready to stand by her husband in case he needed help.

"Don't git contry," advised the sheriff. "Then be boun' to go back to jail about the county fall. It wasn't so much to git you back as it was necessary to let people thereby got a wrong impression of it. One must become a prisoner to respected life."

The beds were of the best.

The fare was that of a hotel.

Once a day the sheriff came in and visited all the outside news.

Every week there being sent out plug tobacco furnished free of charge.

Visitors admitted any time of the day or night, and they could stay as long as they desired.

Officer and man took them to a big entertainment, either a vaudeville show or a mighty fine concert.

"Cuming, Bill," was the jail breaker's wife say to him, "you never dun tole me that the jail was like this."

"Dog my cats, but I didn't know it myself" he growled.

"Now better than bein' right yere at home."

And then the sheriff went on to say that when the prisoner's time expired he got such a feast as few men outside of jail ever enjoy—turkey and mince pies, oysters, there were ten cent cigars, smoke and champagne to drink.

"Why, Bill, you have almost about it," said the wife.

"Mrs. Baker, I don't say anything to a wife about her husband," answered the officer, "but I must tell you that Bill has been one in my jail so orderly as you' Bill. He was kicking like a mewl all the time."

"Yo' cole yo did—of co'se, and why? You found the other prisoners so far above you in education and manners that it was unpleasant for you."

"Bill can read and write his name," boasted his wife.

"Yo' can?"

"And what's the metter with his manners?"

"I will tell you after you first tell me why every one was glad when he broke jail. I'll promise you that I'll keep the promise when I came here this morning. You see, Mrs. Baker, that they are mighty sorry for you, Mrs. Baker, for they hain't got no use for any sich critter as your Bill."

"And you wasn't lookin' for me?" anxiously asked Bill.

"Yes, Bill, I was to tell you that you can't come back to my jail no mo'. You see, Mrs. Baker, I'm much you around there'll be a big row."

"Bill, you kre gwine right back to that jail, and I'll go wid yo'."

"Sorry, Mrs. Baker, but I can't take him."

"But I say he's got to go! I hain't gwine to stand for folks-sayin' we are no good."

"Yes, I'm gwine right back," growled the husband.

"Then I reckon, and you'd better stay wid me today."

"I'll be hanged if I will!"

"Please let him go back with you!" pleaded the wife.

Bill seemed to be pondering for not five minutes before he answered:

"Well, it's on your account, Mrs. Baker, fur I do feel sorry fur you. He kin go back to the jail and I'll never try to do him a favor ag'in."

"And an hour later Bill Baker was in the county jail.

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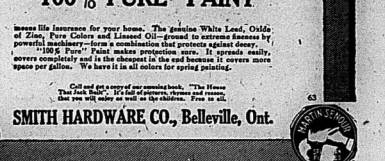

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ALOTTING THE GIFTS

"LIEUTS." PLUMMER AND ARNOLD IN HAD RUNS WINTER.

Canadian Girls Who Represented the Canadian Field Comforts Commission in London Tour, Discuss Duxbury Vicarage For Their Headquarters — Over One Hundred Thousand Articles Were Received.

In a recent London Mail appears the following article by Twells Bree on "Lieut. Mary Plummer and Lieut. Joan Arnold:"

"Throughout the winter two plucky and devoted Canadian women quartered in Amesbury's old vicarage, have toiled incessantly in the self-imposed task of distributing to the Canadian troops the whole of the gifts sent to the Canadian Field Comforts Commission by the people of the great Dominion for their soldiers.

"Miss Mary Plummer, daughter of Mr. J. H. Plummer, manager of the Dominion Steel & Coa. Co., and Miss Joan Arnold, daughter of Mr. Frank Arnold, K.C.(both of Toronto), are doing this work for the commission, for which purpose they were appointed by the Minister of Militia and Defence, each with the honorary rank of lieutenant.

"If Sand Lieut. Plummer and Lieut. Arnold up to their eyes in their preparations for the move they are making to Ashford, in Kent, more convenient to Shorncliffe, Maresfield and Canterbury (depots of the Canadian troops still arriving) and also for the division gone to the front itself. They were surrounded by bales, boxes, bundles, goods, enquiries, letters, labels and lists that would have flurried even the despatch department of a general store. They were busy packing, sorting, sifting, identifying, weighing, tying, re-packing, boxing, hammering-up, stitching, labelling and addressing. Crates and bales of socks, tobacco, cakes, biscuits, chocolate, belts ("Too many belts," murmured Lieut. Arnold) and other gifts. They were searching Canadian and London directories (chiefly) for names and regiments and individual men among thirty thousand or that each should get his parcel from the Homeland. "It is better to send gifts to units rather than individuals," murmured Lieut. Plummer. They were writing letters of acknowledgment to the donors, answers to enquiries at their average rate of fifty a day. "And we always try to send each letter personal, with a touch of the life of the men in the ranks," they said, and they have only had, in all their winters task, an orderly to assist them. Lieut. Victoria.

"The story of how they secured the vicarage is interesting. The 27th, with large enough for their work, is illustrative of the Canadian spirit. They went first to the churchwarden, then to the rector, and then to the vicar. We started again, followed the bishop to Broadstone, and found he had left the night before for Ashford. We borrowed his library, and got a long letter for him. The vicar eventually telephoned that he would be glad to have the Field Comforts Commission, Canadian Ordnance Stores, Ashford, Kent. Socks, plug tobacco, cocoa, condensed milk, cigarettes, or money that will buy them would be more than welcome."

A Matter of Vision.

Nearly every man is willing to do his duty—as he sees it.

The Seven Wonders.

The seven wonders of the world were:

1. Egyptian pyramids. 2. Mausoleum of Artemisia. 3. Temple of Diana at Ephesus. 4. Hanging gardens of Babylon. 5. Colossus of Rhodes. 6. The statue of Jupiter Olympus. 7. The Pharos, or watchtower of Alexandria.

The seven American wonders have been decreed to be as follows:

1. Niagara falls. 2. Yellowstone park. 3. Mammoth cave. 4. Canyon and Garden of the Gods. 5. The great trees of California. 6. The natural bridge. 7. The Yosemite valley.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Boys.

We all love manly fellows;
Boys that are brave and true;
Boys that are helpful and earnest
And honor right and law.

The boy who can help his mother
With her weary household work;
The boy who learns well his lessons
And never is known to shirk.

The boy with a heart as gentle
As a girl's, when she says Namaste,
And the boy who is always ready
To do that which falls in his hands.

Such boys, may heaven bless them!
One sees most every where;
And may their numbers increase
In every person's prayer.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 28 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MAY 17, 1915. | No. 131

The Farmers' Bank Again

Argument That the Institution Was Not Proper Bank Fails

Shareholders of the Farmers Bank of Canada, says a Globe report, are liable under the double liability clause of the bank act. This was the decision of Official Referee J. A. MacAndrew, given yesterday in a test case brought by Mr. James R. Lindsay.

Mr. William Laidlaw, K.C., argued for the shareholders that the certificate of incorporation of the bank was not issued in regular fashion, that the Farmers Bank was not therefore properly a bank, and so its shareholders were not liable under the provisions of the bank act. Mr. James Bain, K.C. and Mr. C. C. Robinson, for the liquidators opposed this view.

According to the facts stated in the judgment, Mr. Lindsay applied on June 27, 1906, for five shares of the capital stock of the Farmers Bank of Canada. His name was entered in the subscription book, and on July 4 the stock was allotted to him by the provisional directors. He attended on November 26 an organization meeting of the subscribers for stock of the bank, and subsequently was paid five dividends of $10 each upon his share. His name as a shareholder is still on the bank's books. In the settling of the bank's affairs under the Dominion winding-up act, the liquidators applied to place the name of Mr. Lindsay upon the list of contributories. He disputed the right to have his name so settled.

Two defences were raised by Mr. Laidlaw on behalf of the shareholders, the judgment continues. The first was that the Dominion Parliament has not jurisdiction to empower the court to delegate its powers under the winding-up act. With regard to the second, that Mr. Lindsay is not a shareholder under the terms of the bank act, the judgment holds that he is, since the provisions of the bank act in regard to stock subscription and allotment were ocplied with. In accordance with the ruling in another case, he would be so even if a certificate had not been issued by the Treasury Board.

BRITISH FORCES IN NEED OF SHELLS

LONDON, May 15.—A strong plea for greater supplies of ammunition is made by the Times correspondent in Northern France. He attributes chiefly the lack of an unlimited supply of high explosive shells the disappointing results of British attacks in the district of Fromelles and Richebourg. By way of contrast he records the fact that the French, who co-operated in a combined movement against the German lines, fired 276 rounds of high explosives per gun in one day and levelled the German defences to the ground. The correspondent says:

"It is important for an understanding of the British share in the week's operations to realize we are suffering certain disadvantages which make striking successes difficult to achieve. Two armies, those of the Crown Prince of Bavaria and the Duke of Wurtemberg, are still in our front holding at full strength lines which are supported by formidable artillery and are not to be taken easily. Secondly, we are still suffering from the aftermath of the first gas attack at Ypres.

"At Fromelles and Richebourg we found the enemy much more strongly posted than we expected. We lacked high explosives to level his parapets. When our infantry gallantly stormed the trenches they found a garrison undismayed, many entanglements still intact, and maxims on all sides ready to pour in streams of bullets. We were unable to maintain ourselves in the trenches won, and our reserves were not thrown in because the conditions for success in assault were absent.

"Until we are thoroughly equipped for this trench warfare we attack under grave disadvantages. If we can break through the hard outer crust of German defences we believe we can scatter the German armies, but to break this crust we need more heavy howitzers and more men."

Lord De Freyne and Brother Dead

LONDON, May 15.—The death at the front of Lord De Freyne and of his brother, the Hon. George Philip French is announced. Lord De Freyne came into the public eye in 1905 when as Hon. Arthur Reginald French he resigned his post in the British army and went to the United States and enlisted as a private in the army there. He was born in 1879.

METROPOLITAN BLOCK DAMAGED BY FIRE

Fire Broke Out in Johnstone's Academy—Flames and Water Did Considerable Damage—Excellent Work by the Firemen and Others

At 10.30 this morning a fire broke out in the Metropolitan Block, situated on the corner of Front and Campbell streets, and at first it was feared the building was doomed to destruction. The fire brigade, however, with the assistance of two well-directed streams from hose in the Y.M.C.A. building adjoining, confined the flames to the southeast portion of the third storey, where the flames originated. The brigade deserve much credit for the manner in which they directed their efforts in checking the onward march of the devouring element. When the firemen arrived upon the scene flames were issuing from the southeast windows of the building on Campbell street, and dense volumes of smoke were pouring out of the windows and the mansard roof. In a brief space of time four streams were pouring tons of water into the building, and the firemen were soon rewarded in their efforts by the fire being under control. Considerable damage was done to the upper portion of the block by fire whilst water did much damage.

The fire originated in an apartment known as the "kitchen" in connection with Prof. Johnstone's dancing academy. At the time the proprietor was about the hall and had started a fire in an ordinary coal oil stove. The stove exploded, and in an incredibly short time the room was a mass of flames and extended to the ball room proper. In an endeavor to check the flames Prof. Johnstone was quite severely burned about the hands and forehead. His eyebrows were singed off and the hair of his head was also singed. His injuries were such as to require medical attention. In the meantime the flames went upward, and worked their way into the mansard roof. The fire, fortunately, did not damage the dancing hall to any extent, but the quantity of water poured into the building had the effect of warping the floor.

On the second floor Mrs. Col. Campbell's apartments were flooded with water, doing much damage to her furnishings. Adjoining is Miss Emberson's class room, and the contents were damaged. Water did some damage to Clute & Shorey's law office on the second floor, but this was not extensive.

On the ground floor at the front is the Bank of Commerce. Everything valuable was removed and the vault doors closed at the outbreak of the fire. The only damage resulting was from water, which came through the ceiling. Work was resumed as usual shortly after the fire was subdued.

In the rear part of the ground floor the Canadian Consolidated Rubber Company occupied apartments. The company had a considerable stock, consisting of trunks, valises, boots, etc., and much of it was removed. The remainder of the stock was damaged to some extent by water.

The building is owned by Col. Lazier, of this city, and was erected some years ago. It is a large three-storey building with a mansard roof. The damage by fire and water will probably amount to between $1,500 and $2,000.

Prof. Johnstone had some insurance upon his electric organ and other paraphernalia. His loss is not covered by insurance.

The loss sustained by Mrs. Campbell and others upon effects damaged by water is covered by insurance, as is also the damage done to the rubber company's stock and the bank premises.

NOTES.

It was for a short time a stubborn fire, but it was stubbornly fought and subdued.

Much credit is due to those who directed the streams from the Y.M.C.A. building.

Whilst the fire was at its height several hundred citizens were interested spectators.

Chief Brown and his able fire-fighters certainly did good work in checking what at first threatened to be a disastrous blaze.

FRENCH VICTORIES AT LORRAINE AND ARRAS

Supported by French and Belgians the French Have Occupied Steensraate

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 16—A despatch from Paris reports that the French have made another notable advance in Lorraine. North of Arras the enemy abandoned several lines of trenches last night, being unable to withstand the French artillery fire. At Ypres the French, supported by the Canadians, and Belgians, have occupied a part of Steenstraate on the west bank of the Yser canal.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 16—A despatch from Northern France reports some advance by the British and the capture of several guns at Ypres. An advance by the French at Lovette is also reported.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 17.—A French column under Colonel Mayer has occupied the post of Esoka, in the German colony of Kamerun, Africa. The post was captured after a brilliant flank attack, with heavy German, and light French losses.

(Canadian Press Special)

Nothing new to the north of Arras, where it is raining with the exception of extremely violent artillery duel in the region of Lorette and Sanguinary, and the checking in this same vicinity of four counter attacks on the part of the Germans.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 17.—Military observers regard the British advance northeast of Labrassee as a genuine break of the German line, which, if maintained must mean retreat for a considerable section of the invader's forces.

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, May 17.—The German official statement admits that north of Ypres and west of canal near Steenstrete and Hetsas the Germans yesterday gave up advanced positions and withdrew forces to positions east of Bank Canal, under pressure of heavy artillery fire.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 17.—(Afternoon's official statement.) In the region of Hetsas we have continued to make progress. Yesterday evening we occupied a house strongly defended by the enemy and on the east bank canal, took possession of first German line, making at the same time 145 prisoners and capturing four machine guns. A counter attack on the part of the enemy was a complete failure.

Revolution In Portugal

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 17.—A Lisbon despatch says absolute calm prevailed yesterday in the Portuguese capital.

(Canadian Press Special)

A Madrid despatch says the shelling of Lisbon by mutinous warships has caused immense damage. Many people have been killed in the streets.

(Canadian Press Special)

LISBON, May 17.—The Revolutionary forces have been successful, and the Government is presided over by Joao Chagas. The casualties in Friday's fighting were 67 killed and three hundred wounded. There were many casualties on Saturday also

Boat Taken From Germans

Cunarder Pollentia Was Captured by British When They Attacked Kamerun

MONTREAL, May 15.—When the Cunarder Pollentia came into Shed No. 12 last night at 9.20 o'clock under the command of Captain Gibbs, this port received the first it has seen of those steamers which became British since the war started, through being captured from the Germans. Captain Gibbs was very reticent when questioned as to the truth of a story, emanating from a Halifax newspaper, that the vessel had been bought from the Cameroons after being taken by the British in the couse of the operations of the expiditionary force, by which the territory was taken from the Germans. The story goes and the captain did not deny it, that the Germans sank a number of vessels across the river to keep out the British, but that most of these vessels have since been raised and were being put in commission again. The Pollentia was one of the boats which took refuge up the river behind the sunken boat barricade. The name was changed after the transfer, and the vessel has answered the helm as well or better than when it fleflw the flag of the Kaiser.

The Pollentia has been in Halifax for a week after a trip from Liverpool in which very rough weather was encountered. On the way here the vessel spent twelve hours in ploughing through field and hummocky ice off Prince Edward Island. There was no ice coming through the Straits of Canso.

Canadian Forces To Take Horses

Will be Prepared for the Cavalry Fighting When the Time Comes

OTTAWA May 15.—While it is quite probable that the cavalry regiments now training throughout Canada will go to the front as infantry, no orders have been received to discontinue the sending forward of horses. Many British cavalry regiments fought all winter in the trenches, their mounts being left in the forests.

The Strathcona Horse the Royal Canadian Dragoons, and the King Edward Horse, which recently left England to fight as infantry, took their horses with them. It is altogether likely that a similar plan will be followed in regard to the Canadian mounted infantry regiments should they be utilized as infantry.

While there is little opportunity for the mounted wing of the army to do efficient work on the west front at the present time, a break in the German line at any point, compelling a general or partial retirement, would at once change the situation and the cavalry would at once be required to pursue and harass the enemy. For that reason every cavalry regiment which goes forward is likely to be accompanied by its full complement of horses.

NEW TYPES OF WARSHIPS

British Vessels Expected to Prove Decisive Factors in Near Future

GLASGOW, May 15.—That the shipyards on the Clyde are turning out several fighting ships of entirely new types which are expected to prove decisive factors both in the North Sea and in the Dardanelles, was revealed in an address made to a meeting of business men here by Captain J. J. Barttelot of the Admiralty Office. In urging the necessity of recruiting several thousand skilled workmen for the shipbuilding works, he said:

"Our main concern up here and on the Clyde is the fleet. These yards are building ships of new sypes and great issues depend on their arriving at their stations.

"To get these ships ready there are wanted many more men, especially iron workers. In order to beat the enemy we shall have to pool the whole of our resources of skilled labor and put them on Government work. This will mean a very considerable displacement of labor, but I feel confident, by the readiness with which the representatives of the employers and men have come together that the efforts will be sucessful

"Many firms have already most willingly met my request to divert men from their work to other firms engaged on Government work, and the representatives of the boiler makers and other trades have also given me assistance. But the transference must be done on a larger scale. Transfer of men naturally involved financial loss through inability of firms to carry on contracts, but the Government will arrange suitable compensation in these cases."

The Belleville Stabbing Affray

Prisoner Sent to Jail This Morning for Thirty Days

Alexander Thomas Gilmore was this morning before the magistrate charged with stabbing Ernest Childs, a member of the 39th Battalion. The affair took place on May first. According to Childs, both were intoxicated, and in his own words "I just saw him coming across the room with a knife in his hand. I made a rush to take it away from him and slipped. He struck me twice then I remember nothing until the next morning."

As Gilmore was under the influence of liquor at the time, his sentence was not extreme; 30 days hard labor, dating from May 11th.

He was warned by Magistrate Masson that if he appeared again he would be charged with wounding with intent to kill, and likely get a term of 10 to 14 years.

Wonderful Feat Of an Airman

British Airman, Hanging Head Downward, Kept His Nerve and Saved His Life

LONDON, May 16.—The British eyewitness says: "One of our airmen had a thrilling experience. He was alone, in a single-seated aeroplane, in pursuit of a German machine. While trying to reload his machine gun he lost control of the steering geer, and the aeroplane turned upside down. The belt around his waist happened to be loose, and the jerk of the machine almost threw him out, but he saved himself by catching hold of the rear centre strut. The belt slipped down his legs while he hung thus head downward, making desperate efforts to disentangle his legs, and the aeroplane fell from a height of 8,000 feet to about 2,500, spinning round and round like falling lead.

"At last he managed to free his legs and reach the control lever with his feet. He then succeeded in righting the machine, which had turned slowly over, completing the loop, whereupon he slid into his seat."

King Broke Rule

In Striking off German and Austrian Royalties

LONDON, May 14.—The striking off of the Kaiser, the Crown Prince and other German and Austrian royalties from the roll of the Order of the Garter by King George was precipitated by the action of the peers, who are members of the Garter. After the sinking of the Lusitania a committee, consisting of the Duke of Portland, the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Rosebery, Lord Crewe, and Lord Lansdowne, representing the English peers belonging to the order, petitioned the King to remove the Teutonic members from the order, intimating to His Majesty that unless this was done all the English K.G.'s would resign.

Under the rule of the order, no member can be struck off the roll without a special convocation, at which the member whom it is proposed to strike off can be heard in his defence. The King, as sovereign of the order, his taken upon himself to break this rule.

NINETY EXPLOSIVE SHELLS A MINUTE

The following postcard has been received from Lance-Corp. Edgar Slater, of the Queen's Own, who was wounded at Langemarck:

Versailles, April 15, 1915

Dear Dad.—I sent Ethel a card stating that I was wounded. I am in a British hospital here in Versailles, but they tell me I will be nearly healed up in a week or so. I got shrapnel on the head and face, also rather bad on the right hand and wrist, and a couple on the left hand. Some of the wounds are already healed. We were in the four day's fight and I got mine the last afternoon, about 4 o'clock. It was the nearest immitation of Hell I ever saw or ever hope to see again. We were getting 90 high explosive shells a minute all around us. My mail will be forwarded here by my sergeant.

Among the space saving household novelties is a folding wash tub which may be fastened against collapsing when filled with water.

The opal is the only gem not successfully counterfeited.

ITALY STILL ON FENCE WILL DECIDE TO-DAY

It is Believed That Roumania Is About to Strike at Austria in Concert With Italy—Warlike Attitude of Italians

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 17.—It is reported that 47 women were killed and over 300 injured when a mob which burned an Austrian flag at Triests was charged by gendarmes and the women fought stubbornly.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 17.—The return to power in Italy of the Salandra Government with its policy intact and enormously strengthened by public support is accepted in England as confirming the belief that Italy will enter the war on the side of the allies.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 17.—An effigy of the German emperor was insulted, pelted with missiles, and finally burned by a crowd amid frantic excitement.

(Canadian Press Special)

A despatch from Rome states that large numbers of German and Austrian troops have been detached from the armies along the Carpathians and massed on the Roumanian border. It is believed in Berlin that Roumania is about to strike at Austria in concert with Italy.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 17.—It is expected that the stand Italy will take will be decided at a meeting of Ministers called by Premier Salandra for this morning.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 17.—A Rome despatch says the announcement that Premier Salandra will retain office is taken by the people to mean that Italy will declare war. The riots have subsided.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

This morning's list of casualties in the 2nd Battalion is a very heavy one. The great majority of names, however are among the missing and there is the probility of their having been taken prisoners.

Second Battalion: Killed in action—Pte. Walter G. Strudwick, Sudbury, Ont.; Pte. H. R. Hattan (formerly 12th Battalion), St. Joseph de Levis, Que.; Pte. Cecil D. O. Owens, St. Boniface, Man.; Pte. Michael Fox, Sheenboro', Que.; Pte. Peter Nord, Canco, Minn.; Pte. Charles Frederick Case, Steelton, Ont.; Pte. Edward Prosser, Toronto.

Died of Wounds—Lance-Corp. Joseph S. Marchant, Montreal.

Pte. David George Cooper, Steelton, Ont.

Wounded and Missing—Pte. Mike Narlock, Renfrew; Pte. G. C. New, Carleton Place; Pte. Arthur Harraling Ontario; Corp. John Gourlay, Soo. Ont.; Pte. Alfred J. Macdonald, Sydenham, Ont.; Lance-Corp. M. J. Jenkins, Providence, R.I.; Pte. Archibald G. Franks, Soo. Mich.

Wounded—Pte. John Farquharson, Huntley, Ont.

Wounded and supposed Prisoner—Pte. Thomas J. Smith, Portsmouth, Ont.; Pte. Richard Gardnes, Maniwaki, Que.

MISSING

In the list of casualties issued today appears the following as amongst the missing of the 2nd Battalion:

Privates Burnwell Hicks of Trenton, G. W. Hicks, Trenton; Howard Sisson, Marmora, E. G. Smith Canifton; Wm. E. Head, Picton; Helvin G. Herrington, Napanee; Ernest G Tuttle, Picton; ames Redden, Campbellofrd; S. Young Picton and Heineman of Picton.

(Canadian Press Special)

Casualties issued at four o'clock this morning:

Second Battalion: Missing—Pte. Roy Halane, (formerly 9th), Olds, Alta.; Pte. Grant Anthonia, Haight, Wellington; Pte. Albert Hickman (formerly ninth), Edmonton; Pte. A. Ruben Pickon; Pte. W. H. Nolan, St. Catharines; Pte. David Chas. Wein, (formerly ninth) Crediton; Pte. Ross Steele, (formerly ninth) Edmonton; Pte. Parlane Mcfarlane, Oshawa; Pte. Frank Potter, Strathcona, Alta. Pte. Scurr Leyton, England; Pte. Andrew Nicolson, Blind River; Pte. Louis Sonseim, (formerly 9th) Edmonton; Pte. Samuel Sproule (formerly ninth) Edmonton; Pte. John Paton (formerly 9th) Edmonton; Pte. Angus McKay, Blind River; Pte. Edward Perssons, (formerly 9th) Pine Creek, Ont.

OTTAWA, May 17.—The Canadian casualties so far reported since the battle of Langemarck total 4,792, and include 680 killed, 3,208 wounded and 904 missing.

U.S. Army and Navy Preparing

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 17.—President Wilson this morning reviewed a land parade of six thousand sailors, marines and militia, and later in the day will review a fleet of sixty-four battleships, destroyers, submarines, and auxiliary craft. It is the most powerful fleet ever assembled at American ports.

Russians Rout The Austrians

Capture 30,000 Prisoners—Berlin and Vienna Despatches Claim Successes Against the Russians

(Canadian Press Special)

PETROGRAD, May 17.—It is officially announced that during the Russian offensive in Eastern Galicia, they captured thirty thousand Austrians, and forced the remainder to retreat in disorder across the Pruth.

On the fourteenth the Russians captured Nadwoorne after great struggle. In Courtland the Russian offensive is progressing favorably.

(Canadian Press Special)

Berlin despatches claim the recapture of Jaroslu, Galicia, from the Russians.

A Vienna despatch reports successes against the Russians at several points.

Baby Killers at Work Again

(Canadian Press Special)

CALAIS, May 17.—Zeppelins flew over Calais last night, dropping bombs in various quarters. Two children were killed and one woman injured.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 17.—The Admiralty announces that a German dirigible which raided Ramsgate yesterday morning was pursued by aeroplanes and apparently was seriously damaged off Nieuport, Belgium. The airship was attacked by eight naval machines and four bombs were dropped from two hundred feet above. A large column of smoke was seen to come from the compartment. There were no casualties among the attackers.

Massacre Of Armenians

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 17.—Six thousand Armenians have been massacred at Van in Armenia, Asiatic Turkey, according to a despatch received in official quarters, London, from the Russian consul at Urumiah, Persia, dated May 15th.

Allies' Aviators Do Great Damage

(Canadian Press Special)

GENEVA, May 17.—Information received here states that the allies's aviators inflicted damages of over two million dollars on Strandburg tanneries, working on material for the German army.

WEALTHY BUFFALO MAN DIES

(Canadian Press Special)

BUFFALO, May 17.—Seymour H. Knox, Vice-President of the F. W. Woolworth Company, one of the wealthiest men of the country, died here.

Magistrate Jeffs, Hamilton, fined Reginald Millen $100 for driving a motor car while drunk. The car turned over on him last night.

3 Items Worth While 3

LADIES' GLOVES

1000 pairs Ladies' and Children's Gloves, in Silk, Lisle, Lace and various other kinds, in shades black, white, tan, navy, grey, sky, etc., worth regularly 50c pair. On sale at one price, per pair,.....15c

LADIES' & MISSES' SUMMER DRESSES

100 beautiful new American Summer Dresses, in a large range of materials; dainty designs in stripes, checks, and neat floral patterns; the very latest up-to-the-minute styles, all sizes in Ladies' Dresses, 34 to 44; Misses' sizes, 14 to 18 years, selling at.....$3.25, $3.00, $1.98, $1.69, $1.50

TUNGSTEN LIGHTS

We have just received another shipment of Tungsten Lights, 25, 40, 60 watts,.....25c each

Gas Mantles, all kinds,.....25c, 15c, 10c each

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

British Gain Nearly a Mile

LONDON, May 16—The following official statement was issued by the British War Office to-night.

"The first news has made a successful attack between Richebourg l'Avoue and Festubert, breaking the German's line over the greater part of a two-mile front.

"The attack commenced at midnight to the south of Richebourg l'Avoue, where we carried our successive lines of German breastworks on a front of 1000 yards. A mile farther to the South, another attack drawn carried 1200 yards of German front-line trenches and was pushed rapidly on, extending its success 600 yards further south by bombing along the German trenches. Here we crossed the Festubert-Quinque road, and advanced nearly a mile into the German lines.

"The fighting still continues in our favor and throughout the day our brave troops have fought splendidly.

"At Ypres all has been quiet for the past 48 hours, and elsewhere on the front there is nothing to report."

LONDON, May 16.—In a battle exceeding in proportions, when the numbers of the forces and the conditions of the fighting are taken into account, anything that has taken place on the British front since the defence of Ypres last autumn, the British first army broke the German line between Richebourg l'Avoue and Festubert at midnight on the summer part of a two-mile front; and at dawn the British advancing columns pushed rapidly on and penetrated the German lines nearly a mile. This front is held for the Germans by Bavarian troops under their crown prince.

Begun at Midnight

The battle was begun Saturday midnight. It was prepared for by the secret massing of a great quantity of artillery and ammunition, and heralded by a terrific bombardment of the German lines with highly explosive shells. It took only a few minutes for the British guns to get the range and the German trenches and tumble the earth about the ears of the surviving Germans encamped.

The first point bombarded was south of Richebourg l'Avoue, near La Bassee. Two lines of German breastworks were carried by the aid of the terrific guns in a few minutes. These lines extended on a front of 800 yards, and were in two lines, both being carried after they were practically obliterated. The guns were then directed on 1200 yards of German front line trenches about a mile further south, and at dawn the bombardment began again. In a few minutes the British infantry had rushed the trenches and pushed rapidly on. By bombing other German trenches the British infantry extended their advance, pushing still further south, where they crossed Festubert-Quinque road and advanced nearly a mile into the German lines. The fighting is still being continued and is still going in favor of the British soldiers.

Throughout the day, our troops fought splendidly," reports Sir John French.

This magnificent success was won by the British first army, under the command of Sir Douglas Haig.

The British War Office also reports that all has been quiet at Ypres in the last 48 hours and there has been nothing of importance to announce on the other part of the British front.

Of the fighting, early British official reports record the German losses as very high, mounting up in the thousands.

The German official version of this success is that the British launched an attack south of Lille and were repulsed at all but two points, where fighting was still proceeding.

WAR IS OVER FOR JOHNSON

Negro Boxer Says He's at Peace First Time in Several Years

PARIS, May 14—Jack Johnson now is a naval attraction to soldiers on the boulevards. Asked if he came here to go to the front, he replied: "Nay, for me war is over. I am at peace the first time in several years." His interviewer said: "Anyway, your name goes down in war history for big German shells are called Jack Johnsons." Jack replied: "Wasn't I in history before this war?"

Asked what he intended to do he said: "I have been invited to be athletic director for a gentleman's club in Havana. I might go there and open a cafe as a side line. It certainly is one of the best good towns, but on the way here I stopped in Spain to see bullfights. Fine sport, man, I certainly felt I wanted my time at prize-fighting. These bullfighters are busy all the time and make more money than world's champions, so maybe I will be a bullfighter."

Asked about the Willard fight Johnson said: "That guy ain't no fighter, but you can't beat him. Why, man, he's got a reach from here way over there." Jack pointed at buildings across the boulevard.

Troops Ordered to London, Ont.

LONDON, Ont., May 14.—Orders issued today call for the concentration here on May 29, of the Thirty-Fourth Battalion, now training at Guelph, the Seventh Mounted Rifles, and the Thirty-Third Battalion. Heavy drafts for overseas service are expected to be made shortly.

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Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

The battalion in this city is divided into two portions; 500 at the barracks and 500 on Zwick's Island.

Mr. J. E. McCorkell, Lieut. 39th Battalion, Belleville, is the recipient of a beautifully engraved gold watch from his former employer, Mr. D. G. Hecker, 43rd, sister, and a fountain pen from the Queen City Oil Co. staff of Belleville.

KINGSTON

The re is the keenest competition between A., B., C., D., sub-sections of "C" Battery, R.C.H.A., for the prize to be given for the best harness, groomed horses and stables. Every man was working hard this morning for the prize and the appearance of their equipment could not be beaten by any battalion of the crack Imperial Guards.

Lieut. Dewey had been made quartermaster of the C.A.S.C. in camp and will have charge of the supplies and the canteen.

This morning the R.S.A. officers taking the course, assembled the thirteen pound gun which was taken to pieces some days ago.

On Friday night about forty men turned out to drill in response to the invitation of the 14th Regiment, in the Armouries. Major Mills had charge of the parade and Capt. Mahood, Capt. Craig, Lieut. d'Esterre, and Lieut. Kinnear were present. After the short drill, the men were given shooting for a half-hour.

Col. Ogilvie is expected back from Ottawa on Monday. The Colonel went to the Capital on Monday for the purpose of examining applicants for admission to the R.M.C.

No official word has been received regarding Barriefield camp, and it is hardly expected that it will arrive before Monday. This will mean that camp will not be opened for another week, at least. The tents of the C.A.S.C., Queen's Engineers and the C.O.C., with the pay corps are all up, and the administration building is ready for occupation.

Recruiting has been ordered all over the Division, and it is said a new overseas battalion will be organized at once.

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance.

Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.

F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

VAGRANT DISCHARGED

Albert Watson was this morning before Magistrate Mawson charged with vagrancy. He was discharged.

CHARGE OF WOUNDING

The case of Thomas J. Hull of Point Anne, charged with feloniously wounding Isaac Claus, has been enlarged until to-morrow.

VISITING HIS PARENTS

Pte. Harry Walker of the Molson's Bank, Montreal, is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Walker, John street, on his way back from Niagara-on-the-Lake, where he has been in camp with the McGill Contingent, C.O.T.C.

DEATH OF BUSINESS MAN

Mr. J. D. Tully, a well known and highly respected resident of Picton, died on Saturday after an extended illness. Deceased was 61 years of age and was born in England. For the past 30 years he had been in the drug business in Peterboro', Mr. Tully was in religion a Presbyterian, and was a member of the Masonic and Oddfellows Societies. Besides his wife one son and one daughter survive. The son, Mr. Victor Tully, is a partner of Mr. J. A. McFee of this city.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

In the Sunday School Basketball League St. Andrews defeated John St. on Friday night by the score of 27-19. This Friday night John St. meet the Baptist, and St. Andrews St. Michaels.

Jack Maughan of Toronto, member of the Central Y.M.C.A., is visiting with his friend W. W. Allison. He has given some splendid demonstrations of swimming, especially the Australian crawl stroke.

Camp Oak Crest will be held July 30 to 20th, three weeks. This will be the best camp ever held from present indications.

METHODIST SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY

Bridge Street Methodist Church was the scene of special anniversary services yesterday, the first Sunday School in the city was organized by this congregation. For many years it has not only been the foremost church in Sunday School work in the city, but one of the foremost churches in this work throughout the Dominion.

Under the splendid and enthusiastic management of the late William Johnson, the reputation of this school became world wide, and its splendid organization has done much for the young people of the city of Belleville.

Under the management of His Honor Judge Deroche the good work has gone on and every one was delighted with the results of yesterday's anniversary. The children in their pretty dresses and with smiling faces promptly gathered in the morning and the members of the Sabbath School were assembled in the main part of the church, the graduates sitting behind the altar rail.

Miss M. Jones is the superintendent of the primary department, from which the graduates come. The graduates were Miss Edith Vallance, Miss Ellen Earle, Miss Kathleen Anderson, Miss Ruby Lattimer, Miss Mildred Hagerman Arnott and Jimmy Biggs. The scholars were honor graduates, having contributed to memory extra work and received each a medal. The addresses presented by Miss Mary Yeomans, who had charge of this department for a number of years and whose name will ever stand among the foremost in the work of the primary department of Bridge Street Methodist Church School.

The other graduates were Miss Gertrude Lozier, Miss Grace Gilbert, Miss Ruby Lattimer, Miss Hazel Fargo James, Master Jack Deacon and Master Munro Merriman.

The splendid work of these graduates was not only appreciated by the congregation. The Beginners Department Class is under the superintendency of Mrs. Fred Wilkie, assisted by Miss Keith Sheffield, Miss Phyllis Bogart and Miss Cora Clark. The scholars promoted from this Department were Master Ivan Lattimer, Miss Margaret Stewart, Miss Ruby Morden, Miss Marion Wiseman, Master Spencer Wiseman, Master William Deroche, Master James McCarthy, and Master Teddy Biggs.

The beginners recited the Apostles' Creed, the Lord's Prayer, while the graduates recited more advanced work. The ceremony was interspersed with class recitations and kindergarten work. The address to the school was given by the pastor, Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D., and was a splendid one.

In the afternoon the Business Men's Bible Class joined the school, and the spacious school rooms were filled. The address was delivered by the superintendent, Judge Deroche, which was responded to by Mr. F.A.E. O'Flynn the teacher of the Business Men's Bible Class, and who for many years was a popular superintendent in the school. Mr. Turner Lock gave an address on the Public and Sabbath Schools of Germany, and his little daughter sang two German songs, one the national anthem of Germany, but, having been prisoners in Germany and having been persecuted and, ill-treated, indeed of singing the national anthem, they changed the words (of course all over all), they sang "Deutschland Unter Alles" (Germany under all). The services were interspersed with splendid class singing and closed with the benediction by the pastor.

In the evening the platform meeting was held which was addressed by His Honor Judge Deroche and by Mr. Elmer Luck, who was at one time a member of Mr. O'Flynn's Young Men's Bible Class and attended the school for some years. His address in the evening on "Religious Life in Germany" was appreciated by an interested audience. Splendid music was furnished by the choir throughout the day under the leadership of Prof. Cameron, and the quartette in the evening, "Jesus Lover of My Soul," was particularly well rendered.

The members of the Bridge street congregation are properly proud of their school and their children, and we are glad to see that it is still going forward in the good work.

Ottawa, May 12—On May 1, from statistics just announced, Canada had 108,766 men under arms, including those at the front, on guard in various parts of the country and in training for service. By midsummer the number is expected to total 150,000.

The shaft in d new cgg dcnter has only a vertical motion and is claimed to do away with the less exacting circular rotary devices.

RAVAGES IN BELGIUM ORDERED FROM BERLIN

Tae Official Report of the Government Committee Produces an Abundance of Evidence to Substantiate Its Charges

(Continued from Saturday)

It in Saturday's issue there were published the conclusions drawn by the British commission, of which Viscount Bryce was the head, on the alleged inhuman acts committed by the Germans in Belgium. The committee found the charges more than proved. These acts are hardly believeable but they are supported by the strongest evidence, and cannot but be believed. The detailed statement of the testimony of some of the witnesses is continued today.

The conclusions of the committee as to the various detailed recitals are as follows:

A Summary

"We may now sum up and endeavor to explain the character and significance of the wrongful acts done by the German army in Belgium.

"If a line is drawn on a map from the Belgium frontier to Liege and continued to Charleroi, and a second line drawn from Liege to Malines, a sort of figure resembling a right angle will be former. It is along this Y that most most of the systematic (as opposed to isolated outrages were committed. In the period from August 4 to August 29 is taken it will be found to cover most of these sustained outrages. Termonder and Alost extent, it is true, follow the Y lines and they belong to the month of September. Murder, rape, arson began and pillage from the first moment when the German army crossed the frontier. For the first fortnight of the war the line of the German march Liege were the chief sufferers. From August 19th to the end of the month outrages spread in the fan formed by Charleroi and Malines and reach their period of greatest intensity. There is no exaggeration in the fact that all the outrages around Liege coincide with the unexpected resistance of the Belgian army in that district, and that the slaughter which reigned from August 15 to the end of the month is contemporaneous with the first advance of the German army's need for a quick passage through Belgium at all costs to the invasion of France.

"Here let a distinction be drawn between two classes of outrages.

Brutality

"Individual acts of brutality—ill-treatment of civilians, rape, plunder, and the like—were widely committed. These are more numerous and more shocking than would be expected in warfare between civilized Powers, but they differ rather in extent than in kind from what has happened in previous though not recent wars.

"In all wars occur many shocking acts of inhumanity and acts of men of criminal instincts whose worst passions have been unloosened by the immunity which the conditions of warfare afford. Drunkenness, rape, and plunder even a soldier who has no crimin habits into a brute, who may commit every crime which would then be self be shocked in his sober moments, and there is evidence that intoxication was deliberately encouraged among the German army both in Belgium and in France, for plenty of wine was to be found in the villages and evacuated houses which were pillaged. Many of the worst outrages appear to have been perpetrated by men under the influence of drink. Unfortunately little seems to have been done to repress this source of danger.

"In the present war, however—and this is the gravest charge against the German army and the strongest evidence that the killing of non-combatants was carried out to an extent for which no parallel can be found between civilized nations—is to be civilized for such cases as the atrocities perpetrated by the Turks on the Armenian Christians in 1876, and on the Armenian Christians in 1895and 1896, do not belong to that category) from the beginning. That this killing was done as part of a deliberate plan is clear from the facts herein before set forth regarding Louvain, Aerschot, Dinant, and other towns. The killing was done under orders in each place. It began at a certain time, and the name of the officers who carried out the work did it reluctantly, and said they were obeying directions from their chiefs. The same remarks apply to the destruction of property. House burning was part of the program, and villages, even large parts of a city were given to the flames as part of the terrorizing policy.

"Citizens of neutral states who visited Belgium in December and January report that the German authorities do not deny that non-combatants were systematically killed in large numbers during the first weeks of the invasion, and this, so far as we know, has never been officially denied. If it were denied, the flight and continued voluntary exile of thousands of Belgian refugees would go far to contradict a denial; for there is no historical parallel in modern times for the flight of a large part of a nation before an invader.

Military Necessity

"The German Government have, however, sought to justify their severities on the grounds of military necessity and have excused them as retaliation for cases in which civilians fired on German troops. There may have been cases in which such firing occurred, but no proof has ever been given, and to our knowledge, attempted to be given, of such cases, nor of the existence of shocking outrages perpetrated by Belgian men and women on German soldiers."

Referring to a statement by the Chancellor of the German Empire on a former occasion that the Belgians had committed outrages on the German soldiers the committee says:

"No evidence whatever seems to have been adduced to prove this, and though there may be cases in which individual Belgians fired on the German, the statement that the whole civilian population of Belgium was called out, is utterly opposed to the fact.

"An invading army may be entitled to shoot at sight a civilian caught red-handed, or anyone who though not caught red-handed is properly guilty on inquiry. But this was not the practice followed by the German troops. They do not seem to have made any inquiry. They seized the civilians of the village indiscriminately and killed them, or such as they selected from among them without the least regard to guilt or innocence. The mere crime 'Civilians when hostes geschossen' was enough to hand over a whole village or district and even outlying places to ruthless slaughter.

"We gladly record the instances where the evidence shows that humanity has not wholly disappeared from some members of the German army, and that they realize that the responsible heads of that organization was employing men not in war but in butchery; 'I am merely executing orders and I should be shot if I did not execute them,' said an officer of the Uhlans at Louvain. At Brussels another officer says: 'I have not done one-hundredth part of what we have been ordered to do by the High German Military authorities.'

Irresistible Evidence

"That these acts should have been committed during the peaceful population of an unoffending country which is not at war with its invaders, but merely defending its own neutrality, guaranteed by the invading power, may excite amazement and even incredulity. It was with amazement and almost with incredulity that the committee first read the depositions relating to such acts. But when the evidence regarding Liege was followed by that

Continued on Page Six

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Tarragon Vinegar, bottles 20c
Anchovy Paste, jars 20c
Texas Onions—Silver White 5c
Grape Juice 25c
Peanut Butter
Bull Brand Pickles
Frosh Gulf Lobster ..... 18 & 25c
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) ..... 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes ..... 10 & 20c
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly 25c
Raspberry Marmalade 25c
Skinless Figs 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalades 5c
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SCHWAB HAS BOOKED $100,000,000 ORDERS

NEW YORK, May 15.—When Chas. M. Schwab returned from Europe several months ago he made the statement that war orders received by the Bethlehem Steel Co. aggregated a total of more than $50,000,000. It is now conservatively estimated that Bethlehem Steel has booked at least $100,000,000 of business in war contracts. The total, taken into consideration the work that has been sublet, is greatly in excess of that figure.

The Bethlehem Steel Works, due to inadequate capacity to meet the extraordinary demand for shrapnel, has farmed out work at millions of dollars to companies with facilities for machining shells or making shell parts.

Bethlehem has closed a contract with one company which calls for the machining of 10,000 shells a day, or 3,000,000 a year. The steel shells are forged by the Bethlehem Co. and finished by the machine company. The machine shops of the Bethlehem Co. are not capable of taking care of the vast amount of war business received.

The shrapnel contracts closed by the Bethlehem Co. are larger in the aggregate than similar contracts taken by American Locomotive, Canadian Car and Foundry and other concerns. In this connection it can be said that the Bethleham's margin of profit, due to its superior facilities is wider than that of other companies now engaged in the manufacture of shrapnel. On shells that are forged, machined and finished at the Bethlehem works, the margin of profit is greater than on work that is partly sublet.

HERRINGS ARE IMMUNE

The herring is the most astonishing of all the creatures that live beneath the water, observes the London Standard. They are not due yet on the east coast; but no one can tell whether the mighty shoals will make their appearance in the sea spaces a few miles away from Whitby or Scarborough or Grimsby. It is quite possible that they will not come back for some time but no one can say with certainity. The peculiarity of the laying of herring eggs is that the vast shoals that come close to our coast put their eggs down strickily on the rocks somewhere about twenty fathoms below the upper waves.

The ova of the codfish are the most wastefully messed-up objects in the world. The female cod throws out some 160,000 eggs and every one of them has a tiny drop of oil in it, a spot that keeps it floating; so it is common to see on the frozen edges of Newfoundland a frothy edging of rather unpleasant jelly covering the beach. The cod has floating eggs. But the herring has nothing of the kind. Its millions of spawn stick like glue to the bottom of the North Sea. If all the fleets of all the world assembled and shot off every shell that England and America could produce they would make no trouble in the herring fishery Far more destruction has been done by the liners running through the cod spawn off Newfoundland. Their propellors have cut the spawn into a dull kind of spume, and no one has ever cared; while in the North Sea every known type of fighting ship has found its way under or over the sea and has never made the slightest difference to the English fisheries. The little breeding spots are as fruitful as ever.

The might of Germany and Britain combined, if they were to sink all the bombs and shells that they could make in a century, might possibly do something toward the stopping of herrings, but it would be very little. The herring has its home in the North Sea, and it will prevail. Its spawning ground is deeper than any German submarines dare scrape. Let us hope then, that the herrings of the North Sea will swim about in their shoals very shortly, as the upper waters get warmer, just as freely as they did last year or the year before. Possibly a few of them—say a million or so—may be killed by each explosion of a big big gun. It matters little. The wide but shallow sea has its sticky eggs all over its lower spaces, and these eggs are quite capable of giving the next generation of North Sea fishermen as much work as it can do.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

The President's Note to Berlin

Full Text of President Wilson's Note to Berlin on Grave Crisis

Department of State,
Washington, May 13, 1915.

The secretary of state to the American ambassador at Berlin:

Please call on the minister of foreign affairs and after reading to him this communication leave with him a copy.

In view of the recent acts of the German authorities in violation of American rights on the high seas which culminated in the torpedoing and sinking of the British steamship Lusitania on May 7, 1915, by which over 100 American citizens lost their lives, it is clearly wise and desirable that the government of the United States and the imperial German government should come to a clear and full understanding as to the grave situation which has resulted.

The sinking of the British passenger steamer Falaba on March 28, through which Leon C. Thresher, an American citizen was drowned; the attack on April 28 on the American vessel Cushing by a German aeroplane; the torpedoing on May 1 of the American vessel Gulflight by a German submarine, as a result of which two or more American citizens met their death; and, finally, the torpedoing and sinking of the steamship Lusitania, constitute a series of events which the government of the United States has observed with growing concern, distress and amazement.

Sanction Unbelievable

Recalling the humane and enlightened attitude hitherto assumed in matters of international right, and particularly with regard to the freedom of the seas; having learned to recognize the German views and the German influence in the field of international obligation as always engaged upon the side of justice and humanity; and having understood the instructions of the Imperial German government to its naval commanders to be upon the same plane of humane action prescribed by the naval codes of other nations the government of the United States was loath to believe—it cannot now bring itself to believe—that these acts so absolutely contrary to the rules, the practices, and the spirit of modern warfare, could have the countenance or sanction of that great government.

It feels it to be its duty, therefore, to address the imperial government concerning them with the utmost frankness and in the earnest hope that it is not mistaken in expecting action on the part of the imperial German government which will correct the unfortunate impressions which have been created and vindicat once more the position of that government with regard to the sacred freedom of the seas.

Rights in America

The government of the United States has been appraised that the imperial German government considered themselves to be obliged by the extraordinary circumstances of the present war and the measures adopted by their adversaries in seeking to cut Germany off from all commerce, to adopt methods of warfare at sea, in the proclamation of a war zone from which they have warned neutral ships to keep away.

This government has already taken occasion to inform the imperial German government that it cannot admit the adoption of measures of such a warning of danger to operate as in degree and abbreviation of the rights of American ship masters or of American citizens bound on lawful errands as passengers on merchant ships of belligerent nationality; and that it must hold the imperial German government to a strict accountability for any infringement of those rights, intentional or incidental. It does not understand the imperial German government to question those rights.

It assumes, on the contrary, that the imperial German government accept, as, of course, the rule that the lives of non-combatants, whether they be of neutral citizenship or citizens of one of the nations at war, cannot lawfully or rightfully be put in jeopardy by the capture or destruction of an unarmed merchantman and recognize also, as all other nations do, the obilgation to take the usual precaution of visit and sherch to ascertain whether a suspected merchantman is in fact of belligerent nationality, or is in fact carrying contraband of war under a neutral flag.

Against Submarines

The government of the United States, therefore, desires to call the attention of the imperial German government with the utmost earnestness to the fact that the objection to their present mehods of attack against the trade of their enemies, lies in the practical impossibility of employing submarines in the destruction of commerce without disregarding those rules of fairness, reason, justice and humanity, which all modern opinion regards as imperative.

It is practically impossible for the officers of a submarine to visit a merchantman at sea and examine her papers and cargo. It is practically impossible for them to make a prize of her; and, if they cannot put a prize crew on board of her, they cannot sink her without leaving her crew and all on board on her to the mercy of the sea in her small boats.

These facts it is understood the imperial German government frankly admits. We are informed that in the instances where we have spoke time enough for even that poor measure of safety was not given and in at least two of the cases cited not so much as a warning was received. Manifestly submarines cannot be used against merchantmen as the last few weeks have shown, without an inevitable violation of many sacred principles of justice and humanity.

Within Their Rights

American citizens act within their indisputable right in taking their ships and in travelling wherever their legitimate business calls them upon the high seas, and exercise those rights in what should be the well justified confidence that their lives will not be endangered by acts done in clear violation of universally acknowledged international obligations and certainty in the confidence that their own government will sustain them in the exercise of their rights.

There was recently published in the newspapers of the United States, I regret to inform the imperial German government, a formal warning purporting to come from the imperial German embassy at Washington, addressed to the people of the United States, and stating, in effect, that any citizen of the United States who exercised his rights of free travel upon the high seas would do so at his peril if his journey should take him within the zone of waters within which the imperial German navy was using submarines against the commerce of Great Britain and France, notwithstanding the respectful but very earnest protest of this government, the government of the United States.

I do not refer to this for the purpose of calling the attention of the imperial German government at this time to the surprising irregularity of a communication from the imperial German embassy at Washington, addressed to the people of the United States through the newspapers, but only for the purpose of pointing out that no warning that an unlawful act will be committed can possibly be accepted as an excuse or palliation for that acts, or as an abatement of the responsibility for its commission.

Expects Disavowal

Long asquainted as this government has been with the character of the imperial government and with the high principles of equity by which they have in the past been actuated and guided, the government of the United States cannot believe that the commanders of the vessels which committed these acts of lawlessness did so except under a misapprehension of the order issued by the imperial German naval authorities.

It takes it for granted that, at least within the practical possibilities of every such case, the commanders even of submarines were expected to do nothing that would involve the lives of non-combatants or the safety of neutral ships, even at the cost of failing of heir object of capture or destruction.

It confidently expects therefore, that the imperial German government will disavow the acts of which the government of the United States complains, that they will make reparation so far as reparation is possible for injuries which are without measure, and that they will take immediate steps to prevent the recurrence of anything so obviously subversive of the principles of warfare for which the imperial German government have in the past so wisely and so firmly contended.

Wants Prompt Action

The government and people of the United States look to the imperial German government for just, prompt and enlightened action in this vital matter with the greater confidence because the United States and Germany are bound together not only by special ties of friendship, but also by the explicit stipulations of the treaty of 1828 between the United States and the kingdom of Prussia.

Expressions of regret and offers of reparation in case of the destruction of neutral ships sunk by mistake while they may satisfy international obligations, if no loss of life results, can not justify or excuse a practice from the natural and necessary effect of which is to subject neutral nations and neutral persons to new and immeasurable risks.

The imperial German government will not expect the government of the United States to omit any word or any act necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens and of safeguarding their free exercise and enjoyment.

BRYAN

THE STANDARD ARTICLE
SOLD EVERYWHERE
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

DEATHS.

HEINRICK—In Belleville on Monday, May 17th, Catherine Heinrick, aged 76 years, 2 months.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, 294 Coleman street, Wednesday, 19th inst., at 8.30 a.m., to St. Michael's Church. Mass at 9 o'clock. Interment, St. James' cemetery.

SMALL—On March 21st. at Clevelands., Northam, Eng., Madeline, Sarah Small, widow of the late G. E. Small of Montreal, Canada in her 84th year.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Richard Lancing, South Charles street, is confined to his bed through illness.

Mrs. James Potter and niece, Miss Lauretta Hall of Brockville, are visiting Miss Florence Curtis, 96 Chatham street, Belleville.

On Saturday evening Lt.-Col. Hambly received a cablegram from Miss M. H. Hambly, announcing her safe arrival in Plymouth, Eng.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Tickell, who formerly lived on Coleman street, have moved to 181 Charles street south.

CELEBRATION JUNE 3RD CALLED OFF

On account of the special request of the King, the Militia will be unable to parade on June 3rd, so that no celebration will be held on that date.

Will Opportunity Find You Fit?

That's the idea—fit physically—fit mentally. And it's largely a matter of right living—which includes the right kind of food.

Grape-Nuts

is not only good tasting, but contains all the nutriment of wheat and barley, including the mineral elements so vital for building sturdy bodies, brains and nerves.

Grape-Nuts is scientifically prepared for easy digestion and assimilation. A delicious, nourishing, economical food for making one "fit" and ready for opportunity.

"There's A Reason" for Grape-Nuts

MADE IN CANADA —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Added Interest To Our Great Sale

THAT WILL PROVE MOST INTERESTING.

Scores took advantage of the great values we offered and showed their appreciation of the splendid bargains by the way they were picked up. To day all lines have been filled up to make another sale for the coming days. To those who haven't been able to attend this

GREAT SALE

our word to you is come at once. We have something that will interest you and save you money. Don't delay, come at once.

We deem it a pleasure to show you these great bargains.

$4.50 to $5.00 Sateen Underskirts (late arrivals) have been placed on sale at $1.49. Come in following colors—black, green, blue, sand shade, pink and brown, beautifully made with 21 inch knife edge pleating. Great value at only **$1.49 sale price.**

Girlie's Lace and Embroidered Dresses, neatly made for girls 6 to 14 years, great value at **$1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. Be sure to see these.**

Girlie's Gingham, Percales and Light colored goods, neatly made, **25c. up.** These are all marked at startling prices. Some new lines added.

$1.25 to $1.50 Ladies' House Dresses. Sale price .... **79c.**

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!

Innocent pleasure for all. Buy your supply here, fresh and nice, with a number of special features added to the old time delights.

Be sure to buy your flags here. Prices range at **1c, 5c, 10c** and up.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

THE NON-PARTY CRY.

The chicanery and hypocrisy which characterize the utterances of leaders of the Liberal party, and of the Liberal press, are so transparent that intelligent readers are not likely to be mislead; yet the unsuspecting and less informed may be deceived as to what the real facts are. Such has, in the past, been the tactics of the Liberals, and will, unfortunately, not in the interest of truth, be continued. The party—no, not the party, but its leaders, revel in it, hence it will be continued.

Let's have peace, harmony and love, and no partyism during the war, is their seductive cry, and in the same breath indulge in virulent party utterances, in condemnation of the Government in the hope that some of it will have effect.

The Kingston Whig, as a rule, is less blameable in this respect than many of its fellow workers in Gritism, is now taking its contemporaries to task for daring to combat the hollow pretences of holy horror at the prospect of an early election indulged in by the Liberal press, and such leaders as the Hon. George P. Graham, et al.

It reasons that because "the present Parliament will cease to be, "the period for which it was elected having expired in October, "1916," there should be no general election, and then asks, "What of that?" Adding,

"The Government of Ottawa has not been cured of its political jobbery with respect to the war, and it will be punished for them in due time. It does not matter when the elections occur. The political war can be deferred. The war which concerns the eternal welfare of the country cannot."

Canada, the Whig knows, can do nothing of the kind. She is governed under a written constitution England is not so restricted, and can of its own free will, by a change of a clause in the law, defer an election indefinitely. Canada can only do so by asking the Imperial Government to amend the Confederation Act. The Whig, we venture the opinion, knows this. The fact is, the Liberal party is afraid of an election, knowing well what the result would be.

Notwithstanding the challenge of Carvell and Graham that while denouncing an election at the present time, they and their party pretend to court it, as evidence of the non-partyism of our Kingston contemporary it indulges in the following denunciation:

As evidence of the non-partyism of our Kingston contemporary it indulges in the following denunciation:

"The Imperial Parliament will finish "its course this year, but there will not "be an election. There is no doubt of "that. The parties in Britain will "agree to an extension of time, and it "can be accomplished by a short act "to which general consent will be given. Canada can fittingly follow the "example of the Mother Country."

Not a particle of evidence has been produced to show that any member of the Government has been guilty of "political jobbery with respect to the war." It is true that middlemen, grafters and manipulators, of both parties, did take advantage of the rush made for war supplies to manipulate their tenders in such a way as to secure inordinate and illegal profits, but no Minister of the Grown has been shown to have been in any way a party to such frauds. On the contrary, the members of the Government, led by the Hon. Dr. Reid, Minister of Customs, were the most active members on the public accounts committee in ferreting out the guilty parties, with the intention of making them disgorge, which some of them have done, dismissing a Grit civil servant for having lent himself to a certain extent to the extortionists in the manipulation of their tenders, while others of a like kind are living in fear of a like fate.

Further, the Whig knows, and so does its party, that the Premier, from his seat in Parliament, denounced two of his supporters for their transactions in connection with the purchase of war supplies. Why, then, lay the crime of fraud at the door of the Government as such?

Frauds of a similar character to those practised in Canada occurred in England since the present war began, but no member of His Majesty's Opposition in England or the Conservative press, descended to partyism to the extent of accusing the Premier of England or his Government with being parties to contractors' frauds. That is left to Liberalism in Canada.

As evidence of non-partyism on the part of Liberals, who are protesting so vehemently against an election in war time, the Liberal organization is inundating the constituencies with literature intended to undermine the Borden Government.

"The output of Opposition pamphlets, leaflets and posters continues at full flood. Two election posters in course of preparation are about 30 inches wide and about 15 inches deep. One half represents Canada under Laurier, before 1911, with the full dinner pail, and the other half—Canada under Borden, after 1911, with the empty dinner pail. A figure of a workman is shown in each case, that under Laurier showing a happy smile and contented, while on the opposite side of the poster, the Conservative workman has a sour face and a disgruntled expression. Around each figure are suspended mottoes—"Laurier and Economy," "Careful Administration of Finances," "Low Taxes," and "British Preference," while around the other figure are shown mottoes—"Reckless Expenditure," "Mismanagement of Finances," "Graft," and similar expressions.

"The other poster represents a funnel with several feeders representing the new taxes, one the Drug and Medicine Tax, another the Transportation Tax, another the Postage Stamp Tax, and the remainder the special taxes that are imposed at this time. At the bottom of the funnel are shown members of the Cabinet, standing with shovels, Mr. Rogers, Mr. Cochrane and Mr. White in the foreground with the Prime Minister in the background, and the principal figures are shovelling what is represented to be the revenue, into sacks, labelled "War graft," "Armouries," "Salaries for new appointees," "Unnecessary public works." Each of these posters displays a carefully prepared misrepresentation of the political and economic situation which will scarcely beguile any intelligent elector. No wonder the Liberal press shrinks from the "frightful" campaign upon which the Opposition leaders have determined."

How is that for partyism? The answer is—all lies.

FREE INSTITUTIONS.

This is what we boast of. We, the electors, tax ourselves, hence we cannot find fault with absolutism in this particular; hence in the language of the Montreal Star, "It is cold comfort to be told there will "be a shortage of over two and a "half million dollars for the admin-"istration of the city in 1916, and "that all we can do is to face the "situation bravely."

This appears to be the fate of Montreal, under municipal government. "'The whole miserable situation,'' continues the Star, "has "been brought about by wanton and "suspicious extravagance." The total estimated revenue of Montreal for 1916 is put down at $13,000,000, a larger sum than in the past was required to govern some of the Provinces.

How is this $13,000,000 to be expended? The Star says $4,700,000 is required to pay interest upon the city's indebtedness; $4,250,000 to pay salaries, and $2,000,000 for schools.

Self-government, under our democratic system, costs money, which is realized when the tax gatherer knocks at the front door.

Is Montreal alone, in municipal extravagance? Not at all, though it is doubtful whether there is a municipality in the Dominion that can excel it in that particular. Nearly every municipality is guilty to a certain extent. Not the least among them are corporations in the west.

Those who govern our Cities, Towns, Villages and Counties should make a note of it, and govern themselves accordingly.

Fancy $4,250,000 to pay city officials' salaries in a city of the population of Montreal, and that, too, out of a revenue of only $13,000,000! It may be uncharitable to even think it, but it looks very much like graft, or over-stocking the city with useless officials.

CURRENT COMMENT

Too bad that China, just as she was about to acquire a veneer of western civilization, must submit to being Japanned.—Hamilton Herald.

There are a few brave men left in the land. They had to stay at home to be the official umpires for the ball games this season.—Guelph Mercury.

The Roblin Government deserved noting better than defeat, but surely Manitoba deserves something better than the Norris Government.—Toronto Telegram.

German love for the Fatherland is evidently, in many cases, of the long-distance variety. Thousands of Germans in England are begging to be interned in concentration camps rather than be sent back to Germany.

Englishmen who are attacking German non-combatants in England cannot prove their patriotism that way. They can exercise it to better purpose by fighting German soldiers in Flanders.

Has Italy ever heard of the man who ran five miles to get a good start to jump a creek and when he arrived at the bank was so exhausted that he had to sit down and rest?—Kansas City Star.

The American protest to Germany is a strange admixture of acid and sugar. Its effect on the German Government will be a matter in interesting conjecture. The contradictory character of the note recalls the case of the man who, nervous over the attitude of a dog, was assured by the owner that the animal was harmless. "Don't you se," he said, "that he is wagging his tail." "Yes," said the men, still apprehensive, "but he is also growling, and I don't know which end to believe." The question is, will the German Government know which end of the American note to believe?—Montreal Mail.

Complaints are being made—and not without some cause—that there are no lights at night upon Victoria Park, Belleville. This place of recreation is visited nightly by many, and on Saturday it was the scene of considerable disorder.

The Blackwell News suggests this road to happiness: "Early to bed and early to rise; cut the weeds and swat the flies; mind your business and tell no lies; don't get gay and deceive your wives; pay your debts and use enterprise, and buy from those who advertise."

A stout woman with a considerate nature had cultivated the habit of buying two seats when she intended to visit a theatre. In this manner she always hoped to remain in comfort without annoying anybody by overlapping. On one occasion she handed an attendant her two tickets as usual. The attendant scrutinized them, then looked at her. "Who is going to occupy the other seat, madam?" "I am going to occupy them both, sir!" retorted the lady indignantly. "Very good, ma'am; but the seats are on opposite sides of the aisle!"—Chicago News.

A gallant Tommy, having received from England an anonymous gift of a pair of socks, entered them at once, for he was about to undertake a heavy march. He was soon prey to the most exruciating agony, and when, a mere cripple, he drew off his foot gear at the end of a terrible day, he discovered inside the toe of the sock what had once been a piece of stiff writing paper, now reduced to pulp, and on it appeared in bold, feminine hand the almost illegible benediction: "God bless the wearer of this pair of socks!"—London Punch.

"READY, AYE, READY"

Old England's sons are English yet,
Old England's hearts are strong;
And still she wears her coronet
Aflame with sword and song.
As in their pride our fathers died,
If need be, so die we;
So wield we still, gainsay who will
The sceptre of the sea.
England, stand fast; let heart and
hand be steady;
Be thy first word thy last—Ready, aye
ready!

We've Raleighs yet for Raleigh's part,
We've Nelsons yet unknown;
The pulses of the Lion Heart
Beat on through Wellington.
Hold, Britain, hold they creed of old,
Strong foe and steadfast friend
And, still unto thy motto true,
Defy not, but defend.
England, stand fast; let heart and
hand be steady;
Be thy first word thy last—Ready, aye,
ready!

Men whispered that our arm was weak,
Men said our blood was cold,
And that our hearts no longer speak
The clarion-note of old;
But let the spear and sword draw near
The sleeping lion's den,
His island shore will start once more
To life with armed men.
England, stand fast; let heart and
hand be steady;
Be thy first word thy last—Ready, aye,
ready!

HERMAN CHARLES MERIVALE.

Tire Protection

Let the Fortified Tire Span Your Way Over Trouble

The Long, Hard Way

Years ago we started building a super-tire at Bowmanville. It is now called the Goodyear Fortified Tire.

Those early years were hard. Some men doubted our ability to build the best in tires. But the top place, as you know, is never easy.

We made mistakes—what successful men don't? We knew our ideas on tire building were right. We forged ahead in spite of keenest competition. Our sales and prestige grew as men learned of greater tire mileage.

To-day Goodyears hold the throne in Tiredom. From small beginnings we have grown to big production—the largest in Canada. Men bought last year, in numbers, more than one Goodyear tire for every car in Canada. Think what a tire must do to dominate like that.

Not Trouble-Proof

We don't claim the impossible—a trouble-proof tire. Mishap and misuse come to every tire some time. But Goodyears average best. They never would hold the lead unless they were true, as you know.

These are super-quality tires. Not in materials alone, but in features. We protect you in five exclusive ways. One of them costs thousands extra yearly.

Tests which can't be disputed prove that these features save tire users tens of thousands.

Fortified Tires in Five Exclusive Ways

Goodyear Fortified Tires protect you in five exclusways.

One combats rim cutting, the most efficient way that's known.

One means safety. These tires are held on by an unstretchable tire base, in which we vulcanize four flat bands of 126 braided wires.

One saves needless blow-outs. Our "On-Air" cure prevents the countless blowouts due to wrinkled fabrics.

One—a patent method—reduces by 60 per cent. the risk of tread separation.

And one combats punctures and skidding. That's our All-Weather tread—tough and extra thick, sharp-edged and resistless.

All these features are in Goodyear Fortified Tires. Not one of them is found in any other.

Third Price Reduction Yours

For the third time in two years the price of Goodyears is lowered. These have saved tire users an average of 37%. Yet this third reduction comes during war times.

But we determined to keep our factory wheels moving. In spite of the new war tax we have just doubled the capacity of our plant.

And now comes this third price reduction. You can see what faith we have in the Fortified Tire.

How Can You Hesitate?

Note the place which Goodyear holds here—the highest place in Tiredom.

Note its users and endorsers—more than any other tire ever had.

Note its growing prestige. The sales last year were 29 per cent. larger than the year before.

Note how they averaged best. They mean less trouble, less cost per mile. The place they hold would be impossible without that. Our extra features would be folly.

Are you fair to yourself when you fail to prove out what is known to so many as the super-quality tire.

They will mean to you tire content. If you want these new prices and these better tires, any dealer can get them for you.

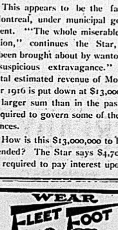
The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited has no connection with any other Canadian Company using the Goodyear name

Goodyear Service Stations—Tires in Stock

RIGGS' GARAGE, Belleville, Ont.

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGE CO., Belleville, Ont.

WEAR FLEET FOOT



SHOES FOR EVERY SPORT AND RECREATION

Sold by all good Shoe Dealers

Worn by every member of the family

103

Buy materials that last

This is the time when you should make every dollar buy the best possible value in roofing. You get the longest service and a responsible guarantee—both at minimum cost—in buying

Certain-teed Roofing

Its guaranteed in writing 5 years for 1-ply, 10 years for 2-ply, and 15 years for 3-ply, and the responsibility of our big mills stand behind this guarantee. Why send away for an unknown brand of roofing? Buy our roofing from your local dealer.

General Roofing Mfg. Company

World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers

New York City, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Atlanta, Cleveland, Detroit, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Seattle, London, Hamburg, Sydney

At each of our big mills we make the following products:
Asphalt Roofing (all grades and prices)
Slate Surfaced Shingles
Asphalt Felts
Deadening Felts
Tarred Felts
Building Papers
Insulating Papers
Wall Boards
Plastic Roofing Cement
Asphalt Cement
Roof Coating
Metal Paints
Outdoor Paints
Shingle Stains
Refined Coal Tar
Tar Coating
Pitch

The only test is on the roof. Don't guess. Get a guarantee backed by the biggest mills.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED

Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS

Daily except Saturdays 8.15 a.m.

Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN. the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on May 15th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO

Muskoka Lakes	Lake of Bays
Algonquin Park	Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River	Timagami Etc.

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain points in Ontario, with liberal stop-overs.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 396.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa

(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.33 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS

(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool		Montreal
May 21	Metagama	June 3
June 4	Missanabie	June 17
June 18	Metagama	July 1
July 2	Missanabie	July 15

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or

S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 12—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No 44—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.60 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.60 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.65 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations 2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily

Attractive Tours to

PACIFIC COAST

Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.

S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

A man with a grievance never misses an opportunity to air it.

The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED

Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.

A General Banking Business conducted.

Belleville Branch *H. SNEYD, Manager*

Established over Forty-one Years

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking

Joint Accounts are a Convenience.

Keep a Savings Account, and

Let Your Money Accumulate.

176

We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

Agricultural Legislation

A Record of Agricultural Legislation in P. E. Island Last Session

Amidst the booming cannon, and with the usual ceremonial display the Provincial Legislature of Prince Edward Island was prorogued on Saturday afternoon, April 24. The Session which closed was one of more than usual interest, being the last Session before the Provincial election, and as last to be opened and closed by His Honor Lieutenant Governor Rogers, whose term of office expires next June. The guard of honor was composed of men from the 55th Overseas Battalion. They marched well and presented a fine appearance. The session opened on March 17, and sat for thirty-four week days.

Fifty-three bills occupied the attention of the House, forty-eight of which received the assent the Lieutenant Governor. The remaining five were dropped. Twenty-eight are Acts of Incorporation and Amendments, nine being general business companies, five rural telephone companies, eight for companies, and the remainder miscellaneous. Of these the most important agriculturally is the Act to Incorporate the Co-operative Seed Company.

In 1912 the Banner Oat Club was formed for the purpose of encouraging the production and sale of Banner Oats. It was a success from its organization, and it was considered advisable to seek incorporation as the "Prince Edward Island Co-operative Seed Association." It is intended to adopt the standard of the Banner Oat Club and all seed offered for sale by this Association will first have been inspected in the field and afterwards in the bags. No oats will be admitted to the seed houses of the company that are not free from other varieties and other kinds of grain.

Many may, however, consider the Fox Acts the most important. The first is an Act to incorporate the Silver Black Fox Breeders' Association of Prince Edward Island. The objects are: (a) The encouragement, development and regulation among its members of the silver black fox industry of Prince Edward Island.

(a) By keeping a record of the breeding and origin of all foxes bred in captivity by members of the Association, by collecting, preserving and publishing data and documents relating to the same. (b) By establishing standards of breeding, and carrying out a system of registration for its members. (c) By adopting means from time to time for the protection of its members engaged in the propagation, and breeding of foxes in compliance with this Act or any by-law or regulations thereunder.

Other means will also be taken to place the industry on a sure basis in order to merit the confidence of the people.

Membership in the Association shall consist of individuals, partnerships, voluntary associations and incorporated companies who are owners of foxes registered or enrolled in the Association, provided they have conformed to all the regulations of this Act and its by-laws and amendments. There shall be a board of directors of fifteen members five from each county who shall be elected for a term of three years, five of which shall go out of office each year.

Any company about to organize, that wishes to obtain membership in this Association, must submit a copy of their prospects to the Executive of the Association before offering their Capital Stock for subscription. The Executive before giving a certificate of approval to the prospectus, must satisfy themselves that the company is not over-capitalized and that it is right in every particular.

The Directors shall make by-laws providing for the enrolment and registration of all foxes owned by members in or outside of the Province.

Another Fox Act passed is called the Fox Enrolment Act, which provides that the Department of Agriculture shall keep a register for the enrolment of foxes. This enrolment is not, however, compulsory, but any owner or breeder may register such foxes as he wishes with the Department, giving breeding and all information, under oath.

Of the remaining Acts two are worthy of special note. One is the Act providing for the compensation of the Trustees of the estate of Dame Louise Augusta Wood. This Province was originally divided up into large holdings. At the time of Confederation the Government bought out the proprietors, or landlords, as they were called. For some reason the Wood Estate was never purchased, but the Government proceeded to sell lands just as if it had been purchased. The heirs of that estate have come back on the occupiers of the land for rent. The case was tried in the Supreme Court and the claim of the Wood Estate upheld. It is, however, the present occupiers purchased these lands in good faith from the Government and paid their money for them, the Government were in duty bound to protect them, and this Act was passed for this purpose.

The Amendments of the Prohibition Act are of interest to many. They are: that he following drinkable liquids shall be held to be intoxicating liquors without proof that the same contain alcohol, namely, rum, brandy, whiskey, gin, wine, porter, table beer and lager beer. By other drinkable liquids must be proved to be intoxicating before a conviction can be made under the Act, no matter what their analysis may show. Further, al druggists and chemists in the Province must be registered, and any druggist or chemist convicted a second time, either personally or through his clerk, servant or agent, shall have his name removed from the register. Again, the time for making a search is extended from ten to thirty days after the papers have been issued.

The Act, however, about which the greatest discussion takes place is the Appropriation Act. The part which deals with agriculture is very similar to that of last year.—Farmers' Advocate.

SPRIGS WANTED IN BRITAIN

A subscriber to "The Farmer's Advocate" in Britain, where a large quantity of Canadian apples are consumed sends a word of advice and warning to growers. Coming, as it does, from a user of our fruit it is valuable from the one viewpoint at least for it tells the producer in Canada exactly what is wanted by the British consumer in Britain. The writer says:—"I have noticed that some of your growers seem to fear an overproduction of apples in the near future. I am of opinion that there will never be an overproduction of really good stuff shipped in good order. At the same time I think that there are far too many apples of the Ben Davis class out in this country, and that now would be a good time for growers to cut back and graft their inferior trees, with better sorts, as there would then be in shape when the good times come after the war is over to supply the goods that are required for the early-spring trade but then the commonly heard remark, 'Ugh, Ben Davis!' I would just as soon chew a stick, would be much less common. Send us good Spys, Baldwins, Snows, Greenings, Russets, etc., free of spots and I do not think you need fear overproduction for a very long time to come as quality is what is wanted and quality fetches the money."

PROSPECTS BRIGHT FOR FRUIT

Rains the past week have brightened prospects for a bumper crop. On a trip from London to Hamilton and then through the great fruit belt the writer last week saw the best outlook for crops of all kinds noticed in years. Winter wheat, clover, spring grain, and particularly fruit is very promising. Blossoming was just past its best and the fruit was beginning to set, showing an enormous load. A few strawberries were showing form. Peach bloom was dropping, cherries were white and pears will be loaded. It is a sight never to be forgotten to see the Niagara Peninsula in the glory of spring attire. The growers are beginning to ask themselves what they are going to do with the fruit, but an enlarged market at a price giving a reasonable profit to all will surely increase the consumption of tender fruits. Early peaches are being used largely as a crop to go with the fruit trees. They give a good return, and, well fertilised, leave the land in excellent condition for planting or developing trees. The cover crop stands in great favor, and is being used on the well-managed farms. "More than usual" will surely be the result of 1915 efforts in the fruit belt. Nature is doing her part, and the growers are optimistic—working hard for good crops and fair returns.—Formers' Advocate.

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ALES & PORTERS
DELICIOUS
"Liquids Foods"
(Leading Strength Makers)
The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Dogs Can Talk Like Parrots

"I Want My Rights" Was the Startling Exclamation of a Terrier

A dispatch from Scottsdale, Pa., recently printedd in the Sun described a dog named Woodrow Wilson that was said to be able to utter sounds which distinctly resemble words. The dog is a bull terrier and was named Woodrow Wilson because on the day of President Wilson's inauguration he wandered into the home of Miss Rose Bohn, his owner.

He does such feats in "talking" that he is the wonder of the town. He answers questions promptly and correctly. For instance, when he is asked "Whom do you love?" he promptly replies, "My mamma."

Woodrow Wilson may be a remarkable dog, but there have been other talking dogs brought to the attention of the public during the last decade. There was Cutey. Did you ever hear of her? Well, her owner was positive she could speak, and many of his friends were willing to corroborate his enthusiastic statements.

Cutey's ability as a talking dog was brought to the attention of the public in a peculiar way. A small boy was playing with a ball in East Fourteenth street near Second avenue one afternoon when a fox terrier strolled along and stopped to watch the boy. Greatly to the boy's astonishment the dog suddenly said, "I want my rights."

It did not take long for the boy to spread the news about the talking dog, and finally it reached the newspapers. A reporter was sent to see the owner of the dog, Fred Jackson of 241 East Fourteenth street. Although the reporter was sceptical when he entered Cutey's home, he emerged convinced that if the dog did not actually speak she made a pretty good attempt.

It took Cutey's owner three months to teach her how to say "I want my rights." He got the idea from observing the dog trying to repeat things that were said to her. It was also asserted by neighbors that Cutey was able to say "I will not" and "Good night, everybody."

A dog named Rolf attracted much attention in Berlin because of his power to utter sounds which could be distinguished as words. This dog not only could speak but he could spell. In fact, he attracted so much attention that Professor Claparede of the department of experimental psychology of the University of Geneva examined the dog and pronounced him a wonder.

The professor in order to avoid collusion between the dog and his mistress brought a set of pictures along with him which the dog had never seen. One of the pictures showed four mice nibbing at cheese. Without any hesitation the dog spelled out words that Rolf knew what the picture was.

Not long ago the police of Philadelphia made what they considered an important capture in the form of a dog who was in league with a band of thieves. While this animal did some petty thieving on his own account he was valuable to the thieves because of his ability to "talk" to them when ever he saw policemen approaching. His "talk" consisted of short barks which the thieves understood perfectly.

Although the police were suspicious of the owners of the dog they could never catch them in the act. Finally it dawned on them that the dog had been trained to run up and down before places which were being robbed. The police then decided to watch the dog and snooping down suddenly one night on the four-footed "lookout", they caught the thieves at work.

There lived in Cranford, N.J., a dog who could not only "talk" but read a newspaper as well. The dog, whose name was Throgs, was the property of Miss Alice Lakey of the New Jersey State Food commission and had the regular job of going to the newspaper store every morning for the family paper. He carried the coin wrapped up in paper, gave it to the newsdealer, got his paper and returned home with it in his mouth.

One morning the regular newsdealer was not present at the stand, but another person in the store slipped a paper into Throg's mouth. The dog walked slowly out of the store to the other side of the street, where he dropped the paper and then thoroughly scrutinized it. Convinced that it was not the paper he was in the habit of getting he sat down and waited until the newsdealer returned. Then he walked in the store, laid the regular paper and trotted home with it.—New York Sun.

BOOTS THAT STOOD THE TEST

AMES HOLDEN McCREADY LIMITED, Canada's largest shoe manufacturers, supplied, within thirty-three days, 32,217 pairs of leather ankle boots and 30,000 pairs of canvas shoes for the outfitting of the First Canadian Contingent, the largest quantity supplied by any manufacturer.

These boots were worn by our soldiers on active service both in this country and in the training camps in England. They were subjected to the most severe usage that boots could be subjected to. They travelled over rough roads and smooth. They waded through mud and through slush past all description. They were soaked by the never-ceasing rains of an abnormally wet English winter. They were baked on hot stoves, grilled on steam radiators and roasted before open fires. Yet, THEY STOOD THE TEST.

Out of the entire 32,217 pairs of leather boots supplied by this company only a single pair was shown to be open to criticism when the Government enquiry was made six months later.

Experts employed by the Government examined 1365 pairs and 348 odd boots made by various manufacturers. Among the number were found only seven pairs of boots of Ames Holden McCready manufacture, of which five were found to be repairable, one pair unrepairable, and ONE PAIR HAD A SOLE UNDER GAUGE.

The best proof of the durability and serviceability of the Ames Holden McCready boots, however, was afforded by the sworn statements of soldiers who had worn these boots constantly from the time they were issued in September, 1914, right through to March, 1915. They swore that they had worn the boots through all the rough experiences at Valcartier and on Salisbury Plain and that they had given excellent service throughout. Sergeant Nussey, of Toronto, who had served twelve years in the British Army, appeared before the Committee with a pair of such boots still on his feet and submitted them to the committee's inspection.

The testimony of these witnesses has since been amply corroborated by numerous reports and letters received from officers and soldiers at the front all testifying to the good wearing qualities of the Ames Holden McCready boots.

• • • •

When the question was raised concerning the quality of the Canadian soldiers' boots, Ames Holden McCready Limited placed themselves IMMEDIATELY upon record, by writing to the Government, as desirous of having the most thorough investigation of the matter. The appointment of a Parliamentary Committee and the official enquiry followed. It occupied several weeks' time. The Committee stopped at nothing in their efforts to get at all the facts.

This Company purchased the best leather and supplies available in Canada and spared no expense in manufacturing the boots. All our invoices, and shop and manufacturing records were produced before the Parliamentary Committee for their inspection and information. We had nothing to hide and were proud of the boots which were furnished to the Government.

THE AMES HOLDEN McCREADY BOOTS CAME OUT OF THE ORDEAL UNSCATHED.

The Committee reported to Parliament that the boots supplied by this company substantially complied with the sample, that no paper or other fraudulent substances had been employed in their manufacture and that all charges involving the integrity of this company or of the boots supplied by them had been abundantly disproven by the sworn evidence taken before the Committee.

The report, which was adopted by Parliament, was A COMPLETE VINDICATION FOR AMES HOLDEN McCREADY, LIMITED.

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In bringing these facts prominently before the people of the Dominion, Ames Holden McCready Limited are actuated by the desire not only to protect their own good name—which needs no vindication with the thousands of Canadians who are familiar with this company and its products—but also that of a notable and important Canadian industry, which has been unwarrantably aspersed.

AMES HOLDEN McCREADY LIMITED

MONTREAL - TORONTO - WINNIPEG - ST. JOHN
EDMONTON - VANCOUVER - DE LORIMIER - ST. HYACINTHE

Rule Britannia
Perrin's British Navy Biscuits
At your grocers

THE BOILED DINNER

(By Walt Mason)

How dear to my heart is the luscious boiled dinner, which fond recollection brings back now and then, that balm to the stomach, that forty-time winner—oh, give me an old time boiled dinner again! So often I've at the restaurant table, and down through the menu I've hopefully looked, for something to comfort my northeastern gable, for such a boiled dinner, as grandmother cooked. I'm tired of the fodder you're constantly shovin', the things out of box and the things out of can, the dolumnics baked in a gasoline oven, the chafing dish horrors which frighten a man; your cooking school triumphs are weird and uncanny. That sort of refreshment to fone I have brooked; I long for the skill of my dear sainted granny, I long for the dinner that grandmother cooked! The fragrant boiled dinner, the juicy boiled dinner, the cultured boiled dinner my grandmother cooked.

BROCKVILLE FARMER KILLED BY AUTO

BROCKVILLE, May 15.—Buell Wright, an aged farmer living near Morristown, was almost instantly killed by being struck by an automobile. He was crossing the road from his house to the barn, and being deaf did not hear the signal of the auto as it approached. He walked directly in front of the machine and the chauffeur could not stop in time to save his life. Deceased was the descendant of a prominent Canadian family which moved from this section across the line many years ago.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

RAVAGES IN BELGIUM ORDERED FROM BERLIN

(Continued from Page Three.)

regarding Aerschot, Louvain, Andenne Dinant and the other towns and villages the cumulative effect of such a mass of concurrent testimony became irresistible and we were driven to the conclusion that the things described really happened. The question then arose how they could have happened. Not mere military license, for the discipline of the German army is proverbially stringent and its obedience explicit. Not from any special ferocity of the troops, for whoever has travelled among the German peasantry knows that they are as kindly and good-natured as any people in Europe, and those who can recall the war of 1870 will remember that no charges resembling those proved by these depositions were then established. The excesses recently committed in Belgium were, moreover, too widespread and too uniform in their character to be mere sporadic outbursts of passion and rapacity.

"The explanation seems to be that these excesses were committed—in some cases ordered, in others allowed—on a system and in pursuance of a set purpose. That purpose was to strike terror into the civil population and dishearten the Belgian troops, so as to crush down resistance and extinguish the very spirit of self-defense. The pretext that civilians had fired upon the invading troops was used to justify not merely the shooting of individual francs-tireurs, but the murder of large numbers of innocent civilians, an act absolutely forbidden by the rules of civilized warfare.

Grand Trunk News Bureau

Mr. W. P. Hinton, Asst. Passenger Traffic Manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railways has returned to headquarters in Montreal after a twelve thousand mile trip over the company's lines and steamship routes. During his visit to San Francisco he represented the Grank Trunk System at the Annual Convention of the American Association of Passenger Traffic Officers.

"A great wave of travel will set in towards the California Expositions after the 15th of June," said Mr. Hinton on his return, "but, no matter how large the volume of traffic, there is ample hotel accommodation for all at moderate rates. Canada will derive great benefit from this travel, for numbers of people have already made arrangements to return east through the Dominion.

"My tour has left me more convinced than ever that Canada possesses superlative advantages in its scenic and natural resources. I came east from Prince Rupert and on the train were a score of experienced travellers, the vanguard of the larger army to follow, who had been attracted to Canada by the fame of the Alpine Wonderland along the Grand Trunk Pacific's Transcontinental Line. No territory on the American Continent has greater mountains or more lovely scenery. In this region, which includes Jasper National Park, Mount Robson Park and the Wainwright Buffalo Reserve, Canada possesses a real asset."

While in Prince Rupert Mr. Winton watched the launching of the last pontoon for the Great Grand Trunk Pacific drydock. This dock, capable of accommodating the largest vessel in the Pacific ocean, will be ready with its full complement of machinery for ship repairs by August 1st next. The immense oil tank equipment at Prince Rupert is also completed and a few days ago the first oil burning locomotive brought train No. 1 into the Pacific Terminal. Very soon now, over the whole of the Grand Trunk Pacific line from Jasper Westward oil burning locomotives will be operating.

The new territory opened up by the building of the G. T. P. is showing fine numbers, and the cities are building up.

"Edmonton was the busiest centre of activity that I saw in the whole of the trip," said Mr. Hinton. "There is a rush of people from this point to the north country, particularly the Peace River block, as many as 500 settlers travelling in one train over the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, which joins the Grand Trunk Pacific four miles west of Edmonton. The announcement of the selection of a rout for its $35,000,000 railway through Alaska by the United States, has led to a healthy boom at some of the Pacific Coast points.

Conditions in Western Canada are satisfactory, so far as I was able to observe. There are few empty stores or houses and rents are keeping up well, while a bumper crop seems sure. In the agricultural territory along our line in British Columbia settlement is proceeding in a gratifying manner. This will soon be as productive as our prairie section."

A rifleman in the Rifle Brigade, who has arrived at Letchworth after being injured in France, states that the Prince of Wales, just before his recent visit to England, paid a visit with the staff to "Mudlark Alley," a name given by the Rifle Brigade to one of their splinter-proof shelters. The Prince examined the breastworks and spoke to several of the men. For an hour he was exposed to shell fire.

Sweden requires wood alcohol to be so colored that it will be instantly distinguished from grain alcohol.

LADIES' SUMMER DRESSES

970

We now have in stock a Good Assortment of Ladies' White Voile Dresses. These are Beautifully Trimmed, some with lace, and others are embroidered. The prices range from $4.65 to $22.50.

Three Special Values are Priced at $4.65, $6.50 and $7.50

One of them, exactly as illustrated, at $4.65

We also show a number of Crepe, Voile and Organdie Dresses, in dainty flowered and striped patterns, priced from $3.50 to $7.00

Black and White

We are in a position to fill the present heavy demand for Black and White and White and Black fabrics. We show these in Cottons, Voiles, Organdies and Zephyrs, and in Silk at prices from 18c to $2.50 yard.

Silk Poplins

We have a variety of all the leading shades in this new material, which is used so extensively for Summer Dresses and Suits. The prices are $1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.00.

Ladies' Skirts. Our assortment of Ladies' Cloth and Silk Skirts is now very complete. They are being shown in Serges, Panama, Bengaline, San Toy, Silk Poplin, Taffeta, and Moire, in Navy, Tan, Black and White, Black, and the new Palm Beach shades. Prices, $4.50 to $14.50

Curtain Scrims

We can fill your order for Curtain Scrim from a large and varied stock. Prices from 12½c to 40c yard, with a special line at 15c yard.

Silk Suits

Silk Poplin Suits are now very fashionable. We offer them in Black, Navy, Putty, Sand, Battleshiy Grey, and Belgian Blue, at $25.00 each.

Rugs

We have a number of reversible Chenille Rugs, size 26x46 ins. The colors are combinations of Blue, Brown and Green, and the price $1.00.

Sinclair's See Our NEW RUCHINGS 35c to $1.00 per. Yard **Sinclair's**

Let's see what history says:

Away Back The Stone Age man held a pebble in his mouth for moisture and to prevent thirst. Forlorn makeshift of an arid land. Roots and herbs served better where plant life existed.

Between Times Early Spanish explorers found the Aztecs used "chicle"—wholesome, pleasant and agreeably chewy—welcome relief from tropical heat.

Today Refined Mexican Chicle, its merits proven by the test of time, is the basis of

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT and DOUBLEMINT

Studied processes, special machinery, immaculate factories and the waxed wrapper—sealed air tight—make it the Perfect Gum in the Perfect Package.

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Two delicious flavors—cooling, soothing Peppermint and the toothsome tang of fresh Mint Leaves. C 18

Chew it after every meal

WORK AND THE EYES.

Importance of Having the Light Come From the Left Side.

The widely known fact that, when using the eyes for any near work, the illumination should come from the left side rather than the right is often disregarded. Let any one who considers the matter of little importance once demonstrate to himself the difference, and he will never forget it.

Take a pencil and paper and try to write while in such a position that the light will fall from the right side. The shadow of the hand or pencil or both is thrown on the paper in such a way as partly to cover the characters one is making. This necessitates a closer viewpoint and a conscious strain on the eyes.

Now let the position of the writer be reversed so that the light falls on the work from the left side. He will notice that the shadows fall away from the work he is doing and leaves the field unobscured. In making the change he cannot help but notice the feeling of ease that immediately is experienced by the eyes.

This applies to any other kind of near work in which the fingers work under the guidance of the eyes. This fact should be remembered in planning schoolrooms, workrooms, offices and any places where steady close work is to be performed.—Journal of the American Medical Association.

Needn't Be Parents.

Ontario children under 15 years of age will in future be granted admission to moving picture theatres if accompanied by an adult, the law now being shifted back to the position it held for several years. By a new amendment this year the regulation providing for the sponsorship of a guardian or member from the child's household when admission was sought, has been cancelled because of its unworkable nature.

The trial of sterner restrictions throughout last year caused much complaint because of the onus of proving relationship being laid on theatre proprietors. Children will now be admitted if in company with a responsible man or woman.

That Awful Certainty.

"It's a great thing to have a wife you can depend upon."

"Do you mean yours?"

"Sure. I can depend upon her to exceed her allowance for next month."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Most of Us Lie Then.

"Is he a truthful man?"

"With one exception he is."

"What's the exception?"

"I have never known him to tell an untruth except about himself."—Detroit Free Press.

Too Busy.

"Well, you would marry her. Now you can repent at leisure."

"If I could do that I wouldn't be kicking, but she is so doggone extravagant that I don't have any leisure."—Houston Post.

It Came True.

When Sir Edward Elgar, the noted composer, was quite a small boy he made a curious prophecy about himself. On making his first appearance at school the master asked him his name.

"Edward Elga.," he replied.

The master throught that the boy spoke too brusquely.

"Add the word 'sir'!" he commanded.

"Sir Edward Elgar!" said the future knight, gravely.

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[illegible] UNDERWAIST.

Nothing is more desired by the feminine heart in the springtime than handsome new "undies," as our English cousins call them. One department of underwear which the spring maid and matron cannot supply too lavishly is the brassiere department. One handsome illustration of these very necessary adjuncts to milady's toilet is shown in the illustration. Hand embroidered linen with real cluny lace is used in its development, and ribbon bows are used to further beautify it. A feature of this waist is the neatly beaded seams, which do away with the usual bulk where a seam occurs.

Old Bags Like New.

Shabby leather bags, etc., may be improved in appearance by being rubbed over with well beaten white of egg and then polished with beeswax and turpentine, the final rubbing being given with a soft, clean cloth.

Save Odd Bits of Soap.

Keep a bowl or box in a convenient place and throw in all the odds and ends of soap. When sufficient quantity has been collected boil with water to a jelly. Set aside to cool. It is then ready for use.

Grease Spots on Floors.

So many women grieve because there are grease spots on their kitchen floors and water, with any amount of scrubbing, will not remove them. They should try alcohol to remove these spots.

Fear of Premature Burial.

The fear of premature burial, which prompted the late Lord Burton to direct by his will that his heart should be removed from his body, has caused many well known men and women to order a surgical operation to be performed upon their bodies. Harriet Martineau left her doctor £10 to amputate her head, and Lady Burton directed that her heart should be pierced with a needle. The late Edmund Yates left instructions that his jugular vein should be severed, with a provision that a fee of 20 guineas should be paid for the purpose. Literary persons appear to have been particularly afraid of premature burial. Bishop Berkeley, Lord Lytton, Hans Andersen and Wilkie Collins all took measures to protect themselves from it.—Westminster Gazette.

Scorching.

"Things were getting too warm for me in that section of the country."

"What was the reason?"

"I was burning up too many of the roads."—Baltimore American.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
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Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
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Licensed Auctioneer, Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

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THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated.

Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office: 27 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 845.

LEE CHEW.

CONTRACTOR.

THOS. MANLEY & SON,

GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.

Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to.
Phone 828

W. H. PATTERSON.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. 298 Charles Street.

COME to this Store of good things to wear for your Spring Outfitting! Come where the best of Clothes and the best of a painstaking Clothes Service is ready and at your command.

RIGHT Prices are coupled with our splendid values and we make it our business to give every buyer the limit of good value for every dollar he leaves with us!

EVERY Patron of the store speaks in the highest terms of our satisfactory Clothes and our business methods—Go where you will you can not match at the prices such Splendid Suits and Top Coats as we are selling.

$7, $10, $12 to $25

QUICK & ROBERSTON

THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE

39th PHOTOS

Just received set of 3 photos of 39th Battalion recently taken on Victoria Park.

See them in our window. We take orders for same.

Price - $1.50

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE

Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Inteligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

Woman's World

President of Association For Erection of Washington Memorial.

MRS. HENRY P. DIMOCK.

A building is to be erected at Washington which is to be a veritable people's forum. There is an association called the George Washington Memorial association, of which Mrs. Dimock is president, which has been authorized by congress to raise $2,500,000 for the construction and maintenance of this building. A site has been set apart by the Sixty-second congress next to the new National museum and near Pennsylvania avenue, which is valued at $500,000.

The memorial is to contain rooms for various state exhibits, offices for patriotic, educational, scientific and public welfare organizations of national scope; many small and average size halls, a banquet room, reception room, etc., and a large hall to seat not less than 6,000 persons.

This auditorium, with the small halls adjoining, will afford ample accommodations for great world congresses such as have heretofore met in the capital cities of Europe. Diplomatic functions and the inaugural reception may be held there also.

This unique and serviceable memorial, when completed, will be under the care and administration of the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Can't Locate Heir.

In the probate court in St. John, N.B., recently during the proving of the will of the late Col. J. J. Tucker, ex-M.P., who left an estate of over half a million, it was announced that all efforts to locate Caroline Tucker, to whom was devised half of the estate, have so far proved fruitless. Practically all the other half goes to L. R. Ross, Intercolonial railway station agent at St. John.

B. C. Men Asked To Bid.

British Columbia mill-men have been asked to bid on a contract for 500,000,000 feet of lumber to be used in constructing 100,000 two-room houses in France. The houses are to be built at Government expense for the use of people who have lost their houses and other property in the war.

Canadian Bayonet of Medium Length.

The following memorandum was issued recently by the Militia Department, apparently in reply to comments in letters received from Col Currie, M.P., at the front:

"Articles have appeared in the press recently, attempting to point out the disadvantage of the Ross bayonet, with which Canadians are armed at the front, in comparison with other makes, particularly on account of length. The following information will, no doubt, be of general interest:

"Length of rifles and bayonets used by the principal nations at war are:

"Germany — Rifle, 4 feet, 1.4 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 9.95 inches.

"Austria—Rifle, 4 feet, 2 inches; with bayonet, 4 feet, 11.5 inches.

"Turkey—Rifle, 4 feet, .6 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 6.6 inches.

"Belgium — Rifle, 4 feet, 2.28 inches; with bayonet, 4 feet, 11.75 inches.

"France — Rifle, 4 feet, 3.12 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 11.84 inches.

"Russia — Rifle, 4 feet, 3.875 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 9 inches.

"Great Britain — (Short Lee-Enfield) rifle, 3 feet, 8.5 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 1.17 inches.

"Canada—(Ross) rifle, 4 feet 2.5 inches; with bayonet, 5 feet, 1 inch.

"It is interesting to note that the American rifle is 3 feet, 7.2 inches long and with the bayonet, 4 feet, 12 inches.

Chief Holds His Land.

A seventy-eight-year-old Indian, son of Chief Kijikomanitou, so patented by George IV., was defendant in an action brought by John McAllister, of Bancroft, who describes himself as a foreman. The action was brought to recover possession of two lots on Long Lake, Herschel township, Hastings, part of the paternal estate of the defendant, to whose family the land was granted by the Crown in 1876. The plaintiff claimed, under a tax sale and under a quit-claim deed from a sister of the defendant.

Chief Justice Falconbridge gave judgment in favor of the aged "child of the forest," holding that the defendant had proved title by possession, as he has occupied the lands for 29 years.

The Few Did Well.

Although there are only twelve women in the town of Carcross, Yukon territory, including one Japanese and one Indian, they have been doing a splendid work on behalf of the soldiers and have sent a parcel of knitted goods to the Canadian Red Cross. These comforts were sent by the patriotic league of that little town in the far north.

No Time For Art.

"Real high art," said a comedian, "seldom strikes home. I played in a melodrama in my youth where the leading characters were grand artists, but their best scenes were only scoffed at. Our villain had a death scene in the sixth act. He reveled in that scene. He writhed all over the stage. It was real high art! In a small town one night the scene shifter started to lower the slow curtain on his death much too soon. The dying villain, as he kicked about, whispered hoarsely:

"'Time there, young fellow. I ain't dead yet.'

"'Dead or not dead,' said the shifter, 'me hot supper's waitin' fur me.'"

Gone Too Long.

"Did you ever chase a rainbow, Tommy?" asked the teacher.

"Oh, yes, ma'am!" replied the boy.

"And did you catch it?"

"Sure. I caught it from mother when I got home."—Yonkers Statesman.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

CALL FOR POLICE

As the result of two calls which were received by the police on Saturday night to Victoria Park, one arrest was made.

CITY COUNCIL

At the City Council meeting to be held this evening there are some matters of importance to the city to be considered.

POLICE NEWS

During their rounds of inspection at a late hour on Saturday night, the police discovered two business places insecure and found some articles outside of a business place after the latter had been closed up.

ACCUSED OF VAGRANCY

A young woman named Gladys Barrow, whose home is in Marmora Township, was on Saturday night apprehended here on a charge of vagrancy. The accused was remanded to jail until Friday next.

GRANTED A COMMISSION

Lieut. H. F. Alford, youngest son of Mr. Walter Alford of this city, who is at present at Niagara, has officially received from the militia department notification that a commission as an officer has been granted him.

Miss SHARPE, Corsetiere, of Ketcheson & Earle's, has returned to the city from Toronto, after taking the full course of instruction instituted by the Gossard Company of Chicago relating to scientific methods in fitting. Miss Sharpe will be found in daily attendance in the Corset Department there.

Local Victim of Gas Fumes

Mr. Charles Dickens of this city, received the following telegram which refers to his son:

Ottawa, May 15th, 1915.

C. C. Dickens, Belleville.

Sincerely regret to inform you 1646 Private Harry C. Dickens 8th Battalion, officially reported sick with gas fumes. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

Adjutant-General.

Private Harry Dickens was at Winnipeg when the war broke out and enlisted with the 90th Regiment, Winnipeg Rifles. His many friends in this city will wish for him a speedy recovery.

OBITUARY

CATHERINE HEINRICK

Mrs. Catherine Heinrick, widow of the late Mr. John Heinrick, who had been a resident of this city for upwards of half a century, died at an early hour this morning at her late home, 291 Coleman street. Deceased had been ill but a few days. Mrs. Heinrick was born in Murray Township in the year 1839, being thus in her 77th year. She was a lady well known and had many friends. She was a member of St. Michael's church. Three sons, Hugh and Patrick of Spokane, and John of Tacoma, and one daughter, Miss Margaret of this city survive. Mrs. A. J. Nichols of this city is a sister, and Michael Gallivan of Stirling and Patrick Gallivan of Frankford, are brothers of the deceased.

If children are feverish, give a light laxative like Rexall Orderlies which often removes the cause. Sold only by The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Have The Intelligence sent your home address.

DAVIES

June Peas 4 tins 25c

Pink Salmon 3 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

Tomatoes 3 tins 25c

Albert College Annual Sports

A Good Programme of Sports Carried Out—Events Well Contested

On Saturday afternoon the annual sports in connection with Albert College took place on the college campus. The various events were interesting and keenly competed amongst the students of the Institution. The attendance of spectators was not large, but the students of both sexes were out in full force. It was an ideal day for sports. The results of the various events were as follows:

100 yard dash, seniors—G. Davidson, W. Williams and W. Mair.

100 yard dash, juniors—L. Neville and F. Fow.

High jump running, seniors—H. Huffman, 4ft. 11in.; R. Pimlott, 4ft. 10in.; G. Davidson, 4ft. 5in.

High jump running, juniors—S. Batstone, 4ft. 6in.; B. Hanna, 4ft. 3in.; F. Fow, 3ft. 8in.

Sack Race, 30 yards—Spera, Richardson and Pimlott.

Broad jump running, seniors—G. Davidson, 18ft. 2 in., and H. Huffman, 15ft. 11 1-2in.

Broad jump running, juniors—S. Batstone, 16ft. 10 in., B. Hanna, 14 ft. 8 in.; F. Fow, 11ft. 6 in.

Throwing hammer, seniors—G. Davidson, 62ft. 11in.; H. Huffman, 59ft. 5in.; Wright, 56ft. 9in.

Throwing hammer, juniors—S. Batstone, 50ft. 11in.; F. Fow, 38ft. 10in.

Three legged race—Ritchie and Spera, Batstone and Baker, Mair and Edworthy.

Putting shot, seniors—G. Davidson, 31ft. 10in.; H. Huffman, 29ft. 6in.; Williams, 28ft.

Putting shot, juniors—S. Batstone, 26ft. 2in.; F. Fow, 17ft. 9in.

Pole vaulting, seniors—H. Huffman, 7ft. 6 in.; Sargeant and Wright, 6ft. 6in.; Davidson, 5ft. 3in.

Pole vaulting, juniors—S. Batstone, 7ft. 6in.

Donkey race, 30 yards—Ritchie and Spera, Bartlett and Stillwell, Sills and Wood.

220 yard dash, seniors—G. Davidson, W. Mair.

220 yard dash, juniors—L. Neville, S. Batstone.

440 yard dash, seniors—G. Davidson, W. Williams.

440 yard dash, juniors—L. Neville, S. Batstone.

5 Mile Marathon.

There were three entries for this event, namely, Thos. Wood, A. Sills and F. Fow. The run was from the college campus to a point two miles north of the college on the Madoc road. The finish was exciting, between Wood and Sills, the former finishing 1 second ahead of his competitor. Fow did not complete the race. Wood's time was 31 min., and Sills', 31 min. 1 sec.

The result of the events was that G. Davidson won the senior championship and S. Batstone the junior championship.

Officers For Day

The officials for the day were as follows:

Patron—Dr. E. N. Baker.

Patronesses—Mrs. Baker, Miss Gardiner.

Referee—Dan A. Cameron.

Starters and Judges—N. J. Ireland, L. Loney, A. Taylor, R. J. Staples, J. Barbaree, S. Chapman, J. W. Taylor, A. Mair.

Scorers—H. Bartlett, B. J. Fow, E. Wright, V. Levitt, G. Richardson, H. Flynn.

Clergs of the Course—H. Horning, L. Morrison, F. Ellis, G. Kelly, H. Huffman, W. J. Spera.

Prize Committee—G. Davidson, O. K. Pimlott, L. Morrison, J. Stevenson.

Announcers—J. Stevenson, E. Stillwell.

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF BY-LAW

NOTICE is hereby given that a By-law was passed by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville on April 29th, A.D. 1915, providing for the issue of Debentures to the amount of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars for the purpose of paying for Improvements and Extensions already made to the Gas Works System of the City of Belleville.

And that said By-law was duly registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on May 10th, A.D. 1915.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same or any part thereof must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the 10th day of May 1915.

J. WILFRED HOLMES,
3td:m10,17,25 City Clerk.

Dr. Dernberg, official representative of the German government in the United States, make no attempt to conceal his joy over the destruction of the Lusitania. Dr. Dernberg is of a class extremely difficult for Americans to understand.—Buffalo News.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us;

We Can Save You Money By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co. Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

IS YOUR RIM SPLIT? We can build a new one on your old Hub.

IS YOUR HUB BROKEN? We can build a new one in your old Rim.

Or supply new Axles, Cones, or any Broken Parts.

333 FRONT STREET

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Common Sense Creed.

Almost twenty five years ago, when life was less strenuous than it is now, the following "common sense creed" was formulated. If its need was felt then how much more will it be appreciated today!

Don't worry.

Don't hurry. "Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow."

Simplify, simplify, simplify!

Don't overeat. Don't starve. Let your moderation be known to all men.

Court the fresh air day and night. "Oh, if you knew what is in the air!"

Sleep and rest abundantly. Sleep is nature's benediction.

Spend less nervous energy each day than you make.

Be cheerful. "A light heart lives long."

Think only beautiful thoughts. "As a man thinketh in his heart so is he."

Work like a man, but don't be worked to death.

Avoid passion and excitement. A moment's anger may be fatal.

Never despair. "Lost hope is a fatal disease."

"If ye know these things, happy are ye if ye do them."

The Lobster Fisheries.

The toothsome lobster is not war diet. Lobster palaces are closed and lobster suppers are no more. Foods are now purchased for their filling and staying qualities rather than for their power to tickle the palates of epicures.

Since the majority of the belligerent nations are partial to lobster in times of peace, our industry has been seriously hit. Last year the countries now at war bought Canadian canned lobsters to the following amounts: United Kingdom, $1,010,367; France, $703,469; Belgium, $124,283; Germany, $182,033; and Russia, $2,160, making an aggregate of $2,022,312.

As we sold abroad last year $2,983,987 worth, it is at once apparent that our export trade in canned lobsters has almost disappeared.

Neutral purchases last year were: United States, $808,296; Denmark, $33,069; Holland, $31,713; Norway, $14,114; Sweden, $69,092. The last four countries will no doubt endeavor to do without lobsters at present and, from all accounts, there are not so many lobster eaters in the United States now as last year, when they bought from us, in addition to the canned lobsters mentioned above, $707,486 worth of fresh lobsters. Under these circumstances, it is not surprising that our lobster canners are asking the Dominion Government to suspend licenses for a year so that surplus stock may be sold.

BE CONSTRUCTIVE.

It so often happens that many so called "good" people have no force. If they would only put half the energy into being constructive that an active mischief maker puts into being destructive we should see more justice in the world.

When You Want Good Pure Liquors

COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW HATS CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED

A new line of FANCY HAT BANDS all the latest shades also a few PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY

235½ Front St. Phone 797

(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

Silk Crepe de Chine And Wash Silk Blouses

Articles Very Much Sought After Just Now

IN all their freshness, surrounded by tissue, are these most delightful examples of what is really new in Blouses.

Dainty Crepe de Chines, Flesh Colored and White Silks, Pretty Black and White Stripes, and the ever-popular Wash-Silk ones, are here in a myriad of pretty styles and at such prices.

Only **$2.75** to **$4.00**

Middies for the 24th

And the ones with the Flannel Collars at **$1.50** are marvels of daintiness.

Then the others, with their lacings and colored collars, with their colored tips and bands, at **$1.00** and **$1.25**, made of splendid quality duck, and the colored collars being all washable.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

WAR NOTES

A Reuter despatch from Paris states: "An investigation into a number of so-called "charities" which have sprung up since the war has led to come astonishing results. One of these concerns was installed in a German hotel and was under the control of a secretary who had come within the clutches of the law on no fewer than eleven occasions. Two ladies of mature age who were without a penny at the time of mobilization today possess a fine motor car and private house. They were making something like $200 per diem, and this huge profit appears to have been gained by spurious agencies for tracing missing soldiers. The most remarkable feature of the whole business lies in the fact that in several cases Austrians and Germans who had somehow succeeded in escaping from concentration camps got themselves elected as presidents of various organizations in order to carry on swindling on a large scale. Some of the concerns which the police are investigating were commercial in character, and sold various articles at exorbitant prices, customers being induced to buy in the belief that the profits were devoted to good works."

Mrs. C. E. Morgan of Guildford, England, has communicated to the English press a letter in which she says "I have today received a letter from a company sergeant-major in the Queen's Regiment interned in a German camp. Writing on a postcard to thank me for a parcel, he adds: "Three men have died quite lately." He gives the names—all men of the Queen's Regiment. Last week news reached a mother through Geneva that her son, a "Queen's" prisoner, had also died. No notification of these deaths appears to have reached the War Office. A private, writing to his wife about a month ago, said: "For the love of heaven, send me bread. If you knew what was going on out here you would not wait to be asked twice." How many more of our prisoners of war are to be allowed to die without any effort being made to save them?

The War Office issues the following communication: "As a protection against the asphyxiating gases being used as a weapon of warfare by the Germans, supplies of one or both of the following types of respirator are required by the troops at the front. Either can be made easily in any household. First—a face piece (to cover mouth and nostrils) formed of an oblong pad of bleached absorbent cotton wool about 5¼ in. by 3 in. by ¾ in., covered with three layers of bleached cotton gauze, and fitted with a band, to fit around the head and keep the pad in position, consisting of a piece of ¼ inch cotton elastic 16 inches long attached to the narrow end of the face pad so as to form a loop with the pad. Second—a piece of double stockinette, 9½ in. long, 3½ in. wide in the centre, gradually diminishing in width to 2½ in. at each end, with a piece of thick plaited worsted about 5 in. long attached to each end, so as to form a loop to pass over the ears. These respirators should be sent in packages of not less than one hundred to "Chief Ordnance Officer, Royal Army Clothing Department, Pimlico."

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

Another Reduction in Price OF LADIES' AND MISSES' Smart Spring Suits

The Greatest Suit Clearance of the Season

VALUES TO $25.00 **$7.95**

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit Values we have ever offered! And we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the original price tickets. They tell the story better than all we could say. But here's a general description of the lot: They are principally plain tailored with the exception of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at $7.95

VALUES TO $25.00 **$7.95**

Some Interesting Store News You'll Be Glad To Hear About

If you have furniture to be upholstered we will do it and guarantee you satisfaction. We also carry a full stock of Furniture Coverings.

Ladies' Sport Shirts, featuring large sleeves, loose body and large roll collar. Newest style of waist for outing wear. Now showing in the Mantle Room. Very suitable for paddling, motoring and playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

Another lot of those special $1.00 Blouses now in stock, made up in plain, pleated and embroidered lawns, with organdie collar.

Remember, all our Ladies' and Misses' New Spring Suits that sold from $27.50 to $35.00, now clearing at $25.00

The Summer Millinery now on display on the second floor is attracting unusual attention these days. Your inspection is invited.

Visit our Wash Goods Department and see the beautiful collection of wash fabrics on display there.

Some Great Values in Tapestry Rugs —This Week—

Size 3 x 3½ Reg. $15.00 For **$11.75**

Seamless Tapestry Squares of best English manufacture; all the standard colorings are represented in these rugs, in pretty conventional, floral and motif patterns. If you have a room in need of a new rug and you want one that will give good service—cheap —why, this is your chance.

Size 3x3½ Regular $15.00, for $11.75
Size 3x4 Regular $17.50, for $14.75

Size 3 x 4 Reg. $17.50 For **$14.75**

Great Clearance of Men's Suits

One hundred and fifty Men's Suits that we considered the best values we ever had at $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00; on sale at

$13.50

Almost an endless variety to choose from, and all in suitable weights for summer wear. The materials are principally fancy worsteds in the best shades of the season. Splendid styles for the young men as well as for the men desiring a more conservative style. Regular values up to $18.00; for

$13.50

(See Window)

AEROLUX PORCH SHADES

Aerolux No-Whip Verandah Shades

We are sole agents for these celebrated Verandah Shades and stock them in sizes and prices as follows:

Size 4ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $3.00
Size 6ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $4.50
Size 8ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $6.00
Size 10ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $7.75
Or any size to order.

Third Floor

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size

The RITCHIE Company Limited

REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

FIRST CLASS CARTER'S WAGON. APPLY A. Bales, 186 James Street. 1t

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

FOR SALE OR RENT, HOUSE, NEARLY new; modern conveniences, 111 Chatham Street; also one lot, will sell cheap if sold at once. Apply O. A. Snyder, 74 Victoria Avenue. 15-6td

ONE FUMED OAK DINING ROOM SET; one white enamelled bedroom suite; one Imperial Oxford Range; one Wilton Rug; one Singer Sewing machine. All practically new. Apply Box A, Intelligencer. 13-4t

TWENTY HORSE POWER HUP. RUNabout automobile in good condition; reasonable price. Apply to W. J. Graham, P.O. Box 316, Stirling, or Ralph Boulter, Belleville. 14-4td

WANTED

WORK WANTED; CAPABLE WOMAN DEsires house work at once, by the day or part of each day; good laundress. Apply Box G., Intelligencer. 15-2td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS, steady work, good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 15-4td

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO MIND CHILdren. Apply 179 Front Street. 17-4td

AGENTS WANTED

LUSITANIA DESTRUCTION AND HORrors of the Great War—thrilling, heart-rending and appalling. Greatest seller ever published. Only dollar. Best terms. Sample book free. Winston Co., Toronto. 15-6td

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

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TORONTO, ONT.
MARKET LETTER

BRAZILIAN TRACTION—The greatly to be lamented loss of Dr. Pearson was partially responsible for the decline in the shares of the Brazilian Traction Company, though the general weakness of the markets was also a factor. Brazilion is an internationally held security and is, naturally, peculiarly susceptible to the influence of adverse war news.

The position of the company itself appears to be excellent, the last monthly return of earnings showing an increase in gross of 140,926 milres with an increase in net of 65, 89 milreis.

The complete details of the statement appear in the following tabulation:—

March 1915	1915 Milreis	1914 Milreis
Total Gross Earnings	-6,294	$6,153,984
Total Gross	$6,294,910	$6,153,984
Expenses	2,706,340	2,631,103
Net Earnings ..	3,588,570	3,522,881
Aggregate Gross Earnings from Jan. 1	18,088,600	18,133,238
Aggregate Net Earnings from Jan. 1	10,348,900	10,326,118

BARCELONA TRACTION—Though the Barcelona Traction Company might reasonalby be expected to be injured by the loss of Dr. Pearson to a greater extent than most of the other companies with which he was connected, the shares have held remarkably well during the week.

I am inclined, however, to regard this strength as being largely artificial as the recent arrangements with the bond holders is such that common shareholders have little to expect for some years to come. In the meantime the shares should prove an excellent speculative medium for short and quick turns. From this angle the shares look like a buy at present prices, though I would advise against their purchase on any basis other than that of a gamble on market conditions.

CANADIAN PACIFIC—The shares of the Canadian Pacific Railway have been under pressure for the past week or so, and are now selling at what looks to be a most attractive figure. The Chino-Japanese imbroglio brought foth a lot of European selling in this as well as in other issues. Furthermore, the stock has been subjected to severe bear attacks which it has withstood exceptionally well. Earnings continued to show decreases but, as I have pointed out before, the C.P.R. has passed through three former periods of depression and declining earnings without harm.

	Asked	Bid
Brazilian	53	51
Consumers Gas	182½	182
Inter Petroleum	9.10	8.75
Mackay Com	80	79
Mackay Pfd	68½	..
Twin City	..	98¾
Canada Bread Pfd ...	90	..
Porcupine Stocks		
Dome Extension	.09½	.09¼
Dome Lake	.18	.17½
Dome Mines	13.50	13.40
Foley-O'Brien	.35	.34
Hollinger	27.50	27.00
Homestake Mines Fin	.22	.20
Jupiter	.10¼	.10
McIntyre	.48	.47½
Porcupine Crown ...	.85	.81
Porcupine Vipond ...	.55	.53½
Rea	.13	.11
Teck-Hughes	.04½	.04¼
Cobalt Stocks		
Bailey	.02¾	.02¼
Buffalo	.75	.50
Beaver	.37½	.36½
Chambers-Ferland ..	.17¼	.16
Crown Reserve	.85	.80
Kerr Lake	5.10	4.90
La Rose	.58	.57
McKinley-Darragh ..	.30	.27
Nipissing	6.00	5.80
Peterson Lake	.24½	.24
Temiskaming	.37¾	.37¼
Coppers		
Inspiration	.28	.27½
Chino	.41¼	.41
Anaconda	.31⅞	.23
Utah Consolidated ..	.62	.61½
Miami	.23⅞	.23
Nevada	.14	.13
Ray Consolidated .	.22¼	..

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Magazines on Warships.

If there is one danger that sailors dread more than any other it is an explosion in the powder magazine. To prevent such an occurrence a device for flooding that compartment in the least possible time is fitted to most big battleships. A pipe below the surface connects the magazine with the sea. This pipe is closed by two taps, which are connected with the deck. In case of danger it is only the work of a minute to open the taps, let the sea rush in through the pipes and flood the magazine. The water is afterward drained off by means of a gutter.—London Mail.

Begged Sardines From Canadians.

The following military incident of trench life will no doubt find its way to Canada by means of letters home. It was related by an officer on sick leave. The Canadian trenches were less than 100 yards from the Germans, who asked the Canadians what they had for dinner. The reply was "sardines." Amonst other things this made the German mouths' water. There were appeals for these dainties. The Canadians sent a man out, who deposited half a dozen tins in a bunch about half way between the opposing trenches. Then a German hopped out of his trench, advanced towards the sardines; suddenly the sardines began retreating towards the Canadian trenches. The Canadians were drawing them back with a bit of string. Fritz ventured a few yards after them, but fear, treachery, or at any rate feelings of discretion caused him to give up the chase. The officer who told of this incident was asked what the Canadians would have done if the German had come right up to the trench. "Throw empty sardine tins at him, most probably, and told him to get back to his sausage," was the answer.

Frozen Stiff In Ice Cake.

Five months after he left home on a business trip J. A. Gingras of Desfosses street, Quebec city, was found the other afternoon, frozen stiff in a huge cake of ice, on the bank of the St. Charles river, by firemen who were on their way to their tug. When last seen last November Gingras was on his way to a business trip in the Maritime Provinces and he is thought to have accidentally drowned, as no signs of foul play are shown.

CITY AND VICINITY

Teakwood.

The fact that teakwood is coarse grained, greasy to the touch and possesses an offensive odor kept it in disrepute with English shipbuilders until 1897, when British shipbuilding and railway interests began to recognize the value of Indian teak. During the next seven years all the shipbuilding countries in the world joined in an ever increasing demand for this timber until its prices were forced up to a figure much beyond their normal rates. It has practically become the staple of the local wood industry for the greater part of the entire Indian continent. Teak is being freely planted by the Indian forestry service in the important civil stations all over India, even as far north as Saharanpur, Debra Dun and Lahore.—Argonaut.

Paid the Fine.

A policeman in a country village where "cases" were rare one day came across his landlord in an incapable state. The chance was too good to be missed, so the landlord was summoned and fined to the amount of 14s. 6d. The fine was paid, but the policeman's feelings can be better imagined than described when, on reaching home, he found his rent had been raised sixpence per week, and so it continued for twenty-nine weeks, when the landlord coolly informed him that he had paid the fine and could have his house at the former rent.—London Answers.

Not Enough.

The late Frank T. Bullen, author of "The Cruise of the Cachalot," was the raciest of story-tellers. One of his best yarns was of an old woman in a country church "praying at" a wealthy miser. The man was oblivious until a large piece of plaster fell from the ceiling plump on his head.

"Lord, Lord," he roared, jumping up, "I'll give five pounds!"

The old woman, in tones of disgust, lifted up her voice in appeal once more:—

"Hit him again, Lord; 'tain't enough; hit him again!"

Rev. Bishop Willard Brewing of Toronto, and Rev. George Buckingham, will conduct Divine Service in Emmanuel church this evening at eight o'clock. Everybody welcome.

To-morrow evening, 8 o'clock, Y. M. C. A. Assembly Rooms, Mr. Shorey discusses Legal Aspect of Temperance. Vocal and Instrumental Music. Silver collection. Patriotic purposes. 1t

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PRIME MINISTER RECOVERING RAPIDLY

Hon. W. H. Hearst is now rapidly recovering from the attack of acute pneumonia that laid him low a fortnight ago and, according to word received by his colleagues at Queen's Park he will in another week be able to pay a visit to his office.

The Prime Minister's condition during the crisis of the attack was much more serious than was generally supposed. The crisis, however, was passed on Friday, and since then, aided by his strong constitution and recuperative power, he has gained daily.

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Expect Germany Temporarily to Call Off Pirates

An Offer to Arbitrate or Diplomatically Settle the Question at Issue

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Without word from Ambassador Gerrard as to the attitude of the German Government toward the recent American note, official Washington attached more significance today to the intimations in diplomatic quarters here friendly to Germany that the latter country in its reply might offer to suspend attacks without warning on merchant ships while the United States renewed its informal proposals for the unrestricted passage of foodstuffs to civilians in Germany.

It was pointed out by well-informed European diplomats that an offer of arbitration for settlement by diplomacy of the questions at issue would most certainly be made by Germany, with an agreement to abandon submarine warfare while the discussion was in progress.

Officials have been reticent about discussing the idea of arbitration or the proposal with reference to foodstuffs, but it was indicated that the situation had progressed to the point where the United States would not likely be satisfied with any conditional acquiescence in the American position. It was intimated, however, that if Germany accepted the American point of view, the natural tendency of the United States, of its own initiative, would be strongly to press its contention on the right to ship foodstuffs to Germany, a matter still under diplomatic discussion.

There is a likelihood, too, that some understanding might be reached through the medium of the American Government whereby Germany could be definitely assured that no merchant ships leaving the United States would be armed, making it possible for submarine commanders to exercise the right of visit and search with impunity.

Whether Great Britain would consent to disarm all her merchant vessels carrying contraband is a matter of conjecture. England has insisted during the present war, and also maintained with much vigor in her correspondence with Russia during the Russo-Japanese war, that a prize should be sunk only in case of military necessity. This position has been taken by the United States in its naval code of instructions on the theory that destruction of neutral goods of non-contraband character aboard belligerent merchantmen would require the payment of heavy damages.

What is regarded as one of the hopeful signs in the general situation is the confidence reflected in official and diplomatic quarters that Germany will meet the United States at least half way and certainly will suspend for the time being her submarine attacks without warning during the diplomatic correspondence.

SEIZE ROTHSCHILD ESTATE

GENEVA, May 16.—It is said that the Austrian Government has confiscated the property of the Rothchilds, as well as that of various English, French, and Russian families.

ITALY STILL WAVERING NO ACTION TILL THURSDAY

The Fateful Day Postponed Until Thursday—Socialists Have Proclaimed General Strike Against War—People Clash With Police and Soldiers

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 18.—The Italian Parliament will be asked on Thursday to vote only on a bill containing a single clause conferring plenary powers on the Government, says the Giornale d'Italia. The final action regarding war is not expected until after that time.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 18.—Automobiles of every member of the Cabinet, with the exception of Premier Salandra's were commandeered today by the army authorities.

(Canadian Press Special)

TURAIN, May 18.—Socialists proclaimed a general strike today as a protest against Italy entering the war. The authorities were compelled to adopt severe measures to maintain order. Several persons were shot in a clash with the police and soldiers.

BRIBE OF TERRITORY FAILED.

(Canadian Press Special)

BUDAPEST, May 18.—An admission that he had offered territorial compensation to Italy as the price of continued neutrality was made by the Hungarian Premier, Tsza, in the Diet. He declined to state the exact nature of the concessions offered.

Canada May Put Restrictions on Sons of Enemy

OTTAWA, May 17.—While the Canadian authorities have hitherto exercised considerable leniency in connection with those individuals of German and other enemy extraction who have shown a disposition to behave themselves there are indications of an early tightening up. The Lusitania horror has brought insistent demands from every part of the country that Germans, irrespective of behavior, and regardless of whether recently naturalized or not, shall at once be taken in hand and registered or interned. This, of course, may be an extreme view of the situation, but news of the celebration of the sinking of the great liner in German clubs in various Canadian cities, of the ringing of joy bells in German communities and of rejoicing in the German settlements of the west, has come to the attention of the authorities, and an investigation will follow which may lead to the placing in concentration camps of a goodly number of those who have been enjoying freedom.

Meantime there is an increased inclination upon the part of unnaturalized Germans at large to seek speedy naturalization.

In a new electric filter for household use current is consumed only as water is being drawn through it.

Hang On Canadians, Said Lord Kitchener

"Lord Kitchener sent us a message while we were in action. He said: 'Hang on, Canadians, and save the Empire,' and you can bet we did."

This is the concluding paragraph in a letter received from Pte. William G. Gates, of the 3rd Battalion, by his father, Mr. William Gates, of 13 Lee avenue, Toronto. The letter, dated May 1, is as follows:

"I guess you have heard the sad news about the boys. I came through without a scratch and am feeling fine. We certainly had five days of the worst experiences that a man could wish to see. Ernie Minns was wounded. He had his jaw broken. I believe we are going back now for a long rest to get straightened out again. I suppose the people in Toronto are feeling very blue just now. Bob King is missing. You should have had a look at the boys after the battle was over. We came back in tens and twenties, weary and half dead. One of the first I met when we came out was Captain Chas. Vandersluys, and he was looking all in. Our captain (Captain L. S. Morrison) was killed or taken prisoner. We don't exactly know what happened to him. Most of the boys were scattered all over the place."

Pte. Gates was born in Toronto, and is an Upper Canada College boy. He was in the Auditing Department of the City Hall for three years, but was with the Toronto Electric Light Co. when he enlisted. He was offered his stripes, but preferred to serve as a private.

No word has been received from Capt. Morrison since the battle of Langemarck.

ACCUSE GERMAN BUREAUS

LONDON, May 17.— Morning Post publishes this dispatch from Berne, Switzerland:

"Immediately after the sinking of the Lusitania was announced the German press propaganda bureau supplied the papers of neutral countries with different statements, containing variously worded apologies for Germany.

"The Wolfe Bureau is now sending out these same statements as voicing the opinion of the neutral press."

MARMORA HAS FIRE BRIGADE

MARMORA, May 17.—At an enthusiastic meeting held in the Town Hall the Village of Marmora organized a fire brigade, the two chemical engines recently purchased by the corporation having arrived. Reeve Gray presided. The following were elected officers: Chief, F. N. Marrett; Deputy Chief, Alphonse Shannon; Captain John Laird.

HE CUT THE ROPE

Whose fault is it if his own dog bites him?

2,000 Canadians Crossed Channel

Draft Drawn from 17th, 23rd, 30th and 32nd Battalions

LONDON, May 4.—About 2,000 men marched out of Shorncliffe camp on Sunday, May 2nd, fully equipped, to take the cross-channel steamer. It was their second muster, for three days previously they had lined up, and marched down to the harbor of Folkestone, but in the meantime a heavy fog had crept up, and the trip was cancelled. The draft which went over on Sunday was drawn from the 17th, 23rd, 30th and 32nd Battalions.

The new extension camps at Sandling Junction and Dibgate are beginning to fill up. The Grampian and the Northland, which reached England near the end of last week, brought about 3,500 men; including the 4th, 5th and 6th Engineers (Ottawa), 18th Batalion (London), Field Ambulances,—Casualty clearing hospitals, and divisional train. The trip across was said to have been devoid of incident.

When the Gazette correspondent visited Shorncliffe Camp on Sunday, May 2nd, Montrealers in the 1st Reserve Battery (old 21st), were eagerly scanning home papers just received, all mail being a week late, held up no doubt, by troops transport arrangements. A paper was handed round with much interest was the special supplement of the McGill Daily.

The intimation that some of the 1st Reserve Artillery would be wanted for the front in a few days caused certain enthusiastic sergeants to volunteer to go over as gunners.

Lieut. A. C. Hersey, of Montreal, is now stationed at Shorncliffe, in the base pay office.

Col. John Carson crossed to France on Monday, May 3rd.

JOHN KIDMAN.

Bethlehem Steel Has Unfulfilled German Orders

NEW YORK, May 17.—Before the European war was declared, Germany was one of the best customers of Bethlehem Steel. More than one-half of its products for export went to Germany. Hundreds of guns now being used on land and sea by Germany were made at the plants of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation.

In connection with the purchase of war munitions from American manufacturers by European nations an authority in the steel trade on ordnance says:

"Germany has placed large contracts for shrapnel, guns and other ordnance with concerns in this country, the Bethlehem Company getting the bulk of the business. Bethlehem, it is claimed, is doing a large amount of work, particularly in the manufacture of shrapnel for Germany. Germany is not confident that the Bethlehem Copany will be able to make deliveries while the war continues, but is willing to spend millions of dollars by employing capacity that would otherwise be turning out shells, guns, etc., for the Allies."

German holdings in the Bethlehem Steel Company, at one time aggregated several million dollars of bonds and stocks. That country has never taken kindly to other American street securities, an illustration of which is found in the fact that is holdings of United States Steel amount to less than 2,000 shares.

GUARD NEWPORT DEFENSES

NEWPORT, R.I., May 16.—The Narragansett Defence District, which includes Fort Adams here, Fort Greble at Dutch Island, guarding the passages of Narragansett Bay; Fort Wetherill and Fort Getty at Jamestown and the reservoir at Sanderstown, are all under guard of armed Coast artillery troops.

This condition became effective soon after the Lusitania disaster, and is a matter of precaution in view of the vast ordnance stores at the Torpedo Station, Ross Island, and the coal and oil station at Bradford, in Narragansett Bay. Before the Lusitania disaster the batteries of Fort Kearney and Fort Getty were in charge of civilian watchmen by day. Now strangers are not permitted to enter any of the defenses without passes.

The bluejacket guard patrolling the torpedo station also guards the important naval radio station there.

The troops of the district are in command of Colonel George F. Landers of the Coast Artillery Corps.

FRENCH CONTINUE ADVANCE GERMANS LEAVE 2,000 DEAD

Several Fierce Counter-Attacks by Germans Have Been Successfully Repulsed—Artillery Fighting Continues Day and Night

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 18.—(Afternoon's official statement) On the terrain west of the Yser canal conquered by us yesterday and the day before, the Germans left about 2,000 dead and a great number of rifles. During the course of engagements yesterday we made some further prisoners.

East of the Canal we have consolidated the positions recently taken by us.

During the night the Germans undertook a particularly violent counter attack, preceding the action by a bombardment with artillery and bomb throwers. They were repulsed.

In the region of Notre Dame de Lorette, on the road from Aix-Noulette to Souchez, we checked completely by our fire two other German counter attacks.

As for oursleves, we captured, as the result of a night advance, a group of houses near the cemetery of Ablain. Along all the front north of Arras artillery fighting is continuing day and night. The Germans bombarded Arras with particular ferocity.

In the region of Ville-au-Bois, near Berry-au-Bac, the enemy yesterday undertook a fresh attack, but was easily repulsed.

THE OUTBREAK IN PORTUGAL

(Canadian Press Special)

LISBON, May 18.—Improvement shown condition of President Chagas. Lisbon has regained almost normal appearance.

MADRID, May 17.—Joáo Chagas, President of the Portuguese Cabinet who was shot on a train while travelling from Oporto to Lisbon, died of wounds, according to the latest reports reaching here from Lisbon.

LISBON, May 17.—Joao Chagas, the new President of the Cabinet, was shot four times with a pistol while on board the midnight train from Oporto. His assailant was Senator Freitas, who also was shot and wounded by a passenger of the train.

Senor Chagas was taken to a hospital, where it was announced that his condition was grave. In addition to other wounds, he is suffering from a fracture of the skull. The attack occurred at the Entrocamento railway station. Senator Freitas was killed by gendarmes.

AUSTRO-GERMANS PURSUE RUSSIANS

(Canadian Press Special)

PETROGRAD, May 18.—A Russian official statement admits that Austro-German columns "pursued" Russian troops which moved to the new position between Pilica and the upper Vistula. It is stated, however, that attacks against the recently occupied front in the direction of Stryj and Doluna and along the Pruth were repulsed.

300,000 RECRUITS WANTED BY BRITAIN

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 18.—In the British House of Lords today, Lord Kitchener said the news from the Dardanelles was thoroughly satisfactory. He expressed confidence that in the very near future the country would be in a satisfactory position in regard to the supply of ammunition, and said he wanted three hundred thousand more recruits to form new armies.

REVOLUTION AT TRIESTE

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 18.—Despatches from Trieste confirm previous reports that a revolutionary movement is in progress there. The town is in a state of siege. The presence of the military, however, has failed to prevent attempts at popular uprisings and demonstrations of hostility to Emperor Francis-Joseph.

BRITISH TO USE POISONOUS GASES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 18.—Lord Kitchener stated in the House of Commons today that the British and French Governments felt that the allied troops must be adequately protected against the poisonous gases by the employment of similar methods. This would remove an unjustifiable advantage which must otherwise exist.

Dynamite Exploded Under Section House

COBALT, May 17.—A charge of dynamite was exploded last night about 11 o'clock under the T. and N. O. railway section house at Gillies Station. The building, which was a combination hand-car house, tool house and residence for the section crew, was considerably damaged and some of the boards were blown into the bush, but, strange to say, not one of the occupants, who were asleep at the time, was injured. The provincial police are investigating the outrage. The dynamite was exploded under front door of the building.

BOY AND TEAM DROWNED

PICTON, Ont., May 17.—A drowning accident occurred a few miles east of this town to-day when Gerald VanBlaricom, aged 16 years, lost his life. The young man was engaged with his father in drawing stone to build a breakwater along the Bay of Quinte, which adjoins the farm, when the horses became frightened and plunged into the water. The father, Mr. D. W. VanBlaricom, who was also on the wagon at the time, escaped with a wetting, but the boy was drowned. The horses were also drowned.

AMERICAN FLEET STEAMS OUT TO SEA

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 18.—President Wilson reviewed the American fleet, which steamed out to sea today headed by the superdreadnought Wyoming, and fifteen other battleships. The fleet left for Newport and will carry out manoeuvres along the coast.

ANTI-GERMAN STRIKE IN CALGARY

(Canadian Press Special)

CALGARY, May 18.—Sixty employees of the Great West Saddlery Company went on strike because the firm refused to discharge several alleged Germans and Austrians.

DIED AT CROOKSTON

The remains of the late Mr. Garfield Wilcox, who died yesterday at Crookston, Huntingdon Township, will arrive here to-morrow for interment. Deceased, who as 34 years of age, was a son of Mr. Asa Wilcox of Thurlow Township. Deceased is survived by a widow and three children, also his parents, two sisters and one brother.

RECRUITING ANOTHER REGIMENT AT BELLEVILLE

Instructions have been received by Col. Marsh, commanding officer of the 15th Regiment, from Ottawa, for the recruiting and mobilization of the 4th contingent here. Lt. D. M. McCargar will be in charge of the recruiting for the 15th Regiment.

SIR ADAM BECK'S RETURN

LONDON, May 17.—Sir Adam Beck sails for Canada to-morrow. He lately spent several days at the Canadian headquarters at the front and also inspected all the remount departments, upon which he will report to the Militia Department.

Born in Belleville Died in Toronto

Miss Fitzgibbon, Noted Authority on History and Welfare Worker

TORONTO May 18—A woman much beloved for her welfare and for her service as an authoress and historical student passed away in Toronto last night in the person of Miss Mary Agnes FitzGibbon. Her death occurred after an illness of a few weeks at the Women's Welcome Hostel 52 St. Alban's street of which she was founder and Superintendent. Miss FitzGibbon was born in Belleville in 1851 but lived most of her life in Toronto, where she had been closely identified with various historical and charitable organizations.

An Intimate Sketch

Mary Agnes FitzGibbon was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James FitzGibbon, and granddaughter of Colonel FitzGibbon (a veteran of 1812), whose biography was published by herself. Mrs. FitzGibbon was a Miss Strickland, niece of the famous authoress of "Queens of England." An original volume of this; with annotations in Queen Victoria's own handwriting, was in Miss FitzGibbon's possession. Mrs. Moodie and Mrs. Traill of Lakefield were also members of the family, their books on early life in Canada and the wildflowers of the country, having a wide circulation. Mrs. FitzGibbon also wrote a beautifully illustrated volume on "The Wild Flowers of Canada," the original drawings of which were exhibited a few years ago in the University of Toronto. She was a very beautiful woman, with lovely features and complexion and one of the first recollections I have is of her long, soft, dark curls on either side of the pink cheeks. Miss FitzGibbon was like her father's family, pale skin, reddish hair and large grey eyes, with Irish facial characteristics. She was intensely proud of her Irish descent, and was related to the Lord Justice FitzGibbon, the famous lawyer of Dublin. Of frail physique, her spirit was indomitable, and her interest in all public things was unfailing.

Fighting For Low Coal Rates

Toronto Coal Dealers and Gas Company Oppose Increase by Railways

OTTAWA, May 17.—According to figures submitted in the freight rates case before the Railway Commission to-day it costs 20 per cent. more for freight and Customs duty on a ton of coal, f.o.b. Toronto, than the actual cost of the commodity at the mines. Bituminous coal can be bought at the mines in Pennsylvania for $1.30 per ton. The freight rate from the mines to the International Bridge at Niagara Falls is $1.25. From the Bridge to Toronto it is 60 cents per ton, the ordinary Customs duty 53 cents, the war duty 10 cents, making the total cost per ton by the time it reaches Toronto, $3.78.

Arthur Hewitt, general manager of the Consumer's Gas Company, Toronto, submitted the foregoing figures in his protest against the proposed freight increase of 10 cents per ton. He said that his company imported 250,000 tons of coal annually, and is now paying between $60,000 and $70,000 per year in war tax. Other expenses due to the war brought the extra expenditure up to $150,000 yearly.

J. E. Dalrymple, vice-president of the Grand Trunk, and E. W. Beatty, general counsel and vice-president of the C.P.R., called the at ention of the board to the fact that all factors that brought about added expenditure to private companies, such as war taxes and so on, also applied to the railways to a much greater extent.

M. K. Cowan, K.C., Toronto, who is appearing for several of the coal merchants and large consumers, said that he was of the opinion that the estimated increase in revenue from the advance in rates on coal, given by Mr. Dalrymple was rateer low.

Mr. Dalrymple stated that his estimate of $585,315 was as nearly accurate as he could get it. It was based on the amount of revenue derived from coal traffic over the Grand Trunk last year, which was $9,787,000.

CHARGE OF HIGH TREASON

The trial of Emil Nerlich, who stands charged with high treason, will commence before a jury in the Assize Cout on Tuesday, May 25. This was announced by Crown Prosecutor, W. C. Mikel, K.C., to-day.

3 Items Worth While 3

LADIES' GLOVES

1000 pairs Ladies' and Children's Gloves, in Silk, Lisle, Lisle and Various Other Lines, in shades black, white, tan, navy, grey, sky, etc., worth regularly 50c pair. On sale at one pair, 16c

LADIES' & MISSES' SUMMER DRESSES

500 beautiful new American Summer Dresses, in a large range of materials; dainty designs in stripes, checks, and neat floral patterns, this very latest "go-to-church-minute" styles, all sizes in Ladies' Dresses, 36 to 44; Misses' sizes 14 to 18 years. Selling at $3.25, $3.00, $1.98, $1.69, $1.50

TUNGSTEN LIGHTS

We have just received another shipment of Tungsten lights, 25, 40, 60 watts, ... 25c each

Gas Mantles, all kinds, ... 25c, 15c, 10c each

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Brockville Men Tell Thrilling Battle Stories

BROCKVILLE, May 16.—Color Sergt. Alfred Wooding of Brockville, who was wounded at the battle of Hill 60, writes an interesting letter home from Southmead Hospital, Bristol, Eng., under date of April 30. Wooding was shot through the heel by a German bullet, fracturing the bone, but his is recovering and hopes to be back with his regiment soon. Wooding says:

"I cannot express in words what the boys went through for three days. We were in billets and on Monday our Colonel informed us that in a few days we would be relieved by the troops in Hill 60. Nothing unusual happened until Thursday afternoon, when we heard heavy firing to the front, later on we noticed hundreds of French soldiers retreating across the fields towards our billets. We got into pouvreation and some of them after words informed us that the Germans had been firing poisonous shells and they had them coming to the Huns.

About 7 p.m. we received orders to stand to and two hours later on we moved off. We knew we were going to retake the ground lost by the French. It was a forced march of about four and one-half miles with full pack on. All along the road were signs of a fierce fight, upturned ammunition wagons, transport wagons and a lot of French soldiers. But we kept going until we arrived near one of our batteries. Here we lay down on each side of the road for a while, and then moved on again. We then left the road and made across the fields up a slope. Finally we opened up a skirmishing order, jumped over ditches and through hedges until the order came down the line to fix bayonets. I did not know what time it was but it must have been around 1 a.m.

Canadian Warshoops

"We kept going by short rushes. At last the order came to charge and charge we did, with a Canadian warshoop but we had not run far before the Germans opened fire in which I was wounded. My chum on my right called out that I was hit, and laid down beside me. We lay there for a while as the bullets were coming thick and fast. He then removed my boots and socks and bandaged me the best he could. With the aid of my chum we reached a barn and he hurried back to rejoin his company.

"The wounded were being carried in from all over the field, which showed that they had at last taken the trenches was heavy. The barn was full—Colonel and Captain lay beside privates and officers. There was a standstill treatment from the stretcher bearers and A.M.C. men who were

Crawled Through Shell Fire

Word came in the afternoon that there would be ambulance cars at the next barn on the road one-quarter of a mile away and any who could get down was to go. The wounded could not be carried on stretchers as it was too near the firing line and all open country. I started crawling on my hands and knees with two others. We arrived about mid-way when a shrapnel burst over our heads in front of us. Had it exploded behind, I could not be writing this, as these shells scattered forward.

The concussion knocked the three of us flat on the ground where we lay for a while, then started off again. We had only gone a few yards when another burst, and, looking back, we noticed that the German had sent a 'coal box' into the barn, quite near the one we had left. I heard afterwards that a number of our boys were killed there. At last I reached the second dressing station. The Germans were shelling around it, but were unable to get the range, for which I was not sorry. The Red Cross nurses are angels. I do not know what we would do without them."

Pte. Acton, another Brockville boy wounded at Langemarck who is also a patient of Southmead, write his parents of his experiences. He says realizing that he was shot he began to crawl from the fighting zone towards the hospital but some distance away. On the way he met Sergt. Hawkins of Quebec, who was also wounded. The two of them assisting each other continued creeping towards the hospital tent falling prone every time a Jack Johnson shell fell in their vicinity.

Once on passing they noticed a gun and ammunition wagon being brought up to reinforce the Canadians. Suddenly a screeching shell struck it and in the twinkling of an eye the gun, wagon, horses and driver were no more; they were scattered to the four winds of heaven. Pte. Acton and Sergt. Hawkins escaped injury from the flying debris. They finally reached the hospital tent where their injuries were dressed, after which they were moved to a vacant cellar for safety.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

DOGS KILLED

Two bull terrier dogs belonging to Dr. Abell have been killed by motor car since on last Friday, and one on Sunday last.

PAID HIS FINE

John Wilson, a stranger in the city, was to-day by Magistrate Masson fined $5 and costs or 21 days in jail for intoxication. The fine was paid.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT

James Godwin, who joined the militia but was subsequently discharged, this morning appeared before the magistrate on a charge of disorderly conduct. A fine of $10 and costs, or 2 months in jail was imposed. The accused went up on the hill.

ALLEGED THEFT

A young man named Albert C. Gilroy, whose home is in Tyendinaga Township, was arrested last evening on a charge of theft. On May 6th Mr. Cairns of this city, had a bicycle stolen from in front of his premises on Front street, and the wheel was recovered in possession of Gilroy. The accused was this afternoon on trial before the magistrate charged with theft.

GERMANS REPORTING

Karl Wagner, a German, who has been in Canada for seven months, and at present is residing in the city, yesterday reported to the police authorities, giving all details as to his whereabouts since the war broke out. Wagner is a married man and at present is residing on Jones street. He has made application to take out naturalization papers in this country. Two other parties who are Germans by birth, and who reside in the city, report regularly to the police in accordance with military regulations. There is no truth in the rumor that three Germans have been interned.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Hon. Henry Corby, Mrs. Corby and Miss Corby have returned from Virginia Hot Springs.

Mr. John Cornelius, who has been a resident of this city for some time, has gone to Toronto where he will reside permanently.

Rev. Father Corrigan arrived in Brockville Saturday afternoon and entered upon his duties as curate at St. Francis Xavier church. The Rev. Father was formerly curate of St. Michael's church in this city.

Dr. Gibson, who has been seriously ill, was taken this morning to Toronto in a private car, and will remain at the Wellesley Hospital for some time. He was accompanied by Dr. Mather.

PROPOSED RADIAL RAILWAY TO COME BEFORE CITY COUNCIL

A Grant of $400 Made to the 39th Battalion to Assist in Purchasing Necessities—Porin Street to be Paved—Radial Railway Propose!

At a regular meeting of the City Council last night amongst other matters transacted was a motion to grant $400 to the 39th Battalion regimental fund, towards purchasing some comforts for the boys, who are going to the front. A pavement will be laid on Porin street, as notice of a Bylaw for same was given.

The members present were: Mayor Panter, Aldermen Wallbridge, Woodley, Platt, Smith, Duckworth, Earle, McFee, St. Charles and McCoy.

After the reading and confirming of the minutes of the last meeting the Council went into committee of the whole on reports, communications, etc., Ald. Woodley in the chair.

The accounts recommended to be paid by the various committees were passed and the following recommendations were disposed of:

Recommended that the 15th Regiment fund be given the use of a portion of Victoria Park for the purpose of holding a military carnival thereon during the week of May 31st to June 5th, and that the organizations operating under their auspices be charged no license fee whatever. It was moved by the Council that the recommendation prevail, provided the band be held responsible for any damage resulting to the park.

Recommended that the petition from property owners on Porin street, asking for the construction of a tar macadam tarvia pavement be referred to the city engineer and assessor to report, and that if the petition is sufficiently signed the prayer of the petition be granted. Carried.

Recommended that the manager of the Gas department be authorized to purchase six ordinary gas metres and 12 slot metres. Carried.

A communication was read from Mr. S. R. Mallory, city clerk of Cornwall, thanking the Belleville Council for the interest taken in the Hydro electric railway meeting held here and also for the use of the Council chamber, where the meeting was held. Received and filed.

A petition was presented for the oiling of a portion of Queen street. It was decided to grant the prayer of the petition if the residents are agreeable to the payment of same.

A report was presented from the city engineer, re cost of a granolithic walk on a portion of Cedar street, also a similar walk on a portion of Catherine street. Referred to Public Works Committee.

STREET PAVING

Some discussion took place in referring a report from the City Engineer Evans, relative to laying down of a tile drain on Porin street before the street is paved. Messrs. R. W. Adams and C. Whelan spoke on behalf of the residents of the street, stating that this had not been contemplated when the petition was signed by the property owners. They contended that the street was connected with a sewer and a tile drain was not necessary. As the pavement was to be only 18 feet in width, there would be room on either side of the street to put in a drain in the future, if it was found necessary.

City Engineer—That could no doubt be done.

On motion of Mayor Panter, it was decided to have a Bylaw introduced at the next council meeting in connection with the petition for a pavement, also that the ratepayers be willing to pay for a tile drain later on if such was necessary.

GRADING STREET

City Engineer Evans presented a report relative to the grading of a portion of West Bridge street, and putting down Murney's Hill. Referred to the Public Works Committee.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC RAILWAY

Mayor Panter referred briefly to the meeting held in the city last week re hydro-electric radial railway proposition. He considered it would be a good thing for Belleville. The Government would no doubt send their engineers over the proposed route and their report would be submitted to the various councils of the municipalities interested, and if it was decided to construct such a line the Government would be asked to subsidize it, and the ratepayers would be asked to vote for approval or rejection of same. Before anything definite was done in this city, the matter would be discussed by the Council, the Board of Trade and citizens generally.

GRANT TO 39TH

Capt. W. H. Hudson addressed the Council in reference to a grant being made to the 39th Battalion, modified in this city, to provide necessaries for the men which the Government does not provide. It was proposed to have a field kitchen and other necessaries. Other municipalities in this district were contributing to this fund. There are 1,155 officers and men in the 39th Battalion and at least $1000 would leave here in the near future. He would ask the Council to be as generous as possible in this matter.

Ald. Wallbridge said the matter would be taken up, and as generous a donation as possible would be made.

The Committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

ENQUIRIES

Ald. McCurdy asked if Front street was going to be flushed every day or every other day.

Ald. McFee—I understand a petition is being circulated amongst the merchants in reference to this matter.

Ald. Duckworth asked if the city or the property owners were responsible for dirt working down in the rains, on the sidewalk on the north side of Murney Hill.

City Engineer—It may be the city is responsible, or it may be the owners of the property. He would look into the matter.

INTRODUCTION OF BYLAW

Ald. Wallbridge introduced a Bylaw for the raising of $2200 as debentures by way of loan in connection with one of the new public schools in the city of Belleville.

The Bylaw was passed through its various stages and numbered. Ald. Wallbridge was in the chair, in committee of the whole on Bylaws.

MOTIONS

Moved by Ald. Woodley, seconded by Ald. St. Charles, that the parents of the children attending the public residents of this city, and left with the 34th battery be requested to communicate with Ald. Woodley. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Earle, seconded by Ald. Woolley, that the usual grant of $100 be given the Horticultural Society, for which they are to supply flowers, etc., for the city parks, the selections to be left with the society and chairman of parks committee.

Moved by Ald. Wallbridge, seconded by Ald. McCurdy, that Front street be flushed in the same manner as was done last year, namely every day. Carried.

Ald. McFee moved, seconded by Ald. Wallbridge, that $400 be given to the regimental fund of the 25th Battalion, C.E.F., for the purchase of comforts of the rank and file. Carried.

NOTICE OF MOTION

Ald. Smith gave notice of a Bylaw, re paving of Porin street.

Council adjourned.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS ENTERTAIN SOLDIERS

A most enjoyable evening was spent by members of the 39th Battalion last evening. The occasion was a smoker and supper given by the Knights of Columbus to the soldiers in the Columbus Club, Front street. The programme was a full one, action from start to finish, and ample justice was done the repast.

After a few words of welcome by Deputy Grand Knight H. L. Ingram, the Rev. Father O'Connor gave a most inspiring address, expressing the admiration and pride of the Knights of Columbus and the Catholics at large, for their fellow churchmen, who were going out to fight, and if necessary die, to preserve the liberty of our great Empire. He also admonished them to keep their own lives clean by remembering their duty to God, therefore by making themselves more useful friends of their King and country. Father O'Connor was roundly cheered by the soldiers at the end of his address.

The programme was then taken in charge by Lecturer W. L. Doyle, and his task was a light one, as there was no dearth of volunteers, who participated to make the evening a most enjoyable one. Songs were sung by Bold, Bland, Tom Barrett, J. V. Doyle, and Privates Manson, Shaw, Fitzpatrick, Doyle and others. Several friendly boxing bouts were indulged in by the members and the 39th boys to the delight of all present. These interesting contest were governed by Mr. P. J. Jennings, in his usual expert style.

The singing of the National Anthem brought the evening to a close and Sergeant Morgan O'Rourke and Donovan marched their men to their respective' camps.

The handle of a new putty knife is a tube, from which putty can be forced to the blade by pressing a plunger in the end.

4th Contingent

Volunteers for Overseas for this Force may Apply at the Armouries to Lieut. D. W. McCARGAR or Capt. (Dr.) O. E. MacCOLL, 15th Regiment.

P. K. Ketchcson, Lieut. Adjutant.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE.

It was officially announced last night there are 1,155 men in the 39th Battalion stationed in this city, and at least 1,000 men would leave for overseas.

Teams from the 2nd Battalion recently played a game of baseball 'somewhere' in Flanders. Capt. Eddie O'Flynn of Belleville was the umpire.

The 39th Battalion went on a route march this morning and stood it well.

The officers of the 39th Battalion have their horses now, and present a fine appearance on parade.

KINGSTON

Up to the present no word has yet been received from Ottawa about the opening of Barriefield Camp and the advance party cannot be brought in before the middle of the week, which will make the opening date at least the end of next week. The militia authorities at Ottawa are working strenuously to keep up the rush of work and have not yet had time to consider the Barriefield Camp details.

There is absolutely no doubt but that the 8th Regiment, "C.M.R., 7th Artillery Brigade, 38th Battalion and the overseas volunteers in the division will be in camp, but arrangements for transportation have not yet been made. There is to be a total of 2,000 men under canvas. It is unlikely that the 14th Regiment Horse Guard will be under canvas.

It is rumored in military circles that there will be another organization of a force of at least fifty thousand men for overseas service, and that, in all probability, Kingston will play a prominent part in the portion that will be allotted to the third divisional area. There is nothing definite as to new battalions but it is said that Kingston will be the mobilizing centre for another battalion, and that the Cereal works and Artillery park barracks are kept for the accommodation of the proposed new battalion. The name of a well-known local officer is also mentioned in connection with the command of the new overseas battalion.

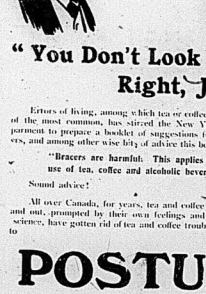
The camp staff for Barriefield has been approved. The staff will be composed as follows:—Camp Commandant, Colonel Heming; A. A. G., Colonel Ogilvie; D.S.O., Major Brown; A.D.T.S., Major Hamilton; S.O.O., Major Pridham; A.D.M.S., Captain Gardiner; Musketry Instructor, Lieut. W. E. Swaine. The subordinate staff will be left to the selecting of the Camp Commandant, Colonel Heming.

The entire staff of the Third Divisional area will be taken to camp so that one staff will be able to administer both the camp and division at the same times.

The date for the opening of the camp has not yet been settled, but it is probable that the advance party will go into camp next Saturday, and the camp open on Tuesday, May 25th.

The 14th Regiment have had 12 recruits for the regiment up to last Friday night.

Eight stretchers, two field panniers and a medical and surgical outfit were sent to the 39th Battalion from the local military hospital yesterday morning.



"You Don't Look Right, Jones"

Errors of living, among which tea or coffee-drinking is one of the most common, has stirred the New York Health Department to prepare a booklet of suggestions for indoor workers, and among other wise bits of advice this booklet says:

"Bracers are harmful. This applies to the use of tea, coffee and alcoholic beverages."

Sound advice!

All over Canada, for years, tea and coffee drinkers indoors and out, prompted by their own feelings and enlightened by science, have gotten rid of tea and coffee troubles by changing to

POSTUM

—the pure food-drink.

Postum, made of choicest wheat and a small portion of wholesome molasses, has a delicious snappy flavor, yet contains no caffeine (the harmful drug in tea and coffee) nor any other harmful element.

Postum comes in two forms:

Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—the soluble form—is prepared in the cup. A teaspoonful in a cup of hot water makes a delicious drink instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious, and the cost per cup is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

MADE IN CANADA. —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Here's an Office of Unusual Importance.

Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.

F. Millard, 236 Front St.

THE WEATHER.

Fresh northerly winds, mostly fair and cool. . . .

Wednesday . . . northerly to northeast winds, continuing very cool.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends greatly on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the watch is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE FOR :: EXAMINATION ::

Angus McFee

Jeweler Mfg. Optician

The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING

Quick—LASTING—Economical

PRESERVES THE LEATHER

10c—3 tins 25c.

Invisible Starch

For colored prints and wash goods 20c

Reckitt's Hound or Jag Blue

Keen's Oxford Blue

Berger's Rice Starch

Gillard's Pickle Relish ..... 35c.

C. & S. Sweet Pickle—ground ..... 25c.

Spanish Pimentoes, tins ..... 10 & 20c.

Durkee's Salad Dressing ..... 10, 35 & 60c

Currie Powder, bottles ..... 10, 15 & 25c

Tarragon Vinegar, bottles ..... 20c.

Anchovy Paste ..... 20c.

Texas Onions—Silver White

Grape Juice

Peanut Butter

Dill Pickles

Fresh Gulf Lobster ..... 18 & 25c.

Red Kidney Beans (Baked) ..... 10 & 15c

MacLaren's Imperial Cheese, pkgs.

"Del" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.

Lowney's Pastorale Chocolate ..... 10 & 20c

Quince Marmalade ..... 20c.

Bramble Jelly ..... 25c.

Mandarin Marmalade ..... 25c.

Skinless Figs ..... 15 & 25c

Individual Biscuits & Marmalade ..... 5c.

Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER

May 1st

25, 40 and 60-Watt Lamps will be sold at

30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy

The Kodak Store. Bridge St.

Stockings and Gloves

Our Hosiery Department is just full of new stockings for summer wear.

250 pairs Silk Stockings, double wear heel and toe, an extra special at .... 59c. pair

Fownes' Gloves, in silk, lisle, kid—guaranteed, 50c. to $2.50 per pair.

HOLEPROOF HOSIERY for men, women and children, in lisle, silk, cashmere, guaranteed. Mercerized lisle thread stockings .... 25c. pair.

UNDERWEAR for women and children, best brands always in stock, from .... 15c. to $1.50

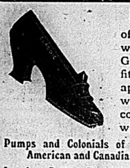
KIDDIES' MIDDIES, made up to the minute .... 75c.

WOMEN'S BLOUSES from 50c. to $5.00. Exclusive styles.

An extra special in Black Pailette Silk, yard wide, Lyons dye, warranted not to cut; worth $1.25, on sale at .... 89c. yard

D. & A. CORSETS from .... 50c. to $3.00 pair

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street



Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from tho best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Cerhard Heintzman Pianos

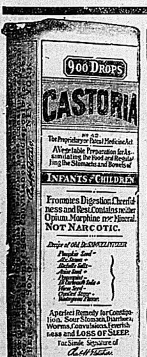
are found in most of the finest homes In Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

during the past half century are maintaining it to-day.

J. A. Goodsell & Co., 316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.



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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

A READER'S VIEWS ON THE SITUATION

To the Editor.

Dear Sir,—Many entertain doubt as to the intervention of Italy. To my mind it seems that there is no other course which Italy can pursue. The King must call a pro-war premier to the helm. If he does, then war will at once follow. If the King should not do this, or give his fiat against war, there would be the bloodiest revolution that ever stained the beautiful land of Italy. A peace premier would be assassinated in forty-eight hours. A coalition government may possibly be formed. Roumania will also join the Allies. With these forces the Allies probably will drive out the Germans from Belgium, France and Poland.

The moment that the Allies enter Germany the most terrible events of the war must occur. Any one familiar with the twenty years' war of Spain, and Germany,—when the immense army of the Spaniards—ten Spaniards to one German in number—invaded Germany and could not conquer—we can fancy what sort of a fight Germany will put up on her own land. The Germans will fight to their last ditch. The Germans have invented a gun which recently sent a 12-inch shell into Dunkirk from a distance of 23 miles. Fancy a cannon shot reaching Belleville fired from Tweed. This is a fifty centimetre gun. In attacking a fortress it will throw a twenty-inch shell, which no fortress can withstand. This gun can fire three different sizes of shells. Why she can do so is, that she has cylinders of different sizes, which can be inserted in the gun at will. The Germans have completed a submarine of large capacity, which can travel ten thousand miles from their base of supplies. They sink tanks with oil at certain points. These are under water, but are supplied with an electrical device, which causes the tank to rise to the surface when the electrical plant upon the submarine is put into motion. I omitted to say that the gun I allude to is not fired by powder, but a gas mixture, fired by injecting oil into compressed air. An air torpedo has been invented by the Germans which it is claimed can be fired to reach a certain target one hundred miles distant. When twenty-two ships were torpedoed in the same week with the Lusitania, one begins to wonder if the opinion of Admiral Percy Scott, that dreadnoughts must be sent to the scrap heap, and that warships in the future must be submarines, may not be correct. Dreadnoughts can fight battleships, but what protection has an armored cruiser against a torpedo?

Why the Lusitania was not protected by destroyers is remarkable. Why Captain Turner slowed down to fifteen knots instead of running at twenty-five knots, when both the English government and Turner knew well that the ship was in the war zone, and in the very spot haunted by submarines is a mystery. Captain Turner and the Cunard agent at New York declared that the ship could outrun any submarine, as indeed she could. Why, then, slacken speed at the instant when she required full speed?

Will the United States fight? The answer is no. It is true that she fought Spain when the Maine was blown up, but what has she done to redress the wrongs her American subjects have suffered in Mexico? Nothing, but withdrawn her ships and made a few feeble protests. In the case of Germany the States may proceed far enough to withdraw all diplomatic arrangements with Germany. They may possibly demand a monetary payment for the lives of her citizens destroyed; but she will not fight. England fought Abyssinia when one Englishman was retained as a captive; but hundreds of Americans can be murdered in cold blood by the Germans and yet the States will not fight.

One of the most amusing things connected with the Kaiser is his avowed belief that God has raised him to the throne, and that he is an especial protege of God. Why, the Hohenzollern family only obtained Prussia through foreclosing a mortgage which that unforeunate country could not pay. They were also guilty of moral fraud, because there was another mortgage on the property which they should have paid; but they cheated the mortgagee out of the property, which he held as security, and took possession of it. This blood-stained mad dog recently addressed the Socialists, numbering five millions, as follows:

"In view of our present Socialists' "troubles, it may come to this—that I "command you to shoot down your own "relatives, brothers, and even parents, "in the streets, which God forbid; but "you must obey my orders without a "murmur."

Yours truly,
J. J. B. FLINT.

SETTLERS FROM U. S. TO BE ENCOURAGED

OTTAWA, May 16.—Immigration from Europe having greatly diminished since the war, every effort is being made by the Canadian Immigration authorities to encourage that from the United States.

Immigration from the Mother Country and continental Europe has now practically ceased. Between August 1, 1914, and April 30, 1915, the British immigrant arrivals have been 12,000 and the continental arrivals 3,700. Consisting as it does largely of agriculturists, the movement of settlers from the United States to Canada is encouraged by the Canadian Government; it being felt that the greater number engaged in farming operations the better able the Dominion will be to provide the food supply for the Allies. Since the outbreak of war as a result of these efforts 30,000 settlers from the States have taken up their homes in Canada.

The greatest care has been taken to place no unnecessary barrier between Canada and the United States. There is an immense trade between the Dominion and the neighboring republic which necessitates constant crossing of the International boundary by commercial travellers and other business men, while there is an immense tourist traffic and officials have been instructed to give courteous treatment to the bona fide travelling public as was customary before the outbreak of the war. United States need not go to the trouble of securing passports nor will unnatural residents of the United States coming to this country for peaceable purposes be in any way interfered with.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

How British Money Was Lost in South

Gladstone One of the Prominent Englishmen Who Bought Confederate Bonds

The New York Times of the 14th inst., contains the following interesting item of history, showing how speculative certain parties in England were, and the confidence they had in the success of the Southeners in their contest for a Separate Slavery Republic. All these speculators will get out of Uncle Sam will not add much to their riches. The Times says:—

In connection with recent suggestions regarding the possibility of Germany or some other of the warring nations repudiating their national debts after the struggle is over, a statement of the investments by leading British statesmen and publicists of the 60's in the bonds of the Southern Confederacy and their consequeat hopes for the success of the South in the civil war, reprinted in the April 28 issue of Greenwich Village, Guido Bruno's magazine, is of special interest. The article was originally published in Donahoe's Magazine in 1867. W. E. Gladstone, according to this statement, had invested $100,000 in Confederate bonds, and the owners and publishers of the leading London papers are also on the lists.

"The recent efforts of English capitalists," says the article—recent, of course, in 1867—"to create a boom in Confederate bonds has led to additional revelations concerning the assistance given by English capitalists in the Southern States in the war of secession. The manner in which these English bondholders hope to realize at least a portion of the millions sterling which they advanced in order to dismember the United States is to induce the United States Government to transfer to the bondholders the unappropriated balance of the Alabama award, and the larger amount of money received from cotton seizures in the South during the war. It is thought by them that ten millions of dollars are lying idle in the Treasury at Washington. This would be thirteen or fourteen million dollars, or about one third of the amount they would be satisfied with as a settlement. The amount of the Confederate debt is said to be four hundred million dollars. It is mostly held in Europe. How much of this the syndicate will be able to gather in remains to be seen. At any rate, the syndicate, if successful, will reap a vast reward for their outlay.

"Mr. Ivan C. Michels, a Russian gentleman well informed on the transactions between the late Confederacy and European powers, furnishes a list of names of some of the holders of the Confederate cotton loan bonds.

"Mr. Michels says that these were the actual losses, moneys paid by each individual, but the amount of Confederate bonds they received in return amounted to several million dollars. He obtained the information through his London correspondent. Mr. Michels thinks the seal of the London Times is best understood and explained by the contributions of Messrs. M. B. Sampson and John Thaddeus Delane, editors of the newspaper, as one parted with £15,000 of his wealth and the other contributed to the lost cause to the extent of £10,000.

PROMINENT BONDHOLDERS.

The following is the list referred to:

Sir Henry de Hington, Bart.	£180,000
Isaac Campbell & Co.	150,000
Thos. Sterling Begby	140,000
Marquis of Bath	50,000
James Spence	50,000
Beresford Hope	50,000
George Edward Seymour	40,000
Charles Joice & Co.	40,000
Messrs. Ferace	30,000
Alexander Collie & Co.	20,000
Fleetwood, Polen, Wilson, & Schuster, Directors of the Union Bank of London	20,000
W. S. Lindsay	20,000
Sir Coutts Lindsay, Bart.	20,000
John Laced, M.P.	20,000
M. B. Sampson, of the London Times	15,000
John Thaddeus Delane of the London Times	10,000
Lady Georgiana Time	10,000
J. S. Gillet, Director of the Bank of England	10,000
D. Forbes Campbell	8,000
George Peacock, M.P.	5,000
Lord Warncliff	5,000
W. H. Gregory, M.P.	4,000
W. J. Rideout, of the London Morning Post	4,000
Edward Ackroyd	1,000
Lord Campbell	1,000
Lord Donoughmore	1,000
Hon. Evelyn Ashley, private secretary to Lord Palmerston	500
W. E. Gladstone	20,000
Total	£858,500

"The foregoing figures exhibit the startling fact that the twenty-nine individuals who thus opened their purses lost no less a sum than $4,490,000 by their insane investment. We have heard of many "wild cat" schemes, but assuredly John Bull was badly gored by the Southern ox in this instance.

"Much interest is manifested in this matter as to what sentiment is held by the Southern people themselves regarding this new movement to place the English-bought Southern bonds in such a position as to, at least partially, recoup the English investors therein.

Judge Lochrane of Georgia, when asked recently his opinion upon this momentous question, was very candid in giving his opinion, which we annex:

"The idea of the States paying the Confederate War debt, which, like slavery, was abolished by the fall of the Confederacy, is absurd, and to discuss it would be giving dignity to nonsense, except that the movement seems to have respectable names connected with it."

From Scholars To Old Boys At the Front

The various Public Schools of the city have from week to week been sending to the front scrap books of interesting clippings culled and selected by the pupils boys and girls for the benefit of the men at the front, in order to keep them in touch with their city and county, and so that the lines of comunication may not be broken with the dear old homes. As Lieutenant Ponton said in one of his letters acknowledging the receipt of some of these books "nothing could be more sensible and more welcome." Queen Alexandra School has been particularly fortunate in enlisting the voluntary services of a genuine artist who, with loyal fervor, each week illuminates the backs of the books which are being sent forward, in most artistic fashion. With a modest patriotism which becomes him he does not desire his name mentioned, but the identity of an honored citizen and professional man, who has attained his three score years and ten, and who can still wield the colors and the brush as he does, cannot remain long a secret. He has also done some splendid work for the boys and girls of Grier street and Queen Mary's schools. The new County of Hastings "Arms", reproducing that of the old Earl of Moira, is hung in the County Treasurer's office and is a work of genuine art. We can all contribute something in these days of stress, and certainly this respected art lover and art worker is doing his bit. Colonel Ponton, Chairman of the Board of Education, has placed eight copies of this week's work in the windows of the Merchants' Bank, so that the public may share in the delight, which the boys at the front will feel when they receive the covers and the contents prepared by loving hands.

Natural Blankets

Nature is kind in Ecuador. When a native wants a blanket he goes to a demajagua tree, and cuts from it a strip of peculiarly soft thick bark, 5 feet or 6 feet long. This is dampened and beaten until the flexibility of the sheet is much increased. The rough, grey exterior is next peeled off, and the sheet dried in the sun. The result is a blanket, soft, light and fairly warm, of an attractive cream color. It may be rolled into a compact bundle without hurt, and with ordinary usage will last for several years.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50

Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50

Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00

Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00

Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00

Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Added Interest To Our Great Sale

THAT WILL PROVE MOST INTERESTING.

Scores took advantage of the great values we offered and showed their appreciation of the splendid bargains by the way they were picked up. To day all lines have been filled up to make another sale for the coming days. To those who haven't been able to attend this

GREAT SALE

our word to you is **come at once.** We have something that will interest you and save you money. Don't delay, come at once.

We deem it a pleasure to show you these great bargains.

$4.50 to $5.00 Sateen Underskirts (late arrivals) have been placed on sale at **$1.49**. Come in following colors—black, green, blue, sand shade, pink and brown, beautifully made with 21 inch knife edge pleating. Great value at only **$1.49 sale price.**

Girlie's Lace and Embroidered Dresses, neatly made for girls 6 to 14 years, great value at **$1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. Be sure to see these.**

Girlie's Gingham, Percales and Light colored goods, neatly made, **25c. up.** These are all marked at startling prices. Some new lines added.

$1.25 to $1.50 Ladies' House Dresses. Sale price .... **79c.**

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!

Innocent pleasure for all. Buy your supply here, fresh and nice, with a number of special features added to the old time delights.

Be sure to buy your flags here. Prices range at **1c, 5c, 10c** and up.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in

CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May

OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS

Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.

Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
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Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates. Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States $1.50 strictly in advance.

BURNING IN THE TRUTH.

The report of the Committee appointed by the British Government to enquire into the charges of atrocities committed by German soldiers—which was published at considerable length in last Saturday's Intelligencer—must have convinced the most sceptical person as to the truth of the accusations. It seems strange that at this late hour there should be anyone to doubt the truth of these barbarities, as they have been vouched for months ago by the Belgian Committee, the French Committee, and by scores of private individuals who have written from France. There are many wounded soldiers and children in England who carry in their persons terrible proof of the reality of the hideous and heartless crimes. There is one Belgian family in Canada now who have, through an interpreter, given vivid accounts of the outrages perpetrated in their unhappy country.

The Bryce report seems to have removed the last lingering doubts in the minds of the most sceptical, as indeed it could not fail to do if perused impartially. The New York Post, which, as it says, has been "discreetly sceptical" about the stories of outrage, is now forced to admit that a suspension of judgment is no longer possible "in view of the painstaking, minute, restrained and carefully fortified report to which Lord Bryce has now put his name." "It constitutes," avers the Post, "an indictment of the course of the German army in Belgium and in the North of France which is at once shocking and crushing." Reference is made to the incredibility with which the story of the outrages published by an exiled Louvain professor in Chicago was received, simply because a Chicago German following the example set by the lying news bureau in Berlin, had declared that the British Commission had investigated more than a thousand cases, and still could find no evidences of German atrocities in Begium. The Post is now convinced that there is no truth in this assertion.

"That can never be said again," says the Post. "Hard-headed and fair-minded English lawyers now join in the verdict already reached by Belgian magistrates and French barristers, and agree that the proof is overwhelming that there were 'in many parts of Belgium deliberate and systematically organized massacres of the civil population'; that 'innocent civilians were murdered in large numbers'; that 'looting, house-burning, and the wanton destruction of property were ordered and countenanced by officers of the Germany army'."

The report aso declares that these officers were acting under instructions from high military authorities. At the inquest on the victims of the Lusitania, held in Ireland, a verdict of wilful murder against the Kaiser and the German Government was returned. In thousands of cases a similar verdict might with justice have been returned if inquests had been held in Belgium and the North of France upon the victims of German ferocity. It is satisfactory to find the Post—evidently convinced against its inclinations—admitting that the Committee show on every page a desire to be fair, and that the conclusion which they reach "without haste or heat, and in a full sense of their personal and public responsibility, is one terribly damaging to the good name of Germany and particulary of her army."

A new telephone receiver is so small that it can be inserted into the ear instead of being held against it.

UNDUE PROFITS.

A writer in The London Times deals with the question of war profits in Great Britain. He fears that there, as here, the hurry of emergency preparations has left openings for unscrupulous dealers of which they have been only too ready to take advantage. It is, he says, "the most natural and inevitable consequence of a system of 'pay whatever has to be paid' and 'have it done at once no matter what the cost' that excessive profit will be taken by some. There is no need to cite cases to prove that the evil exists, for no one doubts it; the disclosures which followed our last war are foundation enough for the general impressions which prevail in the minds of the people, and for suspicion which, perhaps, goes beyond what the facts warrant."

The writer says: "The problem of how to supervise and control profit on work for the State in time of war is by no means insoluble. It means a full and fair disclosure of the prime cost of all Government contract work, an audit by well qualified supervisors, standardized scales of profit for each class of work, and a simple and ready method for referring disputes to arbitration. There is no call to make these procedures public. Standardization of profit is a thing which has already been completely organized throughout some of our great industries even in times of peace; and surely a temporary interference with our traditional rules in relation to competitive enterprise is a thing of small importance when so much is at stake."

There is enough in this article and in history to show that Canada is not the only country in which there will always be found a small minority of "patriots" who will seize upon the national distress as a means of reaping exorbitant financial rewards for themselves. The Borden Government cleared its own skirts by throwing inquiry wide open, by securing restitution of extraordinary profits from some of the dealers and by setting the machinery of justice in operation against the offenders. The Prime Minister rebuked two of his followers in the House and now he has appointed a commission of exceptional character to superintend future purchases. It may be predicted that as one result of this unflinching course on the part of Ministers a definite end has already been put to the careers of those creatures who see in their country's need only opportunity for dishonest profits. We may go even further and say that Sir Robert Borden's resolute stand against corruption establishes a new standard of public life in Canada.

WHAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT DO.

It is no part of the business of Canada, or of Canadians, to assert the duty of the United States in this moment of strain and crisis between Washington and Berlin. Certainly it is not pertinent for any of the belligerents to say that the greatest among the neutrals ought at once to declare for war. More than that: it would not serve the highest interests of Canada, or of Britain, or of the Allies, or of the peace and justice and freedom of the world after the war, were the United States, as matters now stand, to enter the war with its army or navy. Peace and justice and freedom have other weapons than the brute-force clubs of disproved and discredited militarism. Those other weapons Britain had no chance to use in August last, when Germany violated Belgian neutrality, defied all Europe, and threatened the world. There was nothing for it but a club for a mad dog. But with the United States today it is different. These other weapons of civilization it may be the duty and the privilege of the United States, in the name of humanity now to use.

What are the other weapons of civilization? How do men behave in a civilized neighborhood when faced by the barbarism of dishonesty in business or of boorishness and brutality in social life? Do they at once draw a knife or a gun. That would be to match barbarism with its own barbaric methods. Civilized men, first of all, break off relations with the man of barbarian conduct, If in business, his trade is refused. If in society, his company is ostracized.

The neighborhood of nations has at hand the same weapons of commercial non-intercourse and political ostracism. The day is coming, perhaps it now is, when the State that practices deceit and intrigue in diplomacy, that makes commerce the servant of hate, that secretly prepares for war against a neighbor nation, that conducts its warfare in defiant disregard of all the laws and conventions of the society of nations, that regards an international treaty as "a scrap of paper," and that imitates the Huns in frightfulness, out-Herods Herod in butchery, and plays the mad dog in the streets of civilization—the day has come when with such a barbarous State no nation of civilization, and least of all a democracy, can have any diplomatic relations whatsoever or allow its citizens to have any dealings in trade or any commercial or financial transactions. That weapon lies close to the hand of every neutral nation today.

And the United States has earned the right to draw that weapon against Germany. The American note of the other day was the last word in negotiations between Washington and Berlin on the basis of civilized intercourse and American self-respect. Farther than that the United States cannot go. President Wilson has done all that becomes the Chief Executive of a people who love freedom and who share responsibility for the honor of North America and the peace of the world. If the German Emperor answers that note in the spirit of his crucifixion of Belgium, of his crime against Poland and of his murder of the innocents and neutrals on the Lusitania, then for the United States neutrality will have come to an end. Its very name any longer would spell dishonor. Its pretence would be a denial of American history and a betrayal of America's leadership among the democracies of the world.

But for the United States the first alternative may not be war on the seas or in the trenches. The Globe holds very strongly, and that, too, in the interest of the Allies and all neutrals, that the alternative ought not, at this stage, to be war. Canada, as a free nation of the British alliance, has gone to the battle-front in the name of North America's democracy. All Canada's resources of materials and of men and of moral support are pledged. Nothing will be held back. But there is a service the United States alone can give. It would be a great service to the Allies, an incalculable service to peaceful international relations in the world after the war, were the United States now and for itself, and as leader among the non-combatant nations, to cut off all political relations with Germany and all commercial and financial relations with the German people, and were to refuse to resume such civilized relations unless and until the power of Prussian military despotism is destroyed and the people of Germany return to civilized ideals and a spirit of international goodwill.

And the United States would still further promote the ends of humanity were it successful at this time in leading all the neutral nations that fear the Prussian menace to join a league of peaceful international relations against Germany, or any other power that would build up a military force as a threatening to the smaller nationalities and to the peaceful commerce of the world That would be the next great move in civilized internationalism. It is open to the United States to lead the way. Who knows but that the American Republic, by the road of neutrality, has come into the war zone for such a service as this?

And certain it is that such a service would command the sympathy and would fit in with the programme of the great and unchallenged leaders of British democracy. Asquith and Grey and Kitchener and Lloyd George and all their colleagues, and Balfour and Bonar Law, and all the sober-minded and far-seeing leaders of British thought, look forward to the overthrow of militarism everywhere and to the establishment of peace and public right on the basis of justice and equality and freedom for all. Premier Asquith's own words in Dublin several months ago cannot be quoted too often in America or studied too carefully by leaders and exponents of international public opinion.

The British Prime Minister pointed the way for American statesmen. He called very strongly for "the definite repudiation of militarism as the governing factor in the relation of States." He demanded very firmly that "room must be found and kept for the independent existence of the smaller nationalities." He insisted on the "substitution of force of a real European partnership based on a recognition of equal right, and established and enforced by a common will." And then he added: "A year ago that would have sounded like an Utopian idea It is probable that it may or will not be realized either today or tomorrow, but if and when this war is decided in favor of the Allies, it will at once come within the range, and before long within the grasp, of European statesmanship."

Has not the time come, the time and the chance, when American statesmanship, loyal to the best American tradition, can join in with Britain and all the Allies to make that Utopian idea of a partnership of the nations a reality in the experience and the civilization, not of Europe alone, but of all the world? That the United States might do despite the madness of the Kaiser and the worse than madness of his Prussian war lords.—Toronto Globe

Have The Intelligence sent your home address.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CONVENIENT——Burns coal, coke, or wood. Large feed doors make firing easy.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

Water pan is filled without removing.

See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

Sold by The Smith Hdwe. Co.

CURRENT COMMENT

Those attacks on German shops by London mobs might be regarded as the British equivalents of the German "chants of hate."

Meanwhile the Portuguese indulge in civil war, perhaps with a view to getting into training for more serious business.

The newly-established Belleville Club is a great success. Officers of the 39th Battalion have been made honorary members, and they greatly appreciate the privilege.

The Toronto News says—"Think of The Globe and Mr. Graham lecturing Mr. Rogers on political decency!" There is another class of the human race that cry virtue.

The German undersea pirates didn't "get" the Transylvania; but whether the pirates were ordered to let her pass or whether she escaped them by changing her route and steaming to Greenock instead of Liverpool, is a question.

"Unemployment," says the Toronto Globe, "is a governmental failure." True—but only when one's political enemies are in power. When one's own party rules, unemployment is a result of economic conditions for which no government should be held responsible.—Hamilton Herald.

In ancient times there lived a ruler who went down into history as William the Conqueror. In modern times there is a ruler who evidently has aspired to the title of conqueror, but who must go into the world's history as William the Murderer.—Journal of Commerce.

One does not find much argument in the Liberal newspapers in favor of extending the life of Parliament for two or three years after peace is restored. Two years ago they demanded an election over the proposal to add three Dreadnoughts to the British Navy, although the Borden Government had had only one year of office. It is certain that they would not demand an election tomorrow if they thought the verdict would be in favor of the Opposition? They preach unity among the people and do their utmost to create strife and division.—Toronto News.

ASHAMED

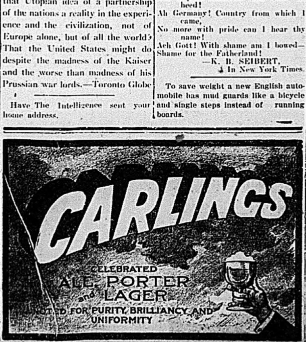
Always had I been proud—
Proud of the Fatherland!
Now, with shame am I bowed—
Shame, that my great nation
Could murder—aye, murder! and in
such a way!
Ach Gott! my idol with feet of clay;
Father! My Kaiser! Could you do this?
Ah worse, far worse than the Judas
kiss!
Dear God! with shame am I bowed—
Shame for the Fatherland!

Always with head held high
I gloried, and argued at length.
Proud of my blood was I,
Proud of my nation's strength.
Proud of the strength of the Fatherland,
Of the iron heart of that great country!
But now I would fight with my naked
hand
That cruel, cruel heart of the Fatherland!
Ach Gott! With shame am I bowed—
Shame for the Fatherland!

What mockery in that name—
The name of Fatherland!
What dreadful unspeakable fame
For a nation no longer great.
That could stoop to the meanness of
such a deed!
Kill helpless hundreds and take no
heed!
Ah Germany! Country from which I
came,
No more with pride can I hear thy
name!
Ach Gott! With shame am I bowed—
Shame for the Fatherland!

—K. B. SEIBERT,
In New York Times.

To save weight a new English automobile has mud guards like a bicycle and single steps instead of running boards.



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Through Sleepers.

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Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Victoria Day
May 24th

SINGLE FARE—Good going and returning May 24th only.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD — Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th.
Return limit May 25th, 1915.

Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada east of Port Arthur and to Detroit, and Port Huron, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock and Niagara Falls, N.Y. Tickets sold at reduced fares from Belleville to Toronto, Montreal or intermediate stations on Main Line, or from above station to Parkdale or Sunnyside, will not be valid for passage on Trains Nos. 1 and 14.

Tickets and full particulars on application to ticket agents.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 396.

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Electrical Supplies
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General and Steel Repairing

Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

Using gasoline steam or compressed air a motor no larger than a watch has been invented that develops one horsepower.

Horses in Ireland are shod with sheep horn and those in the Sudan are fitten with camel skin socks.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 26, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Tarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.08 p.m

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Butler, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto . .	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville . .	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton . . .	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville . . .	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls . .	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal . .	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville . .	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto . . .	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

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S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

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THE VALUE OF IDEALS TO CHURCH AND WORLD

CONCEIVED IN SIN, MISSHAPEN IN INIQUITY

Birthmarks—Heredity Blemishes—How Counteracted—Motherly Ideals—Fatherly Ideals—Social Ideals—Neighborly Ideals—Christian Ideals

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 16.—Pastor Russell spoke here today on the text, "Shapen in iniquity, in sin did my mother conceive me." (Psalm 51:5.) He said:

"Be fruitful and multiply" was the Divine commission to our first parents before they sinned. The entrance of sin and its penalty, death, brought serious impairments, mental, moral and physical to our race. It is no longer natural to us to do right, but contrariwise; as St. Paul declared, "We cannot do the things that we would." In other words, we are constitutionally defective, because of mental disloyalty to God. Yet the mind can rise to loftier heights than it can lift the body and its functions. "To will is present with me, but how to perform I know not."—Romans 7:14-25.

Many are grasping after this great truth and attempting human uplift thru eugenics, etc., but nevertheless failing to see the matter from the Bible standpoint. The mind, the will the body, should be entirely submitted to the will of God. Thus only can the highest good be possible. This was God's requirement of our first parents in this they failed, and in consequence mental, moral and physical impairment have came to us as a race. "All have sinned and come short" of the glorious standard which God established.

Best Ideals for Sinners

The Bible divides the world into two classes; the mass of sinners condemned by God and out of relationship with Him; and the few who have come back into relationship with God thru the merit of Christ. We shall first address the world of sinners with the suggestion that, while they cannot lift themselves up to perfection and everlasting life, they can bless themselves and their children by conforming to certain Scriptural ideals. The world already recognizes this in considerable measure, but not sufficiently.

All should appreciate the value of good example, good home training. The child who continually hears coarse, rude expressions will surely grow up not much better than those surroundings, if not worse. But while encouraging high ideals in the home—cleanliness, gentleness, kindness—we call special attention to the duty of parents toward their unborn children. Few realize that the general attitude of a mother's mind birthmarks her child for either good or ill. If parents realize that coarse, brutal, selfish words, acts and thoughts would be impressed upon their unborn child, surely they would strive to avoid these; and if they realized that noble words, conduct and thoughts, during the period of gestation, would be imprinted upon their child, how greatly would they strive to have children not only beautiful in appearance, but noble in character.

Horsemen recognize the principle, and when a racing mare is in foal, her intelligent owner will give the mother every attention. Her conditions will be happifying and comfortable. She will be led to the race track, there to see other other horses running, trotting, etc., that thus her colt may be birthmarked for speed, etc. How often people forget to do for their own families what they do for horses. But the world is awakening. A new dispensation as about to be ushered in, and its light has been streaming over the world during the past forty years, giving us increasing knowledge and higher ideals of the good, the true, the noble and the beautiful.

Our horticulturists already are presenting to us fruits and flowers that are marvelous. Our newspapers are giving us beautiful photogravures. Art is becoming cheap. Every home should be well supplied, when the cost need be no more than the time to clip from the paper and arrange tastefully upon the wall. Ideal homes are everywhere being arranged, and even the poorest today have much in life to cheer and refresh them. Let us lift our ideals and make the most of life, however cramped our financial conditions.

Christian Ideals the Best

Before the Christian our Lord sets the very highest ideals: "Be like unto your Father in Heaven." The Heavenly Father's character is to be their ideal, or aim in life. Only God can know when they are doing their best; and He assures them that He will judge them, not according to their success, but according to their endeavor and to the sacrifices they make in order closely to attain their ideals.

True Christians, begotten of the Holy Spirit and adopted into the family of God, have much advantage over others in respect to ideal relationships Have they not become followers of the Lord Jesus- Have they not been taught in the School of Christ? (Romans 8:9.) Have they not knowledge to understand that Christ's Spirit manifests itself in meekness, gentleness, patience, long-suffering, brotherly kindness, love? Have they not learned that any other spirit—such as anger, malice, hatred, envy and strife, works of the flesh and of the Devil—is contrary to the Spirit of Christ? Have they not resolved to put away all these and to put on the fruits of the Holy Spirit? They have adopted these ideals and are working along this line.

True, some by nature may be very deficient; but because God is no respector of persons. He accepts all who come to Him thru Christ. Those naturally deficient, naturally much fallen, may have more difficulty in approximating their ideals, but they will surely by making progress. Those who have known them before will take note that they have been with Jesus and have learned of Him; and they will have God's blessing in proportion as they are striving to be Godlike.

The children of Christians should be pre-eminently beautiful, both in feature and in character; for Christians have the highest ideals, and should, more than others, put these into practice. Moreover, they have the Divine assistance, thru the Scriptures and thru God's providential direction in their affairs, that they might know, appreciate and use the things freely given them as God's children.

But alas! Many are Christians only in name, having never entered into a covenant with the Lord. Others, who have truly given themselves to the Lord, have been sadly neglected as respects lessons in the School of Christ. The world's great religious institutions are not teaching the highest ideals, but instead are separating the people from those highest ideals by misrepresentation of the Divine character and Plan.

Let us awake to the true situation, to our privileges as children of God, to the true teachings of the Bible. These direct not only that our conduct toward men shall be in harmony with the Golden Rule, but that we shall delight in doing good unto all men as we have opportunity, especially unto the Household of Faith. The Christian is under direct obligation to the Lord to do His will; and that will takes notice not merely of his actions and words, but of his very thoughts as well—Philippians 4:8.

Happy the child whose parents appreciate the fact that the mother's mind during gestation will mark the child for life! Hapy the child whose mother is thus fully committed to God, intent upon doing His will and appreciative of His high ideals! Happy the child whose father, similarly devoted to God and noble ideals, will help his wife, not only by providing for her comfort of body and rest of mind, but by assisting her to noble sentiments of justice, mercy, love, kindness, and by drawing her attention to things beautiful, lovely, happifying! What a beautiful character might such a child have. What blessing to be born with such a heritage, and then to be consecrated to God and His service.

Forbidding to Marry

St. Paul forewarns that some, getting out of harmony with the Divine arrangement, will forbid marriage. Such should remember that God originally said, "Be fruitful and multiply;" but we may well urge upon them the importance of seeing that their children come into the world as free from the curse of sin as possible. The Church's mission, however, is not the progation of the human species, but co-operation with God in the work of the present—the development of the New Creation.

The Coming Age will be the time for Christ and the Church, as the Heavenly Bridegroom and the Bride, to take over the world of mankind by resurrection, regeneration. Now is the time in which the Church is to make her own calling and election sure to the Divine nature, that she may become "the Bride, the Lam's Wife." It is her privilege also to carry the Message of this High Calling to those who now have ears to hear. Thus she becomes God's mouthpiece, or ambassador, in helping all who accept the divine invitation and enter into covenant relationship with God thru Christ as New Creatures.

In view of this important work the Apostle suggests that those of the Church who can do so should consider it a privilege to forego marriage, that they might live celibate lives, as Jesus did, and as St. Paul himself is supposed to have done. Many zealous Christians feels, as St. Paul felt, that the time is short and their opportunities few for serving the Lord and His Cause. Hence if marriage would interfere with this highest privilege, they would gladly forego a measure of earthly happiness to be more efficient servants of the Lord.

This same thought is expressed by Jesus saying, "Some have made themselves eunuchs for the Kingdom of Heaven's sake (Matthew 19:12)—have denied themselves their privileges and rights as human beings, in order to render better service to the Lord. But this is a sacrifice, a privilege, and not a command, not an obligation. Whoever chooses may sacrifice, and should not be criticized therefore. Whoever prefers not to sacrifice should not be criticized on that account—Romans 14.4.

Business Ideals

We must remember that the Bible has no communication whatever for those who are not Christians. The Christian business man may to some extent be copied by his neighbors. But his own responsibility is the matter in which he is interested most. A business man's ideal is the Golden Rule. "Do unto others as you would that they do unto you," applies to his buying, his selling, his dealing with his clerks and with his customers. It includes his advertising, and the ideals which he sets before his clerks.

More and more the Golden Rule is coming to be appreciated by the public, and those who follow it will more and more receive a blessing. We do not mean that it will make them richer than their neighbors who may follow the other rule sometimes quoted—Do your neighbor before he can do you But whether following the Golden Rule shall bring little or much success, the business man who has become a son of God can do not less, though he may do as much more as he chooses.

A business man's ideals should have some bearing upon his manner of doing business, as well as upon the character of the stock he offers for sale. The Christian business man's store should be known as the place where trash and injurious things would not be found.

Social and Neighborly Ideals

The true Christian is to remember that nothing less than the Golden Rule may he follow under any circumstances. He must see to it that his children, his chickens, his dogs, etc., do not disturb his neighbors in their proper rights. The Golden Rule requiries that he shall do for anyone in distress even as he would have a neighbor do for him if he were in trouble. "Do good and lend, hoping for nothing again," is to be exemplified in the Christian; but he is not to impair his own credit or neglect his obligations to his own family. Moreover, proper lending would be merely in case of necessity. He is not to be neighborly because he hopes the neighbor will return the compliment, but because he wishes to live up to the Divine requirement.

The Christian is a representative of the King of kings and Lord of lords. His time, his influence, his talents, are to be used according to his judgment of the Lord's will. He has come to realize that while there is so much sin and sorrow in the world, he may not fritter away his precious moments in idleness or in what is merely pleasureable, but not really profitable. This will not mean that he shall not take time to look after the so-called interests of his family and to keep in touch with his obligations as a neighbor. It would make him dignified and first of all loyal to God.

Our ideals are merely fantasies, floating clouds without rain, until we consecrate our lives to those ideals and reselve to live in harmony with them. Hence the Christian has much advantage every way; for he has the promise of Divine oversight, blessing, guidance and assistance in working out his Divinely inspired ideals.

On post-card request I will loan my readers a book on "Practical Eugenics." Address me Brooklyn, N.Y.

A VETERAN WHO WAS WITH LORD ROBERTS

Laid Low With Rheumatism—But Cured By "Fruit-a-tives".

CHATHAM, ONT., APRIL 3rd, 1913.

"I am a veteran of the Crimean War and the Indian Mutiny, volunteering from the Royal Artillery into the Royal Engineers, and served under Lord Roberts during the Indian Mutiny, and am a pensioneer of the British Government. Fierce hand-to-hand fighting and continual exposure left me a great sufferer from Rheumatism, so much so that my legs swelled up, making it impossible for me to walk. "Fruit-a-tives". They cured me of both the Rheumatism and Constipation. In my regular employment, I walk thirty miles a day and enjoy perfect health".

GEORGE WALKER.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Blacks Welcome Change of Rule

Germans in South-West Africa Treated Them Like Slaves, Says Visitor

Mr. Walter C. Airey, of Capetown, South Africa, who was fighting three months against the Germans and the rebels before he left home, is at the Windsor, Montreal, and says that the fight this time was a panic. He was glad to hear that General Botha had captured the capital of German Southwest Africa, adding that this delivered about four-fifths of the whole country into British hands. There are, he says, about twelve thousand Germans in the country, most of whom were reservists, and Mr. Airey confirms the statement that everything that the Teutons had done in that colony had been with a view to conquering British South Africa. As their railways converged on Russia on the east and Belgium and France on the west, so did the colonial lines in German Southwest Africa converge on British territory.

"They got left that time, did they not?"

"Yes, and they get left many times, and I may tell you that the blacks who have been under German rule will have a great holiday when they realize that the hated rule of Germany is over for ever." These people know all about British rule, and will welcome it in three months' time when everything is settled up. The blacks have been treated like slaves by German officialdom, and will be only too glad to see the end of it. Mr. Airey says he does not know if the conquered territory will be annexed to the Union or not, for there is very little save sand to annex.

The states of the Union are now quiet he says, although when the war broke out the outlook was bad enough. He remarked that it was no surprise, as every one knew who had fought through the Boer war that it would have to be done over again before long, as the vanquished had been treated too well by the Imperial Liberal Government. He went on to say also that the war hastened the rebellion in South Africa, and matters will now settle down. The country is prosperous, and the Union has come to stay, although, of course, the Dutch are at present the dominating power in the political life.

Asked what the authorities would do with DeWet, Mr. Airey said with a sarcastic smile that they would most likely give him a present, as that is the way it generally happens.

"Have they shot any of the rebels?"

"Yes, they shot Fourie, but his case was different. He had put up his hands, and after our men had lowered their rifles he drew his revolver and emptied five barrels into the British so they made short work of him."

General Louis Botha's loyalty being spoken of, the South African said that the premier was a good man, but the real strong man in South Africa today is Jean Smutz, colonial treasurer, and General Botha's strong right arm. He is the greatest Imperialist in the country to-day, although the Dutch do not like him for this reason, but the British know what he is made of and appreciate him accordingly.

The dangerous man, he added, is General Hertzog, who, as DeWet observed, can do more by sitting down in the drak than all the rest of them in the open. He is a fanatic and traitor, and always will be, is the way Mr. Airey sizes up the general in question.

Being asked if he ever expected a remedy for Dutch domination in South Africa, Mr. Airey answered in the affirmative. "That will come, he added, when Rhodesia becomes a part of the Union. They hold the whip handle and will not come in before being assured a condition of things that will give the British the dominating power both in territory and in population.

As for the Cape to Cairo Railway, Mr. Airey stated that the end of the war will no doubt be an incentive to the building of the remaining eight or nine hundred miles yet to be constructed.

"And why," he said, "should we not rule South Africa according to our own methods, for had it not been for Britons there would never have been a South African Union of any kind. We were always ready to turn out when trouble came, ready to take the kicks, and the time will come when British South Africa will be run on British lines—on right and proper lines.

He concluded by saying that there were any number of men in South Africa who would be only too ready to go to Europe, only they preferred to fight in summer than in winter even in France and Belgium. Mr. Walter Airey will be in the city a few days, this being his eighth trip around the world.

If children are feverish, give a light laxative like Rexall Orderlies which often removes the cause. Sold only by The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

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They do not weaken nor depress the system even by continued use. On the contrary, they tone up the bowels and tend to keep them in a healthy condition.

Incidentally, they are as good for grown people as they are for children.

Rexall Stores everywhere recommend Rexall Orderlies, and refund your money if for any reason they fail to satisfy.

Made in Canada and sold in metal boxes at 10c, 25c and 50c each, at Rexall Stores only. Get a Box Today from

J. S. McKEOWN

The Rexall Store

Explosion Wrecks New York Garage

Building and Forty Autos Were Demolished by Terrific Concussion

NEW YORK, May 17.—A violent plosion in a two-storey brick structure, occupied by the Mutual Auto Exchange in West 59th Street, completely wrecked the building and about forty autos in it at about 10.50 o'clock tonight. The concussion blew out every window in the block on 59th Street. Up to midnight the cause of the explosion was a mystery, and it had not been ascertained definitely whether anybody had been killed when the walls crashed down.

Firemen under "Smoky Joe" Martin, deputy chief, were tearing away the debris upon which searchlights were turned, in search for the body of a night employee, who was said to have been in the building. After examining the premises, Martin said the damage look as though it had been caused by a bomb.

"It would take a huge gasoline tank to cause this much damage," said the deputy chief, "and from what we have been able to learn, it appears that there was no gasoline tank in the building, and the automobiles in it were renovated cars for sale and had no oil in their tanks."

Adjoining the automobile exchange on the east side, is the 59th Street theatre, and there were about six hundred persons in this building watching a moving picture performance when the explosion occurred. The building was shaken violently, and women in the audience rose and started for the exits. The managers ran to the stage and succeeded in calming the spectators, who passed out of the exits in order and without injury.

Another moving picture house, the Circle Theatre, abutted on the garage in the rear. Its front is on Columbus Circle, between 59th and 60th streets. There was a panic in the theatre for a moment after the concussion had shaken the walls, and several persons suffered minor injuries in rushing for the doors. Twenty-five fainting women were carried into buildings adjoining the Circle within five minutes.

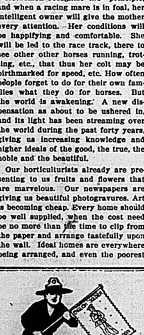
It is known that a negro, named Taylor, worked at night, and it was reported that a white man was also employed. A negro living across the street told of having seen Taylor running along 59th Street toward 9th Avenue immediately after the explosion.

KARLSRUHE TO INTERN?

German Cruiser Reported in Hampton Roads

NORFOLK, Va., May 17.—Reports that the German protected cruiser Karlsruhe was coming up the coast with Hampton Roads as its destination, circulated early today, were followed this afternoon by further rumors that the Karlsruhe had passed in at the Capes, causing quite a stir among local port officials at the navy yard and in shipping circles.

While the arrival of the Karlsruhe is yet to be accurately chronicled, reports continue to be circulated here that she has been seen in the Azores and further north. They are given credence owing to the fact that similar reports heard relative to the Prince Eitel and Kronprinz Wilhelm, not heeded, later turned out to be true. It is declared here that the Karlsruhe is short of ammunition, coal and food supplies and must seek a port. The belief here is that she intends to in-



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Only the highest grade of beans used. Delicious and appetising seasoning. Sold everywhere. Insist on "Clark's"

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Positive Relief

from the suffering caused by disordered conditions of the organs of digestion and elimination—from indigestion and biliousness—always secured by the safe, certain and gentle action of

Beecham's Pills

Your Skin Disease

Eczema, eruptions, blood-poison—no matter which of these your skin disease happens to be, Zam-Buk is the most powerful healer for it.

Zam-Buk is purely herbal, contains no animal fats, no mineral poisons. As soon as applied it stops pain, prevents festering and inflammation, and its rich, healing essences sink deep into the diseased tissue. A feeling of ease and freedom from the burning, stinging pain follows, and every hour Zam-Buk stays on means so much nearer a cure.

Test it to-day! Note how soon after you apply it, ease and healing commence. Ask your friends who have proved it, or write us for booklet!

try Zam-Buk

Try Zam-Buk. 50c. box all druggists and stores or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

GOODS FOUND IN TRUNK

Young Woman Arrested for Theft of Jewelry

TORONTO, May 17—Elizabeth Lewis was brought back from Tweed on Saturday by Detective Leavitt. She was arrested in Tweed at the request of the local police, who had a warrant for her apprehension on a charge of theft. She is alleged to have stolen a gold watch and chain, a garnet brooch, a bracelet and a quantity of household linen from a house on Grace street, where she was formerly employed. The goods alleged to have been stolen were found in her trunk.

WORLD-WIDE POPULARITY OF TEA

"In the tea trade there is much talk of enormous increases in the drinking of tea everywhere since the war began. Russia, already a large consumer of tea, is taking more and more to the beverage, now that vodka is banned. In France, tea is beginning to threaten the supremacy of coffee. The greater demand means higher prices in our households, especially as there is said to be no corresponding increase in the supply. Dealers are naturally uneasy as to the position."—London, Eng., "Times" 24th April.

GERMANS HAD PLOT

To Block St. Lawrence With the Steamer Rosemount

During the week efforts were made by men said to be German agents, to purchase the steamer Rosemount of the Montreal Transportation Company, but they were unsuccessful.

It is stated that there was a plot on foot to secure the boat, load her with stone and cement and then send her to the bottom of the channel in an attempt to block traffic.

FIGHTING ALCOHOL

Seth had been trying to cure himself of the alcohol habit by eating instead of drinking when the craving came on. One day he met a friend, who asked him how the plan had worked.

Seth said: "Fine. Whenever I've felt like drinking I've made for a quick lunch counter. Sometimes I've been been hard. For instance the other night in the room next to mine at the hotel a fellow shot himself. It was awful. There was a shot and then the body thudded to the floor. I jumped out of bed and dashed down four flights and made for the office with just enough breath left to pant to the clerk:

"'My goodness the — man — in—the—next —room— has— just— shot himself. — It—was —awful —for—pity's—sake—give—me —some—ham —and—eggs—and—a—a—piece —of—lemon— pie.'"

DISCOVERIES NEAR COMET

Two Bodies Observed from Yerkes Observatory by Prof. Barnard

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—Professor Barnard of the Yerkes Observatory at Williams Bay, Wis., has discovered two companion bodies near Mellish's comet, according to an official announcement received at the Harvard University today.

One of the bodies, observed on May 12 was conspicuous and had a distance from the comet of 28 seconds and a position angle of 285 degrees. The other body was faint and occupied an intermediate position in the same line.

GERMANS ADMIT THAT THEY CANNOT WIN

American Who Has Been in Germany Says Germans are United and That They Hate England—Would Make Concessions to Defeat Britain

An American citizen, who perfers not to make his name public, who recently returned to England from Germany, writes as follows concerning his impressions in the latter country:

Though an American citizen, I am not a neutral. I want to see the Germans get the whacking of their lives. Still, I will try to give as fair a picture of the conditions there as I can. I have visited Germany regularly for the last fourteen years. I arrived in Berlin in the closing days of last June, and have wandered up and down in the land till I left it the week before last. And what strikes me on coming to England is that there are three things you are all wrong about in this countryy. These things are unemployment in Germany, the food supply, and the number of Germans still not called to the colors.

As to unemployment, it simply does not exist. Throughout the length and breadth of the country there is no audible word of complaint as to labor conditions and rates of wages. No strikes; no downing of tools, or threats to down them; no agitations for increases of pay.

Now as to the food supply. I don't believe there is any real scarcity of food, nor any real prospect of any. During the last month I have been in Leipzig, Munich, Dusseldorf, just to take three representative places. My food in those three cities was as excellent in quality and as generous in quantity as it would have been in London, or Liverpool or Manchester, and at lower rates than I should have been charged in any considerable English city. The bread, it is true, was "war bread," and poor stuff it is, but that was the only notable difference.

But, you will say, why all this Government taking over of supplies, these bread tickets, potato flour, and the rest of it? Well, the German, or rather the Prussian has an inborn gift for organization—he would rather organize even if things went right automatically—and this is, roughly, how he argues: "The British fleet and our enemies generally threaten to starve us into surrender. We can produce in our country, even in times of poor harvests, at least 85 per cent. of what we require. By organization, by the saving of all waste, by careful and consistent economy, we can easily make up that extra 15 per cent. We did not trouble about that at first because we looked forward to a short war. Now we know it will be a long war, and we are organizing so as to face the worst without real discomfort. We shall never be starved out." And personally, I believe that substantially represents the truth of the matter.

Popular Feeling

With regard to the number of uncalled Germans of military age I cannot speak so confidently. I don't know how many of these men it is necessary to keep in their civil employment as feeders of the army with guns and munitions and stores and equipment. All I can say is that there seems in the streets of the cities and towns to be an extraordinary large number of young and able-bodied men not yet called to the colors. I would not say there is inexhaustible supply—such terms are silly—but it seemed to me there were as many young men walking about the streets of Berlin as you would see in London of an evening.

What is the real feeling of the German people as to the issue of the war? Do they still believe they will conquer? These are the questions asked of me everywhere I go since I landed in England. Well, many Germans believe they will yet dictate terms in London. But there has been a tremendous change of late, only fully to be felt by those who have been there from the first.

To explain how the more level-headed and instructed Germans regard the present situation, I cannot do better than quote the words of the head of a Leipzig engineering firm of world-wide reputation with whom I had a particularly frank conversation a few days ago. He said:

"Our higher command knows now that, short of a miracle in the Balkans we shall not win outright. Our chance of winning, which we considered very good at first, was dependent upon our strokes being rapid and decisive. This we failed to accomplish; therefore complete victory is not possible to our arms. But, though we cannot conquer, we cannot be defeated. Look at the position in the west. In six months you have hardly shifted the line a yard. We hold nearly all Belgium and a big slice of France. We shall require a lot of driving back to the Rhine, and even then your task of crushing us woud be only just begun. Your losses would be stupendous—something which would stagger your peoples, French and British. And after all that our defence would prevail. So there will be a patched-up peace. Germany would then go on with her population increasing very rapidly, grimly and unceasingly to prepare for the next war. We shall not always have to meet Russia, France and Britain in combination. And any one of these three powers singly we could smash as one cracks a nut."

Hatred of England

In these remarks it will be noticed that my old Leipzig friend spoke in his excitement as if I were an Englishman or a Frenchman. But you will also notice that in his final arrogance, the old mailed-fist spirit. Yet this is the most moderate-minded business man with whom I have talked in Germany since war broke out.

The hatred of England is the most astonishing thing in its indiscriminating fury of all the phenomena which have struck me in the last six months in Germany. It is universal, implacable, of the foaming-at-the-mouth variety. I have never seen anything like it. If you people in England look upon it as confined to a small section in the Fatherland you will be woefully deceived. Lisauer's "Hymn of Hate" is truly representative of the people as a whole. It is not a bit of good regarding it, for instance, as only carrying a few hotheads with it, in the same way that Kipling only spoke for very few Englanders in some of his empty-headed jingles about foreigners. It is universal. In all my travels I have only heard about three men disown or discourage it. They hate you with a passion so terrible that if they could but secure your undoing they would fall on the necks of France and Russia tomorrow and even made territorial concessions to them.

I have not written a word about this side of the business more than the facts warrant. There is no "hot air" about it. And I am sure that whatever the issue of the war, and whatever the final terms of peace may be, you won't get rid of this hate for fifty years. It is now in the very blood of the German people. You will only fan it by making "easy terms of peace." They would not understand any such motive on your part, and would simply attribute it to weakness. You and your allies must crush them; that's all there is to it. After that they will at least respect you.

BEAR DOING GREAT WORK

Successes Against Raiders in the Baltic Provinces Continue

PETROGRAD, May 17.—The Russian successes against the German raiders in the Baltic provinces continue. More than one thousand prisoners with nine maxims were taken yesterday.

In Western Galicia the Russians continue to withdraw steadily, destroying communications and carrying off supplies in perfect order. It appears that the line fixed for a stand, similar to that taken and held for many months on the Bzura, is somewhere about the San River.

While the Russian forces hold the German onslaught from Cracow in this region, the destruction of the Austrian armies in Eastern Galicia and in Bukowina is being completed. The enemy here retired behind the Pruth, evacuating strongly fortified positions extending nearly a hundred miles from the Bistritza to the Roumanian frontier.

The Hungarian cavalry have sacrificed themselves to give the main army a chance of getting away. The Russian artillery caused appalling losses in the ranks of the enemy. The Russian cavalry at many points broke through the retreating lines and did terrible execution.

The number of prisoners keeps increasing beyond all attempts of calculation. In fact, the Austrian or Austro-German armies in Bukowina and East Galicia may now be reckoned as demolished.

Slots cut part way through the blade facilitate the work of a new hoe for mixing mortar and cement.

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There will be many days when the children would feel much more comfortable with a light weight coat, than without. At the prices for which we offer the balance of our stock of Children's Coats, Every Child Should Have One. We are offering Coats of Serge, Cheviot, Vicuna Cloth, and Tweed in Navy, New Blue, Scarlet and Black and White, sizes 4 to 12 years, prices $3.75 to $7.50, for

HALF PRICE

Wash Crepes

See these Wash Crepes in our window. Your choice of over a hundred patterns, and plain colors also, only 12½c yard.

Duchesse Satin

This guaranteed Black Dress Satin, 26 ins. wide, with our name stamped on every yard, is still selling at the old price, $1.25 yd.

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We have several pieces of daintily Flowered Silk Dress Crepes in Mauve, Navy, New Blue, Tan, Rose, Green and Grey, 27 inches wide, at 50c yard.

New Middies

Middies are becoming more popular every season, being so practical for out-door occasions, and having such a charming style of their own. We have just received another shipment, and can now show a splendid range from the plain Middy at 75c to the $2.00 Middy with blue flannel collar and cuffs.

Rain Coats

During the present month, when the weather is so variable, would be just the time to buy a Rain Coat and make good use of it. We have them in Cravenette, rain-proof Covert Cloth, rubberized Parametta, and mercerized Repps, in all the popular shades of Navy, Black, Green and Fawn, priced from $3.75 to $10.00 each.

Sinclair's Do you need a WHITE VOILE DRESS? Prices $4.65 to $22.50 **Sinclair's**

TURKISH CAPITAL AS RAILWAY CENTRE

Air-line Route From London to Persian Gulf and India Would Pass Through Constantinople

Constantinople got her first and only railway in 1888. Anyone who thinks that the greatness of the city is of the past has only to glance at the map of this line. It is the shortest route between the richest parts of Europe and of Asia by many hundreds of miles and by many millions of cost. The only alternative for builders of a line from, say, Vienna or Venice or Berlin to the Euphrates valley and to India is by skirting the north shore of the Black Sea, thence over the Caucasus and through Armenia to the head of the Tigris and Euphrates. Such a line would go across the streams of traffic in Russia, would traverse great stretches of barrens in the Caucasus where the Cossacks roam, and would finally have to negotiate the Caucasus. Through Constantinople the line to the Orient, if completed, would tap settled country all the way, would go with the natural lines of traffic, would avoid the range of the Caucasus, and would save a great mileage. Dodging the Caucasus would be like getting from Winnipeg to Vancouver without having to cross the Rockies. The mountains of Asia Minor are foothills in comparison.

Besides, Constantinople is on the air line from London to Vienna to the Euphrates, the Persian Gulf and India. Constantinople is the half-way house on the Bagdad railway, which has been the German dream. From Vienna where connection with all the great railways and ports and capitals of Europe is secured the line goes to Belgrade, up the Drina valley to Nish the new capital of Servia, then over the hills to Sofia the capital of Bulgaria, thence via Philipopolis to Adrianople and Constantinople. A branch line out of Adrianople taps the richest portions of Macedonia and goes to Monastir and Salonica. Constantinople is the terminus of the European half of the road. Across the Bosphorus is Scutari, from which run the lines which sprawl through Asia Minor, seeking out the best of the existing traffic and not seeming to lead to anywhere farther east. But the Germans have another detached line around Damascus and Bagdad. With the gaps filled in, a line which will rival in political significance the Union Pacific, the Canadian Pacific, the Trans-Siberian and the Cape-Cairo will be completed. As the Crusaders took their way from Europe to the Holy Sepulchre so commerce must go the same way. The Dardanelles narrows might be an alternative. They could be bridged as easily as the Bosphorus from Scutari to Constantinople. A big car ferry could operate as easily. But there is no city or harbor there. Constantinople will be the only real choice. When the railway connection is complete Constantinople will again be seen, as it is, the four corners of the earth, the meeting place of the nations.

WHY BRITIAN IS LOVED

Hindu Soldier's Funeral Carried Out According to Native Rites

Jemadar Harak Bahadur Thapa, of the 2nd Battalion Garhwal Rifles, was one of the first of the Hindu soldiers to leave his native India to fight Britain's battle. He was wounded and taken to Netley where he died.

For the first time outside the borders of India the ceremony which should attend a Hindu funeral was carried out in its entirety. The difficulties were many—apparently they were insuperable. In India the rite of cremation is always carried out beside a sacred river. Netley has no river, sacred or otherwise—and therefore one had to be made.

Water by the score of gallons was carted up from Southampton; a shallow trench was dug, and when the ceremony was about to commence the water was allowed to flow down in a continuous stream.

The body of Jemadar Harak Bahadur Thapa was bathed, anointed, and clothed in new garments, and borne on a stretcher to the place of cremation which the Hindus had prepared. The ceremony was carried out by Indian volunteer students, all of high caste, all in England to do their share in bearing the heavy burden of Empire.

The funeral pyre was prepared, and the body was placed upon it. Prayers were read, and then, in the dead silence which followed, one of the Hindus, with a lighted torch, walked slowly round the pyre. Seven times this was repeated before the pyre was lighted.

In India those who participate in these ceremonies bathe in the river immediately. As bathing was not possible on this occasion, they clapped their hands in the now dying stream and sprinkled the water over themselves.

To cut themselves off finally from the soul of the departed each of the men then sipped water in which gold had been washed.

The ashes of Jemadar Harak Bahadur Thapa are not to rest in Britain. They will be taken away to his native India, and scattered on the sacred waters of the Ganges.

A Tragedy of the Trenches

The Irish Guards were holding a position at Ypres, and flying bullets were the order of the day. The Germans endeavored to break through, and after a particularly brisk volley Private Flynn was heard to shout:

"Murder of wars, I'm done now altogether!"

"Why, have you been hit?" shouted his Captain.

"Not entoirely hit, sir," shouts Flynn; "but I've been waiting this ten minutes for a smoke from Murtagh's pipe, and by the powers they've just shot it out iv his mouth."

Grey Horses Live Longest

Grey horses are the longest lived and cream colored ones the most effected by temperature changes.

Since the reign of George II. no abbreviations have been allowed in legal documents.

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BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.

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BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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RIGHT Prices are coupled with our splendid values and we make it our business to give every buyer the limit of good value for every dollar he leaves with us!

EVERY Patron of the store speaks in the highest terms of our satisfactory Clothes and our business methods—Go where you will you can not match at the prices such Splendid Suits and Top Coats as we are selling.

$7, $10, $12 to $25

QUICK & ROBERSTON
THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

CALLS FOR POLICE

The police last night answered three calls, which resulted in two arrests being made. The parties arrested were acting in a disorderly manner.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS.

The Board of Civil Service Examiners are holding a special examination in this city, at the Council Chamber. Mr. J. B. Powell of Guelph, District Inspector of Inland Revenue of Windsor district, is the presiding officer. Candidates from various parts of the Province are in attendance.

SPECIAL SERVICES

The week of prayer for our Empire, being held in West Belleville this week from 8 to 9 p.m., was well attended last night. To-night Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, B.A., will speak on "The Allies", and Miss L. Stocker will sing. On Wednesday evening Mr. Sanderson will speak on Belgium and the Belgians.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
FOR THOSE WHO KNOW
The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Letters From Canadian Boys At the Front

PAT AND TEDDIE YEOMANS

Today's mail brought anxiously loked-for word from the boys in their own hand-writing, saying they were well.

A card is dated as late as 3rd of May, and a short letter, dated 20th of April from Pat, is as follows:

Belgium April 30. 1915

Dear Dad and Mamma,—

I am just writing a short note to let you know that we are well, happy and comfortable. We are certainly in action just as present; and the scream and constant bursting of shells is almost deafening. It makes everyone irritable and cranky. Luckily the Germans have not got our range as well as some of the other batteries; but they scream over our heads all day long.

We have been in this position for several days now; but how many I don't know. I have lost track of the time, because day and night are much alike.

You have heard of the work of our boys the other day of course. It was grand.

I am writing this in a dug-out, where we are more or less safe; and you can bet we are taking few chances. You need not worry though; for I think they will move us back again soon now. Give my love to all. Ted sends love to.

PAT

PTE. YATMAN IS SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

Cambridge Military Hospital, Aldershot, 3, 5, 14

Dear Mrs. Yatman,

I am writing to you for your son Thomas, who arrived here 1st May.

He sends you his very best love and to say he is not too badly wounded, but I'm so very sorry to have to tell you the truth, that he is seriously injured, his spine has been damaged; but he is such a hero and talks and laughs quite a lot and there is never a murmur of complaint from him.

His chief worry I think is that you will be worrying about him, and, so please, when you write, cheer him up. I will write to you every week and let you know how he goes along.

We got 150 wounded in on Saturday last, and quite a lot of Canadians, and the majority of them such laddies. I feel it an honor to nurse them.

Yours sincerely,
PEGGY M. BOLAND

ROY ROLLINS

Dear Mother,—

I suppose you have heard by this time all about the battle we are in, and it still rages, shells bursting all around here, where I am trying to write.

Our guns were out of action, since about the first of April, until the 23rd. On the night of the 22nd the enemy made the attack. We were on the outskirts of a Belgium town taking things easy, and watching the aeroplanes being shelled. The sky was clear, so the aeroplanes had a good chance. About six o'clock we noticed a German aeroplane throwing signals, when all at once the artillery started to fire and kept up a heavy fire till next morning, when we got orders to move off.

At nine-thirty we started, and had not gone far, when we met the refugees, and it was a shame. Old men and women hardly able to walk and carrying some little keep sakes tied up in a handkerchief and every little ways we'd meet a few German prisoners coming out. About 12 o'clock we halted and had a bite to eat, and fed our horses. We reached the town about 3 o'clock, and it seemed to be burning in places. Of course we went around it, on account of shells falling in it. At 5 o'clock our guns were in action have been keeping up a steady fire.

I don't need to tell you anything about our Canadian infantry. You'll hear all about it, but they lost very heavy. One of the Belleville boys in the second battery was killed a few days ago. Well, mother, I've been up to the guns with ammunition since I started this letter and believe me it is some sport, going up there under shell fire, three teams on a wagon and just as fast as they can run.

You have no idea what it is like here, and the wounded infantry men coming out. It makes you laugh when you hear a shell coming and watch everyone duck down. Some throw a pail over their head; they might as well get under a straw.

This is one of the biggest battles of the war, so when you hear about it, you'll have a good idea where we are. Well, we're not allowed to write very long letters, so I guess I better cut this short.

Don't worry about me. I'm O.K. Yes I had a bath in a biscuit box this morning. That's going some, eh! I'll tell you more next time. Good-bye from your son,

ROY ROLLINS

D. B. BENTLEY

Addressed to Dr. George Clinton of Belleville:

March 12, 1915

Dear George,—

Your letter came a couple of days ago. Sorry you did not know address: but any letters, or cigars, or cigarettes sent to me, No 2 Field Ambulance 1st Canadian Contingent, British Expeditionary Force will find me. We are pretty well supplied with creature comforts such as tobacco, rum, etc. so no one can complain. Talk about ranitation. I just wish you could see the homes in this country. All the buildings are built around a square and this is used as a place to dump all kitchen and other waste on the manure pile, which, at the present time is 3 or 4 feet deep. We have the odors of the manure heap in every room and I am afraid I will not be able to sleep anywhere else when this war is over. Just what will happen when the flies make their appearance I don't know, but were our men not innoculated I would certainly have a dread. There is no typhoid so far, and our men are remarkably healthy. We can hear the cannon and only have to walk about half a mile to see them in ction. Farmers are busy in their fields, just as if there was no war on—and although shells are crossing over their heads from both directions they go along as if unconscious of any danger.

We get a few wounded every day, but up to date our casualties have been very light. Our men have been complimented on their great work and coolness, when in action and you will have more reason than ever to be proud of them before long I feel certain.

Our dressing station is only about two miles from the firing line and our advanced dressing station closer still. We have accommodation for about 400 in case of emergency. We do not keep them longer than one day, except in special cases, but send them to hospitals by motor convoys. We have seven motor ambulances and 3 horse ambulances, which we employ to fetch patients from the regimental aid ports and our own advanced dressing station to this station, but as a rule our motors do not evacuate further than our dressing station. Most of the wounded so far are from the trenches and have head and upper extremity wounds. The coolness of the wounded is remarkable.

Yours very truly,
D. B. BENTLEY

P.S.—I came over from home on the same boat as Ponton and O'Flynn from Belleville. Both are well and near me.

May 4, 1915

George Clinton, M.D. Belleville, Ont.,
My Dear Friend,—

Thanks very much for the smokes. As you will see by this, I am safely back to England, after having undergone such an experience as I am sure none have had in former wars. You

Continued on Page Eight.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us;

We Can Save You Money
By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

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Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

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For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City. Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

DON'T
Throw that Cycle Tire away because of a bad hole in it.
We Can
Vulcanize it and make it a Good Tire again for 50c

333 FRONT STREET

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

PANAMA and STRAW HATS
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

39th PHOTOS

Just received set of 3 photos of 39th Battalion recently taken on Victoria Park.
See them in our window.
We take orders for same.
Price - $1.50
WATERS DRUG STORE

OUTRAGE MEANT RECRUITS

Effect of Lusitania's Sinking on Liverpool Men

NEW YORK, May 17.—Captain F. M. Passow, of the American liner St. Paul, which arrived to-day from Liverpool, and at one time a midshipman in the British Navy, said the sinking of the Lusitania had been the best recruiting stimulant England had had since the war started. So many of the crew lived in Liverpool and had relatives there that the news of their drowning created a rage which sent a rush to the recruiting stations. There was congestion in the Liverpool docks he said, because of the hundreds of vessels of all sizes and descriptions loading stores for the armies in France.

"It is a mistake for people to think," Captain Passaw said, "that the British Navy has lost many valuable ships in the war. The only real loss was the super-dreadnought Audacious, off Lough Swilly, last October. The Hogue, Cressy and Aboukir, which were torpedoed in the North Sea, were obsolete cruisers and the battleship Goliath and Irresistable, lost in the Dardanelles recently, were not of great importance from a navy point of view. Ever since hostilities began the Admiralty has been busy building warships of all classes, from dreadnought to torpedo boat destroyers at its yards on the rivers. Medway, Thames, Humber, Clyde, Tyne, Severn and at Belfast, and they have turned out two battleships and a number of smaller vessls. The swarm of shipping entering and leaving Liverpool, London, Hull, Glasgow, Portsmouth, Falmouth, Grimsby, Farlow and other harbors bringing produce, demonstrates daily how little commerce has been affected by the operations of German subarines."

The St. Paul brought back the body of Captain Alfred Gunter, of the Americain Steamship Gulflight, who died of shock after the ship had been torpedoed off the Scilly Islands.

Rexall Orderlies make you feel fine. You will feel better and live longer if you'll keep your bowels regular by the occasional use of Rexall Orderlies. The Rexall Store, J. S. McKeown.

CAMP MINNESING, ALGONQUIN PARK, ONT.

The second of the ideal big cabin camps built by the Grand Trunk Railway in Algonquin Park and known as "Camp Minnesing" is situated in Island Lake, ten miles north of Algonquin Park Station. This is the ideal spot for a summer outing. All modern conveniences, excellent accommodation, good cuisine and splendid fishing. Two hundred miles north of Toronto, altitude 2000 feet above the level of the sea.

Many applications are being made for accommodation at this camp this year, and those desiring to spend a most pleasant summer, or a vacation of shorter duration, should write to Miss Jean Lindsay, Manager Highland Inn, Algonquin Park Station, Ont., for handsome descriptive literature which gives all information.

A new dishpan is rectangular to fit firmly in a kitchen sink and has rubber feet to hold it steady.

Brave Canadian Loses His Life

Is Made a Sergeant After His Death For Gallant Deed

LONDON, May 17.—Post-mortem promotion has been given to Private William Gordon Fry, of the Army Service Corps, Winnipeg, who was killed at Shorncliffe, while attempting to stop a runaway team of horses. The G.O.C. has placed on record this act of gallantry, for which the deceased soldier and a private of the 9th Reserve Cavalry have been promoted sergeants, with a promise to bring the matter to the attention of the higher authorities. Had Fry not succeeded in bringing the team to a stop at a narrow bridge it would have struck a body of cavalry, with inevitable fatalities. The military funeral given yesterday to the dead soldier was largely attended.

THE GRAIN SUPPLY

Total stocks of grain in all terminal elevators in Canada at the end of April were 9,254,000 bushels. The total Canadian visible supply last week was 10,000,000 bushels. While there is still a relatively small amount to come to market yet, it is apparent that available supplies in this country are not more than sufficient to supply home needs until the new crop arrives on the market in October next.

It is interesting to note that up to a few weeks ago, Chicago wheat was selling several cents above Winnipeg. Now the position is reversed. Across the border in the extreme south the harvest is not far distant, and it is likely that the price disparity will increase rapidly. The duty on wheat coming into Canada, is heavy but by midsummer the price difference will probably be so great between the two countries that imports will be allowed. Last midsummer imports were considerable during July and August.

ALGONQUIN PARK

Two thousand feet above the level of the sea, Algonquin Park, the highest point in Ontario, offers an ideal territory to all who are looking for some place to spend the summer. The angler can find here excellent fishing, (black bass, speckled trout, salmon trout and grey trout,) the business man can find rest and recreation, and those who are run down will quickly regain health and strength. It is the objective point for those who love nature, fresh air, high altitude, simple living and fellowship with kindred spirits.

Write Miss Jean Lindsay, Manager Highland Inn, Algonquin Park, Ont., for all information and handsome descriptive literature.

TIMAGAMI

An interesting folder has been issued regarding Timagami, the peerless region for sportsmen, canoeists, campers and those who desire a quiet and delightful spot to spend the summer months.

Write Mr. C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Grand Trunk Railway System, Union Station, Toronto, for free copy.

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.
All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.
Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.
Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.
THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.
R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Silk Crepe de Chine And Wash Silk Blouses

Articles Very Much Sought After Just Now

IN all their freshness, surrounded by tissue, are these most delightful examples of what is really new in Blouses.

Dainty Crepe de Chines, Flesh Colored and White Silks, Pretty Black and White Stripes, and the ever-popular Wash-Silk ones, are here in a myriad of pretty styles and at such prices.

Only **$2.75** to **$4.00**

Middies for the 24th

And the ones with the Flannel Collars at **$1.50** are marvels of daintiness!

Then the others, with their lacings and colored collars, with their colored tips and bands, at **$1.00** and **$1.25**, made of splendid quality duck, and the colored collars being all washable.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Stowe Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street. All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

FOR SALE OR RENT, HOUSE, NEARLY new; modern conveniences, 111 Chatham Street; also one lot, will sell cheap if sold at once. Apply O. A. Snyder, 74 Victoria Avenue. 15-6td

TWENTY HORSE POWER HUP. RUNabout automobile in good condition; reasonable price. Apply to W. J. Graham, P.O. Box 316, Stirling, or Ralph Boulter, Belleville. 14-4td

AGENTS WANTED

LUSITANIA DESTRUCTION AND HORrors of the Great War—thrilling, heartrending and appalling. Greatest seller ever published. Only dollar. Best terms. Sample book free. Winston Co., Toronto. 15-6td

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO MIND CHILdren. Apply 179 Front Street. 17-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS, steady work, good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 15-4td

WANTED, COOK, WITH REFERENCES. Apply evenings between 7 and 9 to Mrs. Corby, 169 George Street. 18-dtf

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. APPLY Crystal Hotel. 18-4td

WANTED

GENTLEMAN REQUIRES BEDROOM AND board with use of bathroom. Private home preferred. Reply, stating particulars and terms to Box G, Intelligencer. 18-2td

Try Some Of These Fresh Every Day

Nut Loaves, - -	5c	each
Whole Wheat Loaves,	7c	each
Home Made Bread,	14c	a loaf
Butter Clusters,-	6c	each
Sultana Buns, -	5c	"
Currant Loaves,-	5c	"
Epworths, - -	5c	"
Peanut Buns, -	5c	"
Twists, - - -	7c	"
Domestic Loaf, -	7c	"

Chas. S. Clapp

Capt. W. Hunter and U. S. Feeling

Capt. W. Hunter, who has been living in North Carolina all winter, has returned to this city for a few months. He hopes and expects to enjoy his Canadian summer as much as the United States winter. When an Intelligencer representative interviewed him in respect to the feeling in the United States, Capt. Hunter replied that it was altogether for the Allies. One party of the States wished to declare war, and while not sending troops over, to cease intercourse with Germany and provide the Allies with everything possible. Others, however, favored neutrality, while a still smaller number were pro-German.

Sweden as smelted iron for more than 20 centuries and some of the ancient furnaces still are in existence.

A list of 36 household tasks which can be accomplished with the aid of electricity has been compiled.

Drummer Cotman of the 21st Battalion, formerly of the 14th Regiment, was given a tobacco pouch and pipe by members of the Griffin's orchestra before leaving for overseas.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

Continued from Page Seven.

will know by this time just what our staunch Canadian boys did at Ypres, and how very few of them came back to tell the tale. Our experiences were scarcely less dangerous, for all of the dressing stations which we had established were subjected to shell fire and we had to evacuate our patients to safer quarters. Red Crosses don't count for anything any more, for the Germans fire on them at every opportunity. Fortunately none of the officers in out unit were hit but we had three of our men killed and 17 wounded. Besides that we lost only one water cart and a few horses. Ponton and O'Flynn, of your city, came through alive, but their battalion was very badly knocked about.

I am here to take command of the Canadian convalescent camp, Shorncliffe. This camp is not yet opened, but some preliminary work has been done and I am to proceed there tomorrow to complete the organization. It won't mean less work than I have been getting, but the dangers are practically nil, a feature which, though taking away some of the exciting interests, will I am sure be nice work. The camp is to be on an estate, owned by a Canadian officer, the building on which is to be used for administrative purposes, and tents will be the real hospital. We are preparing for the reception of 500 to start with and can readily double or treble the capacity should the demands require it.

You can assure the friends at home that the war is only begun and there is every need for both material and moral support to every matter which which strengthen the hands of our fighting men. There are a lot of gaps in our ranks which can only be filled by men, and if we are to beat this unscrupulous foe, these gaps may need frequent refilling—and the position we should be in is this—no long delays in filling gaps for this only gives the enemy a chance to push his hordes forward.

I must close as it is time for me to repair to the dining room for another kind of refill. Kind regards.

Yours truly
D. B. BENTLEY

PTE. H. G. FRASER

France, April 27, 1915

Dear Father,—

As I suppose you know we have been in some pretty hot fighting, and I got a slight wound in the mix-up. I sent you a card the day after so that you wouldn't be anxious, in case you should have seen the casualty list. I got mine in the ankle. I don't think it has got the bone and it is not very painful, so I am O K. In fact I walked and ran a mile and a half to the dressing station, after I was hit, but I can't touch my foot to the ground now.

The fighting where we were was the worst yet, so even the British Tommies, who have been through Mons, and all the rest of the campaign say. I am now at Canadian Hospital at Boulogne. I just arrived last night. I have been in no less than five hospitals, etc., since I was wounded three days ago. We were to move out again this morning, but the order was cancelled, but we are likely to go this afternoon, however. I hope we are sent to England. I hear they are sending a good many over there.

I can't give you any address to write to, as I don't know where I'll be, but will write again as soon as I get settled.

DRIVER TRYON

May 5th, 1915

Dear Nellie:—As I sit down here to write you there few lines, I hope they find you all well, as it leaves myself well at present, but I have sad news to tell you. We have lost a few of our Belleville boys, which does seem hard, and yesterday morning we lost one of our officers. We have had some very hard and severe fighting the last ten days which it not over yet. It is something fierce; no one has any idea. There never was a war before like this. We have been under shell fire for the last ten days.

I suppose you see a lot of news in the papers about the Canadians as they have a great reputation all over England. When we get back we will never hear the end of it. We certainly will have some hard stories to tell you all. Well, we are here in dug-outs today, which we have to live in to protect ourselves from the shell fire, which is horrible. It's a shame to see the towns and villages which have been torn down and burned. It is terrible to see the poor people having to leave. No homes to go to. Well, we have seen several German prisoners and we have seen other signs which we may never see again.

I have not much news to tell you as there is nothing but war here to see. We are having fine weather and lots to eat.

Well, Nellie, Leo Ross was killed on May 1st, which was very hard for us to get over. He was killed in action. It will be hard for his poor mother, but you know our turn will come in time.

Good bye,
Driver Tryon, 2nd Battery, 1st Brigade, Canadian Contingent, British Expeditionary Force.

The Belleville Burial Co.
169 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | The Ritchie Co., Limited | PHONE NUMBER 820 connects all Departments

Another Reduction in Price OF LADIES' AND MISSES' Smart Spring Suits

The Greatest Suit Clearance of the Season

VALUES TO $25.00 **$7.95**

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit Values we have ever offered! And we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the original price tickets. They tell the story better than all we could say. But here's a general description of the lot; They are principally plain tailored with the exception of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at $7.95

VALUES TO $25.00 **$7.95**

Some Interesting Store News You'll Be Glad To Hear About

If you have furniture to be upholstered we will do it and guarantee you satisfaction. We also carry a full stock of Furniture Coverings.

Ladies' Sport Shirts, featuring large sleeves, loose body and large roll collar. Newest style of waist for outing wear. Now showing in the Mantle Room. Very suitable for paddling, motoring and playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

Another lot of those special $1.00 Blouses now in stock, made up in plain, pleated and embroidered lawns, with organdie collar.

Remember, all our Ladies' and Misses' New Spring Suits that sold from $27.50 to $35.00, now clearing at $25.00

The Summer Millinery now on display on the second floor is attracting unusual attention these days. Your inspection is invited.

Visit our Wash Goods Department and see the beautiful collection of wash fabrics on display there.

Some Great Values in Tapestry Rugs—This Week

Size 3 x 3½ Reg. $15.00 For **$11.75**

Seamless Tapestry Squares of best English manufacture; all the standard colorings are represented in these rugs, in pretty conventional, floral and motif patterns. If you have a room in need of a new rug and you want one that will give good service—cheap —why, this is your chance.

Size 3x3½ Regular $15.00, for $11.75
Size 3x4 Regular $17.50, for $14.75

Size 3 x 4 Reg. $17.50 For **$14.75**

Great Clearance of Men's Suits

One hundred and fifty Men's Suits that we considered the best values we ever had at $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00; on sale at

$13.50

Almost an endless variety to choose from, and all in suitable weights for summer wear. The materials are principally fancy worsteds in the best shades of the season. Splendid styles for the young men as well as for the men desiring a more conservative style. Regular values up to $18.00; for

$13.50

(See Window)

AEROLUX

Aerolux No-Whip Verandah Shades

We are sole agents for these celebrated Verandah Shades and stock them in sizes and prices as follows:

Size 4ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $3.00
Size 6ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $4.50
Size 8ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $6.00
Size 10ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $7.75
Or any size to order.

Third Floor

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size | The RITCHIE Company Limited | REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.

THE RUMORED DEATH OF LEO ROSS

In reference to the above letter, which states that Leo Ross was killed on May 1st, a reporter of the Intelligencer, saw Mr. Walter Ross, father of Leo, this morning and stated that he had heard nothing of his son's death.

German Gases Pure Poison

PARIS May 17.—Four United States correspondents and two from other neutral countries, Holland and Switzerland, have just completed, at the invitation of the French Government, an inspection of the hospitals where the victims of German asphixiating gases lie. The enquiry has proved to the impartial satisfaction of all six men that the gases used were absolute poison and that from inhaling a sufficient quantity of them men died as surely as if they had drunk water from poisoned wells.

The invitation was extended as soon as the official English and French investigators had concluded their examination of the soldiers who had been subjected to this gas. Some of the men survive and are still suffering from the effects of the gas in various hospitals. Many, however, are dead. The attending physicians at the hospitals visited were instructed to give the fullest possible information regarding the history of each patient examined, so that the results obtained by the correspondents were quite complete and from thoroughly scientific sources.

Prof. Ratheray said that while exact figures were not yet available he estimated that among the French troops alone between 3,000 and 3,500 men were effected, and of this number, it was no exaggeration to say that 10 per cent died on the field of battle, and that six per cent. died in hospitals. The proportion among the Canadians was slightly less. Experiments were made with various gases on the men who recovered, and all of them agreed in saying that chlorine has the same taste as the gas used by the Germans.

Effects Instantaneous.

Several of the victims were interviewed. All of them said that the effect of the gas had been terrible and instantaneous. Many men were overcome while stopping to pick up their haversacks before fleeing from the poisonous cloud. Most of them were unable to rise again, but some were able to stagger a few yards before succumbing entirely. A few of these were dragged from the poisoned zone by their stronger comrades.

Those who escaped arrived at the hospitals expectorating blood. They had collapsed utterly in most cases and for days after were racked by terrible coughs. It was a curious fact that in many cases a fever developed four or five days later. Then pneumonia developed.

OBITUARY

HERMAN BENNETT

Herman Bennett, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bennett, Madoc Junction, died yesterday morning at 7 o'clock after a long illness. A mother, father and sister, Mrs. M. J. Bennett, Murney street, mourn his loss.

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

CITY AND VICINITY

C. P. R. TICKETS

You can travel via C.P.R. to Montreal, New York, and any other Eastern or Intermediate points; also Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and all Western and Intermediate points.

S. BURROWS, C.P.R. AGENT. M11,t,t,s,dtf

LADIES & GENTLEMEN

If your hair is thin, faded or discolored, or if your bald, if you would make your appearance attractive and youthful and benefit your health and comfort, be sure you see the Dorenwend Company's wonderful display of quality hair-goods at the Hotel Quinte, Belleville, on Friday, May 28th. Switches, Braids, Transformations, Pompadours, Wavelets, etc. of unsurpassed quality hair and workmanship. Also Dorenwend art hair-toupees for bald men, including the famous sanitary patent structures. You are offered a free demonstration of any style. Remember the date, Friday, May 28th. Prof. Dorenwend will be here in person.

JOHN STREET CHURCH

Mr. R. J. Graham will address the Guild this evening. Special music will also be given and a general invite is extended. It

REMEMBER

Foxboro Presbyterian Church Garden Party, Thursday, June 24. Refreshments with a better programme than ever will be provided. For further particulars see posters. 18,w1t,d2t

BRITISH TROOPS CONTINUE TO ADVANCE

LONDON, May 17.—All the German trenches south of Richebourg l'Avoue, on a front of two miles, were captured by the British first army while continuing its offensive this morning. This was the news received here by the war office and given out to the public early this evening.

Th French night communique received here from Paris a few hours later said that the British had captured several additional German trenches to the north of La Bassee, together with a thousand prisoners.

The details given by Sir John French are necessarily meagre. His report evidently covers the fighting early in the day.

The British troops who penetrated the German lines for a distance of over a mile yesterday more than held their own in the desperate fighting of last night, engendered by heavy counter-attacks of Germans and Bavarians, who were strongly posted at this section of the line, and at dawn the British forces resumed their attacks on the enemy, overwhelming him by their heavy fire and fierce assaults with the bayonet. The Germans were thus unable to keep their counter-attacks and weren't even able to hold their own under the tremendous British blows.

In their offensive to-day and yesterday the British infantry displayed much superiority over the offensive of the Germans against Ypres last week. The holding an exposed salient at Ypres, which could be swept from all sides except the rear by the German artillery and though the enemy was assisted by poisonous gas, the British troops were able to hold their ground in this sector and inflict enormous losses on the Germsn, despite their presence in superior force.

Waterproof shoulder pads and body shiels for the use of men who carry ice or meat have been patented.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1915. No. 309

Canadians' Valor Praised by Enemy

"Dug Own Graves and Died in Them," Says Paper in Saxony

LONDON, May 18.—Colonel Rennie sends the following letter from Col. Streight. In sending it Colonel Rennie remarks: "Our casualties have been very heavy, but, as you see from the enclosed, the regiment behaved most creditably."

Captain Streight's letter is as follows:

"I was wounded and made prisoner on the evening of the 24th of April. I cannot go into details, except to say that my command was completely wiped. Then men were wonders, and faithful to the last. We were the last to be taken, and then only after an hand-to-hand struggle. The press here gives a good account of us:

"It says we dug our own graves and died in them, and that their troops never met such pluck and determination. They speak the truth. We have fallen into good hands. Every attention is paid to our wants and needs. A casualty list is impossible. Many were left behind on the field. We never got in touch with them after the first advance. All are well here. I wish to be remembered to all and better luck to you who remain."

In the foregoing Captain Streight is referring to the press of Saxony, where he writes from. Capt. John Everett Streight was an officer in the Governor-General's Body Guard. He saw service in South Africa. His home is at Islington.

Canadian Heroism

Fine Tribute From a French Newspaper to the Canucks' Work in Flanders

Paris, May 1

The "Gaulois" says:—

It ought to be widely recognized in France that the Canadians who for some weeks past have appeared on the field of battle have displayed calm and superb heroism. Nowhere in France should people be ignorant of this fact.

With what prodigality they shed their blood for the sacred cause! Their action is all the more splendid in that the Canadians as a race are in no way prepared for such work.

There are children of a land which is the most pacific in the world, which for the past two centuries has had no concern with war, nad in which military questions were of no moment and had never been the object of any serious preoccupation.

But, though it is essentially an agricultural, trading, and industrial country, devoted to works of peace, it desired to have a share in the common struggle. Hence it raised, equipped, and armed thousands upon thousands of men and sent them to fight in the ranks of the British, where these improvised soldiers showed at once that they were quite equal in all respects to the most valiant troops of England and France.

460,628 TONS OF SHIPS SUNK

LONDON, May 17.—Thomas J. Macnamara, Parliamentary Secretary of the Admiralty, announced in reply to a question in the House of Commons today that 460,628 tons of British shipping, other than warships, had been sunk or captured by the German navy since the outbreak of the war.

Mr. Macnamara added: "The number of persons of all nationalities killed in connection with these sinkings is approximately 1,556.

"The tonnage of German shipping, not warships, sunk or captured by the British navy to May 15 is 314,465. So far as known, not one German or neutral subject has been killed in connection therewith."

WAR COSTS BRITAIN $150 EVERY SECOND

LONDON, May 17.—F. D. Acland, financial secretary of the Treasury, speaking at a meeting today estimated that the cost of the war to England was thirty pounds a second. This means £2,592,000 a day, which somewhat exceeds David Lloyd George's recent average of £2,100,000.

HUGE ORDER FOR BEEF IS PLACED IN CANADA

LONDON, May 17.—W. L. Griffith, secretary to the High Commissioner's office, states that out of a War Office tender for ten million pounds of beef, one-half was awarded to Canada, large orders being given to the Wm. Clark Company of Montreal, and the Wm. Davies Company, of Toronto,

HEAVY GERMAN LOSSES A TOTAL OF 2,050,000

Authoritative Statement of the Casualties on the Eastern and Western Fronts

LONDON, May 19.—The Daily Chronicle says: We have received what purports to be an authoritative statement of the casualties in the German ranks from the beginning of the war until March 23. The number of lists of dead and wounded and missing until that date was 180. Between March 23 and May 15, 45 further lists have been published, making a total of 224. Statements in our possession contain a grand total of casualties of the first 180 lists. This covers a period of fighting from August 2 till February 14. The remaining 45 lists deal with the period between the middle of February and the end of March. According to the general statement from which we quote the classified loss until February 14 is 1,175,681, as follows:

DEAD

Officers	10,951
Non-commissioned officers and men	237,697

WOUNDED

Officers	19,639
Non-commissioned officers and men	728,406

MISSING.

Officers	1,853
Non-commissioned officers and men	177,144

We have not any classified statement with regard to the next 45 lists, but on the basis of 180 earlier lists they would probably add an additional 300,000 to the total.

It is to be borne in mind that the six weeks covered by the latest 15 lists include exceptionally severe fighting in Poland, Galicia and the Carpathians, as well as tremendous and sustained struggles in Flanders and Northwest France. The probability, therefore, is that the grand total of German casualties till March 31 cannot be far short of 1,800,000. Another quarter of a million must certainly be added for the fighting of the last six weeks. The total in dead, therefore, exceeds 400,000.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 19.—(Afternoon's official statement). Bad weather continues. There has been no development on the front during the night with the exception of some artillery exchanges at various points. East of the Yser two attempted attacks on the part of the enemy were checked by our fire.

GERMAN RETIRES FROM ENGLISH PUBLIC LIFE

LONDON, May 18.—Sir Edgar Speyer has sent a letter to Premier Asquith resigning his Privy Councillorship and requesting also the revocation of his baronetcy. The letter declares that Sir Edgar was led to take this step after nine months of charges of disloyalty by the newspapers, which charges have lately culminated in speeches against him by public men.

Besides retiring from all his public positions Sir Edgar Speyer has resigned the chairmanship of the Underground Electric Railways Company of London. He has also resigned from the Council of King Edward's Hospital Fund and give up the presidency of the Poplar Hospital as well as the trusteeship of the Whitechapel Art Gallery.

The London Globe, in an editorial published yesterday before the letter of Sir Edgar had been made public, complained that neither Sir Edgar nor Sir Ernest Cassel, both Privy Councillors, had made public "their detestation of Germany's crimes." It was charged by the Globe that because they were of alien origin Sir Edgar and Sir Ernest were only permitted legally to hold their seats in the Privy Council by an amendment in the Naturalization Act, which passed unnaticed during the turmoil of last August.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK

(Canadian Press Special)

CARDIFF, Wales, May 19.—The British steamer Drumcree, from Barry, was torpedoed in the English channel. Memember of the crew were saved. The vessel was 374 feet long.

Points in Lord Kitchener's Speech

Call issued for 300,000 men to form new armies, in full confidence of hearty response.

Great sacrifices are being cheerfully made to meet the needs of a long war. Devotion to duty and cheerful acceptance of hardships shown by troops cannot be too highly praised.

Britain is forced to resort to the use of gas to "remove an enormous and unjustifiable disadvantage."

Canadians at Langemarck came gloriously through an ordeal that would try the finest army in the world.

The Turks are being forced from positions of great strength in Gallipoli Penisula, and the situation there is "thoroughly satisfactory."

The French offensive in Arras has been completely successful. "Important results" are to be anticipated from co-operation with the advancing British troops.

The morale of the allies in the west has never been higher than at present.

An adequate supply of munitions will shortly be provided.

The Russians now hold a strong line from the eastern Carpathians to Peremysl, and have made a strong offensive in Bukowina.

Gen. Botha has displayed military ability of the highest order in German Southwest Africa.

Indian troops have utterly routed the Turks in Mesopotamia.

DIED IN NOBLE CAUSE

Miss Helen Merrill, honorary secretary of the United Empire Loyalists' Association of Canada, has received the following letter from Col. Ryerson respecting the death of his son, George C. Ryerson, at Langemarck: "I wish to thank the association very sincerely for their kind and thoughtful message. As a father I am deeply stricken, but as a loyal Canadian and a U. E. Loyalist, I glory in his noble death. He died bravely leading his company against the enemies of human freedom and the exponents of barbarism. He could die in no nobler cause. I thank God that he gave me such a son. My son, Arthur, was severely wounded in the abdomen, but is making excellent progress, and I have no doubt as to his ultimate recovery."— Canadian Red Cross Society, Hotel Christol, Boulogne-sur-Mer, France, April 28, 1915.

SIR RODMOND ROBLIN

We note with regret the departure of a man who has been just and faithful, a man who has been the courageous protector of the Catholic minority of Manitoba. Thanks to his tolerance, our brethren in that province have been able to adapt themselves, rather well than bad, to a school law that is unjust and persecuting. Sir Rodmond Roblin was not responsible for that cruel law. Laurier and Greenway were the fathers of that imposition on Manitoba Catholics. Sir Rodmond always acted in a manner that temporarily rectified that wrong.

The Manitoba Crisis

The Norris Government Declared to Have a Free Hand

(Canadian Press Special)

WINNIPEG, May 19.—The Manitoba Free Press (Liberal) states in an editorial this morning that there was no understanding between the outgoing and incoming Manitoba Governments, and that the "Norris Government has taken office unhampered in the slightest degree by any stipulation or understanding." They are free to proceed with the clearing up of the parliament building matters.

WILLIAM P. FRYE CASE SENT TO PRIZE COURT

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Germany has sent to a prize court the case of the American sailing ship William P. Frye, sunk by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

Body of Miss G. Allan is Found

Has Been Taken to Queenstown by Tug With Eight Other Bodies

LONDON, May 17.—The body of the late Canon Phair, of Winnipeg, one of the victims of the Lusitania, was buried at Birmingham yesterday. The body had a lifebelt on. A wound in the head was probably the cause of death.

CABINET CRISIS IN GREAT BRITAIN

LONDON, May 18.—(Special.)—What seems like a Cabinet crisis suddenly has been sprung on Great Britain. There has arisen what appears to be a rupture between the civil head of the Admiralty, Winston Spencer Churchill, and the Lords of the Admiralty, but particularly Lord Fisher, Admiral of the Fleet. As a result the possibility of material changes in the Cabinet is being discussed. For the moment the situation holds the political field. All kinds of rumors are current, but the Ministers are not letting the public know very much about it.

Persistent rumors were in circulation in the lobby of the House of Commons to-night that a coalition Government was about to be formed.

Unionist leaders held a conference with Premier Asquith this afternoon, and it is stated that the question of a coalition was settled. According to these reports, the allocation of offices has not been finally determined.

It is rumored that Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, former Premier, will succeed Winston Churchill as First Lord of the Admiralty, the latter taking some other office.

The Daily Telegraph this morning said the resignation of Lord Fisher is thought to be probable.

The Times was among the London newspapers this morning which mentioned the fact that Lord Fisher had not attended the Admiralty for the last two days, and the rumors arising from this of friction between him and Mr. Churchill.

Editorially The Times referred to these reports as confirming the popular impression that the Government, like the nation, has reached the restless transitional stage. "The Government presumably is anxious about the character of its own control of the war," the Times says, "which is being subjected to widespread and searching criticism both in public and private. At present the storm centre seems to be the Admiralty, but beyond the above mentioned facts all is rumor and we trust and believe unfounded rumor."

The editorial then went on to refer in general terms to the dissatisfaction expressed in many quarters with Mr. Churchill, who is credited with assuming responsibility and over-riding his expert advisers "to a degree which might at any time endanger the national safety."

The Times declined to express any definite opinion, but it suggested it would be well to have a seaman at the head of the Admiralty who would command popular approval and says the only man for this post is Lord Fisher.

CONSERVATIVE LEADERS CONSENT TO JOIN

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 19.—The Government has definitely sought the co-operation of the Opposition, and the Opposition leaders in principle have consented to join them, but nothing is likely to be decided until the Unionist leaders have obtained the formal backing of their followers at a party meeting, says the Parliamentary correspondent of The Times.

The trouble between Churchill and Lord Fisher arose from the British Cabinet sanctioning the first naval attack on the Dardanelles in ignorance of the fact that the Sea Lords were opposed to naval operations unsupported by land forces.

GOVERNMENT TO BE RE-CONSTRUCTED.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 19—Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons today steps in contemplation which involved a re-construction of the Government upon a broader personal and political basis.

The World Newspaper Company, Limited, Toronto, was fined $30 and costs by Magistrate Kingsford in the Police Court for issuing an extra on Sunday, May 2 last. Defendants appeared earlier in the week, charged with following their avocation on Sunday contrary to law.

ITALY NOW MAKING WARLIKE PREPARATIONS

All Railroads and Stations Placed Under Supervision of Military Authorities—Ambassadors to Leave Italy

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 19.—A royal decree is published under which all railroad lines and stations in Italy are placed entirely under the supervision of the military authorities.

Foreign Minister Sonnio reported that an offer of additional territorial concessions had been received from Austria.

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Austria and Italy have asked the United States to care for their diplomatic interests in Rome and Vienna respectively in the event of a severance of diplomatic relations. The Washington Government has agreed.

ROME, May 18.—(Special.)—The situation grows hourly more intense. The Austrians and German Consuls are leaving Rome tonight without announcement. The staffs of the Consulates are accompanying them.

The Turkish Ambassador conferred with Baron Sonnino, the Foreign Minister this afternoon and afterwards it was reported that he had been instructed to leave Rome together with his Austrian and German colleagues. The Giornale d'Italia, organ of the Salandra Government, announces definitely that Prince von Buelow and Baron von Macchio, the German and Austrian Ambassadors, have demanded their passports.

Premier Salandra and Baron Sonnio were received in audience this afternoon by the King immediately after the Turkish Ambassador had returned to his Embassy and this evening the Cabinet Council is in session.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 19.—It is denied at the German and Austrian embassies that their ambassadors have demanded passports or contemplate an early departure.

THE SITUATION IN THE DARDANELLES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 19.—"Every day sees improvement in the Anglo-French position, the enemy reported as having lost very heavily," says an official review of the Dardanelles operations given out here.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 19.—General Weber Pasha, the German commander of the Dardanelles forts, died of wounds, according to a Cairo despatch.

LORD BROOKE FOR CANADIAN BRIGADE

LONDON, May 18.—The Daily Express says it understands that Lord Brooke is to be promoted to a brigadier generalship and given command of a brigade of Canadians. Lord Brooke is a lieutenant-colonel of the eighth battalion of the Territorials. He commanded the second Canadian cavalry brigade in 1913. Lord Brooke is thirty-three years old.

UPRISING IN POLA

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 19.—Forty persons were killed and several hundred wounded by police and Austrian troops in quelling an uprising in Pola. Homes of Italian subjects are reported to have been sacked by the authorities.

Mother and Sons on Murder Charge

(Canadian Press Special)

EDMONTON, May 19.—Mrs. Myers and her two sons, Henry and Conrad, were committed for trial charged with murdering the woman's husband by hanging him in a barn.

COMPULSORY SERVICE FOR THE DUTCH

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 19.—The Dutch War Minister announces that a bill is being prepared providing for universal compulsory military training, thus increasing the army to one million men.

Vessel Rammed at Isle of Orleans

Christine' Doing Post Duty, Was Sunk in Three Minutes—Eight of Crew Perish

(Canadian Press Special)

QUEBEC, May 19.—Rammed by another vessel, the steamer Christine doing post duty at the naval station, off Maheux River, Isle of Orleans, sank within three minutes last night. Of the crew of fourteen only six were saved. The Christine was under the command of Captain Kennedy, who was saved, and is in the hospital with a broken leg. Among the dead are Odilon Larose, of Levis; Michael Varon and W. Langlois of Bienville, a suburb of Levis. The chief engineer is not yet accounted for, but is supposed to be dead.

DEATH OF MISS HENRIETTA GLENN

Early yesterday morning Miss Henrietta Glenn died at Buffalo. Deceased was born in Prince Edward County in 1863 and resided there all her life until sixteen years ago, when she went to Buffalo to reside. Miss Glenn was a Methodist, and a daughter of the late Charles Glenn. Surviving are two sisters and four brothers. The remains will arrive here tomorrow night, and will be taken on Friday to her former home for interment.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

LAST NIGHT'S LIST

Second Battalion: Missing—W. J. Joynt, Toledo, Ont.; Andrew H. Parris No. 1,340 Namayo avenue, Edmonton, Alt.; Arthur Everett Peters, Colborne, Ont.

1st Field Artillery Brigade: Wounded—Gunner T. Hope, Montreal.

TODAY'S LIST

Second Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Enbert Claude Haysom, Reading, Eng.

JOINS BRITISH AIR CORPS

Mr. Arnold H. Sandwell, who on different occasions has been connected with afternoon journals in Montreal, has received his commission as a flight sub-lieutenant of the Royal Naval Air Service and will be gazetted shortly, according to a cable received yesterday by his brother, Mr. Bernard K. Sandwell, of the Financial Times. Mr. Arnold Sandwell was connected with various aeronautic journals in England before coming to Canada over a year ago, and had made flights at Hendon. He left for England some months ago, with a view to qualifying for the service.

Germans Burnt Russian Wounded

LONDON, May 18.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent sends the following official note issued in the Russian capital Sunday: "Prince Kurakine, the special Red Cross Envoy at the front, telegraphs that after the German artillery had bombarded the station where our wounded were lying, German cavalry finished off the wounded with their carbine butts, and after spraying petrol and benzine about, set fire to the station, which was burned down with the men inside."

PATRICIAS SUFFERED TERRIBLY AT FRONT

MONTREAL May 18.—"We have only three officers and 80 men left of the original 1070. The Princess Patricias have suffered most awfully since we went to the front" writes Lieut. B. B. Snyder of the P.P.C.L.I. to John A. Engel a lawyer of Montreal.

Lieut. Snyder enlisted as a private in the Princess Patricias, and was promoted Lieutenant when on active service. He was wounded at the time Col. Farquhar was killed and is now recuperating in London.

Reported Death Of Leo Ross

No Official News of His Having Been Killed Has Been Received to Date

Mr. J. Ross, father of Leo Ross, who was stated in a letter from the front to have been killed, received the following letter this morning from the Adjutant-General:—

"Name of Gunner J. L. Ross, 1st Artillery Brigade, has not appeared on any official casualty list received at military headquarters to date. So far as is known he is still serving with the corps. Any casualty will be telegraphed to you as soon as received.

"Adjutant-General."

QUEEN IN THE TRENCHES GREETS HER BELGIANS

LONDON, May 17.—Sir Cecil Hertslet, formerly the British Consul General at Antwerp, speaking at Eastbourne, said that a wounded Belgian officer had just given a description of an incident that occurred the other day in the Belgian trenches on the Yser.

Queen Elizabeth went to speak to the soldiers, but the men in the trenches did not recognize the kind and graceful lady. One man said: "Come along, Madame; make yourself at home." Another soldier said: "Ah, but Madame this trench is dangerous!" The Queen replied: "Not for me; I'm so small."

One of the men produced a sack and placed it on the slope of the trench. The Queen sat down on the sack and began to distribute the chocolates and cigarettes she had brought.

Presently another soldier came from another position and, recognizing her Majesty, exclaimed: "Oh, the Queen."

All the soldiers, of course, rose and stood at attention.

Her Majesty, after expressing kind wishes for their welfare, left the trench.

On the sack on which she had sat were inscribed the words: "The resting place of the Queen." The soldier to whom the sack belonged was asked if he would sell it as a souvenir, and he replied: "Not for a hundred thousand francs."

WILL INTERN DERNBURG

LONDON, May 18.—If Dr. Dernburg attempts to get back to Germany through English patrolled waters he runs a risk of being seized as a hostage of war. The news from Washington of Dr Dernburg's anxiety to get back to the Fatherland has caused wonderment as to the motives that lead him to want to get out of America at this time. The opinion is that Dr. Dernburg feels that the propaganda spread by him in America has been found to be unsavory in view of the cumulative evidence of Germany's policy, which reached a climax in the sinking of the Lusitania and that Dr. Dernburg finds himself hopelessly out of touch with real American sentiment. However that may be Great Britain would like to see Dr. Dernburg try to get home on any steamer touching British shores. If he is audacious enough to sail on a British steamer there naturally would be no escape for him. British authorities in that event would arrest him the moment he stepped on land. If he sailed on a Holland steamer, the British, if certain he was aboard might stop the steamer and arrest him when the ship got into English waters.

What would happen to Dr. Dernburg after his seizure would probably be nothing less than imprisonment as an enemy alien, but England really does not believe that he will head this way. Officials are inclined to think that if he leaves America he will go to Brazil or Argentine, where he might feel safe.

BODY OF CANON PHAIR INTERRED IN ENGLAND

QUEENSTOWN, May 17.—The body of Miss Gwen Allan, daughter of Lady Allan of Montreal, was brought in today by the tug Flying Fox. The tug had eight bodies on board; three men, two women, two small boys and a year-old child, none of which have been identified.

TO ISSUE BRYCE REPORT IN EVERY LANGUAGE

LONDON May 17.—The British Government has decided to issue a penny edition of the report of the committee on alleged German outrages, of which Viscount Bryce was the president. The report is being translated into the chief languages of Europe and India.

3 SEASONABLE SPECIAL VALUES 3

WINDOW SCREENS.

The store to buy your Window Screens is the store where the best is carried, and sold at the lowest prices. Note the following:

Light Hardwood Frame Window Screens, extending 18 to 28½ inches, each .... 20c.
extending 20 to 32½ inches, each .... 22c.
Heavy hardwood frames, extra deep, extending 20 to 32½ inches, each .... 25c.
extending 22 to 36½ inches, each .... 30c.
extending 24 to 40½ inches, each .... 35c.

DRESS CREPES.

Thousands of yards of Dainty Dress Crepes, 27 to 30 inches wide, all 15c. and 20c. goods, on sale this week at .... 12½c. yd.

WHITE AND COLORED BUNTING.

We have a full stock of White and colored Bunting, also tri-color bunting .... 5c. and 10c. yard
Flags at 5c. Flags at 10c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

"MADE IN CANADA"

Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.

Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

Ford Touring Car $590. Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840.
(All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.)
Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
OF CANADA, LIMITED.

W. B. RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.

Annexation of Belgium Criticised

LAUSANNE, Switzerland, May 17.—The Swiss paper the Voix de l'Humanite, appearing in Lausanne, has recently published expressions of opinion on the question of the annexation of Belgium by Germany. Among those who have written on the subject of Belgium is the Reichstag socialist deputy, E. Bernstein.

He says: I consider that the violent subjection of the Belgian people to German domination would not only be quite valueless to Germany, but would be harmful to her interests. If Germany annexed Belgium she would be obliged to turn the Belgians out of their country, and such an action would bring on her the contempt of every democracy in the world, or she would introduce among her own population 7,000,000 people who would never assimilate themselves and who would always be meditating retribution and thus make national unity impossible. Another reason: If Germany's victory over all her enemies is not such as will make them incapable of war for an undetermined period, the annexation of Belgium would not be a guarantee of peace, but a stimulant to fresh wars. It would maintain a latent war among the peoples, a permanent insecurity and heavier burdens for all those nations who have already suffered so heavily by the present struggle. Every nation, including Germany, would suffer by this annexation, and the latter would subject herself to the hatred of the whole world. Those who dream of the annexation of Belgium think themselves German patriots; in reality they are claiming an imaginary benefit for Germany and providing a scourge for the Europe of the future.

Guarantee for a future peace cannot be found in the violation of a country and of its national liberties; but only in a peace treaty which will guarantee that right by means of coercive agreements and the simultaneous reduction of armaments. A congress of all the civilized nations should undertake the realization of this task.

ASTHMA COUGHS
WHOOPING COUGH SPASMODIC CROUP BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene
Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Used with success for 35 years. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma. Send us postal for descriptive booklet. Sold by druggists. VAPO-CRESOLENE CO. Leeming-Miles Bldg. Montr'l

Why not Try Yerex's Bread? You'll like it.
You will eat twice as much of it.
This is the verdict of our many pleased customers.
AT ALL GROCERS.
Or Phone 787 and wagon will call.
YEREX'S Bakery
68 Sinclair St., West Belleville
Wrapped. Full Weight.

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance.
Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

Toronto Soldier Hit by Dum-Dum

Private Roberts Had Hole in Arm Round as Broom Handle

Private Ernest Roberts of the 3rd Battalion (G.G.B.C.) who was wounded at Langemarck, has written to his brother, Mr. Bennett Roberts, 556 Huron street, Toronto. He has been removed from the stationary hospital at Le Touquet to a hospital in Cornwall, England.

"Arrived in England last Wednesday, and it certainly was a blessing to be in a place where the English language is spoken again. My arm pains me quite a bit after I got operated upon. The bone has to be set, and the wounds have to be stiched yet. It was a dum-dum bullet I got, and it made a hole big enough for me to shove a broom handle through. But the one through my hand is just an ordinary sized bullet wound.

"I was fool enough to let them get me and a couple of beautiful wounds at that. The first issue I got was through the arm, breaking the bone in the bargain, and the second in the hand, both the left. They pain me quite a bit, but I expect they will feel better by the time you get this letter. It looks like two months before I get a crack at my beloved friends again. This is all for the time, because my arm is paining me something awful."

Drummer Cotman of the 21st Battalion, formerly of the 14th Regiment, was given a tobacco pouch and pipe by members of the Griffin's orchestra before leaving for overseas.

4th Contingent

Volunteers for Overseas for this Force may Apply at the Armouries to Lieut. D. M. McCARGAR or Capt. (Dr.) A. E. MacCOLL, 15th Regiment.

P. K. Ketcheson, Lieut., Adjutant.

All men previously enlisted and passed the Doctor's examination will report immediately.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

In addition to the list previously published, the following gentlemen have volunteerd their cars for the service of the soldiers who will be quartered at the Belleville Convalescent Home, donated by W. B. Northrup, M.P., for wounded men from the front: L. R. Terwilligar, C. Ashley, Sheriff Morrison, Raymond Zufelt, B. A. Elliott, and the Seymour Power Company. More names will be gladly welcomed by Colonel Ponton and will be sent forward immediately to the Department of Militia.

KINGSTON

On Saturday Captain Ringwood intends taking the class of the R.S.A. out in the region of Glenburnie for the purpose of working out an important artillery tactical scheme. "C" battery R.C.H.A. will probably accompany the school. They will leave early on Saturday morning and return some time during Sunday, sleeping out in the open on Saturday night. Every effort is being made to make the course at the school as practical as possible, and the working out of tactical schemes where artillerymen are trained to get an accurate line of fire is the aim of Captain Ringwood.

The City of Toronto has written to Captan Steacy, commanding "C" battery R.C.H.A., asking for the names of all the men in the battery who enlisted in Toronto, as the city has decided to place an insurance policy of $1,000 on each man's life. There are about 70 men in "C" battery who will be made the recipients of Toronto's generosity in this particular way.

In the 26th Battery C.F.A. occupying the Richardson building on King street, there are fully 70 members of the battery who were recruited in Toronto, and the O.C. of the 26th has been asked for the names and ages of all Toronto recruits so that these too may be covered by a city insurance policy. Between the two batteries in the city it will mean that the city of Toronto will furnish about $140,000 of insurance.

There is a young remount at the stables on Place d'Armes, which is just 48 hours old. The mother was brought here from Valcartier camp. The young colt is doing fine and seems to enjoy the military environment.

Sergt.-Major Taylor, divisional foreman of works, is arranging a set of bacteria beds at Barriefield camp for the purpose of disposing of the garbage from camp kitchens. This method of collecting and treating garbage has been used in military camps, and will be tried at Barriefield this year for the first time.

The new administration building on the camp grounds at Barriefield is now ready for occupation and it is understood that Colonel Hemming will take the camp staff in on Saturday.

Every effort will be made to have the Barriefield camp open on Tuesday next.

Major Ed. Dean, formerly of Kingston, has been granted the temporary rank of Lieut.-Col. while on duty in the 6th divisional area.

Lieut. F. A. Mosely of the 1st heavy artillery, Montreal, has been transferred to the 5th field battery of Kingston.

The cadets of the R.M.C. had some practice in the use of hand grenades on Monday.

Word has been received from London, Eng., that Lieut. H. O. Wilkins, son of F. W. Wilkins, C.E., Norwood, who was wounded on 10th of March, has been given six months' sick leave, and will sail for home as soon as he is able.

The official approval of the officers for the headquarters staff at Barriefield Camp arrived on Monday morning. Col. T. D. R. Hemming will be commandant with Col. G. Hunter Ogilvie, Assistant Adjutant-General. Maj. W. H. Brown will be General Staff officer; Major J. Hamilton Assistant-Director of Transports and Supplies; Major P. E. Prideaux Senior Ordnance officer; Capt. R. J. Gardiner, Assistant Director of Medical Services, and Lieut. W. E. Swaine will be Musketry Instructor.

This list is not complete as other officers must be chosen and it is probably an oversight that some names are omitted. The remainder of the Divisional Staff will be taken over without a doubt, although their names do not appear on this list.

Zutoo Tablets

Are used by thousands of good Canadians and cure thousands of bad headaches.
ZUTOO cures any Headache in 20 minutes. 25c a box, at dealers

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Arthur Bird is taking the military training class.

The Misses Mills, Forin street, left to-day to visit friends in Berwyn, Ill.

Mrs. A. P. Allen has issued invitations for a musical at the tea hour on Friday afternoon.

Mr. Ken. Ross leaves to-morrow to take the position of purser on the Chippewa for the summer months.

Mr. D. M. Waters returned yesterday evening from Buffalo and Toronto, where he has been over the week end.

Mr. D. Mackenzie Waters is spending a few days at Presqu'ile Point, looking after some repairs to their summer home.

Mrs. Ethel Holmes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Spafford, passed first in her final examinations at Rockwood Hospital, Kingston.

The Misses Elliott are entertaining in honor of Miss Blain of Regina, who is the guest of Mrs. P. J. M. Anderson, at the tea hour to-morrow afternoon.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

TRIO GETS $5.00 AND COSTS

Frank and Dinny Munville and Thos. Cornell came up before the chief Magistrate this morning for being disorderly near the Ferry House a few days ago. The defendants claimed that Dinny received a cut on the head from "fun," but the magistrate, in view of the evidence of the police could not see it and assessed them five dollars and costs each.

DISORDERLY HOUSE RAIDED

The police made a raid last night on a house on Dundas street, west of Moira, ocupied by Aloysia Fisher. This morning the occupant was charged with keeping a bawdy house. She was remanded. Private Duncan was up for being a frequenter. While the police were inside the house a meek knock was heard and Constable Ellis in plain clothes, answered the door. "Is this where Mrs. Fisher lives, asked the caller. "Yes. Come in, replied the plain clothes man. Private R. Smith came in, but seeing the uniform of Sergeant Naphin, decided he was in the wrong place. Nevertheless, he was brought over to the station but let go, and will appear to-morrow, charged with being a frequenter.

TO KEEP AWAY FROM GIRLS

"Did the girls get you by their smiles," said Magistrate Mason this morning, when remanding Alfred Newton, until he caught a surety for $50, when he will be allowed to go. "Yes, sir," meekly replied the accused. Newton, until he found a surety for about January, 1914, to lift small articles, which he gave to his lady friends, including a watch, a pair of skates, jewel boxes, etc. The articles were taken from McFee's jewellery store and McGee's hardware store. Newton promised to keep away from the girls, and, in view of his youth the cadi allowed him to go on suspended sentence, providing he gets the above security for good behavior.

MADE IN CANADA

REQUEST TO FRIENDS OF BOYS AT FRONT.

It is the custom of the British War Office and Canadian Militia Department to notify by telegraph the next of kin of men killed or wounded before permitting their names to appear in the published casualty lists. Since the fierce fighting Belleville, like all the rest of Canada, is living in a state of anxious expectancy. It would help materially to relieve this tension and would also be greatly appreciated if persons receiving such telegrams, or hearing of their receipt by others, would notify The Intelligencer by telephone or otherwise as quickly as possible, in order that the news may be bulletined or published at the earliest possible moment.

Letters received from boys at the front or in the various training camps are also of great interest to the citizens generally. The Intelligencer will be glad to receive for publication any and all such letters. Personal matter will, of course, be omitted and the letters promptly returned to those to whom they are addressed.

A meeting of the Shareholders of the National Railway Association will be held at the Engineers' Hall, Pine street, Belleville, on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 7.30 p.m. Porter and Carnew. It

CARD OF THANKS

The Fire Department wish to thank Col. S. S. Lazier for the handsome cheque which they received from him. W. J. Brown, Fire Chief.

S.A. Leader To Visit City

Commissioner Richards Will be Welcomed by Army to Belleville Tomorrow

Commissioner W. J. Richards, the newly appointed Leader of the Salvation Army in Canada will visit Belleville, on Thursday, May 20th. A welcome demonstration will be held in Bridge Street Methodist Church, when His Worship, Mayor Panter will preside.

The new Commissioner is one of the few remaining officers who were personally called by the late General Wm. Booth, and therefore, is one of the pioneers of the organization. The story goes, when the general visited the town in which Mr. Richards resided, to conduct a series of revival services, he heard the young man speak, and he was so favorably impressed that Mr. Richards was asked if he would not go to the Salvation Army Training College, which he did. This was 36 years ago, and the Commissioner has rendered so many years of unbroken service.

He has been closely identified with The Salvation Army's "Darkest England Scheme," having done much to establish what is now known as the Men's Social Work. His usefulness, however, was not confined to this branch of Army Service, but having earned for himself the reputation of being a clever and capable administrator, and a brilliant platform speaker, Commissioner Richards has had ful command of all Salvation Army operations in Denmark, South Africa and New Zealand. The latter country was his charge when appointed by the General, Bramwell Booth, to Canada. It is interesting to know that the five sons of Commissioner and Mrs. Richards have followed in their father's footsteps, and are now officers in The Salvation Army, holding important positions in Java, South America, the Continent and London, England.

The members of The Salvation Army in Canada are delighted with the choice of the general for their new Leader, and it is confidently expected that the work will receive a mighty impetus and that great progress will be made during his stay.

Since arriving in Canada, Commissioner Richards has visited the principal cities of the west, and in Toronto, where the headquarters of the Salvation Army is located, his public reception in the Massey Hall was without precedent.

A valuable cattle feed has been made from tobacco in Italy.

Money! Money!!

But it isn't everything—

There's far more satisfaction in bounding health and the ability to be comfortable.

When health has slipped away through wrong habits of diet, the only way to get it back is to change food.

Grape-Nuts

(Made in Canada)

is scientifically prepared food, and contains all the rich nutriment of wheat and barley—including their invaluable mineral content—necessary for sound nourishment of one's mental and physical forces.

With a clear head to steer a strong body you can do things and win. Both can be built by proper food, and turned to money and comfort.

Grape-Nuts food is delicious, richly nourishing, and easily digestible—undisputedly the most scientific food in the world.

"There's a Reason"

—think it over!

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

THE WEATHER.

Northwest winds, fine.
Thursday, northwest winds, fair and continuing cool.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends greatly on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the oil is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE FOR :: EXAMINATION ::

Angus McFee
Jeweler Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and dark goods 20c
Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue
Keen's Oxford Blue
Berger's Rice Starch
Gillard's Pickle Relish .... 35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars 30c.
Spanish Pimentoes, tins .... 10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing . 10, 35 & 60c
Currie Powder, bottles .. 10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles .... 20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars .... 20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White
Grape Juice
Peanut Butter
Dill Pickles
Fresh Gulf Lobster .... 18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) . 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes .... 10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly .... 25c.
Mandarin Marmalade .... 25c.
Skinless Figs .... 15 & 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalade .... 5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

PRICES REDUCED

ON AND AFTER
May 1st
25, 40 and 60 Watt Lamps will be sold at
30c Each

The BEST LAMP AT The BEST PRICE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott, Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Stockings and Gloves

Our Hosiery Department is just full of new stockings for summer wear.

250 pairs Silk Stockings, double wear heel and toe, an extra special at ....59c. pair

Fownes' Gloves, in silk, lisle, kid—guaranteed, 50c. to $2.50 per pair.

HOLEPROOF HOSIERY for men, women and children, in lisle, silk, cashmere, guaranteed. Mercerized lisle thread stockings .... 25c. pair.

UNDERWEAR for women and children, best brands always in stock, from .... 15c. to $1.50

KIDDIES' MIDDIES, made up to the minute .... 75c.

WOMEN'S BLOUSES from 50c. to $5.00. Exclusive styles.

An extra special in Black Pailette Silk, yard wide, Lyons dye, warranted not to cut; worth $1.25, on sale at .... 89c. yard

D. & A. CORSETS from .... 50c. to $3.00 pair

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from tho best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos

are found in most of the finest homes In Canada—not because the prices were highest, but because of their artistic merit, honest worth, and the best workmanship in every detail.

The same wonderful skill, The same fine materials, The same painstaking methods that established the reputation of

Gerhard Heintzman Pianos
during the past half century are maintaining it to-day

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE
Sells It For Less

SPECIAL BARGAINS
Thursday and Friday

Reg. 25c. Hydrogen Peroxide 10c.	Reg. 25c. Blaud's Iron Pills 2 for 25c.	Reg. 15c. Glycerine Soap 3 for 25c.	Reg. $1.00 Beef, Iron and Wine 49c.

Patent Medicines

50c. Fruitatives ...... 28c.
50c. Chase's Nerve Food 29c.
50c. Dodds' Pills ...... 29c.
50c. Gin Pills .... 25c.
25c. Nature's Remedy .. 12c.
50c. Nature's Remedy .. 35c.
$1 Nature's Remedy .. 65c.
25c. Thomas' E. Oil .. 15c.
25c. Nerviline .... 15c.
25c. Baby's Own Tablets 15c.
50c. Williams' Pink Pills 30c.
25c. Hamilton Pills .. .. 17c.
60c. Abbey's Salt ...... 39c.
25c. Abbey's Salt .. .. 19c.
And all other patent medicines at lowest prices.

15c.

SOAP
3 FOR 25c.

75c.
RUBBER GLOVES
49c.
All sizes.

25c.
TOOTH PASTE
15c.

Toilet Articles

25c. Duchess Rose Talcum 15c
25c. Violet Talcum .... 15c.
25c. Sandalwood Talcum 15c.
50c. Palmolive Shampoo . 39c.
50c. Sage and Sulphur .. 40c.
50c. Florida Water .... 39c.
10c. Ivory Soap ...... 5c.
25c. Murillo Tooth Paste 15c.
25c. Hutax Tooth Paste 20c.
25c. Hutax Tooth Powder 20c.
25c. Greaseless Cream .. 20c.
25c. Tooth Brushes .... 14c.
15c. Wash Clothes .... 10c.
15c. Face Chamois .... 10c.
15c. Soap Boxes ...... 10c.

We Lead In Quality, Values and Prices

Cigar Specials

10c. Irvings .... 5 for 25c.
10c. Travellers .... 5 for 25c.
10c. Van Horne .. 5 for 25c.
10c. Japs ...... 4 for 25c.
10c. Ovido ...... 4 for 25c.
5c. Student .... 6 for 25c.
5c. Col. Steele .. 6 for 25c.
5c. Amo ...... 6 for 25c.

Olive Oil

Regular 25c. .... 20c.
Regular 35c. .... 30c.
Regular 75c. .... 65c.

This oil is guaranteed to be absolutely pure.

Pure Drugs

5c. Vaseline .... 3 for 10c.
20c. Essence Vanilla .. 10c.
20c. Powdered Borax .. 10c.
25c. Boracic Acid ..... 15c.
10c. Epsom Salts ..... 8c.
25c. Aromatic Cascara .. 20c.
10c. Chloride Lime .... 8c.
10c. Camphor Gum, 2 for 15c.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

TRENTON.

Mr. Siddal, manager of the Montreal Bank at Trenton, received a cable from Mr. H. Stanley's father, saying: "Son was lost on Lusitania."

The Ladies' Aid of King Street Church gave their monthly supper in the basement of the church on Thursday evening, which was well attended.

The population of Trenton, which has been increasing since the coming of the two railways, has been increased last week by seven families, from Havelock and other places in Ontario.

The Tom Marks Co. placed at Weller's Opera House for three nights last week.

Mr. Harrington, photographer here for many years, has sold his business to Mr. Will Reynolds, another of Trenton's former residents, who has opened up his business in the old stand.

Mrs. Myers (nee Eva Murdoff) received at her home, front of Sidney, on Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Polley returned home after a visit of several weeks at the home of her son, Mr. W. Polley, jr., in Toronto.

Mrs. M. B. Morrison of Belleville has sold her house on Ford Street, recently occupied by Mrs. McCullough, to Mr. James Hudgins.

Commissioner Richards, of the Salvation Army in Canada, spoke in the King Street Church Monday evening, to a crowded house. Dr. Farley very ably acted as chairman. Brigadier Morris charmed the audience with his singing. Other members of the Army were on the platform. The Commissioner was listened to with rapt attention.

The district meeting of the Brighton circuit was held in the King Street Church on Tuesday. Many ministers and laymen were present.

CARMEL.

No service was held in the Church on Sunday.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. J. L. Clapp is not improving. Miss Wilson is in attendance.

Miss C. Coulter is still confined to her room.

Mrs. W. Garrison of Bethany has been visiting friends in this neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Paterson visited at Stirling on Tuesday last.

The W. M. S. of this appointment met at the church on Wednesday.

Miss Pearl Honeywell, who has been staying at Mr. B. Clarke's has returned to her home at Canifton.

Mrs. H. Homan spent a couple of days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Ketcheson.

Miss Nettie Fairman spent the weekend at Foxboro.

Mr. W. S. Gilbert has started to remodel his house.

The debate, "Resolved, that man's influence is greater than woman's," which was held at the Y.P.S. on Wednesday, was decided in favor of the negative, showing that the young people considered woman's influence is greater than man's.

A social evening of our Young People's Society, was held on Wednesday night of last week. A debate was held on the subject, "Resolved that Man has More Influence than Woman." Messrs. Selden Homan, Frank Howes and Leo Logue took the affirmative, and Misses Leah Gilbert, Lena Sullivan and May Clarke the negative. The judges were Miss Reid of Gilead, Mr. F. Easton of Bethany and our president, Mr. C. Brintnell, and they awarded the honors to the negative side. A number of songs and recitations were also given, after which refreshments were served, and the evening was brought to a close by singing the National Anthem.

Mrs. S. Clarke and Miss Jeanie Barnhill spent Tuesday with Mr. ond Mrs. B. Clarke.

Miss Maggie Hamilton of Myre Hall has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at the home of Mr. N. Brintnell.

Miss Leah Gilbert is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitman, for a few days.

Miss Pearl Honeywell has returned to her home at Canifton after spending a week with Mrs. B. Clarke.

Miss C. Coulter is improving slowly from her illness.

Miss May Clarke visited friends at Moneymore this week.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Ed. Smith, who lived in our midst for many years, is missing at the front.

A number of our young people attended the ball game between Zion and Plainfield at Plainfield on Saturday night.

MASSASSAGA.

W. Hazzard and family of Trenton spent the week-end at the home of his father.

Mrs. Zenas Palmer of Holloway is visiting Mrs. Jas. Halliday.

Mrs. Kenneth Vallean and children have returned from an extended visit to her parents at Stirling.

Mrs. W. Wallbridge is out again after an illness.

J. H. Snider had a "shingling bee" on Friday, shingling his house.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Vallean of Burr's, are spending a few days with their daughter, Mrs. Hazzard.

Mr. Robt. Maidens, Consecon, visited Harry Jose on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lent, and Abbott, spent Friday at Fish Lake, the guests of Elgin Gorsline.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jose and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ackerman and Olga motored to Havelock on Sunday.

Geo. Robinson has installed a gasoline engine to run his cream separator.

The county road men are busily engaged quarrying stone and crushing it on Howard Anderson's farm, to be used on the Picton road.

VICTORIA.

Church next Sunday at 2.45 p.m.

Ladies' Aid at Mrs. F. Bonter's on May 27.

Sunday School was well attended on Sunday morning. About 45 were present.

Mr. Hugh Weese spent Sunday with Mr. Lloyd Weese.

Mrs. F. Brickman and Miss Vera spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. Babcock sr.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glenn, of Belleville spent Sunday at Mr. H. Sager's.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman and Andra; Mr. and Mrs. W. Bush, motored to Stirling on Sunday and spent the day at Mr. Wm. Bush's.

Mrs. J. Sager returned home on Sunday after visiting in Belleville for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Brickman and children spent Sunday at Mr. J. F. Weese's.

Bert Buckler spent the week-end in this vicinity.

Mrs. E. Brickman and Roy visited last week in Trenton at Mr. J. Bonter's.

OAK HILLS.

Death visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bennet and removed their son, Hermon, who had been ill a long time. Amidst all his suffering he was never heard to complain, though his wasted form was racked with pain. He had a smile and a kind word for every one who came to see him, and waited patiently for the call to go. Our sympathy is extended to the friends who are bereaved.

Mr. M. Gallivan has received news of the death of his sister, Mrs. Hendricks, of Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Andrews, our popular G.T.R. agent, is away on his holidays. Mr. Kerr of Montreal is relieving agent.

Rev. Mr. Beyers held services at Mr. John Juby's Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Frank Stapley has purchased a new car.

Miss Elsie Eggleton spent Sunday with friends in Belleville.

Mrs. Wm. French spent Sunday with friends in Thurlow.

WELLINGTON.

Mrs. T. Arthur of Trenton was in town last week.

Miss S. E. Blakely has returned home from a visit to Trenton.

Miss Cora Pettengill is very ill.

Rev. and Mrs. Alfred Young have left for a trip to New York to attend the Friends' quarterly meeting.

During June, July and August our friends in the banks will take a holiday on Thursday afternoons.

Mr. and Mrs. Wight are here for the summer at Hotel Alexandria.

Miss R. Staley is home from Smithfield, Ont.

The I.O.O.F. attended divine service on Sunday last at St. Andrew's Anglican Church. An excellent sermon was delivered by Rev. Dr. Cobb.

Mr. Edward McMahon is ill.

Our Women's Institute are busy now with work for our soldiers. Our ladies are excellent workers.

"Oh, yes, they can father," insisted Mary, "for Job could talk when he was a baby."

CARE OF THE EYES

Health as Well as Beauty Demands That Eyes Get Attention.

The woman who takes care of herself should give as much attention to her eyes as she does to her skin or to her hair. In the first place after driving or being in the dust of the city or country she should wash or bathe her eyes with tepid water. This removes the irritating dust or small particles. After reading or before going to bed she should bathe the eyes with salt water or tepid water to which is added a pinch of salt, and using an eye cup, will be surprised at the difference in the sparkle of the eyes. If inflamed they should be bathed several times a day. The dull, sunken eyes, the hollow circles and the sallow complexion of many women is due, however, to the complaints and diseases peculiar to women. The best thing I know for this is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, because it is a temperance tonic, being made of roots and herbs with pure glycerine. Dr. Pierce publishes the ingredients on the wrapper so it is not a secret and I have seen many women cured by it and not only that, but the dull sunken eyes, the sunken cheek and bust, have taken on a sparkle and healthful appearance. Thousands of women have testified to having been cured of womanly diseases by this Prescription. It speedily causes all womanly troubles to disappear—compels the organs to properly perform their natural functions, removes pain and misery at certain times and brings back health and strength to nervous, irritable and exhausted women.

It banishes pain, headache, backache, low spirits, hot flashes, dragging-down sensations, worry and sleeplessness surely and without loss of time.

Keep the bowels healthy by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They don't gripe.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are manufactured in Canada at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

MARYSVILLE.

The farmers here have their seeding done and are preparing their corn and potato ground.

Mr. James Topings is drawing tile from Napanee.

Foxes have invaded Mr. Jas. Harney's poultry house and taken three ducks, two turkeys and a number of fine hens.

Mr. L. Campbell, county road superintendent, and his gang, commenced work on Monday last.

Many from here attended the kitchen shower at Mr. Moran's near Napanee on Wednesday evening last.

Mr. J. C. Meagher is laid up with a bad attack of bronchitis. Dr. Newton is in attendance.

Mr. and Miss Cassidy, of Enterprise, spent Sunday last with their cousins, Miss Maggie and Willie Cassidy.

Mrs. W. Logue, of Belleville spent a few days recently with her aunt, Mrs. E. Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Sullivan spent Thursday last in Napanee.

Miss Aggie McGurn and Joe spent Saturday in Deseronto.

Mr. Arthur Dafoe is home again after spending a month with friends in and around Belleville.

Mr. James McAlpine is collecting eggs for shipping.

POINT ANN.

Master Earl MacDonald, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank MacDonald, is seriously ill.

Misses Irene Guay and Alice Sitton, and Mr. Harry Grills spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. R. MacDonald.

Mr. Frank Harvie has returned to Port Hope after spending a few days at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Will Fenny.

Our pastor, Mr. Moddle, wife and children, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. J. Jackson.

A number from this vicinity motored to Shannonville Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Long are visiting relatives in the States.

Miss Cora Bell has returned home from the Belleville hospital, where she has been confined for some time with a serious attack of typhoid fever.

THIRD LINE, THURLOW.

Mrs. Blake Parks and two children of Saskatoon are spending the summer with her father, Mr. Joseph Beatty.

Mrs. Marven of Prince Edward Co. was the guest one day this week of Mrs. A. H. Easton.

Mrs. Percy Mott of Avondale and Mrs. D. Shorey of Sidney are visiting their sister, Mrs. F. Swain.

Miss VanValkenburg of Trenton is spending a few weeks with her father, Zara VanValkenburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Brock Shorey of Belleville were the guests last week of Mr. and Mrs. G. Phillips.

Mr. Graham, of Tweed is visiting his cousin, Mr. Harold Beatty.

NILES' CORNERS.

Mr. and Mrs. George Newson and sons, of Rose Hall, spent a recent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. B. Ellis.

Mrs. R. J. Moore, of Rose Hall, and Mrs. C. Ryan, were guests of Mrs. P. Clarke, Lake Shore, on Friday.

We had quite a frost on Friday night.

Quite a number from this place attended the memorial service at Rose Hall Methodist Church on Sunday, held in memory of Russel Young, another of our brave young men who fell in battle for his country.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan drove to Little Kingston on Sunday and spent the day with their daughter, Mrs. D. May.

6TH CONCESSION, SIDNEY

Barn raisings are the order of the day. Quite a number of men helped at Mr. Morley Scott's raising this week.

Mr. J. Dafoe and daughter of Trenton were guests over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bell.

Mrs. E. Lott and Mrs. C. Demille visited Mrs. Wallace at Glen Ross.

Mrs. B. Searles of Oak Hill, who has been ill at her daughter's home, Mrs. Harvey Dafoe, is getting better.

Miss Edna Ketcheson visited Miss Eva Sine on Sunday.

Mr. W. Holden has improved his house with a new addition.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $5.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Added Interest To Our Great Sale

THAT WILL PROVE MOST INTERESTING.

Scores took advantage of the great values we offered and showed their appreciation of the splendid bargains by the way they were picked up. To day all lines have been filled up to make another sale for the coming days. To those who haven't been able to attend this

GREAT SALE

our word to you is **come at once.** We have something that will interest you and save you money. Don't delay, come at once. We deem it a pleasure to show you these great bargains.

$4.50 to $5.00 Sateen Underskirts (late arrivals) have been placed on sale at **$1.49.** Come in following colors—black, green, blue, sand shade, pink and brown, beautifully made with 21 inch knife edge pleating. Great value at only **$1.49 sale price.**

Girlie's Lace and Embroidered Dresses, neatly made for girls 6 to 14 years, great value at **$1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. Be sure to see these.**

Girlie's Gingham, Percales and Light colored goods, neatly made, **25c. up.** These all marked at startling prices. Some new lines added.

$1.25 to $1.50 Ladies' House Dresses. Sale price .... **79c.**

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!

Innocent pleasure for all. Buy your supply here, fresh and nice, with a number of special features added to the old time delights.

Be sure to buy your flags here. Prices range at **1c, 5c, 10c** and up.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in

CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually largestock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

BERLIN, ONTARIO.

The ultimate object of the armies of the Allies is to drive the Germans out of Belgium, to press them back farther and farther, and eventually to capture Berlin. Whether that consummation of their hopes and efforts will ever be realized time alone will prove. It is probable that before that stage is reached the Kaiser will cry "Peccavi," and sue for peace to save his capital. The downfall of Berlin would be a source of gratification not only to the British, the French and the Russians, but to all peoples who despise the cult of militarism and believe in the principles of freedom and democracy. "'Tis a consummation devoutly to be wished"; but before that takes place many brave Canadians must needs lay down their lives, and much precious blood will flow.

But in Ontario there is a Berlin which can be obliterated by a stroke of the pen. Canadians must be a tolerant people not to have before now urged that the name of this Ontario city should be changed. The very name Berlin is loathesome to all true Britishers at the present time. It was at Berlin that the carefully prepared plans were made which led to the devastation of Belgium, which contemplated the seizure of Paris and the sacking of London. It was in Berlin where experiments were made which led to the use of poisonous gases, as a diabolical weapon of warfare. It was in Berlin where the nefarious plans were laid to sink the Lusitania. It is from Berlin that a constant stream of falsehoods has flowed all through the war, to encourage the Germans at home, and to placate neutral countries. For these many reasons the very name of Berlin has come to be hated and despised by all true Britons. And why should we perpetuate the name in Ontario. Russia set a good precedent for altering the name of a city at the commencement of the war. St. Petersburg was known all the world over, yet the Czar felt no compunction in renaming it Petrograd, in consequence of its German origin. To alter the name of an Ontario city would be a much smaller matter. It is not only that the name is obnoxious now, but in future years—long after peace has been declared—the very mention of Berlin would bring back memories of German ferocity and Canadian suffering. If it should be decided to alter the name it might be re-named after a famous battle. The history of Langemarck will be one of the brightest chapters in Canadian history; and a Canadian city which bore its name would attract far more attention than if it carried the repulsive name of Berlin.

GRIT UNTRUTHS.

Here is a specimen of Grit falsehood and misrepresentation. The Winnipeg Free Press, of the 5th May gives evidence of its non-partizan character in the following language:

"In press and pamphlet and on a thousand platforms the Liberals of Canada are to be fiercely denounced as traitors to their country. The flag is to be waved as it was never waved before. There is to be a deluge of patriotic tags, slogans, emblems, streamers, etc., for the one purpose of proving that the Conservatives are the only loyalists in Canada and the Conservative party the only loyal party in Canada."

Is it possible that any sane man could believe that even a Grit editor could string together so many lies in so short a space? Yet it is so. The waving of the Union Jack seems to render such politicians as the writer of the above, fit subjects for an insane asylum. It will continue to wave, notwithstanding such ravings.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

DELICIOUS APPETISING NOURISHING

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

CURRENT COMMENT

May frosts sometimes kill what April showers woo into life.

Sir Edgar Speyer's angry request that his baronetcy be revoked indicates that he is only a veneered Britisher, and that the veneer is exceedingly thin.

While the Liberal press are making much fuss over the Roblin Government retirement, nary a word is heard of the Oliver land steal. He's one of their own.

The curtain is kept drawn over the operations in the Dardanelles; but when the whole story of the war comes to be told it will probably be made clear that some of the most heroic and desperate work of the war was done there.

Sir Rodmond has for the past three years been surrounded by weak colleagues and he has been without the counsel of a single strong one. In such conditions the ship of state could not be expected to continue long on its course—Montreal News.

If there is any serious difference of opinion between Winston Churchill and Lord Fisher regarding the conduct of the naval war, the young man should defer to the old veteran. The British navy of today is largely what Fisher made it—Hamilton Herald.

"In the event of war between Germany and the United States," says a prominent German American, "all German-Americans will remain neutral." The remark goes to show that an Americanized German is only German silver at best—that his citizenship is not sterling—Hamilton Herald.

Earnest Inquirer (collecting statistics for a work on temperance)—And how many glasses of beer would you—er—consume in a day?—The Drayman—Well, I can't say guv'nor. Some days I 'as about twenty or thirty, and then again, another day, perhaps I might have quite a lot—Punch.

The British postoffice carries every day four hundred thousand letters and fifty thousand parcels to the soldiers of the empire fighting in France. It is as little as those of us who are at home can do to write as often as possible to the men who are spending long days and nights in the trenches. A letter may mean little or nothing to you, but it may mean a lot to a man at the front—Journal of Commerce.

No amendment in her conduct, no reparation that she can offer can efface the stain on German's record or establih any cordiality of sentiment toward her in American hearts. Only many years and the prolonged evidence of the adoption of a new set of ideals, a new code of honor will suffice to restore the government which strewed the seas with dead women and children, just as it blackened the field of Belgium with unspeakable horror, to the brotherhood of Christendom—New York Evening Sun.

The Montreal Gazette says: "The debt of Montreal is already so large that $4,272,000 of the current year's available revenue of $10,599,000 has to be appropriated to pay the interest and charges thereon. Thus it is that only $6,347,000 of the annual income is available for the maintenance of the services of a municipality extended in the interests of land owners to a size far beyond the population's requirements." It should have added, "and $4,250,000 to pay the wages of city officials." Other municipalities make a note of it.

The Exchange Telegraph Company has received the following message from Amsterdam: "A telegram from Berlin states that the Vossische Zeitung announces that high Government circles in Germany favor the submission of the question of the Lusitania's sinking and the difficulties with America arising therefrom to a court of arbitration." A court! What is there to arbitrate about? The only point at issue is whether Germany has the right to sink neutral passenger ships and murder thousands of their passengers. The hangman's rope is the only legitimate arbitrator.

The Winnipeg Tribune echoes the complaint of Liberal journals in Eastern Canada that the war taxes have not met the Finance Minister's expectations. "A reduction in the tariff says the Tribune, would have increased the revenue and decreased the cost of living. All Canada suffers from the added tax burdens and the treasury is not benefitted. It is the old story of a tariff prohibitive in character." The Western journals appear to see nothing beyond their own doors. Lower the tariff, shut up all the factories, import everything, throw thousands out of employment, and then abuse the Government for not finding employment for the idle men. Such is free trade.

The Globe's Winnipeg correspondent says: "It is expected there will be numerous changes in the personnel of the civil service, as at present the service is loaded down with camp followers taken on to bolster up the political machine. In Ontario the Liberals monopolized office for thirty-three years. During an entire generation no Conservative had a chance for any post in the gift of the Crown. But when Sir James Whitney formed his Government he permitted no general decimation of the civil service. Most Liberal officials were retained in office and many were given advances in salary. This was one of the ways in which the late Premier of Ontario set a high standard for Canadian public life. It is to be hoped that Mr. Norris does not put back the clock of political progress by yielding to the hungry office seekers, as The Globe correspondent apparently would have him do.
Comment

COMRADES FOR EVER

(Musical Rights Reserved)

'Twas England's hour of need which
brought them forth,
Brave Britons from across the sea,
And proved to all the world their sterling worth,
Their inborn love of liberty.
"Though seas divide us, we are one
with you,
In tender ties, in thought and heart;
Our King we love, to Empire we are
true,
And never will be torn apart."

—Chorus—
Side by side, brave and true,
Boys from the Old Land, boys from the
New;
Facing death, firm they stand,
Fighting for King and Motherland.
Side by side, Britain's pride,
Sons of an Empire wealthy and wide;
One in thought, one in heart,
Comrades for ever, never to part.

Great Britain's sons enrolled, a noble
band,
Left mansion, cottage — all they
cherish most;
With men from Overseas they proudly
stand,
A fearless, matchless, mighty host.
The world looks on amazed, our foes
with fear,
At loyalty and love unknown—
The Old Land and the Young Land
drawing near
To guard an Empire and a Throne.

Canadians and Australians rally round
The flag they honor and will guard;
The bravest from New Zealand stand
their ground,
And Indian troops strike fierce and
hard.
With Englishmen they nobly fight and
toil,
With them in heroes' graves they
sleep;
Their mingled blood, enriching Belgian
soil,
Cements for ayo a friendship deep.

What need we fear, though foes should
scoff and jeer,
Britannia still does rule the waves;
Our Empire's sons to all have made it
clear
That Britons never will be slaves.
Fling wide the news, and let the whole
world know
United 'neath one flag we stand,
Prepared to meet and conquer any foe
Who may assail the Motherland.

J. BALDWIN BRYANT.
Belleville.

BRITISH TERRITORIALS PROVE VALUE IN WAR

The more he has seen of the territorials, says Sir John French in his Neuve Chapelle dispatch, the more he has been impressed with their value. Sir John's words, "They acquitted themselves with the utmost credit," have taken all of the wind out of the campaign to fix conscription on Great Britain.

The British territorial system is practically the same as the national guard of the United States, without the political weaknesses of the American. So far as organization, service and equipment go, the systems of the two countries are identical. The men enlist for the same period and in peace times drill for about the same number of hours weekly and spend the same length of time in annual manoeuvres. They wear almost the same uniform. But instead of suffering from state politics, as in America, the British service is directly under the war department, which appoints the colonel in command. The colonel, in turn, passes on the qualifications of the officers, who receive commissions from the war office. This method of officering the territorials is much more effective both as to discipline and efficiency that the American method of letting the men elect their own officers on the basis of personal popularity instead of professional fitness.

Territorials in time of peace enlist for home service only. But by the simple process of volunteering for foreign service, they become volunteers without the elaborate process of transferring accounts from state to federal government as in vogue in the United States, which involved a vast amount of clerical work and red tape.

In the present war over 80 per cent. of the territorials are known to have volunteered and of these the large part are already serving in France or Egypt. They enlist under the general volunteer act for three years or the end of the year.

One advantage of the territorial army over the regulars lies in the various kinds of skilled men in the ranks who with little training can turn their trades or professions to the uses of war. The territorial supply of doctors has been a needed help.

When a foreign service battalion is sent away a home battalion takes its place. It is curious to know that the territorial forces has proved more attractive to recruits than Kitchener's army.

THE Outdoor Man especially likes a Coat with Patch Pockets. Somehow or other, they seem to suggest Polo, Golf, Tennis, Boating.

The Fit-Reform model shown above comes in a variety of patterns in harmony with the style. $15. to $35.

FIT-REFORM

Chas. J. Symons
"The Store With The Electric Man"

TREATMENT PROVIDED FOR ENGLAND'S INSANE SOLDIERS

The text of the Cecil Harnsworth bill to remove the stigma of insanity from soldiers temporarily deranged as the result of nervous exhaustion has been made public in London. Under its provisions, a soldier or sailor whose mind is unbalanced by wounds, shock or similar causes, can be treated without being certified insane, provided the period does not exceed six months and the privilege is not abused. Its terms apply to all persons, but are designed especially to protect the men of the service. For many years English alienists have been trying to bring about a reform in the treatment of incipient and undeveloped disorder. Scotland has had a much more liberal law than England in this respect for the past half century.

Commencing on the bill, which has been criticized as weakening public protection against the insane, the Lancet says:

"The interest awakened thereby should do much to promote a more sympathetic attitude toward the general problem of the treatment of the insane, and should materially assist the efforts of those alien physicians who are striving to break down the artificial and mischievous barriers which, in popular belief, and to a regrettable extent even in medical practice, separate insanity from other conditions of disease."

GRAND TRUNK NEWS ITEMS

Winnipeg, Man., May 10th, 1915.
Effective May 15th, Mr. A. A. Tisdale, Superintendent, Lake Superior Division, is granted temporary leave of absence and is succeeded by Mr. A. Kilpatrick, Office at Fort William, Ont.

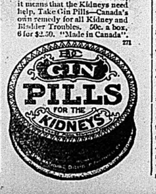
Superintendent McCall's jurisdiction is extended to include the Regina Division on transfer of Mr. J. P. Kirkpatrick to Edson. Office at Melville, Sask.

Mr. J. P. Kirkpatrick is appointed Acting Superintendent with jurisdiction Edmonton to Prince George and intersecteing Branch Lines, vice Mr. A. Kilpatrick, temporarily transferred to Fort William. Office at Edson, Alta.

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

YOUR BACK

is a Barometer. When it hurts, it means that the Kidneys need help. Take Gin Pills—Canada's own remedy for all Kidney and Bladder Troubles. 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50. "Made in Canada". 271



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"CORINTHIAN" . . . JUNE 29TH
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL
"HESPERIAN" . . . . JUNE 19TH
"GRAMPIAN" . . . . JUNE 24TH
For full information apply Local Agents, or
THE ALLAN LINE,
55 KING ST. W., TORONTO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool		Montreal
May 21	Metagama	June 3
June 4	Missanabie	June 17
June 18	Metagama	July 1
July 2	Missanabie	July 15

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

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Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?

Each maturing son and daughter should have a personal Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

Belleville Branch J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

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OCEAN LIMITED
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MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
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Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Victoria Day
May 24th

SINGLE FARE—Good going and returning May 24th only.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD — Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Return limit May 25th, 1915.

Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada east of Port Arthur and to Detroit, and Port Huron, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock and Niagara Falls, N.Y. Tickets sold at reduced fares from Belleville to Toronto, Montreal or intermediate stations on Main Line, or from above station to Parkdale or Sunnyside, will not be valid for passage on Trains Nos. 1 and 14.

Tickets and full particulars on application to ticket agents.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 396.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa

(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.33 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.43 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

VICTORIA DAY EXCURSION

Single Fare
Good going and returning May 24th.

Fare and One-Third
Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Return limit, May 25th.

CONVENIENT SERVICE
To Toronto, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Picton, Deseronto, Napanee, Yarker, Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points by Canadian Northern Railway.
S. BURROWS, Gen. Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.
No. 18—12.50 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 1—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 20—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.
No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily
No. 11—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.60 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'
Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.60 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.
Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 26, 1915.
For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5 10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.06 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC

For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto 10.20 p.m. daily

Attractive Tours to PACIFIC COAST

Particulars from C.P.R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.
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THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking
Joint Accounts are a Convenience.
Keep a Savings Account, and
Let Your Money Accumulate. 176
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
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Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

Alleged German Spies Arrested

The Police at Toronto Make What They Believe to Be Important Arrests

George Hamman, 78 Wilson avenue, Toronto; Gustave H. Kiefer, 133 Springhurst Ave., and Gotfried Ernest Moser, dadrens unknown, members of the firm of Kiefer, Moser and Company, toilet goods, 1 Brock Avenue, were arrested and interned on Saturday afternoon. The men are Germans.

Under the guise of selling a patent medicine and toilet goods to soldiers they are alleged to have visited the large camp centres and to have attempted to obtain vital information regarding the strength of the different camps, the number of field pieces in each camp, the number of rounds of ammunition, the probable time the contingents would leave for England and other information which would be of great value to the enemy.

The men came to Toronto shortly before war was declared and opened their business at the Brock Avenue address. As soon as the camps were established at the Exhibition, London and Guelph, the men made visits to these centres, and while selling their goods attempted to secure information by asking their soldier customers questions. At the time they were reporting to the local registrar of aliens and at different times attempted to secure permits to visit Buffalo. Their requests were refused.

Suspicion was first directed to the men a few weeks ago. When it appeared probable that the troops at the Exhibition camp would leave any moment their visits became almost daily occurrences.

The production of Kiefer's notebook, found near Exhibition camp, and containing several pages of carefully prepared observations and notes in German resulted in immediate action.

Following the finding of the note book, which led to the arrest of Kiefer and Moser, Detective Maurer, who is a Swiss translated the German manuscript, which revealed some very interesting information. On Friday the detective suddenly remembered that he had seen the book among the papers of a suspected German, Gustave Kiefer, whose roods he had searched a few months back. The following is a literal translation of the notes contained in the book:

"This little book has as its object to assist enterprising Germans the better to get an insight into the different and certain conditions, chief locations and statistics, and how, with very little capital, one can take, at least, a part of the resources from the English in their own colonies. It further has the object to show how German industries can successfully be advanced and introduced into the world.

"It will always remain a fact that as long as one can draw the considerable business to one's self, and every business man, and especially the one that is acquainted with foreign conditions, knows the enormous sums required to open a branch in the colonies, and often has a want of such knowledge brought continual loss and rule to good German houses, to get back that which is lost.

"About export: The enormous cheap prices are obtained only by overproduction and the preference of English under the cloak of patriotism of rivals The only thing left now for the German industry and send her own pioneers to the English dumping ground. Here also the enterprising German public should be shown how money, if wisely invested, can bring a good speculative interest on the capital.

"Where and in what way, this can be will be here shown. Canada: Its geographical position. Its borders.

"Its size in square miles. Its mountains and reserves (Indian).

"Its lakes, size and importance for navigation.

"Its population, races, and different nations.

"Its political position, regarding England and the Government.

"Its importance in regard to fruitfulness.

"Its mines. Its imports and exports to and from Germany.

"Its cities and ports. Its railways and canals.

"Its conditions in regard to ice, (Some lines missing) and the United States and Europe and Australia, also with Asia. The length of time for connections of postal for persons and for food, as also banks and their connections.

"Montreal (Toronto) city picked out.

"Its position, population, its industry. Their ports, railway connections. Its exchanges. The hinterland. Its unity and political position.

"Canada's banks."

Both Kiefer and Moser have been under suspicion since January. They made unusual night trips to Buffalo in an auto and Moser had tried to secure an auto to visit the United States. Although stating that he was an American subject, Kiefer could not produce his citizen papers. He also failed to prove that German flags had been placed outside his factory by a man named Smith when accused of having placed the flags there himself. His explanation with reference to the notes in the notebook were also unsatisfactory to the Registrar of Aliens, and this combination of circumstances lead to his arrest.

Both Kiefer and Moser are expert draughtsmen, well educated, alert, and keen, with plenty of self assertion. Kiefer is 23 years of age and Moser 26. They are natives of Karlsruhe, Germany, and have been in Canada two years. The authorities are investigating the case of Harms to ascertain if he was working in or with the same firm.

SAYS THIN PEOPLE CAN INCREASE WEIGHT

Food Alone Produces Fat, says Noted Expert—How to Turn Food Into Healthy Flesh.

The reason that some people are chronically thin and under normal weight, says a noted authority, is because of a chronic leakage of the fat-making elements in their food. The assimilative functions of their stomach and intestines are not working properly. Only a small portion of the food nourishment of their meals ever reaches their blood—not enough perhaps to keep life within the body—the rest passes out as waste. The problem of gaining weight and flesh depends entirely therefore on the natural stopping of this dangerous waste of fats and the correction and repair of the organs of assimilation.

For those who wish to gain healthy flesh and put on from ten to twenty pounds of weight a single Sargol tablet taken at meals for a few weeks will almost invariably produce the desired effect. Sargol does not of itself build flesh, but swallowed with your food, it acts upon every consistent you eat, first separating all the fats, oils, sugars, starches and other flesh-making materials from the food waste and then preparing all the nourishing elements in a form which the blood can readily accept and distribute all over the body. Sargol stops the leakage of fats, keeps all the flesh-making materials within the body, allows only the worthless waste to leave it. It further repairs the faulty organs of assimilation, enabling them gradually to properly perform their natural functions so that the new flesh will "stays put." Sargol is not an experiment. Thousands have used it and proved it. Its action is natural and harmless and it is seldom indeed that it cannot produce an increase of from five to twenty pounds of solid, healthy flesh on any person who is underweight. J. S. McKown and other druggists everywhere sell it with a positive guarantee of weight increase or money back as found in every package.

WAR ON GERMAN TRADE

The Empire Trade and Industry Committee of the Royal Colonial Institute has, during the past four years, done considerable service towards the co-relation of the trade of the various parts of the Empire. In connection with the work a number of bureaux have been inaugurated, and it may be of interest to quote some of those which are specially aimed at being of use to persons overseas.

The Committee undertakes: (1). To help or advise the bona fide of persons in the United Kingdom likely to be interested, any British product which is manufactured of or peculiar to any one of the British possessions. (2). To introduce the Raw Materials of the Empire to manufacturers. (3). To find for buyers Overseas, British manufacturers to make goods formerly obtained from Germany and Austria. In some cases the Committee has introduced British firms to take up the manufacture of goods formerly not made at all within the Empire. (4) To bring the names of persons abroad desiring agencies before British manufacturers. (5). Generally to take an active part in any movement which has for its object the improvement of Commercial relations between the constituent parts of the British Empire.

The Committee will be glad to hear from any persons who may be interested in any of the above matters and to place the many and varied resources of the Committee at their disposal. As the object of the Committee is to stimulate in every way British trade from a patriotic standpoint, there is, of course, no fee chargeable in connection with this work. Enquiries may be addressed to the Empire Trade Committee, Royal Colonial Institute, London, W. C.

Constipated women find Rexall Orderlies a gentle, natural laxative. Sold only by J. S. McKown. The Rexall Store. 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

ORANGEVILLE OFFICERS LEAVE

Col. Preston and Lieut. Firth Given Rousing Send-off On Leaving for Front

ORANGEVILLE, May 18—Colonel Preston and Lieut. Firth, the latter principal of the Orangeville Public School, left this evening to join their regiments en route for the front. Lieut. Firth was presented with a handsome wrist watch by his pupils and a signet ring by Harris Masonic Lodge here. Col. Preston was similarly honored a few days ago by the Orangeville and Grand Valley Masons.

The officers were escorted to the depot by the citizens' band. A number of the high and public school cadets and an immense concourse of citizens on foot and in autos and given a rousing sendoff. Col. Preston has been with his regiment at Belleville for several weeks, and Lieut. Firth has been given an extened leave of absence by the public school board.

MME. HEINE DIES IN FRANCE

Noted New Orleans Beauty Was a Friend of Empress Eugenie

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 17.—A cable message received in this city from France today announced the death at the Chateau Richelieu, sixty miles from Paris, of Mme.Amelie Miltenberger Heinie, member of a distinguished Louisiana family and mother of the Princess of Monaco and Georges Heine, the well known French financier.

The message came to the members of the Miltenberger family in this city, leans, and it announced that Mme. Heine had died on May 12 at her country home. Mme. Heine was born in New Orleans in, 1822 in the old Miltenberger mansion in Royal street, which still stands, and was for daughter of Alphonse Miltenberger and Celeste Dorfeilo. As a young woman she was noted for her accomplishments and beauty and was a social leader. Michel Heine, the French financier, who afterwards floated the national loan in France in the German war of 1870, married Miss Miltenberger in this city forty-eight years ago and took his beautiful wife to France.

Mme. Heine soon became one of the belles of the Court of Napoleon III. and the Empress Eugene, and was noted all over Europe for her beauty. She was an intimate friend of the Empress and took part with other women of the Court in many of the tri-umphs consequent to the fall of the empire after the battle of Sedan.

When the present war started, Mme. Heine, who was noted for her charity, having founded a number of schools and hospitals, converted her magnificent Chateau Richelieu into a hospital and reserved only a small portion of the big estate for herself. The horrors of the war and worry over her relatives at the front are believed here to have hastened her death.

HOW TO CURE A CHRONIC COUGH

Told in the Following Letter by a Jackson Man Who Knows from Experience. His Word Is Good.

Jackson, Miss.—"I am a carpenter, and the grippe left me not only with a chronic cough, but I was run-down, worn out and weak. I took all kinds of cough syrups but they did me no good. I finally got so weak I was not able to do a day's work, and coughed so much I was discouraged about my condition. One evening I read about Vinol and decided to try it. Before I had taken a quarter of a bottle I felt better, and after taking two bottles my cough is entirely cured, all the bad symptoms have disappeared and I have gained new vim and energy."—JOHN L. DENNIS, 711 Lynch Street, Jackson, Miss.

The reason Vinol is so successful in such cases is because its active medicinal principles of cod liver oil combined in Vinol rebuilds wasting tissues and supplies strength and vigor to the nerves and muscles while the tonic iron and wine assist the red corpuscles of the blood to absorb oxygen and distribute it through the system, thus restoring health and strength to the weakened, diseased organs of the body.

If Vinol fails to help you, we return your money.

J. S. McKtown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

Zeppelin Smashed Hit by a Shell

Brought Down on French Soil—Crew of Forty Taken Prisoners

North of France, May 17.—For the first time a Zeppelin has been brought down on French soil. Two Zeppelins and two Taubes were seen early this morning at Calais coming from the sea. Scarcely had they time to circle over Calais when they were discovered by searchlight and were subjected to a violent cannonade. Calais undoubtedly owes much to the forethought of its Governor, whose admirable preparations for an aerial raid saved the town from serious damage. The aerial invaders made a desperate attack and when driven off the first time, they came back again. The Zeppelins were continuously fired at with shrapnel and were obliged to fly at a great height to avoid being hit.

For the time being they escaped injury, although one could see the shrapnel exploding around them. One, however, was destined for punishment. While the first attack the Zeppelins flew in the direction of Boulogne, followed by the two Taubes.

When passing near Marquise, however, the lottery at Capt. Iris Nex succeeded in hitting one Zeppelin with a shell. The invaders turned back at once and passed once more over Calais. The "winged" Zeppelin was unable to reach the German lines and fell on the beach at Fort Mandick, about two miles from Dunkirk.

Forty men on board the craft were taken prisoners, among them being their officers. The machine was completely wrecked. The Calais people are positive that some of the gas compartments of the dirigible were pierced when it passed over the town, although not sufficient gas was lost to compel a descent.

A woman and three children are reported killed in the quarter of the town known as Fort Nieuiby, but relatively little material damage was done, considering the scale of attack. The railway communications, which seem to have been the object of attack, were not affected.

Duke a Witness Of Accident

TORONTO May 17.—This afternoon the Duke of Connaught paid a visit to the Curtis Aviation School at Toronto Island. The royal party was taken across the foot of York street in the Royal Canadian Yacht Club launch, Hiawatha, which for the first time in four years flew the royal standard.

After landing the Duke and his retinue proceeded across the sand to the hangar in which the flying boat was housed. Mr. J. A. D. McCurdy explained the workings of the machine. After this explanation Pilot Samuel Pierce, with Lieut. Homer Smith as passenger, made a twelve minute flight over the lake which began to fall at that time. The Duke remarked about the particularly graceful landing that was executed.

When the airmen returned Lieut.-Col. Stauthon, military secretary to the Duke said: "Would you mind, sir, if I made a flight?"

The Duke answered: "Not at all, but take off your hat."

Accordingly, he climbed into the boat with Pilot Victor Vernon. Just as the machine started away from the hangar, a launch turned down the slip on the bay. Pilot Vernon calculated his distance and avoided the boat nicely.

Staunton and Vernon hydroplaned for a short distance, and then turned to the west to rise in the face of the wind. When the machine had risen 100 feet in the air, the motor suddenly stopped and Vernon began to volplane to the water. The light machine made a dart to the surface of the Bay and reached it safely, narrowly missing the concrete side of the western channel. As it came in contact with the water, one plane was broken. Everyone, including the Duke and the Lieut.-Governor hurried across the sand near the broken aeroplane. The machine was brought safely to the hangar, however, with no one hurt.

The following accompanied the Duke and his staff: Sir Henry Pellatt, Gen. F. L. Lessard, Col. H. M. Elmsley, Major H. C. Bickford, Major Clyde Caldwell, Lieut.-Governor J. S. Hendrie and Secretary Brednner of the R. C.Y.C.

Railways to Sell Steamship Lines

A Ruling of Far-Reaching Effect by Commerce Commission

WASHINGTON, May 17.—A decision of far-reaching importance was handed down yesterday by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Under it the railroads owning lines of ships on the Great Lakes are obliged to dispose of them, divorce themselves absolutely from water transportation. Many millions of dollars invested in Great Lakes vessels are involved in the decision. The separation of the railroads from the water lines is to be effected by December 1 next.

The commission decides that Congress has decreed that there shall be a restoration of conditions which prevailed when railroads had not yet entered in, and exercised no control over, the boat lines plying upon the country's water routes.

The Panama Canal Act, under which this action is taken, provides that it shall be unlawful for a railroad company to own, control or have any interest in any way in commonn carriers by water with which the railroad may compete, except when such ownership or control is approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Zeppelin Raids Are Not Feared

Lord Derby Says Britain Is Prepared for Them

LONDON, May 18.—The British North America Act, 1867-1915, which is designed to amend the original constitution of Canada by the addition of nine members to the senate representing the western provinces of Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, was passed through all its stages in the house of commons to-night and sent up to the lords.

In moving the second reading Hon. Lewis Harcourt stated that the bill came to imperial parliament with unanimous approval of all parties in Canada and he expressed the hope it might receive the royal assent before Whitsuntide recess. The present strengthening of sensatorial representation was due to great development in industry and population in the western provinces since the act of 1867.

Bill to Enlarge Senate Approved

Measure Sent on to House of Lords by British Commons

LONDON, May 18.—The British North America Act, 1867-1915, which is designed to amend the original constitution of Canada by the addition of nine members to the senate representing the western provinces of Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, was passed through all its stages in the house of commons to-night and sent up to the lords.

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THE CHOICEST SUGAR

No choicer or purer sugar can be produced than the St. Lawrence Granulated White Pure Cane Sugar.

Made from choice selected cane sugar, by the most modern and perfect machinery, it is now offered in three different sizes of packages each one the choicest quality.

St. Lawrence Sugar is packed in 100 lb., 25 lb., and 2lb. sealed bags, and also in 5 lb. and 2 lb. cartons, and may be had at all first class dealers. Buy it by the bag.

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED, MONTREAL.

29-1462

Are You Painting on the "24th"

"Victoria Day" is "Spic and Span Day", when everybody gets out their paint brushes.

The "24th" comes just at the right time for you to give the House its new coat of paint—to freshen up the Porch and Front Fence—to do the Floors and Walls—in short, to make your home spic and span, inside and out.

MARTIN-SENOUR PAINTS AND VARNISHES

include everything you need for Paint Day. We carry the full line of "100% Pure" Paint—also Spic and Span Finishes—and will be pleased to give you color cards of these reliable brands.

Ask for a copy of our books, "Town and Country Homes" and "Harmony in Near-Tones". They had them of the greatest assistance when deciding on color schemes for the different rooms and also for the outside of the house. Free to our friends.

SMITH HARDWARE CO., Belleville, Ont.

Redpath SUGAR

The inherited preference

for Redpath Sugar that exists in so many thousands of Canadian homes to-day, is based on genuine satisfaction for three generations. Satisfaction that dates from "Ye Olde Sugar Loafe", made in Canada by John Redpath 60 years ago—then with Canada's first Granulated Sugar, made by the Redpath Refinery in 1880—now with the popular 2 lb. and 5 lb. Sealed Cartons of Redpath Extra Granulated—

"Canada's favorite sugar, at its best"

CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED. MONTREAL

Get Redpath Sugar in original packages—then you are sure of the genuine!

Keep The Men In Good Humor

When Hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke. Ask your grocer for EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIPS," or "SILENTS," two of our many brands.

THE E. B. EDDY CO.
HULL, CANADA

Special Relief for Soldiers

OTTAWA, May 17.—Relief from homestead duties is to be granted to Canadians absent on active service as the result of an order-in-Council which has been passed by the Government. In future any homesteader, whether he is an alien or a British subject by birth or naturalization, on active service, and who for this reason or of wounds received or illness therefrom, is unable to resume occupation of his homestead or complete the conditions of his entry, will be relieved from such conditions, and in the event of his death similar relief will be granted to his legal representatives.

Sweden as smelted iron for more than 20 centuries and some of the ancient furnaces still are in existence.

New Method Of Warfare

Frederic Villiers Says He is a Babe at This New Game of War

Headquarters of the British army, Northern France, April 24. (by mail to New York).—This is Frederic Villiers' seventeenth war. Everywhere we go in the English lines some fellow says to him. "But I suppose you've seen all this sort of thing before?"

And Villiers, who has pictured war all over the world says:

"It's all new to me. I'm a babe at this new game of war."

Villiers' first campaign was in 1867, in those days no one touched off a cannon until the enemy were in sight; it was like aiming a rifle.

But this afternoon we looked on at twentieth century artillery firing. The British artillery, were at attention at their guns, when the officer in charge showed us a map.

"You see we're in this section," he explained, "and we're going to shoot at this spot." He indicated a point four miles distance, in the German lines. Farms and roads and a village and the English and German trenches lay between us and the target. There's a ruined farm house there. German officers are always hanging around it and we have to touch it up every now and then.

"Fire," he said. The shell drilled its echoing tunnel through the sky, and the British officer, some miles ahead of us, who saw the shell explode, telephoned back that it had fallen short.

The guns were charged; ,the man fired again; this time the message came that the shell had gone a little too far. The British artillerymen tinkered with their guns as delicately as a watchmaker adjusting a jeweled watch and then the gun boomed out again. "It hit the farmhouse," was the message that came over the telephone. It was hundred per cent shooting, for the two test shots are almost always necessary to range finding. The twentieth century British artillerymen were showing how well they knew how to shoot. But there's another point in this twentieth century warfare that is even more important and that is to keep in mind where not to hit.

Later in the day we saw an astonishing example of this. We were in the English trenches at Ploegsteert. Through a periscope we looked across the deep green grass of No Man's Land,and saw the German trenches, not a block distant. Scattered rifle firing was incessant.

Suddenly, from behind us came a yell of an English shell. It passed directly over us.

"A hit," was the word that a periscope man nearby sent down the trenches.

Through periscopes we saw a black cloud issue from the German trenches; there was a gap in their line of sandbags. I was glad that we couldn't see into the German trenches, for there were dead and torn men lying in a bloody muck of shrapnel.

And that same English shell would have done the same thing to our English trench if some expert English artillerymen had given a certain order, one tiny turn too much to the left. Speeding forty feet lower, at the end of its journey of perhaps five miles, the scene of the bloodshed would have been in the English and not in the German trench.

"I though I knew war," said Villiers, "But I wouldn't have known a thing about artillery possibilities if I had not seen the 'shell fall on the German trench.

RIVET-HEATERS STRIKE

And Work on Steamer Glenmount is Delayed

On Monday morning, the rivet-heaters employed at the Kingston Shipbuilding dry dock went on sprike demanding twenty-two and one-half cents an hour, or $2.25 for a day of ten hours. Then heaters refused to work and were all lined up at the gateway of the shipyard on Monday morning, waiting for the superintendent of the plant to arrive on the scene. The rivet-heaters should have gone to work at seven o'clock, but up until noon no understanding had been reached between them and the superintendent. As a result work was held up on the steamer Glenmount. Several plates have already been taken off this steamer, but there are twenty-five in all to be removed.

Every 10 Packets of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN $8 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

STOMACH TROUBLES DUE TO ACIDITY

SO SAYS EMINENT SPECIALIST

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, wind, and stomach-ache are in probably nine cases out of ten simply evidence that fermentation is taking place in the food contained in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acids. Wind distends the stomach, and causes that full, oppressive feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the fermenting food. Such fermentation is unnatural, and acid formation is not only unnatural, but may result in very serious consequences if not corrected. To stop or prevent fermentation of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and render it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, probably the best and most effective corrector of acid stomach known and it should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water immediately after eating, or whenever wind or acidity is felt. This stops the fermentation and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments. Fermentation, wind and acidity are dangerous and unnecessary. Stop or prevent them by the use of a proper antacid, such as bisurated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist and thus enable the stomach to do its work properly without being hindered by poisonous gas and dangerous acids—M. F. P.

THREATENED TO STAB

A Soldier Who Protected Girls From Insult

KINGSTON, May 18.—An N.C.O., boarding in what is called the "Dovecot," at the corner of Place D'Armes and Ontario street, showed, when misfortune to be stabbed by a drunken civilian on Monday evening. Near the corner of Wellington street and Place D'Armes the drunk had stopped two girls who were on their way home and he was insulting them and trying to them from going on their way. The sergeant knocked the fellow down and started to escort the girls home, when the intoxicated fellow jumped up with an opened pocket-knife in his hand and threatened to stab the soldier, who followed the three as far as Princess street.

$1,000,000 PAYROLL IS RECORD AT BETHLEHEM

14,000 Men Working on Munitions of War for Belligerents

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., May 17. —Never in the history of the Bethlehem Steel company has the plant had so many mechanics employed as at present. To-day it was officially announced that there were 14,000 men working, most of them manufacturing munitions of war for England, France and Russia.

The new fuse plant, just completed at Redington, a few miles below town, has nearly 1,000 men, and is still employed. When the new merchant mill at the local plant is completed, a few months hence, several hundred more men will be given employment.

The monthly payroll of the company is now more than $1,000,000, and, with in the next half year, C.M. Schwab predicts that it will be nearly $1,500,000.

Girl Eager to Fight Germans

Wants Revenge for Death of Her Eight Cousins—Says Sex Is No Bar

LONDON, Out., May 18.—Impelled by the urgent message from her aged grandfather in Scotland and by her own intense longing to avenge the death of eight of her cousins, Miss Jessie Strickland, of 264 James street, is now trying to find a way to go to the front.

Miss Strickland is young, and pretty. She lived in London for only a year, having come from Scotland. Her parents are dead and her one brother is on his way to England to enlist in the British army as soon as he arrives.

"I want to go to fight, too. I don't want to be a nurse, because I would never get chance to be right on the firing line. I want to fight with a rifle, shoulder to shoulder with the men," Miss Strickland declared most emphatically to a reporter.

"If I cannot get to France in any other way, I will dress myself as a boy and I think I could fool them if I once get in France."

Miss Strickland is going to write to Major-Gen. Sam Hughes, minister of militia, as hereafter if there is any chance of her being able to fight right in the trenches.

DIFFERENT FROM PIRATES

An Example of British Submarine Commanders Carefulness

LONDON, May 18.—As an evidence of the care with which British submarines act against merchant ships, even in the most dangerous war zone, the Daily Mail publishes the following despatch from Saloniki:

"A British submarine, which penetrated the Sea of Marmora, stopped a supposed Turkish cargo boat and ordered the captain to get his passengers and crew off before the vessel was sunk. The captain declared that he and his crew were Greeks and that his ships had been seized by the Turks to transport Greek refugees. The commander of the submarine verified the acapatain's statement and then allowed him to proceed."

A CLEAN MOUTH PROMOTES HEALTH

Oral hygiene is quite properly focusing the attention of the medical profession as well as the laity. A noted authority is quoted as saying: "There is no other single thing more important in the whole range of hygiene than hygiene of the mouth."

In the process of sterilizing the mouth—destroying disease germs—dependence may be placed on Absorbine Jr. This germicidal liniment has made good under severe laboratory tests and its use as a germ-destroyer and preventive is becoming quite general. It is unlike the usual germicide because it is non-poisonous and is held to be harmless to use.

W. F. Young, P. D. F., Biological Chemist, Washington, D.C., after an extensive laboratory examination of Absorbine, Jr., reports: "Four or five drops of Absorbine, Jr., to an ounce of water is sufficient to thoroughly cleanse the mouth and teeth of injurious bacteria, without injurious action on the tissues." (Complete report mailed upon request.)

Sold by most druggists at $1.00 per bottle or sent postpaid by the manufacturer, W. F. Young, P. D. F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Plot to Kill the Sultan

Organized by Those Opposed to New Regime—Other Officials Marked

PARIS, May 18.—Reports from Constantinople confirm the discovery of a plot organized by Armenians and Turks, opposed to the new regime to assassinate the sultan, Enver Pasha, Field Marshall von der Goltz and Gen. Liman von Sanders, telegraphs the Rome correspondent.

Two Armenians, the Journal says, were to have blown up the Kars-Keui bridge, connecting Stamboul and Galata, on the sultan's birthday, while the ruler, accompanied by his commanders was crossing to attend a ceremony at the mosque of St. Sophia. The correspondent declares 400 Armenians have been arrested.

TEN SUBMARINES BUILT WITHIN FIVE MONTHS

BOSTON May 18.—The ten submarines which the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation is constructing at Quincy for the British Government will be launched early next month, within five months of the time the keels were laid, it was learned today. The trial trips will follow soon after and the boats could be ready for commission by July 1, although they are not to be delivered until after the war. The average time for constructing submarines in this country previously has been more than two years.

To save weight a new English automobile has mud guards like a bicycle and single steps instead of running boards.

Have The Intelligencer sent your home address.

CHILDREN'S HALF PRICE COATS

There will be many days when the children would feel much more comfortable with a light weight coat, than without. At the prices for which we offer the balance of our stock of Children's Coats, Every Child Should Have One. We are offering Coats of Serge, Cheviot, Vicuna Cloth, and Tweed in Navy, New Blue, Scarlet and Black and White, sizes 4 to 12 years, prices $3.75 to $7.50, for

HALF PRICE

Wash Crepes

See these Wash Crepes in our window. Your choice of over a hundred patterns, and plain colors also, only 12½c yard.

Duchesse Satin

This guaranteed Black Dress Satin, 26 ins. wide, with our name stamped on every yard, is still selling at the old price, $1.25 yd.

Fancy Dress Crepes

We have several pieces of daintily Flowered Silk Dress Crepes in Mauve, Navy, New Blue. Tan, Rose, Green and Grey, 27 inches wide, at 50c yard.

New Middies

Middies are becoming more popular every season, being so practical for out-door occasions, and having such a charming style of their own. We have just received another shipment, and can now show a splendid range from the plain Middy at 75c to the $2.00 Middy with blue flannel collar and cuffs.

Rain Coats

During the present month, when the weather is so variable, would be just the time to buy a Rain Coat and make good use of it. We have them in Cravenette, rain - proof Covert Cloth, rubberized Parametta, and mercerized Repps, in all the popular shades of Navy, Black, Green and Fawn, priced from $3.75 to $10.00 each.

Sinclair's

Do you need a WHITE VOILE DRESS? Prices $4.65 to $22.50

Sinclair's

ST. LAWRENCE RIVER OLDEST IN THE WORLD

And Great Veshaped Portion of Canada Was First to Appear Above Surface of Globe-Circling Waters

The St. Lawrence is the oldest river in the world. It is also one of the few rivers that did not have to make its own bed, and has remained unchanged since the very beginning of the American continent.

Try to think of a time when the earth was covered by a mass of water, hot, steaming, and often tremendously disturbed by the throes of a globe beneath it that was shrinking because it was becoming cooler. As the globe shrunk, every particle of the outside was naturally pulled in toward the centre, and the hardening crust, which could not be packed any more solidly than it was, had to wrinkle, sinking down here, and bulging up somewhere else. After a certain number of these rising wrinkles, or folds, the thicker, or firmer, parts of the earth's crust stood the strain, and became permanent ridges. The oldest of them, that geologists know, and apparently the first that bulged up above the universal ocean and remained high and dry, was the broad mass on which Canada now rests. It is a part of the original crust of the earth, and we can see it to-day, wherever it is not covered by newer rocks or soil, just as it crystallized and cooled out of the primeval molten material.

"The Canadian Shield"

This mass formed a broad V from Labrador coast to the Great Lakes, thence north-westward to Alaska; on account of its shape geologists call it the Canadian shield. It is the oldest land in the world, and probably the strongest, for there are no signs of any extensive changes in it (except the wearing away of its surface) since it first rolled the ocean off its shoulders.

Off the eastern coast of this primitive continent lay a chain of lofty islands, about on the line of the Blue Ridge, the White Mountains, the Maine coast, and Nova Scotia. Between these islands and the mainland was a trough-like space that ran from eastern Quebec south-westward to Lake. It is now two or three hundred miles wide, and filled with a shallow sea; and just outside the island chain was the great hollow that held the Atlantic Ocean.

Time went on. For ages the straining and cracking of the shrinking globe, earthquakes, and hard frosts pounding surf, running water, blowing dust, ice—all labored to tear down the mountains and fill the sea. Shrinkage of rocks and dust, away into the valleys and seas. In this way vast masses of rock, in layers of shales, sandstone, and what not, were laid down in that narrow, trough-like sea between the chain of islands and the continent. All other kinds of "sedimentary" rocks were soft and weak, compared with the solid old granites deep-y rooted on either side of them; and the trough itself, a sagging fold, was

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"Line of weakness in the Crust." As the load of deposits became heavier and heavier, the floor of this trough slowly yielded, and as it sank toward the heated region below, the underside melted, and grew thinner and thinner.

Gulf Formed at Later Period

That could not go on forever, and soon the continual shrinking of the globe and the enormous pressure of the weight of the ocean became irresistible. The Canadian Shield was immovable, so the rock in the trough began to bulge or crumple all along its length. Gradually, not all at once, but by slow and varying movements, those folds were squeezed up, which in their broken and worn state form, we know as the Appalach'an Mountains.

Toward the south there was room for this action to rather exceed the regular, but in the far north-east the trough was narrow; and the soft rocks were set on edge, overturned and splintering against the solid coutlinent. Very early in the struggle a great fracture of the earth's crust occurred there along a curving northern and southwest line. It left a deep and broad trench between the crushed and folded rocks of the trough and the granite shore of the Canadian Shield. Into this trench rushed all the interior waters of the continent, draining away to the sea, and the St. Lawrence River was born! There, no doubt, it will remain as long as the earth keeps its present form.

At that time there was no Gulf of St. Lawrence. The land extended out so a coast that stretched unbroken from Nova Scotia to Labrador. The present gulf is the result of a sinking of the coast region. Most of it is fairly shallow, but a chart of soundings shows the ancient river bed as a channel winding out between Newfoundland and Cape Breton to the deep ocean.

Why do You Say "Sub" Rosa"?

A good many hundred years ago when a Spartan general intrigued with Xerxes to betray the Greeks to the Persians they met in a temple roofed with roses to make their plans.

Because this rhetoric meeting was held "under the rose," intrigues and plots and secret plans are said to be carried on "sub rosa" or under the rose.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under the head an exceptionally advantageous investment. Liberal rates obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Barrister, etc Over Wallbridge & Clarke's Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Clarke's Block, Campbell Street, Belleville Money to loan at lowest rates.

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Licensed Auctioneer Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Puts Real Estate a Specialty. Sell Farms Stock and Implements by Auction. Phone 9 or address. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also Sale Rooms. Terms Reasonable.

MONEY.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North Britain & Mercantile Ins. Co., Sun Fire; Waterloo, Mutual; Aberdeen Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

W. H. HUDSON

Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161. Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE

I have made arrangements with "English Company to insure Farm Buildings and Barns and contents at from No. 1c to $1.50 per $100.

Call and see me before renewing your insurances.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies. REAL ESTATE.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance Co.; Chatham Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accounts Collected. Estates Managed Office: 9 Bridge Street.

COME to this Store of good things to wear for your Spring Outfitting! Come where the best of Clothes and the best of a painstaking Clothes Service is ready and at your command.

RIGHT Prices are coupled with our splendid values and we make it our business to give every buyer the limit of good value for every dollar he leaves with us!

EVERY Patron of the store speaks in the highest terms of our satisfactory Clothes and our business methods—Go where you will you can not match at the prices such Splendid Suits and Top Coats as we are selling.

$7, $10, $12 to $25

QUICK & ROBERSTON

THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE

Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE

Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

Coming To Belleville

THE DORENWEND CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED

Canada's foremost Hair Goods Establishment, will display and demonstrate a sample stock of the latest Hair Goods Fashions for Ladies, and Toupees and Wigs for blad men, at

The Hotel Quinte, on Friday, May 28th

For Ladies

Dorenwend's Transformation, by overcoming every defect of your own hair, will assist you to appear at your best always. Switches, Braids Pompadours, Wavelets, etc., of the finest quality hair and unsurpassed workmanship. You are invited to inspect these goods.

Gentlemen, Are You Bald?

A DORENWEND

Art Hair - Toupee

Will make you appear years younger and will prove a benefit to your health and comfort.

Indetectable, Featherweight, Hygenic.

Professor DORENWEND will be here in person.

Have a Demonstration of what it will do for you.

ONE DAY ONLY, FRIDAY, MAY 28th

Famous Officers in Casualty List

A Brigadier-General Among Those Killed in British Forces

LONDON, May 18.—Recent casualy lists issued show that 92 British officers have been killed and 204 wounded and that 62 are missing. Among the officers killed were Brigadier-General Arthur Willoughby G. Lowry Cole and Capt. the Hon. Eric Edward Upton, heir of Viscount Templeton.

Among the wounded are Major Martin Archer-Shee, M.P. for Central Finsbury; Lieut. Sir J. E. Grey, Bart.; Capt. the Hon. Alfred Harris, brother of the Earl of Malmesbury; Lieut. the Hon. A. P. Methuen, second son of Baron Methuen; Capt. Sir Frederick V. Robinson, Bart.; Lieut the Hon. J. H. Bowes-Lyon, second son of the Earl of Strathmore; Lieut.-Commander Lord Alastair Graham, youngest son of the Duke of Montrose, and Lieut.-Col. C. B. Vandeleur, who, while a prisoner of war in Germany, escaped and sent a report to the Government concerning the ill-treatment of British prisoners by Germany.

Messrs. Henderson and Company's monthly circular issued from Colombo Ceylon, states: "A feature of the market was the record prices paid for flavory teas. The oldest members of the tea trade in Ceylon could not remember such high prices being realized before." The Salada Tea Company have determined that no matter to what price tea goes, the public will get exactly the same quality in their packets. They will, of course, be compelled to charge the enhanced prices that teas fetch, but they will keep to their standard of quality.

British Navy Biscuits
REGISTERED
At your grocers

SPREADING FALSE NEWS

Under the above heading the Criminal Code of Canada, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, provides as follows:

"Every one is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to one year's imprisonment who wilfully and knowingly publishes any false news or tale whereby injury or mischief is or is likely to be occasioned to any public interest."

R. S. C. Chap. 146. Section 136.

The above is perhaps interesting and salutary in view of the rumors infested streets of Belleville.

A list of 36 household tasks which can be accomplished with the aid of electricity has been compiled.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

REPORTED WELL

Mr. William H. Bowen of this city, yesterday received a communication from his son, Clarence H. Bowen, who is connected with the 2nd Brigade, 1st Battalion. He reported being well. The writer left this city with the 34th Battery.

NEW PASTOR WELCOMED

At Peterboro' on Monday evening, Rev. Douglas Brown, the new pastor of the Park street Baptist church, was tendered a cordial welcome by members of the congregation. Rev. C. G. Smith of this city, who was present, spoke on behalf of the Peterboro' Baptist Association.

GOOD ROAD TO THE STATION

The Public Works Department of this city are repairing the roadway from the Upper Bridge through to the station, filling it in with rock with a covering of lighter material and putting the steam roller over it. When it is completed they purpose giving it a coat of oil which will leave it in excellent condition.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

Two young men, Manfield Duval and Walter Keller of Thurlow, were before the magistrate yesterday charged with the theft of a revolver. The charge against Keller was dismissed, and as Duval said he only took the revolver as a joke, he was allowed to go by paying all costs and one dollar as a fine, amounting to $11.35.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

At the Charlotte Street Methodist Church at Peterboro' on Sunday evening a memorial service was held for the late Private Minorgan who was killed at the front, and who is well known in this city, being at one time a student of Albert College. Rev. J. P. Wilson, pastor, gave an address, as did also Lieut. Col. Walker, both of whom spoke eulogistically of the deceased.

GRADUATED FORTY-FIVE YEARS AGO

The graduates of Toronto University of the year 1870 and prior years, hold their Quinquennial Celebration in Toronto this week with a banquet in the University Dining Hall, Friday evening. The number, which includes Sir John Gibson, former Lieut. Governor, and Hon. Richard Harcourt, former Provincial Secretary, has now dwindled down to about thirty. T. E. Ewens, M.A., of this city, who is one of the graduates, has gone to Toronto for the purpose of taking part in the celebration.

CARPET BALL MATCH

At the Sons of England lodge room last evening, a game of carpet ball was played between teams representing the Sons of England and the Yoke Fellows Bible class in connection with the Baptist church. Both teams won 3 games, but the Yokefellows won on points, securing 115 to 87 for the Sons. The evening proved to be of rare enjoyment. At the close of the contest Bro. Lennox moved and Bro. P. K. Fisher seconded, on behalf of the Sons of England, a hearty vote of thanks to the visiting players for their attendance. The latter also suggested that a league be formed in the city this fall, which suggestion was heartily concurred in. Mr. F. Butler, on behalf of the Yokefellows, made an appropriate reply.

Batteryman Killed At the Front

Word has been received in this city that Gunner M. A. Gomes who went from this city with the 34th Battery, has been killed. His death was the result of a shell bursting beneath the horse he was riding.

The victim was twenty-six years of age, and was born in British Guiana. He attended the Ontario Business College here and was for some time night clerk at the Grand Trunk Railway station. He left this city with the 34th Battery and went to the front with the First Contingent. The news of Gomes' death is much regretted by those who knew him.

Laid to Rest

JAMES B. HENDRICK

Yesterday afternoon the remains of the late Mr. James B. Hendrick were interred in the Belleville cemetery after services had been conducted at his late residence at Foxboro. Rev. Mr. Jones, Methodist Minister, officiated at the house and grave. The casket was covered with many beautiful floral tributes. The bearers were Messrs. Henry Moorman, Albert Ross, Harvey Homan, Jas. W. Gay, Ed. Caverley and Isaac Gay.

NOT MAIMED FOR LIFE

A rumor became freely circulated about the city that Karl Green, a member of the Gananoque Battery at the front had been maimed for life, but such fortunately is not the case. Mrs. Green, who resides on Lingham street in this city, yesterday received a letter from his father, who resides at Gananoque, enclosing abstracts of a letter sent by Lieut. Taylor in which he makes the following reference to Green's injuries: I regret to say that Karl Green was wounded in the left shoulder. This should make us feel relieved that he is not maimed for life and that he is where he will be properly cared for.

Baby's Body Found in River

A gruesome discovery of an apparently heartless infanticide was brought to light yesterday afternoon about four o'clock, when B. Beatty, traveller for Beatty Bros., of Buffalo, and Louis Taugher, of this city, discovered floating in the Moira River, in an old coarse sugar sack, the body of a female infant.

The sack was first noticed at the rear of Taugher's pump works near Carlaw's Mill on Moira Street, and these two gentlemen, by the aid of sticks, pulled the sack, which fell apart and sank, leaving the body floating. Mr. Taugher and Mr. Beatty were able to get the body, which was in a very decomposed state, on to the bank and then notified the police.

Sergt. Harman, when interviewed this morning, stated that he had dragged for the bag immediately upon arriving upon the scene, and upon investigation found an edition of a Toronto paper which carried some news items taken from a Windsor paper, bearing the date of March 17th, which led to the belief that the paper was dated March 18th and the deed must have been perpetrated shortly after March 18th. It was impossible to piece the paper in which the child had been wrapped, together, owing to the soggy condition of the sheets.

The police turned the remains over to Tickell & Co.

"The body is in a very bad state of decomposition," said Dr. Yeomans, chief coroner, this morning, "but from what I can see the child was healthy and strong when born. At the present time there is not sufficient evidence to hold an inquest, but I expect there will be."

Women's Club Elect Officers

The annual meeting of the Women's Canadian Club was held last week, and the following officers were elected for the following year:

Hon. President—Mrs. J. F. Wills.
President—Mrs. J. W. Johnson.
Secretary—Mrs. R. J. Bell.
Assistant Secretary—Mrs. J. S. McKeown.
Treasurer—Miss Mary Yeomans.
Pianist—Mrs. MacColl.
Auditors — Mr. Tannahill Mr. Sneyd.

The report showed a most interesting and satisfactory year.

Committed for Trial at Higher Court

Thomas Hull, an elderly man, yesterday afternoon had a preliminary trial before Magistrate Masson on a charge of feloniously wounding Isaac Claus. The affray, it will be remembered, took place at Point Ann, on the afternoon of Saturday, the 24th of April. It appears that Claus and his wife had been living at Hull's house at the Point, and on the afternoon in question the men had some words and also clinched. Claus in his evidence stated that he was in the hospital 16 days as the result of a wound inflicted upon him by Hull. A hunting knife was used by Hull. When Hull drew the knife he, Claus, made an effort to take it from him, but instead was stabbed in the side. As a result of the examination Hull was committed for trial. Mr. Anderson, County Attorney, represented the Crown, and Mr. Wm. Carnew appeared for the accused.

"Father," inquired the little braintwister of the family, "when will our baby brother be able to talk?"

"Oh, when he's about three, Mary."

"Why can't he talk now, father?"

"He is only a baby yet, Mary. Babies can't talk."

"Job! What do you mean?"

"Yes," said Mary. "Nurse was telling us today that it says in the Bible, Job cursed the day he was born—Stray Stories.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us;

We Can Save You Money By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

DON'T

Throw that Cycle Tire away because of a bad hole in it.

We Can

Vulcanize it and make it a Good Tire again for 50c

333 FRONT STREET

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors**

COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins.. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**

CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED

A new line of

FANCY HAT BANDS

all the latest shades also a few

PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY

236½ Front St. Phone 797

(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—1090.

Silk Crepe de Chine And Wash Silk Blouses

Articles Very Much Sought After Just Now

IN all their freshness, surrounded by tissue, are these most delightful examples of what is really new in Blouses.

Dainty Crepe de Chines, Flesh Colored and White Silks, Pretty Black and White Stripes, and the ever-popular Wash-Silk ones, are here in a myriad of pretty styles and at such prices.

Only **$2.75** to **$4.00**

Middies for the 24th

And the ones with the Flannel Collars at **$1.50** are marvels of daintiness.

Then the others, with their lacings and colored collars, with their colored tips and bands, at **$1.00** and **$1.25**, made of splendid quality duck, and the colored collars being all washable.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

MILITARY FIELD DAY VICTORIA DAY, MAY 24

As the 39th Battalion is likely to be ordered to the front at once, the Citizens Celebration Committee has made arrangements for a Grand Re-union and Military Field Day for the officers and men of the 39th Battalion and their friends from their own home district, to meet at the Driving Park on Victoria Day. The committee will perfect arrangements to-night. There will be military manoeuvres by our fine regiment, which is in good shape now for the front, as well as manoeuvres by the Boys Cadet Corps. It is expected that complete arrangements wil be made for the Cadet Corps from this district from which the 39th is mobilized to participate in competition.

Get busy to extend to the 39th a splendid farewell.

Admission to the Driving Park will be 25c. for adults, and 10c. for children and the proceeds from the gate and other contributions that may be made, will be given to the Regimental Fund of the 39th Battalion for the needs and comforts of the men. L. W. Marsh, President, Citizens Celebration Com.; A. Jones, Secretary.

MELVILLE.

At the early age of thirteen years Miss Edith French, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman French, passed peacefully away on Monday evening, May 10th, after an illness of eleven weeks' duration. The funeral service, which was largely attended, was conducted in the church at Melville, by Rev. E. H. Harston, who spoke comforting words to the bereaved from the text 1 Cor. xii:13—"Now we see through a glass darkly, but then face to face." A vocal duet, "Sometime," by Misses Vera Zufelt and Lois Locklin, with full chorus by the choir, and a solo, "Heaven is my Home," by Mr. G. M. Weeks, added to the impressiveness of the solemn service. Six school-mates, Frances Osborne, Alice Harston, Myrtle Spencer, Verna Weeks, Hazel Bovay and Edna Chase, bore tenderly the remains of their little friend to the lasting resting place, interment being made in the cemetery at Albury. The bereaved parents and relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of the community in their great loss.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Ferguson, Mrs. Wight and Mr. F. H. Jones, of Wellington; Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, Trenton; Mr. and Mrs. McHenry, Crofton, and Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert French, of Belleville, were among those from a distance who attended the obsequies of the late Miss Edith French on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Jeffrey and Mr. Clayton Palmer attended the funeral last week of Mrs. Kincade, at Bayside.

Mr. John Kinnear, after a critical illness, is now convalescent and able to sit up a short time each day.

Mr. Percy Chase and Miss Annie spent Sunday with friends at Christian Street.

Mr. Allan Spencer attended the I. O. O.F. service in Wellington on Sunday.

The ladies of the W. M. S. were delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. J. H. Chase, Thursday afternoon. The meeting, which was largely attended, was conducted by the president, Mrs. Kinnear. Special music by the young ladies of the society, the Quiz Corner conducted by Mrs. Chase, and an address, "The Child at School," by Mrs. W. Anderson, were among the interesting numbers on the program. The names of of Miss Edna Vance, Miss Annie Chase and Mrs. M. French were enrolled as associate helpers. Refreshments and a social half hour were enjoyed at the close.

Rev. C. H. Harston attended the district meeting in Bloomfield on Tuesday.

Mr. Morris Huff, of Mount Pleasant, who underwent a critical operation in Toronto General Hospital last week, is slowly improving.

Mrs. P. McGowan, of Trenton, has received official news that her two sons Gerald and Burwell Hicks, who left last autumn with the first Canadian contingent, and who have been for some time on the firing line, are now both missing. Mr. Burwell Hicks is well and favorably known here, having spent several years in this locality.

Consigned to the Tomb

MRS CATHERINE HENRICK

The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine Henrick took place this morning from her late residence on Coleman street to St. Michael's Church, where mass was held by the Rev. Father Killeen. Interment took place at St. James cemetery. The service at the grave was conducted by the Rev. Father O'Connor. There were many mourners in attendance, the number of mass cards and floral offerings were evidence of the high esteem in which deceased was held. The bearers were: F. Dolan, P. J. Wims, Patrick Hayes, J. Loe, H. McCormick, and A. Farrell.

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. | RITCHIE'S | PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

FOR THE VERANDAH

AEROLUX

Aerolux No-Whip Verandah Shades

We are sole agents for these celebrated Verandah Shades and stock them in sizes and prices as follows:

Size 4ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $3.00
Size 6ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $4.50
Size 8ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $6.00
Size 10ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $7.75
Or any size to order.

Third Floor

AWNING DUCK, 28c YD.

36 inch Awning Duck of super quality in Green and White, Red and White, and Blue and White Stripes, extra good value at.................28c yard

A phone or personal call will bring a competent man to your home who will take the necessary measurements and put them in place when done. We also make the curtains complete, any desired size, at a reasonable cost.

(Staple Department behind the Elevator)

Bamboo Verandah Shades

The most reasonably priced Verandah Shades we handle. Shown in Natural Bamboo and Green; sizes range from 4 feet wide by 8 feet long to 12 feet wide by 8 feet long, priced at .... $1.00 to $3.00

Japanese Matting

Matting by the yard in the most dependable qualities only, stencilled and jacquard designs, all colors and neat patterns, at........17c to 65c yard

Japanese Stencilled and Jacquard Rugs

Sized and priced as follows:—

STENCIL JAP MATS		JACQUARD WOVEN RUGS	
Hearth size	25c to 50c	Hearth Rugs	45c
Floor Rugs	95c to $3.00	Floor Rugs	$1.25 to $3.50

A Further Reduction In Price Of Ladies' and Misses' Suits

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit values we have ever offered; and we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the original pric tickets. They tell the story better than all we could say. But here's a general description of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at ....

$7.95

Ladies' Sport shirts $1.50

Newest style of waist for outing wear now showing in the Mantle Room, featuring long sleeves, loose body and large roll collar; very suitable for boating, motoring or playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

The Best Corset Model We Ever Offered at $1.00

Made of heavy English coutil, trimmed at top with white net and lace and draw string; non-rust aluminum steels, and six best D. & A. hose supporters; 5 hooks and a clasp. Regular $3.50 value and undoubtedly the best Corset value ever offered at $1.00

(Sizes 19 to 28)

Reg. $6 00 Brocade Silk Corsets, $3.50 Pair

About 5 dozen of these great Corset values, made by the D. & A. Corset Manufacturers for export trade, but could not be delivered. We secured them at a decided bargain, and offer them at an equally attractive price .... $3.50 pair.

American Lady Model (No. 354) Same as Illustration $2.50

A very up-to-date Corset designed for average figures, made of fine French coutil, elastic gores over hips, trimmed at top with net piped with satin and satin bow, 1 hook below, 5 clasps and six hose supporters. Sizes 19 to 26 .... $2.50

(Corset Dept., Main Floor, rear)

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size

The RITCHIE Company Limited

REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street—All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

FOR SALE OR RENT, HOUSE, NEARLY new; modern conveniences, 111 Chatham Street; also one lot, will sell cheap if sold at once. Apply O. A. Snyder, 74 Victoria Avenue. 15-6td

AGENTS WANTED

LUSITANIA DESTRUCTION AND HORrors of the Great War—thrilling, heartrending and appalling. Greatest seller ever published. Only dollar. Best terms. Sample book free. Winston Co., Toronto. 15-6td

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell any thing. Write or call. Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO MIND CHILdren. Apply 179 Front Street. 17-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dt

WANTED, FIRST CLASS LATHE HANDS steady work, good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 15-4td

WANTED, COOK, WITH REFERENCES Apply evenings between 4 and 6 to Mrs Corby, 169 George Street. 18-dtf

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. APPLY Crystal Hotel. 18-4td

WANTED

GENTLEMAN REQUIRES BEDROOM AND board with use of bathroom. Private home preferred. Reply, stating particulars and terms to Box C, Intelligencer. 18-2td

OLD GENTLEMAN WISHES TO LET small comfortable house and board with tenant if agreeable. Apply 14 Burrell Street. m19-tf

Try Some Of These Fresh Every Day

Nut Loaves, - -	5c each
Whole Wheat Loaves,	7c each
Home Made Bread,	14c a loaf
Butter Clusters,-	6c each
Sultana Buns, -	5c „
Currant Loaves,-	5c „
Epworths, - -	5c „
Peanut Buns, -	5c „
Twists, - - -	7c „
Domestic Loaf, -	7c „

Chas. S. Clapp

Court of Revision

TAKE NOTICE that the Court of Revision of the City of Belleville will meet in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Belleville on the following dates in the matter of Appeals and Complaints against the Assessment for the year 1915:—

Foster and Samson Wards, Tuesday, May 25th, 1915, 7.30 p.m.

Ketcheson and Baldwin Wards, Wednesday, May 26th, 7.30 p.m.

Bleecker, Coleman and Murney Wards, Thursday, May 27th, 7.30 p.m.

Belleville, May 15, 1915.

M. B. MORRISON,
Chairman Court of Revision
J WILFRED HOLMES,
3td:m15,19,22. Clerk.

TRIAL OF ALLEGED SPY

LONDON, May 18.—The Morning Post says that yesterday it was decided that the trial of Kuepferle, one of the three men arrested on the charge of communicating or attempting to communicate naval and military secrets to the enemy, will open at Old Bailey today, should be in open court and not in private, as previously announced.

The Lord Chief Justice and two other judges from the high court will hear the case. The public will be admitted, but should it be considered necessary at any point the court will be cleared.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES NEARLY FIVE THOUSAND

OTTAWA, May 17.—Canadian casualties sustained in the fighting at Langemarck and in the later fighting in which the Princess Patricias were engaged are rapidly reaching the 5,000 mark.

Since April 22 last the total casualties up till this morning were 4,751. This includes 678 killed, 867 missing, and 3,206 wounded. It will be remembered that the official estimate given out by the Minister of Militia over a week ago of the losses at Langemarck gave a total of about 6,000 casualties. Of these it was estimated that 2,000 odd were missing. So far only 867 names are recorded, so that if the estimate is borne out in this category the total will be well over 6,000.

During the week-end alone the casualty lists totalled 634, with 131 killed, 252 missing and 251 wounded. In the second Ontario battalion alone there were no less than 125 missing in the week-end lists. In the 3rd Queen's Own, which has suffered very heavily in dead and missing there were 24, in the 7th British Columbia 33, and in the 16th Western Highlanders 28. It is very evident that certain of the battalions have been badly decimated in the famous four days' fight.

It will soon be possible to ascertain how many of those now numbered among the missing have been taken prisoners, and how many have been buried by the Germans. By the system of exchange of identification tags it will be possible later to place the missing in their proper category.

Recent British casualties indicated the terrible nature of the fighting in which the British troops have been engaged in the shell-swept area around Ypres. There can be little doubt that the Canadian expeditionary force, reinforced by the new drafts from England, has again been in the thick of it.

In disaster the inevitable must be met, the only question is how shall it be faced.

LOSS OF AUSTRALIAN SUBMARINE CONFIRMED

LONDON, May 19, 1.10 a.m.—Confirmation of the previous report of the sinking of the Australian submarine AE2 in the Dardanelles is contained in an official communication issued by the Admiralty. The statement says the crew of the vessel are prisoners of the Turks.

The sinking of the AE2 was announced in a Turkish official communication on May 11. The boat was sent to the bottom by Turkish warships while it was trying to enter the Sea of Marmora. Three officers and 29 men o fthe crew were taken prisoners.

THE GIRL AND THE YOUNG MAN

(Frances Frear, in Leslie's.)

No girl who respects herself will accept from a young man attentions which she knows he is not able to give. When a young man on a $15 a week salary splurges around on a $15 a day basis, something is wrong, and the girl who allows such a young man to spend money for her entertainment is indirectly a party to the wrongdoing of which he may be guilty. A case in point is a young man, only eighteen years old, who has been brought back from Toronto to New York charged with the theft of $4,900 worth of jewellery. His first stealing, he confessed, was to "make a front" with a girl at a dancing contest. He took a pin and a ring from his employer, expecting to return them. He never did return them, and this first theft, made in order to shine with a "little beauty" at a dancing contest, led to many other thefts for himself and others. No one would be foolish enough to seek to excuse a young man for stealing in order that he might make a dashing appearance in a tango. The less obvious moral we would draw from the incident is that a girl is not using her influence as she should when she countenances or encourages extravagance in a young man.

A man in the English Veteran Reserves was called up recently. After a week at his new quarters he was brought up before the officer commanding for not cleaning his rifle one day. Said the officer commanding: "Hem, you're an old soldier re-enlisted, I see. I suppose it will be many years ago since you were reprimanded? What was your last offence? Can you remember what that was?" The old soldier, annoyed on account of the repeated assertions as to his age, replied: "For not cleanin' ma bow an' arrow, sir."—London Express.

CITY AND VICINITY

REMEMBER

Foxboro Presbyterian Church Garden Party, Thursday, June 24. Refreshments with a better programme than ever will be provided. For further particulars see posters.
18,w11,d2t

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

The Dramtaic Class of Albert College will give 2 short humorous plays in the College Chapel, Friday evening May 21st. Admission 15c.
14,15,19,20

AT HOME

The members of the Forgetmenot Circle will give an At Home and Garden Party at the residence of Mrs. S. D. Lazier, 186 John street, May 20, from 3 o'clock to 9 p.m. Collection in aid of Red Cross and Patriotic Association. Tennis, Music, Fortune-Telling. An invitation is extended to all who are interested in the work of the Red Cross. It

Specializing pays—pays the specialist also the specialist's customers. Specializing promotes profit, efficiency and service—to the equal advantage of customer and specialist. We specialize in decorating and wall papers—Down-to-date wall papers, new wall papers—choice wall papers, at most reasonable prices. No paper finds its way to our stock, other than through merit. Our customers reap the benefit of our long years of training in wall paper selecting. Our decorating is begot of system. We have ample workmen—able and competent. We will not keep you waiting, either at the start or finish. C. B. Scantlebury, the Decorator, at the Scantlebury new up street store. 1td&w

DAVIES

June Peas 4 tins 25c

Pink Salmon 3 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

Tomatoes 3 tins 25c

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus, we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
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The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
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We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1915. | No. 310

ITALY'S MOVEMENTS ALL POINT TO WAR

Full Power Granted to Minister of War—Italy Definitely Broken Off Alliance With Austria

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 20.—Premier Salandra introduced a bill this afternoon in the Chamber of Deputies conferring on the government extraordinary powers in case of war. A committee was named to give this project immediate consideration.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 20.—Reports have been received here from Rome that the Italian Chamber of Deputies by virtually a unanimous vote today granted full powers to the Minister of War.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 20.—That Italy has definitely broken off her alliance with Austria-Hungary, is revealed in the publication today of the Italian official green book.

After negotiating, Austria offered Italy territorial compensation in return for Italy's continued neutrality and made demands which Foreign Minister Sonnino described as contemptible.

On April 25th the Duke of Avarna, Italian Ambassador at Vienna reported that the Austrian Government did not believe Italy ever would make war and Vienna regarded a continuance of discussions as useless. Signor Sonnino, conceding any accord impossible, denounced the alliance with Austria-Hungary, and on May 4th the Duke of Avarna informed the Vienna Government that Italy, confident of her rights, affirmed to the Austrian Government that "From this moment Italy resumes entire liberty of action, declaring her treaty with Austria-Hungary is hereby annuled and without effect."

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 20.—Speaking at the opening of the Chamber of Deputies today, Premier Salandra said: "Gentlemen, I have the honor to present you a bill to meet the eventual expenditures of a national war." Prolonged applause followed this announcement.

He declared that Italy had submitted to every humiliation from Austria-Hungary for love of peace. "By her ultimatum to Servia," the Premier said, "Austria had nnulled the equilibrium of the Balkans and prejudiced Italian interests there. Notwithstanding this evident violation of the treaty of the triple alliance, Italy endeavored during long months to avoid a conflict, but these efforts were bound to have a limit in time and dignity. This is why the Government felt itself forced to present its denunciation of the Triple Alliance on May 4th."

AMBASSADORS LEAVE ROME

PARIS, May 19.—Lieut. Gen. Count Cadorna, Italian chief of staff, has arrived with his staff at Vicenza, near the Austrian frontier.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: The Cologne Gazette says it learns from Berne that the Austrian and German consul-generals left Rome yesterday with their staffs.

A despatch from Geneva says that several servants, having in charge heavy baggage bearing the monogram of Prince Von Buelow, German ambassador at Rome, arrived at Chicago, Switzerland, yesterday. Freight traffic between Italy and Germany by way of Switzerland has been stopped.

The Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Co. sends the following:

"German newspapers to-night state that Prince von Buelow (German ambassador to Italy), and the Austrian and Bavarian representatives at Rome met to-day to make final preparations for the departure of the German and Austrian subjects still remaining in Italy."

PASS NIGHT ON DECK LIFE BELTS AT HAND

LIVERPOOL, May 18.—The passengers on board the American Line steamer Philadelphia, which arrived from New York, the steamer docking 1 p.m., experienced during the voyage much anxiety. On Friday afternoon, out in the Atlantic to the west coast of Ireland, a cruiser appeared and approached the liner. The chief topic of conversation during the voyage had been about the German submarine activities, and the sight of the warship caused some alarm. The cruiser approached near enough to the steamer to exchange signals with her.

A number of passengers spent last night on deck in their chairs with life-belts beside them in case of danger. The boats of the Philadelphia were ready for use. The steamer kept a course much further out from the Irish coast than the Lusitania was traversing when she was torpedoed.

The port officials subjected the passengers of the Philadelphia to a careful examination to discover if there were any spies on board, but nobody was detained. By reason of this precaution it was more than an hour after the steamer arrived before her passengers began to debark.

THE NEW RECRUITS FOR GT. BRITAIN

Forty Years Age Limit—Minimum Standard Height for Infantrymen Lowered

LONDON, May 19.—An official announcement by the British War Office in connection with the appeal of Lord Kitchener, secretary of war, for more men for the army, states it has been decided that recruits enlisting into the regular army for the duration of the war shall be accepted up to the age of 40 years, and that the minimum standard height for such recruits shall be 5 feet 2 inches for the infantry. This decision applies also to enlistment into the territorial forces.

Canadians Crucified Nailed to Real Cross

Body of Christ Taken from Crucifix and Sergeant Put in Its Place

Under date of May 18 the London correspondent of The Mail and Empire sends the following:

Several letters from Canadian officers and men have been received by R. P. Houston, M.P., corroborating the charges that the Germans crucified Canadians. As a result of these, Mr. Houston intends putting further questions in the House of Commons. He will ask the Under-Secretary for War if he has information that during a recent fight, in which the Canadians were temporarily driven back, and were compelled to leave forty wounded in a barn, that on recapturing the position they found that the Germans had bayoneted all the wounded except a sergeant and that the Germans had removed the figure of Christ from the village crucifix and fastened the sergeant there while alive, and also if crucifixtion is becoming a favorite practise of the enemy. Mr. Houston produced a letter from a lieutenant in the 15th Battalion, confirming these charges, and also another letter which asserted that a Canadian Highlander was crucified on a barn door, with bayonets through his hands, feet and throat. The writer avers that a chaplain took the statement on oath of the man who took down the body of the sergeant. Mr. Houston is an active member of the Administrative Committee of the 2nd King Edward's Horse, in which capacity he has come in contact with many Canadians. He is a prominent steamship owner and has done much for the welfare of Seely's Brigade.

The London Globes states that a letter from an officer in the Leicester Regiment charges that not only a Canadian, but a man from the 5th Leicester Territorials had been crucified.

LONDON, May 19.—In the House of Commons today Harold J. Tennant, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for War, announced that the Government was inquiring into the allegation that Germans had removed the figure of Christ from a large village crucifix and fastened a wounded Canadian sergeant to the cross.

Mr. Tennant said his inquiry had not been completed.

ALARMED CANADIANS

Told That Home Papers Reported Disaster to Them

LONDON, May 18.—Officers of the 21st Battalion, which was mobilized at Kingston, and the McGill and French-Canadian hospital units, who arrived in England this week, were much perturbed on hearing that a report of a disaster to them had been printed in Canadian newspapers. The Canadians had a splendid voyage, and all praised the Canadian Pacific steamer, which was nameless, carrying them. There were 150 Canadian nurses on board, and they bore the strain bravely after the news of the Lusitania disaster leaked out early on the voyage.

No. 1 General Hospital, which was until recently at Salisbury Plain, is now at Etaples in charge of Surgeon Col. McLaren, of St. John, N.B.

Lady Allan, who is at Dublin with her daughter, Miss Martha Allan, is reported to be progressing favorably towards recovery.

SIR GILBERT PARKER ON THE SITUATION

LONDON, May 19.— In the course of an interview on the advisability of forming a coalition government, Sir Gilbert Parker said:

"Coalition was inevitable. No matter how able and competent a government might be, the pressure is so great in time of war that it needs help, criticism, advice, suggestion from all parties. Such co-operation, however, without responsibility for the administration would be almost fatal to those who co-operate, because they have no means of carrying out their suggestions in the administration, although their suggestions at the same time may be adopted and carried out in a way contrary to the views of their originators. Therefore the opposition co-operating in such circumstances gets blamed with the government with whom it works by the general public, and confidence is shaken all around. If there be a coalition, however, criticism will be a freer than it has been since the war began. Liberal members can be criticizing a ministry composed of both parties without fear of the whip or a reproach, say, from the general public.

"Members of the opposition criticizing the joint movement will be free to criticize, simply because, their own leaders being in the government, they could not be accused of making party capital, or of subterranean efforts to injure the government.

"Besides the best combination of brains that the country can gather together will be none too good to face the immediate and great responsibility of the moment and the future. Statesmen are not many, and statesmen of all parties corralled into one executive will not furnish any too much statesmanship for our needs. We do not want a government at this time that has to consider the effect of its actions upon its party supporters. We want a government which if needs be, can hold its own in times of great difficulty against all parties, working with the people—national government, that fears only God and the penalty of error. Let us have it, I say, whatever the consequences to the party may be, and I believe that the consequencs will be momentarily disastrous to party ambitions.

"The coalition government, if it is formed will probably do what no party government would care to do—do what Lincoln did and make service in the army compulsory for the war only. A coalition government could do it, as only a coalition government can clean up the mess when it is over.

"I have nothing to say against this government as a government. No one can declare, however, that it could not not be improved by some exclusion and some inclusions, as they say on the prairie "getting the pick of the bunch. The incident of Lord Fisher and Mr. Churchill is not the cause of the coalition, but one of many doors which might open the way to it. Coalition is not intended to cure what situation, but to improve the whole position. Any one of 20 incidents might produce it—the country was ready for it, so was the prime minister. As Hamlet says, the readiness is all.

PASSPORTS MUST HAVE PHOTOGRAPH ATTACHED

LONDON May 18.—The British Government has decided that the photograph of every person mentioned in a passport must appear on the document. Under the American regulations when a man is travelling with a family passport it is made out in his name, with an addenda stating that he is accompanied by "wife and son," or other members of his family. Hereafter, however, under the new British order a photograph of each member of a family travelling in this country must be attached to the passport. Last Saturday several Americans with their families had considerable difficulty owing to the fact that the passports did not have the photographs of all members of the party attached to them.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE PRISONERS AND BOOTY

(Canadian Press Special)

PETROGRAD, May 20.—An official Russian statement reports fresh progress in Bukowina, where more prisoners and war booty are being captured. The bombardment of Przemysl continues. At most points the Russians repulsed attacks with enormous losses to the enemy. In Courland Province hundreds of Germans were taken prisoners and counter attacks repulsed.

Great Increase Of Women Drinkers

Most Persistent Evil Now Facing Temperance Cause

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—Excessive drinking among girls and young women, as one of the most persistent evils now facing the temperance cause, was deplored by William S. Bennet of New York last night, at the celebration of the 50th anniversary of the National Temperance society in the First Baptist church.

"To this extent the temperance move has failed," he said. "With the whole male population of the country aroused over the question of stamping out the traffic, each year sees a heavier increase in the number of drinking women."

That liquor is being subjected to a united attack by the various legislatures in the country, Mr. Bennet indicated, asserting that during the year more than 300 bills asking to wipe out the evil has been introduced in the different states.

He advocated the government buy up the breweries and close them immediately as one of the most profitable investments that could be made in the interest of public welfare.

TO DIP ALL NEGROES FOUND INTOXICATED

Town Provides Offenders Shall be Treated as Cattle

HEMITAGE, Ark., May 18.—Hermitage can boast of one of the first and the best dipping vats in Bradley county, built and managed by local men. It is proving a great benefit to the stock.

The town council passed an ordinance at its last meeting that any negro caught on the streets intoxicated or any negro boys under 15 years caught on the streets after the curfew rings at 8 o'clock at night will be dipped in the vat the following morning.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 20.—The casualty list of 17 officers and fourteen hundred men issued today, includes nine hundred casualties among Australians on the Gallipoli Peninsula and 150 naval losses in the same area. Among the wounded is General Sir William Birdwood, commanding the Australian forces in the Dardanelles.

Second Battalion: Wounded—Pte. Egbert Claude Haysom, Reading, Eng.

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Ont., May 20.—The total Canadian casualties, including today's list number 5188, made up of 715 killed, 3357 wounded and 1116 missing.

MARRIED BY PROXY TO SOLDIER LOVER

PARIS, May 19.—The first marriage by proxy in this city took place yesterday at the City Hall in the Latin Quarter. Alfred Lorin, the bridegroom, a Paris attorney, who is now a soldier in the 71st Infantry at the front, was represented by his friend, Firmin Souq. The bride was Mlle. Marie Martigny. The ceremony was performed in strict privacy and the bride wept as she made the responses.

B.N.A. ACT AMENDMENT RECEIVES ROYAL ASSENT

LONDON, May 19.—The bill to amend the British North America Act, to permit increased senatorial representation in the western provinces of Canada after the next federal election, passed through the house of lords and received the royal assent tonight.

A Centenarian Killed by Train

(Canadian Press Special)

HALIFAX, N.S., May 20.—Wesley Bent, one hundred years old, was struck and killed by a train while walking on the track.

ALLIED AIRMEN'S BOMBS KILLED 24 GERMANS

AMSTERDAM, May 19.—The Telegraaf reports that British and French airmen dropped bombs on a tramcar in Ostend, killing 24 Germans.

DARDANELLES FORT SILENCED BY ALLIES

Allies' Warships Batter Turkish Forts at the Narrows—Italian Expeditionary Corps for Dardanelles

LONDON, May 19.—(Special)—A message from Mitylene, forwarded from Athens to the Exchange Telegraph Company, says that the allies have silenced the Turkish fortifications at Kilid Bahr, on the European side of the Dardanelles, at the end of the Narrows nearest Constantinople. The fall of Nagara, on the Asiatic side, across from Kilid Bahr, is said to be imminent.

The Turks are sending reinforcements to their positions along the Gulf of Smyrna.

ATHENS, May 19.—(Special)—Seven British ships took part in the latest bombardment of Smyrna. The action commenced Sunday morning. It was resumed in the evening and lasted until 4 o'clock Monday morning. The allies fired more than 500 shells.

The fort of Smyrna and Two Brothers Fort responded vigorously. The defences of the town suffered great damage, which the Turks are vigorously endeavoring to repair.

The Turks are strengthening the coast defences with new batteries and trenches, in view of an attempted landing. They are also erecting new fortifications and laying mines at the entrance to the port, prohibiting any approach thereto.

Later on Monday the allied warships again bombarded the Smyrna fort, destroying an electric searchlight. Various positions along the coast have also been bombarded and Turkish encampments dispersed.

ATHENS, May 19.—(Special)—Correspondents of the Italian newspapers are arriving with the intention of following the operations of the Italian expeditionary corps in the Dardanelles.

CANADIANS' STAND AT YPRES VIVIDLY DESCRIBED

Lieut.-Col. E. W. Morrison Writes Graphic Account of the Deeds of the 1st Artillery Brigade

OTTAWA, May 19.—A vivid impression of the part played in the Canadian historic stand at Ypres by the 1st Artillery Brigade, aided by reinforcements from the 2nd and 3rd Brigades, is given in a graphic letter from Lieut.-Col. E. W. Morrison, D.S.O., commanding officer of the 1st, which was received by Mrs. Morrison, of Ottawa today.

A striking feature of the story is that half of the 1st Infantry Brigade, under Brigadier-General Mercer, of Toronto, and one Battery under Lieut.-Morrison, were all that filled the gap, a mile and a half wide, immediately after the French troops had been forced to retire before the German gas attack.

HAD JUST ONE BATTERY.

"When the French were routed on that Thursday afternoon, northeast of Ypres—I think it was April 22," writes Col. Morrison, "we were going forward from Poperingue to the trenches before Ypres. Two half batteries under Lieut.-Col. Maclaren, of Ottawa, were already in the trenches with the 2nd and 3rd Canadian Brigades near St. Julien. I was on the road with a battery and the ammunition column two miles west of Ypres, and the 1st and 4th Batteries, under Major Ralston and Major Sharman, were at Poperingue, preparing to come up. As I approached Ypres tremendous firing could be heard about two miles to our half-left, and it seemed to be coming nearer, preceded by a great cloud of dust and smoke. It was about 5.30 in the afternoon. I halted my column and rode ahead to reconnoitre. I had not gone half a mile when I saw broken troops—French—streaming across country ahead of the dust cloud, mounted and on foot. Then came ammunition wagons without artillery, horses with men on them but no guns behind them, baggage wagons, infantry in broken groups and singly, all headed towards Poperingue.

A SAD HUMAN STREAM.

"I rode back and selected positions for my guns beside the road and waited, expecting every minute to see the Germans following the shells that were following the retiring French and beginning to smash near us. Then came the saddest sight of all, the miserable inhabitants of Ypres, chiefly women and children, and very old men, streaming along the road, many of them wounded, many more too young or too old to hobble along.

"With these came wounded soldiers, partially asphyxiated soldiers, auto ambulances, traction motors, staff officers in racing motors, trying to get to the front; behind all, the town of Ypres beginning to blaze in the thickening gloom under a hell of a shell fire.

AS COOL AS VETERANS.

"But ever in the region to the northeast the steady roar of a battle. It almost seemed for a time as if my column would be swept by the back-rush to the rear, but we closed up tight and stemmed the tide of misery and panic. My men were as cool as veterans—a great deal cooler than many veterans I have seen.

"I had communicated with headquarters, and we had orders to stand fast. Worst of all was the anxiety as to what had occurred. We were eventually compelled to leave the road and take a position in the field beside the road, and the stream of fugitives continued.

HORSE SEEMED TO UNDERSTAND

"At 3.30 a.m. orders arrived to advance rapidly and support a counter attack by General Mercer's brigade of infantry along the canal on the north side of Ypres. It was early dawn. We went forward on the rush, and with 'King' (Col. Morrison's horse) I scouted the position quicker than he ever did at Petewawa. You would think he knew what was happening.

"I had just got my one battery in on the canal bank when Mercer's half-brigade was ordered to advance. Later we found that his two regiments and my one battery were all that filled in the gap that the French troops had left in the line, about one and one-half miles wide.

AS GAME AS WILDCATS.

"Our infantry went forward as game as wildcats, and my four guns did their best to give them adequate support at two thousand yards' range. The infantry reached the foot of the ridge at what is now known as Hill 29, and held on.

"In the afternoon they were reinforced by the 13th Battalion of infantry, and my 1st and 4th Batteries arrived and dug in emplacements. Sections from the 2nd and 3rd Canadian brigades also reported to me, so that when the second attack took place I had sixteen guns in the firing line. This attack lasted until dusk and was a bloody affair.

"Mercer's two regiments were supposed to be in support of the British

Continued on Page Three.

LIEUT. ROBB WOUNDED

LONDON, May 19.—Second Lieut. G. B. Robb, a nephew of W. D. Robb, of the Grand Trunk, Montreal, who is wounded, is at the research hospital, Cambridge. Formerly he was a bank employee in the west. He came to England with the First Canadian Contingent, and shortly afterwards obtained a commission.

GERMAN SPY COMMITS SUICIDE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 20.—Anton Kuepferle, who claimed American citizenship when on trial charged with giving military information to enemies of Great Britain, committed suicide in prison.

PROVING AN ALIBI

Hon. Frank Oliver: "Honest, mother, me and some fellers were playing on solid grounds."

3 SEASONABLE SPECIAL VALUES 3

WINDOW SCREENS.

The store to buy your Window Screens is the store where the Best is carried, and sold at the lowest prices. Note the ofllowing:
Light Hardwood Frame Window Screens, extending 18 to 28½ inches, each .... 20c.
extending 20 to 32½ inches, each .... 22c.
Heavy hardwood frames, extra deep, extending 20 to 32½ inches, each .... 25c.
extending 22 to 36½ inches, each .... 30c.
extending 24 to 40½ inches, each .... 35c.

DRESS CREPES.

Thousands of yards of Dainty Dress Crepes, 27 to 30 inches wide, all 15c. and 20c. goods, on sale this week at .... 12½c. yd.

WHITE AND COLORED BUNTING.

We have a full stock of White and colored Bunting, also tricolor bunting .... 5c. and 10c. yard
Flags at 5c. Flags at 10c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

4th Contingent

Volunteers for Overseas for this Force may Apply at the Armouries to Lieut. D. M. McCARGAR or Capt. (Dr.) A. E. MacCOLL, 15th Regiment.

P. K. Ketcheson, Lieut., Adjutant.

All men previously enlisted and passed, the Doctor's examination will report immediately.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

PERMANENT BASE BATTALION

It is the intention to form another Battalion in this division, which is very likely to be quartered at Kingston. This will be a permanent base battalion, for instructional purposes.

Recruiting in the 15th and 49th regiments is going on briskly, and it is the endeavor of the authorities to have full strength by the time the 39th battalion moves out, which is expected to be very soon.

Lieut. Brandon of the 39th Battalion, Belleville, is at Kingston, and may be attached for duty in Barriefield camp.

FIVE RECOVER FROM MENINGITIS

Very encouraging news was received this morning from the spinal meningitis cases. For some time there have been seven cases in the local hospital and for the last couple of days five of these patients have been able to be walking about and today they will be allowed passes and leave. Some of them have been given a month's leave of absence. All are apparently eager to get back into their respective companies. The physical condition of these men is excellent, considering the illness they have just past through. These men are Privates McDinnick, Beard, Milberry, Scruver and Murray.

There have been no outbreak of any new cases for some time, and no carriers have been discovered for the last ten days. Apparently this epidemic is completely obliterated.

Out of the 80 carriers, who were at one time at the exhibition camp, the number has dwindled down to 30.

There has not been one case of spinal meningitis amongst those who were found to be carriers.

It is said that the Machine Gun Section of the 39th Battalion has a first-class ball team. Why not challenge the Regiment for a ball game on Monday, the 24th. This would be interesting to everyone.

KINGSTON

No. 3 Company, Army Service Corps, is putting up tents for its use at Barriefield. Already thirty-two tents and four marquees have been put up and four more marquees have yet to be erected. The ground used by the corps will be as formerly just back of Pugh's residence. An extension is being put on the building for the housing of the stores, and this is almost completed.

One reason given for retaining the R.C.H.A. in England is that the war office decided to take no chance with regard to a German invasion. If the Germans made an attempt to land troops, horse artillery would be required.

No official orders have yet been received as to whether "C" Battery, R.C.H.A. will go into camp at Petawawa or Barriefield. It is thought that Barriefield may be used. While there is practically no chance for practice with the big guns at the local camp, there is an excellent opportunity for working with the infantry and cavalry which will be in camp.

Lieutenant Arbuthnot who is attending the R.S.A. at Tete du Pont barracks was injured on Wednesday morning by falling from his horse when on parade. The Lieutenant was thrown heavily to the ground. Lieut. Richards, A.M.C. was called and had the injured officer sent to the general hospital for an examination which will decide the extent of the injury sustained. It was suspected that a fracture of the pelvis had been produced by the fall. Lieut. Arbuthnot is 34 years of age, and came here from the 23rd Battery, Ottawa.

About seventy civilians attended the drill of the 14th Regiment at the armouries last night. Out of this number it is said that fully twenty joined the regiment. Lieuts. Lockett and d'Esterre, and Captains Mahood and Campbell were present and drilled the men during the evening. After the drill, the men were given shooting practice. Major Dawson and the officers are pleased with the interest being shown by citizens in the drill and shooting. There were a great many who watched the drill and shooting last night, who will take part themselves on Friday night.

The R.M.C. have postponed their intended trip to the farm of Mr. Pike on Wolfe Island, where they intended carrying out another tactical scheme, owing to the coldness of the weather.

Captain Grant, acting-adjutant of the 14th Regiment, is on the sick list.

The 26th Battery, C.F.A. will march into the camp at Barriefield on Saturday.

Pte. George Smith, 22 of the 21st Battalion, which has left here for active service, died today of pneumonia. He was unable to go to the front on account of illness. He was unmarried and lived in Kingston.

One blacksmith and a saddler will be sent to St. John's, Quebec, tomorrow, for the remount depot which will shortly proceed overseas. Major Hamilton secured these men a few days ago.

Messrs. Henderson and Company's monthly circular issued from Colombo Ceylon, states: "A feature of the market was the record prices paid for flavory teas. The oldest members of the tea trade in Ceylon could not remember such high prices being realized before." The Salada Tea Company have determined that no matter to what price tea goes, the public will get exactly the same quality in their packets. They will, of course, be compelled to charge the enhanced prices that teas fetch, but they will keep to their standard of quality.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES

"UNDER THE CANVAS"
JESS WILLARD IS HAPPY

Jess Willard, heavyweight champion draws a thousand dollars a day for the circus stunt which he is doing out in the wild west.

Out in the wilds of Minneapolis this week, Jess begins work with the "101 Ranch," and as mentioned above will receive the small pittance of $1,000 for each day's work. This may be a small sum to many, but to the world's champion it's some kale so he's not going to turn down the job.

To earn this pocket change, Jess has to do a little work. When the old redcoated band starts tearing wild rents goose-step, right behind the gent carrying the bass drum will be Jess. Around the arena the procession will file with none paying attention to the band, but all eyes focussed on Jess.

When the parade is over Jess will immediately dismount, remount a fiery mustang, and do his regular circus stunts. With a trusty rifle resting against his shoulder, he will dash round and break glass balls tossed into the air.

When the parade is over Jess will grasp the lariat, and with the easiest nonchalance, rope many wild, maddened steers that happen to be browsing under the circus tent.

When this is over the "champ" will don the mitts and go a few rounds with some smiling partner, and when finished, wave his hand, hop over the stand and dash for the dressing room.

Over $1,000 has been raised in Hamilton for the 36th Battalion in that city.

RESUMPTION OF CANADIAN PACIFIC GREAT LAKES SERVICE

Passenger service via the Great Lakes Canadian Pacific route from Port McNicoll will be resumed commencing Saturday May 22nd. The serive this season will be maintained by the Steamers "Keewatin," sailing Tuesdays, "Manitoba" Wednesdays, "Alberta" Thursdays and "Assinaboia" sailing Wednesdays will also call at Owen Sound each sailing date at 10.30 p.m. Special train will leave Union Station, Toronto at 12.45 p.m. arriving Port McNicoll 4.00 p.m. Daily except Friday.

For reservations or other information regarding this service consult any Canadian Pacific Agent or write M.G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

INTERESTING ITEMS

The British government has taken over plant of Read, Holliday & Sons, and has definitely entered on manufacture of dyestuffs.

The municipal authorities at Rome renamed Frederick William Bridge there Albert Bridge in honor of the King of the Belgians.

The Russian success in Bukowina has given them control of the Pruth and Dneister rivers and important railroad lines.

New York Battery has now a monumental shaft to ten heroes of the wireless who died as a result of duty.

Private James McGuire of Brockville, who went overseas with the 13th Battalion, was wounded in the knee at Langemarck.

Smith's Falls will shortly have a manufactory of sharpnel shells.

Chicago detectives, ordered to stop drinking, are now criticized for smoking cigarettes.

William McLelland, of Brantford, aged 78, was killed by a passing automobile.

Professor Riethdorf, of Woodstock, who has been conducting an active anti-German militarism campaign, is receiving letters threatening his life.

The Canadian Cartridge Company of Hamilton has purchased two acres to erect new buildings. They are filling rush war orders.

Peter Russell of St. Catharines was instantly killed when he fell from a car at Port Dalhousie.

William Smith, of Paris, Ont., accidently shot and killed himself with a .22 rifle.

Renfrew ratepayers adopted, by a substantial majority, a bylaw making the Public Library public within the meaning of the Provincial laws. The Carnegie Trust will now be asked for funds to erect a Public Library building. One to cost about $15,000 is the aim.

Pittsburg will round up delinquent fathers whose chilldren Allegheny County has had to keep. Thousands of dollars are overdue.

Tommy and Jimmy Moran, aged 8 and 10 ,are dead in Chicago; they feared the dark; and the small gas light allowed them blew out.

I. Whiteman, wanted for forgery in New York, was chased across the continent and back again to arrest by his abandoned wife.

Anne Jacobs, aged 62, Norwegian, who has lived in Chicago half a century, has anaesthetic leprosy, a rare form of the disease.

William Rollins, aged 65, who slashed his throat at his home in Ogdensburg, has an excellent chance for recovery. Thus far no reason has been assigned for the man's act.

R. W. Josey, of Ridley, Ga., claims to have the largest family in Georgia —twenty-five.

Max Chernack was locked up in New York for taking pennies from a blind man's tin cup.

Mrs. L. E. Davis, of Alpharetta, Ga., has finished a quilt of 4,529 pieces by her own hand.

A swarm of bees entered a crowded cafe at Redondo, Beach, Cal., but only the head waiter was stung.

As a result of one day's sewing by the members of the Woman's Patriotic League of Smith's Falls, which was done last Tuesday, the league was able to donate to the Red Cross Society 100 complete surgical kits for use in giving first aid to the injured. It was certainly a good day's woork.

"MADE IN CANADA"

ARROW *Soft* COLLARS

2 for 25 cents

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers, Sales Dept. Montreal

CORRESPONDENCE FOR PRISONERS-OF-WAR

1. Letters (letters should be left open) postcards and postal parcels should be addressed as follows:—
   1. Rank, initials, name.
   2. Regiment or other unit.
   3. British (or Canadian, French, Belgian or Russian) prisoner of war.
   4. Place of internment.
   5. Germany.

Place of internment should be stated always if possible, and parcels cannot be accepted unless place of internment is stated. All address must be in ink.

2. Communications should be limited to private and family news and to necessary business communications, and should not be sent too frequently.

No reference to the Naval, Military or Political situation or to naval and military movements and organizations are allowed. Letters or postcards containing such references will not be delivered.

3. Friends of prisoners of war are advised to send postcards in preference to letters as postcards are less likely to be delayed. If letters are sent, they should not exceed in length two sides of a sheet of note paper and should contain nothing but the sheet of note paper. On no account should the writing be crossed.

4. Letters cannot for the present be accepted for registration.

5. Postage need not be paid either on letters or parcels addressed to prisoners of war.

6. No letters should be enclosed in parcels, and newspapers must not on any account be sent. So far as it is known there is no restriction on the contents of parcels; tobacco may be be sent and will be admitted duty free but food stuffs of a perishable character should not be sent. Parcels should not exceed 11 lbs. in weight.

7. Remittances can be made by money order to prisoners of war. Instructions as to how to proceed can be obtained from Postmasters of Accounting Post Offices. The transmission of coin, either in letters or parcels, is expressly prohibited. Postal notes and bank notes should not be sent.

8. It must be understood that no guarantee of the delivery of either parcels or letters can be given and that the Post Office accepts no responsibility. In any case, considerable delay may take place and failure to receive an acknowledgment should not necessarily be taken as an indicating that letters and parcels sent have not been delivered.

9. So far as is known, prisoners of war in Germany are allowed to write letters or postcards from time to time, but they may not always have facilities for doing so and fact that no communication is received from them need not give rise to anxiety.

CONCERT AT SHANNONVILLE

Last night, at Shannonville, a splendid musical recital was given by the pupils of Mrs. Tice, to whom great credit is due, asisted by some local talent. The concert was a huge success, about $55 being received, the proceeds going to patriotic purposes. Dr. Moore acted as chairman in a very efficient manner.

"If we were you," sung by the young members of the class, was a very good welcome song. Phyllis and Karl VanAllan, from Belleville, gave great pleasure to the audience in their piano duets and solos. A piano solo by Miss Edith Moore was also appreciated. Mr. W. H. Wrightmeyer gave "The Death of Nelson, and "Long Live the King," both patriotic songs and appropriate. Misses Stratton and Hicks gave a piano duet in a pleasing manner, and Miss Hazel Morden in her several piano selections also received much applause.

The only quartette of the evening was a good one, the members being, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Tice, and Messrs. Mills and Wrightmeyer. A nicely rendered piano duet by Miss Fostell and Miss King, was followed by vocal solos by Miss McCormick and Miss Lyla McAllister.. Mr. Reginald Mills gave several selections, which were excellently received by his hearers, as was the piano trio by Misses Morden, Sine and Buskard. Miss King and Miss Clark pleased the audience very much in a piano duet, and Misses Helen Hill and L. Dies, gave another excellent duet.

A presentation to Sergeant Everett Liddle, of Shannonville, was a very interesting part of the evening. He was given $25 in gold and a fountain pen, by his respecting townspeople.

A short and pointed address on the war was read by the Rev. Mr. Barohem; and then a very enjoyable evening closed, with the singing of "God Save the King."

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

MADE IN CANADA
PLEASE ALL

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance.

Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.

F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

OMITTED

In the list of officers for the ensuing year for the Womans' Canadian Club, the name of Mrs. Downey as Vice-President, was omitted.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Charles Eves, who has been seriously ill for the past week at her home, 13 Harriet street, was removed to the hospital yesterday and was successfully operated on by Dr. Yeomans this morning.

Pte. Crozier Believed to Be a Prisoner

For some time past Pte. Chas. Crosier, son of Conductor and Mrs. Crosier, Albert St., Lindsay, has been reported missing, he having been in several engagements at the front with the Montreal Battalion. The anxiety of his parents was great, as they had heard no word as to his whereabouts since the terrible battle at Langemarck. However, on Saturday last Mrs. Crosier interviewed Major-Gen. the Hon. Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, when he was in Lindsay, the Minister promising to cable to the authorities in Belgium immediately he returned to Ottawa.

Yesterday Mrs. Crosier received word from the Militia Department that a cable had been received from Belgium to the effect that Pte. Crosier was still among the missing (since April 24th) and is believed to be a prisoner in the German camp.

GT. BRITAIN'S THANKS TO THE DOMINIONS

LONDON, May 19.—The thanks of Great Britain to those Dominions and colonies that have contributed so lavishly in men and money, at the same time acquitting themselves with the valor of the Canadians in France and the courage of the Australasians on the Gallopoli Peninsula were voted at a great meeting in the Guild Hall this afternoon.

Premier Asquith and Andrew Bonar Law, the Opposition leader in the House of Commons were the principal speakers. The premier was unstinted in his praise of the overseas support of the motherland.

"We no doubt are gathering in the hour of trial the fruits of a wise and far-sighted Imperial policy," Mr. Asquith said. "It is safe to say there is no part of the British Empire but would suffer annihilation rather than become subject to any other sovereignty. The colonies have rallied to our standard to defeat the machinations of an enemy who has violated every law of God, or man, and gone down step by step to the depths of unmeasured infamy. That enemy has mobilized against himself all the powers and influences that are at the back of the free spirit of free men. Let us never for a moment forget what we are fighting to achieve, and still more what we are fighting to avert.

"But war is not fought with spiritual weapons. Never was an increasing flow of men and munitions more necessary, and the present stipulation demands a steady and unsleeping organization of all the material forces of the community."

Andrew Bonar Law, the Opposition leader in the House of Commons, referring to the possibility of political changes in the Government, said:

"Such a combination would be useless, and perhaps worse than useless, except as a means to a combination of the nation—a nation organized from top to bottom for the purpose of ending this war."

Acknowledging the resolution on behalf of Canada Sir George Perley said: "We have in Canada, as in the other Dominions, complete autonomy within our borders, but we naturally look forward to the day when we shall have a voice in all matters of common interest to the whole Empire. The announcement that the Dominions will be consulted before terms of peace are arranged produced a splendid impression in Canada. Our people would no doubt have been disappointed if such a course was not followed.

"Canada spoke for herself at Ypres. After all our hopes and fears we know the Canadians acted as a whole, as the Dominion expected, and proved themselves worthy of the two great pioneer races from which they are sprung. We in Canada also realize and applaud the magnificent bravery of our brethren from the other Dominions as well as from India and the Crown colonies."

A German electrician claims to have invented apparatus by which he can measure the ten millionth part of a second of time.

VICTORIA DAY
Monday, May 24th

CITIZENS' CELEBRATION
and
Farewell to the 39th Battalion, C. E. F.

Military Field Day
Mobilization of the CADET CORPS of the DISTRICT

Sports, Races, Baseball

Belleville Driving Park
2 p.m.
Parade From Market Square
1.30 p.m.

Let Belleville, Peterborough, Lindsay, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton and Central Ontario all join in showing our appreciation of our Battalion the 39th of the Overseas Force —by attending en masse. The receipts are to go to the 39th Regimental Funds to aid in the provision of needs and comforts for the men.

Lt. Col. L. W. MARSH, President
Alderman McFEE, Chairman of Sports Committee
ARTHUR JONES, Secretary

God Save the King

THE WEATHER.

Moderate to fresh east winds, fair to-day.

Friday, southeast winds, some showers but partly fair.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends greatly on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the oil is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE FOR :: EXAMINATION ::

Angus McFee
Jeweler — Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and dark goods 20c
Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue
Keen's Oxford Blue
Berger's Rice Starch
Gillard's Pickle Relish .... 35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars 30c.
Spanish Pimentoes, tins .... 10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing . 10, 35 & 60c
Currie Powder, bottles .. 10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles .... 20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars .... 20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White
Grape Juice
Peanut Butter
Dill Pickles
Fresh Gulf Lobster .... 18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) . 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes .... 10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly .... 25c.
Mandarin Marmalade .... 25c.
Skinless Figs .... 15 & 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalade .... 5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons

The BEST on the Market

Sell for $4.00

Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Stockings and Gloves

Our Hosiery Department is just full of new stockings for summer wear.

250 pairs Silk Stockings, double wear heel and toe, an extra special at ..... 59c. pair

Fownes' Gloves, in silk, lisle, kid—guaranteed, 50c. to $2.50 per pair.

HOLEPROOF HOSIERY for men, women and children, in lisle, silk, cashmere, guaranteed. Mercerized lisle thread stockings ..... 25c. pair.

UNDERWEAR for women and children, best brands always in stock, from ..... 15c. to $1.50

KIDDIES' MIDDIES, made up to the minute ..... 75c.

WOMEN'S BLOUSES from 50c. to $3.00. Exclusive styles.

An extra special in Black Paliette Silk, yard wide, Lyons dye, warranted not to cut; worth $1.25, on sale at ..... 89c. yard

D. & A. CORSETS from ..... 50c. to $3.00 pair

Next Door to Geen's — Wims & Co — 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Extra Special

Beautiful New Piano

In Fumed Oak

$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Letters From Canadian Boys At the Front

Mrs. C. P. Moore, 25 Alexander Street, Belleville, received the following this morning, dated April 30, in Belgium, from Driver Bryden Anderson, of the 34th Battery. At the outbreak of the war Anderson was a G. T. R. brakeman.

Dear Sister and Mother:

I'm a few lines today. I am, as usual, fine, and hope you are all well also. I received a parcel from Pearl not long ago. Well, matters are very in action now, and believe me, it is action with a capital A. We went into action on Friday, the 23rd, and have never ceased fire since. We fired 2,000 rounds the first day. We never had our horses unhitched since. The Canadians have suffered very severely, (of course there are all kinds of wild rumors as to the number of casualties. Some say over half of the first contingent have gone under, but this is exaggerated, no doubt. However, the poor fellows went down in thousands, and they fought like demons. I tell you, Mother, it makes a man proud to be a Canadian. Harry Thomas had the peak of his cap blown off and Gomes, from Belleville, was killed yesterday. They had just taken up ammunition and were starting back when a Jack Johnson came along and wounded Billy Kennon, from Letthbridge, and killed poor Gomes. Thomas escaped unhurt, but five of the horses were killed. If Thomas came up the road leading the wounded horse that was left. I was coming out of action and a shell landed over our heads and fell about six feet from us. The mud and pieces of shrapnel hit us, but the force of the blow was spent. I have several pieces of the shell in my pocket. Our Sergt.-Major and a bombardier were wounded yesterday. You might wonder what my sensations were and are during this battle. Well, I shaved and cleaned my teeth yesterday and the shells were falling all around us. A horse was killed a few yards from us, and I did not cut myself. So this will show you that I am not very nervous. We are used to them now. At first I used to duck my head every time a shell whistled by. The Canucks have made a name for themselves, and are doing it at the present moment, that will live in history forever. The Germans cried "Mercy, Canadians!" but they got it—I don't think. One of the Irish Royal Highlanders killed a German captain today. He showed me a bayonet he took from him. It is an awful looking thing—about two feet long and for about eight inches at the hilt it is a saw on both edges. We saw a bunch of prisoners the day before yesterday. They were tall, young fellows, but looked tired and thin. Well, Mother, I am lying down beside my team writing this in full marching order, all ready to do lossiness at a moment's notice. Our guns are blazing away, and the French troops are passing by in thousands going into the trenches. We have not had our boots off for four days now—some life, eh? Our cavalry took a thousand prisoners yesterday. Talk about railroading being exciting! But think of galloping into action, the shells falling all around you and passing scores of ambulances and stretchers bearing wounded Canadians. Every man that is a Canuck feels it a present sorrow when he sees a fellow Canuck killed or wounded. They stick together like glue, and the French and British soldiers admire the boys immensely. I saw a poor fellow wounded yesterday. He was hysterical and kept muttering "I got both of them." He was game for sure. He was a Toronto boy. Well, Sister and Mother, I must close now. You will not hear from me so often now we are advancing, and we will have no time to write. Don't worry about me. I hope to come out O.K.; if not, life is short—and one thing you can bank on—I will not prove a coward anyway. I have had the experience and I have had my feelings, so this is a consolation. I worried a great deal as to how I would face this sort of danger, but I am thankful to say it is a thing of myth. A man only feels surprised at the nearness of the shells and how they came to pass you. My address is the same, only omit France. You might show my letter to some of my friends, as I have only time to write one letter to relatives. World love to write to all but cannot.

Love to all.
BRYDEN ANDERSON.

FROM CAPT. O'FLYNN

Two letters were received from Capt. D. O'Flynn this morning by his mother, the last one mailed on the 7th of May. The captain says that when the letter was written he was still in reserve; when the second letter was written they were back in billets resting. He speaks of his experience throughout the battle as being something which language fails to describe and he says it is hard to realize now that they are in their billets that they have gone through one of the most terrific battles of this or any other war.

The captain's letter does not contain very much news and is merely a personal letter to his mother. He says they are exhausted and that he can not write as frequently as he has in the past. He sends his best wishes to his friends and is particularly grateful that his life has been spared through the terrible four-day fight.

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE CLEANS AND DISINFECTS 100% PURE MADE IN CANADA

May 3, 1915.

PTE. J. M. GULLET.

Mr. Robt. Bland, Belleville, has received the following letters from Pte. J. M. Gullett:—

Dear Bob,—Say, Bob, you old reporter, if you don't drop me a line pretty soon I'll be a Jack Johnson fly at you when I get back. How is your Kiltie band getting on. Let me know if you can, if Robt. Tennot is a doctor or engineer. Give my best respects to all the boys, and wishing you the compliments of the season, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
JAS. M. GULLETT.

Dear Bob,—Just a note to let you know I am off to the firing line again. This is the chorus of one of our latest tunes. Try it. With best wishes to you and yours, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
JAS. M. GULLETT.

Keep the log fire burning, though your heart be yearning,
While your boy is far away he dreams of home;
There's a silver lining through the dark cloud shining,
Turn the dark cloud inside out till the boys come home.

PTE. MILTON VANDERVOORT.

Mr. A. Vandervoort has received a card from his son Milton, who is with the 2nd Battalion, and who went through the Langemarck fight. The date of the card is May 5th and he was well at that date, and was being moved back to the base.

IROQUOIS MAIDS HOLD UNIQUE DANCE

One of the most successful and unique dances of the season—if not in recent years—was held last night in Ramsay's Academy under the auspices of the Iroquois Maids' Club.

The hall, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion by the ladies' committee, was filled with a merry throng of the Dance Clubs which hold their socials in this spacious hall and it was a treat to see the different emblems of patriotism and flags representing the Allies in every part of the hall. As early as 8.30 p.m. the invited guests from the outlying districts of Tweed, Stirling, Desoronto and Madoc began to arrive and it must not be forgotten that Toronto and Kingston had representatives present too.

Sharp at 9.00 p.m. the ladies in their middie blouses, with their partners in less charming attire took the floor to the strains of Bill's renowned orchestra and dancing continued incessantly until midnight when, refreshments prepared by the ladies' committee were served. After refreshments, and when the usual extras had been gone through; everyone was again ready to resume the programme, and those who commenced at No. 1 on the programme were still in dancing spirit when the parting hour was struck up. Too much praise cannot be given to the ladies for the very efficient arrangements, but a special word of praise is due to the secretary, Miss May Wallace.

Committee—The Misses A. Moir and J. Wiggans, M. Fitzgerald, N. Goudy, C. Brwin, K. Diamond, M. Terwilliger, M. Milne and M. Wallace Secretary.

KAISER NEARLY KILLED BY A RUSSIAN SHELL

GENEVA, May 20.—The German Emperor and his staff had a narrow escape on Sunday while watching the operations in a village near the River San, in Galicia. According to a despatch from Buda-Pesth which reaches here by indirect route, a heavy shell burst 500 yards away. It fell among some automobiles, destroying several machines, including the Emperor's and killing his chauffeur. The Emperor and left his car only fifteen minutes before.

A form of the camera obscura has been invented by a Frenchman to inform an aviator when he deviates from a given course.

Canadians Stand Vividly Described

Continued from Page One.

brigade, but they also charged, and part of the 4th Battalion, under Lieut.-Col. Bethune of London, were the only troops to actually reach the ridge. During the night they had to be withdrawn.

"Hercer's regiments and the British brigade were then withdrawn to Weltje, and their places taken by a division of French troops, and my guns were sent under the French General commander from Ypres to the point on the canal directly north, where the Germans had gotten across.

UNDER GRUELLING FIRE.

"Since that, for ten days, we have been firing about one hundred and fifty rounds per gun per day, supporting French attacks on the ridge, subjected to a gruelling, day and night, from 17-inch, 12-inch and 6-inch shells.

"Of the men actually engaged with the guns, I have lost over fifty killed and wounded, and about the same number of horses killed, though the latter are a mile in the rear.

"My men are standing the gaff splendidly. Whatever may happen, I think Canada can depend we will finish in style. We are all sorry for Col. and Mrs. Helmer."

600 MEN EACH MONTH

Will be Needed for the 3rd Division as Its Share of Reinforcements

An order to form a battalion for overseas service is expected from Ottawa at any time. It has been given out that eight thousand men must be sent every month to the front to act as reinforcements for the Canadian divisions. This means that seven battalions must be recruited every four weeks. As there are thirteen districts and divisions in Canada, this division as its portion must supply about 600 men a month.

The military authorities do not anticipate any trouble, as since the Louvain outrage great numbers are volunteering. Up to a few days ago recruiting was at a standstill. The order from Col. T. D. R. Henning, officer commanding the division, to the effect that more men are needed, has been carried out by extensive advertising. As a result men are coming to the front in sufficiently large numbers to give the impression that still larger numbers can be obtained.

The news of a new battalion and the attraction of Barriefield Camp should greatly stimulate recruiting. The new battalion will be of the same establishment as the 21st, having 1,134 men.

The training at Barriefield will be very instructive and should be highly interesting. The three branches of the service—cavalry, artillery and infantry, will be in camp together and complicated tactical schemes may be worked out.

GERMANS POISON WELLS ON THE WEST FRONT

LONDON, May 20.—The Morning Post has the following from the north of France:—So confident were the Germans of breaking through at Ypres that they had massed some hundred thousand cavalry between Poel-Capelle and Roulers, with which they hoped to dash through Steenstraate to the main road and so on to Dunkirk and possibly Calais. I am informed that there was terrific fighting around the ruined triangle east of Cuinchy. Here, too, the Germans have been using every species of foul device. There is every reason to believe that the water in the district has been poisoned, our doctors suspect, and such arsenic and careful analyses are now being made to establish the point.

Soldiers and Hens.

Arrangements have been made for free training in the poultry business to be given to disabled English soldiers and at the end of three months' tuition the latter will be able to establish these on poultry farms.

The first two months of the course, which will be by correspondence, can be taken during convalescence in hospital or at their homes and the last month, which will be of a practical character will be taken at a farm.

It has been estimated that at the end of the war there will be some 240,000 soldiers who will not be able to take up their previous occupations and this scheme is designed to relieve in some measure the economic difficulties which will arrest themselves.

"It would take sufficient eggs to weigh down six armored cruisers, carrying 20,000 tons," said a poultry expert, "to make up the loss of eggs which are chiefly derived from the war area."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00; $1.50

Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50

Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00

Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00

Ladies' White Buck Button $5.00

Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Added Interest To Our Great Sale

THAT WILL PROVE MOST INTERESTING.

Scores took advantage of the great values we offered and showed their appreciation of the splendid bargains by the way they were picked up. To day all lines have been filled up to make another sale for the coming days. To those who haven't been able to attend this

GREAT SALE

our word to you is come at once. We have something that will interest you and save you money. Don't delay, come at once. We deem it a pleasure to show you these great bargains.

$4.50 to $5.00 Sateen Underskirts (late arrivals) have been placed on sale at $1.49. Come in following colors—black, green, blue, sand shade, pink and brown, beautifully made with 21 inch knife edge pleating. Great value at only $1.49 sale price.

Girlie's Lace and Embroidered Dresses, neatly made for girls 6 to 14 years, great value at $1.49, $1.69 and $1.85. Be sure to see these.

Girlie's Gingham, Percales and Light colored goods, neatly made, 25c. up. These are all marked at starting prices. Some new lines added.

$1.25 to $1.50 Ladies' House Dresses. Sale price ..... 79c.

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!

Innocent pleasure for all. Buy your supply here, fresh and nice, with a number of special features added to the old time delights.

Be sure to buy your flags here. Prices range at 1c, 5c, 10c and up.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
275 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS

Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.

Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BELIEVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
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Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

A GRAVE SITUATION.

There is far more than appears on the surface in the proposed changes in the British Cabinet. They afford food for reflection for all true Imperialists. "Never change horses while crossing a stream" is an old English saying; and to make the great and important changes now proposed at this critical juncture is a sure indication that all is not well in the Old Country. We have now the authoritative statement from the Premier that a "reconstruction of the Ministry on a broader political basis is under consideration." That means, of course, that members of the Conservative Opposition are to be asked to join with the Government and to give their counsel and active assistance in this momentous crisis. Their support was given before. All through the war the Conservative party have loyally supported the Government, although in many of the steps taken by the Cabinet the Opposition might have scored a temporary party success by opposing them. That rumor was correct in stating that prominent members of the Conservative party were to take office in a coalition Government is shown by the Premier's subsequent remarks. He took pains to make it clear that "any reconstruction of the Cabinet that may be made will be for the purposes of the war alone, and is not to be taken in any quarter or form or reason as indicating anything in the nature of a surrender or a compromise on the part of any person, or body of persons, of their several political ideals."

The patriotic spirit shown by the Opposition was exemplified by their leader, Mr. Bonar Law. "Our only consideration in regard to the further steps to be taken," he said, "is the sole idea of what is the best method of finishing the war successfully, and we leave out of our minds absolutely all considerations, political and otherwise, beyond that." What an example for Sir Wilfrid Laurier! The Conservative party hold a very serious view as to events which led up to the war; but their loyalty to their country has prevented any expression of their feelings. But Mr. Bonar Law left the way clear for the subsequent action of his party in this pregnant remark: "Of course if such an arrangement should take place it is obvious our convictions on other subjects will remain unchanged, and will be settled when the war is over."

The serious nature of the situation is manifest when we come to consider the forecasts which have been made by politicians, which probably have a substratum of truth. Mr. A. J. Balfour, the former Unionist Premier—the greatest statesman in England to-day—it is believed will succeed Mr. Winston Churchill as First Lord of the Admiralty, and it is thought the new Cabinet will include Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, and Mr. F. E. Smith—three prominent Conservative leaders. It is also stated that the Labor party will be represented in the Government in the person of Mr. Arthur Henderson. But the most serious of all the rumors is that Lord Kitchener may go to the front, in supreme command of the Allies, or in association with General Joffre. If this should prove true it is an indication that there is a strong feeling in England that we have not made the progress

we fully expected to do this spring. Nothing but great pressure in the form of public opinion would ever have induced Premier Asquith to have called in his opponents to assist him in his tremendous task. Herein lies the seriousness of the whole situation.

DOMINION NAVIES—TRIBUTE TO AUSTRALIA.

The organ of the Navy League, published in England, has in its May issue the following commendation to Australia, for its naval policy and commends it to all the overseas portions of the Empire.

"The Australian Government," says the organ, "have well deserved the praise contained in his despatch to them by the Secretary of State for the Colonies. The thanks of every Englishman are due to their enemy, Germany, for it is she who has been the means of demonstrating to Great Britain the value of colonial fleets. It is to be hoped that after this gigantic war steps will be taken to insure the presence of an oversea fleet in all British colonies. The Australians will hand their name down to posterity as the initiators of a Grand Imperial Navy Policy which will link together the farthest outposts of the Empire. 'Advance, Australia!'"

Had it not been for the partizan character and unpatriotic action of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and those who follow and obey his commands, Canada would today be the owner of three modern powerful dreadnoughts. The Borden Government's proposition to appropriate $30,000,000 for the purpose was defeated in the Senate, where the Liberals had, and have now, a majority. Liberal Senators followed the example set them by Sir Wilfrid in the Commons and defeated the Bill appropriating $30,000,000 for naval purposes. Such dreadnoughts, though to be built under the direction of the naval department in England, and placed under that department for war purposes, if required, remained the property of the Dominion, to be handed over to it whenever demanded by Canada.

The cry of "no emergency" and "friendship of Germany to England," were the political battle cries of Sir Wilfrid and his admirers in the Commons, and were urged as a reason for defeating the Bill, which cries were echoed by the Liberals in the Senate, resulting in the proposition to aid the Empire in any conflict in which it might be involved being defeated. Had Laurierism not carried its disloyal tactics to the extent it did Canada would be in as proud a naval position as is Australia.

If Canada has no navy today, the unpardonable fault lays at the door of a Senate acting under instructions from the Liberal party in the Commons, an act not likely to be forgotten by the electors when the opportunity is offered to record their condemnation.

CURRENT COMMENT

When it gets down to cold steel the British Tommy is there with the goods.

Our crops will sustain the Dominion and help to sustain the Empire, and our munition factories will meet the charges of our debt. An economic basis is essential to stability.

"Italy has virtually declared war," says a Roman paper. After nine months of uncertainty it will be just as well to withhold comment till "virtually" becomes "actually."

We may be short of shells, but we are long on the bayonet. To gain ground by means of the steel is costly, but it's sure. The Boches hate to face the bayonet and give ground every time.

Under cover of the war and the passage of time it was an easy matter for the Archbishop of Canterbury to settle the Kikuyu case, over which the High and Low church parties at one time were waging a war of extermination. His Lordship's decision is that in the circumstances it was all right for Anglicans to take communion with Nonconformists, but that the matter must not be regarded as a precedent.—Buffalo Express.

Undoubtedly we need more O'Leary's in this war. It will be remembered that a short time ago Michael O'Leary, a former member of the North West Mounted Police, captured a German trench single handed after killing eight men and taking several prisoners. His father, interviewed on Mike's work, said, "I'm surprised he didn't do more. I've often laid out twenty men myself with a stick coming from Macroom Fair, and it's too bad that Mike could only get eight, and him having a rifle and bayonet.

Coincidently with the passing of Kit, another bright Canadian woman has gone beyond human ken. Miss Agnes FitzGibbon, was a granddaughter of Colonel FitzGibbon, of Beaver Dam fame in the war of 1812. Possessing a mind of many parts, and identified with an illustrious literary family, her memory will be best cherished by her untiring efforts on behalf of philanthropy and the history of her native land. Canada is indeed blessed in having such daughters.

William Jennings Bryan, whose fondness for grape juice has become historical, estimates that the United States drink bill amounts to $2,500,000,000 a year. "Grape Juice" William then goes on to show what could be done with all the money if it were turned into more productive channels. Undoubtedly he has some grounds for his viewpoint if the consumption of beer be taken as a criterion. In 1900 the thirsty citizens of the United States consumed 39,330,000 barrels of beer, while last year they drank 66,189,000 barrels.—Journal of Commerce.

Dr. Dernburg is going to leave this country of his own accord. Officials of the Germany embassy in Washington assert that the desire is voluntary on his part. It can be believed, however, that the intimations from Washington that his actions have been disagreeable and his presence undesirable had something to do with his wish. His going will not injure the interests of Germany in this country. Dr. Dernburg has shown more than once an inability to understand the American point of view that has hurt his usefulness. And it can be guessed that the German embassy will be glad that this semi-demi-official spokesman is no longer to be here.—Buffalo Express.

MICHAEL O'LEARY

(Sergt. Michael O'Leary is one of the heroes of the British Empire today. For his exploits at Cuinchy, France, he won the Victoria Cross, and was promoted from Lance-Corporal to Sergeant on the field. The terse official report of the Irishman's bravery follows: "For conspicuous bravery—When forming one of the storming party which advanced against the enemy's barricade, O'Leary rushed to the front and himself killed five Germans who were holding the first barricade, after which he attacked the second barricade, about 60 yards further on, which he captured after killing three of the enemy and making prisoners of two more." O'Leary was formerly in the Northwest Mounted Police.)

You may talk of the Rebels of Ulster
And the shindy we had to chuck;
But we don't give a rap for a family scrap
When the Prooshuns is running amuck.

Did you hear how Lance-Corporal O'Leary,
Mike O'Leary of the Guards,
Wid his own two mitts tore a forthress to bits
Like a blissed conthraption of cards?

He'd a smile, had Mike, that 'ul span a dyke,
And a fist that 'ud fell a horse,
And he ripped through the mire of blood and barbed wire
Like a bull through a bunch of gorse.

Whin he waded in, sure 'twas a sin
The way he bashed and bruk 'em;
He dropped on thim Huns like forty tons,
And they niver knew what had struck 'em.

"Poor dears," says Mike, "I'm thinking belike
And the news they've been told is lies,
So it's up to me, ere it's kilt they be,
To put the poor divils wise.

"Thim Huns, I'm told, while outrageous bold,
Is over a trifle dull.
Sure, if that's a fact, 'tis a friendly act
To hammer it through their skull.

"So here's for insulting old Erin,
By thinking a thraitor she'd be!
And here's for your Imperor sneerin'
'Contemptible arrmy,' says he.

"Here's one for the mothers whose pleadin'
You stopped with a shot and a curse,
And one for the girls dead and bleedin'
And the girls that you spared—for worse.

"For the churches you shelled and the priests you felled,
Here's one! And the women, too,
You held for a shield on the battlefield,
And the innocent babes you slew."

Whin O'Leary had done, there was divil a one
Left to tumble to what he said—
Barrin' only ten, which I'm wrong again,
For eight of the ten was dead.

—OLIVER HERFORD
(Harper's Weekly.

Lawrence Crowley, aged 9 months, was killed by a fall off a porch at Chicago.

A field of rye in Ameliasburg was reported to be headed out on the 11th inst., two weeks earlier than usual.

Found guilty at Toronto of three charges of housebreaking, Edward Ansell was sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years.

The standard of quality because based on long experience and built of best materials

McClary's Gas Ranges

For artificial or natural gas

have every convenience, every time and gas economizing device. See the McClary dealer. 831

Sold By
The Smith Hardware Co.

Work of British Army Service Men

Description Written by One of the Officers of the Corps While Invalided

The following says the London Daily Chronicle, is an extract from an Army Service Corps officer giving some details of the work which that branch of the service performs.

"At last I've a chance of sending you a decent letter. The reason is that I'm a soldier without a voice for I lost it a few days ago as the result of a cold and I've been sent to the hospital. It's coming back and I hope to be at work as soon as possible. One wants a voice out here more than anything, especially at my job, which is that of a kind of land captain. I command a train which plies between base and railhead, i.e., as near the firing line as we can venture safely. I have an escort of six men (A.S.C.) and the guard, engine driver, etc., are French, and so require a lot of talking to. I'd never had any business dealings with Frenchmen before, and I've discovered that they are incapable of taking you seriously unless you are a tragedian of the first order.

"My train is loaded with supplies, i.e., food and fodder. If I don't get there our men go without food for twenty-hours, though I've no doubt they find something. Still it's a responsibility, though my irresponsible French friends don't seem to take it as seriously as I do. Sometimes they uncouple a truck or two and would leave it behind if I were not a blend of Sarah Bernhardt and the late M. Coquelin.

"A goods train is, of course, quite different from a passenger train, being halted and shunted and generally messed about at sidings. No station platforms or buffets for us. I live in a passenger coach attached to the train and as all the main bridges and culverts have been destroyed, we crawl about by devious routes, and after two days and nights arrive at railhead. There we are met by more A.S.C.—who come rushing up in trolleys—dozens and dozens of trolleys, many of which have been commandeered from prominent business firms at home and wear familiar names. My train is unloaded at top speed and the trolleys make off down the muddy roads—I've never seen such mud. Behold me in the mud as well, with rubber knee boots and all the stockings I can lay my hands on packed inside.

French Officer's Admiration ....

"The trolleys go to their rendezvous and dump the stuff down by the roadside. Here the regimental horse transport takes a turn. It's all beautifully arranged, and we of the A.S.C. are proud of ourselves in proportion. Our Major exhibited the system to a French transport officer the other day, and our ally kept saying: 'Mon Dieu, mon Dieu!' He could find nothing stronger wherewith to express his admiration.

"As I am responsible for every box of biscuits or bale of hay, I see my train unloaded, and think and trouble about little else till I get my receipt, saying all is well, and that what I am supposed to have brought I have brought. Meanwhile, if it is a fine day, the aeroplanes are up overhead, spying for concealed batteries and occasionally fighting a duel with a Taube.

"In credible as it may seem to you at home, one is far more taken up with one's job than in watching flights in the air. Far away you hear the thunder of the guns and last time there was a thing near at hand which went 'rat-tat-tat.' My business, however, is to deliver the goods and take no heed of military diversions. But occasionally I get a moment when I can stretch my legs, and I ramble off down the miry road outside. Odd things one meets there; for instance a single London Scot, shaving by the roadside, a woman and two little girls who have refuged from Belgium, a patrol of British cavalry their scabbards and lance-heads rusted, their mounts spashed in mud, or an anti-aircraft gun out on its own and painted futuristically in three bright colors so as to look like anything in the world but what it is when seen by Herr von Taube.

"And everywhere are the British; the natives seem merely a by-product, always excepting Monsieur le Cure, whose thin legs show beneath the cassock as he goes about his business in the mud. M. le Cure is our very good friend and knows us all.

Sometimes Takes Prisoners Back

"By evening I am through, and ready to take my empty train back to my base. The railhead people give me odds and ends to take down with me, and if there has been hard fighting, I take back part of my stores, the part that is no longer needed. The odds and ends are anything from broken rifles, which will be repaired to German prisoners. The latter have their own guard and are only my concern insofar as regards their delivery to the right address. The men are invariably glad to be out of the business; the officers ask for first class carriages and accommodation apart from their men whom they seem to regard as mere cattle. Of course we give them such accommodation as we have.

"By dark I leave the low country with its frosted mornings and its miry noons, with its willows that stand reflected in transparent waters against a sky of pearl. Dawn and sunrise inevitably draw me out of doors in this pale country, whose beauty came as a surprise and wounderment on my first visit. It is the abode of death, but, viewed as landscape, it is a new artist, tender as Corot, more versatile than Walter Bayes.

"Two more days in my railway coach and I am back at base. Four days and night now I have lived and slept in my clothes, for there is no changing and no real sleeping, as at any of our halting places. I may be called out to check my train, to add to it, to pick up packages, or a draft of troops, or even a stray officer who is returning to his unit by my way. One of these stay officers amused me. He was a gunner promoted from the ranks for valor. He had done things that win crosses and are mentioned in dispatches. Yet when we ran over two bullocks and a truck or two went off the rails, he got in a deuce of a funk, and said he didn't mind shells, but he did mind a railway accident. He was greatly relieved when our journey ended.

"This is a more interesting letter than my last one, but the truth is, one could go on for a week if one had the time. Since starting it I saw the Major who is doctoring me. I go back to work tomorrow after what in reality has been nothing worse than a three days' rest. Some of the patients are very queer. The man in the next bed to mine was telephoning all night in his sleep, yelling out 'Hello,' etc. He's down with 'flu.' Another is a man doing my job, who fell out of his carriage and broke an arm.

"Have it, if the A.S.C. have been started a magazine and I've been asked to contribute. I feel I must out of sheer esprit de Army Service Crops."

In disaster the inevitable must be met, the only question is how shall it be faced.

The Hundred Ways Which Don't End Corns

Perhaps you say—"I've tried and tried, but found nothing that ends a corn."

You might keep trying for years, Madam. There are a hundred ways which don't. Most of them are very much alike.

But remember this:

There is one way which has removed 70 million corns. It is now removing half the corns that grow.

It's a plaster which contains a bit of wondrous wax. It ends the corn pain in a jiffy. It ends the corn itself in two days. It gently loosens the corn until it comes out without any pain or soreness.

When you merely pare corns—
When you use some folderol—
Bear this in mind. There are folks all around you—users of Blue-jay—who never suffer corns. You are wronging yourself when you fail to do what they do.

Blue-jay Plasters

15 and 25 cents—at Druggists
Samples Mailed Free
Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York
Makers of Physicians' Supplies

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.

Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Victoria Day
May 24th

SINGLE FARE—Good going and returning May 24th only.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD — Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Return limit May 25th, 1915.

Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada east of Port Arthur and to Detroit, and Port Huron, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock and Niagara Falls, N.Y. Tickets sold at reduced fares from Belleville to Toronto, Montreal or intermediate stations on Main Line, or from above station to Parkdale or Sunnyside, will not be valid for passage on Trains Nos. 1 and 14.

Tickets and full particulars on application to ticket agents.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

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Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
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Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing

Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.20 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 6.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13 - 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.2. a.m.	8.0 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.0 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.00 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate station—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Harker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 5.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
VICTORIA DAY
SINGLE FARE good going Monday, May 24th, return limit, Monday, May 24th, 1915.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD good going Saturday, Sunday and Monday, May 22nd, 23rd and 24th, return limit May 25th, 1915.
(Minimum charge 25c.)

PACIFIC COAST TOURS
AT LOW FARES
INCLUDING
"CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS"
Particulars from S. Burrows, General Agent, Belleville, Ont.

The Merchants Bank
Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.

Belleville Branch H. SNEYD, Manager

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking
Joint Accounts are a Convenience.
Keep a Savings Account, and
Let Your Money Accumulate. 176
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro Tuesdays and Fridays

OWES HER LIFE TO "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Cured Both Stomach Trouble and Headaches

PALMERSTON, ONT., JUNE 20th. 1913.

"I really believe that I owe my life to "Fruit-a-tives". Ever since childhood, I have been under the care of physicians and have been paying doctor's bills. I was so sick and worn out that people on the street often asked me if I thought I could get along without help. The same old Stomach Trouble and distressing Headaches nearly drove me wild. Sometime ago, I got a box of "Fruit-a-tives" and the first box did me good. My husband was delighted and advised a continuation of their use.

Today, I am feeling fine, and a physician meeting me on the street, noticed my improved appearance and asked the reason. I replied, "I am taking Fruit-a-tives". He said, "Well, if Fruit-a-tives are making you look so well, go ahead and take them. They are doing more for you than I can".

MRS. H. S. WILLIAMS.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Col. Garnet Hughes In the Firing Line

Refuses Staff Promotion in Order to Remain With Highlanders at Front

OTTAWA May 19.—Details have been received at Ottawa of the part played in the Langemarck fighting by the Highland Brigade, under Brigadier-General Turner, and Colonels Garnet Hughes, Leckie, Currie, Meighen and Loomis. This brigade, which went into action at full strength, lost three out of every four men engaged, and where it had entered the fighting a brigade, left it with scarcely enough men for one battalion. Four four days, on the 22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th, and some parts of it till Monday, the men were constantly under fire. They received during that time an average of less than one meal a day and little, if any, sleep, yet the brigade stood firm and held its ground.

One of the most interesting individual stories in connection with the stand of the Highland Brigade which has leaked out concerns the refusal of Col. Garnet Hughes, son of the Minister of Militia and brigade-major under General Turner, to resign his post to accept staff promotion.

It has been learned that Col. Hughes was offered one of the two general staff positions under General Steele, with the second contingent, a post for which his high standing at the Royal Military College and his experience since eminently fitted him. But the acceptance of a staff position would take Col. Hughes from the firing line, and it would take him from his men of the Highland Brigade. The offer came to him through four different channels and was as often refused. The last time Col. Hughes declined it was on the morning of the fateful 22nd, which was, by coincidence, his birthday. During a lull in the fierce fighting on the 23rd, not knowing whether he would have an opportunity to write, he sent to his wife a note to explain to his father as Minister why he had refused the promotion tendered. He said he preferred to stand by his Highland Brigade rather than leave them for a safer and more distinguished post.

WENT TO FRONT AT 57

Age did not deter Private Thomas Evans, of Aurora, who is reported missing, from going to the front with the Queen's Own. Although he is 57 years of age, Evans didn't shrink from the call to arms. The fighting spirit is in his blood. He has been fighting in the British army since he was a lad and has served in a number of campaigns under Kitchener and Roberts. He was all through the Egyptian wars and in the Boer war. Private Evans came to Canada four years ago from London, England. His family of five children and wife reside in Aurora. Mrs. Evans is prostrated at the news of her husband.

WEAR
FLEET FOOT SHOES for Every Sport and Recreation

Sold by all good shoe dealers
Worn by every member of the family

How Germans Executed Coup In Carpathians

Preparations for Big Offensive Movement Carried Out With Great Secrecy

BUDAPEST, May 18.—(Correspondent London Morning Post)—I am able today to give some information received from a reliable military source with regard to the events leading up to the Austro-German successes in Galicia.

These details explain how the offensive movement was carried through and prepared in a manner to take the Russians by surprise. It is at the same time a most impressive argument in favor of secrecy in war, the most important factor in this success.

It is pointed out that the success of the Germanic move is the more surprising because it not only necessitated time to concentrate such large forces as have been concentrated in West Galicia, but because these movements were such by their nature that thy could be easily discovered, and it was even a surprise to the General Staff that it succeeded in such measure.

The offensive was naturally preceded by a thousand minor movements, as well as by movements on a large scale. News depots, bureaus and telephone and telegraph stations had to be established on a line parallel with the front of battle. New and numerous hospital stations had to be prepared, especially on the railway lines which insure good connections toward Germany and Hungary and new food depots had to be installed on the same lines so as to ensure provisions for the new army as well as munition depots with ample supplies. The new allied armies required even the appointment of new commanders. A great number of heavy guns and other artillery were placed in position two weeks before the offensive began. Train after train brought guns of all calibres from all directions to the Vistula and Carpathian fron, including long range Skokda guns and seel mortars, the latter having mostly been constructed since the war began, and an immense number of German Krupp guns.

Nothing was Observed

Meanwhile the troop trains brought German and Austro-Hungarian troops and hundreds of other trains were packed with bridge materials, and pontoons, which were necessary to the crossing of the Dunajec and Biala. Engineers were ready at the front by the end of April in order to construct the railway lines behind the army advancing toward the east. Aviation and motor stations were also established.

It is obvious that the movements of all these trains and so forth must have taken a long time, and yet it is clear nothing had been observed by the Russians on the southern section along which the army advanced later. Between Tarnow and Gorlice more than a thousand guns were brought up and placed in position, with an immense amount of all kinds of munitions. Even such difficulties arose as supplying two kinds of small army ammunition to the German and Austrian tropos, these having different rifles and consequently using different ammunition. New provision and munition depots were built and fitted and a perfectly organized administration put up. Thousands of wagons and trucks with provisions and great herds of cattle were driven, and all in the greatest secrecy. Everything had been done at night.

Secrecy the Feature

The secrecy of these preparations was the chief feature of success, for the movement only promised success in the event of the Russians not having time to bring up reinforcements in their usually rapid way. These preparations began the very day after it became obvious that the Russian offensive in the Carpathians was slackening.

It is asserted that the Russian forces engaged in the battle were eight army corps, while the Germanic armies were twice as strong and had four times as many guns and a greater number of heavy batteries to support the attacks. This is only a semi-official statement and much credit cannot be attached to it. The German artillery, in fact, was much stronger than one would imagine from that statement, and this great strength in guns made it possible to drive the Russians out of their fortified positions.

GUNNERS DIED AT GUNS

Canadians Fought Like Wolves After French Had Retreated

A letter from Pte. R. F. Smith of the Machine-gun Section of the Queen's Own Rifles, dated May 1st, relating to the battle of Langemarck, was received by his father, Mr. Fred Smith, manager of the Janes estate, Toronto. "A few lines to let you all know that we both (Pte. R. F. Smith and his brother, Sergt. G. L. Smith) are quite well," writes Reg. Smith.

"When the French retreated we knew that we were up against it, and we fought like a crowd of wolves and put up such a stiff fight that they

British arrived. We had no artillery, except four guns, 18-pounders and they were all put out of action, except one, and that is why we had such a hard time. All the gunners died right at their guns from the awful shrapnel fire. All day long our trench was swept by artillery fire (Jack Johnsons and shrapnels) and how we survived is a mystery to me. In one-half hour we had 50 huge shells in our section. However, we got back at them with our machine-guns and gave them a terrible lesson. These are just a few facts —the rest are too awful to tell about just now."

GERMAN LIMITS REACHED

Available Reinforcements Used up in Ypres Battle

LONDON, May 18.—A despatch to the London Morning Post from the North of France says:

"There are signs that the Germans have reached the limits of their available reinforcements. The extraordinarily losses which they recently suffered (they are said to have a casualty list of 150,000 in connection with the last battle of Ypres alone), have upset all their plans for a renewed onslaught.

"Meanwhile there is a tremendous artillery action in progress, and there is no longer any doubt that the Allies are obtaining the mastery over the German gunners. As regards the French advance in Lens, there is reason to believe that General Joffre, with his accustomed level-headed caution, has been most conservative in his official statements of the advance claimed.

"The readjustment of the British line north of Ypres has proved of great advantage to the British and their Allies. It has given the British a much sounder base and has rendered any offensive movement by the Germans so costly to them that they have practically ceased to attempt since.

"Notwithstanding the difficulties that the Yser presents because the German right bank is considerably higher than the Franco-Belgian left bank, the river has been crossed at various points and the enemy's position have been carried at the point of the bayonet. All along the line, in a word, the continuous blows dealt by the Allies are visibly producing an effect now."

Stories of Langemarck

LONDON, May 4.—For the past ten days, hospital trains have been bearing large numbers of Canadian wounded from Southampton and Folkestone to near and distant parts of the United Kingdom, these men for the most part being survivors of the Hill 60 and the St. Julien actions. Although the original plan of the Canadian Red Cross Society was that our wounded should be drafted, whenever possible to the Duchess of Connaught Hospital, at Cliveden, near Taplow, and the Queen's Canadian Military Hospital, at Beachborough Park, Shorncliffe, the accommodation of both of these institutions is fully taken up (though both are being enlarged), and in the meantime Canadians have been distributed to various centres such as London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Lincoln, and Manchester, as well as to numerous cottage hospitals up and down the country. This entails much extra labor at the Red Cross offices, and Col. Hodgetts is trying to persuade the military authorities to give preference to the Canadian hospitals, or at least to group Canadians together in large parties.

The Gazette representative has during the past week visited the two Canadian hospitals and also a few smaller institutions where wounded officers and men are to be found. So severe were the injuries received by some that it was impossible for them to be seen, while others who have been able to converse had but hazy recollections of the awful conflict. The experiences of certain officers and men have been already sent in cable despatches, but the following additions may be of interest:

Major D. Sutherland of Princeton, Ont., 1st Battalion, being in the Queen's Canadian hospital at Shorncliffe, spoke of the tremendous artillery which was pitted against the 1st and 4th Battalions, who had to attack a position of 1,200 yards away. It was a series of charges, but the men went forward never wavering, though every rush involved heavy casualties. The attack was opened at 5.30 a.m. Friday morning, April 23rd, and at 8 o'clock Major Sutherland was hit by shrapnel in the left arm.

Deadly Gas Fumes

Lieut. H. M. Scott, 15th Battalion, (48th, Toronto), in the same ward, was watching a captive balloon of the enemy on Saturday, April 24th, when he noticed a heavy greenish-colored bank of cloud sweeping towards the Canadian trenches. The 48th were next the 13th Battalion (5th Highlanders of Montreal), and were holding the front line trenches. The 14th and 16th were in reserve. On swept the cloud, and, as its deadly vapors setled over the trenches, the Canadians found themselves choking and gasping, while their eyes streamed with moisture. Many fell asphyxiated in the trenches, either partially or fatally; others scrambled out of the trenches. Lieut. Scott got out and in a state of collapse, he and several companions lay exposed to heavy shell fire. Later in the day the 17th got orders to retire, and it was these troops which picked up Lieut. Scott and others. Some of the men were so heavily dosed that they had to be dragged along. Lieut. Scott produced a sovereign and a shattered leather purse. A bullet had pierced his water bottle, the purse ,and then badly twisted the golden coin, but the latter was sufficiently resisting to divert the bullet.

Capt. Roy McGibbon, C.A.M.C., of Montreal and Sherbrooke, was the third occupant of this ward. His story of how he was hit just when he was finishing loading up an ambulance near St. Julien was cabled to The Gazette. In another ward was Lieut. Arthur Ryerson, 3rd Toronto, who was shot through the body. Col. Ryerson had crossed to France and seen him placed in the hospital boat.

Germans Neglect Dead

One complaint of Canadians is the wretched drainage system in France, and the horrible manner in which the Germans disregard their dead. A Montreal sergeant stated that he entered one trench where over 100 German soldiers lay unburied since November, and where burial was given it was very superficial.

Private T. S. Daniel, 1st R. M. R., is in Splott Hospital at Cardiff. Speaking German, he was on fairly intimate terms with a wounded Prussian Guardsman, who was a prisoner.

"In one conversation we were discussing the attitude of Holland, said Daniel, "and I asked him whether in his opinion Holland would join in the war? The Prussian gave an emphatic 'No,' and added that three weeks before he was captured he was at Essen and saw Queen Wilhelmina there. She visited Krupp's works, accompanied by the Kaiser."

Fate of German Spy.

Another story told by Pte. Daniel was about a spy. On one occasion the 14th heard that a big British gun had been brought within a mile of them, and some of the men went to inspect it. A Canadian officer was noticed in the vicinity of the gun, and it was supposed he was attached to one of the battalions. A keen observer noted the fact that whenever this officer approached certain cross roads, shells fell around the new gun. Suspicion being aroused, the "officer" was invited to go to headquarters, and when he was searched, plans of batteries were found on him, as well as details of British troops along the line. Although he spoke English without foreign accent, he was a spy, and was shot before the day was over.

Every bed is now filled in the Queens' hospital at Shorncliffe, the number of patients being 68, mostly Canadians. Col. Surgeon Armour had a busy week in the operating theatre and performed operations for several hours on five days.

Cobourg people resident in Winnipeg have just sent across an operating table which the Surgeon-in-Chief described as "the latest thing." It is worked by a foot lever which raises or lowers the table to any degree required.

WAR INFURIATES PASTOR

WATERBURY, Conn., May 19—The Rev. Henry K. Miller, pastor of the South Methodist Church, preached a sermon last Sunday night on "The Shame of Europe," which caused so much discord among the foreign-born members of the congregation that he may be forced to resign.

In the course of his remarks he said: "The foul hypocrites who fill the highest offices in the Church of England, fake bishops, hypocrite priests, murderous parish clerks, men who stain God's altar with their guilty presence, these men own the distillery stock of the land and count their profits more than the souls of their brethren. I disown them as Christians.

"I have tried to be neutral, but what red-blooded American can hold peace when he reads of children being nailed to the doors of their homes by these blood-crazed German fiends, and defenceless women burned alive in their homes or shot down by monsters as they endeavor to escape the flames. In the name of civilization and Christ no man can longer remain neutral."

TO GRADUATE WITH DAUGHTER AT FIFTY

SALINA, Kan., May 18.—Fayette A. Smith, 50, after taking a full college course at the Kansas Wesleyan university, will be graduated this spring with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He is in the same class with his daughter. Smith came here several years ago from the farm to educate his children and decided to gratify a life-long ambition to get an education himself.

A tumbler with a compartment that can be filled with ice or hot water to keep its contents cold or warm has been invented.

A beautiful insert with each plug.
"Deliciously Good"
PACIFIC
Bright Plug Chewing Tobacco
Each Plug Separately Wrapped in foil.

It's (Not Such) A Long, Long Way to Tipperary (Biscuits)
REGISTERED
(Just to the nearest Grocery store)

Getting Ready for a Big Day
¶ Could anything ever take the place in the lunch basket of Ham sandwiches?—more especially if they are filled with tender slices of mild Rose Ham.
¶ To be sure of the delicate flavor that comes only from the fine Old English process of curing, ask your dealer for
ROSE HAM

Mild Ham? Yes, Ma'am!
for the 24th
MATTHEWS-BLACKWELL

Why Your Home Needs Zam-Buk.

Hardly a day goes by but what some member of your family sustains some slight injury. You may think the injury too trivial for attention, but remember whenever the skin is broken there is danger of blood poison!

Zam-Buk, the great herbal healer, does away with all risk. A stronger antiseptic than carbolic, yet causing no pain when applied, no germs can live where Zam-Buk is used. More than this, Zam-Buk quickly relieves the pain of sores and wounds, and the rich herbal essences it contains so stimulate the tissues that new healthy skin is formed and the wound or sore healed in a short time. This is why your home needs Zam-Buk.

It only takes a moment to apply Zam-Buk, and think of the hours, and perhaps years, of suffering it may save! Get the habit—tell your children where the box is, they'll do the rest; because Zam-Buk stops the pain.

Zam-Buk is unlike ordinary ointments in that it is purely herbal. It does not contain harsh minerals, poisonous coloring matter, or coarse animal fats. Zam-Buk is Healing, Soothing, and Antiseptic,—a cure for cuts, burns, bruises, piles, eczema, ulcers, pimples, cold sores; and all skin diseases and injuries. Refuse substitutes,—see name "Zam-Buk" on box when buying. 50c. box, all druggists and stores, or postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Free Trial Box will be sent on receipt of this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp.

THE CABINET CRISIS IN GREAT BRITAIN

The Government to be Strengthened by Addition of the Most Prominent Conservative Leaders

In last night's Intelligencer a cablegram appeared stating that Premier Asquith had announced that steps were in contemplation which involved a re-construction of the Government upon a broader personal and political basis. Later news states that the House of Commons was crowded to hear the Premier's expected statement, and that the announcement was made amidst tense silence. The galleries ceased their chatter and a death-like silence settled over the chamber when Asquith rose. A ripple of applause from the Unionist and Labor seats followed his declaration, and then the galleries joined in the cheering.

"Nothing has been definitely arranged as yet," the Premier said, "but in order to avoid any possible misapprehension I wish to make clear here and now three things:

"First: Any changes will not affect the position of the Prime Minister or of the Foreign Secretary; second, there will be no change of any kind in the policy of the country as regards the continued prosecution of the war with all possible energy and by means of every available resource, and third and last, and of great importance to the honorable friends behind me, and I have no doubt to the Opposition, is this: Any reconstruction of the Cabinet which may be made will be for the purposes of the war alone, and is not to be taken in any quarter or form or reason as indicating anything in the nature of a surrender or a compromise on the part of any person, or body of persons, of their several political ideals.

"This is as far as I can go. Nothing definite yet has taken place, but if any arrangement is made the House will have the fullest opportunity of expressing its views."

There was some lifting of eyebrows when this announcement was made. The fact that the Prime Minister exempted only his office and that of Sir Edward Grey was taken to mean that the shake-up in the Ministry is to be a more violent upheaval than had been reported.

The references of the Premier to the prosecution of the war were greeted with loud and prolonged cheering.

The Prime Minister was followed by Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the Opposition, who said:

"I think it is only necessary to say on behalf of my friends and myself that at the stage this has reached our only consideration in regard to the further steps to be taken is the sole idea of what is the best method of finishing the war successfully, and we leave out of our minds absolutely all considerations, political and otherwise, beyond that.

"Of course if such an arrangement should take place it is obvious our convictions on other subjects will remain unchanged, and will be settled when the war is over."

Canadian Tells What War Means

Mr. Willie Robinson Describes Scenes in Hospitals Back of Trenches

A vivid account of hospital experiences just behind the fighting lines in France has been sent to Montreal relatives by Mr. Wm. Robinson, an old Montreal boy, who is now in London, as a professional entertainer, along the George Grossmith lines. Mr. Robinson was a member of a company sent under the British Government auspices to lighten the lot of the wounded soldiers in the army hospitals, and in this capacity he had unusual opportunities to witness the results of the war, particularly as he happened to be so close to the heavy fighting at Neuve Chapelle that he heard the growling of the artillery, and saw the long trains of wounded Canadians being brought back from that disastrous glory.

Mr. Robinson was known as the Canadian humorist with a concert party headed by Miss Lena Ashwell, a Toronto girl who has made a pronounced success on the London stage. The company was sent across to Boulogne on March 10, where for a month they gave entertainments in hospital wards and everywhere else that wounded soldiers were gathered.

The party arrived at Boulogne on March 10, and Mr. Robinson says:

"We began our concerts that night in a Y.M.C.A. hut, and for a month we gave two or three performances a day, Sundays included, and often walked through the hospital wards between times, giving little performances and talking to the poor chaps who were not able to attend the 'big show.'

"Our real reward came in the delight of the wounded, and the men resting up after weeks and months in the trenches. They almost ate us alive, and the doctors and nurses told us we lightened their work by half, for the men would talk and laugh about us for days after we had gone. My mouth organ came in for great applause. The people over here do not know how to play it, and I am considered a wonder, especially when giving an imitation of the Victoria Rifles' drum and fife band.

"I was always billed as 'The Canadian Humorist,' and that brought the Canadian boys out in troops. After every show there were Canadian boys waiting to talk to me, and the nurses used to ask me to go and talk to the wounded from Canada.

HORRORS OF NEUVE CHAPELLE.

"We were at Boulogne during the Neuve Chapelle affair (I can never call it a victory, knowing first hand what really happened), and on the first day of the fight we were taken to a hospital that was so near to the trouble we could hear the big guns muttering—it sounded like distant thunder.

"When we came to leave the hospital we found the streets and roads blocked as far as you could see with dust covered ambulances. They were everywhere, and coming in by scores. What those ambulances contained gave us our first taste of war as it is waged by the civilized Christian nations of today.

"Of course, when the rush came so unexpectedly our officer, doctor and friends had to leave us, in fact everybody became so busy they had no time for us. The sights were simply awful. I shall never forget them, and even now I have bad nights, and our women were badly shaken. It is one thing to see the nice clean wounded that come over to England in palace hospital ships, but quite another thing to see what the guns have done two or three hours before.

BUNDLES OF RAGS AND MUD.

"Out of the packed ambulances orderlies carried on their backs bundles of rags and mud. In many instances the bundles were soaked with blood, and in one I noticed a bare back (from which every shred of clothing had been torn) shining in the sun with streams of blood. One ambulance had a stream trickling down into the dust, making a puddle, just like the water from an ice wagon. I pointed it out to an orderly. 'I think a bandage must have gone wrong in there, sir,' he said. Then he undid the flaps at the back, and he proved a good guesser. The chap on the top stretcher had bled to death, and his blood had drenched the man underneath, who was too weak to give the alarm to the driver. That is the kind of thing we saw over and over again.

SOLDIERS' SIMPLE FUNERALS.

"The thing that broke us all up more than anything else was to meet the little funeral parties. Outside Boulogne we would meet as many as thirty in an afternoon. No band, no firing party, no bareheaded crowd. Just a little two-wheeled stretcher, with a long box, covered with the Union Jack. On each side walk three Tommies, and behind tramps the bugler to blow the Last Post. Not much show or pomp about it, but our girls broke down, for the sight was very wonderful and sad. As for myself, I had a d—— good cry after all the funny stories had been told for that day and I found myself alone in my bed.

"How wonderful the British soldier is! They are dying like flies just now, but the wounded are so cheerful. Once or twice I met sad ones. I noticed a Canadian boy whose tears trickled down his cheeks when our soprano sang "My Little Grey Home in the West," and the blind were often very downcast.

One Canadian I was talking to was only two hours off 'the table.' They had taken off his leg at the knee. He was smoking a cigarette, but thoroughly disgusted because his leg had been shattered by a spent bullet while he was resting behind a wall, half a mile from the trenches.

AN UNFORTUNATE CANADIAN.

"A nurse told me in another hospital that she had a Canadian she wanted me to talk to because he could not live. He had a bullet in his right temple, and they could not probe for it. He was awfully glad to hear me talk, and grabbed my hand in both of his. He had been a Royal Northwest Mounted Policeman, and his home was south of Regina. What he was suffering was simply hell. The shot had forced out his right eye and burst it. He was not quite clear in his mind, and had lost the use of his legs, but what worried him was the fear of losing that eye—he did not know it was gone already. I assured him that the doctors had discussed it with me, and that he would not lose that eye. That cheered him up, and he made me promise to go and see him in Regina and we would go shooting prairie chickens. He also asked me to promise to write his wife and tell her he was all right and would soon be home. He could not remember her name, nor his own, for that matter, but the nurse winked, and said she would send it to me. It was hard to leave the man, knowing what I did, and he held to my hands so tightly the nurse had to unwind his fingers.

"'Tell her I'll soon be back home,' were his last words to me. The next day I telephoned the nurse. He had 'Gone Home' that night, but not to Regina.

"I met several from Montreal amongst the wounded, and we had great chats—John Patterson, son of the old hockey player, was one of them.

"One great consolation is that everything wealth can accomplish is being done for the men. The places the English have made into hospitals are simply wonderful in their cleanliness and comfort. In all our tour we never saw so many dead, dying and wounded as at Boulogne, but, thank God, we don't have a Neuve Chapelle every day."

SAFETY FIRST

You need an effective, dependable liniment and germicide in your home. Safety demands that it shall be harmless. Absorbine, Jr., is a germicide-liniment that combines safety with efficacy—it is made of herbs, safe and harmless to use.

Absorbine, Jr. is safe to use anywhere, even by the smallest member of the family. Applied to cuts, wounds, and bruises, it kills the germs makes the wound aseptic and promotes rapid healing.

Use Absorbine, Jr. wherever a high-grade liniment or a safe, powerful, germicide is indicated. To allay pain; to reduce sprains, wrenches, swollen veins or glands, wens, soft bunches; to heal cuts, bruises, sores, and ulcers; to spray the throat if sore or infected. $1.00 and $2.00 per bottle at druggists or postpaid.

A Liberal Trial Bottle will be sent postpaid upon receipt of 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P. D. F. 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

N.Y. German Paper Admits Gravity

NEW YORK, May 19.—Under the caption, "A Word of Earnest Advice," the evening edition of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung issued the following warning to Germans and German Americans:

"The times are grave—even very grave. A conflict between America and the old Fatherland is threatening. Such a conflict must rend the heart of every German-American who has acquired the rights of citizenship here, who had founded a new career for himself and brought up his children.

"It is probably unnecessary to give any advice to the American citizens among our readers in regard to their conduct in this grave time. A series of years must pass before an immigrant can obtain his citizenship papers; nobody is forced to become a citizen. Of the man who has voluntarily become a citizen of the United States we may therefore expect that he knows the conditions here obtaining the instructions of the country of his adoption as well as his rights and duties. But there are thousands upon thousands who are not citizens, and to them a serious word of advice shall now be addressed in the grave time of the conflict that efforts be made to avoid every personal conflict. It is not necessarily cowardly to deny one's defence, but it is not necessary, either, to make demonstrations. Where there is life there is hope. The hope is still entertained that the conflict will be eliminated, and that the bond of friendship between Germany and America will not be torn. Through thoughtless hotspurs who allow themselves to be carried away by excitement and do not dam up the flood of their eloquence, much mischief can be done."

Under the heading, "The President's Note," Herman Ridder, editor of the Staats-Zeitung, says of that publication in the issue of tomorrow:

"The attitude assumed by the President in the note delivered to the German Government, toward the infringement of our rights on the seas is diplomatically correct and must compel the support of the entire American people. We have suffered grievously at the hands of more than one of the belligerent nations, but for the moment we are dealing only with Germany. The note recites a series of events which the Government of the United States could not pass by, and demands reparation for American lives lost and American property already destroyed, and a guarantee that the rights of the United States and its citizens shall be observed in the future. All this the German Government may well grant, frankly and unreservedly, and without loss of honor or prestige. It would be incomprehensible if it did not do so."

TRENCH RABBITS IN PARIS

The Children of Belgian Farmers Brought from Firing Line

PARIS, May 18.—Three hundred children of Belgian farmers, living near the fighting line—152 of them girls and 148 boys—arrived in Paris to-day. They made a total of two thousand children who have been brought into the capital from Belgium, French and British camps in recent months. Many of the children are orphans or have been separated from their parents through the exigencies of war.

Many of the waifs had been cared for by the soldiers who call them trench rabbits. Some of them have been actually sheltered in bombproofs. Nearly all those who arrived to-day were carrying toys which had been made for them by their soldier guardians.

Many children have been wounded by shells during the fighting in Northern France. About Ninety have been treated in one large hospital near Armentieres. Some of them lost legs. One little boy, who was a special favorite of a detachment of the American ambulance, had more toys given him than any other child in the neighborhood. He has now been brought to the American hospital in Paris. This boys mother was killed by a shell. His father is serving in the French army.

Electrical apparatus has been invented to set up pins in bowling alleys as accurately and more rapidly than manual labor.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Missed Every Shot.

One of the best stories told about Sir John French, field marshal of the British forces, is how one night at dinner some officers were discussing rifle shooting. The general was listening, as was his wont, without making any remark, until at length he chipped in with:

"Say, I'll bet anyone here," in his calm, quiet, deliberate way, "that I can fire 10 shots at 500 yards and call each shot correctly without waiting for the marker. I'll stake a box of cigars on it."

The major present accepted the offer, and the next morning the whole mess was at the shooting range to see the trial.

Sir John fired. "Miss!" he announced. He fired again. "Miss!" repeated. A third shot. "Miss!"

"Hold on there!" protested the major. "What are you doing? You are not shooting at the target at all."

But French finished his task. "Miss!" "Miss!" "Miss!"

"Of course I wasn't shooting at the target," he said. "I was shooting for those cigars."

The Old Drum Roll.

One of the most remarkabe survivals of former days to be found in the British army is the regimental tune before parade of the 1st Batt. Worcestershire Regiment, the famous "Ever-Sworded," formerly the 29th Foot.

It is none other than the old "naval beat to quarters" drum roll of the Nelson days, "Hearts of Oak."

This is in commemoration of how the men of the old 29th, the Guards of the Line, did gallant service as marines in some of the ships engaged in Lord Howe's great naval victory usually alluded to as the "Glorious 1st of June."

BLOUSES At Their Best

We are now showing a splendid collection of Lingerie Blouses of the better sort, made in plain and embroidered Voiles, Organdies and Seed Voiles, the prices ranging from $2.00 to $7.50 each. We have also a good assortment of Crepe de Chene and Wash Silk Blouses from $3.50 to $8.50.

House Dresses

These Dresses are made of Anderson's Ginghams in striped, checked or plain materials, in shades of blue and grey. Splendid values at **$1.00**.

Collars

Another shipment of new Collars and Ruchings has just arrived. In it are collars of black, white, pink and blue Ruchings from **25c** to **50c** each, as well as several wide Ruchings by the yard.

Serges

Our stock of blue and black Serges is now very large. The prices range from **45c** for a light weight serge to **$2.75** for a beautiful suiting serge.

Palm Beach Silk

Coin spots are now being shown as the newest material in dresses. We have a good quality Palm Beach Silk with coin spots in blue, brown, rose and purple, 36 inches wide, at **35c** yard.

Cambric Underwear

We have a full range of Ladies' Gowns, Slips, Underskirts, Corset Covers and Drawers, very daintily made and trimmed. The prices range in Gowns and Underskirts from **59c** to **$1.50**, and in Corset Covers and Drawers from **25c** to **$2.00**.

Sinclair's See our 36 inch SILK BLOUSE CREPES All the popular shades, at $1.25 yd. **Sinclair's**

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S

BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.

Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.

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J. D. EVANS, C.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

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MADE IN CANADA

W.G.&R. TRADE MARK

SHIRTS COLLARS PYJAMAS SUMMER UNDERWEAR BOYS' BLOUSES

THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED BERLIN, ONTARIO 2

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.

Apply to S. MASSON, Barrister, etc. Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C. MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P. WM. CARNEW. Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.

Barrister, &c., 24 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office. Solicitor for Molsons Bank. Phone 71.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms. Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT

Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses. Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 718.

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER

Licensed Auctioneer. Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license. Terms for City Sales, 3 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

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Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Belleville. Phone 161.

FARM INSURANCE

I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100. Call and see me before renewing your insurance.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

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MERCANTILE AGENCY. Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office: 29 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville. Phone 548.

LEE CHEW.

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THOS. MANLEY & SON,

GENERAL CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS. Keep a staff of first class Carpenters, Bricklayers, Plasterers, and Cement Workers, always on hand, and are at your service for all kinds of Building Alterations and Repairs. Your work promptly attended to. Phone 523

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GENERAL CONSTRUCTION. Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. 270 Charles Street.

COME to this Store of good things to wear for your Spring Outfitting! Come where the best of Clothes and the best of a painstaking Clothes Service is ready and at your command.

RIGHT Prices are coupled with our splendid values and we make it our business to give every buyer the limit of good value for every dollar he leaves with us!

EVERY Patron of the store speaks in the highest terms of our satisfactory Clothes and our business methods—Go where you will you can not match at the prices such Splendid Suits and Top Coats as we are selling.

$7, $10, $12 to $25

QUICK & ROBERSTON

THE GOOD CLOTHES STORE

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

DRUNK ARRESTED

Alfred Legault was arrested last night for having imbibed too freely of John Barleycorn. The magistrate let him go on suspended sentence until June 19th.

BARRIEFIELD CAMP OPENS NEXT TUESDAY

Orders came to-day to Belleville detachments, consisting of 15th and 49th Regiments, who have enlisted since the 39th Batealion was mobilized, to proceed to Barriefield camp next Tuesday, the 25th inst.

An advance party to make preparations to receive the different detachments quartered throughout this district at present, will leave on Saturday. The 8th Regiment, C.M.R., consisting of 35 men under an officer, the 38th C.E.F. with 50 men and officer, and the 26th Battery, will act as the advance parties. The 26th will prepare for the 7th Artillery Brigade, C.E.F. All the advance parties wil take their cooks and helpers. The balance of the above mentioned units will go on Tuesday, the 25th. The Queen's University Canadian officers' Training Corps will proceed to camp on 25th inst.

The surplus overseas troops, who have enlisted since the mobilization of the 39th Battalion, and now assembled at the different regimental headquarters, of the undermentioned units, will proced to camp as stated:

14th Regiment, C.E.F., May 25th;
15th Regiment, C.E.F., May 25th;
16th Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
40th Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
42nd Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
43rd. Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
47th Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
49th Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
57th Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th;
59th Regiment, C. E. F., May 25th.

The 41st Regiment and 56th Regiment will leave on the 22nd inst.

The 45th Regiment from Lindsay. will not leave headquarters until a later date.

Col. T. D. R. Hemming will be the Barriefield Camp Commandment with the folowing staff as his officers:

Administration—Col. G. Hunter Ogilvie.

General Staff Officer—Major W. J. Brown.

A. D. S. & T.—Major Hamilton.

S. O. O.—Major P. E. Predeaux.

A. D. M. S. & Sanitary Officer—Capt. R. J. Gardner.

Musketry Instructor—Lieut. W. E. Swaine.

Signallying Officer, Ordnance Officer and Subordinate Staff are to be selected by Colonel Hemming from the different units..

The 49th Regiment, Hastings Rifles, has already 31 enlisted for overseas' service since the 39th Battalion was inaugurated, and these will leave on Tuesday for Barriefield.

The 15th Regiment have started enlisting for overseas again, and yesterday two enlisted. Lieut. B. M. McCargar is the recruiting officer and it is expected that the 15th will be up to the required strength within a very short time. The 15th will go into camp also at Barriefield on Tuesday.

In view of the fact that orders have been officially received for the Barriefield camp, it was the impression this morning that orders for the moving of the 39th would be received this week and it is expected unofficially that the whole Battalion will leave by Wednesday of next week.

Madoc's Big Fair

On Monday, May 24, Madoc expects an enormous crowd of people, because this is the day she celebrates. The movement was started under the direction of some of the prominent lacrosse leaders in Madoc and the surrounding towns. The association was formed under the name of "The Trent Valley Athletic Association."

Each town has a day set apart on which to celebrate, and on these days lacrosse, football and numerous other attractions will be given. Each town will help each other to boom this special day.

Madoc will celebrate May 24th, Tweed July 1st, Marmora August 4th, Stirling (date not set)

The following officers were elected: President—W. J. Hill, Madoc.
1st Vice.—R. Coulter, Stirling.
2nd Vice.—H. Connor, Marmora.
Sec.-Treas.—Dr. H. S. Allen, Tweed.

Everyone is asked to boost this day and make it a big one for Madoc.

GERMANS CAPTURE WIG

Corporal Frederick Jagger, of the King's Royal Rifles, an exchanged wounded prisoner, is now recuperating in Queen Alexandria Hospital, Millbank. He not only lost one leg, but was also scalped on the battlefield.

The Corporal told a strange tale of adventure to a Daily Express representative yesterday.

"During the fighting on Nov. 2," he said, "I was intrenched with my regiment a few miles northeast of Ypres. I was working one of the machine guns along with the others. We were having it all our own way, and we were simply mowing down the Germans.

"Suddenly we received the order to cease firing, and as we rested on the side of the trench a German officer came toward us with a white flag in his hand. He was followed by a couple of hundred Germans, with their rifles, bayonets fixed, slung across their shoulders. We all thought it was a general surrender, but when the brutes reached the trench they rush it, and I am one of the very few elft to tell the story.

"I was taken later to a field hospital at Courtrai, where my leg was amputated. Meanwhile, however, I had been (stripped of all my belongings, including my wig—which they kept as a souvenir. I must explain that I lost my hair during the siege of Ladysmith in the Boer war—the result of eating putrid horseflesh."

Corporal Jagger now has a brand new wig, and he proudly boasts that he owes the new head covering to the kindness of the King.

"One day when I was lying in the hospital the King paid us a visit, and noticing my bald head, inquired how I had lost my hair. On hearing my story the King gave orders at once that I was to have a new wig."

Now Jagger is happy.—London Express.

Avoid harsh purgatives for children. The ideal laxative is Rexall Orderlies. Sold only by J. S. McKeokn, The Rexall Store, 10c 25c. & 50c. boxes.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH

The annual election of the representatives of the congregation on the Official Board of the Bridge Street Methodist Church took place last evening. The following gentlemen were elected for the next church year.

H. J. Clarke, M.A., I.P.S., Dr. Day, E. P. Frederick, Douglas Holton, G. M. James, M.A. L.L.B., R. B. Morden, David Price, Dr. Ray and R. B. Wiseman.

The Official Board of this church numbers about 30 so that the congregational representatives are aoubt one third of the Board. The balance of the members consist of the pastors, associate pastors, Board of Stewards and the heads of the different church organizations.

WOUNDED CANADIANS TO BE SENT HOME

An important announcement has been made of the measures which the military authorities are taking for the care of convalescent Canadian soldiers.

It is the policy of the Imperial authorities to send home to Canada wounded Canadian soldiers just as soon as they are able to travel. A number of these heroes, disabled in recent engagements, have already reached Queebc. It is proposed to establish a central hospital there, where all patients will be recorded, examined and allowed to rest until ready to proceed to their own homes or to a convalescent home in the division to which they belong. The military authorities are tackling the question of convalescent homes and think that in most cases private residences will be offered free for this purpose.

HOMESEEKERS SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES TORONTO 10.45 P.M. EACH TUESDAY, COMMENCING JUNE 1st, 1915.

For the accommodation of Homeseekers and general tourist traffic to Western Canada, through train carrying Tourist Sleepers and Colonist Cars will, commencing June 1st, leave Toronto 10.45 each Tuesday until further notice, running through to Winnipeg.

Attention is directed to the remarkably low round trips fares in connection with Homeseekers' Excursions to Western Canada via Canadian Pacific Railway. Tickets are on sale each Tuesday until October 26th, inclusive and are good to return within two months from date of sale.

Apply to any C.P.R. agent for full particulars or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Local Legal

Master's Chambers. Before J. A. C. Cameron, Master.

Ferguson v. Rikley—H. E. Rose, K. C. for defendant, moved to change venue from Picton to Napanee. A. R. Clute for plaintiff. Enlarged to 21st inst.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us

We Can Save You Money By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co. Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City. Box 105.

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

Massey Silver Ribbon WHEELS
$40 and $50
National, - - - $28.50
Built by a firm with a world's reputation.

333 FRONT STREET

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

PANAMA and STRAW HATS
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
235½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—

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Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 205.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Drug Apprentice or Assistant Wanted

Apply personally or in writing, with references

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Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
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ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.
R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

EVOLUTION OF THE LAWYER.

Attorneys Were Fighters In the Days of Wager of Battle.

In the days when suits at common law in England were settled by wager of battle the attorney was known as champion. It will be understood that this position was one of real importance, where one party to a cause or one affected by it was either a woman or a child. It was customary even for men to employ a champion to wage battle for them for precisely the same reason that a litigant at present employs a lawyer — because the champion was experienced and learned in his profession.

Under the Anglo-Saxons the litigant, if a male adult, came into court himself and pleaded his own cause. The Christian kings in this period had abolished the earlier wager of battle, which later was restored by the conquering Normans. As women and minors could not come into court they were allowed to be represented by whomsoever they chose.

The exact time when it may be said that the recognized lawyer came upon the scene in the English courts is open to considerable difference of opinion. That there were officers of the king's court under William the Conqueror, who might be likened to attorneys, seems probable, but under Edward I. there is positive record of sergeants-at-law. These officers of the court were under oath to serve the king and his people, and received a small compensation from the court.

In some of the ancient illuminated manuscript treatises on the laws of England there are pictures of the sergeants standing beside the litigants and at the same time being a part of the court. The sergeants received the same kind of legal training deemed necessary for a judge in those days, and the bench was filled with men who had formerly been sergeants-at-law. As time wore on it was found necessary to add counselors-at-law to assist in keeping up with the increase of legal business, and from these to the modern attorney, as we know him, was only another phase in the development.

The attorney even in this country is technically an officer of the court, although he does not act directly for the court but for his client. It has long been recognized in the criminal courts that it is imperative for a prisoner to be represented by counsel, and for that reason the court is authorized to appoint an attorney for such prisoners as are unrepresented.

The Marquess' Cork Leg.

The first Marquess of Anglesey lost his leg at Waterloo in gallantly leading a charge, and the limb was buried and a monument placed over it, which became a source of income to the proprietor of the burial place.

It may be interesting to many to know (writes Mr. C. J. Meade, St. Ellen's, Hove,) that about that time cork legs were invented by a merchant at Bradford, in Yorkshire, named Mann. The news of the invention led the Marquess of Anglesey and other officers who had been maimed in the war to go to Bradford to obtain an artificial leg from Mr. Mann. It was some time before the stump of the Marquess' leg was sufficiently healed for him to wear a leg, and at Bradford he was surgically treated by a Dr. Sharp, in whose books (which afterwards came into the possession of my father, who in 1841 succeeded to Dr. Sharp's practice), I have often seen the entry, "Salve for the Marquess of Anglesey's stump."

Some of the maimed warriors who went to Bradford seeking a cork leg ingratiated themselves with the heiresses of the neighborhood and carried away from Bradford a wife as well as a new leg. I can recall the name of one such warrior—namely, Sir John de Veaux, who won the hand of the daughter of Mr. Hird, one of the original partners in the famous Low Moor Iron Works.

Why not Try Yerex's Bread? You'll like it.
You will eat twice as much of it.
This is the verdict of our many pleased customers.
AT ALL GROCERS.
Or Phone 787 and wagon will call.
YEREX'S Bakery
68 Sinclair St., West Belleville
Wrapped. Full Weight.

Notice

LICENSE DISTRICT OF WEST HASTINGS
Ontario Liquor License Act.

Take notice that an application has been made to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario for permission to transfer the Albion Hotel License now held by Thomas Haslip of Belleville to Wm. J. Smith of Belleville and that at the expiration of ten days from the date of the publication of this notice, the said application will be considered by the Board.

Any person objecting thereto should file a written notice thereof with the undersigned Inspector within one week from the date thereof, together with the reasons therefor.

Dated at Belleville this 13th day of May 1915.

R. C. ARNOTT,
License Inspector.

2t:m13,20

Notice

LICENSE DISTRICT OF WEST HASTINGS
Ontario Liquor License Act.

Take notice that an application has been made to the Board of License Commissioners for Ontario for permission to transfer the City Hotel License now held by A. E. Trueman of Belleville to Messrs. Henry Johnson and Edward Naylor, both of Belleville, and that at the expiration of ten days from the date of the publication of this notice, the said application will be considered by the Board.

Any person objecting thereto should file a written notice thereof with the undersigned Inspector within one week from the date thereof, together with the reasons therefor.

Dated at Belleville this 13th day of May, 1915.

R. C. ARNOTT.
License Inspector.

2t:m13,20

Wireless Fog Guns.

A system of wireless control that is now being applied successfully at several points in Scotland seems to have solved the problem of distant control of acetylene fog guns located at points difficult of access. When started, the gun automatically feeds and fires itself at regular intervals until stopped or until the supply of acetylene runs out, and the wireless control simply provides a means of starting it when there is a fog and stopping it when the fog clears.

The control waves are sent out by an ordinary wireless station of rather low power, while the waves are received at the fog guns by four short aerials. The electric impulses then pass to two synchronizers, each of which is connected with one of two electro-magnets that control a needle valve in the outlet of the acetylene tank. When one of these magnets is energized it opens the needle valve and causes the gun to begin and continue feeding and firing itself automatically, and when the other magnet is energized the valve is closed and the operation of the gun is stopped.

The Man of All Others.

Three girls are exchanging confidences and telling each other what sort of men they like best.

First Girl: I like a man with a past. A man with a past is always interesting.

Second Girl: That's true, but I don't think he is nearly so interesting as a man with a future.

Third Girl: The man who interests me is the man with a present.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Silk Crepe de Chine
And
Wash Silk Blouses

Articles Very Much Sought After Just Now

IN all their freshness, surrounded by tissue, are these most delightful examples of what is really new in Blouses.

Dainty Crepe de Chines, Flesh Colored and White Silks, Pretty Black and White Stripes, and the ever-popular Wash-Silk ones, are here in a myriad of pretty styles and at such prices.

Only **$2.75** to **$4.00**

Middies for the 24th

And the ones with the Flannel Collars at $1.50 are marvels of daintiness!

Then the others, with their lacings and colored collars, with their colored tips and bands, at $1.00 and $1.25, made of splendid quality duck, and the colored collars being all washable.

Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Prelate's Ruling In Kikuyu Affair

Summary of Pronouncement by the Archbishop of Canterbury

The Bishop of Kingston contributes the following letter to the Mail and Empire:—

Sir,—In the presence of the great issues which we are now facing, we are naturally, and rightly, inclined to forget and put aside as unimportant matters which in less strenuous times aroused considerable interest. My only reason for asking you to publish these notes on the above subject is that you have already alluded in a leading article to the Archbishop of Canterbury's pronounced thereon, the conclusions from which, necessarily condensed as it is, might very easily be misleading without further elucidation. The pronouncement is based upon the replies given to the Archbishop by a consulative committee, consisting of the Archbishops of York, Armagh, and the West Indies; the Primus of Scotland; the Primate of Canada; the Bishops of Winchester, Exeter and Gibraltar, and Bishops Copleston, Wallis and Ryle, to two questions submitted to them by him with reference to the proposals made at a conference of missionaries held in Kikuyu, in British East Africa, in 1913, regarding a scheme of federation of missionary societies, and to combined communion service, which was held at the close of the conference. The first question, briefly, was: "Do the provisions of the proposed scheme contravene any principles of Church order, the observance of which as obligatory upon the bishops, the clergy, and the lay workers of the Church of England at home and abroad? If so, in what particulars?" The second question, after setting forth that the service in question was attended by a large number of missionaries, and that many of those who communicated were not members of the Church of England, and had not been Episcopally confirmed, asks whether the action of the bishops who arranged and conducted the admittedly abnormal service in question was, in the opinion of the consulative body, consistent or inconsistent with principles accepted by the Church of England?

I have before me the full text of the reply given by the consulative body to these questions, and also copious extracts from the Archbishops pronouncement based on that reply. In effect, the Archbishop says that while co-operation of every kind is to be welcomed, federation of one section of a great communion with some of those outside could not take place without compromising or at least effecting the life and organization of the whole communion or society of which it is a part. Therefore, more than local sanction is require and nothing of the sort ought to be done till the whole church has had an opportunity of considering the proposals at the next Lambeth Conference in 1918. The consulative body expressed themselves to a like effect.

With regard to details of the proposed scheme, the Archbishop says regarding the proposal that "for the present all recognized as ministers in their own churches shall be welcomed to preach as visitors in the other federated churches," that he does not think that this rule breaks any obligatory principles of Church order, provided always that, in the case of a minister or layman of any other religious body preaching in any of our churches, he must be duly accredited by the bishop of the diocese. This latter provision neither he nor the consulative committee appear to consider to be sufficiently safeguarded by the proposal as it stands, though there can be little doubt that the Bishops of Uganda and Mombasa when agreeing to that proposal had some such intention in their minds.

The American Church has a canon to the above effect, which, however, I believe is not very largely acted upon.

The next point upon which the Archbishop speaks is the admission to Holy Communion in Anglican churches of those who belong to other denominations, and have not been Episcopally confirmed. The Archbishop says that in his opinion it is right to leave large responsibility with the diocesan bishop, but that he has no hesitation in saying that he thinks that a diocesan bishop acts rightly in sanctioning the admission to Holy Communion of a devout Christian man to whom the ministrations of his own church are for the time inaccessible, and who, as a baptized person, wishes to avail himself of the opportunity of communicating at our altars. But the would-be recipient must loyally accept "the Holy Scripture as our supreme rule of faith and practice, the Apostles' and Nicene Creeds as a general expression of fundamental Christian belief; and in particular, belief in that absolute authority of Holy Scripture as the Word of God, in the Deity of Jesus Christ and in the atoning death of our Lord as the ground of our forgiveness."

It will be seen at once that no sort of justification is given by this opinion for the invitation to all and sundry to attend celebration of the Holy Communion which are sometimes issued in Anglican churches. Such permission is only to be given in cases of sheer necessity and after a most careful enquiry into credentials. The consulative body explains that the church regards confirmation not merely as a condition of admission to Holy Communion, but as an Apostolic means of grace by which the life of the baptized is strengthened for Chirstian service by the Holy Spirit, but adds that the rubric insisting on confirmation does not prevent the admission to occasional communion of individuals who are deprived of the ministrations of the church to which they belong, and considers that the matter belongs to the discretion of the bishop which he may well exercise especially, though not exclusively, in the mission field.

With regard to what might seem to be a corollary from the above, namely, that Church people resident in a district assigned to the care of a non-Church mission should communicate i nthe chruches of that mission—the consulative body, after remarking that this appears to be implied in the proposed scheme, speaks as follows: "We are bound to say that we cannot regard any such arrangements as consistent with the principles of the Church of England.' The Archbishop of Canterbury also deprecates most strongly the idea that the occasional admission of non-Episcopalians in special circumstances to our communion service carries or implies a corresponding readiness to bid the members of our church, when temporarily isolated, seek the Holy Communion at the hands of any Christian minister, though not Episcopally ordained, who may be within reach.

Lastly, with regard to the joint communion service of all denominations held at Kikuyu, both the consulative body and the Archbishop, while rendering the highest acknowledgment to the excellent motivs actuating all concerned, think that it would be unwise and undesirable to repeat such a service, at elast till the Church as a whole has had an opportunity of pronouncing upon the principles involved.

Summing up, we find that the decisions are as follows:

1. Ministers recognized in their own bodies may be invited to preach in Anglican churches, provided that the bishop invite them or authorize the invitation.

2. Non-Anglicans to whom the ministrations of their own communion are for the time inaccessible may be admitted to the Holy Communion in an Anglican Church at the discretion of the bishop, on condition of the acceptance of the Apostles and Nicene Creeds, the absolute authority of the Scripture as the Word of God, and the Deity of our Lord.

3 Anglicans must not receive the communion from ministers not Episcopally ordained or whose orders are otherwise irregular.

4. We shall act rightly in abstaining for the present at any rate from such services as the closing service at Kikuyu (combined communion service of all denominations).

You will be doing the Anglican Church a kindly service if you will publish this lengthy communication. The matter is of sufficient interest to Anglicans to require to be widely known by them and though no doubt the church papers will deal with the matter, many of our people will read it in your columns who do not see those papers. How far the Anglican Church in Canada is affected by this pronouncement will probably be decided at the meeting of the General Synod in Toronto in September next. Meanwhile they are set forth here without comment. In the face of the presnt crisis one would like to forget all that is divisive, but it will be convenient to have the decisions of the Archbishop on record.

Faithfully Yours,
EDWARD J. BIDWELL,
Bishop of Kingston.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. **RITCHIE'S** PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

FOR THE VERANDAH

AEROLUX

Aerolux No-Whip Verandah Shades

We are sole agents for these celebrated Verandah Shades and stock them in sizes and prices as follows:

Size 4ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $3.00
Size 6ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $4.50
Size 8ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $6.00
Size 10ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $7.75
Or any size to order.

Third Floor

AWNING DUCK, 28c YD.

36 inch Awning Duck of super quality in Green and White, Red and White, and Blue and White Stripes, extra good value at........... ......28c yard

A phone or personal call will bring a competent man to your home who will take the necessary measurements and put them in place when done. We also make the curtains complete, any desired size, at a reasonable cost.

(Staple Department behind the Elevator)

Bamboo Verandah Shades

The most reasonably priced Verandah Shades we handle. Shown in Natural Bamboo and Green; sizes range from 4 feet wide by 8 feet long to 12 feet wide by 8 feet long, priced at ....$1.00 to $3.00

Japanese Matting

Matting by the yard in the most dependable qualities only, stencilled and jacquard designs, all colors and neat patterns, at........17c to 65c yard

Japanese Stencilled and Jacquard Rugs

Sized and priced as follows:—

STENCIL JAP MATS
Hearth size,......................25c to 50c
Floor Rugs,.. ....95c to $3.00

JACQUARD WOVEN RUGS
Hearth Rugs,................ ....45c
Floor Rugs,............$1.25 to $3.50

A Further Reduction
In Price Of
Ladies' and Misses' Suits

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit values we have ever offered; and we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the original price tickets. They tell the tory better than all we could say. But here's a general description of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at ....

$7.95

Ladies' Sport Shirts $1.50

Newest style of waist for outing wear now showing in the Mantle Room, featuring long sleeves, loose body and large roll collar; very suitable for boating, motoring or playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

The Best Corset Model We Ever Offered at $1.00

Made of heavy English coutil, trimmed at top with white net and lace and draw string; non-rust aluminum steels, and six best D. & A. hose supporters; 5 hooks and a clasp. Regular $1.35 value and undoubtedly the best Corset value ever offered at $1.00

(Sizes 19 to 28)

Reg. $6.00 Brocade Silk Corsets, $3.50 Pair

About 5 dozen of these great Corset values, made by the D. & A. Corset Manufacturers for export trade, but could not be delivered. We secured them at a decided bargain, and offer them at an equally attractive price .... $3.50 pair.

American Lady Model (No. 354) Same as Illustration $2.50

A very up-to-date Corset designed for average figures, made of fine French coutil, elastic gores over hips, trimmed at top with net piped with satin and satin bow, 1 hook below, 5 clasps and six hose supporters. Sizes 19 to 26 .... $2.50

(Corset Dept., Main Floor, rear)

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size

The RITCHIE Company Limited

REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 5 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

FOR SALE OR RENT, HOUSE, NEARLY new; modern conveniences, 111 Chatham Street; also one lot, will sell cheap if sold at once. Apply O. A. Snyder, 74 Victoria Avenue. 15-6td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FINE BRICK house, corner John and Alexander street. All latest improvements and good garage. Apply Thos. Manley. Phone 529. a5-dtf

AGENTS WANTED

LUSITANIA DESTRUCTION AND HORrors of the Great War—thrilling, heartrending and appailing. Greatest seller ever published. Only dollar. Best terms. Sample book free. Winston Co., Toronto. 15-6td

WANTED

OLD GENTLEMAN WISHES TO LET small comfortable house and board with tenant if agreeable. Apply 14 Burrell Street. m19-tf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. O. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, COOK, WITH REFERENCES. Apply evenings between 4 and 6 to Mrs. Corby, 169 George Street. 18-dtf

WANTED, A OOD PASTRY COOK. APPLY Crystal Hotel. 18-4td

WANTED, A GIRL FOR DINING ROOM. Apply Ideal Cafe, 28 Front Street. 20-2td

BRITISH TRAWLER SUNK

(Canadian Press Special)

PETERHEAD, Scotland, May 20.—The British trawler, Chrysolite, was sunk by a German submarine 30 miles off Kinnaid's Head in the North Sea yesterday. The crew took to the boats and were landed here by a Norwegian steamer. It is believed that at least two submarines are operating in these waters.

Granite-cutting plants at Montpelier and Barre, Vt., idle since March 1 because of difficulties between manufacturers and employes over wages, were re-opened.

We Make Pies

that will surely tempt you, and we will have a great variety for Saturday.

Peach Pies	20c. each
Pineapple Pies	20c. each
Apple Pies	25c. each
Pumpkin Pies	20c. each
Raisin Pies	20c. each
Apricot Pies	20c. each
Custard Pies	20c. each
Lemon Pies	25c. each

Ring us up for one of these, sure!

Chas. S. Clapp

After the Honeymoon

Is the time when domestic help becomes pressing. A Want Ad. in our paper will solve the problem.

Desirable people who want employment appreciate its value and consult the "Help Wanted" ads.

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Weber Piano, in good condition, $90.00. Easy terms.—Goodsell's music store. 20-21

The Dramtaic Class of Albert College will give 2 short humorous plays in the College Chapel, Friday evening May 21st. Admission 15c. 14,15,19,20

Raymond Sewing Machine "Canadian Made". None better. Easy terms.—Goodsell's Music Store. 20-21

C. P. R. TICKETS

You can travel via C.P.R. to Montreal, New York, and any other Eastern or Intermediate points; also Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and all Western and Intermediate points.

S. BURROWS, C.P.R. AGENT. M11,t,t,s,dtf

NOTICE
DANCING

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnstone have gratefully accepted the use of the Oddfellow's New Hall in which their classes will be held until further notice.

Special Social Dance, Monday, May 24th, 8.30 till 12.30. Usual Admission. Orchestra.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

If your hair is thin, faded or discolored, or if you're bald; if you would make your appearance attractive and youthful and benefit your health and comfort, be sure you see the Dorenwend Company's wonderful display of quality hair goods at the Hotel Quinte, Belleville, on Friday, May 28th—Switches, Braids, Transformations, Pompadours, Wavelets, etc., of unsurpassed quality hair and workmanship. Also Dorenwend art hair-toupees for bald men, including the famous sanitary patent structures. You are offered a free-demonstration of any style. Remember the date, Friday, May 28th. Prof. Dorenwend will be here in person. 1tw

Bell Piano Cased Organ, $75.00. Easy terms.—Goodsell's music store. 21-23

Massassaga Park will open for the season on May 24th. Picnics and excursions solicited. The yacht "Say When" will run regular trips on May 24: first boat leaving 9 o'clock. Last boat leaves the Park at eleven o'clock. Orchestra and Dancing. M20,3t

Easty Organ for $35.00. Easy terms. Goodsell's Music Store. 20-21

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus, we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1915. No. 311

German Losses At Langemarck

Information from Germany Shows That the Canadians Killed 12,000 and Wounded 20,000

OTTAWA, May 20.—Authentic information received by the Militia Department from German sources shows that while the Canadians at the battle Langemarck had over six thousand casualties, the loss they inflicted upon the enemy was even more terrible. The Germans had 12,000 killed and more than 20,000 wounded.

TEN THOUSAND MORE FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE

OTTAWA, May 20.The call has gone forth for ten thousand more troops from Canada for service overseas. At a full meeting of the Militia Council this morning it was decided to at once proceed to the raising of seven new battalions of infantry and several brigades of artillery. These will be in addition to the third division, from which reinforcements have already been drawn by companies from the various battalions, which battalions are again busy recruiting to strength The new battalions will be raised as follows:

One battalion from Toronto, one from Kingston, one from Montreal, one from Winnipeg, one from Manitoba and Saskatchewan, one from Alberta, and one from British Columbia.

It is probable that in each city the various militia regiments will supply a company each to the battalion organized there—as, for instance, in Montreal, where one company will be raised by the Victoria Rifles, one by the 65th, one by the Irish Rangers and one by the Grenadier Guards. The disposition of the new artillery brigade has not yet been definitely decided upon.

It is estimated that there are now 60,000 Canadian soldiers across the water, 40,000 of whom are on the firing line, not allowing for casualties The second division is said to have been landed. It is stated that there is a total of 110,000 men at present under arms. This leaves 50,000 still in Canada. These include the third infantry contingents, and about thirteen regiments of Mounted Rifles, most of whom have volunteered to go as infantry. Whether it is intended to place a third full division in the field or not has not been announced, the impression being, however, that it will be a sufficient task to provide reinforcements for and keep up to strength two full divisions on the firing line, together with the Princess Patricias and the Strathcona Horse and Royal Canadian Dragoons.

Reports received here of the spring recruiting are exceedingly satisfactory there being no abatement anywhere of the enlistment. In Ottawa, where recruiting was very slow at the start, the military spirit is now very keen, while across the river in Hull recruiting for the third French-Canadian regiment is very active. Men from the Gatineau, hard and fit after a winter in the woods, are answering the call splendidly. Word also comes of the exceedingly high standard of the levies from the west.

S.H. MUNDHEIM ARRESTED AND IS TO BE INTERNED

MONTREAL, May 20.—Arrested at the outbreak of the war, but released almost immediately afterward, S. H. Mundheim the German manager of the Cement Products Company of Canada was taken into custody in Montreal this afternoon by officers of the Enemy Aliens Department, and will be interned in Fort Henry at Kingston, probably until the war is ended.

Mundheim, who resided in Quebec, in close proximity to the company's extensive plant on the Island of Orleans, has never concealed his pro-German views. His immunity was due to the fact that the company by which he was employed has as directors and stockholders prominent and influential men in the Province, but last Monday orders were received here from the Dominion police at Ottawa that Mundheim was to be arrested.

Mundheim, who was born in Germany forty-seven years ago, came to Canada about fifteen years ago, but had never become a naturalized citizen.

Germans Lose 17 Submarines

LONDON, May 20.—A Copenhagen despatch says a report is current in German naval circles that seventeen German submarines have been lost since Februrary 18th; the date of the commencement of the submarine blockade of England.

ITALY NOW FOR WAR A PEOPLE'S TRIUMPH

An Ultimatum from Italy to Austria is Expected To-day—Chamber of Deputies Has Passed Bill Giving Government Plenary Powers for Conduct of War

(Canadian Press Special)

GENEVA, May 21.—Rome reports says an ultimatum from Italy to Austria may be expected today and a declaration of war before the week-end. The Austrian ambassador is expected to leave Rome tomorrow. The Swiss Government is taking every step possible to maintain neutrality, and will order a general mobilization the day Italy enters the war.

The Rome Tribune says Spain will probably be asked to protect the interests of Italians in Germany after war is declared.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 21.—In a despatch from Rome the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph says: "Premier Salandra this morning obtained the Royal signature to a decree suspending immunity of the Austrian and German ambassadors to the Vatican, who leave tomorrow."

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 21.—The Messagero declares a council of Ministers will meet after the session of the Senate and will probably draft a form of declaration of war against Austria-Hungary.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 21.—Premier Salandra introduced in the Senate today a bill passed by the Chamber of Deputies conferring upon the government plenary powers in regard to the conduct of war. It is predicted that the Senate will unanimously approve the bill.

BRITISH CABINET CRISIS

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 21.—It is announced that Arthur Henderson, labor leader, succeeds Herbert L. Samuel, as president of the local government board in the re-organized cabinet.

LONDON, May 20.—The National Government, which is to guide the British Empire for the duration of war, is now in progress of formation. The leaders of the political parties were in conference throughout the day arranging details.

No statement has yet been made as to the personnel of the new Ministry, except that Premier Asquith and Foreign Secretary Grey will remain in the posts which they now hold. Thus far, all the statements as to the allotment of officers have been based largely on surmise. It appears certain, however, that there will be a new civil head of the Admiralty and War Office respectively, and possibly changes in the professional heads as well, or, at any rate, a readjustment of the responsibility.

Earl Kitchener, the Secretary for War, it is generally agreed has too much to do in the direction of the war, raising new armies and the organization of the output of munitions, and some of these duties will be shifted to other shoulders. Chancellor Lloyd George and Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the Opposition, are about equally favored for civil head of the War Office, and A. J. Balfour is mentioned for a similar position in the Admiralty. In the latter case there is some doubt as to whether Mr. Balfour would consent to accept this position.

However, there is to be a complete change in the whole Government including not only the Cabinet, but the under-secretaryships as well, and the posts will be distributed among the Liberals, Unionists and Laborities, according to their strength in the House of Commons. The Nationalists, it is understood, have definitely decided to stand aside.

REPORTED THAT RIGA HAS FALLEN TO GERMANS

LONDON, May 21.—(Special)—The Daily News has the following from Copenhagen, dated Thursday: A private despatch from Stockholm reports rumors of a big naval battle on the Baltic. It is stated that the Germans have conquered the Russian port of Riga.

Riga is Russia's principal port on the Baltic, aside from Petrograd. The town lies at the head of the Gulf of Riga, 312 miles southwest of Petrograd. It is an important industrial and commercial centre, its industries being the manufacture of machinery, railroad cars and tobacco. It has a population of about 300,000, many of whom, before the war, were Germans.

Swiss to Protest to Germany

(Canadian Press Special)

BERNE, Switzerland, May 21.—The Swiss federal authorities have decided to make suitable representations to Germany on the sinking of the Lusitania by which three Swiss citizens lost their lives.

Germany Optimistic

Hopes America Will Permit Continued Submarine War

BERLIN, via Amsterdam, May 19.—Germany's answer to the United States will probably reaffirm Germany's previously stated position by announcing a continuation of the submarine war.

In well-informed quarters the hope is expressed that Americans are too sensible not to see the German point of view of absolute necessity in the life and death struggle and the absurdity of American travellers giving immunity to contraband. There is still the optimistic feeling that the Lusitania incident will not cause war.

Italy's possible participation in the war is overshadowing the situation in Berlin, and the American note is arousing little excitement, although there is popular interest in the alleged fact that the Lusitania was an ammunition-carrying auxiliary cruiser.

Count Reventlaw says: "The submarine war will be continued. The German Government knew what it was doing when it took its present course."

YOUNG SCOTCH SOLDIER OVERSTAYED HIS LEAVE

TORONTO, May 21.—Private Frank Crawley, aged 18 years, of the 39th Battalion, Belleville, was arrested last night by Detective Young at the request of the military authorities on a charge of desertion. Crawley received a week's leave of absence some time ago but failed to return. He stated on being arrested that he had come to Toronto to meet his mother, who was coming here from Scotland, and owing to her non-arrival he was forced to overstay his leave. Crawley was born in Scotland and has three brothers at the front. One went with the first contingent and besides breaking his arm while at Salisbury, has been thrice wounded at the front. A second brother, who is with one of the Scottish regiments has been awarded the Victoria Cross for saving an officer in the face of a terrific rifle fire. The third brother is attached to one of the Territorial regiments. Crawley gave his Toronto address as 73 McGill street.

An escort left Belleville this afternoon to bring back Pte. Crawley.

Roosevelt Wins Libel Case

(Canadian Press Special)

SYRACUSE, May 21.—The jury in the Barnes-Roosevelt libel suit reported this morning that they had agreed upon a verdict for defendant. The jury polled and eleven declared for defendant and one for plaintiff.

PROMINENT AVIATOR IS KILLED BY A FALL

PARIS, May 21.—Albert Moreau, one of the French aviators, has been killed by a fall of his aeroplane at Melun. Moreau was the inventor of a safety device to prevent the capsizing of aeroplanes. In 1913 he won the Bonnet prize with a self-righting aeroplane which he drove without touching the levers.

Canadians Who Shirk Their Duty

"Unless Recruits are Forthcoming Conscription May be Resorted to" Says Officials

Only one vagrant spent last night at the city's expense. One, Wallace by name, strolled into the police station about ten o'clock and asked for a bed. He left this morning at eight, apparently with the intention of being the unwelcome guest of some other municipality tonight. Wallace is 28 years of age, tall, and of a fine athletic build. There are usually several of this class who apply for "protection" every night.

"It seems a shame that this class of men do not enlist when men are so urgently needed for their King and country," said a military official this morning.

Recruiting is going on now for the 4th contingent, and up to date there have been only five who have enlisted in the local 15th regiment and 38 in the 49th Hastings Rifles.

An Intelligencer representative made a call at some of the well known hangouts for loafers in this city, and found dozens of fine strapping men lounging about, and the majority were in apparently destitute circumstances.

"It would be too bad to have the honor of Canada besmirched by conscription, but unless more recruits are forthcoming conscription will have to be resorted to," said an official. "It is disgraceful to think of the fine class of men that are gallantly and willingly giving up their lives towards the overthrow of Kaiserdom, and at the same time these men, who are no good for their city, nor to themselves, will idle around, being supported by those at the front and at home, especially in view of the fact that every dollar and man is urgently needed.

"It is high time," he continued, "that these men were arrested as vagrants and given the option of enlisting or being locked up with hard labor."

It might do for a suggestion to force these men to do such work as this class of humanity is capable of, in the making of munitions of war.

One man of fine soldierly appearance informed The Intelligencer that he could not get work. This man was offered a position on the spot, but it was work that required labor such as he apparently was equal to but one could not wear gloves at it.

"Oh, that is too hard!" said the 170 pounds of uselessness.

"Well, why don't you enlist?" asked our representative.

"Huh!" said the "gentleman" with a shrug of his shoulders, as he lounged back into his chair until such time as some easy mark would come his way and buy him a meal.

"The fact that the 49th has 38 recruits and the Belleville regiment only 5 is a deplorable fact in itself, and in a way discredits the heretofore untarnished name of our fair city," said one prominent citizen.

Now is the time to display the true meaning of "Canadian Manhood and Patriotism." "Wake up, men, your country needs you NOW."

Goeben Took Flight

Queen Elizabeth Fired Across the Peninsula at Cruiser

Eastern Mediterranean, May 19.—The Goeben which recently has shown considerable activity above the Narrows in supporting Turkish troops, opposing the Australian and New Zealand forces by firing across the peninsula, was attacked by the Queen Elizabeth from the Gulf of Saros. Owing to the extreme difficulty of indirect fire over the mountain range and the invisibility of the enemy ship, the British dreadnought was unable to fire many shells before the Goeben took flight. An observer in an aeroplane directed the Queen Elizabeth's fire.

Chameleon-like actics are being employed by Turkish snipers in the Gallipoli. Recent captures have disclosed the enemy's ingenuity. Several sharpshooters had painted their hands and faces green to conceal their position amongst the tree foliage.

An amusing incident of the recent fighting in the Dardanelles is related by Turkish prisoners here, who state that they surrendered to the French in preference to the coal-black Sengalese. The Turks were terrorized by the appearance of the Sengalese whose faces are curiously marked in infancy to ward off evil spirits. They thought the Senegalese were cannibals and feared they would eat their prisoners.

ALLIES AT YSER DRIVE BACK ENEMY

French Resist Germans, Advance Positions and Take 120 Prisoners—British Troops Gain Ground at La Bassee

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 21.—(Afternoon's official statement).—North of Ypres and east of the Yser canal the enemy early last night started an attack against our trenches. He was successful in the beginning in gaining a footing, but an immediate counter attack resulted in complete expulsion. At the same time we won ground beyond our original positions. In this fighting we took 120 prisoners.

Further south British troops made some progress at a point north of La Bassee.

At Notre Dame de Lorette and on the front between Souchez and Neuville-St. Vaast, there were artillery exchanges during all last night.

Nothing is reported from the remainder of the front.

(Canadian Press Special)

PETROGRAD, May 21.—An official statement referring to the recent fighting in the Carpathians during the past three weeks says the enemy's losses on the four quietest days averaged ten thousand daily, and on the 17th they were much heavier. During the severe fighting the German losses averaged several tens of thousands daily. Their losses included forty thousand prisoners taken by the Russians and amounted to one-third or one-quarter of their total strength.

The Austro-Germans forces expended between two and three million shells during this period and abandoned on their positions several hundred guns.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 21.—The Times Petrograd correspondent says the victorious advance of the Austro-German army from the line of Dunajec has been checked. All attempts of the enemy to advance in the Stryj region, apparently for an attack on Lemberg have failed.

GIRL TAKES POISON AT ALTAR, MAY DIE

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 19.—Miss Catherine Doherty, formerly employed in a department store in this city, went to mass in the Church of Holy Rosary, waited until all the others had left, and, then going to the altar, lighted a candle of her patron saint, and kneeling, swallowed four 7½ grain tablets of bichloride of mercury.

She was taken to the Bridgeport hospital after Anthony de Toro, a nephew of the Rev. Father de Toro, and an altar boy in the church, learned what she had done. Her condition is believed to be hopeless and is attracting the attention of the medical men because of the fact that she chewed the tablets and washed them down with water that she obtained in the church.

SEEK SKILLED LABOR TO GO TO BRITAIN

LONDON, May 20.—George N. Barnes, Labor M.P. and secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, and W. Wyndham, permanent official of the Labor Exchange Department of the Board of Trade, have gone to Canada by the Adriatic to make enquiries concerning suitable skilled labor for the war munitions factories here. The Board of Trade understands that there is some unemployment even among skilled artisans in Canada, and if this be so ,the men will be engaged and transportation will be provided. The deputation will proceed to Ottawa to confer with Sir George E. Foster, and will also visit large employers of labor.

SAW CANADIAN SOLDIER WHO HAD BEEN CRUCIFIED

STRATFORD, May 20.—(Special)—Mrs. Delamore, wife of Capt. T. G. Delamore, commanding No. 1 Company, 1st Battalion, in France, has received a letter from her brother, Lieut. J. B. Morrison, of Winnipeg, in which the writer declares he actually saw a Canadian soldier who had been crucified by Germans after being captured in the recent heavy fighting.

AN ORANGEMAN FOR MORE THAN THIRTY FIVE YEARS

MILLBROOK, May 19.—There died suddenly, in the Township of Cavan, on Tuesday, May 18th, Mr. John Morton, aged 70 years. He was an Orangeman for over thirty-five years and in religion he was an Anglican, in politics a staunch Conservative. His wife, six sons and three daughters, survive him. Sincerest condolence are extended to the bereaved family.

GOLD QUARTZ FOR BUILDING

Gold in the walls of the first temple of the Latter Day Saints to be erected on British soil at Cardston will be worth something between $25,000 and $50,000. The granite for the walls is being shipped from the quarries near Nelson, B.C., where the rock assays $8 or free gold per ton. Five thousand tons of this stone will be used.

Troops Arrive In England

The 24th Battalion, Montreal and Other Canadian Troops Arrive Safely

OTTAWA, May 20—The Militia Department announced to-day that the steamship Cameronia has arrived safely in England, carrying the 24th Battalion of Montreal, and other Canadian troops. She sailed on the 11th and arrived in England yesterday.

Fierce Fighting at Gallipoli

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 21.—Athens correspondent says that fierce fighting is in progress near the neck of the Gallipoli peninsula.

ADMIRALTY OFFERS REWARD

(Canadian Press Special)

Athens newspapers says correspondents say British authorities have increased to ten thousand dollars reward, offered for information, leading to the destruction of the German submarine, reported in the Mediterrean.

ATHLETIC CLUB DANCE

The dance held by the Athletic Club on Wednesday, was largely attended. Over one hundred and fifty guests were present, a large number being visitors from outside places. Tweed, Stirling and Belleville were well represented. The music furnished by Sills' orchestra was well received and the persistence of the demands for encores gave ample evidence of the satisfaction given. The Armouries is a splendid place for an affair of this kind, there being plenty of room to avoid crowding at any time. From all standpoints, both for pleasure and from the financial standpoint the Athletic Club are well satisfied with the result. Many present expressed the wish that the Athletic Club make the dance a monthly one and devote the proceeds to whatever sport was in need of assistance.—Madoc Review.

NOT SPINAL MENINGITIS

One of the privates of the 39th Battalion afforded considerable excitement for a few minutes last night on Front street, when he dropped onto the sidewalk in a hysterical fit. Owing to the noise he made the impression went abroad that he had been suddenly stricken with spinal meningitis, but he soon quieted down after medical attention had been brought. The suspect was about and attending to his duties this morning apparently none the worse for his little exhibition.

WOUNDED AT THE FRONT

Sherby Wilder, of Kingston, nephew of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Barnett, is in a hospital in England. He has lost his left eye and is seriously wounded in the leg and stomach. He expects to be invalided home as soon as he is able to travel.

Salvationists At the Front

Commissioner Richards Welcomed to Belleville Last Night Said 10,000 Serving

The audience last night at the welcome to Commissioner Richards, of the Salvation Army, while not large, was attentive and appreciative. The officials of the Bridge St. Methodist Church had kindly lent their church for the occasion.

The evening opened with the singing of a hymn, then prayer was offered by the Rev. H. S. Osborne, Pastor of the church.

His Worship, Mayor Panter, introduced Commissioner Richards, in a few, well chosen words, saying that he was immensely pleased to see two great church bodies unite in one common cause.

Brigadier Rawling gave a vocal solo, playing his own accompaniment on a Concertina.

Commissioner Richards had seven sons, and six of them are officers in the Army. He, himself has been Commissioner in Scandinavia, Africa, New Zealand, and now Canada. In the course of his address he said he had copies of letters from several of the most important men in the British Empire, including King George, Lord Fisher, Admiral Jellicoe, Lord Kitchener, full of thanks for the interest taken in military and naval men throughout the world. Ten thousand of the Salvationists are at the front, exclusive of two fully equipped ambulance Corps, with Lorries, Ambulances, doctors and all other paraphernalia. Lord Kitchener recently sent over for 82 more of his officers to work their errand of mercy on the battlefield. Commissioner Richards said the army was shoulder to shoulder with every man and church that is trying to alleviate human misery. He did not intend to destroy any foundation built by his predecessor. He mentioned the wonderful civilization that we have, and said that it all depended on us putting our trust in God whether it would do us any good. There were evidences of a former civilization greater than ours yet because the people had only false gods, they had disappeared, as had the Greeks, Persian and Roman Empires. The allies would win, because they put their faith in the true God. The religion for him was one that was courageous, thoughtful, strong and loving.

The Rev. Mr. Osborne moved a vote of thanks to Commissioner Richards, stating that any man or men, who has done as much good as the Salvation Army was welcome to their church. Mr. F. E. O'Flynn seconded the motion in a few appropriate words, and saying he considered it a high honor to have the speaker of the evening in his home.

Mayor Panter thanked Commissioner Richards for the people present. The Doxology was sung, Rev. M. Adams gave the closing prayer, and the Rev. H. S. Osborne pronounced the benediction.

Sold Drugs to Girls at School

NEW YORK, May 19.—Concealed in mechanical tops, cocaine had been sold to a score or more girls attending a public school in the Washington Heights district, it was learned today, following the arrest of Dr. James King. In the doctor's handsomely furnished apartments the police found $50,000 worth of "dope"—cocaine, morphine and heroin.

King confessed, according to the police, that he had been selling the "stuff" to school girls. He concealed the stuff in mechanical tops, the heads of which lifted out. The police say King also admitted that he had disposed of $200,000 worth of "dope" to dealers here in the past few weeks.

King declared he had a drug store in Forbes avenue, Pittsburgh, and the police charge that it was through that store that he was able to buy huge quantities of the drugs.

HORRIFIED AT GERMANS

LONDON, May 20.—Sir Edward Cassel in a letter to the Daily Chronicle, says: "As many other British subjects of German extraction have given public expression of their feelings, my silence might be misunderstood. Nearly half a century of my life has been spent in England and all my interests—family, business and social—are centred here. All my male relations of military age are serving with the King's forces. My unfailing loyalty and devotion to this country have never varied or been questioned, and, while affirming this, I desire to express my deep sense of horror at the manner in which the war is being conducted by the German Government.

Genuine Saturday Bargains

300 Men's and Boys' 4-ply Linen Collars, all sizes, regular 15c. and 20c. Sale, each .... 5c.
200 Gents' Fine Silk 4-in-hand Ties, large range of patterns, all 50c. ties, sale, each .... 25c.
500 pairs Gents' Fine Cotton Socks, all sizes, 9½ to 11, in colors black, tan, wine, navy, grey, etc. Sale price, 2 pairs for 25c.
200 Gents' Fine Soft Front Neglige Shirts, a soft collar with each shirt, sizes 14 to 17, reg. $1.00 and $1.25. Sale, each, 79c.
60 only Women's and Misses' House Dresses, all regular stock; sold at $1.00 to $1.50, all sizes, sale, each .... 75c.
Girls' Middies, fresh new stock just in, all sizes 6 to 14 years; sale each .... 75c. and 50c.
100 only Ladies' beautiful Voile Shirt Waists, sizes 34 to 44, values worth $1.50. Sale, each $1.00
50 only Children's Tan and Blue Dresses, 2 to 6 years. Sale, each .... 50c.
Thousands of yards of Bunting, red, white and blue, on sale at yard .... 5c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

DAVIES

Saturday is the last day for

Pink Salmon
3 tins 25c

Large Pine-Apples
Only 14c each

June Peas
4 tins 25c

Serious Accident to Mr J. Lang

Falls From Scaffold this Morning and Sustains Serious Injuries

Mr. Joshua Lang, who resides on the corner of Dunbar and Catherine streets, was yesterday the victim of a serious accident. He was superintending the building of a house in the vicinity and climbed to the scaffold to give the workmen some directions. It is thought that he had a slight stroke or dizzy spell, causing him to fall a distance of sixteen feet. He struck a brace in falling, and broke six ribs. Medical assistance was at once summoned, and the broken bones set. Outside of the fractures, the extent of Mr. Lang's injuries are unknown.

Hyman's Saturday Shirt Bargains.
Regular $1.50 Shirts for $1.15.

Have the Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Advertise in the Intelligencer.

4th Contingent

Volunteers for Overseas for this Force may Apply at the Armouries to Lieut. D. M. McCARGAR or Capt. (Dr.) A. E. MacCOLL, 15th Regiment.

P. K. Ketcheson, Lieut., Adjutant.

All men previously enlisted and passed the Doctor's examination will report immediately.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Roger Porter is home from St. Andrew's College for over the 24th.

Mr. Reg. J. Elliott has successfully passed his first year in medicine at the University of Toronto.

A very successful amateur play was given in Picton by home talent last night. A number motored down from this city.

Dr. Robert Tennant of this city, who left for Oversea Army Medical Service on the troopship Cameronia, has arrived safely in England.

Mrs. (Rev.) H. D. Leitch of Kindersley, Sask., is home visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Berkeley, Victoria avenue.

The members of the Forgetmenot Circle held a very enjoyable Garden party and Tea at the beautiful residence of Mrs. S. D. Lazier on John street yesterday afternoon. Tennis, music and fortune telling were indulged in. Over $45.00 were taken in, which will be donated to the aid of the Red Cross and Patriotic Association. The verandah and grounds were appropriately decorated with flags and bunting, and with the large number of officers about it gave a very gay appearance to the gathering.

Beat Her Out.

Waggs—I had the laugh on my wife yesterday.

Boggs—How did it happen?

Waggs—We were out driving, and she discovered an echo that beat her out of the last word.

Opposite Views.

"My dear, everybody says young Staylate, who is courting our Jane, is a coming man."

"Well, I would like him better if he were a little more of a going one."—Exchange.

Letters From Canadian Boys At the Front

CORPORAL SPENCER

France, April 27th, 1915

Stirling Red Cross Society:

Dear Madame:—I received your parcel this morning and Believe me I am enjoying it very much, especially the maple sugar sent by Mrs. Solmes. It tastes 50 per cent. better here than it ever did while at home, also for the gum and Old Chum tobacco, etc.

This however didn't last very long especially the chewing gum as our English, Irish and Scotch friends are crazy to try the American fad. (I may say this is very seldom used by the English people.)

Also the tobacco went, as I passed it around and there was barely enough left for myself, but it was well praised and smoked in honor of the Canadian Red Cross Society and last but not least the socks will come in as a most welcome guest as when you have an extra change or so it prevents our feet from getting sore, especially in a march, etc.

Again I thank you a thousand times for your kindness and hope at some time if I get home safely to be able to repay you for it.

This last week until now there has been a fierce battle raging. The Germans are making a desperate charge, but are being repulsed, chiefly due to the brave and quick movements of our men, the Canadian Highlanders.

They from the beginning have been the crack regiments like the Scotch Regiments of the Mother Country and are showing their mettle now.

They have had a hard time of it as they have been in the heavy shell fire from both sides. The cannonading has been terrific and at this moment the guns are booming out their music of destruction and death.

Well I will close for now wishing you every success in your most noble work.

As Ever,
CORP. ERNEST C. SPENCER
1st Casualty Clearing Station
Reg. No. 33214 Canadians

DRIVER W. R. SERVISS

Mrs. B. Serviss received a card from her son, W. R. Serviss, at the front, stating that he is well and will write at the first opportunity. It was dated the 6th of May.

SIGNALLER DONNAN.

France, May 4th, 1915.

Mr. Thomas Montgomery,
Stirling, Ont.

Dear Folks:—Just a line to let you know that I came through the scrap all right. I can't imagine how I ever did it. It was a regular inferno around there for two days, but you have read all about it by this time. Some of the Stirling boys came through O. K. Hill, Day and Ben are well. Harriban is missing and Wilson wounded. I brought a German helmet out with me.

We are resting now and we certainly need it. We lost very heavily.

Garrison has not come over yet; think he is at training camp. Well must close. Write soon.

Yours affectionately,
7958 Sig. B. C. Donnan, Signal Corp, 2nd. Batt., 1st Canadian Inf., Brigade.

CAPT. R. D. PONTON

We understand that Col. and Mrs. Ponton have received a letter today from Capt. Richard D. Ponton in his own handwriting.

Mrs. Marshall B. Spafford has received the following letter from her son, Sergt. Gerald Spafford:—

France, April 4, 1915.

My Dear Mother—Just a line in leu of waiting for news from home. I trust you are well and all enjoying good health.

This finds me in the best of health and still in line. We are back at billets far a rest after a month's stay in trenches. Of course, you know of our participating in the big battle at Neuve Chapell, in which we won the confidence and administration of the British army with us here.

Guess my letter to paper will give you an idea of what transpired. We leave here to-morrow and take part in another big assault at one of the important points along the line. We are going as a division and hope we come through as fortunately as on previous engagements.

Have had some exciting experiences in past few weeks. Had a close squeak one day last week on two occasion; was in rear of our trenches standing watching the effect of some little shrapnel Willies, which the Huns were putting into a village in our vicinity, when I heard the scream of one pretty close. I naturally sidestepped, and ducked my head, because when you lose the sound, look out, it's close; but all that occurred was a splash of mud, about 7 yards in front of me. I had just thought how lucky it did not burst, when, bang, along came another, right behind it. It also splashed me with mud, and did not go off. Well, I guess I am just lucky. I got the fuse of both and naturally got a good idea where they came from. So we got my old gun trained and we soon put the silence dope on their guns. So I got even, and the best of it, we done it in six rounds.

Was out in a small wood near by with one of the Highlanders picking flowers. It runs along one of the roads close to our position. Well, we had just started back when the Germans began to shell some buildings in the rear, first searching the woods with shrapnel fire. They think we have guns there and shell it quite often. Well, they had been quiet for days and just as we hit the road they let go. Three shrapnels burst in the road about 20 yards in front of us. We halted, quite naturally, when, bang, bang, bang, shrapnel in front and behind us. We were in a nice pickle. If they had have switched about a degree we would have got it. Anyway, we got in the wood, and took what cover a tree could give us. They fired about 50 rounds. It seemed like a year waiting for a lull in their bombardment. Anyway, the Scotchman got plugged in the leg, and as usual, I got out without scratch.

The weather is improving and it is really very pleasant, only when one looks around at the ruined farm houses, villages devastated, and thousands of graves of men who have gone before.

Where we are billeted is a family of refugees from over the border, Belgium. It's mighty sad to see men, women and children hiking along the road with bundles of what remains of their worldly goods, seeking shelter in what ever place they can find.

Our heavy artillery are at it to-day, although we are 2 1-2 miles in rear of the firing line you can hear the rear of guns quite plainly.

Kitchener is sending loads of troops, and it looks as if there will be a big job for us if they undertake what I hear. Take it from me the Germans are every bit as good as we are at scrap game, and its going to take a lot of men to dig them out of hill in front of us. While we have superior guns and loads of them, I never dreamed there are so many. It's up in thousands—Heavy Artillery, Field Artillery, Automobile, Siege and Aerial Guns; it's amazing. A German officer we took prisoner said, "Bah, you English do not kill or fight like we fight; you murder." He said there was a shell burst every ten feet, and I guess he was right. I shall never forget that scrap as long as I am able to think. It was Hell turned loose. The air was a seething mass of screaming, ripping bursting shells; hails of splintered steel and shrapnel, and singing, buzzing machine gun and rifle fire. Holy smoke, it was simply the most weird thing imaginable. The Germans trenches simply disappeared and their inhabitants were buried alive or torn to atoms. Our infantry took the ground, marching four deep, and never lost a man or found a German alive until they ran into the reserved trenches. They gave it to us just as hard the same night, but we had the best of it, our guns being heavier and shooting at longer range. Their guns are 15 pounder; ours 18 pounder.

Well, I must close. Ronnie wrote and told me Ethel had written her. She also acknowledges your letter. She has been extremely kind to me since my arrival at the front.

Give my regards to all. Tell them the boys with me from the 34th are all alive and kicking. Billy Black, Harris, Tett and a few more are still in England, well back. They couldn't stick it on the Plains, so Col. McLaren put them in depot battery. We call it the dippy battery. That reminds me, I was reported killed. Hope the report did not reach you and cause you alarm. Had some inquiries sent from Devizes, P.D.Q. It happened this way: some of our brigade staff and men were shelled and two minor casualties, and it got around I was killed in the first day I was in action. Lots of boys even yet think it's so.

Will try to send you a line when I get into fray again. Monday I think, we will be near Ypres, as far as I know. I cannot say more.

Best of good wishes, and hope we get home by Xmas anyway. It's going on nine months since I put on uniform. Love to you dear; be of good cheer and if God spares me I will try to settle down with my little English girl. Love to daddy Mazie and Leona.

Your soldier boy,
Gerald.

Mrs. Marshall B. Spafford has since heard indirectly, through a young lady in England, to whom her son wrote, that he had suffered considerably from German gases since the battle of Langemarck.

A Mixed Metaphor.

Sir Robert Ball, the famous astronomer, was rather fond of telling the story of a correspondent who wrote to him saying that, although he was a grocer's assistant, his great ambition was to become an astronomer. But he got his ideas somewhat mixed, for this was one of his sentences, "My mind finds no rest for the sole of her foot save on one of the heavenly bodies."

Cruel Thrust.

He—Our hostess was really the most beautiful woman of all present.

She—(who was not invited) — I dare say. She took good care to provide for that when she sent out her invitations.—London Telegraph.

LUX

LUX is a unique washing preparation

that actually adds to the softness of garments and prevents all loosely woven fabrics from shrinking and hardening in the wash. It's the essence of pure soap in flakes—Adds a new note of refinement to wash-day.

LUX—10c. everywhere—
Won't Shrink Woollens

Made in Canada by Lever Brothers Limited. Toronto.

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance.
Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

Hyman's Saturday Tie Bargains.
Reg. 50c. Ties for 35c. 3 for $1.

THE WEATHER

Fresh to strong southeast winds, showery.

Saturday, southerly winds, mostly fair and wramer.

TRY OUR

Buns · Fried Cake · Doughnuts | Tarts · Cookies · Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends greatly on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the oil is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE FOR :: EXAMINATION ::

Angus McFee
Jeweler · Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and dark goods 20c
Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue
Keen's Oxford Blue
Berger's Rice Starch
Gillard's Pickle Relish .... 35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars 30c.
Spanish Pimentoes, tins .... 10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing . 10, 35 & 60c
Currie Powder, bottles .. 10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles .... 20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars .... 20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White
Grape Juice
Peanut Butter
Dill Pickles
Fresh Gulf Lobster .... 18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) . 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes .... 10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly .... 25c.
Mandarin Marmalade .... 25c.
Skinless Figs .... 15 & 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalade .... 5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables
AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons

The BEST on the Market

Sell for $4.00

Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Saturday Candy
50c Values
29c

The Rexall Store
IF QUALITY COUNTS GET IT AT McKEOWN'S
McKEOWN'S DRUGS
TO SAVE MONEY GET IT AT McKEOWN'S

Flower Seeds
2 Packages
5c

Friday and Saturday Specials

PATENT MEDICINES

Chase's Pills	16c.
Castoria	24c.
Cold Tablets	15c.
Nerviline	15c.
Mustard Liniment	18c.
Dodds' Pills	29c.
Pinex	37c.
Abbey's Salts	14c.
Gin Pills	25c.
Electric Oil	15c.
Four T's	15c.
Fruitatives	28c.
Baby's Own Tablets	14c.
Bromo-Seltzer	8c.
Dr. Hamilton's Pills	17c.
Williams' Pink Pills	30c.
Kkovah Health Salt	17c.

DRUG BARGAINS

25c. lb. Boracic Acid	19c.
100 Comp. Cascara Tablets	25c.
10c. lb. Epsom Salts	7c.
100 A. B. S. & C. Tablets	17c.
25c. Blaud's Iron Pills (Improved)	15c.
35c. Wood Alcohol	25c.

HOUSEHOLD AIDS AND CLEANERS

1 lb. Borax	10c.
25c. bar Castile Soap	19c.
15c. bar Castile Soap	10c.
10c. Old Dutch Cleanser	8c.
15c. tin Snap	10c.
10c. tin Gillett's Lye	8c.

TOILET ARTICLES

25c. box Toilet Soap	17c.
15c. boxes Toilet Soap	12c.
25c. bottle Hyd. Peroxide	10c.
25c. Dressing Combs	19c.
50c. Dressing Combs	33c.
75c. Dressing Combs	49c.
20c. Violet Talcum	13c.
25c. Florida Water	18c.
35c. Talcolette	25c.
35c. Witch Hazel	17c.
50c. Milkweed Cream	33c.
25c. Wm.'s Shaving Cream	18c.
25c. Massage Cream	17c.
50c. Sage & Sulphur	33c.
$1 Hair Restorer	69c.
75c. oz. Perfumes	49c.
10c. Infants' Delight Soap	7c.

Free! Free!

with each purchase of Rexall Remedies or Rexall Toilet Preparations to the amount of 50c or over, we will give you
A 25c lb. Tin of Perfumed Borated Talcum Powder
This Talcum Powder is not a cheap article. It is a pure, Borated, Perfumed Powder of a superior quality that can be used for any purpose—a powder that is worth the 25c we charge for it regularly.

Choose Your 50c Worth or Over from This List:

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Beef, Iron & Wine, 16 ozs.	75c.
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Backberry Cordia	25c.
Throat Gargle	25c.
Cherry Bark Cough Syrup	25c., 50c., $1.00
Cold Tablets	25c.
Corn Solvent	25c.
Healing Salve	25c.
Dyspepsia Tablets	25c, 50c, $1
Kidney Pills	50c.
Liver Salts	25c, 50c, $1.00
Little Liver Pills	25c.
Nerve Remedy	75c., $1.00
Rubbing Oil	25c., 50c.
Orderlies	10c, 25c, 50c.
Sarsaparilla Tonic	75c.
Syrup Hypophosphites	$1.00
Anolgesic Balm	25c.

REXALL TOILET PREPARATIONS

Disappearing Face Cream	25c.
Cold Cream	15c, 25c, 50c.
Shaving Lotion	25c., 50c.
Toilet Waters	75c.
Talcum Powders—Violet, Rose, Arbutus, Violet Dulce and Harmony	25c.
Rexall Skin Soap	25c.
Violet Dulce Cold Cream	50c.
Peroxide Cream	50c.
Yucca Cream	50c.
Camphorated Cold Cream	25c.
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CURRENT COMMENT

Kaiser, addressing Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria: "Did you ever see an Italian sunset?" Emperor Francis Joseph: "No, but I have seen a Dago."—Journal of Commerce.

An official statement made yesterday in the British House of Commons indicates that the shadow of coming conscription is beginning to loom over Britain.

There is no bragging in Col. E. W. B. Morrison's straightforward and soldierly account of the fighting at Langemarck, but it is plain that the colonel with his men and guns did much to save the situation.

It is now conceded that the Canadian military shoes are better than the British for marching in, though not so good for trench work when the trenches are full of water. How would it do to equip the men with a pair of each?

It is not difficult to credit the stories of trouble between Winston Spencer Churchill and Lord Fisher, and other naval men. The wonder is that the British navy has been able to get along with the impulsive Churchill for so long.—Buffalo Express.

After Lloyd George's rhetoric is brushed aside, all that seems left of his latest impressive temperance address is the conclusion that the curse of the British people is their habit of drinking whisky less than three years old.—Ottawa Journal.

Major Victor W. Odlum, of the 7th (1st British Columbia) Battalion Canadian Infantry, writes:—"We still see bales of mufflers, helmets and mitts arriving from various comfort funds. The day for these things is past, and they will have to be sent back. What the men ask for most eagerly are tobacco and cigarettes. What they really most need is underwear and socks."—"Canada".

It cannot be said that a return to atrocities long since left to pirates is the best of credentials for a great nation which declares itself to be fighting for the freedom of the seas; there could hardly be a more effective way of reconciling neutrals to Great Britain's maritime rule. If the world had a vote now as to which of these two nations could better be trusted with a navy, there can be little question as to the verdict.—Springfield Republican.

It must be further observed that in all her activities at sea England has acted with conspicuous humanity. "Have you nothing better to do than rescue us?" asked a German naval officer when an English man-o'-war boat fished him out of the water after his ship had been sunk in a North Sea battle. Not only have the English taken the lives of no sailor or passenger of a merchant vessel; they have saved all the fighting men they could. It is the contrast of German barbarity in the slaughter of non-combatants, including women and children, that horrifies the nations.—New York Sun.

In disaster the inevitable must be met, the only question is how shall it be faced.

Found guilty at Toronto of three charges of housebreaking, Edward Ansell was sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years.

An Easy Way to Get Fat and Be Strong

The trouble with most thin folks who wish to gain weight is that they insist on drugging their stomachs or stuffing it with greasy foods; rubbing on useless "flesh creams," or following some foolish physical culture stunt, while the real cause of thinness goes untouched. You cannot get fat until your digestive tract assimilates the food you eat.

Thanks to a remarkable new scientific discovery, it is now possible to combine into simple form the very elements needed by the digestive organs to help them convert food into rich, fat-laden blood. This master-stroke of modern chemistry is called Sargol and has been termed the greatest of flesh-builders. Sargol aims through its re-generative, reconstructive powers to coax the stomach and intestines to literally soak up the fattening elements of your food and pass them into the blood, where they are carried to every starved, broken-down cell and tissue of your body. You can readily picture the result when this amazing transformation has taken place and you notice how your cheeks fill out, hollows about your neck, shoulders and bust disappear and you take on from 10 to 20 pounds of solid healthy flesh. Sargol is absolutely harmless, inexpensive, efficient. J. S. McKeown and other leading druggists of Belleville and vicinity have it and will refund your money if you are not satisfied, as per the guarantee found in every package.

Caution:—While Sargol has given excellent results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles it should not be taken by those who do not wish to gain ten pounds or more.

Battle Will Tax Russian Strength To Utmost Limit

Fierce Struggle is Raging Along 220-Mile Front, From Poland to Galicia

PETROGAD May 19.—Hungarian officers captured in Galicia declare that the opinion of their army is that the present Austro-German advance is a final attempt to break down the Russian resistance and compel Russia to make separate peace. The chief weight of the German aggression is now being thrown against Russia, and a fierce battle is raging on a 220-mile front from Opatow in Southern Poland along the San, then along the slopes of the Carpathiains by way of Stary Sambor, and Stryi to Colomea, in Eastern Galicia. The strength of the enemy on this front is estimated at 33 army corps, of whom about one-third are purely German, while the Austrians are under German command. The scale of fighting suggests a general battle has begun which will tax the Russian resources to the utmost. So far the German attack is most violent on the San at Jaroslav and to the south of Przemysl. The town of Jaroslav in itself has no military importance, but a furious struggle under the hail of artillery fire is now being waged for possession of a bridge head. Again and again the German pontoons have been destroyed by Russian shells, and the enemy soldiers perish by hundreds in the river. Przemysl is drawn into the conflict, and the enemys eight-inch guns are bombarding the western forts. South of Prezemysl the Germans, after frequent repulses, occupied the trenches of two Russian battalions. The success of the Germans in the centre is counterbalanced by their failure on the left bank near Opatow, where the Rusians advanced and took three thousand prisoners. The great battle is just begun. It will be many days and it is impossible to predict its outcome.

A NAME TO REMEMBER

Here is a name—"Penslar"—that will mean a great deal to every man, woman and child in this city when they learn what it stands for.

It is our duty and our pleasure to tell you.

There is a great firm of Manufacturing Chemists in Detroit, The Peninsular Chemical Company, whose name on the label of a remedy is the best possible guaranty of its purity and medicinal worth.

They prepare in their splendid laboratories over 100 remedies for household use.

They do not believe in secret medicines. They think you have a right to know what you are taking. And you have.

So they put the full formula on every label—the name and the exact quantity of every ingredient—all in plain English so you can judge for yourself.

If they were not sure that each of these was the best possible prescription—if they were not sure that their skill in compounding these remedies was unsurpassed, they could not afford to do this.

We like to handle drugs of quality. That is the way we get our trade. That is why we obtained the agency for these splendid remedies known as

Penslar
REMEDIES

Remember the name, "Penslar." Remember what it means, "Highest Quality and Formula-on-the-label." We've a great deal more to say about Pensular. Watch for it. Come in and ask about Penslar Remedies. You may need a really reliable remedy some day—learn about it now.

The Penslar Store
..Doyle's Drug Store.

200,000 PAIRS OF BOOTS FOR CANADIAN TROOPS

The Order Has Been Distributed Among Canadian Firms

OTTAWA, May 19.—The order for 60,000 pairs of boots for the Canadian expeditionary forces placed the other day by the Purchasing Commission was merely the nucleus of an order for nearly 200,000 pairs. All the shoes will be made by Canadian firms, and, as a matter of fact, everything the commission will purchase will as far as possible be bought in Canada.

According to the information given out by a member of the commission the orders are being dostributed as evenly as possible, with due respect to prices, etc. The commission is purchasing everything needed by the forces except schells, which are being bought by the shell committee.

BRAVE BROCKVILLE BOYS

On the evening of Saturday, February 20th last, two boys, Harold F. Gaffney and Edward Kelly, performed an heroic and courageous act in rescuing another boy, Roy Eligh, from probably a watery grave in the St. Lawrence river. It will be remembered that Roy Eligh had visited Morristown on the afternoon of that day skating over the treacherous ice and was returning in the evening. In the semi-darkness he failed to discern an open space and skated into the ice cold water. He landed on the opposite side of the opening, and clinging to the firmer ice called loudly for help. The two boys, Gaffney and Kelly, were playing hockey near the shore, and without a thought to their own safety went to his aid. They reached a point near the half submerged Eligh boy, but owing to the dangerous ice which was honeycombed, were unable to reach him, and lying flat on the ice extended two hockey sticks which he grasped, and was pulled to safety. The matter was brought to the attention of the Royal Humane Society of Canada, and word was received that after an adequate investigation the Society had decided to ward each of the boys a medal—Brockville Recorder.

A Better Digestion And Liver for You

It's bad blood that makes your liver sluggish and the same bad blood causes your stomach muscles to lose their elasticity and become flabby and weak and that means indigestion.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, purely vegetable and free from alcohol or narcotics, is the great and powerful blood purifier of today. It is extracted from American forest roots with pure triple refined glycerine.

Take it as directed and it will search out impure and poisonous matter throughout the system and eliminate it through the natural channels.

It will replace all the bad blood it drives out, with rich, pure blood full of vital force. It will furnish you with the kind of blood that increases energy and ambition, that puts the entire body in such perfect physical condition that brain or muscles know no fatigue.

It will clear the skin; eczema pimples, rash, blotches will dry up and disappear; boils, carbuncles and other evidences of tainted blood will pass away, never to appear again.

Get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery from any medicine dealer today, in either liquid or tablet form, as you prefer. It's the one great blood maker and purifier that all weak or run down people ought to start to use at once. If you want good blood, good health and clear skin, get a supply today.

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Dr. Pierce's Medicines are manufactured in Canada at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

Hyman's Saturday Shirt Bargains.
Regular $1.00 Shirts for 75c.

LISTING CASUALTIES.

Keeping Track of Soldiers' Names Is a Tremendous Task.

"Please let me know what is the matter with Patrick; he was killed the last I heard?" is but one instance of the thousands of pathetic queries for the answering of which a colossal index of casualties has been in process of formation during the past few months on a high place in London somewhere between Big Ben and the Nelson Column.

All day and all night continues the building of this house of index cards. On the day of the new moon also, and on all Sabbath days, for no precept of any faith would forbid that work.

From every British ambulance in the fighting area, from every hospital where men are received at home or abroad, and from every battalion staff come lists and lists and lists of wounded, sick, or missing, or captures, or of slain. Solid-looking oak cabinets which stand back to back in pairs are constantly being supplemented by more cabinets in each of the rooms allotted to this work.

Considered merely from the point of view of English surnames, it is a wonderful collection, and if soldiers enlisting adopt fancy titles from current language, were not all names once nicknames before they were established by long use? Here you find such as Homer, Shakespeare, Hathaway, Grace, side by side with such as Hell, Bulldeath, Deadman, and Corpse, John Pintard and Nicholas Romayne.

And those who sit writing the entries on the index cards—non-combatants? Perhaps, and yet most of them are also really among the casualties of this far-reaching war, though unrecorded upon any roll of honor. These temporary clerks are men who have lost their professional posts—men who, in the general disturbance of business enterprise, have had to close their offices and grasp at any straw of paid service which would keep them and their families from bitter privation. Some of them have sons in the fighting line—many would be there themselves but for grey hairs or physical infirmity.

The head of one room served his gun in the South African war till one arm was smashed by a shell splinter, and not one of them but gleans some scrap of consolation from a belief that he runs more risk from hostile aircraft in the series of rooms that has come to be known as Zeppelin terrace than in his house at Putney or Wandsworth.

Sitting on one of the thousand chairs that were made in a fortnight at the beginning of the war, he may be searching the drawer of the Leinsters for some elusive Sergt. Toole, or noting down on the card of Pte. Brown of the Royal West Surreys that he is at Versailles with bronchial catarrh, or he may be reporting to the inquiries department that the husband of a woman in South Wales, believed to have been killed at Ypres, is now known to be a prisoner of war at Doberitz.

It is no place for casual visitors, but such would not find moodiness the characteristic of [illegible] rooms. Though, indeed, composed of tragic circumstances, these records have a spiritual value which makes for valor. The sum total, like all heroism, is not a tragedy. One sometimes, over a column of "dittos" to "killed in action," feels for a moment the terrific magnitude of the toll of life, and these ever accumulating cards call up in his mind the phantom hosts they symbolize: the ghostly army death recruits so fast. Then, being an Englishman, he turns to his neighbor with a laugh and denounces the man that put the Inniskillens in a drawer so low that he had to stoop to the floor just after lunch.

To Remove Fruit Stains.

Fruit stains will be eradicated easily if one will wet them with a little camphor before washing. Then wash and the stains will disappear. Glycerin may be used in a similar manner, being sure in both cases to use it before water touches the stain.

For grease stains there is nothing better than eucalyptus oil. This may be used on delicate fabrics without injury, as it will evaporate rapidly, leaving no mark.

BLOUSES At Their Best

We are now showing a splendid collection of Lingerie Blouses of the better sort, made in plain and embroidered Voiles, Organdies and Seed Voiles, the prices ranging from **$2.00** to **$7.50** each. We have also a good assortment of Crepe de Chene and Wash Silk Blouses from **$3.50** to **$8.50**.

House Dresses

These Dresses are made of Anderson's Ginghams in striped, checked or plain materials, in shades of blue and grey. Splendid values at **$1.00**.

Collars

Another shipment of new Collars and Ruchings has just arrived. In it are collars of black, white, pink and blue Ruchings from **25c** to **50c** each, as well as several wide Ruchings by the yard.

Serges

Our stock of blue and black Serges is now very large. The prices range from **45c** for a light weight serge to **$2.75** for a beautiful suiting serge.

Palm Beach Silk

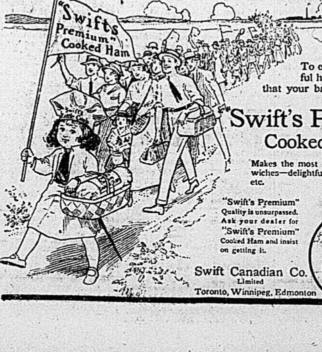
Coin spots are now being shown as the newest material in dresses. We have a good quality Palm Beach Silk with coin spots in blue, brown, rose and purple, 36 inches wide, at **65c** yard.

Cambric Underwear

We have a full range of Ladies' Gowns, Slips, Underskirts, Corset Covers and Drawers, very daintily made and trimmed. The prices range in Gowns and Underskirts from **59c** to **$1.50**, and in Corset Covers and Drawers from **25c** to **$2.00**.

Sinclair's — See our 36 inch SILK BLOUSE CREPES All the popular shades, at $1.25 yd. — **Sinclair's**

ALWAYS LEADS ON THE HOLIDAY!



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Cabinet Crisis In England

Opinions of English Press upon a Coalition Government

While Opposition newspapers have been advocating a national Government, most of them pay tribute to the ability and the effort of the Asquith Cabinet. The Evening Standards says the nation is not ungrateful to the Government for what they have done, and it only wants them to do more, and thinks they require some outside help.

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "We cannot blind ourselves to the fact that the reconstructions of the Government is fraught with bitterness to some who have borne manfully the heat of day," and proceeds to warn the extreme Unionists, whose factiousness has largely contributed to bring about the present situation, that it is up to them to help the new Government, "otherwise they will certainly ruin the party."

In a free discussion by the newspapers of the Ministers' abilities, even Lord Kitchener has not escaped criticism. The first public criticism of the work of the Secretary for War came from the Times to-day, which said:

"Against much wise advice he (Earl Kitchener) insisted upon keeping in his own hands the control of questions with which the War Office is far too preoccupied to deal. He could not raise immense new armies and direct the industrial organization as well."

The Times asserts that offers by manufacturers to make shells were coldly rejected and after months had been lost they were implored to begin.

The Pall Mall Gazette goes further and says: "Hercules is not quite as young as he was," and remarking that the call of the east has always attracted Kitchener, nominates him for Viceroy of India, or," it adds, "if he prefers to stay at home we suggest that the old office of Commander-in-Chief be revived for him."

The paper continues. "Events have heaped on Lord Kitchener's shoulders a burden that a super-Napoleon could not sustain."

Declaring that the country could never be sufficiently grateful for what Kitchener has done in raising men, the Pall Mall Gazette says: "The problem of providing war materials involves the handling of the democracy, and no soldier can solve it." Having proposed David Lloyd George for Minister of War, if Lord Kitchener retires.

The coalition plan still meets with considerable opposition from the Liberals, and several strong speeches were made against it at a meeting of the Liberals to-night, but Premier Asquith's justification of it is said to have made a strong impression.

SUGGESTED NEW CABINET

The Daily Telegraph regards the following appointments to the coalition Ministry as almost certain: A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty; Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer; J. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary for the Colonies; Wilson Spencer Churchill, Secretary for India; Earl Kitchener and David Lloyd George, Secretaries for War, Lord Kitchener performing the military, and Lloyd George the civil duties of the War Office.

Granite-cutting plants at Montpellier and Barre, Vt., idle since March 1 because of difficulties between manufacturers and employes over wages, were re-opened.

TRAINS HELD IN READINESS

For Ambassadors Who Remain to Last Moment

ROME, May 19.—Prince von Bulow and Baron Macchio's separate visits to the Foreign Office yesterday originated a report that their departure was imminent, especially as special trains had been kept at their disposal since Monday. This report, however, proved premature. The two ambassadors did not ask for passports and do not intend to leave Rome until tomorrow's opening of Parliament. They have evidently been instructed to await the eleventh hour when either mobilization has been ordered or war declared.

It is possible that circumstances may arise even before the opening of Parliament necessitating the ambassadors' departure and this explains why the trains are kept in readiness.

The Austrian ambassador and the Prussian and Bavarian envoys accredited to the Holy See, who were expected to leave Rome with their colleagues accredited to the Quirinal, are now spreading the report that they intend to remain until their departure is demanded by the Italian Government. Evidently their intention is to create complications, but the Pope, who fully realizes that their departure is indispensable is determined in case of their refusal spontaneously to leave Rome personally to ask the Kaiser and Emperor Francis Joseph to recall them. Extraordinary precautions will be taken for the opening of Parliament The chamber will be surrounded by troops and admission of the public will be limited. A unanimous vote of confidence in the cabinet is inevitable since now even the most rabid neutralists have been converted or are afraid to oppose war.

Constipation causes mental and physical suffering. Rexall Orderlies—a gentle laxative—promptly relieve constipation. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, the Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Massed Cavalry For Coast Dash

LONDON, May 19.—A despatch to the Morning Post from the North of France says: "So confident were the Germans of breaking through at Ypres that they had massed a hundred thousand cavalry between Poelchapelel and Roulers with which they hoped to dash through Stenstraate by the main road and so on to Dunkirk and possibly Calais. This force was fully equipped with quantities of machine-guns and heavily teamed galloping batteries. The projected dash explains the extraordinary effort that was made to consolidate the bridgehead at Stenstraate. All this plan has now been changed by the Allies' successes, and large detachments of dismounted troopers have been brought into the firing line.

"I am informed that there was terrific fighting around the railway triangle east of Quinchq. Here, too, the Germans have been using every specie of foul device. There is reason to believe that the water in the district has been poisoned—our doctors suspect with arsenic—and careful analyses are now being made to establish the point.

"As an illustration of the German methods, one may mention the case of a young subaltern, newly out, who, at the risk of his life, went to give a drink to wounded German officer who was calling piteously for water. As he bent over him with his flask, the German seized a bayonet that was lying by his side and stabbed his benefactor through the heart. The gallant youngster had already been wounded in two places. The wounded scoundrel endeavored to escape, but was promptly riddled with bullets by the outraged regiment that had witnessed the whole affair."

German Flag Swept From Seas

The "Naval and Military Record" of April 28, published the following:

"The magnitude of the task which the navies of the Allied Powers have performed since the outbreak of the war is a measure indicated by the fact that a year ago the actual tonnage of Germany's merchant shipping stood second in the world, and in eight months the German flag has been swept off the seas. This means that the enemy's mercantile marine, which consisted of 2,388 steam and sailing vessels, with a total tonage of nearly 5,500,000 has been paralyzed, so that, apart from the fact that the enemys' food supply has been jeopardized, the income of the holders of shares in many of the shipping companies has been depleted almost to vanishing point. This has already been shown by the reports of some German steamship companies for 1914, and now the report of the Reederel Aktiengesellschaft of Hemburg permits of a comparison in the case of sailing ships. According to "The Financial Times,' the Reederel is the biggest concern in Germany engaged in the sailing ship trade, and formerly had a wide connection, mainly in South American ports. The outbreak of hostilities brought the earning power of the company to a complete end, and eleven vessels were captured or detained by the Allies, while all those on outward voyages are now lying idle in neutral harbors. The gross receipts slumped from 1,333,000 to 259,000 marks, and the net revenue, after reducing the depriation allowance from 614,500 to 110,900 marks, comes out at 161,300, as compared with 497,600 marks. The divident is scaled down from 12 to 4 per cent"."

In Thousands of Homes

early and certain relief is found for the ailments to which all are subject—ailments due to defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver, kidneys or bowels—in the most famous family remedy, the world has ever known.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

are justly famous because they have proved to be so reliable as correctives or preventives of the sufferings, dull feelings and danger due to indigestion or biliousness. If you will try them to cleanse your system, purify your blood, tone your stomach, stimulate your liver and regulate your bowels, you will know why so many rely on Beecham's Pills to

Insure Health and Happiness

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

Tea In English Saloons.

Tea, coffee and soups are now offered in the ordinary bar-room in England, and many of the saloons keep open longer after the hours when the sale of alcoholic liquors is forbidden, offering to their patrons "soft" drinks of various kinds, but mostly these three favorites.

It is generally predicted that the English "public house" of the future will bear a closer resemblance to the continental cafe in its provision of refreshment counters, which will supersede the bar.

The saloonkeeper in many places finds that by providing this character of refreshment he is able to draw a considerable amount of trade from the cheap restaurant and tearoom, many men regarding the atmosphere of the saloon as more "clubable" than the more formal and pretentious restaurant. Moreover, beer, with the added war duty, has become somewhat expensive for the workingman, who finds that a pot of tea, with unlimited quantities of hot water for dilution, serves about the same purpose to the inner man as twice or thrice the same money's worth of beer or spirits.

Deadly British Rifles.

Quite a number of people believe that cartridges are served out to the soldiers separated from one another. Cartridges are, however, usually given out fastened together in clips of five. The modern rifle used by the British army is known as a magazine rifle, and holds two clips or ten cartridges in the magazine itself, as well as an extra cartridge above the magazine, eleven rounds in all. When the cartridge-clip is forced into the magazine the fastening is removed, so that each cartridge, when it reaches the magazine, is separate from the others.

The magazine of the army rifle is nothing more than a detachable box containing a spring. This spring forces up one cartridge at a time into its position ready for firing. As a rule the ten cartridges in the magazine are only used in great emergency, as when the order for rapid firing is given to stop an enemy's charge. In the ordinary way the magazine, with its ten cartridges, is shut off from the rest of the rifle by means of a metal slide called the "cut off."

MAKING GREAT GUNS

MANUFACTURE OF HUGE WEAPONS IS A SLOW PROCESS.

In British Armament Works the Pigs of Metal Are Melted In Gas Furnaces and Cast In a Great Mold — Big Hammers Which Forge the Guns Are an All Important Factor.

The terrible war in which at the present time so many powerful nations are taking part is what might be termed an artillery war. By this I do not mean for one moment that the infantry man is taking no part, nor do I for one moment overlook the splendid work he has and is doing, the gallant bayonet charges and the strenuous hours in the trenches, but the section that will to a great extent decide the campaign is the artillery, says a writer in London Ideas.

Looking back to the commencement of the war when the Belgian Army made that heroic stand at Liege, driving back superior forces time after time until the enemy brought up enormous Howitzers firing shells nearly 17 inches in diameter with which he ploughed his way through to within a few miles of Paris.

These guns are one of the things that cannot be placed in one end of a machine in the form of raw material and come out finished at the other, but each requires a great deal of careful and accurate work, and in consequence the production is slow. A visit to one of the large armament works is extremely interesting.

The raw material arrives in the form of pig-iron either from our own ironfields or from those of Sweden, and to convert it into steel it has to be subjected to the heat of the steel making furnace for a considerable time. The usual process, which is known as the Siemens-Martin process, is conducted in a large rectangular furnace having a dish-shaped bottom which is filled with pigs.

None of these furnaces is heated with solid fuel as is the case of most other steel melting furnaces, but by gas supplied by large producers. The gas is admitted to the side of the furnace at the same time as a current of air, causing a flame of intense heat to shoot across the iron.

When the iron has been converted into steel it is withdrawn from the rear of the furnace in its molten state into a large ladle mounted on a small truck. This ladle is moved along from furnace to furnace until it is full or contains sufficient metal for the work in hand when it is driven along into the casting shop and poured into the ingot mould.

Passing into the forge everything seems in a tumult, the large steam hammers noisily clattering away at the red-hot masses of steel, the shrill whistle of the foreman controlling the workmen, the steam hissing as it escapes from the cylinders and the roaring of the furnaces from which the men withdraw the re-heated ingots.

It appears marvellous to the stranger to see the ease with which a twenty-ton casting is turned about by the men; it is swung under the hammer, turned over, given the required number of blows, moved backwards and forwards without the hammer stopping its rapid movement, and merely at the command of the foreman whose motions with his hands are understood by the men. This hammer is so sensitive that it is possible for the driver to bring it down with a blow of many tons or only just hard enough to crack an egg-shell.

After the gun is well forged and the bands are hammered on, it is sent forward to the machining shop where it is fitted on a lathe and turned and bored with such precision that a thousandth part of an inch is quite an important distance. After leaving the lathe there is a great amount of important machining to be executed chiefly with reference to the mechanism and breach.

The hardening processes are varied, and each manufacturer jealously guards his own particular way and employs special workmen who work continually under lock and key.

Until quite recently the largest regular gun was the famous 13.5-inch, and there is no doubt that the Germans have gained advantages over us with their guns of greatly increased calibre, but when the better weather sets in I shall be very much mistaken if they are not repaid in their own coin, but during the past variable weather it was almost impossible to move these huge masses about rapidly to the points where they were required.

Shows No Improvement.

"I don't see that her college education has improved her much."

"No?"

"No. She helps her mother with the housework just as if she hadn't been educated."—Exchange.

Parried.

"And that young man kissed you on the lips! Why didn't you offer him your hand?" said the father.

"Oh, I didn't have to, papa," said the girl. "He's going to ask you for that."

THESE 3 button models emphasize the wide variety of styles that we are showing in Spring Suits.

These are but two of many exclusive Fit-Reform creations—$15. to $35. Come in and see them all.

FIT-REFORM

Chas. J. Symons
"The Store With The Electric Man"

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

CRITICAL CABINET CRISIS.

The gravity of the political situation in England, to which we gave full weight yesterday, is not diminished by the latest news to hand. Here in Canada, thousands of miles from the scene of political turmoil, we can only form our opinions from the cabled despatches. But they are sufficient to indicate that the Empire is at the very crisis of its fate. The successful prosecution of the war means everything to the British Empire. We shall and must win. Of that there cannot be a doubt in the minds of all true Britons. The brave soldiers who have come from all parts of the Empire at the sound of the bugle call, are fighting with a gallantry which has never been eclipsed by any troops in the Empire's history. They are doing all that is asked of them—and sometimes even more. The charge of the Canadians at Langemarck is one of these brilliant episodes.

But to bring a war to a successful conclusion something else is required. There must be firmness, unity and determination among the men who direct the operations of war. Recent events clearly show that such is not the case at the moment in England. But critical moments often bring about great changes for the better; and we are forced to the conviction that the complete reorganization of the Government which is taking place in the capital of the Empire will mean a cohesion of action among the men who form the various parts of the huge war machine, which—there is reason to believe—has been lacking, and that the whole position of affairs will be altered within a few weeks. A war such as this is a tremendous test of administrative ability. It had not been in progress long before France found it necessary to make radical changes in her war department. Those changes brought about the best results. From an administrative point of view Great Britain was in anything but a satisfactory condition when the war broke out.

It is well to recall the actual position of affairs. England was without a Secretary of War. Mr. Asquith, the Premier, was temporarily carrying out the duties, for the simple reason that there was no one in the Cabinet who was pre-eminently fitted for the post. The bungling of the Government over Home Rule had nearly brought Ireland to civil war, and Col. Seeley, the Secretary of War, who made a false step, had to bear the whole brunt of it, and resigned. General French, who is now directing the British Forces in Flanders, and one or two other distinguished officers, resigned their posts as a protest against the way in which British officers had been treated. When war broke out Mr. Asquith found himself in a dilemma. He could not call to his aid Lord Haldane, who (as Mr. Haldane) had been Secretary of War during a notable period of the army's history, because he was known to be a personal friend of the Kaiser's. The Premier found a happy way out of the difficulty by making an entirely new departure, and giving the position to a distinguished military man. The country hailed with delight the appointment of Lord Kitchener, and looked to him with the greatest confidence. He had won renown as a great military organizer, and he has amply justified that reputation by the skill with which he has carried out his exceedingly heavy duties. He has equipped and placed in the field the largest army ever got together in the Empire. He has raised and trained an entirely new army of recruits, numbering a million men, which is without doubt the finest volunteer army the world has ever seen. The splendid manner in which the commissariat department has been looked after is a testimony to Lord Kitchener's genius as an organizer. No soldiers in any war have ever been so well fed and cared for as the British soldiers who have served in this great and world-wide war.

Then what has happened, it may well be asked, that Lord Kitchener should now be among those to receive condemnation? Has the Press of London, in the excitement of the times, lost its head? We can hardly believe it possible, and yet it is urged that Lord Kitchener should be sent to India! The one man above all others upon whom the country relied at the commencement of the war was Lord Roberts's right-hand man in the South African war. To talk of his being sent to India at this critical juncture is altogether out of the question. Yet the suggestion is made by one reputable London organ. Kitchener cannot be spared. If he could go to the front, in supreme command, it would probably be the best thing that could happen. But the difficulties in the way are many. It can be easily believed that he has taken more upon himself that one man can possibly adequately carry out; and the suggestion that has been made—that another Minister should take over the civil duties of the office, and leave Lord Kitchener free to conduct the military part of the campaign—seems the most satisfactory solution of a difficult question. From this reconstruction of the British Cabinet we believe good will follow, and that the anxiety which now prevails will soon give place to an optimistic spirit, which will carry the Empire through all difficulties and result in a glorious victory for the arms of the Allies.

NO ELECTION—AN ELECTION.

The dear boys in the trenches, the weeping of mothers, the grieving of widows, lamentations of orphans, and regrets of sweethearts, have no terrors for the Toronto Globe, provided the mourners are of the Western Province of Manitoba, if a general election gives promise of securing office and power to Liberalism in that portion of the Dominion. An upheaval in politics has taken place in Manitoba, of a character which led to the resignation of the Roblin Government, and the accession to power of a Cabinet composed of Liberals.

On the resignation of Premier Roblin, it was intimated that the outgoing Ministers were to resign their seats in the Legislature, and to induce others of the Conservative party to follow the example set them by Sir Rodmond, in sufficient numbers to give the new Liberal Premier a working majority in the Legislature, and that in consideration therefor the investigation of the alleged fraudulent overcharge by the contractors for the erection of the new parliament buildings in that Province, was to be closed, or so manipulated as to render such investigation of no avail, thereby saving the necessity of a general election. That such a venal proposition was ever made by Sir Rodmond Roblin, no one who knows him would for a moment believe, as it would be a tacit acknowledgment of guilt on his part, and that of his Cabinet.

Notwithstanding all its protestations against a Dominion general election, the Globe's indignation and vehement denunciation of Dominion Ministers who were supposed to favor such an election, it is now equally vehement in its advocacy of an election in Manitoba. The reason is transparent. It is believed under present circumstances Liberalism would succeed. The Globe says:—

"In Manitoba politics a peaceful compromise between the party leaders would be a crime against the Province. Any deal that would give the Liberals office without a general election, in exchange for immunity from the investigation and punishment of wrongdoing by Conservative looters under the Roblin Administration, would be treason to every principle of responsible government, an insult to the very name of Liberalism, and an infamy for which the new Premier and his Cabinet could never be forgiven. Every atom of political decency left elsewhere in Canada, Conservative as well as Liberal, would revolt against such an iniquitous conspiracy, and Manitoba would be dishonored among the Provinces if its people did not rise in resolute rebellion."

It would be a crime "to give the Liberals office without a general election in exchange for immunity from investigation." In this we are in accord, but it would be a worse crime, in the opinion of the Globe, if the Diminion Government should seek the opinion of the electors upon a war policy involving the expenditure of the people's money to the extent of hundreds of millions of dollars. Why? In Manitoba, under present conditions the probabilities are that the Liberals would win, hence there should be an election. In the case of a Dominion general election the Conservative Government would, beyond doubt, be sustained, overwhelmingly.

That any arrangement for a "saw-off" was proposed or even contemplated, there has been no evidence produced.

Sir Rodmond Roblin could not afford to enter into any such agreement. Self-respect would forbid it. His duty—and we doubt not he realizes it—is to press the investigation to a close for the purpose of clearing his own skirts and placing the wrong, wherever it exists, upon the right parties, no matter who they may be, and in case of fraud being brought home to anyone, no matter who it may be, let the law be enforced to the fullest extent, and not allow the culprits—as was the case during the Laurier regime, when frauds were discovered—to escape punishment.

THE ORANGE TRIENNIAL COUNCIL.

It was decided at the last meeting of this branch of the Orange Institution, to hold the next session in Winnipeg on Wednesday the 21st of July, 1915. In some councils of the Order it was thought advisable, owing to the war, and the probable non-attendance of Brethren from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and other parts of the Empire, who usually attend, to postpone the meeting until the end of the conflict. Judge Scott, the President of the Council, has decided otherwise, as will be seen by a letter written by him and published in the Orange Sentinel of the 20th inst.:

Perth, Ont., May 18, 1915.
Sentinel Publishing Co.,
Toronto, Ont.

From present indication war conditions will prevent attendance at Triennial Council of delegates from Motherland and far off Dominions. After careful consideration, have decided that postponement now would be impracticable, in view of Grand Lodge fixture. Imperial Council will therefore meet at Winnipeg on Wednesday, 21st July.

J. H. SCOTT.

A field of rye in Ameliasburg was reported to be headed out on the 11th inst., two weeks earlier than usual.

EVERY MAN

who gets in here and sees the wonderful values is, at once convinced of our "Mill to Man" proposition. It's not a lot of "odds" and "ends" or "job lots"—it's a stock of clean new woolens that come to us direct from the great Scotch mills. You should see the new hair line and pencil stripes in the New Suitings, plain and fancy Cheviots, real Scotch Homespuns, and Tweeds. The most popular weaves.

ONE PRICE! NO MORE!—$15—NO LESS

Open Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings

Scotland Woolen Mills Co., Limited
253 FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE

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Liverpool		Montreal
June 4	Missanabie	June 17
June 18	Metagama	July 1
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Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

Victrola

supremacy is firmly established on a basis of great things actually accomplished.

It brings to you, no matter where you live, the superb art of the world's greatest singers and musicians. It is these great artists—as supreme in its life-like renditions as the artists themselves. There is no other way to become so intimately and thoroughly familiar with their wonderful art.

The Victrola is no further from you than the nearest "His Master's Voice" dealer—in every city and town in Canada. No home need be without a Victrola—$21 to $305. Victor Records 90c for ten inch, double sided.

Victrola VI $33.50
With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections, your own choice) $47.00

Sold on easy terms, if desired.

Other Victrolas from $21.00 to $305 (on easy payments, if desired) and ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records at 90c for the two selections at any "His Master's Voice" dealer's in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

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CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

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OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays 8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN. the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Victoria Day May 24th

SINGLE FARE—Good going and returning May 24th only.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD — Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Return limit May 25th, 1915.

Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada east of Port Arthur and to Detroit, and Port Huron, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock and Niagara Falls, N.Y. Tickets sold at reduced fares from Belleville to Toronto, Montreal or intermediate stations on Main Line, or from above station to Parkdale or Sunnyside, will not be valid for passage on Trains Nos. 1 and 14.

Tickets and full particulars on application to ticket agents.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
VICTORIA DAY EXCURSION

Single Fare
Good going and returning May 24th.

Fare and One-Third
Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Return limit, May 25th.

CONVENIENT SERVICE
To Toronto, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Picton, Deseronto, Napanee, Yarker, Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate points by Canadian Northern Railway.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 20— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13— 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited. daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 28, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 5.25 p.m.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate station—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—3.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.35 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
VICTORIA DAY

SINGLE FARE good going Monday, May 24th, return limit, Monday, May 24th, 1915.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD good going Saturday, Sunday and Monday, May 22nd, 23rd and 24th, return limit May 25th, 1915.
(Minimum charge 25c.)

PACIFIC COAST TOURS
AT LOW FARES
INCLUDING
"CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS"
Particulars from S. Burrows, General Agent, Belleville, Ont.

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
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Joint Accounts are a Convenience.
Keep a Savings Account, and
Let Your Money Accumulate. 176
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
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Rednersville " " Wednesdays

The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
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YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
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British Navy Biscuits
REGISTERED
At your grocer's
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Extra Specials For Saturday

5 dozen Lingerie Blouses, made to sell at $1.50 to $1.75. Our price $1.19
3 dozen Lingerie Blouses at .... 98c.
Kiddies' Middies for children 4 to 10 years .... 59c.
Misses' Middies .... 75c., $1.19, $1.50 each
6 dozen Women's Silk Ankle Hose .... 25c. pair
Buster Brown and Buster Brown's Sister's Hose .... 25c. pair
230 pairs Silk Stockings, double wear heel and toe, equal to $1.00 hosiery, for only 59c. per pair, or 6 pairs for $3.00
Holeproof Hosiery for men, women and children, every box guaranteed.
Fownes' Gloves .... 50c. to $2.50 pair
D. & A. Corsets .... 50c. to $4.50 pair.
Underskirts and House Dresses, made in New York, right styles, right prices.
TOOKE'S SHIRTS, COLLARS, NECKWEAR, made in Canada, warranted to give satisfaction.
Our store is full of new goods marked to keep down the high cost of living.

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Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

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Extra Special

Beautiful New Piano
In Fumed Oak
$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

Peace at Home Till War Ends

An Open Letter to Presbyterians on Church Union

To the Editor of The Intelligencer,—

Sir:—Sad beyond expression would it be, if the Church, which should be a source of unity and strength and comfort to the nation at this sad time, should be made, instead, an element of division and weakness. May I suggest a way to avoid this, without anyone surrendering what he thinks to be right. The situation, in brief is as follows:

The Majority of the Union Committee, at its meeting in December last, agreed to recommend to our Assembly, which meets in Kingston in June, to proceed this summer to another vote on Church Union. On the other hand, the Minority of the Union Committee has recommended the Assembly to drop for the present, the question of organic Union.

If the Assembly should now proceed to another vite, it could only create division. The pressure has only led to further steps in resisting that pressure, as witness the following:

At the recent meeting of the Synod of British Columbia, early in April, there were present about fifty members. Twenty of these ministers and elders, gathered at a meeting called for the purpose, and organized for the Province, for the Preservation of the Presbyterian Church.

At the recent meeting of the Synod of Alberta, about the middle of April, thirty members of Synod, ministers and elders, gathered at a meeting held for the same purpose, organized for the Province, and appointed a large Committee of ministers and laymen.

These two Committees are in two of the largest Western Home Mission Provinces, and include well-known pioneers who have been active in furthering Home Mission Work for a generation. The Alberta Committee has just issued a statement claiming "the almost complete elimination of overlapping in that Province, through the co-operation of the Methodist and Presbyterian Churches."—and quoting the report to the Synod of Alberta of its Home Mission Convener—"that out of a total of six hundred preaching points under the care of his Committee, there is overlapping with the Methodist Church in only twenty-one cases.

Still further, there has been recently organized a "Woman's League for the Preservation of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

All thse are in addition to the General Organization, with its Committees of over six hundred ministers and elders. This General Committee represents the more than fifty thousand who voted against terminating our own Chuch organization, and as many of the non-voting half of our Church as may prefer to remain in it.

These tens of thousands believe in unity with all true Christians; but they believe that where there is not room for two churches, it is better for the people to worship together, in connection with one or other of the existing denominations than attempt to compel the whole Church into a new Church Organization. They believe that it is not best to give up the Presbyterian System, with its Scripturalness, freedom and efficiency, for a system to greatly inferior as that of the basis of Union, and they have declared their purpose not to be sharers in such a step.

All these things show that pressure can only create unrest and disunion in our own Church.

But the object of this writing is not to urge that the Assembly should aropt either report, but to suggest that on account of war conditions, wholly unforeseen by last Assembly, both he Majority and the Minority Reports presented to this Assembly be referred to the following Assembly of 1916. That Assembly can deal with these reports in the light of conditions then existing.

The great body of the best people in both political parties have been strongly opposed to a war election; and when our Empire is in a struggle for life; when so many members of our Church are absent at the front; when families are in axiety and bereavement and sore sorrow will cover our land; when even negotiations for reunion between the two great Presbyterian Churches in Scotland have been entirely discontinued during the war; when no true interest can suffer by referring these two reports to the following Assembly; would it not be unwise, unworthy, unpatriotic strangely lacking in sympathy with the one tremendous issue, to foce a needless vote which can only bring division and strife. If contention must come within let it be deferred till the war is ended.

E. SCOTT

Montreal, May 14, 1915.

THE **DOW** ALES & PORTERS
A HUNDRED YEARS SUCCESS GUARANTEES THEIR EXCELLENCE
The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Hyman's Saturday Underwear Bargains.
Reg. $1.00 per suit for 75c. per suit

Enjoyable Smoker to 39th Officers

"We Will Not Disgrace You at the Front" Says Colonel Preston

Last night Colonel Preston and the officers of the 39th Battalion were entertained by Colonel Marsh and the officers of the 15th regiment, to a smoker in the 15th mess rooms. Seldom if ever has there been such an enjoyable evening spent in these armouries. Although one knew that the 39th Battalion would be leaving shortly, and no doubt this would be perhaps the last time of being together, nevertheless the convivial spirit which permeated the gathering was typical of the true Canadian spirit, "tender as mother, when the battles o'er, but ready to die as heroes and gentlemen."

There were a few guests in civilian clothes which added a pleasing contrast to the soldierly attire of the military men.

Several tables of bridge were going on from 8 to 10, when a short but excellent informal programme was given Lieut. Wrightmeyer, and Captains Ketcheson and Hudson and Messrs. Earle and Doyle rendered several vocal selections. Mr. C. H. Earle, of the maritime Fisheries Corporation of Montreal, was in town for the evening, and kindly gave some of the finest selections ever heard in this city. Mr. Earle has a very rich voice, with a wonderful range and has sung in some of the largest cities in the Dominion. Among the many songs that he so willingly rendered, were: "Heroes and Gentlemen," "The British Navy," "Phil the Fluter's Ball," and several others.

Colonel Marsh proposed the toast to the King, those present standing at attention and singing the National Anthem.

Chaplain Major Beamish was called upon to propose the health of the officers of the 39th Battalion. "Belleville has taken the officers and men of the 39th Battalion to their hearts," said Major Beamish, "we regret that the sense of duty calls them away, but we feel sure that everyone will do their duty. Gentlemen, you need not feel ashamed of yourselves. You are of the best in the land, and I have seldom had the pleasure of meeting a find or better class of men, and you take the best wishes from us. We, who cannot go, wish you the best of success and God speed and a safe return. God bless you and your health, now and always."

Colonel Preston, in responding, thanked all on behalf of the regiment for the kind and enthusiastic way they had been received by the 15th Regiment and the citizens of Belleville. "We in the 39th feel that we owe a great deal to the 15th," said the commanding officer. "It was just 30 years ago that we went to the northwest rebellion. I went in the Midland Regiment, and as usual where fighting is, there were men of the 15th regiment. From our experience of that campaign I know that the 15th produces some of the best men in this 3rd division. We feel a great appreciation for the 15th, as you have given us some of our best officers and one of our best half companies. We appreciate the spirit, and you have given us everything we could desire. We thank you from our heart and we will always carry a fond remembrance of you, and we will not disgrace you when we get to the front," concluded the colonel.

After some musical numbers by Mr. Denmark, and the 15th regimental orchestra, Col. Preston proposed the toast to the 15th regiment, dwelling upon the fraternal spirit among military men, which was so grand in the 15th.

"The 15th has several officers and men at the front, and from accounts the men from this regiment at the front have lived up to the fullest expectations, bringing credit to themselves, their city and their regiment," said Col. Marsh in responding. "We are sending more men with the 39th, who, I am sure are equally as good as those at the front, and I feel confident that these too will acquit themselves nobly. There are some of the 15th who are anxious to go now, but have not been able to get attached to this Battalion, but I hope that the authorities will see fit to send these men with the 39th. There are several of us, who for some reason or other cannot go. Personally, I would like to go, but the medical men say, I am physically unfit. I hope that you will make these rooms your headquarters and home while here, and I know that you will uphold the honor of Britain and Canada while at the front."

Colonel Ponton was called upon and shortly reviewed recent happenings at the front, as affecting the Canadians. He read a letter from Capt. R. D. Ponton, which stated that the local men had come out of the great battle of Langemarck very luckily, and had done their part to the full.

After the programme was completed Mr. Earle gave some comic and Irish songs, and it is to be hoped that this genial and excellent entertainer will come to this city again very soon. An informal vote of thanks was tendered Dr. Cairn for bringing Mr. Earle to the smoker.

Among those present were Lt.-Col. Ponton, Colonels Preston, Marsh Ketcheson, Stewart, Majors Barragar, Beamish, Vanderwater, Captains A. P. Allen, Campbell, Holton, Green, Hudson, P. Ketcheson, Farley. Lieuts. B. K. Allen, Cameron, McPhun, Wallace, Ross, Downey, Rattan. Messrs. Ex-Mayor Wills, Ketcheson, Bowell, Tait, Bird, Doyle and several others.

Hyman's Saturday Cap Bargains.
Regular $1.00 Caps for 50c.

BISURATED MAGNESIA

An absolutely harmless antacid in all cases of fermentation and souring and belching of food, gas, indigestion, etc. A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle.

39TH BATTALION AT HOME

To Their Friends in Belleville on May 24th, Col. Smart Looks for Large Crowd from Port Hope

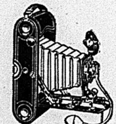
Lt. Col. R. W. Smart of the 39th battalion, Belleville, 'phoned the Guide last evening that the soldiers would join with the citizens of Belleville in a big celebrtation May 24th. The Colonel would like to see a large number of Port Hopers in Belleville on the holiday, and he promises them a very enjoyable time. The battalion will be "At Home" to their friends and this may be the last opportunity to visit them, as the boys expect to leave for England very shortly.—Port Hope Guide.

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN $8.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

Saturday Bargains At LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE

Reg. 25c. Hydrogen Peroxide 10c.	Reg. 25c. Blaud's Iron Pills 2 for 25c.	Reg. 15c. Glycerine Soap 3 for 25c.	Reg. $1.00 Beef, Iron and Wine 49c.

50c. Fruitatives 28c.	15c. Palmolive Soap 3 for 25c.
50c. Gin Pills 25c.	25c. Talcums 15c.
25c. Thomas' Electric Oil 15c.	25c. Tooth Paste 15c.
25c. Nerviline 15c.	10c. Ivory Soap 5c.
60c. Abbey's Salt 39c.	25c. Boracic Acid 15c.
25c. Abbey's Salt 19c.	25c. Nature's Remedy 12c.
50c. Dodds' Pills 29c.	50c. Nature's Remedy 35c.
25c. Hamilton's Pills 17c.	$1.00 Nature's Remedy 63c.
50c. Williams' Pills 30c.	50c. Palmolive Shampoo 39c.
75c. Rubber Gloves 49c.	50c. Listerine 40c.



We are headquarters for KODAKS and BROWNIE CAMERAS.
KODAKS, - - $7.00 to $22.50
BROWNIES, - - $1.00 to $12.00

Films

We handle the Eastman's N.C. Film, the best on the market.
Get your holiday supply from us. We have them to fit all cameras.

50c. Zam-Buk 35c.	50c. Chase's Nerve Food 29c.	25c. Baby's Own Tablets 15c.	$1.00 Listerine 75c.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE
THE CAMERA SHOP

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.'
Specials for Saturday

Read carefully each and every article mentioned here, and then come down bright and early for some great bargains. If you want to save money come here and do your shopping. Advertised or not, you will find our prices the lowest, quality considered.

Children's pure wool Cashmere Hose .... only 15c. pair
Women's best quality Cotton Hose .... 15c. pair; 2 pairs for 25c.
75c. Ladies' Hand Bags, only .... 39c.
25c. Bar Brooches, only .... 15c.
25c. Hat Pins, special .... 5c. each
$2.00 Ladies' Hand Bags, sale price $1.25
$1.25 Middy Blouse with navy blue collars and cuffs; sale price 85c
50c. Ladies' Silk Gloves only .... 35c.
Children's Gingham Dresses, sale price .... 50c.
$1.00 Ladies' fine Cotton Night Gowns, sale price .... 49c.
Come Saturday morning early for White Dresses suitable for Children ages 1 year to 14 years. $1.25 Dresses, neatly made, sale price 75c. Others at 95c., $1.49, $1.59, $1.69 to $1.85. These are exceptionally great values.
Extra Special Ladies' all Silk Hose, reg. 50c. quality, 35c. a pair, or 3 pairs for $1.00
$1.50 Satin Underskirts, only $1.49. All shades and sizes.

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!! FIREWORKS!!!

Monday is the glorious 24th, a day for the small girlies and boys. Everything in fireworks, perfectly reliable kinds, with some some special new displays. Get some and have a family display at night. Be a Kid again for a day.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Spring Shirts!

THE excellence of our Shirts and our immense Shirt trade has styled us the Shirt Store of the Town!

No Store gives the study of Shirt fashions and Shirt making more serious thought than we do!

The result is our high achievement in the Shirt business!

Our Shirtings are of the best of fabrics and our Shirts are made for our trade exclusively.

The handsome new designs and colorings we show are in advance of those shown by other Dealers.

Everything new in Madras and genuine French Percales, Soisette, Linen and Silk.

Attached Cuffs, Soft Turn Back Cuffs, &c.

75c, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

All Sizes!

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

VICTORIA DAY
Monday, May 24th

CITIZENS' CELEBRATION
and
Farewell to the 39th Battalion, C. E. F.

Military Field Day
Mobilization of the CADET CORPS of the DISTRICT

Sports, Races, Baseball

Belleville Driving Park
2 p.m.

Parade From Market Square
1.30 p.m.

Let Belleville, Peterborough, Lindsay, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton and Central Ontario all join in showing our appreciation of our Battalion the 39th of the Overseas Force—by attending en masse. The receipts are to go to the 39th Regimental Funds to aid in the provision of needs and comforts for the men.

Lt. Col. L, W, MARSH, President
Alderman McFEE, Chairman of Sports Committee
ARTHUR JONES, Secretary

God Save the King

Shrewd Shoppers will find this season's D & A & La Diva Corsets compare more favorably than ever with imported ones.

The war tax adds about fifty cents on every dollar to the cost of imported corsets, yet adds nothing to their merit.

Hundreds of thousands of the best dressed women in Canada have for years been buying the D & A and La Diva Corsets which give perfect satisfaction. They are sold everywhere.

"Buy Made-in-Canada Corsets" 9-15

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY
Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

PICKEREL FISHING

Season for pickerel fishing opened on Monday, May 17th. For bass and lunge, June 18th.

ILLEGAL FISHING

It is illegal to use a spear in fishing in any of the inland waters of Ontario. This applies to suckers and all other kinds as well as game fish.

PURSE FOUND

Miss Wanda Riggs left a purse containing a small sum of money at the police station yesterday. The owner will be able to regain the lost property upon proving claim.

SEEING THE SIGHTS

One of the funniest sights seen in Belleville for some time, was a small red and brown wild rabbit running up the middle of the paved road on Front street at 9.30 this morning.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY

The twenty-ninth annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary, of the Diocese of Ontario, will be held in St. Thomas' Parish House, Belleville, from Tuesday, May 25th, to Friday, May 28th.

SUSPECTED OF BEING GERMAN

Private C. Batty of the 39th Battalion, has been discharged from His Majesty's service for being an alien, Batty is being held and in the meantime his past record is being looked into. There is a rumor to the effect that the man is a German.

NOT SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE

Aliysia Fisher was up before the chief magistrate yesterday afternoon on the charge of keeping a bawdy house on Dundas street west. Two privates were up as frequenters. The three were dismissed.

RUNAWAY HORSE CAPTURED

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Ford of Foster avenue, notified the police that a horse which was apparently a runaway, had been stopped and put in his barn. The horse was of a mud colored sorrel, with no harness upon it. The owner has not yet been found.

THE SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

As soldiers and soldiers' wives in Peterboro' have made some complaints that the separation allowance of $20 per month was not being received, the Federal member wired the Minister of Militia, and received the following reply: "Every wife whose husband has furnished a certificate that she is his wife, is receiving the separation allowance. There are a number who have not yet received their certificates from clergymen or other prominent people, consequently they have not furnished same to us; but that is their fault, not ours."

A New Box Party.

A young people's society gave the following unique affair that resulted in a most enjoyable evening for all the participants: The invitations were delivered in tiny pill boxes and asked the guests to bring a lunch prepared for two in a box to consist of sandwiches, hard boiled eggs, cake and wafers. The entertainment committee provided potato salad, coffee and olives. The first test was for girls only, and each was given an empty box, a piece of paper and some string. Scissors were also placed accessible to all, and five minutes was allowed for seeing who could do up the neatest parcel. A prize was awarded, consisting of a box of homemade candy. The next test was for the boys, and the same boxes were used and a number of articles produced to be packed, and the man who displayed the neatest box at the end of five minutes received a box of salted peanuts. The luncheon boxes were hidden, and the company was divided into pairs by matching animal crackers and hunted the boxes. Then after the feast a boxing glove was produced and each one in turn had to put it on and write his or her name and the date

The Seven Wonders.

The seven wonders of the world were: 1. Egyptian pyramids. 2. Mausoleum of Artemisia. 3. Temple of Diana at Ephesus. 4. Hanging gardens of Babylon. 5. Colossus of Rhodes. 6. The statue of Jupiter Olympus. 7. The Pharos, or watchtower of Alexandria.

The seven American wonders have been decreed to be as follows:

1. Niagara falls. 2. Yellowstone park 3. Mammoth cave. 4. Canyons and Garden of the Gods. 5. The giant trees of California. 6. The natural bridge. 7. The Yosemite valley.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Boys.

We all love manly fellows,
Boys that are brave and true;
Boys that are helpful and earnest
And know just what to do.

The boy who can help his mother
With her weary household work;
The boy who learns well his lessons
And never is known to shirk.

The boy with a heart as gentle
As a girl's, when the case demands,
And the boy who is always ready
To do that which falls to his hands.

Such boys, may heaven bless them!
One sees most everywhere;
And may they grow in numbers
Is every person's prayer.

THE DEVONSHIRE MOTHER

The King have called the Devon lads
and they be answering fine—
But shadows seem to bide this way,
for all the sun do shine,
For there's Squire's son have gone for
one, and Parson's son—and mine.

I mind the day mine went from me—
the skies was all aglow—
The cows deep in our little lane was
comin' so slow—
"And don't ee never grieve yourself,"
he said, "because I go."

His arms were strong around me, then,
he turned and went away,
I heard the little childer a-singing at
their play,
The meanin' of an aching heart is hid
from such as they.

And scarce a day goes by but now I
set my door ajar,
And watch the road that Jan went up
the time he went to war,
That when he'll come again to me I'll
see him from afar.

And in my chimney seat o' nights when
quiet grows the farm,
I pray the Lord he be not cold whiles
I have fire to warm—
And give the mothers humble hearts
whose boys are kept from harm.

And then I take the Book and read
before I seek my rest,
Of how that other Son went forth
(them parts I like the best),
And left His mother lone for Him she'd
cuddled to her breast.

I like to think when nights were dark
and Him at prayer maybe,
Upon the gurt dark mountain side, or
in His boat at sea,
He worried just a bit for her, who'd
learnt Him at her knee.

And maybe when He minds her ways,
He will not let Jan fall—
I'm thinkin' He will know my boy,
with his dear ways an' all—
With his tanned face, his eyes of blue,
and he so strappin' tall.

—MARJORIE WILSON,
(Westminster Gazette)

WEDDING BELLS

CARRUTHERS—CARRUTHERS

On Wednesday May 19th, at the home of Mr. R. W. Fern, Foster avenue, by Rev. W. G. Clarke, in the presence of immediate relatives, Richard Carruthers, Belleville, and Jean Carruthers of Carlisle, England, were united in marriage. After the marriage ceremony the assembly repaired to the dining room, where an elaborate repast was enjoyed. The presents were many and beautiful. The young couple will reside in Belleville.

Hyman's Saturday Hat Bargains.
Regular $2.50 Hats for $1.50.

BIRTHS.

STEWART—In Belleville on the 20th inst to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Stewart, 31½ Isabel St., a daughter, Isobel Louise.

DEATH ROLL

James Albert OBrien, son of Wm. OBrien of the 3rd Concession of Thurlow, passed away at an early hour yesterday evening. The deceased was a young man in his sixteenth year and very highly esteemed. He was ill for ten days with inflamatory rheumatism. He was a member of St. Michael's church. Interment will take place to-morrow afternoon at St. James cemetery.

ACHED ALL OVER, HAD PAINS IN CHEST

Jackson, Miss., Minister Tells How He Suffered After the Grippe and How He Was Restored to Health by Vinol.

Jackson, Miss.—"I am a minister of the gospel and I had the grippe so badly that I ached all over, flesh was sore, I had pains in my chest and back, no appetite, was nervous and had a stubborn cough.

"I tried different medicines without benefit; finally a friend recommended Vinol. I tried it and soon noticed an improvement and continuing its use I am entirely relieved of my troubles. I have also used Vinol in my family for chronic coughs and cold with the best results."—O. W. CHILES, Jackson, Miss.

Grippe leaves the blood in a thin devitalized condition. It takes away the appetite and leaves one weak, without energy and often in a dangerous condition.

In order to restore the blood to a healthy condition, iron must be supplied in an easily assimilated form. We guarantee this may be done by Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic which contains no oil. If you try it and it does not help you we will return your money.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us

We Can Save You Money
By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

Massey Silver Ribbon WHEELS
$40 and $50
National, - - - $28.50
Built by a firm with a world's reputation.

333 FRONT STREET

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

When You Want Good Pure Liquors COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

FOR SALE OR RENT, HOUSE, NEARLY new; modern conveniences, 111 Chatham Street; also one lot, will sell cheap if sold at once. Apply O. A. Snyder, 74 Victoria Avenue. 15-6td

AUTOMOBILE, 5 PASSENGER "RUSSELL", in splendid condition, offered at a great bargain. Apply to C. M. Reid, c-o The Ritchie Co. 21-2td

POULTRY—12 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of these are laying. $13.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office dtf

AGENTS WANTED

LUSITANIA DESTRUCTION AND HORrors of the Great War—thrilling, heart-rending and appalling. Greatest seller ever published. Only dollar. Best terms. Sample book free. Winston Co., Toronto. 15-6td

$30 CASH WEEKLY, ALSO COMMISSION, for traveller to appoint agents. Drawer 324, Brantford, Ontario. 21-6td

WANTED

OLD GENTLEMAN WISHES TO LET, small comfortable house and board with tenant if agreeable. Apply 14 Burrell Street. m19-tf

WANTED TO RENT, COMFORTABLE FIVE or six roomed house with conveniences. Apply Belleville Burial Co. or Phone 774. m21-4td

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, COOK, WITH REFERENCES. Apply evenings between 4 and 6 to Mrs. Corby, 169 George Street. 18-dtf

WANTED, A GOOD PASTRY COOK. APPLY Crystal Hotel. 18-4td

WANTED, A GIRL FOR DINING ROOM Apply Ideal Cafe, 28 Front Street. 20-2td

WANTED AT ONCE, COOK, GOOD WAGES Apply 111 Victoria Avenue or Phone 327. m21-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Thursday, June 17, 1915, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office and from the caretakers of the different Dominion Buildings.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures.

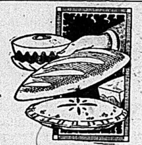
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 20, 1915.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—79876. 21-3td

A form of the camera obscura has been invented by a Frenchman to inform an aviator when he deviates from a given course.



We Make Pies

that will surely tempt you, and we will have a great variety for Saturday.

Peach Pies	20c. each
Pineapple Pies	20c. each
Apple Pies	20c. each
Pumpkin Pies	20c. each
Raisin Pies	20c. each
Apricot Pies	20c. each
Custard Pies	20c. each
Lemon Pies	25c. each

Ring us up for one of these, sure!

Chas. S. Clapp

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

For the Children

Br'er Fox and the Bunny.

Once upon a time there was a hen who, in order to be exclusive of her friends of the barnyard, built her nest up the road in a thicket under the fence and started in to raise a brood of chicks.

Everything worked fine, but one moonlight night there came a sudden stop, for down the road came a fox, nosing from side to side, till all of a sudden he spied in the moonlight in the grass the head of Mother Hen on her eggs. Quick as a flash he grabbed her by the neck and dragged her off the nest, and away up the lane he went. South to say, it looked bad for the eggs in the nest. But up from the barn in the lane came loping along, nosing from side to side, a little brown bunny, when suddenly he lighted on the vacant nest. Creeping closer, he took in the situation, the warm nest and nobody home. Instead of destroying them the dear little fellow just placed his warm body on the eggs and took the place of the poor mother, kept them warm all night, and the next morning, which was Easter morn, he brought forth a brood of chicks.

First Cannon at Crecy.

Of all the world's great battles Crecy possesses a unique interest. The English used only three pieces of field ordnance. They were small cannon made of trees, bored, and bound with iron hoops, and the missiles were of stone, scarcely larger than cricket balls. Doubtless this rude artillery made far more noise than it effected damage. It was the longbow and the broadsword that won the battle, but nevertheless gunpowder was henceforth to play an over-increasing part in the strife of nations.

Explosives wrought a vast change in fighting methods on land, for many of the old-time weapons were rendered quite useless in face of death-dealing ball and shot. Warfare afloat, too, would be revolutionized. Hitherto the fighting ships had been largely carriers of soldiers in order to board and fight, as on land; whereas the time was at hand when ships were bombarded with cannon balls without the crew coming into actual contact.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. RITCHIE'S PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

FOR THE VERANDAH

AWNING DUCK, 28c YD.

36 inch Awning Duck of super quality in Green and White, Red and White, and Blue and White Stripes, extra good value at .... 28c yard

A phone or personal call will bring a competent man to your home who will take the necessary measurements and put them in place when done. We also make the curtains complete, any desired size, at a reasonable cost.

(Staple Department behind the Elevator)

Aerolux No-Whip Verandah Shades

We are sole agents for these celebrated Verandah Shades and stock them in sizes and prices as follows:

Size 4ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $3.00
Size 6ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $4.50
Size 8ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $6.00
Size 10ft. x 7ft. 6ins. $7.75
Or any size to order.

Third Floor

Bamboo Verandah Shades

The most reasonably priced Verandah Shades we handle. Shown in Natural Bamboo and Green; sizes range from 4 feet wide by 8 feet long to 12 feet wide by 8 feet long, priced at .... $1.00 to $3.00

Japanese Matting

Matting by the yard in the most dependable qualities only, stencilled and jacquard designs, all colors and neat patterns, at........ 17c to 65c yard

Japanese Stencilled and Jacquard Rugs

Sized and priced as follows:—

STENCIL JAP MATS
Hearth size,.................. 25c to 50c
Floor Rugs,.. .... 95c to $3.00

JACQUARD WOVEN RUGS
Hearth Rugs,.................. 45c
Floor Rugs,............ $1.25 to $3.50

A Further Reduction In Price Of Ladies' and Misses' Suits

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit values we have ever offered; and we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the original price tickets. They tell the tory better than all we could say. But here's a general description of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at ....

$7.95

Ladies' Sport Shirts $1.50

Newest style of waist for outing wear now showing in the Mantle Room, featuring long sleeves, loose body and large roll collar; very suitable for boating, motoring or playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

The Best Corset Model We Ever Offered at $1.00

Made of heavy English coutil, trimmed at top with white net and lace and draw string; non-rust aluminum steels, and six best D. & A. hose supporters; 5 hooks and a clasp. Regular $1.35 value and undoubtedly the best Corset value ever offered at $1.00

(Sizes 19 to 28)

Reg. $6.00 Brocade Silk Corsets, $3.50 Pair

About 5 dozen of these great Corset values, made by the D. & A. Corset Manufacturers for export trade, but could not be delivered. We secured them at a decided bargain, and offer them at an equally attractive price .... $3.50 pair.

American Lady Model (No. 354) Same as Illustration $2.50

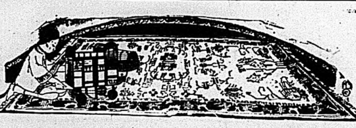
A very up-to-date Corset designed for average figures, made of fine French coutil, elastic gores over hips, trimmed at top with net piped with satin and satin bow, 1 hook below, 5 clasps and six hose supporters. Sizes 19 to 26 ...... $2.50

(Corset Dept., Main Floor, rear)

REMEMBER We make Window Shades to order any size

The RITCHIE Company Limited

REMEMBER We do Furniture Upholstering at reasonable rates.



Bamboo Shades. Grass Mats. Sea Grass Furniture.

THE 24th of May is a good day to do all the little odds and ends around the house.

LIKE the stroke of a magic wand is the startling change in the appearance of the house after the 24th. The awnings are up; the summer furniture out; the rugs down. In fact it seems like the formal declaration of summer, the first call is heeded to live out doors.

Very appropriate then will be found our large and varied stock of Rugs, Furniture, Matting and Grass Carpets and Porch Screens, and at prices that are bound to attract.

Special Prices in Sea Grass Furniture

Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
The Glasgow Warehouse
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Chairs $5.60
Rockers $6.15

AN IRISH REGIMENT.

Long Pulsing Line of Steel With Devil In Its Rhythm.

Just as an Irish rugby team is utterly different in its temper from an English, Welsh or Scottish rugby team, so is an Irish regiment utterly different from an English, Welsh or Scottish regiment. I do not say that its temper is finer, writes James Douglas in The London News. I say it is different. At Lord Roberts' funeral I stood on the Thames embankment beside an English war correspondent. As the soldiers went by in the rain we tried to identify the various regiments. One very smart regiment puzzled us. Suddenly we fixed our eyes on a great, strapping soldier with a roguish eye and a devil-may-care glint in it. His khaki cap was cocked rakishly over one eyebrow. "Irish, of course," said the English war correspondent. "You can't mistake that fellow." "It was the Irish Guards. Even in the mud and rain they looked uproariously and outrageously Irish. And I remembered how, not many months ago, the Irish Guards (now fighting in Flanders) cheered John Redmond and John Dillon.

In the rain-sodden twilight one evening I stood at the corner of a street in Cork and watched an Irish regiment swinging past on its way back from a long route march. Were they leg weary? Not a bit of it. They went up the murky hill to their barracks with a rhythmic dash that sent my heart into my mouth. I have thrilled to the rhythm of the Grenadier Guards at the end of a route march. But the rhythm of this Irish regiment, though not finer, was different. There is only one word for it—there was more devil in its rhythm. It reminded me of the rhythm of a rush down the field by a pack of Irish forwards. The corporate soul of the regiment was in the rhythm, and the soul was Irish. The drums and flutes were playing a queer wild Irish tune, and at intervals each section barked like a pack of hounds. That fierce bark went down the regiment from front to rear, bark after bark, like a series of volleys—the vocal attack, as a musician would say, being perfect. As I heard it, I knew that I was listening not to a mob, but to a regiment—an Irish regiment—and there were tears of pride in my eyes as the long pulsing line of steel swept like a live thing around the corner up the dark hill.

If You Wish the Bloom of Youth.

If you wish to have rosy cheeks be careful of your diet. Eat simple, nourishing foods; avoid pastries, sweets, all rich and spicy foods and oily meats, such as pork and veal. Drink milk, cocoa and chocolate instead of tea and coffee. Pure air, pure water and pure food are the first essentials to a pure complexion. So are sunlight, out of door exercises and sleep. A cheerful disposition has much to do with the health. There is a story told of a husband who objected to his wife using cosmetics. He told her that the best way to give the face a good color was to get a pot of rouge and one rabbit's foot, bury them two miles from home and then walk out and back once a day to see if they were still there. She is said to have tried it and found it to be all her husband claimed.

Railway Clerk Millionaire.

One of the most striking romances of British industry is revealed by the recent death of Mr. Arthur Keen, chairman of the great firm of Guest, Keen & Nettlefold, Ltd., Birmingham, England.

Mr. Keen began work as a railway clerk; he died a millionaire iron king.

While employed at Smethwick Station Mr. Keen was introduced to a Mr. Watkins, who held an American patent for making nuts and bolts in a manner far cheaper and better than the slow and cumbersome method then in vogue in England.

The result was that the nut and bolt company of Watkins & Keen commenced operations on a small scale in Smethwick; the first week's wages did not exceed £13 10s.

Soon, however, Mr. Keen outdistanced every rival in this line of manufacture. His business absorbed other firms, until the board of which he was chairman controlled a capital of £5,000,000 and directed 50,000 workpeople.

A Long Time.

Mr. George Bernard Shaw was invited by a friend one night to hear a string quartette from Italy. Expecting a treat, he accepted the invitation. Throughout the program he sat with a stony look on his face.

The friend, to draw a little praise from him, said, "Mr. Shaw, those men have been playing together for twelve years."

"Twelve years?" said the other, in an incredulous voice. "Surely, we've been here longer than that."

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Weber Piano, in good condition, $90.00. Easy terms.—Goodsell's music store. 20-21

Raymond Sewing Machine "Canadian Made". None better. Easy terms.—Goodsell's Music Store. 20-21

Band Concert, Griffin's Theatre, Sunday evening, 8.30. 15th Band, assisted by Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Singer, Mrs. Nicholson, Mrs. Duff and Mr. Allan Schriver. 21,2t

Bell Piano Cased Organ, $75.00. Easy terms.—Goodsell's music store. 21-22

Massassaga Park will open for the season on May 24th. Picnics and excursions solicited. The yacht "Say When" will run regular trips on May 24; first boat leaving 9 o'clock. Last boat leaves the Park at eleven o'clock. Orchestra and Dancing. M20,3t

Easty Organ for $35.00. Easy terms. Goodsell's Music Store. 20-21

After the Honeymoon

is the time when domestic help becomes pressing. A Want Ad. in our paper will solve the problem.

Desirable people who want employment appreciate its value and consult the "Help Wanted" ads.

To Dry the Back.

Strips of Turkish toweling cut from towels that are beginning to show wear may be used to pull back and forth across the back or be hemmed into wash cloths and still give plenty of wear.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

Oregon has four women professional chauffeurs.

In China the mother-in-law is the boss of the house.

It is claimed that women of this country spend 85 per cent of the wealth.

In the field at harvest time in Poland far more women are to be seen than men.

The University of New Mexico has established a department of household economics.

There are 100 colleges in the United States exclusively for women, with nearly 20,000 students.

Twelve women are making a canvass of the most remote parts of England for recruits for Lord Kitchener's army.

Owing to the depression caused by the war female servants are the only kind of labor wanted in the British colonies.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus, we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1915. No. 311

CANADIANS IN ACTION GERMANS CAPTURED

Canadians Troops Have Again Distinguished Themselves in Battle—Their Losses Reported to be Heavy

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 22.—The Canadians figured in another important engagement near Ypres on Thursday night and Friday morning according to a private cable to the Minister of Militia today. It states that the second and third brigades, supported by first and fourth attacked the Germans in an orchard and captured a number of machine guns.

Extent Canadian losses not announced, but it is understood to have been considerable."

Daring Deeds by Canadians

Troopers Cleverly Defeat Germans by a Brilliant Coup—Wipe Out Garrison

LONDON, May 21.—The Royal Canadian Dragoons, Strathcona's and King Edward's' Horse, are the heroes of a remarkable achievement south of Ypres early on Sunday morning.

Acting as infantry, they charged into a village which the Germans were holding ahead of our trenches under a terrific fire from machine guns and loopholes in houses. They managed to set the buildings ablaze with incendiary bombs, but when retreating they found their road barred by German cavalry.

The enemy started to ride through the returning ranks of the Canadians but they got the surprise of their life for the Western men literally pulled the German troopers from their saddles and get astride the horses themselves. Then they dashed into the village and wiped out the remaining German garrison. But the burning buildings were too much for the Teutonic steeds, and the order came to dismount and hold the ruins against the advancing Germans until British help came.

Some cowboys herded the horses together and by Wild West yells they managed to stampede the animals back into our lines. The Canadians then held on to the ruins until relieved at daybreak.

SENATOR COX'S ESTATE

Investigation Held in Interests of Provincial Treasurer

TORONTO, May 19.—Justice Middleton is sitting, as a Royal Commissioner to-day to investigate the estate of the late Senator George Cox and his son, W. E. Cox. The investigation is to satisfy the provincial treasurer of Ontario that the estate of the late Senator and his son have been properly valued by the executors, and that the province has secured full value in the succession dues. The question is whether the inventories represented all of the estate. The points under which the investigation will proceed are: Whether any gifts were made prior to the death of testator; whether any property is wrongfully omitted; whether the market value has been placed on the real estate and stocks held.

Senator Cox died on January 16, 1914. His will is dated January 1, 1913, and the estate was inventoried at $870,000.

A SQUEAL FROM GERMANY

Frankfurter Zeitung Talks of Italys "Abominable Perfidy"

AMSTERDAM, May 21—The Frankfurter Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, says: "This war by Italy against her former allies is one of the most abominable examples of perfidy that history knows. We shall now have one more war zone. Certainly that is no light matter, but it will only increase our resolution tion not to allow ourselves to be beaten.

ITALY ON THE VERGE OF WAR

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 22.—A decree empowering military authorities to take control of all Italian railroads went into effect last night.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 22.—It is considered that Austria's action in destroying telegraph and telephone lines at Ponte Caffaro and Lodrone can be held to constitute a casus belli, making Italy free to open hostilities without further diplomatic formality, says a despatch from Turin.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 22.—King Emmanuel will issue a proclamation to the people countersigned by all the ministers today. The document will explain how Italy has been driven to take up arms and will appeal to all citizens to do their duty in every way and success will be assured. Another royal proclamation will be addressed to the army and fleet.

TWO MILLION MORE MEN FOR GERMANY

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 22.—A Copenhagen correspondent learns from an authoritative Berlin source that Germany is about to call up two million more men.

(Canadian Press Special)

COPENHAGEN, May 22.—The total number of prisoners of war in Germany and Austria are said by the Frankfurter Zeitung to be 1,386,000, including one million Russians, quarter million French, fifty thousand Belgians, fifty thousand Serbians and twenty-five thousanc English.

WILD BEAST OF WAVES

Smash Trawler Without Warning Drowning 13 of Crew

LONDON, May 21.—The French steam trawler St. Just, of Arcachon, was torpedoed and literally smashed to pieces near Dartmouth yesterday afternoon, thirteen of her crew being drowned. The captain was the only survivor.

It is stated that no warning was given the vessel before she was torpedoed.

WILL SEND PARCELS TO WAR PRISONERS

Red Cross Undertakes to Advance Goods to Canadians in Germany

TORONTO, May 21.—Noel Marshall, chairman of the executive committee, Canadian Red Cross Society, has received the following cablegram from Colonel C. A. Hodgetts, the Canadian Red Cross Commissioner London, England:

"We have undertaken to send parcels to Canadian prisoners. To further the work we would recommend that the executive committee make public that moneys will be received in Toronto to be forwarded here. In case of individual subscriptions the London office could be notified and gifts sent in name of donor.

"Specially prepared boxes can be obtained here, the prices being from five to twenty shillings each. To ensure delivery to the prisoners, name, rank, number, regiment and address of prisoner's camp should be stated. Parcels sent direct from London go fre either by express or mail."

REFUND ON BINOCULARS

Reported Offer to Have Been Made to the Government

OTTAWA, May 20.—That the Government may have refunded to it all or a large part of the money paid for defective binoculars which were bought last year for the overseas troops now appears a strong probability from what is heard. It is rumored that an offer has been made, or will be made, for the return of money sufficient to cover the difference between good field glasses, the kind desired, and the poor ones that were in a certain number of cases obtained.

The reason for this offer is understood to be the desire of certain firms concerned not to have their business reputation suffer in case the Government prosecuted. So far as is learned the Justice Department which is handling the cases, has not considered the offer.

SAILING SHIP SUNK

(Canadian Press Special)

BEERHAVEN, Ireland, May 22.—The British sailing ship Glenholm was sunk yesterday evening by a German submarine at a point 15 miles off this port. Members of her crew have been landed here.

THEY SAID SO ONCE

Canadian Soldier: "Ask your bunch, Sir Wilfrid, if they still thing me a drunken loafer."

Lord Kitchener Now the Target

Press Warfare is Raging in England; With Kitchener as Object of Attack

LONDON, May 21.—One of the most remarkable features of the Ministerial crisis in Great Britain at the present moment, is the sudden outbreak, more or less severe, of newspaper attacks upon Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, the British Secretary for War, who at the outbreak of the war was the nations military idol and was loudly proclaimed by the same newspapers as the only man in the country for the position of war secretary.

The Daily Mail and other newspapers under the same ownership have been most violent in these attacks, even going so far as to call into question the military genius of the field marshal. The Daily Mail says:

"It never has been pretended that Kitchener is a soldier in the sense that Field Marshal Sir John French is a soldier. Kitchener is a gatherer of men, and a very fine gatherer, too, but his record in the South African War as a fighting general, apart from his excellent organizing work as chief of staff was not brilliant.

"Nothing in Kitcheners experience suggests that he has the qualification required for conducting a European campaign in the field, and we can only hope that no such misfortune will befall this nation as that he should be permitted to interfere with the actual strategy of this gigantic war."

Proceeding to accuse Lord Kitchener of having "ordered the wrong kind of shell," the Daily Mail asserts that "despite repeated warning that a high explosive shell was required, Lord Kitchener persisted in sending shrapnel such as he used against the Boers, thus causing the deaths of thousands of Britsih soldiers and incidentally bringing about a Cabinet crisis."

After lauding the military strategic skill of Sir John French, and his chief of staff, Sir William Robertson, the Daily Mail adds:

"If by any chance Kitchener went to France to conduct the campaign we should probably have a costly object lesson in the difference between African and European warfare. It is to be hoped that Kitchener with proper and necessary assistance will remain at the War office."

DAILY NEWS ATTACKS DAILY MAIL

LONDON, May 21—Under the heading "The Fallen Idol," the Daily News this morning editorially says:

"For some time every one of Lord Northcliffe's organs has been concentrating its fire on Lord Kitchener, and yesterday there was a particular venomous attack by the Evening News, which sneered at his Egyptian military attainments, complaining that he has spent much time which might have been devoted to increasinf the output of explosives vital to our success, in revising and considering recruiting advertisements and protested we have had too much of a 'keep it dark' policy of War Office. Briefly, the latest lesson which the public has to take from Lord Northcliffe is that the war is going badly, and it is mainly the fault of Kitchener.

"Now if that were true the last person in the world to say it aloud should be Northcliffe, for it was he who made Lord Kitchener Minister of War by his clamoring at the beginning of the war. Kitchener at the War Office is Northcliffe's nominee, and if Kitchener at the War Office is, as Northcliffe now insists, the architect of the nation's misfortunes in war, then the man who should be hanged is the man who forced him on the country, Lord Northcliffe.

"Lord Northcliffe cannot be allowed to make Lord Kitchener as a journalistic sensation and unmake him as a journalistic sensation. His responsibility must be brought home to him, and the horrible and indecent levity of exploiting the life-and-death struggle of the nation as a mere incident in the circulation of newspapers must be stigmatized and punished as it deserves. Lord Northcliffe is to-day the greatest peril which threatens the British Empire, more sinister than even the enemy in the field."

BOMBARDMENT BY BRITISH SQUADRON

(Canadian Press Special)

ATHENS, May 22.—It is reported from Mytilen that the British began on Thursday a 36 hour bombardment of the Turkish troops concentrated near Kara Burnu, near Smyra.

SOLDIERS KILLED IN AWFUL RAILROAD SMASH

Two Trains Collide Near Carlisle, Eng.—Third Dashes Into Debris—50 Killed and 300 Injured, Including Many Soldiers

(Canadian Press Special)

CARLISLE, Eng., May 22.—Three trains piled in a heap on the Caledonian Railway at Gretna, near here, early this morning. As a result at least fifty are dead, mostly soldiers. A troop train collided with a local train. Before the occupants were able to get clear of the wreckage an express train from London crashed in to them with terrific results.

Locomotives and cars, shattered and splintered, were hurled about in confusion. Fire broke out and spread with great rapidity.

Fire brigades finally extinguished the flames, but not before many travellers, pinned under the wreckage, were burned alive.

The final list of dead will probably considerably exceed fifty, as it is believed that many have sustained fatal injuries. The injured total over three hundred.

(Canadian Press Special)

CARLISLE, Eng., May 22.—A special troop train collided with a local near Carlisle this morning and by ten o'clock forty dead bodies had been taken from the wreckage, while the list of injured was over three hundred. The wreckage caught fire and engines were hastily summoned to put out the fire.

BRITISH DRIVING ON TOWARD LILLE CITY

LONDON, May 21.—(Special)—"Since my last communication of the 17th," says Sir John French, the British Commander-in-chief, in an official communication made public tonight, "the operations have been hampered by the weather.

"But in spite of this our troops have made appreciable progress east and south of La Quinque road (near Neuve Chapelle). The main characteristics of these operations have been numerous local fights for strong points behind the enemy's original line. In capturing several of these points our infantry has again displayed great gallantry. On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report except minor artillery engagements.

"Last night we brought down a German aeroplane in the neighborhood of Ypres."

ALLIES BEAT TURKS AT GALLIPOLI

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 22.—An official announcement maie here today says the French and British forces operating against the Turks in the Gallipoli Peninsula gained further ground on the southern end of the Peninsula.

The statement reads: "On May 19th in the southern area of the Gallipoli Peninsula, French forces in conjunction with the British made a considerable advance and consolidated a new position. Our aeroplanes dropped bombs amongst Turkish reinforcements landing at Ak Bashi and caused considerable damage.

"On the night of the 18th-19th the Turks made determined attacks against the Australian and New Zealand corps which were all repulsed with heavy losses, their casualties being over 7,000, of which 2,000 were killed. Our losses did not exceed 500.

Heroic Laurier

Sir Wilfrid aired his eloquence at a Liberal Club in Toronto on the 21st inst, during which, if words meant anything, he declared himself to be truly a "warrior bold."

After denouncing all propositions for holding a general election he belched forth in heroic style.

"I do not care for my part, so long as the war lasts, to open the portals of office with that bloody key."

Don't worry Sir Wilfrid, the key "to open the portals of office," for you has not yet been manufactured, so sleep in peace.

London Warned Of Gas Raids

LONDON, May 21.—An intimation that German Zeppelin airships will probably use bombs charged with poisonous gases if they make raids on London is contained in a notice issued by Scotland Yard tonight.

To the caution previously given that the public should take refuge in houses in order to be out of the way of fragments of the shells which might be fired at enemy aircraft, is the following added injunction:

"It would be well for persons thus taking refuge to keep all windows and doors on lower floors closed tightly."

CABINET CRISIS IN ENGLAND

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 22.—The reconstruction of the Cabinet is proceeding slowly. The Times announces that Lord Lansdowne will become a member, and it is regarded as certain that Lloyd George will remain as Chancellor of the Exchequer, and A. J. Balfour will become First Lord of the Admiralty. Another certainty is that Augustine Birrell will remain chief secretary for Ireland. It is understood that Sir Edward Carson will enter the Cabinet, but in what capacity it not known.

It appears that the present intention is for Winston Churchill to become Secretary for India, though some Liberal quarters suggest that he be excluded from the new combination.

FRENCH TROOPS GAIN "THE WHITE WAY"

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 22.—(Afternoon's official statement)—Our troops completed yesterday evening the cleaning up of trenches known as "the white way," situated south of Lorette Heights. A large number of Germans were killed in branch lines of these trenches. Others surrendered. The exact numbers are not yet known. During the night the enemy made several counter attacks. He was repulsed and suffered heavy losses.

All of the "white way" is now in our hands. We have made further progress southeast of the chapel of Lorette. We are at present within a hundred yards of the northeast corner of Ablain.

Princess Pats Wiped Out

Canadian Regiment is Practically Gone, Ottawa Reports Say

OTTAWA, Ont., May 21.—The Princess Patricias Canadian Light Infantry as constituted when it left Ottawa has practically ceased to exist. The Princess Patricias were numbered for 1 to 1,100. In the most recent casualties but few of the numbers between 1 and 1,100 are shown.

Today's list contains 34 men killed in action from the ranks of the P.P.C.L.I. Of those only eleven are under the 1,100 number. One number is as low as 76, while other numbers range as high at 51,478, indicating that certain of the reinforcements supplied to the Pat's have been drawn from the third contingent.

The recent action in which the regiment has been engaged must have been a heavy one. Eighteen names were included on the list of killed in action yesterday, and 34 today, making a total of 52.

AUSTRIAN ARMY IS RETREATING

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 22.—The right wing of of the Austrian army in Bukowina is retreating towards the Carpathians, according to a Buckharest despatch, despite the desperate efforts to check the Russian offensive.

The production of gold in the Philippines last year gained 39 per cent over the year before.

Reign of Terror Along Adriatic

Bulk of Population Has Already Fled from Pola, Fiune and and Trieste

TURIN, May 20.—Information just received here from Ancona depicts the veritable reign of terror on the opposite shore of the Adriatic. At Pola, Fiumia and Trieste the bulk of the civil population has fled, while at Trieste the Imperial authorities are despatching the official archives into the interior and preparing to take their own departure.

Ninety-two per cent. of the males of 50 years of age have now been called to the colors and the military authorities have forcibly taken over the management and editorship of the Italian journal Il Piccolo, the only newspaper still being printed in Trieste.

In all the above-named cities hundreds of citizens have silently disappeared from their families. Through the wholesale arrests of political suspects is the secret effected. So many have been court-martialled and shot or hung that an official recently boasted that at present there was more urgent need of supplies of rope for hanging irredentists than of cannon for repelling invaders.

LETTER OF CREDIT GONE

British Army Officer Believes He Was Robbed

DENVER, Col., May 21.—Captain J. Saltren Willett, of the remount service of the British army, has reported to the Denver police department that he has either been robbed or has lost a letter of credit of $100,000. Local banks are notified that payment is stopped.

Ten days ago, Willett obtained a domestic letter of credit for $100,000 from a Denver bank. A few days later he drew half of the amount in payment for a shipment of cavalry horses while in Bois, Idaho. The letter bearing his endorsement was still in his possession when he returned to Denver. Captain Willet missed the letter the next morning following his introduction to a man at the Brown Palace Hotel. This man, according to the captains statement, is believed to have been a German spy.

Captain Willett is now in St. Paul and has wired his Denver bank that a diligent search of his effects has failed to disclose the missing letter of credit.

SIR ROBERT BORDEN MAY VISIT ENGLAND

OTTAWA, May 21.—It is regarded here as quite probable that Sir Robert Borden will take a trip to England this summer. It is three years since his last visit. He then voiced the enthusiastic loyalty of this country to the empire, but took the position that while willing to share in the burdens and responsibilities of empire, Canada should have a voice in the councils.

Sir Robert was given a magnificent reception in 1912, and it is safe to say that after the desire Canada has shown to do her part in this war and especially after the heroic stand made by her troops at Langemarck, he would be given an even warmer reception this year.

It is also felt that in spite of the excellent work done by Sir George Perley as acting high commissioner, the personal conferences which the prime minister and any of his colleagues who might accompany him would have with the imperial authorities, might help this country to render still more effective aid in regard to the sending of troops, the procuring of war supplies of otherwise.

TORONTO CHEMIST HAS DEVISED GAS POISON

A Toronto chemist has been conducting experiments in order to devise a method of retaliation against the German gas poisons. He is not permitting his name to be used, but he has been in correspondence with the war office and the Ottawa militia department.

Prof. G. A. Evans, director of analytic chemistry at the Ontario College of Pharmacy, says that the allies will have to use gases as well "in order to save the lives of our soldiers. The British chemist is every whit as capable as the German. Retaliation will not be difficult."

If soldiers carried a small outfit of ammonia they would be armed against chlorine gas, the professor says. A mild solution on a sponge as a respirator would neutralize the chlorine.

Genuine Saturday Bargains

300 Men's and Boys' 4-ply Linen Collars, all sizes, regular 15c. and 20c. Sale, each .... 5c.
200 Gents' Fine Silk 4-in-hand Ties, large range of patterns, all 50c. ties, sale, each .... 25c.
500 pairs Gents' Fine Cotton Socks, all sizes, 9½ to 11, in colors black, tan, wine, navy, grey, etc. Sale price, 2 pairs for 25c.
200 Gents' Fine Soft Front Neglige Shirte, a soft collar with each shirt, sizes 14 to 17, reg. $1.00 and $1.25. Sale, each, 79c.
60 only Women's and Misses' House Dresses, all regular stock; sold at $1.00 to $1.50, all sizes, sale, each .... 75c.
Girls' Middies, fresh new stock just in, all sizes 6 to 14 years; sale each .... 75c. and 50c.
100 only Ladies' beautiful Voile Shirt Waists, sizes 34 to 44, values worth $1.50. Sale, each $1.00
50 only Children's Tan and Blue Dresses, 2 to 6 years. Sale, each .... 50c.
Thousands of yards of Bunting, red, white and blue, on sale at yard .... 5c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Coming To Belleville

THE DORENWEND CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED

Canada's foremost Hair Goods Establishment, will display and demonstrate a sample stock of the latest Hair Goods Fashions for Ladies, and Toupees and Wigs for blad men, at

The Hotel Quinte, on Friday, May 28th

For Ladies

Dorenwend's Transformation, by overcoming every defect of your own hair, will assist you to appear at your best always. Switches, Braids Pompadours, Wavelets, etc., of the finest quality hair and unsurpassed workmanship. You are invited to inspect these goods.

Gentlemen, Are You Bald ?
A DORENWEND
Art Hair - Toupee

Will make you appear years younger and will prove a benefit to your health and comfort.

Indetectable, Featherweight, Hygenic,

Professor DORENWEND will be here in person.

Have a Demonstration of what it will do for you.

ONE DAY ONLY, FRIDAY, MAY 28th

LAID AT REST

JOSEPH ALBERT O'BRIEN

The funeral of the late Joseph Albert O'Brien, took place this morning on the 3rd Concession of Thurlow, to St. Michael's Church. The Rev. Father Killeen officiated at the church and the service at the grave in St. James Cemetery, were conducted by the Rev. Father O'Connor. The bearers were: C. Clapp, F. Whitney, W. Driver, T. Fitzgerald, E. Latta, H. Dean.

MISS HENRIETTA GLENN

The funeral of the late Miss Henrietta Glen took place yesterday afternoon, from the residence of her brother, Oscar Glenn, in the second Concession of Ameliasburg. Service at the Anglican Church, at the Carrying Place, were conducted by the Rev. D. E. Morton. Many friends and relatives were in attendance to pay their last respects to the deceased. The bearers were: Orland Clement, Bruce Hennesse, Frank Delong, George Sager, Harry Sager, Horace Calnan. The following is a list of the floral tributes, which were very beautiful:

Star of roses on pedestal of ferns from National Protective League, Buffalo; bouquet of roses, Miss Grace Hunter, Buffalo; bouquet of carnations, Justice Clark and family Buffalo; bouquet of roses, Miss McMykel, Belleville; wreath, Mrs. Sydney and Bruce Hennesse; wreath, Dr. Dunham and Clarke Dunham, Buffalo.

Hyman's Saturday Hat Bargains.
Regular $2.50 Hats for $1.50.

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes, Harry L. Shepherd

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TORONTO ONT.

"No Interest or principal money has ever been lost through default on any securities sold by us.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Everything is Ready for the Entertainment of Visitors at the

Annual Celebration AT KINGSTON, Ont., June 3rd

PROGRAMME

FORENOON—Trades Procession with Bands; Motor Boat Races; Yacht Races; Baseball, etc.
AFTERNOON at FAIR GROUNDS—Bands; Vaudeville; Wrestling Matches; Baseball; Motor Cycle Races; Horse Races, viz., 2.16 Class, $400; 2.25 Class, $300; 2.50 Class, $2.50.
Come and See the Large Military Camp
Excursion Rates, tickets good June 2nd to 4th inclusive.

R. D. SUTHERLAND, Mayor and Chairman. W. W. SANDS, M.D. Secy.-Treas. R. J. REID. Manager.

4th Contingent

Volunteers for Overseas for this Force may Apply at the Armouries to Lieut. D. M. McCARGAR or Capt. (Dr.) A. E. MacCOLL, 15th Regiment.

P. K. Ketcheson, Lieut., Adjutant.

All men previously enlisted and passed the Doctor's examination will report immediately.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

BELLEVILLE

In another column of this issue is a letter from Capt. "Dick" Ponton, which deals in a very glowing and creditable manner with the bravery of those who enlisted under Colonel Ketcheson of the 49th Regiment. It is regrettable but necessary that some of these men should fall in this noble and glorious cause, and it is undoubtedly manifest that new recruits are essential to fill the depleted ranks. The small towns and villages with their surrounding territory have sent and are adding a large quota of men, but although Hastings has made a very creditable showing, still there is room for every man to do his duty and avenge the death of his comrades.

The 49th have now nearly 40 men for the 4th Contingent and the 15th have 10; a number entirely unworthy of this county and city. The recruit's pay starts from the day of enlistment.

Colonel Ketcheson, when interviewed by The Intelligencer this morning, could hardly express his appreciation and delight at receiving such a wonderful account of "his boys", especially as it is from an officer outside of the 49th Regiment, although from one closely linked.

"I am proud of them," said the Colonel; "they have done credit to their families, country, regiment and men, but it is no more than I expected of them. I have men with me now who I know when opportunity comes will acquit themselves well and there are men, too, in the 39th, who will shortly leave and undoubtedly give a good account of themselves wherever they may be.

"I hope to see an immediate response to the present call for recruits, and feel sure that this country will, as heretofore, again do their duty." concluded the Colonel.

Harold B. Wilson, who was for some time teller in the Standard Bank in this city, has been made Paymaster Sergeant and attached to the 39th Battalion. Mr. Wilson is a brother of Capt. Dr. Wilson of this city and Capt Herb. Wilson, A.A.A.G. & O.M.G., of Kingston.

Next Monday, the 24th promises to be a gay day for the citizens, members and friends of the 39th Battalion. The 39th will parade from the market square at 1.30 p.m. to the Driving Park where a military field day will be held.

A baseball match between the machine gun section and the rest of the Battalion is expected to be one of the best seen here in years. Such well known players, who are familiar to local ball fans, as McGie, Ketcheson, Wallace, and several others, are on the machine gun team. There will be other sports and races also.

The mobilization of the cadet corps will be held. This citizens' celebration will be in the nature of a farewell to the 39th Battalion and word has come that large numbers of persons are coming from Port Hope, Peterboro', Cobourg, Lindsay, Picton, Trenton, and the surrounding country to attend this celebration.

The machine gun section of the 39th Battalion, under Lieut. Ross Cameron, are now in possession of a machine gun, and are undergoing instructions under Lieut. Cameron and Blakeley and Sergeants McGie and Ketcheson. This section is one of the finest in the 39th, the men being picked from the battalion.

The section was divided up for instructional purposes this morning into two squads, one squad taking the machine gun instruction and the other was engaged in signalling instruction.

KINGSTON

Captain Gardner, A.D.M.S., has been promoted to the rank of Major.

Major-General Hughes, Minister of Militia, has made an official statement regarding the six new regiments which will be recruited in the following centres: one in Toronto, one in Montreal, one in Alberta, one in Saskatchewan, one in Manitoba, and the other in the third division. The one for this division will be formed during the camp at Barriefield, and the surplus recruits now gathered at various points will be brought to the camp and form the nucleus for the new battalion.

It is said in well informed military circles, that two well known local officers will be in the new overseas battalion, and that command will go to one, and the other, an officer in Queen's University C.O.T.C. will possibly be made Adjutant. Both officers volunteered for overseas service some time ago, and both are actively engaged in local military work.

No. 2 Company, C.P.A.S.C., supplemented by the necessary number of men required for camp purposes from No. 3 Company, C.A.S.C., will have charge of the supplies for Barriefield camp. No. 5 Company, of Ottawa will go to Valcartier camp.

After the inspection of the 8th C. M. R. in Ottawa, by the Minister of Militia, Maj.-Gen. Gwatkin, Brig.-Gen. Hodgins, Lt.-Col. White and Major Riches, General Hughes stated that the unit would go to Valcartier after being trained at Barriefield, so as to get plenty of shooting practice before going to the front.

Captain W. Gills, commanding No. 5 company of the A.S.C., Ottawa, has been instructed by the officer commanding the divison to make arrangements for the transportation of the 8th C.M.R., 25th battery, ammunition column of the 7th brigade, C. F. A., and the 38th battalion, to Barriefield camp on Tuesday. The troops coming to camp here from Ottawa will take five trains for transport, outside of what it will require to bring 240 horses of the Mounted Rifles. All the men recruited by the G.G.F.G. and the 43rd regiment will also be brought here by the 38th battalion, and these will be placed in the new battalion, which General Hughes says will be organized at once. The 8th C.M.R. were inspected at Lansdowne park yesterday by the Minister of Militia.

Interesting Legal Case at Picton

An interesting case was heard at Picton on the 4th inst., arising out of the conviction made by Levi Williams a police magistrate at Picton, against A, Melchoir & Son, for operating as transient traders without a license in the town of Picton. The firm has been in the habit of selling fruit to the trade at Picton from their motor trucks, and the municipality contended that this was an infraction of the Transient Traders By-Law which required the firm to take out a license.

The case came up before the Police Magistrate at Picton, who found the defendants guilty and imposed a fine and costs. From this conviction the firm appealed and the following is a text of the judgment of Judge Morrison, the County Judge, allowing the appeal and setting the conviction aside.

The firm of A. Amodeo & Co. were also summoned upon similar facts, but their case remained over until the determination of the appeal and finally was dismissed in view of the judgment of the Judge as above. Porter & Carnew acted for Melchoir in the matter and Thomas Walmsley and P. C. MacNeil for the municipality.

In the matter of the appeal from conviction made by Levi Williams, Esquire, Police Magistrate, in and for the County of Prince Edward, on the 7th day of April, A.D., 1915. Between Peter Melchor, Appellant, and Thomas Portland, respondent. Appeal under Sec. 749 at seq. of The Criminal Code. The conviction of the Appellant is for infraction of the provisions of by-Law No. 627 of the Council of the Town of Picton intitled, "A By-law respecting Transient Traders."

The By-Law enacts "That no transient trader who occupies premises in the Town of Picton and who is not entered upon the assesment Roll in respect of income or personal property shall offer goods or merchandise of description for sale by auction or in any other manner, etc., without having first obtained a license therefor."

Admittedly appellant does not occupy premises in the Town of Picton, his sole place of business and residence being in the city of Belleville where he carries on the business of a fruit dealer. In part he carries on such business by conveying in an autocar, oranges, bananas and lemons to other places and selling and delivering them. He was proved to have done so to dealers in Picton and for so doing was convicted of a breach of this By-law and fined accordingly as appears by the formal conviction.

The cases cited by Mr. Carnew, to which may be added the case of Rex v. St. Pierre (1902) 4 O.L.R. 76 make it abundantly clear that in the circumstances stated and under this By-law such conviction cannot be sustained. The appellant is not a person coming within its purview, not being one who occupies premises in the Town of Picton.

The By-law was passed on the 18th day of April, 1910. In passing it the Council seem to have overlooked the fact that by 6 Edw. VII (1906) Cap. 34 sec. 29, the sec. 583 (30) of "The Consolidated Municipal Act 1903," under which no doubt they assumed to pass it, had been amended by striking out the words therein, "who occupy premises in the city, town, village or township for temporary periods and" and by substituting for "personal property" the words, "business assessment." As so amended the enactment has been continued, without material change, in "The Municipal Act 1913" (3-4 Geo. V. cap. 43) sec. 420 (6) and (7) and in "The Municipal Act" (R.S. O. 1914 cap 192) sec. 420 (6) & (7).

I may add that the cases referred to would not now necessarily be applicable to a properly drawn By-law respecting transient traders.

The appeal then in this case will have to be allowed, the conviction set aside and quashed and the fine and costs and deposit paid by the appellant refunded to him less his costs of this appeal in the Division Court and I order the same accordingly.

Beyond that I make no other order as to costs or otherwise. Picton, 19th May, 1915.

(Sgd) Duncan Morrison
County Court Judge

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SALISBURY 2 for 25¢
W.G.R. COLLARS
THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED
BERLIN, ONTARIO

Exceptional Bargains at Ritchie's To-night. Read the List on Page 8.

MUSKOKA THE BEAUTIFUL

Do you know the place? If not, your pleasure has suffered. Take a free trip, a mental little journey through Muskoka by asking for that handsome Muskoka Folder issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System. It contains a large map, lot of views, and a fund of facts. Take the journey some after supper with your wife and children. Then slam the door on the doctor for 1915 by taking your family on a real journey through the Muskoka District this summer. For all particulars apply to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

Here's an Offer of Unusual Importance.
Men's smart $15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 Suits. Sale Price, $11.75.
F. Millard, 236 Front St. fs

Stick This On Your Spindle

A Nurse says:
"I have been a trained nurse for some fifteen years, and like many nurses, drank strong coffee. About two years ago I had to call a halt. I missed my coffee until some one recommended Postum, which I have used ever since, recommending it to many of my patients."

A Teacher says:
"I have been a coffee drinker ever since I can remember. I have been teacher school for sixteen years, and became more and more nervous. I could not sleep. After reading some of your literature I decided to try Postum. I have been using it about thirty days; my nerves have improved; I have no headache; sleep peacefully, and am able to do my school work better."

A Doctor says:
"I often find it necessary to prohibit the use of coffee for my patients, and have advised the use of Postum with good results to the nervous system and digestive apparatus."

When the time comes and you want to get rid of tea and coffee troubles, change to

POSTUM

—the pure food-drink.

Made of wheat, roasted with a bit of wholesome molasses, Postom is entirely free from the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee, or any other harmful substance.

Both Postum Cereal—which has to be boiled—and Instant Postum—made in the cup instantly—are delicious, nourishing, and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

MADE IN CANADA. —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

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Moderate to fresh west to northwest winds, fair.

Sunday and Monday, fair and moderately warm.

TRY OUR
Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts
All kinds of pastry made fresh daily
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends greatly on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the oil is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

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The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and dark goods 20c
Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue
Keen's Oxford Blue
Berger's Rice Starch
Gillard's Pickle Relish .... 35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars 30c.
Spanish Pimentoes, tins .... 10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing . 10, 35 & 60c
Currie Powder, bottles .. 10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles .... 20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars .... 20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White
Grape Juice
Peanut Butter
Dill Pickles
Fresh Gulf Lobster .... 18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) . 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes .... 10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly .... 25c.
Mandarin Marmalade .... 25c.
Skinless Figs .... 15 & 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalade .... 5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables
AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons
The BEST on the Market
Sell for $4.00
Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
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Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN $8.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

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The Belleville Pharmacy
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5 dozen Lingerie Blouses, made to sell at $1.50 to $1.75. Our price $1.19
3 dozen Lingerie Blouses at .... 98c.
Kiddies' Middies for children 4 to 10 years .... 59c.
Misses' Middies .... 75c., $1.19, $1.50 each
6 dozen Women's Silk Ankle Hose .... 25c. pair
Buster Brown and Buster Brown's Sister's Hose .... 25c. pair
230 pairs Silk Stockings, double wear heel and toe, equal to $1.00 hosiery, for only 59c. per pair, or 6 pairs for $3.00
Holeproof Hosiery for men, women and children, every box guaranteed.
Fownes' Gloves .... 50c. to $2.50 pair
D. & A. Corsets .... 50c. to $1.50 pair.
Underskirts and House Dresses, made in New York, right styles, right prices.
TOOKE'S SHIRTS, COLLARS, NECKWEAR, made in Canada, warranted to give satisfaction.
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of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

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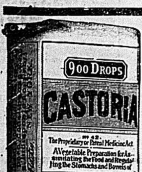
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.



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HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Work of Y.M.C.A. In Peace and War

A better general appreciation of the great social work performed by the Young Men's Christian Association is likely to be one of the beneficial results of the war. In Canada an introduction to the Y.M.C.A. by the newcomer has frequently proved an immense boon, not only by making his life in the country of his adoption less lonely; and by providing him with membership of what is to all intents and purposes an excellent club, but also by bringing him into touch with those who are a swilling as they are competent to promote the business welfare of any young man of good character and habits. As Canon Symonds, of Montreal—an old public school boy, points out in a letter to "The Challenge," the old idea of the Y.M.C.A. as a collection of somewhat anaemeic youths, who loved to walk the streets with Bibles under their arms, is happily dying out.

The building, the Association occupies, is generally one of the finest in any Canadian city; it is the headquarters of Athletic Associations of all kinds; it has its gymnasium; its swimming-baths, and a large library of the best fiction. Religion in no sense obstrudes itself in the from of service, lectures, or regulations. Its committees and officers are composed of men of all denominations whose aim is that the young folk should have a good time in mutally congenial and healthful society. Recently the parent organizations in the United Kingdom have woke into new life by developing along the same lines. On Salisbury Plain and many another camp in France, as well as in Britain, the Y.M.C.A. has been the one link with home and its comforts for Tommies from all parts of the Empire.

When teas made the enormous advance that they have during the past few months, the general inclination is to lower the quality and put in more dust. The Salada Tea Co. give exactly the same quality and freedom from dust as in the past. They would prefer going out of business to lowering the quality they have served the public with for 23 years, but they must charge the higher prices they are compelled to pay for fine teas.

TWEED

Last Wednesday night a very enjoyable Middy Blouse Dance was given under the auspices of the Tweed Maids in the new opera house. The evening was a pronounced success, the hall being prettily decorated with flags, bunting, etc. The event was widely attended, guests coming from Belleville, Campbellford, Stirling, Marmora, Madoc and Havelock. Everyone was delighted with the music, which was of the best and was furnished by Mr. Greene of Belleville.

The Rathbun Company's gang of men who have been loading logs at the hoist for the past two weeks will complete the work tomorrow. The timber was stalled near Hawkin's Bay last season on account of the low water and were brought down to the boom here this spring. They are being shipped over the C. N. R. to the company's mills at Deseronto.

The Bancroft Times' reports the existence in that vicinity of a number of colonies of beaver. While we cannot boast of a number of colonies we know of one about 20 miles from Tweed, and it appears to be an exceptionally strong one, judging from the works in the vicinity of the pond. It is certainly surprising to see the almost human intelligence displayed by these animals in the performance of their work, the dams and canals being perfect to a remarkable degree. The existence of this colony is an asset to the district and should have every protection. It is worth going many miles to see.—Advocate.

Hyman's Saturday Cap Bargains.
Regular $1.00 Caps for $50c.

Deseronto Notes

The people of Deseronto were grieved to hear that Fred Bond, for some time on the Bank of Montreal staff here, died from the effects of a wound received at the Langemarck battle. He went with the Fist Contingent as a subaltern in the 34th Battery, C.F.A., Belleville.—Deseronto Post.

Jack Little has received a letter from his brother in France. He is with the gallant 16th Canadian Regiment which lost so heavily in the Batale of Langemarck. He says the boys put up a great fight, and that he came through it safe and captured one German prisoner.—Deseronto Post.

Naylor's Opera House was filled to overflowing on Sunday evening last, to listen to the 15th Regiment Band of Belleville. The band, numbering about 25, looked well in the uniforms and rendered some fine selections. The vocal and instrumental solos were much appreciated. Altogether it was a rare treat.—Deseronto Post.

Hyman's Saturday Underwear Bargains.
Reg. $1.00 per suit for 75c. per suit

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
GOOD BEFORE, AFTER OR AT MEALS
The National Breweries, Limited Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Read Ritchie's List of Saturday Night Bargains on Page 8. Exceptional Offerings for To-night.

School Matters Disposod of

The Belleville School Board held their monthly meeting last night. Owing to Col. W. N. Ponton, Chairman of the Board, being delayed, Mr. S. S. Moore, acted in that capacity. Those present were Col. Ponton. Messrs. Bailey, Elliott, Ives, Mallory, McGie, McCrodan, Moore, Muir, Sharpe, Sneyd, Terwilligar, Wims, ands Woodley.

A letter was read from Major Gillespie, informing the Board that there would be no grant for Cadet uniforms and that the Cadet vote had been reduced to one quarter by reason of the war.

A letter from Major Barragar, Principal of Queen Mary School, asking that, as the ladies of West Belleville had guaranteed $15 of seed, a landscape gardener might be brought down from Guelph to start a flower garden.

A letter from Mrs. Woodley, asking for permission to use the assembly hall at Queen Mary's School for the purpose of a public meeting on June 8th was read.—Carried.

A letter was read from Miss Templeton, inviting the Board members to attend a public exhibition and tea by the Domestic Science Class, on Wednesday, May 26th. The invitation was accepted, the Board tendering their thanks.

A letter was read from Architect Ellis, stating that he did not instruct Mr. Bennett to make any changes in the specifications for the floor of the basement of Queen Mary's School. Later in the evening Mr. Bennett was heard. He said he wished to live up to his contract, and did not want to shirk anything, and that he had come to the conclusion that he had got poor cement. It was left to the solicitor and the sites, buildings and repairs committee to deal with.

A letter from Principal Mott of Queen Alexandra School, was read, asking the Board to approve of his suggestion to the scholars, that they deprive themselves of fireworks on May 24th, and use the money saved for the benefit of the soldiers at the front.—Approved.

The matter of a small flag for Queen Alexandra School, referred to by Mr. Mott, will be attended to by the supply committee.

A decision made by the Finance Committee and recommended for adoption by the Board, was that the principal of the school, where there is a Cadet corps, is responsible for uniforms as well as the equipment of the corps. The report was adopted.

Mr. H. J. Clarke, Public School Inspector, read his report, stating that the progress of pupils was satisfactory. That there are over 500 pupils in Queen Victora School, and that the school needs more room. The lighting in Queen Alexandra School was poor. There are thirty-three Public School teachers at present; the salaries are liberal. It was suggested that a maximum be set gradually for salaries.

Principal McLaurin recommended that work in the High School close on June 18th.—Adopted.

A motion prevailed that the Public School term close on 25th of June.

Major Barragar wrote asking for leave of absence from school. On motion of Mr. Bailey, seconded by Mr. S. S. Moore, it was agreed that leave be granted unconditionally, leaving the matter of a substitute to the school management.

A requisition was made on the City Council for $7,409 to be realized from the sale of debentures in connection with the erection of Queen Mary's School.

DEATH ROLL

MRS. MARY SPENCER

The death occurred this morning, of Mrs. Mary Spencer, widow of the late Richard Spencer of Northport. Deceased was born in Sydney some 86 years years ago, but had resided in Belleville for many years.

Empire Day Celebration

The most successful Empire Day ever held in Queen Victoria School was caried out yesterday. The morning's programme commenced with flag-raising and saluting. This was followed by discussion in each class room regarding the imperial greatness of Britain and what it means to be a Britisher. Germany's destardly deeds and her deceit during the operation of the present war were also thoroughly discussd.

In the afternoon over five hundred pupils gathered in the Assembly Hall, filling it and the main corridor of the building to their utmost capacity. The following patriotic programme was carried out. Mrs. Wilkin presided at the piano and each class contributed a number. Harold Coppin made an excellent Chairman.

Address by the President of the Girls' Canadian Club, Jean Kerr.

Chorus by the school—The Maple Leaf.

Address by the President of the Boys' Canadian Club, Harold Coppin

Chorus by Mrs. Wilkin's class—Where the Sugar Maple Grows.

Piano Solo—Constance Powers (aged six).

Duet—Helen Rogers and Marguerite Keeler.

Chorus by Miss Vincent's Class—The Boys in Blue.

Recitation—Jean McIntosh.

Piano Duet—Helen Sinclair and Gertrude Miles.

Duet—Vera and Leonard Rainbird.

Chorus by Mr. Wilkin's Class—Up With the Flag.

Recitation—Winnifred Storey.

The Making of a Union Jack by Miss Coon's room.

Chorus by the school—Rule Britannia.

Chorus by Miss Mackintosh's class—Every Boy Should be a Soldier.

Our Flag—Alice and Mary McIntosh.

Chorus by Miss Bruce's Class—For King and Country.

Duet—Eva Davis and Jean McIntosh.

God Save the King.

The need of additional accommodation in Queen Victoria School is daily becoming more evident and pressing, and it is hoped that the Board of Education will see their way clear to take the necessary steps to provide adequate accommodation for the rapidly growing population of this part of the city.

Belleville Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to the 15th of May:—

Miss M. E. Mills	$2 25
Miss W. Cunningham	5 00
Robert Bowen	2 00
A. Carlisle	5 00
G. M. Imbach	2 00
G. S. Flagler	2 00
Merchants Bank Staff (May)	5 00

Starvation or Merciless Torture

A choice between starvation or merciless torture is the dismal prospect before all victims of indigestion, for although they are in need of food to nourish the body, they are afraid to eat because of the long periods of pain and discomfort that follow even the lighest of meals.

The urgent need of all who suffer from indigestion is to gain strength so that the stomach can extract nourishment from the food taken. Pain after eating is the way the stomach signifies its protest that it is too weak to do nature's work. To take purgatives is only to aggravate the trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give new strength to weak stomachs because they enrich and purify the blood supply thus enabling the stomach to digest food naturally. Almost from the first the appetite revives; then food can be taken without pain and the burden of indigestion disappears. The following case proves the truth of these statements. Mr. W. H. Silver, a well known farmer living in the vicinity of Hemford, N.S., says: "For upwards of seven years I was tortured with indigestion; sometimes I was so bad that I would not taste a bit of hearty food, but would have to content myself with a bit of stale bread. At times I suffered excruciating pains in my stomach and could hardly sleep at night. I tried various prescriptions but got no benefit from them and naturally I was in a very reduced state of health. I had come to believe that I was doomed for the balance of my life to this most constant torture when I read of a case similar to my own cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This gave me new courage and I decided to try them. To make a long story short, the use of the Pills for a couple of months completely cured me. This is some two years ago, and I have had no return of the trouble, and am able to eat as hearty a meal as anyone."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through your medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.' Specials for Saturday

Read carefully each and every article mentioned here, and then come down bright and early for some great bargains. If you want to save money come here and do your shopping. Advertised or not, you will find our prices the lowest, quality considered.

Children's pure wool Cashmere Hose .... only 15c. pair
Women's best quality Cotton Hose .... 15c. pair; 2 pairs for 25c.
75c. Ladies' Hand Bags, only .... 39c.
25c. Bar Brooches, only .... 15c.
25c. Hat Pins, special .... 5c. each
$2.00 Ladies' Hand Bags, sale price $1.25
$1.25 Middy Blouse with navy blue collars and cuffs; sale price 85c
50c. Ladies' Silk Gloves only .... 35c.
Children's Gingham Dresses, sale price .... 50c.
$1.00 Ladies' fine Cotton Night Gowns, sale price .... 49c.
Come Saturday morning early for White Dresses suitable for Children ages 1 year to 14 years. $1.25 Dresses, neatly made, sale price 75c. Others at 95c., $1.49, $1.59, $1.69 to $1.85. These are exceptionally great values.
Extra Special Ladies' all Silk Hose, reg. 50c. quality, 35c. a pair, or 3 pairs for $1.00
$4.50 Satin Underskirts, only $1.49. All shades and sizes.

FIREWORKS! FIREWORKS!! FIREWORKS!!!

Monday is the glorious 24th, a day for the small girlies and boys. Everything in fireworks, perfectly reliable kinds, with some some special new displays. Get some and have a family display at night. Be a Kid again for a day.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire-Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates. Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

ARMY SUPPLIES—FRAUDS.

A Paris report to the New York Sun says, "United States houses which got French army contracts have failed to deliver goods up to sample, and the engagements have been cancelled. In one case a monthly consignment of 50,000 pairs of boots was concerned, and in another 200,000 pairs of socks, which by specification were to be 70 per cent. wool and 30 per cent. cotton, were found to be 70 per cent. cotton and 30 per cent. wool. With deliveries of underwear, also, fault was found. The goods, it is understood, are paid for before they are shipped, and the manufacturers cannot lose except in reputation. This may, however, be a really great loss yet."

If France had in its political arena a Pugsley, a Carvell or a Graham, and they in opposition to the Government seeking office, what a splendid opportunity the frauds indicated as having been committed in supplying articles for war purposes, would have furnished them for an attack upon the President of the Republic, and his War Ministers by holding them responsible for the frauds practiced by contractors. There would be as good reason for such a course of political warfare as exists in Canada for the Pugsley-Carvell-Graham attack upon the Canadian Government, for the cheating of Canadian contractors, and purchasers of war supplies. The one is no more responsible than the other, with this point in favor of Canada's Prime Minister, who denounced those who were parties to the fraud and read some of them out of the party, and threatened all who lent themselves to the crime of cheating the Government with punishment.

AN ANTIQUATED IDEA.

Speaking at Winnipeg on the "dishonor" of holding a general election just now, a clergyman made light of the theory that the Government is entitled to know as soon as possible whether the country approves of what it has already done since the war began and is willing that it should provide England with a still larger outlay of Canadian men and money in order that the struggle may be brought to a successful conclusion as soon as possible. "What," he asked with scorn, "has Canada to do with such a question? Peace and war are wholly within the prerogative of the King; the Imperial Parliament has very little to say about them and it follows that the Canadian Government and Parliament have less."

This, of course, is an erroneous notion. The clergyman no doubt had read in his boyhood that long ago the Kings of England, France and Prussia could make war when they liked and conclude peace when they pleased without consulting their nobles or their common people, the privileges of the latter indeed being confined to paying taxes and being killed. Had he taken the trouble to open any modern history book he would have found that those old times have gone never to return, that if a King of England desired to be impeached and dethroned the readiest way would be for him to undertake to declare war without the knowledge or authority of his Ministers and of Parliament. As a matter of fact he could not do it if he were so foolish as to try. By his own dictum he could not move a single soldier in the field or send a ship to sea. Even the Kaiser nowadays has to consult his Chancellor and Reichstag before beginning hostilities. It stands to reason that if the British Parliament has the right to declare war, which is involved in its right to keep in office a Cabinet that is bent on doing so or to expel it from office, as well as to refuse the grant of a shilling for military purposes, the Canadian Parliament possess like authority over the participation or non-participation of Canada and has all to say as to whether at this moment she should augment or diminish her contributions to the Imperial cause.

Obviously it would have been better for his own sake if the Winnipeg clergyman had spent a little time beforehand in acquainting himself with the elementary features of the case. The growth of constitutional liberties in England and her colonies may not be in his line, but as a teacher of religion he was bound to speak the truth and therefore to avoid going off at half-cock on subjects he had not mastered. If clergymen would only bear in mind that the blunders of which they are guilty in discussing mundane affairs detract from their influence in the pulpit and tend in some measure to discredit religion itself, they would not appear so often on lay platforms without preparation for the task awaiting them.

CURRENT COMMENT

The May crop of coughs and colds appears to be one of the largest on record.

Canada has now a larger army in continental Europe than Britain had in any of the European wars in which she engaged until the present war.

Italy has required almost as much careful consideration and exhaustive discussion before deciding to fight as does an up-to-date pugilist.

Some 245 rural schools in Ontario have elementary instruction in agriculture, towards which the Provincial Government contributes $20,000. It is money well spent.

Shannon county, in Missouri, has not an auto within its borders, although there are 70,000 cars in the State. Our own Prince Edward Island—"The Garden of the Gulf,"—only recently allowed autos within its confines.

The heavy casualty list from the Dardanelles shows that the Turks are taking a heavy toll of the Australians, New Zealanders and others engaged in forcing the Dardanelles. The men of the Overseas Dominions are certainly winning a place for themselves in the councils of the Empire.

During the past six weeks 20,000 men have been sent from Canada to Britain and not a word has been published in the press to indicate when they went or from what ports they sailed. Canadian newspapers are doing their share in producing "the fog of war."—Toronto Globe.

The Germans and Austrians in England who want to be interned rather than go back home, show a preference which to an extent testifies to the treatment they have hitherto received in an enemy country in war time.—New York World.

The total battle casualties in the war so far are estimated at 6,950,000 including 1,350,000 killed in action. No mind can conceive the suffering these figures represent, mental and physical.—Montreal Mail.

"Good-bye. I'm off for England tomorrow," declared a young business man of Montreal to a Journal of Commerce representative. "I tried five times to pass the doctors here, but they turned me down every time, so I'm going across to drive a car, make shells, pack ammunition, or do something for my country." The young man in question is making about fifty dollars a week, has money saved up and excellent prospects, but he is giving up everything and going across in order to "do his bit." Would that we had fifty thousand Canadians like him!

Business in Canada is now at ninety per cent. of normal, if bank clearings and railroad earnings be a criterion. In their monthly circular Greenshield, and Co., stockbrokers, point out that bank clearings and railroad earnings last month were ninety per cent. of what they were in April, 1911, which was a very active period. If conditions do not bear out this statement that we are at ninety per cent. of normal, it is due to the uneven distribution of the effects of war on business and the state of mind produced upon people by the war. Undoubtedly business is improving, and with the assurance of a good crop business will be back to normal.—Journal of Commerce.

A SPLENDID WAY TO REDUCE ONE'S WEIGHT

There is, perhaps, no one thing that shows the passing of our youth so much as the horrible tendency of some of us to put on too much weight after we have reached the age of 25 or 30. However young our face may appear, our figures "give us away."

The cause of this over-stoutness is that our stomachs convert the food we eat into fat because there is not enough oxygen in the blood to produce a proper combustion to destroy the fatty tissue. To reduce your weight go to a good druggist and get oil of orilene in capsule form, and take one after each meal. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Oil of orilene taken at meal-times gives you all the benefit of the food you eat, and at the same time dissolves the fatty tissue from any part of the body where there is excessive fat. In this way many have reduced their weight at the rate of about a lb. a day, and no flabbiness is left.

Any druggist can supply you or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal, Can.

EVERY MAN

who gets in here and sees the wonderful values is, at once convinced of our "Mill to Man" proposition. It's not a lot of "odds" and "ends" or "job lots"—it's a stock of clean new woolens that come to us direct from the great Scotch mills. You should see the new hair line and pencil stripes in the New Suitings, plain and fancy Cheviots, real Scotch Homespuns, and Tweeds. The most popular weaves.

ONE PRICE! NO MORE!—$15—NO LESS

Open Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings

Scotland Woolen Mills Co., Limited
253 FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE

PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN

Their little hurts, cuts, and bruises may have been caused by some germ infected object. There is always the possibility that blood poisoning may be the result of neglect—don't neglect—immediately apply Absorbine, Jr. It will thoroughly cleanse the affected parts, kill the germs, and promote rapid healing.

Absorbine, Jr. is a powerful germicidal liniment and yet absolutely harmless. It is made of herbs and is non-destructive of tissue. Can be used by the smallest member of the family without any danger whatsoever.

Use Absorbine, Jr. wherever a liniment or a germicide is indicated. Pleasant to use and economical as only a few drops are necessary at each application. Keep a bottle handy at all times—it will prove indispensable.

$1.00 and $2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered.

A Liberal Trial Bottle will be sent post-paid to your address upon receipt of 10c in stamps. Send for trial bottle or procure regular size from your druggist today. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

morning at Artillery Park.

Wants Hatchet Buried at Ottawa

Wish Expressed by Premier on His First Appearance Since Taking Office

WINNIPEG, May 21—Premier Norris made his first public appearance since taking over the reins of office when he appeared at the mass meeting of Springfield Liberals held in Norwood. Manitoba's Premier referred to the coalition Government forming in the Old Country, and said: "If Sir Robert Borden were to approach Sir Wilfrid Laurier with hand extended and say 'let us work together until this war is over,' I am sure Sir Wilfrid would grasp that hand in a minute." He claimed that the hatchet should be buried at Ottawa and emphasized the fact that with an agreement an arrangement could be made to continue the present Parliament until the war is over.

Premier Norris was accompanied by Dr. Thornton, Minister of Education. Mr. Norris maintained that the war taxes in Canada were being levied not to defray the cost of the war, but to maintain the Borden Government in power. He deprecated that the electors were being forced to prepare for an election at this time. He endorsed the candidature of A. R. Bredin, who had been selected in the afternoon as the Liberal candidate in Springfield. A. C. Fraser, of Brandon, was the speaker of the evening, replacing Dr. Michael Clark, of Red Deer, who missed his train for Winnipeg.

NOTE.—This sounds well. Its sincerity is proven by the repetition of the Grit misrepresentations of Ontario, "that the war taxes in Canada were "being levied not to defray the cost of "war, but to maintain the Borden "Government in power." A Minister of Education should be more careful in his utterances, and not begin his ministration of office by repeating such lies as the above.

THE LEAST OF LOVE

Only let one fair lost woman
 Mourn for me when I am dead—
World, withhold your best of praises!
 There are better things instead.

Shall the little fame concern me,
 Or the triumph of the years,
When I keep the mighty silence
 Through the falling of her tears?

I shall heed not, though 'twere April
 And my field-larks all returned,
When her lips upon these eyelids
 One last poppied kiss have burned.

Painted hills shall not allure me,
 Mirrored in the painted stream;
Having loved them, I shall leave them
 Busy with a vaster dream.

Only let one frail dark woman
 Mourn for me when I am dead,
I shall be content with beauty
 And the dust above my head.

Yet when I shall make the journey
 From these earthly dear abodes,
I have four things to remember
 At the Crossing of the Roads.

How her hand was like a tea-rose;
 And her low voice like the South;
Her soft eyes were tarns of sable,
 A red poppy was her mouth.

Only let one sweet lost woman
 Mourn for me when I am dead—
Gently for her gentlest lover—
 More than all will have been said.

Be my requiem the rain-wind;
 And my immortality,
But the lifetime of one heartache
 By the unremembering sea!

—BLISS CARMAN

His Temper.

"My dear," said a lady to her husband, "there must be a lot of iron in your system."

"Why do you think so?"

"Because you invariably lose your temper when you get hot!"

Remembered Whole Books.

Walter Savage Landor carried his library in his head. When he had read a book he always gave it away on principle, having, as he said, observed that with such a purpose in his mind he was sure to retain of a book all that was worth keeping. In his old age Landor was furious if he did not at once remember any passage of a book or any name or date.

Serving Jelly.

If you wet a spoon before using it to serve jelly you will find the jelly will not stick to it, and the serving is more easily accomplished.

DISRAELI'S FASCINATION.

Great Statesman Exercised Strange Power Over Women.

More than one biographer has referred to the peculiar fascination which Disraeli exercised over women. Indeed, it has been said that had it not been for their admiration, which led some of them to afford him monetary assistance, he could scarcely have completed his political career in the brilliant manner he did.

When he was thirty-five years of age he married the rich widow of Mr. Wyndham-Lewis, who had been his colleague at Maidstone, and with the fortune of this lady, who was passionately devoted to the statesman, and thought there was no man like "Dizzy," he was able to purchase the estate at Hughenden, in Buckinghamshire, where he lived for many years.

Another romance of his life, which resulted in his being left a fortune of $150,000, is revealed in the third volume of his biography, which has just been published. Attracted by one of his eloquent eulogies on the Jewish race, an eccentric old lady, Mrs. Brydges Willyams, wrote to him from her house at Torquay a series of admiring epistles, culminating in a request that he would become a joint executor and legatee of her will. "Dizzy" consulted his friends, and in the end paid a visit to Torquay. The acquaintance thus oddly begun ripened into friendship, which lasted some ten years, and when the old lady died at the age of ninety she left the statesman, who had now become almost sole legatee, $150,000.

Furthermore, although she had never seen Hughenden, the home of her hero, she expressed in her will a desire to be buried there. And there she lies, with Disraeli and his wife, in the grave in the shadow of the church among the lovely hills of Bucks.

Many arguments have taken place as to whether Disraeli, whose statue is decorated every year with primroses, really regarded the latter as his favorite flower, but the following authentic incident, in which Mrs. Brydges Willyams figures, would seem to show that at any rate he had great admiration for these flowers. When he visited Torquay in 1863 to call upon his friend, Mrs. Willyams not only presented him with a bunch of primroses on his arrival, but also had the dinner-table decorated with similar flowers, and upon the statesman expressing his admiration for them, she caused a number of primrose plants to be sent to Hughenden, where they still bloom every season.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

ALLAN LINE Royal Mail

From MONTREAL		To
"SICILIAN"	June 3	Havre & London
"PRETORIAN"	June 5	Glasgow
"HESPERIAN"	June 18	Liverpool
"SCANDINAVIAN"	June 19	Glasgow
"CORINTHIAN"	June 20	Havre & London
"GRAMPIAN"	June 24	Liverpool

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Though your salary or income will no doubt increase, so will your expenses—and many find that the latter more than keep pace with the former. Now is the time to start a Reserve Fund —and the Savings Department of the **Union Bank of Canada** is the place to keep it.

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Belleville Branch J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
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RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Victoria Day
May 24th

SINGLE FARE—Good going and returning May 24th only.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD — Good going May 22nd, 23rd and 24th. Return limit May 25th, 1915.

Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada east of Port Arthur and to Detroit, and Port Huron, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock and Niagara Falls, N.Y. Tickets sold at reduced fares from Belleville to Toronto, Montreal or intermediate stations on Main Line, or from above station to Parkdale or Sunnyside, will not be valid for passage on Trains Nos. 1 and 14.

Tickets and full particulars on application to ticket agents.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

LAKE AND BAY TRANSPORTATION

STEAMER
"Brockville"
will be on her route
Trenton to Picton
ABOUT MAY 22nd.
May be chartered for Excursions.
Apply—
CAPTAIN CHRISTIE
Picton, Ont.

To Seal Bottles.

Bottles may be securely sealed in the following manner: Melt together a quarter of a pound of sealing wax, the same quantity of rosin and two ounces of beeswax. When the mixture froths stir it with a tallow candle. As soon as each ingredient is melted dip the tops of the corked bottles in the mixture. It will completely exclude the air.

Goggles For Troops.

Gen. Botha's army, which probably numbers about 50,000 men, and which has begun its delayed campaign against German Southwest Africa, has had tens of thousands of veils and "goggles" served out for the struggle against the sand and the glare.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.,	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.,	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
VICTORIA DAY
SINGLE FARE good going Monday, May 24th, return limit, Monday, May 24th, 1915.
FARE AND ONE-THIRD good going Saturday, Sunday and Monday, May 22nd, 23rd and 24th, return limit May 25th, 1915.
(Minimum charge 25c.)

PACIFIC COAST TOURS
AT LOW FARES
INCLUDING
"CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS"
Particulars from S. Burrows, General Agent, Belleville, Ont.

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Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.

Belleville Branch *H. SNEYD, Manager*

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

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Joint Accounts are a Convenience.
Keep a Savings Account, and
Let Your Money Accumulate.
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We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

THE BLOOD IS THE STREAM OF LIFE

Pure Blood Is Absolutely Necessary To Health

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" PURIFIES

These Wonderful Tablets, Made of Fruit Juices, Are The Best Of All Tonics To Purify And Enrich The Blood.

Pure, rich blood can flow only in a clean body. Now, a clean body is one in which the waste matter is regularly and naturally eliminated from the system. The blood cannot be pure when the skin action is weak, when the stomach does not digest the food properly, when the bowels do not move regularly, when the kidneys are strained or overworked.

Pure blood is the result of perfect health and harmony of stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and skin.

"Fruit-a-tives", by their wonderful action on all these organs, keeps the whole system as clean as Nature intended our bodies to be clean.

"Fruit-a-tives" tones up, invigorates, strengthens, purifies, cleans and gives pure, rich, clean blood that is, in truth, the stream of life.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50 trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

DEFENCE IS CONSPIRACY

In Charges Against Judge C. R. Fitch of Fort Frances

FORT FRANCES, Ont., May 21.—The Royal Commission appointed to investigate the charges made against Judge C. R. Fitch, of this district, commenced hearing today of the charges at the court house before Hon. Mr. Justice Hodgins, of the Supreme Court the commissioner appointed by the Minister of Justice.

The charges which were preferred by Colonel D. C. McKenzie, Mayor of Fort Frances and President of the Board of Trade, include allegations of attempted extortion, improper influence in elections, engaging in the pulp and timber business and demanding large sums of money in excess of the market price, staying executions issued against himself, granting an injunction in connection with a ferry license in which it is alleged he was interested, defrauding the Canadian customs, advising litigants, promoting litigation and prejudicing cases.

Evidence was given by Mr. D. C. McKenzie and H. L. Cruso, of Fort Frances, and Benj. Levinson, of Winnipeg.

According to the proceedings, the defence alleges that the charges are the result of a conspiracy brought about by D. C. McKenzie and others in order to secure the removal of the judge, who is said to be antagonistic to them. It was claimed in the evidence given for the prosecution that Judge Fitch had made a proposition whereby he was to get $10,000 from Levinson and Finklestein, of Winnipeg, whereby they were to be fined and not imprisoned on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Government of Ontario in the celebrated wolf bounty cases several years ago. Since the convictions in these case attempts had been made to get a new trial whereby the conviction would be set aside. In his evidence Levinson claimed that Judge Fitch recently promised his assistance provided action would be entered against McKenzie for conspiracy.

The evidence of Cruso corroborated that of McKenzie in regard to the alleged proposition that these two men should pay $5,000.

ITALIANS IN N.Y. EAGER

And Pleased She Is to Fight With the Allies

NEW YORK, May 20.—The Italian districts in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx talked of little else besides war this evening and every one seemed pleased with the prospect of Italy entering the struggle. There was no celebrations, however, largely because the Italians are waiting for the final news that Italy has declared war. The coffee houses and saloons were unusually crowded and the sidewalks were filled with little groups who argued excitedly over what Italy should or should not do once war was declared.

A few flags were hung out in Brooklyn and Italians there said that even President Wilson's request could hardly prevent some demonstration when word of the actual declared of war finally arrived.

LED TO BOER UPRISING

"Prophet" Saw in a Dream a German Victory and an Independent South Africa

LONDON, May 5.—In a Blue Book issued in London is contained a full and coherent narrative thoroughly authenticated, of the rising in South Africa so ably suppressed by Generals Botha and Smuts.

It reveals the fact that in the twentieth century numbers of people can be swayed by the prophetic utterances of one of their number who saw visions and dreamed dreams. Nicholas van Rensburg is described as a "simple and illiterate farmer." Had he lived some centuries earlier he might have taken an equal place with John of Leyden or even Mahomet himself.

There were only a handful of Boers who had any pro-German sympathies. Long before the war broke out "Oom Niklaas" had a vision in which he beheld seven bulls fighting, and one, a gray bull had emerged victorious from the conflict. Van Rensburg seems to have interpreted his own visions for he declared that the gray bull was Germany. His reputation was built up on certain happy guesses, one of which was a correct foretelling of the events which led up to the Peace of Vereening.

One of the seer's visions had been well known to General De la Rey for some years. He had beheld the number fifteen on a dark cloud out of which blood issued, and then the General returning home without his hat. Immediately afterward came a carriage covered with flowers. In fact, General De la Rey was shot at Johannesburg on September 15, and a whole carriage was taken up by the wreaths at his funeral. The number of his room at Johannesburg was fifteen.

The narrative clearly shows what a hold those prephecies had obtained on the minds of the burghers of the western Transvaal and how they aided the machinations of Maritz, commanding the defence forces in the northwest of the Cape, and Beyers, commanding the citizen forces of the Union.

At this moment the Germans were sweeping on to Paris, and Aansburg saw visions of 40,000 German troops parading London. Then the Union Government unfolded its plans for the attack upon German South West Africa. The news was received with anger by the old "Dopper" Boers some of whom had taken sheuter with the Germans after the war of 1899-1902. The leaders of the conspiracy made the most of this feeling.

Beyers' one object was to inveigle De la Ray into the plot. This was to be managed by getting him to Potschefstroom, where a meeting of burghers was to be held. It was arranged that Beyers and De la Ray should go by motor car from Pretoria to Potchefstroom via Johannesburg.

The journey cost De la Rey his life, and leaves forever in doubt the question as to whether he had a guilty knowledge of the conspiracy. The police of Johannesburg were on the lookout for three desperadoes named Foster, and they had orders to stop all motors. The car of Beyers was repeatedly challenged by the police, and he, quite unaware of the real reason for the challenge and believing himself to be trapped, refused to stop. The police fired, and De la Rey was killed.

After Maritz had started his revolt in the Cape, Beyers and De Wet raised the standard of rebellion. "Now is the time for us Afrikanders to get our independence back," ran a proclamation posted at Kleinfontain. They need not be afraid, as there will be no bloodshed. Our independence is guaranteed by the German Kaiser. General Beyers has the treaty in his pocket."

Swiss Neutrality

GENEVA, Switzerland, May 21.—There are nearly 1,000,000 Americans, Englishmen, Frenchmen, Russians, Italians and Serbians now in Switzerland who will receive protection from the Swiss Federal Government in the event of Italy's entrance into the war. From a military standpoint, all four Alpine Swiss borders will be closed. Although the Government has received formal guarantees that Swiss neutrality will not be violated, it has taken stringent measures to safeguard the frontiers.

There is no thought, however, of a general Swiss mobilization. The most important question concerns the food supply for more than 5,000,000 persons, who soon may be surrounded by a wall of bayonets. Hope is expressed that the belligerent governments will give their aid.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES
MAKE PERFECT BREAD

Enables housekeepers and others to produce the finest quality of Home-made Bread without trouble. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other.

MADE IN CANADA
E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

To Speak Japanese.

Strange as it may seem, it is nevertheless a fact (which was admitted in the House of Commons a short time ago) that there is not a single officer in the British army who understands the Japanese language!

Some time ago one of the assistant directors of military operations on the staff of the Army Council compiled a work or strategy, and the Japanese War Office authorities, perceiving its value, translated the work, and, as is usual in such cases, forwarded the British author some copies of the translation.

The author, not kowing the language, turned over the leaves of the Army List, and found that not a single officer in the British army was qualified to act as interpreter in the language of our allies.

Arrangements have now been completed, however, whereby British officers desirous of learning the Japanese language can be sent to Japan, free of expense to themselves, for the purpose, and no doubt many will be ready to avail themselves of the chance.

Value of Marching Songs.

The great value of singing on the march has always been fully recognized in every army, states the report of the British Naval and Military Union for 1913-14, and it is one of the objects of the union (of which General Sir H. L. Smith-Dorrien is president) to encourage such singing in every way possible.

At Aldershot Major-General S. H. Lomax has presented a cup for infantry companies, and marching songs are specially included in the competition. In certain battalions of the Guards regimental prizes are given to companies for the best performance of a marching song when passing a given point. There is no doubt that this part of the movement is steadily gaining ground. It has been decided to proceed forthwith with the preparation and issue of a small pocket-book of marching songs, and to bring this to the notice of every commanding officer.

Streets of London.

There is not a single man living who knows all London, who has bee through every street or into every crescent, square and terrace. This seems a hard saying, and it is one which visitors from abroad or the colonies find it impossible to believe, but nevertheless it is absolutely and incontrovertibly true. Let any one take a map of London and try to mark in red ink all the streets which he can honestly say he has visited and he will have to confess that he knows but little of the metropolis of the world and that the red-marked streets are but as nothing compared with those which he has had to leave untouched.—London Globe.

Answered the Call.

The London plumber was apologizing for delay. "You see, sir, I'm that short-'anded. I'd a nice lad of 19 I meant putting on this job. His three brothers had 'listed and he promised his mother he'd stay. I'd started 'im round 'ere with a boy and a 'andcart, and on 'is way he met a marching brigade. They just sang to 'im 'Drop your bag and carry a gun,' and drop his bag he did into the 'andcart and I've 'card nothing of 'im since, except a postcard asking me to give his mother his wage."

In Front!

PERRIN'S TIPPERARY BISCUITS
REGISTERED
Are you using them?

MAY GET TWO MEDALS.

In This War the Problem Is Unusual and Complicated.

It is safe to say that of all subjects which form topics of conversation in the trenches during the moments which the enemy leaves the British soldier for social intercourse, none is more popular (unless the soldier has completely changed his character) than the great question: "How many medals shall we get for this war and what will be the bars?" That has always been, since the British army received medals, the one subject which has interested him more than any other.

In the argot of the barrack-room, the medal is a "gong," and it is the ambition of every soldier in the army that that "gong" should not be bare of bars (the little strips of silver across the ribbon inscribed with the names of the action which mark the quality of the award), and the more bars there are to a man's medal the higher does he stand, not only in his own estimation, but in the estimation of his comrades.

It is curious how, when discussing the war, generally, with wounded soldiers, the topic of conversation invariably veers round to this medal question. The optimistic think that there will be three. One given by France, one by Russia, and a third by Great Britain. Others believe that the medal will be of bronze, and will be issued in uniformity by the five nations engaged. This would not be very popular with the soldier. In the Egyptian campaigns there were two, one British and one which was presented by the Egyptian Government. In the South African war there were also two, but that was due to the fact that the war was continued under two sovereigns.

What is probable is that there will be a British medal and one issued by the allies in conjunction, that is to say, the Russian soldier will wear the Russian medal and the allies', and the French soldier will wear the French medal, issued by the French Government, plus the allies', and the same decorations will be offered to the British soldier. It is said that the color of the new ribbon, made up of the national colors of Belgium and will either be a black ribbon, with red and yellow stripes on each edge, or will be a red ribbon, with a black and yellow edging, the exact pattern of which has not yet been decided upon.

Purple Pansy Brigade.

One of the latest war crazes in English society is the "purple pansy brigade." If you have an intimate friend or relative wounded at the front you wear a buttonhole of purple pansies. The result has been an unexampled demand for the purple pansy.

Now that there is almost no one who has not a friend among the casualties, practically all the women at fashionable gatherings wear a cluster of the sympathetic flower, and some of the men do the same. At some of the smart luncheons at the big hotels the effect is most curiously mournful.

But the purple pansy also serves as a useful conversation opener. "My dear, what friend of yours has been wounded?" leads to all sorts of interesting, mysterious, sentimental inquiries. The purple pansy, therefore, is a great relief, although it does indicate suffering on the part of somebody else.

In London the demeanor of the smart crowd is distinctly more cheerful as the war proceeds. Conditions, the mere prospect of which seemed unbearable, have now become second nature. It would be wrong to say it is possible to get used to having one's relatives killed or wounded. But one is inclined to think that when bereavements come in mass, when more or less every one is suffering, the shock and horror diminish in intensity.

Old-Time Sealing-Wax.

Interesting results have been obtained by the Government chemist by making analyses of old wax impressions on documents in the Public Record Office in London. The seals examined dated from the thirteenth to the eighteenth century, and differed but little from modern sealing-wax. Most of them consisted of a mixture of beeswax and resin, others of pure beeswax. Two seals, of the dates 1399 and 1423 respectively, were composed of wax the characteristics of which agreed more nearly with those of East Indian than of European beeswax. The wax composing an impression from the Great Seal of 1650 agreed, in chemical and physical characters, with pure beeswax of to-day. The pigment in the red seals was vermilion, while the green seals contained verdigris.

British Guns Wire Wound.

British guns still retain their supremacy. They are lighter and more easily handled than the German guns. This is due to the fact that German guns are solid, while the English weapons are wire-wound. The Germans have never believed in the wire-winding; they have always regarded it as a piece of British stupidity. After the recent naval battles they now have their doubts.

JULIUS CAESAR FEARED.

Some World Famous Men Who Were Afraid of Simple Things.

A peculiar sense of fear, says London Tit-Bits, is associated with many different creatures and things. Lord Roberts, for instance, was afraid of cats. He would not have a cat in the room where he was sitting. On one occasion when asked out to dinner his host doubted the existence of this fear and concealed a cat in the ottoman in the dining-room. Dinner was announced and served, but the chief guest seemed ill at ease, and at last declined to go on eating, as he was sure there was a cat in the room. A pretended search was made, but disclosed no traces of the animal. The famous soldier persisted in his declaration. Finally the host, realizing that he was causing "Bobs" great discomfort, let the cat "out of the bag," and the ottoman at the same time, and apologized for the annoyance caused.

Another famous man who was supersensitive to the presence of cats was Henry III. of France. This monarch disliked them so intensely that he was known to faint at the sight of one. Two other great generals—Marchal Saxe, the French soldier, and the Duke of Schomberg—also held them in horror.

Peter the Great loathed the sight of water. He could scarcely be persuaded to cross a bridge, and if compelled to do so would sit in his carriage with closed windows, bathed in perspiration. Fear of the River Mosera, which flowed through his palace gardens, prevented him ever seeing its beauty.

Julius Caesar, to whom the shouts of thousands of the enemy was but sweet music, was mortally afraid of the sound of thunder, and always wanted to hide underground whenever a thunderstorm hovered over his army.

The Navy's "Baby."

Germany's warships will indeed feel the weight of Britain's naval might should they come in contact with a few shots from the Iron Duke —the navy's "baby." This super-Dreadnought, which entered upon her maiden commission in the world last year, is the most powerful battleship in the world.

Her main armament is ten 13.5in. weapons, which hurl a shell of some 1,400 pounds a distance of six miles, and it is possible for the whole of her guns to be concentrated upon the target and strike a blow which the stoutest ship could not withstand.

It will be a costly thing for the taxpayer when the Iron Duke goes into action, for her guns can use up powder and shot at the rate of $50,000 a minute.

Her torpedoes are of the newest "heater" kind—that is, they run by hot air. They are 21in. in diameter, whereas the old type of torpedo is 18in. These 21in. weapons have a speed of over forty knots per hour, are very accurate, and possess a long effective range.

The Iron Duke, it might be mentioned, is the first battleship to be equipped with specially-designed guns for aircraft. These guns are capable of sending a projectile, made especially for the purpose, to a height of over 10,000 feet at the rate of twelve to fifteen a minute, while it also has a battery of 6in. quick-firers for beating off the attack of torpedo craft, which throw a 100-pound projectile and make such accurate shooting that a score of 100 per cent. hits is frequently made with them.

Chart Making.

Even now the waters of the globe are very imperfectly known, and it is stated that the uncharted rocks, reefs, and other dangers to navigation reported in the Pacific Ocean alone number more than 3,500. This quite justifies the great work to be undertaken by the International Oceanographic Expedition, which has been organized under J. Foster Stackhouse for a voyage of seven years, to chart the seas. Starting from London in June there will be some surveying in the North Atlantic, including a search for the rock alleged to exist near the spot where the Titanic sank, and then four years will be spent in the Pacific, with special attention to the little-known coral and volcanic islands. The subsequent work will be chiefly in the Indian Ocean and the great unexplored regions of the Antarctic and South Atlantic. The staff of investigators is to number twelve men, and important discoveries in various branches of science may be expected.

Yarmouth Rows.

Great Yarmouth contains what is said to be the narrowest street in the world, known as Kitty Witches row, and its greatest width is fifty-six inches. Its entrance would seriously inconvenience a stout person trying to pass through it. Twenty-nine inches from wall to wall is all the room that can be spared in this part of the queer street. Yarmouth is a quaint old town containing many streets like Kitty Witches row. They are called rows and are more picturesque than convenient. A hundred and forty-seven of these narrow streets of a length of over seven miles in all are to be found in the town.—Dundee Advertiser.

Saves money on building and repairing

PLASTER walls and ceilings must crack and fall finally, but Neponset Wall Board never requires repairs.

It costs little, is quickly put up, needs no finishing, lasts indefinitely. Three handsome finishes—oak, burnt leather and white which may be painted if desired.

Save money by using Neponset Wall Board in place of lath and plaster for bungalows, houses and attic rooms, for partitions in homes, offices, factories. Use it right over plaster, cracked walls and ceilings. Samples free.

"Repairing and Building," our free book, tells about all Neponset products—wall boards, roofings, waterproof building papers.

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Sold by dealers everywhere.
SOLD IN Belleville, Ont.
BY SPAFFORD Hdwe. Co.

NAVVY, POET AND SOLDIER.

Romance of Patrick McGill, the Irish Bard.

"Somewhere in France," with the London Irish Rifles, is Private Patrick McGill, navvy, poet, novelist, and soldier, whose career is a veritable romance of self-help. Those acquainted with the life of Patrick McGill will recognize in his latest book, "The Rat Pit," which tells a tragic story of the ruin brought about by the abject poverty and oppression of certain Irish people, much of his own biography.

With bitterness in his voice Patrick McGill once told the writer, after he had left his pick and shovel in Scotland to become a Fleet street reporter, how, in his boyhood days, his mother was obliged to knit socks for a rich yarn merchant, and by working fourteen hours a day, summer and winter, she used to earn the princely wage of 1 1-4d. per day.

As a boy in Donegal McGill confesses that he was always hungry. When he was eleven he worked in the fields for 6d. a day, his work beginning at five in the morning and finishing at eleven at night. But even in those days, while suffering hardship and hunger, the passion for writing revealed itself. He relates how, when he had crept to his attic beneath the leaky roof which allowed the rain to come and saturate his blankets during the wet weather, he wrote verses to the stars, until his master caught him and threatened him with the sack.

From Ireland he went to Scotland, where he traveled from one farm to another with a gang, digging potatoes, sleeping in byres and pigsties, ultimately securing a job as a navvy on the Caledonian Railway. It was while on this job that he wrote his first story on a greasy piece of paper.

"I intended," he says, "to make a fair copy of the tale afterwards, but, not having the requisite pence for ink and postage stamps, I put the story by and promptly forgot about it. Five years later I came across it again, when examining some old papers, reclined a few grammatical errors, typed the story, and sent it off to the Pall Mall Gazette, where it was immediately published."

Naturally the publication of this story encouraged him to further literary efforts. He began to study English, although he laughingly relates how, when he read a certain poem entitled "The Lady of the Line" to his fellow-navvies on the Caledonian Railway, some of them remarked (not at all unkindly) that he would end his days in a madhouse.

Less Crime In Britain.

Since the war began there has been a marked decrease in the number of criminals in Britain. This tendency was clearly in evidence during the years immediately preceding, but the decline in the last eight months has been surprising. When charging the grand jury at the recent London sessions Mr. R. Wallace, K.C., said that the calendar was the lightest in the history of the county, the number of prisoners being only a fifth of what it was three or four years ago. This he attributed in part to the earlier closing of public houses, but also to the great restraint which people had shown since the beginning of the war. This is only another sign of the change that has passed over the British people at this greatest of crises in their history. All observers agree that a similar transformation has taken place in the case of the Belgian, French and Russian nations. They have all been moved to the very core of their being and the influences that have awakened them into newness of life will remain after war has given place to peace.

Bitter Against England.

The German motto, "God punish England," can now be obtained all over Germany in the form of a rubber stamp for use on the backs of letters, newspapers, etc. This popular imprecation is also printed on collection boxes, on the walls of cafes, and amid patriotic decorations.

The Food That Will Suit Baby

It is most urgent that the correct food be found for baby before the summer months present their many trials.

Thousands of mothers, nurses, and doctors all over the world have found the 'ALLENBURYS' Foods not only entirely satisfactory for baby in normal times, but have testified to their supreme value in the trying summer time.

The 'ALLENBURY' 60-page booklet, "Infant Feeding and Management," should be read carefully by all mothers of young babies. It is sent, with sample of the Food, post free on request.

The 'Allenburys' Foods

Milk Food No. 1 — From birth to three months
Milk Food No. 2 — From three months to six months
Malted Food No. 3 — From six months

The Allen & Hanburys Company, Limited
66 Gerrard Street Toronto, Ont. 60

WHOOPING COUGH
SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene
Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPO-CRESOLENE CO.
Leeming-Miles Bldg., Mont'l

BLACK WHITE TAN

2 in 1 SHOE POLISHES

All Dealers 10c.

EVERY SHOE IN THE "PARADE" SHOULD HAVE THE 2 IN 1 SHINE.
2 IN 1 GIVES A BRILLIANT, LASTING POLISH—AND LENGTHENS THE LIFE OF LEATHER.
IN EASY-OPENING BOX 10 CENTS.
THE F. F. DALLEY CO. LIMITED
HAMILTON, CAN. BUFFALO, N.Y.

FOOD, FINGERS AND FLIES.

Three of the Factors Most Active in Spreading Disease.

There are three principal ways in which disease germs are carried from person to person, and these ways may be easily remembered by three catch words—food, fingers and flies.

The most important foods which carry disease are those which are eaten raw, since thorough cooking destroys disease germs and most cooked foods are only dangerous when they have been infected in the kitchen after cooking. Among raw foods, too, many, like oranges, are safe because they are peeled before eating.

Of all foods the most dangerous are water and milk, because they are often polluted (by sewage in the case of water, by human contact in the case of milk), because they are drunk promptly without time for the disease germs to die out and because, usually in the case of water and often in the case of milk, they are not cooked.

The second way in which disease germs are commonly spread is by means of contact betwen people themselves. Fingers, in the catch phrase, which all who value their health should try to bear in mind, stands not only for the fingers themselves, but for all sorts of ways in which disease germs may be exchanged.

In measles and whooping cough and scarlet fever and diphtheria and tuberculosis and many other diseases the germs are present in the nose and throat and are spread from person to person by the fingers, which go too often to the mouth and nose, by drinking cups and spoons and other things which too often are used in common and by the fine spray thrown out from the mouth in coughing and sneezing. In typhoid fever and diarrhea and similar diseases the germs are found in the intestinal discharges, and here, too, soiled fingers play an important part in the transmission of the disease.

The third common way in which disease germs are spread is by means of insects. Flies are perhaps the most important insect germ carriers in most states. They often pick up infected material on their legs and bodies and carry it to food, and where there is no good system of sewage disposal they may play a part in the spread of such diseases as typhoid fever. A certain kind of mosquito carries malaria, and this, too, is important in certain districts. In tropical countries a whole host of diseases is carried by insects.—New York American.

COWBOYS OF SPAIN.

Splendid Horsemen, but They Use Spurs Without Mercy.

The perfection of Spanish horsemanship is to be seen among the vaqueros, ganaderos and garrochistas, by which various names the mounted herdsmen of the Andalusian plains are known—in brief, what we should call a cowboy. Every farm seems to maintain a large number of these, for each herd, flock or drove has its own herdsman, goatherd or swineherd, as the case may be. The vaqueros are a fine looking lot of men. Tall, thin, light and loosely made, they look ideal horsemen, as, in point of fact, they are, though their mounts are poor.

The vaquero rides very high on a huge saddle, with a long stirrup and straight leg, using a single rein and a very heavy curb, but he has such beautiful hands that, although using this barbarous bit, he never cuts his horse's mouth about. It is different with the animals' sides, however, for he uses his spurs without mercy, and the white horses—of which there are a large number—all have ominous red stains behind the girths.

All the herdsmen who look after cattle carry a long lance, called a garrocha, of thick and heavy wood, which, except when standing still, they always carry "in rest" and not "at the carry," presumably on account of its great length and possibly its weight. With this weapon, in the use of which he acquires amazing dexterity, the garrochista is able to control the most unruly brutes in the herd, not excepting the savage fighting bull.—Wide World Magazine.

Making a Record.

Sir George Trevelyan told a curious little anecdote regarding an interview he had once had with Thackeray. The novelist was engaged at the time in writing "The Virginians," and in the middle of the conversation he commenced to ask each of the young men in the company what was the greatest length they had ever jumped. The greatest jump claimed was twenty-two feet.

"Well," said Thackeray, "then I will make Washington jump twenty-four."

So reputations are made.—London Standard.

Offensively Officious.

"You always go home exceedingly early, old man."

"Yes. Our neighbors are the cause of that."

"How so?"

"If I stay downtown a minute late they come right over and condone with my wife."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Must Fight Hun in Own Way Says Canadian

Only Way to Beat Is to Use Gas, Asserts a Hero of Langemarck

HALIFAX, N.S., May 20.—James W. Johnstone, a Halifax boy, and a great grandson of Hon. J. W. Johnstone, the Conservative leader in Nova Scotia in the early days of Joseph Howe, is at the front as a private in the second battalion. In a letter received today, dated May 5, written after the battle of Langemarck, Private Johnstone describes the battle. He says:

"We are now back from the fighting line, about 15 miles to rest and reorganize. We have nearly 700 casualties in our battalion alone, not enough remaining to make two full companies, even with a draft of ninety new men, and nearly all the Canadian battalions have about the same number of casualties as ours. Everyone behaved splendidly and did what was required of them in spite of the fact that it was really the very first time that they had done any serious fighting. For two days we got a merciless shell-fire, I don't know how I escaped, for men on either side of me got struck by shrapnel. A Jack Johnson exploded just outside our trench and covered us with the parapet. It blew in, so it required some little digging to get out. Those gas shells the Germans use are awful things. The gas affects the eyes and throat and one has not even a fighting chance against them. The only way for the British to do is to fight the Hun with his own weapon.

"They say that there were nearly 100,000 Germans opposed to us, but we held the lines until reinforcements came up. Our company, old No. 3 company, was in the trench holding it while the rest retired. Our major was the last man to leave the trench, and as we passed him he told everyone to kep low and run for it. How I got through I don't know. Two bullets went through the pack I was carrying and later I was struck on the side. The iron entrenching tool I was carrying saved me. The bullet glanced off, denting the tool and stunning me for a bit."

NEWSPAPERS IN INDIA.

They Seem to Be Run In a Happy-go-lucky Sort of Way.

Americans, accustomed to the hustle and bustle of our newspapers that are enterprising to a marvelous extent, would be amazed if not exasperated with the papers of India. One of these sheets recently published this explanation:

"This is only the beginning of our paper. We were not sure how much matter was required to fill it up, and, thinking we had sufficient, we did not exert ourselves much to get any more. We therefore beg that our readers will excuse us for the space left blank and promise to do better and get more in the future."

How many subscribers would that paper have in this country? Still more curious was the announcement of a paper that came out with two columns blank, the editor having the cheek to say that a large quantity of exceeding-ly interesting matter has been left out for want of space.

When the average East Indian editor wants a holiday he suspends publication until it is convenient to resume and, taking the public into his confidence, informs them plainly why the paper was not issued on the expected dates. "With the consent of our readers we now propose to take our annual holiday. We are sure none of them will begrudge us our relaxation."—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Birth of Music.

There are many legends concerning the origin of music, but it is impossible to say which is the oldest. By the old Romans the god Mercury was credited with the invention of music. According to Apollodorus, the belief was as follows: The Nile after an overflow left on the shore a dead tortoise. Its flesh was finally dried up by the hot sun, so that nothing remained in the shell but the cartilages, which, being braced and contracted by the heat, became sonorous. Mercury, happening to be walking that way and striking his foot against the shell, was so pleased with the sound produced that the idea of a lyre presented itself to his imagination. He immediately constructed the instrument in the form of a tortoise and strung it with the sinews of dead animals. And so music began.

The Lost Repeater.

When Monsieur—the first Monsieur at the court of Louis XIV.—discovered at his levee that his watch had been stolen, presumably by one of his valets, he finished dressing hastily and, addressing them all, said: "Gentlemen, the watch strikes. Let us separate as quickly as we can." What a tact and finish were here!

The spirit of Monsieur was admirably caught by the French gentleman of the time who, attacked by robbers at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, simply observed, "Sirs, you have opened very early today."—Cornhill Magazine.

Caviar.

Caviar is the roe of the sturgeon prepared as a table delicacy. As a dish too rare to be known by the generality of people and the flavor of which would not be relished by an uneducated palate, Shakespeare makes Hamlet speak of it.

Gallant.

Beautiful Widow—Do you know, I'm forty years old today. Gallant Bachelor—Madam, you are twenty. I never believe more than half of what I hear.

PRINCESS PATS USE ZAM-BUK

NOTHING MORE WELCOME IN THE TRENCHES

Pte. J. R. Smith, of the "Princess Pats," writing to a friend in Ottawa, says: "Tell the friends if they want to help me, such articles as socks, handkerchiefs, cough lozenges and Zam-Buk would be useful indeed."

Scores of other messages from the front are to similar effect. One private writes: "Mrs.——— offered to send me a rug. I have written to tell her to send out some Zam-Buk instead. It will be of more use here than all the blankets in creation."

Another says: "Advise every one of the boys to bring with him a box of Zam-Buk; it is better than a loaf of bread to a starving man out here."

Still another private says: "On the retreat from Mons we had a forced march of 37 miles, and not a man who used Zam-Buk on his feet fell out."

For sore feet, chafed places, scalp sores, barbed wire scratches, cuts, abscesses, painful sores, etc., Zam-Buk is a veritable marvel. It stops the pain and heals so rapidly. Here it costs but fifty cents per box. Out at the front, to your friends in the trenches and engaged on communications, it is priceless. Send a few boxes in your next parcel. Remember also that, for the same kinds of injuries sustained at home, it is just as good.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

THE SALVATION ARMY
Sunday, May 23rd, 1915.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
Speaker—Mr. Vermilyea.
Captain and Mrs. Ruston; Lieutenant Foster, C.O.'s.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.
The pastor will preach at both services tomorrow. Services as usual at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
3 p.m.—Sunday School. Ladies' and Brotherhood Bible Classes.
Guild, Monday evening at 8 o'clock.
Mid-week service Wednesday evening at eight o'clock.
A cordial welcome to all.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH
Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—Should a Christian Mix With the World?
—5-minute talk to the children. Subject—"The First Great Queen."
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m. Subject—"Iron and Steel."—A sermon for the times.
Special music by the Chorus Choir. Miss Margaret Brown, soloist. Mrs. R. S. Lewis will preside at the organ.
Monday 8 p.m.—Outlook Club.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.
All Welcome.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.
will meet in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 sharp.
Lesson—David, the Warrior, the Outlaw, the King.—Samuel II:1-7; v:1-5.
Corporal Lighthart and Private H. C. Hollenbeck have kindly consented to each give a solo. Splendid class music.
Students, volunteers, gentlemen of leisure, visitors to the city, mechanics, workmen and especially those out of work will receive a cordial welcome. Come and spend an hour with this class in the study of the Bible.
H. W. ACKERMAN, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

BETHEL HALL.
Over Lattimer's Drug Store
Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m. Wed.—Prayer and Bible reading.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL.
Victoria Ave. between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Pastor.
Services as usual at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
Organized in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D.
"Empire Day."
10 a.m.—Rev. Mr. Adams' Class and Junior Epworth League.
11 a.m.—Public Service. Preacher, the Pastor.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organized classes. You will be made welcome. Judge Deroche, superintendent.
7 p.m.—Sermon by the pastor. Subject—"Lost Kingship."
Special music by the choir. Prof. Cameron, director; Miss Elliott, organist.
Monday 8 p.m.—Epworth League Christian Citizenship Night. Meeting led by Wendell H. Osborne.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer and Praise Service.
Sunday services appropriate to Empire Day.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church St.
Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A., Pastor.
10 a.m.—Three Classes. Junior E. League
11 a.m.—Empire Day. Subject—"How a Great Soldier was Saved."
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School; Alpha Club; Good Orchestra.
7 p.m.—Subject: "Has the Kaiser a Lying Spirit from the Lord?"
Corporal Lightheart of the 39th Batt. will sing at the evening service.
Music for the day will include full choruses by the choir, also solos, duets and quartettes. Soldiers, students and the public generally are cordially invited to these services.
Soldiers, students and all are cordially invited to all services. Mrs. M. P. Duff, organist; Mrs. J. Grant, leader.
Monday 8 p.m.—Young People's Meeting

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Pastor.
Parsonage: Hillside Street.
10 a.m.—Regular Classes and Junior League
11 a.m.—"Elijah the Prophet of Fire." Second sermon on it.
7 p.m.—"Patriotism." What is it? Why should We be Patriotic?
2.30 p.m.—Bible School for all.
Mrs. Denmark, organist and choir directress.
Good music. Helpful services. Students, Strangers, Soldiers, and all welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.D., Rector.
Residence, 80 Commercial St.
Whitsun Day.
Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and sermon. The Sons of England and other Societies will attend service .... 11 a.m.
S. S.'s and Adult Bible Classes. Confirmation class for all classes .... 3 p.m.
Evensong and the Lord Bishop of Kingston will administer confirmation and preach .... 7 p.m.
Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. C. Currie, Pastor.
11 a.m.—A Man Who Influenced World History.
3 p.m.—The Church School.
7 p.m.—Five Practical Points in a Familiar Chapter. (This will be a musical service with favorite hymns and special selections by the choir.)
Mrs. A. E. MacColl organist and choir leader.
Tues. 8 p.m.—Meeting of the Guild.
Friday 8 p.m.—Pre-Communion Service.
Strangers and visitors welcome.

$15 Stylish Suits $15

Some of our Best Selling New Spring Suits, in Black, Navy, Belgian Blue, Sand and Grey, selling regularly from $18.50 to $22.50, have been reduced to **$15.00**

Several lines in beautiful materials and leading colors, prices,.......................**$25.00, $27.50**

Silk Faille Suits in several styles and shades are priced at..................................**$25.00**

Dress Goods

A table-full of Check Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, in Smooth and Honeycomb Checks, in Brown, Red, Navy, New Blue and Black. Splendid value at 35c yard.

Are Your Hose Insured?

Ladies' Soft Lisle, 6 pairs, guaranteed 6 months, **$2.00**
Ladies' Fine Silk, 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, **$3.00**
Children's Lisle, 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, **$1.00**

Holeproof Hosiery

Purses

The newest shapes in Hand Bags have just arrived. They may be had in Black Leather and Silk Poplin in Black or colors.
Prices **$1.00** and **$1.25** each.

Underwear

In our Underwear Department we are showing a very full range of light weight Knitted Underwear for Ladies and Children.

Ladies' Vests and Drawers from **10c to 75c**

Ladies' Ribbed Combinations in Balbriggan, Lisle and Silk Mercerized,..................**25c to $1.50**

Also a full range of Children's Vests and Drawers in both White and Black.

Wash Silks

Habutai Silk for Waists is very popular on account of its washing and wearing qualities. We have it in Black and White, 36 inches wide, from **65c to $1.00** yard.

Kiddies' Clothes

Oliver Twist Suits are just the thing for boys and girls from 2 to 6 years; made in two pieces and striped or plain colors.
Boys' Suits from......................**75c to $1.50**
Girls' Suits from ....**$1.00 to $1.50**

Sinclair's See Our AWNING DUCK 29 ins. wide, 28c yard, All Colors. **Sinclair's**

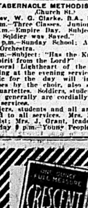
FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from any druggist and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.



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with it you can make delicious syrup and forty different kinds of new dainties. . . . .

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Mapleine is sold in 30c. & 50c. bottles but its worth more—a 30c. bottle makes a gallon of delicious syrup.

One Dollar FREE to Users of MAPLEINE

F. E. ROBSON & CO. 25 Front St., E. Toronto

Our representative will be calling on housekeepers in your district each week for several weeks and will leave $1.00 in each of the first five homes where he finds Mapleine. Get a bottle from your grocer to-day.

The following ladies received the prize of $1.00 as users of Mapleine:—Mrs. J. TURNEY, 263 Ann Street; Mrs. R. DUNCAN, 44 Gt. St. James St.; Mrs. J. SMITH, Dundas Street; Mrs. W. ROBERTS, Canifton Road; Mrs. W. SYMONS, 28 Bettes Street.

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BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
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W. H. PATTERSON.
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Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. No. 3 Molsoms' Bank Apartments.

Judicial Sale

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO.
Clark vs. Doolittle.

Pursuant to the Judgment made in this ation on the 7th day of April, 1915, there will be sold by Public Auction with the approbation of the Local Master at Belleville at his Chambers in the Court House in the City of Belleville on Wednesday the 2nd day of June, 1915, at the hour of Two O'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable city property:

Lot. No. 4 on the East side of Octavia Street in the city of Belleville, County of Hastings.

Upon the premises are erected a two story brick dwelling house about 24x20 with addition about 14x20 and frame woodshed attached.

The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the Master.

TERMS OF SALE. The purchaser shall pay down a deposit in the proportion of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money and the balance within one month thereafter without interest.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of this Court.

For further particulars apply at the Law Offices of Wills & Wright.

Dated at Belleville this 4th day of May, 1915.

S. S. LAZIER, Master.

4td: m8,15,22,29

Notice to Creditors

IN THE ESTATE OF EMMA ILES, Late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Widow, Deceased

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of R. S. O. 1914 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Emma Iles, who died on or about the third day of April, 1915, are hereby required to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned for the Reverend G. R. Beamish, the Executor, on or before the seventh day of June, 1915, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the security if any held by them duly verified, and after the said seventh day of June, 1915, the said Executor will distribute the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for said estate or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Belleville this eleventh day of May, A.D. 1915.

NORTHRUP & PONTON,
Solicitors for the Estate of the late Emma Iles. 4td:m13,15,22,29

Court of Revision

TAKE NOTICE that the Court of Revision of the City of Belleville will meet in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Belleville, on the following dates in the matter of Appeals and Complaints against the Assessment for the year 1915:—

Foster and Samson Wards, Tuesday, May 25th, 1915, 7.30 p.m.

Ketcheson and Baldwin Wards, Wednesday, May 26th, 7.30 p.m.

Bleecker, Coleman and Murney Wards, Thursday, May 27th, 7.30 p.m.

Belleville, May 15, 1915.

M. B. MORRISON,
Chairman Court of Revision.
J WILFRED HOLMES, Clerk.

3td:m15,19,22.

Advertise in the Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St, Belleville.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.
Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville
Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
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W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 28 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank, and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms
Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 718.

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 153, Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
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Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
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ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed.
Office: 29 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 545.
LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. EVANS, O.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS C.E. & M.E.
EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 393.

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

Spring Shirts !

THE excellence of our Shirts and our immense Shirt trade has styled us the Shirt Store of the Town !

No Store gives the study of Shirt fashions and Shirt making more serious thought than we do !

The result is our high achievement in the Shirt business!

Our Shirtings are of the best of fabrics and our Shirts are made for our trade exclusively.

The handsome new designs and colorings we show are in advance of those shown by other Dealers.

Everything new in Madras and genuine French Percales, Soisette, Linen and Silk.

Attached Cuffs, Soft Turn Back Cuffs, &c.

75c, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

All Sizes!

Quick & Robertson

THE OUTFITTERS

Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE ! ICE !

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Why not Try Yerex's Bread? You'll like it.

You will eat twice as much of it.

This is the verdict of our many pleased customers.

AT ALL GROCERS.

Or Phone 787 and wagon will call.

YEREX'S Bakery
68 Sinclair St., West Belleville
Wrapped. Full Weight.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

THIS IS THE BEGINNING

of a Boom in

RAILWAY, MINING AND INDUSTRIAL SHARES

Write for My Weekly Market Letter

Accurate Advice

ROBT. E. KEMERER

108 Bay Street TORONTO, ONT.

Glass-Bottomed Boats.

A fifty-foot motor-boat, provided with two glass-bottomed wells, has been constructed for the purpose of scientific research of the sea bottom in Bermuda waters. The boat has a width of 15 feet, this unusual breadth being for the purpose of giving steadiness while on the ocean engaged in the work of studying the sea bottom.

The glass bottomed wells, each of which is 19 feet long, are located on either side of and parallel with the keel. They are so arranged that a large party can study the sea-formations beneath the boat at the same time. Light is thrown upon objects in the water by means of twelve fixed reflectors, and an adjustable searchlight can be let down with a cord.

NETS TO CATCH WHALES.

How They Trap Hundred Ton Monsters In New Zealand Waters.

Whales are, of course, too large to be caught in nets, yet the New Zealand whale fishermen find that the use of nets is decidedly helpful to them. In the autumn whales moving south to the polar seas swim close to the mainland of North New Zealand and round Cape Brett close inshore. Thence they sweep again seaward to pursue their voyage.

During the six months' sojourn in southern seas a thick crust of barnacles collects on the whales' bodies. These barnacles catch and drag quantities of seaweed, and perhaps that is why the whales seek the shore, where by rubbing against the rocks in the shoal water they may scrape off some of the unwelcome parasites.

Whether that is so or not, the whales take full advantage of the circumstance. A number of the whales, hugging the shore more closely than their fellows, often pass through the narrow channel just under Cape Brett that separates a group of outlying rocks from the mainland. The whalers place their nets at that spot.

No ordinary fishing gear is strong enough for this service. The nets that are to stop a hundred ton monster must be extraordinary nets. They are five or six hundred feet wide and 200 feet deep and made of three-eighths inch wire rope, and they are hung on strong wire cables buoyed by huge floats and drogues.

At the cry of "There she blows!" from the lookouts stationed along the coast, steam launches put out from the shore to place the nets, three in number, which are to close the narrow channel. These nets, unanchored, are permitted to float loose, the ends of each slightly overlapping. Kept taut by their own weight, they hang stretched on the float line, an invisible curtain of wire mesh barring the passage.

The nets will not stop the rush of a charging whale, but they so hamper the big creature's movements that it falls an easy prey to the hunters. That is why the nets are placed so that on "striking" an entangled whale may "race" seaward or "sound" downward, carrying the enveloping net with him without disturbing the remaining two.

Armed with harpoon guns and lances, the men in the boats and launches watch for the dancing of the float line that marks the "striking" of a whale. Once their prey is entangled in the net the rest is not difficult, although it is frequently excit-

The Truth About

"NATURE'S CREATION"

A TREATMENT FOR THOSE CONDITIONS LEADING UP TO VARIOUS FORMS OF

CONSUMPTION

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, WEAK LUNGS, COUGHS, COLDS AND GENERAL DEBILITY

We have just prepared an interesting booklet containing the

Sworn Testimony

of reliable witnesses who have used "NATURE'S CREATION." Every man or woman suffering from any of the conditions referred to should read this interesting testimony, as given from the lips of those who have been helped and benefited. Remember this is Sworn Testimony ..not "hearsay."

To all interested parties who desire to know more about this remarkable preparation we will send, free, on request a copy of the Booklet containing this sworn testimony to any address in Canada, postage paid.

Address All Correspondence to

Nature's Creation Co. of Canada, Limited

SUITE 14, COSGRAVE BLDG.,
Toronto, Canada

HOME STUDY
Arts Courses only.
SUMMER SCHOOL
JULY and AUGUST

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY
KINGSTON, ONTARIO
ARTS EDUCATION MEDICINE
SCHOOL OF MINING
MINING
CHEMICAL MECHANICAL
CIVIL ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERING
GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

AIR SCARE

Considerable excitement was aroused on Front street last night by a box kite let up from Zwick's Island by the soldiers. It had the appearance, at a distance, of a new style of dirigible.

CHURCH PARADE

Members of Oxford and Lydford Sons of England, also the junevile members, will to-morrow morning attend divine service at Christ church. The rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, will officiate.

SLIGHTLY INEBRIATED

W. Deown was causing a little trouble yesterday evening on Dundas St. West, but upon the police appearing on the scene he quieted down and was allowed to go home with a warning to keep quiet. Deown appeared to be slightly intoxicated.

LIGHTS PUT OUT

A number of residents in the western part of the city were last evening for some time minus of electric lights. The storm put out of commission a transformer on a pole on Moira street. Workment shortly after the storm made the necessary repairs.

THE MILITARY DISPLAY

On Monday next, Belleville will be crowded. Citizens from the surrounding district will take the last opportunity to see their boys in the 39th. There will be a big parade, in which the city cadets will participate. There is an opportunity for boys to turn out, march, be brigaded and admired with "our" battalion, the 39th. Major Gildesple says the cadets drill well and this will be the chance for them to show it. The military authorities have promised a good day to all visitors.

ARRESTED FOR THEFT

Ed. Simmons was arrested last night and locked up on a charge of theft. It seems that Private Lindsay of the 39th battalion, had his pocket book, containing $15, lifted from his pocket. Lindsay gave a description of the man who had acted suspiciously around him to the police and Constable Thompson made the above arrest. Simmons, when searched had Lindsay's purse, containing some of the money upon him. This is the first time Simmons has been before the local police, but, however, he is not a stranger to the county establishment on Pinnacle street.

Simmons appeared before Magistrate Masson this morning and was given four months in the Ontario Reformatory with an indeterminate sentence of two years.

Letters From Canadian Boys at the Front

SERGT. G. M. SPAFFORD.

France April 10, 1915.

My Dear Mother,—

We left our former position, and after a night's march rested for a few days near the village of ———, thence another day's march and we are now resting for a few days more. We leave here for the firing line, relieving a French division. We are near the coast, and think we will see some interesting times. This finds me in the best of health and only one of our lads indisposed, he being Frank Sheldon, trumpeter. Hope he recovers soon.

The weather, while improved, is unsettled, rain and wind. This section of the country is much pleasanter than that we occupied formerly. The people are a better class, more thrifty and much neater. The Germans have not been through this section, and naturally things are about the same as they ever were. Of coarse the young men are all with their regiments.

They speak Flemish here, and while they speak French it is not so easily understood. I am getting a good knowledge of Flemish from a very nice old chap whom I have spent the evenings with since my arrival. We sip coffee and brandy together, and I tell him all about America by means of geography and signs, and a mixture of French and my brief knowledge of Flemish. He has two daughters, both very good looking. The older one, 18 years of age, is simply lovely, and their quaint ways are really charming. I enjoy their hospitality after our session in the mud of the trenches.

We are looking for peace about September. The Huns seem to be sending all kinds of troops this way in the hope of breaking through the line. I have no special news, but know you all like to know how I am, etc., so write you every chance I get to keep you posted.

I have visted a shrine famous the world over—Notre Dame de Lourdes. You cannot imagine how beautiful the chapel is. Hope to go again.

Give my kind regards to all and be of good cheer, dear Mother. We will have many pleasant hours chatting about France and Flanders, God willing.

Your affectionate son,
GERALD.

Hyman's Saturday Shirt Bargains.

Regular $1.00 Shirts for 75c.

GREAT GALLANTRY OF 49TH HASTINGS RIFLES

France, May 5th, 1915.

My Dear Colonel Ketcheson,—

I feel it my duty to write to you to tell how the men of the 49th Hastings Rifles did honor to themselves, their country and the Empire; and yet, in relating the glorious achievements that they have accomplished there is a sadness and regrettable result in that some of the brave fellows have fallen. Never were men called upon to show such courage and fortitude that these men wer from April 23 to April 27, and I can only say, Colonel, that I am proud—as every officer is proud—of the behavior and conduct of these men under such fire. Knowing that we had no reinforcements for miles, yet they stood their ground and would not give an inch to the hordes of the enemy that we had on Thursday chased before us at the point of the bayonet.

You may well be proud of the men representing the 49th. They kept up the past records of the Hastings Rifles, and those of us who are left will have another chance to get back our own. I feel still a connection with the 49th, having, as you will remember, been connected for two years, consequently I have taken a great interest in the welfare of the men that you sent!

The 2nd Battalion had the left flank to hold and it was exposed, so you can imagine what it meant. When we look back now on the situation we wonder how one of us escaped. For two days and nights it was a living "hell," but the men stuck to it—"never budge" was the motto.

Accept my deepest sympathy for the loss of these gallant fellows. I enclose a list of the casualties affecting the 49th Regiment, which, as far as I can ascertain, is correct.

Fraternally yours,
RICHARD D. PONTON,
Capt., 2nd Batt.

CASUALTIES IN 49TH REGIMENT

The following is a list of casualties in the 49th Hastings Rifles at the Battle of Ypres, April 23rd to 29th :—

Killed—Pte. Letts, Bancroft; Pte. Harrabin, Stirling; Pte. Morney, Belleville.

Wounded—Pte. Nolan, Marmora; Pte. Wilson, Stirling; Pte. Heagle, Frankford; Pte. Murray, Frankford; Pte. Cox, Frankford.

Missing—Pte. Sidore, Bancroft.

Colicky Children

Colicky children can be promptly cured by Baby's Own Tablets because these Tablets act directly on the stomach and bowels and cleanse them of all impurities. Concerning them Mrs. Jas. C. Slater, Summerville, N.S., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and am glad to say I have found them an excellent medicine for colic and loss of sleep." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Two Suspected Spies Arrested

The local police are certainly watching for German spies or others who are opposed to the Allies. Last night Jszakov Bogdan and Mladen Bodesken, two Hungarians, who have not taken out naturalization papers, were taken into custody, while trying to get to Detroit on the morning two o'clock G.T.R. train.

These men are of a very suspicious type and could not give any satisfactory reason for their going to a foreign country.

It is the suspicion that these men were attempting to get across the border in order that they might get back to their own country and fight against Britain and her allies.

Scientists have estimated the age of a pine tree in New Zealand at 1300 years.

"MADE IN CANADA"

ARROW Soft COLLARS

2 for 25 cents

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers, Sales Dept. Montreal

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us

We Can Save You Money By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

"Better to pay the PRICE of a good bicycle than the PENALTY of a poor one."

We DO NOT sell a poor bicycle. We honestly recommend the machines we sell. They are "MASSEY," "JAMES," "NATIONAL."

333 FRONT STREET

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors**

COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**

CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED

A new line of

FANCY HAT BANDS

all the latest shades also a few PANAMA HATS.

J. T. DELANEY

235½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, COOK, WITH REFERENCES. Apply evenings between 4 and 6 to Mrs. Corby, 169 George Street. 18-dtf

WANTED AT ONCE, COOK, GOOD WAGES. Apply 111 Victoria Avenue or Phone 327. m21-dtf

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

AUTOMOBILE, 5 PASSENGER "RUSSELL", in splendid condition, offered at a great bargain. Apply to C. M. Reid, c-o The Ritchie Co. 21-2td

POULTRY—12 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of these are laying. $13.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office. dtf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIFFONIER, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set, Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 26 Forin street. m22-dtf

WANTED

OLD GENTLEMAN WISHES TO LET small comfortable house and board with tenant if agreeable. Apply 14 Burrell Street. m19-tf

WANTED TO RENT, COMFORTABLE FIVE or six roomed house with conveniences. Apply Belleville Burial Co. or Phone 774. m21-4td

AGENTS WANTED

$30 CASH WEEKLY, ALSO COMMISSION, for traveller to appoint agents. Drawer 324, Brantford, Ontario. 21-6td

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

AGENTS WANTED, CITY, TOWN AND village; labor saving sanitary article, every good home needs. $5 profit. Get particulars today. Dominion Sales Co., Toronto Arcade, Toronto. 3t:m15,22,29

TO RENT

HOUSE, CORNER ALBERT AND PINE Street. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge Street. Phone 179. a8-dtf

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything? Write or call. Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Thursday, June 17, 1915, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office and from the caretakers of the different Dominion Buildings.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 20, 1915.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—79876. 21-3td

We Make Pies

that will surely tempt you, and we will have a great variety for Saturday.

Peach Pies	25c. each
Pineapple Pies	20c. each
Apple Pies	20c. each
Pumpkin Pies	25c. each
Raisin Pies	20c. each
Apricot Pies	20c. each
Custard Pies	25c. each
Lemon Pies	25c. each

Ring us up for one of these, sure!

Chas. S. Clapp

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

OUR LINES

Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor Cycle Repairing
Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing
Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at
The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

CHEESE BOARD MAKES GRANT TO 39TH BATT.

For Extra Comforts for the Men Who are Soon to Leave

At a very enthusiastic meeting of the Cheese Board this morning a grant of $500 was made to the 39th Battalion. This money will be used for extra comforts for the men, which were not supplied by the government.

Colonel Preston addressed the board and stated that he wanted $10,000 for this purpose and the government allowance would be entirely separate from this amount.

Mr. John Elliott, manager of the Standard Bank, also addressed the board. He dealt with the very excellent battalion that was under Colonel Preston and was heartily in accord with any proposal which would add to the comforts of those going overseas to fight for the honor of the British Empire.

The motion was unanimously passed upon the motion of Mr. Sprague, seconded by Mr. George Nicholson, of the Sidney Town Hall Cheese Board.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. T. H. Thompson of Madoc, is in town for the day.

Mr. W. E. Tummon, Reeve of Huntingdon Township, is in town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Jones, of Toronto, are spending a few days with Mrs. Jones parents, Brown street.

Miss Marie Blanchard, 277 Church street, has been successful in passing the second year examinations of the University of Toronto.

We are pleased to learn that the degree of Doctor of Philosophy is to be conferred on James Bertram Collip, M.A. He is attending Toronto University.

Lilac Musical At Belleville

Despite the heavy downpour of rain at the tea hour yesterday, a large number of Mrs. A. P. Allen's friends attended the Lilac Musical given at her home, 277 William street, which proved a most delightful affair.

The house was a bower of lilacs and looked very beautiful with its soft shaded lilac lights and trimmings. The tea room, where Mrs. J. V. Doyle and Mrs. B. L. Hyman were assisting, was specially beautiful. Very original and pretty were the young ladies who assisted in their Grecian robes and lilac ribbons. They were: Mrs. Stallworthy, Misses Rita Allen, Amy Wallbridge, Helen Ketcheson, Agnes Logue, Anne Sprague, Phyllis Bogart, Mamie Waters, Margaret and Lillian Sharpe, Marjorie Vermilyea, E. Miller, Florence Kerr, Edna Wallace, Vera Boyle.

During the afternoon solos by the Misses Mamie Waters, Helen Ketcheson, Anne Sprague, Agnes Logue, Lillian Sharpe and two numbers by Mrs. Allen's Choral Club were very much appreciated.

Store Open To-night until 9.30

RITCHIE'S
Exceptional Bargains FOR TO-NIGHT

Watch for the Blue Price Cards To-night

Reg. 25c and 35c
Ladies' Neckwear
To-night 15c

A large collection of Lily shaped collars, the newest style, made up of fine organdies trimmed with pretty lace; some slightly soiled through handling. Regular 25c. to 35c. each. For tonight, only, each .... 15c.
(Front store)

15c Victoria Lawn, 9½c yd.
A fine even weave with a nice bright finish, 36 inches wide; regular 15c yard.
To-night only, 9½c yd.

27 ins. Flouncing Embroidery 29c yd.
Very fine patterns, suitable for making Children's Wear, etc. Special value to-night At 29c Yd.

$1 and $1.25 Colored Ratine Silk, 50c yd.
Suitable for Dresses and Suits, in plain and brocaded effects, shades of brown, rose, grey, helio and sand; regular $1, and $1.25 yd., 27 ins. wide, on sale at 50c yd.
—Front Store

Many Special Bargains in Holiday Apparel
Are Offered To-night. Read the List Carefully

LADIES' BLACK SILK HOSE, 79c. PAIR.
A splendid Holiday special—fine silk hose with seamless feet and lisle tops. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular $1.00. Tonight only .... 79c. pair.

LADIES' LONG LISLE GLOVES, 25c. PAIR.
Black only, with dome fasteners. Sizes 6 to 8½. Very specially priced for tonight at .... 25c. pair.

REGULAR TO 25c. HANDKERCHIEFS, 12½c.
Ladies' plain, hemstitched and embroidered H. S. Handkerchiefs, worth regularly up to 25c. On sale tonight at 12½c ea.

15c. DRESS CREPES 10c. YARD.
Very pretty striped and floral designs, suitable for Dresses and Blouses; 27 inches wide. Reg. 15c. yard. Tonight 10c. yard
(Front store)

Dainty Voile BLOUSES
On Sale At
$1.00

This is a great chance to secure a dainty Voile Blouse for the Holiday. They are embroidered fronts and long sleeves; collar can be worn high military effect or low roll style. Sizes 34 to 42. To-night special $1.00 each.

Another lot of Those $1.50
HOUSE DRESSES
For To-night 98c

This is the third lot of these remarkable House Dress values which we have received. They are made of fine quality percales in light and dark stripes, and other fancy patterns of fast colors. Regular values $1.50. Sizes 34 to 44. On sale tonight at 98c. each.
(Mantle Room)

Regular $1.35 Corsets, $1
Made of heavy English coutil, nicely trimmed at top, non-rust aluminum steels and six best D. & A. hose supports, 5 hooks and a clasp; reg. $1.35, for tonight $1.00

Children's Print Dresses, 39c
Made in four different styles of good quality print, neat patterns, for ages 2, 4 and 6 years; regular 50c. To-night only, 39c

A Collection of Ladies' Cloth Dresses, Coats and Underskirts,
that sold regularly from $1.50 up, all on one table to clear to-night at 98c each.
—Mantle Room

Trimmed MILLINERY
On Sale To-night

Hats	Hats
Worth $5 & $6	Worth $7 & $8
To-night $3.50	To-night $4.50

These Three Special Bargains For The Men To-night

MEN'S $1 UMBRELLAS 79c each
The yare in natural wood crook handles, Paragon frame and bulb runner. Reg. $1.00 value. On sale tonight at 79c. each.

MEN'S LINEN COLLARS 10c each
White linen collars in all styles and sizes from 14 to 17. Regular 15c. On sale tonight at only 10c. each.

MEN'S HALF HOSE. 15c pair
Men's fine Cotton Half Hose in shades of white, tan, black and grey. Great value for tonight only at 15c. pair.

Regular 35c
ART CHINTZ
To-night 18c yd.
A splendid range in standard colorings and designs; very suitable for window drapes, box or chair coverings; 31 inches wide, and regular 35c. yard. On sale tonight only at .. 18c. yard.

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

Bamboo Shades. Grass Mats.
Sea Grass Furniture.

THE 24th of May is a good day to do all the little odds and ends around the house.

LIKE the stroke of a magic wand is the startling change in the appearance of the house after the 24th. The awnings are up; the summer furniture out; the rugs down. In fact it seems like the formal declaration of summer, the first call is heeded to live out doors.

Very appropriate then will be found our large and varied stock of Rugs, Furniture, Matting and Grass Carpets and Porch Screens, and at prices that are bound to attract.

Special Prices in Sea Grass Furniture

Ketcheson & Earle
The Glasgow Warehouse
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Chairs $5.60
Rockers $6.15

Australians Are Avenged

MELBOURNE, Australia, May 21.—(via London, 11.30 p.m.)—Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, commander-in-chief of the British land force at the Dardanelles, in a cablegram today to the governor, expressing regret for the death of Brig.-Gen. W. T. Bridges, a commander of the Australian forces at the Dardanelles, who died as the result of wounds, says:

"The irreparable loss was brilliantly avenged yesterday by his own troops, who inflicted a loss of 7,000 on the enemy, our loss being under 500."

What's the Reason

Is the rising generation in New York degenerating? The following would lead to that conclusion: "About two-thirds of the public and high school children are physically deficient and should not be permitted to continue their studies, says Mr. Charles M. Stebbins, of the Erasmus High School staff, New York, and author of many text books. Instead of the present system, or in addition to it, Mr. Stebbins would have a university wherein industrial and intellectual education would be combined. Presumably he believes the deficient two-thirds would thrive in the couple of years they would pass in the new institution before going to work for a living. That much-discussed thing, culture, seems at times to worry the teachers of it more than the youngsters being put through its mill."

PREMIER McBRIDE IN PARIS

LONDON, May 21.—Premier McBride of British Columbia, has left for Paris to visit the Canadian hospitals. While in England the Premier was active, meeting manufacturers and others whom he has interested in the timber resources of the west.

COMFORTS FOR PRISONERS

LONDON, May 22.—The following letter has been received by the Acting High Commissioner, Sir George Perley:

Kriegsefangenenlager, Munster 11, Rennbahn, Lager 11, Block LV, Rennbahn Camp N.R., Munster, Westphalia, Germany, May 3.—"Your excellency, we, the undersigned have the honor to forward to you a list of Canadian prisoners of war in the above mentioned camps. Although we have nothing to complain of in treatment as prisoners any articles of food already cooked would be very welcome. Such articles as house wives, socks, and other comforts would also be greatly appreciated. We should be greatly obliged if this letter, written by the wish of all Canadians here, could be placed before those who have to deal with such matters. In conclusion, we may state that the majority of Canadian prisoners are those who fought to the last in the front trenches, and—who only gave way when surrounded by an overwhelming force of Germans and were ordered by our own officers to surrender in order to avoid further unnecessary slaughter.

(Signed) Sergts. T. Jones, W. A. Allritt (all of the 8th Battalion, Winnipeg.

MILITARY NOTE

A press despatch stated that three battalions would be recruited in this division, and in military circles it is said that eventually this will be done, as all battalions organized now are for the purpose of furnishing reinforcements for the two expeditionary forces now overseas. Twenty-five per cent. of this force will have to be recruited, trained and equipped, and kept in readiness for any and every emergency, which will mean 12,000 men and officers. The 14th Regiment have seven new recruits for the new battalion which will be sent into camp on Tuesday.

Chas. W. Smith, Real Estate Man, office Scantlebury NEW STORE.

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Band Concert, Griffin's Theatre, Sunday evening, 8.30. 15th Band, assisted by Mrs. Grant Mrs. Singer, Mrs. Nicholson, Mrs. Duff and Mr. Allan Schriver. 21,2t

Baby Violet Osier, Ann street, gave a birthday party to a number of her little girl friends on Thursday afternoon from 4 to 8, which was spent in games of all kinds. All reported having a lovely time. 1t

Music three thousand years old, by the Tabernacle Orchestra, next Sunday during the Sabbath School review. A wonderful threnody. Hear them. 1t

Buy your Railway or Steamship Tickets from Burrows of Belleville, C. P. R. Agent. 22,dtf

Fine Brick House on East Hill, wil be sold for very little money. Call on the Real Estate man, office, SCANTLEBURY NEW STORE. 1t

Hyman's Saturday Shirt Bargains.
Regular $1.50 Shirts for $1.15.

DANCING
Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Select Social Dance
Will be held in the Oddfellow's New Hall, Monday Evening, May 24th.
Dancing 8.30 till 12. Orchestra.

FIRE will happen. Take out a Policy with Charlie Smith, office Scantlebury NEW STORE. 1t

Hyman's Saturday Tie Bargains.
Reg. 50c. Ties for 35c. 3 for $1.

Massassaga Park will open for the season on May 24th. Picnics and excursions solicited. The yacht "Say When" will run regular trips on May 24; first boat leaving 9 o'clock. Last boat leaves the Park at eleven o'clock. Orchestra and Dancing. M20,3t

Tents for Sale or Rent.—Perry.
Vudor Verandah Shades.—Perry.
Flags all Kinds.—Perry.
Pratt's Baby Chick Feed.—Perry.
Poultry Supplies all kinds.—Perry.

HELD MINE FOR REWARD

SEATTLE, Wash., May 21.—Captain Henry Austrem of the fishing schooner Myrtle Enderson, was to be araigned today on a charge of larceny on the high seas for refusing to surrender to U.S. naval officers a floating mine he picked up off Cape Flattery, Thursday. The mine, the naval officers say, is one of three missing from Fort Worden, at the entrance to Puget Sound and is empty and harmless. Capt. Austrem however, refused to surrender it for the standing reward of $20 demanding a larger sum.

He asserted that it had not been definitely identified as United States property and contended that if it was one of those mines, as several persons asserted, planted to protect British Columbia harbors, the Dominion authorities would pay him a larger reward than the $20.

He was taken before a U.S. Commissioner, who released him on $500 bail. The mine was still aboard the schooner today.

TWELVE PAGES

The Daily Intelligencer

PAGES 9 TO 12

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1915. No. 312

GERMAN HOSPITALS USE MACHINERY TO HEAL WAR WOUNDS

HAMBURG, May 18.—He tottered across the hospital yard toward us. A poor wreck of a man, leaning heavily on a cane and a crutch. His loose hospital uniform of bed sacking flapped wildly in the North Sea breeze. His limbs jerked, as though he had no control over them—his body swayed emptily—it seemed a miracle that he progressed at all. His face was that of a man of 30, but it was worn and marked by some devastated experience. It bore a look of the most utter, hopeless, heart-broken dejection. He did not look up as he swung and stumbled past.

"Nothing the matter with him at all, said the chief physician of the hospital, "Just hysteria. Caused by fright."

That was all. Just fright. The poor devil had been caught in one of those hellish trenches at the front, where a more than elemental turmoil reigns during the hours of battle. Shells exploded on every side of him. Men were torn to pieces and their blood spattered him. Cheering Frenchmen charged his trench, and were cut down by the machine guns and died cursing within yards of him. Behind him the German guns had roared unceasingly, and their huge grenaten groaned over his head in their flight. He was cursed with an imagination, this man—and it is that which ruins soldiers.

"He thinks he was torn to pieces by a shell," said the doctor. "But he was not touched. He is as well as you—if he would but believe."

No Scenes of War Like This

We had seen something of war before viewing this hospital—perhaps the largest, certainly the farthest advanced of Germany's repair shops for war material. We have seen men who were but freshly dead, whose faces still wore that look of horror which comes to some men in the very moment of dissolution. We have seen those Englishmen who still lie before the German trenches at La Bassee, and upon whose features had come that look of peace which passes all understanding. I have seen the Russian dead, as calm and ox-like and patient and brutal in death as in life. We have seen the long strings of wounded being carried to the rear, mute and uncomplaining in their agony. But never have we savored what war really is until we came here. We thought we had. But we did not know

Picture to yourself a huge modern hospital—pavilions alternating with gren lawns, which sparkled in the sun-shot rain of Hamburg's spring—every inch tiled and shining and sanitary and efficient to the last degree. In it more than 2000 patients are sheltered. Of these more than one-half are the wreckage of the war, being tinkered up until they can return to the front. They are working at the job of regaining health, these men—working with a German thoroughness and industry. Their hours are portioned out for them. So many baths, so many meals, so many turns on the machines, so many walks, so much sleep.

"They are all anxious to get well", said the doctor, "so they can return to the front."

I dont believe it. I do not believe the man of any nation, take him in the bulk, wants to go back to that horror which stalks in Russia and in France. He may tell the doctor that he does. He may tell himself that he does. If he has been but slightly wounded and his bodily strength has suffered slight decrease, he may be sincere. But no one can come to a place like this—with sunlight and antiseptics and matronly nurses and the glittering tools of the surgeon's trade on every side—and mistake the look that the faces wear. These men are praying that they may not go back.

A Hospital Machine Shop

We came to a machine shop. That is what it seemed, when the door first opened. A huge, bright room, with gleaming windows on two sides. The air was filled with the whirr of machinery. Overhead shafts turned ceaselessly, and belts ran to the machines, which filled every available inch of floor space. At each machine sat a man—being cured for the front. At first glance it was as prosaic and uninteresting as any cotton mill. We felt the same mild interest in the taske which these men were set that one feels when watching a man at a loom. Then came that thrill of sickened comprehension to which we were becoming accustomed.

The machines were working upon the men—not the men on the machines.

Here sat a man in a reclining chair, his face sad, indifferent, resigned. One arm was bound to a lever that worked on an eccentric wheel. As the wheel turned the lever rose and fell, always in the same path—and as it moved the weakened muscles of the patient's arm were given the exercise they could not take of his own will. An hour a day he sat there, staring at the whitewashed walls, his arm being lifted and thrust forward and pulled back and dropped time after time, revolution after revolution. It was scientific and effective and, to our shocked senses, somewhat inhuman. The nurses here seemed not real nurses to us. They were machine tenders. Their duty was to feed humanity into these rolls and sprockets, and send away the finished product to the war.

Men were sitting with their feet strapped to pedals that exercised the muscles of the ankle and calf. Others were seated before treadmills, that moved their legs in a mechanical imitation of a walk. Two boys—mere boys—were grasping handles that endlessly twisted wrist and forearm back to strength. A man had been injured in the back, and so a machine had been devised that gently pulled and turned the upper half of his body as he lay upon his cog-wheeled pallet. In one corner a tall, handsome fellow was half reclining in a harness that ran to a revolving shaft overhead. Nurses had grouped themselves about him.

Curing Consumption by Machinery

"For the lungs," said one in explanation.

Then we saw. A bullet had passed through his man's chest and tuberculosis had resulted. His injury had so weakened his muscles that he could not breathe properly. His chest could not be expanded without aid. So that this machine was put to work upon him. Hour after hour, all day long, the strap which ran under his arms lifted his body slightly and then let it down. It was artificial respiration, done by steam power. He must pass all his time in this machine to live at all.

"Will he get well?" we asked.

"Oh, yes," said one of the nurses, with conviction, "we will have him back at the front in two months."

He did not say that for the patient's benefit. It was not the professional optimism of the medical man. Rather it was the statement of a millhand who had been asked how soon he could turn out the piece of work on his lathe. I glanced at the face of the man in the harness. It was set, gloomy, introspective. The thought of regained health seemed to bring no cheer to him. Perhaps I am wrong Perhaps I am reading my own feelings into the hearts of these men.

Perhaps it was only the weariness of sick and weakened men I saw in their eyes. The surgeon-guide bustled on. The herd of lookers-on trampled after.

"In this room," said he, "the masseurs work upon the men who are not yet strong enough to go to the machines."

A great bare, white, sunny room, in which many naked men lay on bellets. The bodies of some were seamed with the red-brown scars of newly healed wounds. Others to the eye seemed uninjured. The masseurs were working on them—bench after bench, pallet after pallet—with the uninterested air of bakers kneading bread. The surgeon paused by this man and that and pointed out the grim paths of shrapnel and shell fragment and bayonet. Some of these poor white carcassesses are covered with a patchwork of incised brown lines.

"We were not be able to get all of them back to the front," said the surgeon-guide, "but most of them will at least be able to earn a living."

Then we came to the baths. Baths of every sort the ingenuity of men has devised; electric baths and mud baths and vapor baths. A tub in which a man lays at full length, while hot sand is sifted down upon him from an oscillating tube overhead. Corridors full of naked men sitting in baths and rooms full of them, and other men wrapped in blankets, or enveloped in clouds of steam. All silent, smileless, enduring. There was a room on the floor of which were ladders. Men clad only in shirts and spurred shoes were patiently stepping between the rounds of the ladders. Day after day they do that, until their allotted time for exercise ends. They barely glanced up as we came in. All their attention was fixed upon their task.

"Teaching them to walk again," said the doctor. "They learn to control their muscles."

We fully credited the assertion of the German doctors that 60 per cent of the wounded are being returned to the wars. These were rather serious cases we had seen. The man who is but nipped in the arm by a bullet is back on the firing line now the moment he is fit to hold a gun. Not a atom of human material is being wasted by Germany in this greatest of war. A half expended soldier may not be fit to re-enter the trenches, but may still be able to guard a bridge or drive a team, and so release another man for the sterner work of killing or being killed. The last proof of the spirit in which these hospitals are being run came as we stepped upon the windswept lawn, and gratefully said goodbye to these tiled and sunlighted and scientific and heart-breaking workships for the renovation of cannon fodder. A long line of convalescents were digging up the lawn with spades.

"We will plant potatoes here," said the surgeon, "so we shall not starve."

THE GREATEST OF WIRELESS STATIONS

It is expected that the United States radio station in the Panama Canal zone will soon be in operation. Its three great towers, each 600 feet in height, and its machinery, capable of producing 100-kilowatt power, are receiving finishing touches. Exactly what the radius of this plant may be cannot be determined until it is regularly placed in commission but an idea of its capacity may be obtained from a few comparisons. For example, it is four times as powerful as the Arlington, Va., government plant, which is equal in capacity to the German installation at Hanover, from which messages are constantly received at Sayville, L.I. The Arlington radio station has been able to send messages a distance of 3,400 miles. It is not now claimed that the Panama station will have a range four times as great as the Arlington but, on the other hand, its range, when fully tested, may prove to be even greater than this.

There are, in the chain of United States government radio stations, five great plants through which the navy department in Washington will, it is expected, be able to keep in touch with every warship afloat on the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. Vessels in the South Pacific, in the straits of Magellan, in the South Atlantic, in Asiatic and European waters, along the shores of Alaska, in the ports of China and Japan, in the harbors of Manilla and San Juan, will, it is believed, always be within a few minutes' communication with the capital, always within reach of the secretary of the navy.

The Panama station is much the largest of the five, but the last Congress appropriated $1,500,000 for the extension and improvement of the stations at Arlington, San Diego, Honolulu and Manilla, and it is quite probable that all of these will soon be brought up in size and equipment to the Panama standard. It is possible that the station at Guam may be dispensed with, as there is reason to believe that constant communication with Manilla can be maintained directly through the station at Honolulu. Many smaller stations are planned and some are under construction. These will be located at convenient points along the coasts of the country at distances about 200 miles apart. The Alaska system is already well developed. What is intended of course, is the perfection of a system that will cover every point of military and naval importance, so that, in a sense, the government at Washington will have an immediate grasp on its interests not only within its own borders but over the entire globe.

It is to be hoped that the United States will find this wonderful system of communicating more useful through all the future in promoting peace on earth than in carrying out plans of the movement of its army and navy in time of war.

Britain and Argentina.

Argentina and Chili have observed their neutrality more strictly than any other South American countries, so we have had no very great reason to regret that just over a century ago the incompetence of a general lost us a chance of conquering this fertile land.

That was before it had won its independence and was still a Spanish colony. Marshal Beresford and Sir Home Popham captured Buenos Ayres, but their small force — 1,700 men—was inadequate to hold it, so Lieut.-Gen. Whitelocke was sent out with more troops to regain it.

He landed his troops without adequate provisions and muddled things generally. The gallant Crauford with his Light Brigado had practically taken the city by an impetuous assault, but Whitelocke failed to support him and he surrendered.

He also made a shameful treaty for which he was cashiered. A popular toast of the day was "Success to grey hairs, but bad luck to white locks." By the way, the Falkland Isles belonged to Argentina at one time.

DIARY OF A SOLDIER IN THE TRENCHES

By Jean Gigot as Recorded by Walter S. Hiatt.

IN THE TRENCHES, April 22.—Sometimes we men of the trenches escape from the horrors, never to return. How one of us did the trick is a tragedy that has been repeated thousands upon thousands of times in this war, in both the German and French trenches.

The only furlough we get is the six days of rest out of the trenches.

Since the early days of the war our Joffre set his foot down on home-going, because of the demoralizing effect on the soldiers and their families, because of the renewal of the tears and the adieux which broke anew the hearts that felt a departure meant a last farewell. Those of us who are not killed or wounded during our stay in the trenches, which is sometimes two, sometimes six days, are permitted to rest for a corresponding period so that we may renew our strength for the other long, atrocious days and nights.

Only the drainmen of London or the sewer cleaners of Paris can perhaps really appreciate our condition. I have compared our life to that of the troglodytes, the savages of Africa who in ancient times sheltered themselves in caverns, a name in modern time applied to certain birds and gorillas, which live in damp, underground places.

But none of these troglodytes could lead the life we live and long survive it. Nor can the trenches built by the atacking armies about besieged castles in the Middle Ages, or those built for defense in the Crimean war or in the American Civil war, compare to those of to-day.

The trench seems a simple thing, and it is such—merely a long pit, some four to 12 feet deep dug into the soil either by the infantry which occupy them or by men of the engineer corps. The loose soil is banked up into a talus in the direction of the enemy, with hidden loop holes. Sometimes the trench is roofed over with a foot or so of earth. The front line trenches are the worst, for they are hastily built and subjected to the hottest fire.

Steaming Bog.

We must live and eat in the holes for perhaps a week, and sleep if we can. In dry weather it is not so bad, but come a rain and the trench of itself is a steaming bog, with a watery mud from one to three feet deep. In the outer line of trenches I have often fought for 24 hours waist deep in cold mud. Every stitch of clothing the soldier wears becomes a mass of slime, without color or form. Once wet, there is no chance of changing, even if the clothes were at hand. Indeed, it often takes a whol day of rest for a man to take his clothes off, and he must ask his comrades to beat him with sticks or pour warm water about his neck to soften the plaster garment, that cements itself to the skin.

But why not let the men get out of the trenches every few hours and go behind the lines? Because this business of going back is dangerous. It can be done only at night. The officers who inspect us must crawl to us at night on their very stomachs, to escape the enemy sharpshooters. One of the reasons, perhaps, that we hate the Germans is because they started this trench fighting after their great retreat of the Marne last year.

When the night does come, however, when we are to creep back and leave fresh soldiers in our places, those of us remaining are so wet and miserable we are glad to take the chance to crawl back. Generally, behind the lines we sleep in tents on straw-covered barn floors—a bed would be a paradise.

Yet my company section did have sick days of such paradise at Villeneuve, St. Germain, near Soissons. Our trenches were on the Aisne to the east of Soissons, so, instead of sending us back behind the heights some 10 miles, we were ordered to rest up at this valley village. Curiously enough, while the fighting between the heavy artilery had been going on for a whole month across this valley, not once had a shell struck the village in the valley. Yet we termed it the Valley of Death, because of the awful damage that had been done there earlier. Giant tres had been cut down by shell, a handsome steel railway bridge was torn apart, and bloated horses oated by the hundreds in the river, caught against the training pieces of the steel arch bridge. Useful factories were blown up. And always on the horizon, on the hills above, were the smoking ruins of homes, and always boomed the cannon across the valley.

Scene of Ruin.

We lodged ourselves in the chateau of the Countess de la Rouchefoucauld, ruined by the Germans in their retreat. What a sight The beautiful house, pillaged, the roof broken in by shells, the room litered with plaster, the costly furniture topsy-turvy, paintings smeared or cut out of their frames, broken porcelain and crockery everywhere, rare lace curtains torn and full of bullet holes.

We ate our first meal in the immense dining room, with its oaken chimney decorations spreading across the whole of the wall; we planted our aching, mud-soaked feet under a Louis Quinze table, the dishes rattling on the table as we ate—for the cannon always boomed.

Then we scattered to sleep. I found a luxurious feather bed, al curtained in after the old-time fashion, and slept the day out. I awoke to the sound of falling window glass. The cannon were still booming, huge shells were tearing through the air, passing each other a few yards over my head.

My company section spent several delicious days in the chateau in this fashion, we setting things to right here and there, as Frenchmen cannot help doing, though we knew some day or other a shell would light in the place and tear it to pieces.

Finally came the night of departure, when we must return to our holes in the ground. When the roll was called, one man was missing. We searched the house for him and found him dead in his bed. He had shot himself and left a scrawl of a letter to justify his act:

"Forgive me, comrades, but I couldn't bear to go back. I have no one to live for, so why suffer longer?"

We reported him killed in battle.

Ears for Ships

Remarkable Invention by Which Wireless Messages May be Sent Under Water

A remarkable new invention will enable battleships to keep out of the way of submarines. It provides a ship with "ears," or steel diaphragms or oscillators, which will hear wireless messages and warnings sent beneath the water—so that the screw of a submarine may be heard while miles away.

By means of these oscillators, or ears, a ship's commander could give orders to his submarines, and it is possible even for subarines and other ships to talk with each other by means of this submarine wireless telephony.

The inventor of these most sensitive "ship's ears," or oscillators, is Professor R. A. Fessenden, of the Submarine Signal Co., of Boston, Mass., who has described how it works to Mr. Cleveland Moffett for the American Magazine.

"All his life Professor Fessenden has been an active explorer in new fields of knowledge. For years he was associated with Thomas A. Edison. He was one of the pioneers in wireless telegraphy, and his system of wireless transmission was used by the Canadian Government in distributing the energy of Niagara Falls through the Province of Ontario. For years he was professor of electricity and physics at the University of Pittsburgh.

"Does a vessel need more than one oscillator?" asked Mr. Moffett.

" 'Yes, it needs two, like two ears, one on either side, which allows it to fix the direction from which a signal comes,' replied the professor. This is done by a delicate instrument that takes account of differences in the intensity of a given signal as heard by the two electrical ears, one of which, on the more favorable side, hears the signal more distinctly than the other. A ship's officer has only to adjust this instrument and then read off on a dial the exact point of the course, the oscillator's loudness grows less as the distance increases. There will be a distance indicator with a dial graduated in thousands of yards, and an officer will read off these distance indications just as he notes the points of the compass. Besides this, a battleship will get precise information from the submarine herself, I mean a friendly submarine, by talking with her in code, by asking questions as to her speed, direction, distance below the surface.'

Has Two Eyes

'From all of this it is plain that a battleship which can thus control the movements of submerged submarines has an enormous advantage over the ships of an enemy. A single cruiser, aided by half a dozen deadly craft, steaming far below the surface and able to manoeuvre safely on the lower levels, at the bidding of the mother ship might easily wipe out a whole squadron of dreadnoughts unprotected against this new danger. With oscillators abroad, a battleship becomes an eye to see, a brain to guide, while the submarines, moving sightless, through the deep, black waters, are arms that strike and destroy unerringly according to orders from above.

" 'Your invention increases the terrors of the submarines?' I said. 'It leaves the dreadnought practically helpless?'

"The professor shook his head. 'That is true for dreadnoughts not equipped with oscillators, but for others that are to listen with electrical ears, the submarine becomes far less formidable, the oscillator makes it possible for a ship's officer to hear the propeller movements of an enemy's submarine while it is miles away. With our existing apparatus we can detect such propeller sounds at a distance of two miles, and we have a sound-amplifying device that will extend this distance to five miles or more.'

" 'Does that mean safety for battleships from submarine attack?'

" 'A great measure of safety, yes.'

" 'Then those three British cruisers that were sunk by German submarines could have escaped if they had carried these listening oscillators?'

" 'Unquestionably.'

" 'What would they have done?'

Avoiding Torpedoes

"A soon as they heard the propeller noises of the attacking submarines, which would have been some time before the German torpedos were launched, they would have changed their courses and gone ahead at full speed. That would have baffled the enemy, for submarines are slow-going craft and only dangerous when their presence is not suspected. It is even possible that the British cruisers, knowing by dial indications the approximate distance and also the direction of the submerged German vessels, could have destroyed them by launching torpedoes of their own.'

"Not less startling in its bearing on the present war is the theory advanced convincingly by the Submarine Signal Co. that the German raid on the east coast of England in December could never have taken place if British dreadnoughts and super-dreadnoughts had been equipped with listening oscillators.

" 'But this has never been actually accomplished, has it—the control of submerged submarines from a battleship?'

" 'Not yet, but it soon will be accomplished. We have already put oscillators on several American battleships, on the Wyoming, the Delaware, the Utah, the Florida, and on four of the U. S. submarines, the D1 and D2, the K1 and K2; and we are now installing them on battleships of a great foreign power.

" 'We not only succeeded in sending and receiving long-distance water wireless messages between submarines, said Professor Fessenden, 'but at short distances, up to half a mile, we were able to talk with the human voice from one submarine to the other. I would say to the transmitter, for instance: "Please ask Captain So-and-So to come to the phone," and a moment later by water wireless, I would hear the captain's voice asking what I wanted.' "

CRUSOE'S ISLAND IS NOW WHOLLY CIVILIZED

Those who have read the romantic story of Robinson Crusoe—and their number is legion—will be interested in learning something of Juan Fernandez the island on which the immortal hero lived. An article in the Pan-American Bulletin gives some interesting facts in connection with the island, as it was in the past and as it is to-day. The Juan Fernandez group is composed of three islands but the name is usually applied to the largest. Mas a Aierra (Nearer Land) which is situated about 360 nautical miles west from Valpariso, Chile. It was on this island that the real hero of Dafoe's story, Alexander Selkirk lived as a lonely exile. The island, which is irregular in form is about 12 miles in length and has a maximum width of about 4 miles, was discovered in 1572 by Don Juan Fernandez, a Spanish navigator. It is now the property of Chile.

Alexander Selkirk, the "piratically inclined gentleman who served as a model for the fairer picture drawn with all the imaginative still of the master hand of fiction," we are told, was "born about 1676 of 'poor but honest parents,' his father being a respectable tanner and shoemaker, and he was of a somewhat turbulent and quarrelsome disposition.

He had many ups and downs, principally downs, and having acquired some knowledge of mathematics and navigation, he took to the seas. In 1703 one Captain Dampier organized a little buccaneering expedition, and on September 10 left Kinsale with two vessels, the St. George and a galley called the Clinque-Ports, a friend, Selkirk, being sailing master of the last named. Failing to intercept certain Spanish galleons which they had intended to capture, they reached the coast of Brazil, where they 'wooded, watered and refitted.'

There his first lieutenant and eight of his crew remained on shore rather than continue with Dampier, and Captain Pickering of the Clinque-Ports having died, Lieutenant Standling took command of the galley.

They sailed around the Horn and finally landed at Juan Ferandez in February, 1704. More watering, wooding and refitting took place, and quite a healthy mutiny was started by some 42 of the men. This was finally quelled and on February 29 seeing a sail on the horizon, both vessels set out in pursuit. The strange vessel proved to be a well-armed and manned French ship, which succeeded in fighting off the English buccaneers and escaped to Peru.

In their hurry to give chase to the strange vessel the Englishmen had left six of their men on Juan Fernandez so they returned to pick them up. On this journey Selkirk seems to have had a quarrel with Captain Stradling, in addition to this, the Clinque-Ports was in a 'crazy' and leaky condition, and the Scotchman is said to have had a dream that the vessel was cast away. All of which decided him to quit the vessel and to remain on the island.

"Toward the end of August they reached the island, and upon the stubborn Scotchman's insistence, Stradling finally left him there 'alone in his glory.' As to what befell him, how he lived, his adventures, etc., the reader is respectfully referred to 'Robinson Crusoe.' Selkirk was relieved of his exile by Captain Woodes Rogers of the privateer Duke, on February 12, 1709, his former comrade, Captain Dampier, being the pilot of the expedition. Had he remained on the island he would very likely have fallen into the hands of the Spaniards some three years later."

According to statements in Dr. Skottsberg's book, "The Wilds of Patagonia," quoted in the Pan-American Bulletin's article, Juan Fernandez is one of the most famous places in the word from a botanical point of view. It contains genera and species of plant and animal life that are not to be found elsewhere. "It is as if one had been carried back to post geological periods," writes Dr. Skottsberg, "as if one walked about in a living museum crowded with rare specimens.

So many wonderful plants are brought together here on a small area that one much touch them to realize that one does not dream. The flora is without doubt very old, of a tertiary origin or older, and must have come from the South American continent, but for several reasons disappeared to a great extent on the mainland. The ice age cannot have had any influence of importance on Juan Fernandez."

The islands have been opened to colonization and fishing stations have been established on them. A number of families have taken up their permanent abode on Mas a Tierra island. The wild goats that flourished there in Selkirk's time have given place to horses, cattle and sheep. The giant lobsters that frequent the waters and often attain a length of two or three feet are captured and shipped to Chile where they often bring as much as $8 each in some of the fancy restaurants.

If the utilization of the islands in prosaic money-making schemes were not enough to scatter in large measure the romance that attaches to them on account of the famous story, the fact that a wireless station has lately been established there would be enough to rob the "Crusoe" islands of much of their romantic glamor because most readers of the story have pictured Juan Fernandez as a place remote and far removed from the frequented paths of ocean vessels a place mysterious, solitary and silent, a tropical island to which human visitors are unknown.

A Page Of Interest to Women

DON'T LET YOUR WIFE BEND OVER A WASHTUB

all day, rubbing and scrubbing in a hot, steamy wash-house. Think of the drudgery—the backache—the serious illnesses too often caused by chills. Avoid this! Get her a

Maxwell "EXCEL-ALL" WASHER

and ease this burden and save money. Clothes washed cleaner and whiter in half the time. A dry, clean floor, too.

Go with the wife to the nearest Maxwell dealer and see the Maxwell "Excel-All" Washer. Notice how easily it works—almost runs by itself. See the improved swinging adjustable wringer board. Runs on ball bearings with assisting spiral springs. It means lighter work and better health. Also enquire about our Washers for Water, Electric or Gas Engine Power.

MAXWELLS LIMITED, ST. MARY'S, ONT. 7A

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Woman's World

State Senator Who Says She Is an Ordinary Home Woman.

SENATOR KATHRYN CLARKE.

To an interviewer State Senator Kathryn Clarke of Oregon said: "I was born at Gardnier, Douglas county, Ore. —I usurp a woman's right of not telling the date—but I was the first white child ever baptized in the little town. There being no local minister one was imported for the occasion, so you see I really got a very good start in the right direction. I have lived in Douglas county practically all my life. My home is in Glendale, southern Oregon.

"From the position I now occupy one would think me a politician. Such is not the case. I am just an ordinary home woman, and when one quiet Sunday afternoon I was called to the phone and received the news that Governor West had seen fit to appoint me to fill the vacancy in the state senate no one could have been more surprised than I. When asked if I would accept I most emphatically said 'No,' but after consulting some friends and thinking it over could find no good reason why I shouldn't take this opportunity

Memory of Bees.

Sir John Lubbock in his book on bees proves that the honey-makers have plenty of memory. He has shown that the bees of a colony recognized each other after a separation of fifteen months. The members of the same colony always recognize each other after a prolonged absence, and, although it has not yet been established, there seems to be good reason to believe that they do so principally by the sense of smell and not by some signal or password, as has been supposed.

Milady's Mirror

Watch Your Toothbrush.

A good toothbrush if used conscientiously should not be in use more than two weeks at a time, and it is better to keep two in use so that each may have a period of drying out and airing. It never pays to buy too cheap a brush if the price is at the expense of the bristles. In the first place, a poor set of bristles will not do their work well, and, in the second place, loosely fastened bristles are very dangerous if they slip down the throat, where they may catch and decay or penetrate the walls of the digestive tract. Always wash out the brush thoroughly after each application, and, by the way, a new brush should be soaked in a weak solution of bicarbonate of soda for two hours both to disinfect it from shop handling and to set the bristles so that they will not fall out so readily.

The teeth should be brushed at night, after each meal and upon rising. It is particularly important to clean them the last thing before retiring, so that food particles will not remain in the teeth crevices to decay overnight when the mouth saliva is not active enough to prevent it.

During a long illness the teeth should be carefully cleaned when they cannot receive attention from a dentist. If this were done fewer teeth troubles would be laid to the ailment, which is not much more to blame than neglect of the mouth. See that the mouth is constantly washed out with a little bicarbonate of soda, which can be prepared by dissolving a teaspoonful of the bicarbonate (ordinary baking soda) in a pint of water and bottling it for use. Most authorities consider this better than too frequent a use of the hydrogen peroxide solutions which are not always good for the teeth.

Why Quassia Was So Called.

Quassia, that exceedingly bitter drug so largely used for medicinal purposes, owes its name to a negro named Quassi, a native of Surinam or Dutch Guiana, who brought it into notice as a medicine about the middle of the eighteenth century. It was the wood of the quassia amara, a small branching tree or shrub, all parts of which were very bitter to the taste and which was used for tonics. From Surinam it was introduced into Stockholm in 1756 and in quite a short time became a popular medicine all over Europe. At one time so efficacious was it considered that drinking cups were made of it for the use of invalids suffering from dyspepsia or similar ailments.

SEASON'S COMBINATION.

Necessity the Mother of New Modes In Gowns.

SEPARATE BLOUSE AND SKIRT.

The reinstatement of the blouse and separate skirt is sure. And be it known the utility blouse this season is very severe and exquisitely tailored, has a high collar and long sleeves and is buttoned straight down before and right up under milady's dimpled chin.

Such a blouse is shown in the accompanying illustration. It is developed of cream white georgette crape, with a tiny turnover collar and turned back cuffs. Nothing could be simpler or smarter.

And we cannot escape pockets if we would. Illustrated is a circular tailored skirt of covert cloth. Triangular pockets are placed at the front, finished with trimming of tiny self covered buttons. The skirt is short to display patent leather boots with tops of covert cloth.

THE GROWING GIRL.

Fashions Seem Made For Her Special Needs This Spring.

For the girl who is neither a child nor a young lady the present fashions seem made for her special needs. We all many time in the reign of the narrow skirt have deplored the fact that the young girl with her undeveloped figure should don such an unbecoming style. No longer will this be necessary, for the empire waist with the fuller skirt will beyond a doubt be a more graceful mode for her young ladyship. The skirt that is plain in the back and the front with the fullness at the sides will be a close rival of the gathered or plaited skirt. There is another style that bids for favor, and that is the gored skirt, well fitting at the top, but with a decided flare below the knees. The plaited skirts are invariably stitched below the hips, and from there they flare in the approved manner.

Bolero and Eton jacket effects are to be selected by the wise parent for the growing girl. The high placed belt is also a becoming style.

While the berufiled skirt is not a new mode for the young girl, there is a new method of disposing of the ruffles. In one girlish affair they were applied at each side of the front, leaving a panel.

Worsted Embroidery.

A shoulder scarf of green crepe de chine is embroidered in worsted of dull green, blue, yellow and red. The work is very effective, and the color scheme worked out is highly striking.

FEMININITIES.

The latest wrist bags are small and made of faille silk.

There are circular skirts with close fitting underskirts.

Dresses will be trimmed with velvet ribbons this summer.

Silk poplin with the new moire border makes up charmingly.

Jet is still used most lavishly in trimming both hats and gowns.

Evening gowns have white fringe trimming on waists and skirts.

Subdued colors, plain and severe lines are fashion's latest kinks.

There is a tendency in fashion to lean toward the large flat hats.

There are dresses with waists and skirts entirely made of box plaits.

Hats are being trimmed in black, yellow and red, the Belgian colors.

Lingerie dresses have ruffles of plain net on embroidered net flouncings.

The old fashioned bodice is here, tight fitting and with point front and back.

Little close lace petticoats show below the gored skirts of evening gowns.

CHIC PARISIAN FROCK.

Elaborate Afternoon Gown From Across the Waters.

BEAUTIFUL IMPORTED GARMENT.

In spite of the war Paris finds time to make wonderful frocks for the American importers, though Dame Rumor says her women are not wearing many gorgeous frocks during this terrible war. However, here is a sample of the handiwork of one great Parisian couturier who designs frocks even in the trenches.

Wavy goldenrod satin is draped in this instance with silk net which has an elaborate braiding of tan soutache. A girdle of the satin shows beneath the bolero bodice, which is also made of net and braided. Smart boots of two shades of tan leather are worn with this dress, and a parasol in blue and tan is carried. A hat of blue is trimmed with daisies, completing this interesting costume.

DOMESTIC KINKS.

New Methods Used In the Household Learned From Professionals.

Window washing is one of the tasks dreaded by many women, especially the outside of the windows, which are hard to reach. Notice the men who make a profession of window washing, who wash the windows of large stores, and see that they have developed several excellent washers, chief of them being the type which utilizes the so called rubber "squeegee" for drying the panes of glass.

This consists of a galvanized container of triangular box shape which will hold over a quart of water. At one edge of this box is fitted a pad of absorbent felt. At another edge is a rubber squeegee. The whole is equipped with a short metal handle, into which a long wooden handle is to be fitted. When in use the container is filled with water, to which are added a few drops of ammonia or alcohol. The pad is then allowed to soak and the whole device moved vertically up and down the window. When the window has been so washed the other edge of the device is turned toward the glass and the rubber squeegee used, which practically dries the panes of glass. This is the first device of the kind which adapts the commercial washer to the home.

Another kind of washer with points of advantage is a tonglike device fitted with bunches of chamois at each end. These are dampened and the tong fitted over the window casing so that one chamois operates on the outside, the other on the inside pane. This is particularly good in the upper stories, where it is dangerous to sit outside or impossible to reach the windows by any handled device. In cold weather either alcohol or kerosene will prevent water freezing as it is used on the windows.

GUEST ROOM FANCY.

While the careful hostess will not overload her guest room with a horde of useless trifles that will not fit any other place in the house, she will appreciate this latest novelty in a dainty guest room accessory and may hang it with a free conscience on the dressing table for her next feminine visitor. It is a light tinted chiffon bag, a shapeless affair gathered on to a ribbon covered embroidery hoop. In it are piled perhaps a dozen individual powder puffs of softest cotton. Each bit of fluffiness is tied with a piece of narrow ribbon of the color chosen for the bag, and a jaunty bow offers a comfortable way of holding the diminutive puff when in operation. The real practical value of such a dainty bag lies, of course, in the fact that a guest returning from various pleasure jaunts more or less soiled as to face and fatigued as to body will relish a clean bit of cotton for applying the refreshing bit of alcohol, powder or rouge.

CANADA'S pioneer sugar refiner was John Redpath, who in 1854 produced "Ye Olde Sugar Loafe"—the first sugar "made in Canada".

Redpath

Redpath Sugar has been growing better and more popular ever since. When there seemed no further room for improvement in the sugar itself, we made a decided advance by introducing the Redpath Sealed Cartons.

These completed a series of *individual packages*—2 and 5 lb. Cartons and 10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Cloth Bags—which protect the sugar from Refinery to Pantry, and ensure your getting the *genuine* Redpath.

Get Canada's favorite Sugar in Original Packages.

CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL. 130

Take Care of the Mouth.

Some fortunate girls are born to pretty mouths. A very few have the much sung Cupid's bow, with perhaps the added charm of a dimple. Others have a smile which transforms an otherwise plain face. A great many have very commonplace mouths, with no redeeming dimples. And some few, fortunately comparatively very few, have large mouths or distorted mouths. But no mouth is hopelessly ugly. Sometimes the teeth may be crooked, distorting the mouth, and here the dentist can give relief. But, oftenest of all, the mouth is made homely by facial contortions, the habit of screwing up the lips when talking, of drawing the mouth up on one side when laughing. The mother of growing children cannot be too careful of their appearance.

Whatever the shape of the mouth, its defects can be balanced in a large measure by good teeth, healthy gums and red lips. There is absolutely no excuse in this age of successful dental surgery for misshapen or protruding teeth and similar mouth defects. With comparatively little pain the teeth can be straightened, and in case they must be removed because of their bad individual shape new ones will be inserted on a bridge, not on an unsightly plate.

Another advance in surgery which adds greatly to the beauty of the mouth is the invention of porcelain fillings, which are rapidly replacing the gold ones.

About Climbing Stairs.

Climbing stairs always has been thought to be very injurious to a woman, yet in many cases, if it is rightly done, it may be of real benefit and gradually strengthen the heart and shoulders instead of doing actually the reverse. Mount the stairs slowly with the body erect, the head and chest high, and allow the leg muscles to do the work. Try this for a week instead of the old way of bending the back and depressing the chest and see how it improves the general carriage.

A physical culture exercise that is unrivaled for giving one an erect and graceful carriage, straightening the shoulders and making them as level as those of a West Point cadet is done by this same stair climbing, only in this case with the arms hanging at full length. The hands should be clasped behind the back, with the fingers interlaced and the hands turned as nearly to back as possible.

Then, standing very erect, mount the stairs slowly, and before half the ascent is made every cell in the lungs will have been expanded many times. These exercises are excellent for any one whose heart is in good condition, but when this organ is in a diseased state it is well to avoid stair climbing whenever possible.

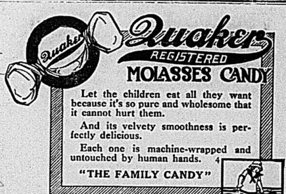
The Lesser Evil.

Grubbs—It seems to me you would get tired of telling the same old stories over and over again. Stubbs—I do, but I would get even more tired if I should try to think up some new ones.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

The Chief Pleasure.

"Do you think aeroplanes will ever be popular as automobiles?"

"Never. You can't fly low enough to put on airs for the benefit of your pedestrian friends."—Louisville Courier-Journal.



A German electrician claims to have invented apparatus by which he can measure the ten millionth part of a second of time.

Lawrence Crowley, aged 9 months, was killed by a fall off a porch at Chicago.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

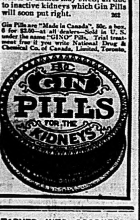
CRIPPLED BY RHEUMATISM

434 N.Y. Ave., Whiting, Ind. Jan. 20th.
"Will you please send me a box of Gin Pills? When I sent for the last box, I was all crippled up with Rheumatism and my face was so badly swollen, that I could hardly see out of my eyes, but after taking about six of the pills, I felt some better; and after a few days, I had no more pain. I have recommended Gin Pills to some of my friends who are troubled in the same way. I never intend to be without them as I have tried so many other pills and got no results.
Mrs. ED. DEAN.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

You can readily tell if your kidneys or bladder is affected. You will have pains in the small of the back, groin or hips, your urine will be highly colored, brick dust or mucus deposits will show in the morning, your wrists or ankles may swell, all due to inactive kidneys which Gin Pills will soon put right. 262

Gin Pills are "Made in Canada", 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50—at all dealers—Sold in U. S. under the name "GINO" Pills. Trial treatment free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.



STARVED INTO GOODNESS.

Why Crime Is Rare Among the Caribs of South America.

In the whole wide world there is not a class of people to be found who inflict severer punishment upon themselves than the Caribs of Central America.

Their religion, which is one of the most peculiar kind, demands self punishment for sins intentionally or unintentionally committed. The punishment takes the form of starvation and close confinement.

If the sin be in the form of a lie, no matter whether it is calculated to injure another or not, the sinner goes without either food or drink for three days, at the end of which it is believed that the offender has paid the penalty for his or her sin. Blaspheming and using bad language are punishable by absolute starvation for two days. Assault, drunkenness and other serious sins call for four days' starvation for one week, three days' starvation for the second week, two days' starvation for the third week and one day's starvation in the fourth week.

All sins are punished with starvation. For that reason crime is very low among the Caribs, who are among the best behaved and most truthful people in the world.—London Telegraph.

Ambiguous.

She—Do you prefer an ugly woman with brains or a pretty woman without brains? He—Madam, I prefer present company to either. (And she is still wondering exactly what he meant.)—New Orleans Times-Picayune.

Father's Blunders.

Another time when a girl feels that she simply can't stand it to have her father around the house any longer is when he refers in his plain, blunt way to the washbowl instead of the lavatory.—Columbus (O.) Journal.

Foot Notes.

"Here's a fellow," said the answer to correspondents editor, "who wants to know what musical instrument produces foot notes."

"Tell him a shoe horn," suggested the sporting editor.—Judge.

Continuous Performance.

"That kid of mine is practically automatic."

"What do you mean?"

"First he gets his face dirty; then he cries, and that washes it."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

As Usual.

"I have an engagement to meet my husband and I'm an hour late. It has got me all flustered. It is annoying to be late."

"It is so. I'd lecture him good for it."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

BANISH BILE!

A bilious condition of the system is the result of inaction of the liver, often causing severe headache through the eyes and temples, culminating sometimes in nausea and vomiting, which is frequently followed by a bilious diarrhoea.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt, when taken as directed, stimulates the peptic glands of the stomach and increases the contraction of its muscles from above downward. This action is communicated to the intestines and increases the flow of the intestinal juice, thus stimulating the ducts of the liver to pour out the bile, when it can be carried downward by the laxative action of the Salt, instead of remaining to clog up the liver and flow back into the stomach.

Thus, if a person who is subject to Biliousness and Bilious Headache will use Abbey's Effervescent Salt, the natural action of the Stomach, liver and intestine will be kept up and no bile can accumulate in the system.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c. 2

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

A Decision From the Dead

By F. A. MITCHEL

When Donald Erskine was fourteen years of age his father bought a place on one of the principal roads leading from the city. The house stood in a large lot, and in the adjoining lot on one side stood another house of about the same size. There was no other house within half a mile.

Donald had long wished for a gun, but his father would not consent to his having one so long as he lived in the city, but when they moved to the country the boy was given a small rifle. The day after reaching the new residence Donald went to a wood back of the house with his gun. It was in the spring of the year, when shooting was not in order, but he wanted to see how it would feel to be in a wood with a gun.

Donald found something better than a bird in the wood—a girl about his own age gathering wild flowers. Children don't usually require an introduction, and a boy with a gun and a girl gathering wild flowers in a wood were not likely to forego an acquaintance from such a default.

Donald learned that the girl was Amy Stanford and that she lived in the next house to his own home. Since he did not feel at liberty to shoot the birds he leaned his gun against a tree and hunted with the girl for flowers. When they had gathered quite a number they looked about for a seat on which they might arrange them into a bouquet.

"Come with me," said Amy, and she led Donald to a tree from which a branch a few feet from the ground stood out horizontally far enough to make room for the two of them, then turned in a perpendicular direction. There the girl seated herself, spreading the flowers in her lap, and Donald sat down beside her.

Then followed the most delicious hour in Donald's life. Above were the birds, twittering, flying to and from the nests they were building, an occasional song, accompanied by the never ending music of a brook that bent about the tree underneath which the children were sitting, while at their feet trembled shadows of the half grown leaves. Donald passed other hours in the same position with the same girl beside him. But there is that in the first of anything which never comes again. On that branch he took the "first kiss of love." Nevertheless there was not again quite the same sweetness in the songs of the birds, the music of the running water, the flecked shadows of the young leaves.

Just when he took the first kiss of love may not be revealed. It was to him too sacred to be spoken. But we may be sure it was not long delayed. The love that sprang up and blossomed there when it bloomed bloomed forever. He felt that whether they were together or separated in this world or in the next they were one forever.

Three years later—Donald was seventeen—the Erskine family removed to a distant region. Their parting occurred at the trysting place where they had so often met, and neither doubted that they would meet again when they had passed from youth to manhood and womanhood. But they were never to meet again in mortality. Three years later Amy died.

Four years after their parting Donald, who had come to man's estate, one spring morning, sorrowful, with reluctant step passed from the road to the wood where he had been so happy with his lost love. There had been no change. Birds were twittering, the brook gave forth its music, the shadows of the leaves flecked the turf.

As Donald approached the branch seat he suddenly stopped and gazed as though he saw some ugly apparition. A man sat on the branch wearing a countenance of grief. Then Donald with quicker step approached the man and said to him:

"Why are you here?"

"I am mourning a lost love."

"A lost love! Who may that lost love be?"

"My Amy—Amy Stanford!"

"Your Amy?"

"My Amy! Mine in life; mine in death!"

There was a pause, during which the two men regarded each other with a strange emotion. Finally Donald spoke.

"Did Amy Stanford love you?"

"She did."

"You lie."

"I lie? You have strange confidence."

"Confidence, but not strange confidence. If you speak the truth she was not what she was, and that is impossible. But it is sacrilege for me to dispute with you on such a subject."

Advancing to the trunk of the tree where there was a cavity in the wood, Donald thrust in his hand nearly to the shoulder and drew forth a small metal box, took a key from his pocket, unlocked the box and took from it a paper. Without looking at it he handed it to the man who claimed to be his rival for one who had passed to another existence. The latter read it eagerly. Then suddenly it fell from his hands, and, rising, he stalked away.

Donald, before parting with Amy, had given her the box and had exacted a promise that from time to time she would write him on a slip of paper contained in it a message and place it in the cavity. Some day he would come and get it.

What had been written on the paper was known only to two living men and—the dead.

"Italy has virtually declared war," says a Roman paper. After nine months of uncertainty it will be just as well to withhold comment till "virtually" becomes "actually."

The Incendiary

By EVERETT P. CLARKE

I was in a criminal courtroom one day among the spectators when I saw a man sentenced for incendiarism for five years. His wife was in court, and the scene between them after the sentence had been passed was heartrending. I saw the man's face but a few moments, and it was distorted by agony, but it was impressed upon my mind.

The crime had been committed in the town of Hilton, which was the county seat. I lived in Hilton, but had no acquaintance with the convict. Several fires had occurred at short intervals. One night a citizen saw a man setting fire to the building. By the light of the newly kindled flame the citizen got a glimpse of the incendiary's face, but before he could reach him he had disappeared in the darkness. A few days later he met the man Mansfield I had seen sentenced in the street and recognized him for the firebug. The result was conviction.

Within a few months after Mansfield had been taken to the penitentiary a series of fires occurred in Allanville, some twenty miles from Hilton. I had meanwhile removed to Allanville and was interested in these fires, naturally connecting them with those that had occurred in Hilton. Had I not seen the perpetrator of the incendiarism in Hilton sent to prison for five years I would have connected him with the fires in Allanville. Indeed, I made inquiries as to where Mansfield was and was told that he was serving out his time.

A number of citizens of Allanville volunteered to watch at night, and I was one of them. There were twelve of us, and we divided our number into three watches of four each. One night or, rather, morning, for it was 2 o'clock, I saw a man walking some distance ahead of me. I followed him, but before I caught up with him I met one of the watchers. On asking him about the party ahead of me, whom he must have passed, he said that he knew him well. His name was Simpson. He was troubled with insomnia, and, not being able to sleep, he would go out and walk the streets.

I was perfectly satisfied with this explanation and went back to my beat.

Notwithstanding our vigilance the fires continued, and we failed to be on the ground when they were lighted. They were not very frequent, and some of the watchers began to think that occurring as they did was merely a coincidence. One after another gave up watching till there were but half a dozen of us left.

I met Simpson on several occasions, but never in sufficient light to see his face. One night when walking with a fellow watcher Simpson passed us. My companion bade him good evening, spoke a few words to him, and we passed on. We were near a street lamp when we met him, and I got a glimpse of his partially lighted face.

Something within me, some psychological working, seemed to connect Simpson with the fires. I said nothing to my companion of my feeling, but resolved that I would devote my future watchings to Mr. Simpson. But I asked questions as to who and what he was and was told that he was a good citizen and the father of a highly respected family.

Acting on an impression for which I could not account, I spent several of my periods of watching near Mr. Simpson's house. On the third night I saw him go out and shadowed him. He walked about aimlessly for awhile, then returned to his home. I was so far satisfied that he was what he was considered to be that I gave up my purpose of shadowing him. But I could not get rid of the impression I had received.

One morning about dawn when I was about to go home from my watch I saw one of our party coming with a policeman who had a man by the arm. I waited till they came up, and, behold, the prisoner was Simpson! I was told that he had been caught setting fire to a building.

The town of Allanville was greatly shocked to learn that its respected fellow citizen was a firebug. He was tried for his crime and adjudged insane on the testimony of alienists, who considered his insomnia the cause of his insanity. He was acquitted on the promise of his family to send him to a private sanitarium.

When I first saw Simpson in the light I recognized—or thought I recognized—Mansfield, who had been convicted of the same crime at Hilton. Then I began to suspect that Simpson was a different person and was the real criminal in both cases. I asked if he had ever lived at Hilton and was told that he had been staying there temporarily at the time the fires had occurred there. This settled the matter in my mind.

I went at once to Hilton, called on Mrs. Mansfield and told her that I thought I had proof of her husband's innocence. The happiest moment of my life was when, on telling her my story, I saw her face light up with a mingled relief and joy.

Mansfield, on his innocence being established, was pardoned by the governor of the state, which was a quicker way to set him free than a new trial.

If the scene of Mansfield being torn from his family was heartrending, my happiness at having reunited him with his family was ecstatic. We are all now bosom friends.

Our crops will sustain the Dominion and help to sustain the Empire, and our munition factories will meet the charges of our debt. An economic basis is essential to stability.

SANDY BEND JUSTICE

By M. QUAD

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"This yere court bein' open," said Judge Hoke of Sandy Bend as he felt behind him to see if his guns were handy—"this yere court bein' open and the goddess of jestice bein' ready for bizness, I will call the case of Lee Hung, who is charged with stealin' a pickax from the camp of Jim Robinson. Thar ain't any need of lawyers or witnesses, for I saw the critter myself as he cum to town with the tool on his shoulder. We are not goin' to ax why he stole it, kase that ain't our bizness. Jim Robinson saw him when he picked it up and fired three shots arter him and never teched a ha'r. In one way this court feels that she orter let that heathen go his way to pay off Jim fur bein' such a poor shot. It's jest possible that the critter mistook that pickax fur a mewl or a bag of flour, but that can't count in his favor. Why he didn't hide the tool is nuthin' to this court nor the statoots of this state. What we hev got to look at ar' the fact that he stole it and that Jim Robinson had the gall to cum to me when I was busy in my Red Dog saloon and holler for a warrant."

"I wanted to go accordin' to law," explained the plaintiff as he stood up.

"Waal, so went that way, Jim, and I'll give yer plenty of it. Lee Hung, durn yer hide, I'm goin' to fine ye $20. That would be purty steep fur a white man, but it's my dooty to crush the heathen whenever I gits a show. Jim, you not only had three shots at the Chinyman, but missed him every time and then bothered me fur an hour. You'll hev to cum down with the costs.

"We now hev afore us the case of Joe Parker versus Hank Scott, and the lawyers needn't crowd to the front to do any talkin'. Joe had a minin' claim on Paradise hill, and as he was lyin' in his shanty the other night mighty nigh dead with colic in walks Hank and sez the claim jest suits him and he's goin' to jump it. He picks up the sufferin' Joe and carries him out and dumps him down on the rocks and then takes hull possession and begins to sing religious hymns. Joe is tied up with colic, but he has two guns to use. Does he use 'em? Does he ax Providence to relieve him of that colic fur ten seconds while he kin fill Hank Scott full of lead. Not a bit of it. He jests shuts his eyes and cries like a baby as Hank lugs him out. An hour later his colic is gone. But does he shoot? Does he make an effort to recover his own? He don't. He walks three miles on a mighty dark night to rout me out and demand jestice. He shall hev it. He ar' fined $30 and costs. Hank Scott, stand up. Nobody but a duffer would take advantage of a man bent double with miner's colic, and I shall fine ye $10. What was ye achin' to say, Pete Holden?"

"I wanted to say, your honor," began the lawyer—"I wanted to say that my client"—

"Ye hain't got no client," interrupted the judge.

"The next case on the docket presents pecoolier sarcumstances. This yere court, who is a court when he is out of court and all the time, was a-ridin' out to Big Bar the other day on his cayuse when he meets up with a Chinyman who had found a twenty ounce nugget. When this court had hefted that nugget and was sure all was solid stuff he suggested to the heathen his willingness to exchange his cayuse fur it. I don't go fur to say that the hoss was hardly wuth it, but he was a legal hoss, so to speak, and that heathen could hev flung on a heap of style in the saddle. Did it strike him that way? Not any. He jest drawed his head down between his shoulders and suddenly lost speech. As this yere court feels that he knows what's good fur Chinymen, he got off his cayuse and laid hands on that heathen to git the nugget away. Will it be believed yere in this nineteenth century that the wall eyed son of a gun kicked this court on the nose and kicked him on the shin? Such was the case, and while this court was temporarily disabled the heathen got away. It's a case of contempt of court and a mighty bad one. It has taken us four days to find the Chinyman, and, what's wuss, he's hid the nugget. If a court can't maintain its dignity then it's no court at all. The verdict is guilty, and the Chinyman must pay a fine of $50 and $23 costs. The constable will tie him to the stovepipe and keep him thar till he squar's up.

"The last case shows that what they calls civilization is knockin' the spots off this kentry. Tom Wharton, he goes over to Dead Men's valley and steals a hoss. He gits halfway back when he is overtaken by a crowd and hung to a limb. After the crowd has gone the rope breaks and Tom cums to life and crawls away. Two days later he cums to me and whines fur jestice. He wants the leader of the gang arrested. What fur? Fur not providin' a stouter rope! Tom was reg'larly hung. Bill Choate, who led the gang and furnished the rope, is yere, but this court feels that he did the best he could under the sarcumstances. The rope 'peared to be a stout one, and Tom had got through kickin' when he left. Tom Wharton has suffered and wants jestice, but I can't see whar he is to git it. It's a case of whar nobody in partickular is to blame. The costs in this case ar' $7, which will be divided between the plaintiff and defendant, and if the ca'r her got good hoss sense they'll shake hands and foller the purcession across the creek and treat the crowd. That's all—adjourn the court."

Electrical apparatus has been invented to set up pins in bowling alleys as accurately and more rapidly than manual labor.

An Injustice Righted

By OSCAR COX

There is a region in Mississippi that is occupied almost exclusively by colored people. In the interior of this region the only way to dispense justice has at times been for the negroes themselves to organize a court and try some case of such importance as seemed to demand attention. As for small breaches of the law, such as stealing chickens, watermelons and the like, the individuals dispossessed were expected to attend to the matter themselves.

One day a gentleman from Vicksburg, who was traveling through this region, had occasion to speak with a certain colored man and was told that he was sitting in a woodshed conducting a murder trial. Going to the humble courtroom, the visitor looked in and saw the court in session. Taking a back seat, he observed the proceedings.

Caesar Henderson, black as coal, was on trial for the murder of Tecumseh Rodman, a rival for the affections of Dinah Ochiltree. The rivals had visited Dinah during the evening before the murder and had left together. They were heard quarreling on the road. The next morning Tecumseh was missing. Since he did not turn up for some days Caesar was accused of his murder, and, there being no regular court within many miles, he was tried by his peers in the woodshed. Dinah, the object of contention, was being questioned by the judge, who also acted as counsel for the state and the defense. He was also the twelve jurymen.

"Dinah," he said severely, "wha' fo' yo' hab two lubbers hangin' roun' yo', persuadin' 'em to fight fo' yo'? Don' yo' know dat wo'se'n murder?"

"I couldn't help dey fightin' fo' me," replied Dinah, with a toss of her head.

"Wha' time did dey leab yo' dat night when Caesar killed Tecumseh?"

"I didn't kill Tecumseh," protested Caesar.

"Shet up," cried the judge, glaring at the prisoner from under a pair of heavy gray eyebrows, "or I fine yo' fo' contempt ob cou't."

The question having been repeated, the witness said that she reckoned the two men left her between "'leben o'clock and some time in de mawnin." She reckoned it was near the latter.

"How do yo' know dat?" asked the judge.

"Kase I heard Zeb Parker, dat lib nex' doo' to me, comin' home from chicken huntin'."

"How yo' know Zeb been chicken huntin'?"

"Kase I hearn de squawkin' of de chickens he was bringin' home."

"Did yo' see Zeb?"

"No, sah; I didn' see Zeb. De dark and Zeb war of de same blackness."

"I thought yo' said it war mawnin'?"

"So I did. Zeb nebber goes chicken huntin' 'cept just befo' daybreak."

The witness was excused, and Lem Barker was called to the stand.

"Lem," said the judge, looking at the rafters, "tell do cou't how yo' know Caesar killed Tecumseh."

"Kaso I hearn 'em fightin'."

"Which war lickin' de udder?"

"How I know dat? I couldn' see 'em fightin' in de dark."

"Don' yo' know no' mo' 'bout de fight?"

"Co'se I don' know nothin' at all 'bout de fight."

Another witness testified that he lived next door to Tecumseh and that the latter had been missing since "de dark ob de moon" and that Tecumseh's dog "was a-whinin' all de time kase he marster didn' come homo no mo'." Then Dinah was recalled and testified that the call on her by the rivals was made during "de dark ob de moon." This completed the evidence. The judge called upon the prisoner to stand up and, being obeyed, proceeded to convict and sentence him at the same time. He was to be taken out to "de clo tree wid de low branch convenient fo' hangin' pussons" and hanged by the neck until he was "daid."

The sentence roused Dinah's ire.

"Wha' fo' yo' gwino hang Caesar, judge?" she shouted. "Dah ain't no sinse in dat. At de dark ob de moon I hab two lubbers to choose from. One killed de udder, and now yo' gwine to hang de one lef'. Whar do I come in?"

At the statement of this obvious injustice the judge scratched his wool.

"I's might' sorry bout dat, Dinah. But it's too late now. I done sentence de prisoner."

There was a babel of tongues, some insisting that, a sentence having been pronounced, there was no going back on it. Others claimed that it was mighty hard on Dinah. The hubbub was quieted by the gentleman observer, who stepped to the front and said:

"Your honor, I am an attorney in Vicksburg, and if you will listen to me I think I can tell you how the prisoner can be legally saved from the gallows."

Every eye was turned to the white man, who continued as follows:

"We derive our laws from England. An English king, Edward II., issued an edict that when a man was sentenced to be hanged for any crime, if a woman could be found to marry him, he should go free. According to this law, which we have inherited from England, if Dinah will marry Caesar he will escape the gallows."

There was nothing in the learned speech that the darkies understood until the speaker came to the last ten words; then a shout arose, and the pair were forthwith united in marriage.

Found guilty at Toronto of three charges of housebreaking, Edward Ansell was sentenced to the Penitentiary for three years.

Sunlight Soap

cuts, Monday's labor clean in half.

The Sunlight way is so easy—just note. First you soap the garment; then roll it up to soak. After a while you rinse it thoroughly and the dirt drops out *like magic*.

Why scrub, and rub, and wear and tear the clothes, when the gentle strength of Sunlight Soap will do the work with never a hurt to fabric or hands.

Try it once—this Sunlight way.

At all grocers **5c.** 134

We may be short of shells, but we are long on the bayonet. To gain ground by means of the steel is costly, but it's sure. The Bosches hate to face the bayonet and give ground every time.

Under cover of the war and the passage of time it was an easy matter for the Archbishop of Canterbury to settle the Kikuyu case, over which the High and Low church parties at one time were waging a war of extermination. His Lordship's decision is that in the circumstances it was all right for Anglicans to take communion with Nonconformists, but that the matter must not be regarded as a precedent.—Buffalo Express.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

This is the Farmer's Year in Canada

It will be a Year of Profits because Farm Products will be high.

Part of these extra Profits will be expended in Farm Improvements, painting buildings, etc., and the wise farmer will make very sure that the B-H "ENGLISH" label is seen on every can of paint that he buys.

B-H "ENGLISH" is the only paint that contains as its base:—70% of Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead and 30% of Pure White Zinc.

A Guaranteed Formula of Best Materials.

Call in and see us about Painting and Painting Problems.

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Keep The Men In Good Humor

When Hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke. Ask your grocer for EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIPS" or "SILENTS," two of our many brands.

The E. B. EDDY CO.,
HULL, CANADA

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Broadway, between 36th & 37th Street
IN THE VERY CENTRE OF NEW YORK

This famous hotel is known the world over, has all modern appointments and is complete and up to date in all details.

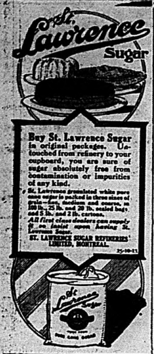
The most convenient location in New York, being but a few minutes to the leading theatres and department stores, a few minutes from the Pennsylvania and Grand Central Stations.

Whether your visit is one of business or pleasure, you will will find the Marlborough the Ideal Place to stop at. The Rathskeller is one of the Show Places of New York.

Special Rates to all coming from this vicinity.

Rooms, $1.00 per day upwards.
Rooms with Bath, $1.50 per day upwards.
$1.00 Extra each Additional Person

JOHN F. DOWNEY, MANAGER.



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Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

School For Officers.

The school for training officers established by the British General Staff is located close to the General Headquarters in France, and now has more than a hundred students, all picked from the ranks. The course occupies a month, and combines theory with practice, although special emphasis is naturally placed on the practical side.

The school occupies a comfortable old mansion. A group of barns and sheds have been fitted up as dormitories. In the courtyard is a great sand bank, where the students construct model trenches, and apply the theory of the textbook to practice.

There are several classrooms equipped with blackboards, on which the instructors fight over again some of the early battles of the war. There are courses in mathematics, in hygiene and in other branches necessary for the equipment of a young officer.

Not all the students prove to be of suitable material for commissioned rank. Part of the business of the school is to test the students as to their mental and moral capabilities for assuming rank as an officer in the field. Every week the student goes back to the trenches for twenty-four hours in company with an instructor, to observe and apply what he has been taught during the six days at the school.

To Take Impressions of Plants.

Burn a common cork till reduced to a powder, add a teaspoonful of olive oil, mix into a thick paste. Now paint the veiny side of the leaf with camel's hair or black sable brush, lay the leaf carefully on a piece of clean paper, painted side down, subject it to a strong and even pressure by placing it in a book under a weight for about a quarter of an hour, then remove the leaf carefully from the paper. Very veiny leaves are the best.

Heard in the Nursery.

"I thought you were very much attached to the book," said the stuffed dog to the picture that had once ornamented the cover of the book.

"I was," said the picture, "but Dora cut me out."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Friends Tell Friends
ZUTOO
Stops Headache

Five years ago ZUTOO was practically unknown in Canada.
To-day, thousands and thousands of men and women depend on these little harmless tablets for quick relief from Headaches.
Their fame has gone from friend to friend—from town to town—from coast to coast.
Wherever there are headaches, there should be ZUTOO Tablets—they cure in 20 minutes. 25c a box—at all dealers or by mail postpaid. B. N. Robinson & Co. Regd., Coaticook, Que.

A field of rye in Ameliasburg was reported to be headed out on the 11th inst., two weeks earlier than usual.

MONEY IN ICE FISHING

A PICTURESQUE OCCUPATION WIDELY FOLLOWED.

Season Which Has Just Closed Has Been a Good Old-Fashioned One For Fishermen — Hut and Open Fishing Both Popular — Little Houses Mystify Visitors to Canada For the First Time.

The fish huts down on the ice at Burlington Bay, Hamilton, all along the north shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario, near the various small towns, and most conspicuous of all on Kempenfeldt Bay, facing Barrie and Allandale, are always a mystery to visitors in Canada, although to the native Canadian they are for the most part commonplace. Astonishingly few know what they are when they see them first. Then the obliging well-informed part in the adjoining seat of the train supplies the ellipsis. The next time they taste that fine mess of fresh fish on the home table, or at their hotel, they appreciate its delicacy of not-cold-storage flavor, more highly still.

It is doubtful whether mid-winter fishing will ever become as popular as dangling the oiled-silk over the gunwale of a soft-cushioned skiff, at quiet, calculated anchor among August's wavering green sedges. But it has its devotees. They are strictly in it for the money. The winter just past has been a good, old-fashioned, good season for them, starting about the middle of December last, when the thermometer "went down with a bump."

At that "bump" every ice-hole fisherman on our Ontario bays and lakes waxed joyful and hied him away to his favorite part of the shore with many strange fixings roped to his hand-sleigh. First he picked up his bearing, figured out the currents, and shifted his position from that of the previous winter if experience dictated so. Next, he erected his house upon the ice — a very simple affair—light enough to carry holus-bolus on his sled. Sometimes he has to build it. He is his own architect, and there are no building bylaws, so that a few sections of battered corrugated iron, half a dozen boards or so, with a torn old sail cloth, suffice when thrown crudely together—but strongly, for the structure has to weather many's the fierce winter's gale and snowstorm.

The man or boy who follows the ice-fishing must be no weakling. Sometimes you get one so warm-blooded and husky that, by choice, he dispenses with a cosy shack altogether — both it and the small sheet-iron stove that often adds to its comfort—and is satisfied instead with a wind-break of canvas nailed to two stout supports, that he props into the ice between his battery of ice-holes and the chilly breezes.

Of course the first job confronting the winter angler after providing protection against the elements is to cut his holes. It is as much as one man can do to look properly after six of these; many are content with but three. If the fates are propitious, the latter allowance will keep him busy, because each of the lines that he sinks down a hole is barbed with two—sometimes more—hooks.

The holes are about half-a-foot square, cut clear through the ice no matter how thick, with an ice-chisel; although thin ice can be managed handily with an ordinary axe, along with considerable patience—especially if the wind is blowing in-shore, and every stroke near the close of the operation forces a spurt of frigid water that generally finds lodgment in the region of one's face and neck.

After being dropped through, the ends of the several lines are fastened to a stick or spike driven to one side and, having attended to each hole similarly, the expectant winter-fisherman stands or sits by and awaits results from those wiggling minnows with which he has garnished each and every hook.

Sometimes he watches a line tauten—only to discover that a fair-sized "sardine" has put him to the wet and cold disappointment of hauling in; sometimes it will be only one of the despised but voracious "black lizards (name in the trade: "lisses"); nevertheless, off it must come, and live new bait replace it, or there will be no marketable herring, or yellow pike, or perch caught in that hole that day.

The work would be a poor one for a cripple. With five or six holes there is something requiring attention every minutes; sometimes several things, and at different holes. If it is not a sinker, or a hook, or a tangled line (in a location with swift currents), or a bite, or fresh bait—the fish harvester must go from hole to hole removing the thin ice which forms, by means of a cup or dipper. On a cold day the latter operation is well nigh one person's job.

What fish are mostly taken in this way for Toronto consumption? Those named above principally, unless in the more favored localities like Georgian Bay, where such grand catches as a thumping sturgeon are to be occasionally looked for as well. What is a fair day's taking? In the neighborhood of fifty or sixty pounds, though sometimes, indeed, a hundred pounds falls to a single man's lot, and just by way of an unusual run of luck (and fish), sometimes another fifty on top of that.

One sees some grotesque figures out among the ice huts. Sometimes a man who has had his feet frozen will be seen wearing padded shoes of canvas to prevent their being nipped again, and the picture he makes with feet twice the usual size will at least hold one's attention for a moment.

On the bigger lakes, where he often fishes miles from shore, he will rig some sort of a rude sail out of an old coat or canvas; frequently when returning home the trip is made in a few minutes, where it took an hour or more to come out in the morning.

Kaiser, addressing Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria: "Did you ever see an Italian sunset?" Emperor Francis Joseph: "No, but I have seen a Dago."—Journal of Commerce.

CANADA'S KIPLING.

How Service Passed From the Role of Tramp to That of Poet.

London Tit-Bits has the following article on Robert Service, the Canadian poet:

The name of Robert W. Service is to Canada what that of Kipling is to the rest of the world. He is the poet whose "Songs of a Sourdough" present a picture of life "out West" more vivid, definite, and truthful than anything which has yet been written, and his career provides an equally striking story.

"At twenty-one, to the horror of my parents, I kicked over the traces and precipitated myself violently into the wild West." That is how Mr. Service himself relates his migration to Canada, which occurred after he had spent some years as clerk in a bank in Glasgow. "Having reached years of indiscretion," he says, "the routine of the office began to pall upon me. I seemed to see my life an endless vista of drab days, and myself growing bald and paunchy in a halo of respectability. I rebelled. I wanted color, action, change, excitement, with the thrill of not knowing what was round the corner."

And Mr. Service got it; for, after traveling steerage as an emigrant, he landed in Vancouver with exactly five dollars in his pocket, and had to start work by picking stones off the surface of a field destined for turnips. Tree-chopping, farming, school-teaching, newspaper reporting, Indian trading, and various other miscellaneous occupations followed before the Kipling of Canada came to the conclusion that his parents were right and that the work of a bank clerk was his forte.

"I was tired," he says, "of being kicked about from pillar to post, and once more I sought a situation in a bank. I was tamed down, and then I had a stroke of luck that changed my whole destiny. For at the height of the gold rush I was sent to the Yukon by the bank which employed me, and remained there for eight years. The extraordinary virility and color of the life made a great impression on me, and it was during the solitary walks I used to take as a cure for dyspepsia that I first began to write.

"I had read so many stories of the North, and I had read so much Kipling that I began, out of sheer boredom, to versify, Kipling fashion."

Mr. Service, however, thought so little of his work at that time that the verses which emanated from his pen were thrown into the bottom of trunk, and lay there for some time. One lucky day, however, he came across them and read them to a friend. This friend thought "they weren't so bad for an amateur," and suggested that Mr. Service should have some of them printed and hand them round to his friends as a Christmas card.

"This, however, struck me as rather foolish," he says, "and happening to receive a bonus of one hundred dollars, I took the plunge, sent my verses to a publisher, and told him to go ahead and print them at my expense."

The rest, according to Mr. Service, reads like a fairy story, for the publisher was so impressed with the merit of the verses that he insisted on publishing them on a royalty basis, and before Mr. Service realized what a genius he was his verses had reached the seventh edition, and they have been selling ever since.

A Remarkable Corps.

Perhaps the most remarkable corps training in Canada just now is the Fourth Brigade of Field Artillery encamped at Toronto and Guelph.

They were selected in the first place on the score of their high standard of education. They are men who are more than ordinarily smart, mentally. Over ten per cent. of them are University graduates, and over twenty per cent. are college men. There is a large number of professional men among them. One corporal is an ex-member of the United States Congress and a graduate of three universities. In the ranks of one battery there are three ordained clergymen. There are several college professors and demonstrators, engineers and mechanics of all kinds. There is nothing in the matter of technical skill that the Fourth Brigade cannot do. Then in its ranks are a number of men who have been in the royal navy. All of the twelve men who man the limber guns are ex-navy men—the limber gunner is really the caretaker of the machine, as it were—and all are excellent men, reliable, and careful mechanics.

Next the men are selected for their good moral character. "We have no time," remarked Lt.-Col. Brown, the commander of the brigade, "to bother with men of indifferent character. Artillery work is so technical that it is only men of the higher type who have sufficient assiduity to master it." Thirdly, physical fitness is looked for; and lastly, some special kind of fitness in the applicant.

Who Said Boots?

None of his fellow-officers are mentioning the subject of "boots" to Lieut. Chas. Porterfield of the Eaton Motor Machine Gun Battery these days, and there is a very good reason for the omission. Having heard a great deal about the qualities, good and bad, of the Canadian military footwear, Lieut. Porterfield decided to import a pair of high boots from England. He sent $25 to pay for the boots, but when they were delivered he had to give $17 for duty and $10 for express and other details, making a total of $52 for the one pair. He intends to wear them out as quickly as possible.

Quebec's Tobacco Crop.

Reports regarding tobacco in Quebec, last year, while varying to some extent, appear to indicate a smaller yield, estimated at about 5,000,000 pounds or about two-thirds of an average crop. The quality is good and the area under cultivation was about 4,750 acres.

An official statement made yesterday in the British House of Commons indicates that the shadow of coming conscription is beginning to loom over Britain.

FORTIFICATIONS OF QUEBEC.

Were Citadel Now Stands Was Formerly a Bald Rock.

In his masterly sketch of Quebec and its origin in 1603 Parkman touches on what for the visitor today—fifty years since he wrote—is still the most striking feature of the situation of both Montreal and Quebec; namely, that these cities, one of them at least the very glass of modern progress, seem to stand in a romantic and beautiful setting of primeval forests and rocky uplands. Parkman says:

"Champlain spread his sails, and again held his course up the St. Lawrence. Far to the south, in sun and shadow, slumbered the woody mountains whence fell the countless springs of the St. John, behind tenantless shores, now white with glimmering villages—La Chenaie, Granville, Kamouraska, St. Roche, St. Jean, Vincelot, Berthier. But on the north the jealous wilderness still asserts its sway, crowding to the river's verge its walls, domes and towers of granite; and to this hour its solitude is scarcely broken.

"Above the point of the Island of Orleans, a constriction of the vast channel narrows it to less than a mile, with the green heights of Point Levis on one side, and on the other the cliffs of Quebec. Here, a small stream, the St. Charles, enters the St. Lawrence, and in the angle betwixt them rises the promontory, on two sides a natural fortress. Between the cliffs and the river lay a strand covered with walnuts and other trees. From this strand, by a rough passage gullied downward from the place where Prescott Gate now (1865) guards the way, one might climb the heights to the broken plateau above, now burdened with its ponderous load of churches, convents, dwellings, ramparts, and batteries. Thence by a gradual ascent, the rock sloped upward to its highest summit, Cape Diamond, looking down on the St. Lawrence from a height of three hundred and fifty feet. Here the citadel now stands; then the sun fell on the bald rock, decked here and there with mosses and lichens. Two centuries and a half have quickened the solitude with swarming life, covered the deep bosom of the river with barge and steamer and gliding sail, and reared cities and villages on the site of forests; but nothing can destroy the surpassing grandeur of the scene."

The Colonel and the Recruit.

A prominent business man of King street west, Toronto, tells how the financial stringency has unavoidably urged curtailments in several departments in his factory. He even had to call in certain men and explain how they must be laid off until times got better. One—a big, husky hand, whose skill in his line was such that he did not want to lose him—was offered other work at slightly reduced money if he would stay till business got better again. The business man is also a colonel on the retired list. He had been summoned by the Militia Department to report at Valcartier to assist in the preparations for receiving the first contingent. He was to leave that night, but he made time to have a regular heart-to-heart talk with the valued employe referred to. But he says that pretty near all his private business worries were forgotten in the turmoil of the bustling job at Valcartier. The troop trains kept pouring into camp from all over Canada, and invariably just before all their efforts could manage to perfect reception arrangements. "I remember that we had a breathing-spell just before the 48th Highlanders arrived, and with several other officers I was awaiting Col. Currie's appearance on the scene. The pipers had passed us on the swing, and the brave boys in kilts themselves, and we officers were moving to headquarters again, when to my astonishment (and that of the staff with me) I heard: "Hello, Mr. ——, how's things?" Perched aloft on top of a supply wagon there was my big, jolly, husky chap from Toronto that I had been so anxious to keep on. I thought I should sink through the huckleberry bushes. "Hello, Mr. ——," it sounded so familiar a greeting, and yet so unfamiliar down here in the shadow of the war cloud.

Expects Peace In Fall.

A Canadian trooper at the front, writing to friends in London, expresses the opinion, which is shared by the majority of his pals, that the end of summer will see the end of the war, and that the trench war will soon be a thing of the past.

"There has been little doing during the past few weeks," he writes, "but I fancy that we shall shortly be on the move.

"I have seen quite a few American Red Cross cars lately, and it is interesting and instructive to see signs on them such as 'From Friends in Boston, U.S.A.' Blood is thicker than water, and no doubt you have heard that the Saxons refuse to fire on our fellows in the trenches. I am filled with amazement and admiration for the British Tommy. I thought that I knew him pretty well, but I did not. He is really wonderful and it is a privilege and honor to do one's bit by his side. What he suffers during the winter, is beyond description. Let us hope that the nation will not forget him after the war."

Forty Per Cent. More Wheat.

It is estimated that the area under wheat in the present year will be greater by 2,000,000 acres than in any year in the history of the Dominion. The total yield for 1915 should not be less than 245,000,000 bushels. Canada's wheat crop for 1915 will probably bring in 40 per cent. more money than in the previous year. But the advantages of the increased acreage under crop and of the higher prices will not be fully felt until 1916.

There is no bragging in Col. E. W. B. Morrison's straightforward and soldierly account of the fighting at Langemarck, but it is plain that the colonel with his men and guns did much to save the situation.

MYSTERY NOISES.

Of Unknown Origin, They Sound Like Muffled Thunder.

COMMON IN THE OLD WORLD.

These Curious Boomings, That Puzzle Science, Heard at Times From Australia to Ireland, Are Akin to the "Moodus Noises" of Connecticut.

It is a hot and tranquil summer afternoon on the Belgian coast in time of peace. Strolling along the shore you are startled by a muffled detonation that seems to come from somewhere far out at sea. Can it be thunder? There is not a cloud in the sky, and you remember that thunder is rarely audible at a greater distance than fifteen miles. A man-of-war at target practice, perhaps—far in the offing. At this point your Belgian friend explains. It was the "mistpoeffer," he says, and a sign that the weather will continue fair.

But what is the mistpoeffer? If you can answer that question you can also explain the mysterious Barisal guns of India (Barisal is the name of a town in the Ganges delta), which have puzzled scientific men for half a century. You can explain also the strange rumblings that in certain parts of Italy seem to come from nowhere in particular and are known to the peasantry under forty or more local names, the desert sound of the Australian wilderness, the water guns of Lough Neagh in Ireland and the aerial detonations that occasionally startle Californians during the warm season.

For example, in September, 1896, to quote the Santa Rosa Republican, "a tremendous explosion, presumably in the air, occurred near Cazadero. It was heard by the dwellers of the mountain region over an area of 900 square miles."

All noises of this kind resembling thunder, but not traceable to that or any other known agency, are now generally called in scientific literature brontidi, a name first used by Professor Tito Alippi, who has made a special study of these phenomena in Italy.

The "Moodus noises," familiar to old residents of Moodus and East Haddam, Conn., are probably kindred phenomena, although they seem to be somewhat more definitely associated with subterranean earth shocks than are typical brontidi, and the same may be said of the gouffre of Haiti, which—at least in some cases—is easily recognized as of subterranean origin.

Although systematic investigations of brontidi are of recent date, occurrences of the phenomena have been recorded from early times. Lord Bacon mentions "an extraordinary noise in the sky when there is no thunder," and similar sounds were known to Humboldt and Boussingault. Captain Sturt, a pioneer explorer of Australia, wrote in 1829:

"About 3 p. m. of Feb. 7 (during the Australian summer) Mr. Hume and I were occupied tracing the chart upon the ground. The day had been remarkably fine. There was not a cloud in the heavens nor a breath of air to be felt. On a sudden we heard what seemed to be the report of a gun fired at the distance of between five and six miles. It was not the hollow sound of an earthly explosion or the sharp crackling noise of falling timber, but in every way resembled the discharge of a heavy piece of ordnance.

"No one was certain whence the sound proceeded. Both Mr. Hume and myself thought it came from the northwest. I sent one of the men up a tree, but he could observe nothing unusual. The country round him appeared equally flat on all sides and thickly wooded. Whatever occasioned the report, it made a strong impression on all of us, and to this day such a sound in such a situation is a matter of mystery to me."

Science has not fully solved the mystery of brontidi, but it can hardly be doubted that the origin of these sounds is really subterranean. From a focus far underground the jar of settling rocks sends vibrations to the surface—not at one spot, but over a wide area. Then if the overlying air is calm and homogeneous it also is set in vibration, and if the vibrations are of the right period to be audible the result is a booming sound of altogether indefinite location. It is simply "in the air."—Youth's Companion.

French Officers Made Thrifty.

The French army officer has to be a thrifty man to make ends meet on his salary of a very few francs a day, and borrowing or running into debt is an offense against military law. An officer convicted of debt is suspended by the war office for three years, and at the end of that time his reinstatement or dismissal from the service is decided by a kind of court martial, comprising five officers of his corps, one of them of his own rank.

Antiquity of Tin.

We find that brass, and consequently tin, existed in Tyre, the great seaport town of the Phoenicians, on the coast of Syria, about 1000 B. C. They are frequently referred to in all works relating to tin or to Cornwall. The Phoenicians were merchants and carried on an important trade from the ports of Tyre and Sidon. These cities rivaled each other in magnitude, fame and antiquity.

What I want to try to do is to judge my fellow human being as kindly as I do my dog.—Gerald Stanley Lee.

Granite-cutting plants at Montpelier and Barre, Vt., idle since March 1 because of difficulties between manufacturers and employes over wages, were re-opened.

Oven linings are removable and cleanable—coated with anti-rust solution. The ovens of McClary's Gas Ranges
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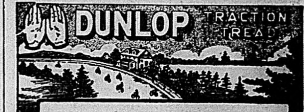

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Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

Ford Touring Car $590 Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840. (All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.)

Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
OF CANADA, LIMITED.

W. B. RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.

It is now conceded that the Canadian military shoes are better than the British for marching in, though not so good for trench work when the trenches are full of water. How would it do to equip the men with a pair of each?

It is not difficult to credit the stories of trouble between Winston Spencer Churchill and Lord Fisher, and other naval men. The wonder is that the British navy has been able to get along with the impulsive Churchill for so long.—Buffalo Express.

After Lloyd George's rhetoric is brushed aside, all that seems left of his latest impressive temperance address is the conclusion that the curse of the British people is their habit of drinking whisky less than three years old.—Ottawa Journal.

Major Victor W. Odlum, of the 7th (1st British Columbia) Battalion Canadian Infantry, writes:—"We still see bales of mufflers, helmets and mitts arriving from various comfort funds. The day for these things is past, and they will have to be sent back. What the men ask for most eagerly are tobacco and cigarettes. What they really most need is underwear and socks."—"Canada".

It cannot be said that a return to atrocities long since left to pirates is the best of credentials for a great nation which declares itself to be fighting for the freedom of the seas; there could hardly be a more effective way of reconciling neutrals to Great Britain's maritime rule. If the world had a vote now as to which of these two nations could better be trusted with a navy, there can be little question as to the verdict.—Springfield Republican.

In disaster the inevitable must be met, the only question is how shall it be faced.

A form of the camera obscura has been invented by a Frenchman to inform an aviator when he deviates from a given course.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1915. No. 313

"More Men and Still More"

A Cry from the Front to the Sons of Canada

TRENTON, May 24.—(Special.)—Angus Mowat, who is with the Canadian contingent at Slingsby Camp, Shorncliffe, England, in writing to his parents here, makes a strong plea for more recruits from Canada to enter the Empire's service. He says:

"We are only forty-eight miles from the first line of trenches, and the artillery can be heard almost any day from the seacoast. Hospital trains and troop trains pass us every day, and it makes us feel very close to the heart of things. It is wonderful how calmly they take it here; each one goes about his business as if nothing was happening.

"One thing, though, is very noticeable. There are scarcely any young men to be seen in civilians. England's youth is in khaki. Scarcely anyone talks war, but they all say it will be long. When one sees the whole countryside from Bristol to the Channel alive with soldiers he begins to realize the sacrifice Britain is making.

"As for Canada, her troops have fought as we all hope to fight, but we must have men to follow on, more men and still more. I only wish we could make the fellows at home feel as we have learned to feel in so short a time, the stern need for men. They will be needed. If they could only be made to realize what the Empire is up against we would have a Canadian army of 300,000."

Brockville Athlete Killed at the Front

BROCKVILLE, May 24.—Private William Dier of the 10th Battalion, whose name appears in the list of those killed in action, is an old Brockville boy who removed some years ago to Winnipeg, where he enlisted. While a resident of Brockville he was a prominent athlete, his best work being with the Brockville football team in 1900, when the club won the senior championship of the Quebec Rugby Union without sustaining a defeat. He was a tricky quarter-back and all round good player. He was also identified with other sporting organizations and showed class as a baseballer and sculler.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 25.—The latest figures received at the Militia Department on the Canadian casualties in last Thursday's engagement are 66 killed, 132 wounded, and 102 missing.

The reported dead include a number of officers. Official eye witness details of the battle are lacking, but accounts so far received taken as authentic say the ground gained and held was substantial, though at heavy cost. Casualties will come through in the ordinary lists.

First Field Artillery Brigade: Killed in Action—Gunner John Ward, Victoria, B.C.

Third Field Company, Canadian Engineers: Killed in Action—Major Gordon B. Wright, No. 65 Cartier street, Ottawa.

Red Cross Day In Vancouver

A letter lately received by one of the Belleville Red Cross workers from a daughter in Vancouver, gives interesting facts of Red Cross "tag day" in that city. The amount received was marvellous, being in the neighborhood of $15,000. One poor Belgian woman had no money, but willingly gave her brooch which she was wearing. A poor man gave 25 cents, saying, "There goes my dinner, but I am glad to be able to give it." The money collected was cabled to England next day for immediate use in the Canadian Hospitals.

Accident at Picton

Motor Cyclist Sustains a Broken Collar Bone in Collision

PICTON, May 24.—At the celebration held here today a serious accident occurred on the Fair grounds. Mr. Manly Tripp, of Trenton, who was riding a motorcycle, collided with a buggy driven by Mr. Thos. Stewart, the hotel proprietor and horseman of Deseronto. Mr. Stewart escaped uninjured, but Mr. Tripp's collar bone was broken.

DEJECTED KAISER ABANDONS ALL HOPE

German Emperor Deserts Army at Jaroslau, Where Men are Being Slaughtered Without Mercy by Russians—Teuton Artillery Without Shells

PETROGRAD, May 24.—(Special.)—(Special.)—The Kaiser on Saturday night left Jaroslau, Galicia, and journeyed westward in the deepest dejection. Bulletins were drawn up before the train started.

Von Hindenburg had warned him that his plan of a terrific blow on a short front looked well on paper, but that the Russians were likely to frustrate it and entangle the German troops for several weeks. Von Hindenburg proved right, and Generals Mackensen and Von Emmich have abandoned the hopeless task of extricating the Germans from a 200 mile front. They have nobody to spare to resist the Russian advance from Pilica, where thousands of prisoners are being taken daily. All the reserves available from inside of Germany are now moving through Czenstochowa into Poland. None is going into Galicia where the Russian army has secured the ascendancy, and is mercilessly slaughtering the Germans, whose artillery is silent and without shells. It is reported that the kaiser at Cracow urged the Austrians to make an heroic endeavor. They have gone south ward to reinforce Generals Boehm and Von Ermolis on the Italian frontier. The Kaiser proceeded to Breslau.

Clean Sweep In Admiralty

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 24.—The names of the new coalition Cabinet will not be announced until after the Whitsun holidays.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 25.—Domestic politics continued to absorb attention in England, but there is delay in attaining definite results and the membership of the new Cabinet is not yet announced. This delay, according to the Manchester Guardian, the Ministerialist organ, is due to insistence by the Unionists on eight place in the Cabinet, as representing their numerical strength in the House of Commons. A clean sweep is looked for in the Admiralty, where Baron Fisher as well as Winston Spencer Churchill will go.

LORD HALDANE TO GO.

LONDON, May 24.—(Special)—Premier Asquith has decided that Winston Spencer Churchill shall remain in the Cabinet in some other position than that of First Lord of the Admiralty. It is understood that the Premier tried hard to retain Viscount Haldane as Lord High Chancellor, but the Unionists were so strongly opposed to this that Haldane will be sacrificed.

Patricias to Be Reinforced

Major Gault, Founder of the Corps, Denies That it Will be Absorbed

LONDON, May 22.—Major Gaultton Gault, who was wounded and is now in the London Hospital doing well says the reports that the remnants of the Patricias will be absorbed in other battalions are wholly incorrect. The regiment is being rapidly reinforced and has already 18 officers. Lieuts. Stanley Jones and Stuart, who had been wounded, have now rejoined the regiment.

Five Hundred Turks Mutiny

(Canadian Press Special)

A despatch from Athens says additional debarkations of allied troops at the Dardanelles have increased the number to 90,000.

A British submarine yesterday sank a Turkish gunboat in the Sea of Marmora.

Five hundred Turks who mutinied against their German commander escaped to the fleet with their officers and surrendered.

(Canadian Press Special)

AMSTERDAM, May 25.—A telegram from Constantinople says it is announced officially there that a Turkish submarine sank a Russian warship in the Black Sea.

(Canadian Press Special)

A Berlin despatch reports the receipt of a despatch from Bucharest, stating that the Russian battleship Panteleimon has been sunk in the Black Sea, with fourteen hundred men. No details are given.

WOUNDED AT TLE FRONT

Word was received from England today that Sergt. Gerald Spafford has been wounded in the knee.

Repeated German Attacks Repulsed

Germans are Beaten Back by the French in Seven Assaults, and Lose Heavily

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 25.—(Afternoon official statement)—Last night there was considerable activity between the sea and Arras. In Belgium, following a violent bombardment, the German attacking column endeavored to gain a footing on the highway between Langemarck and Ypres. It was definitely checked. The Germans delivered two attacks yesterday north of Ablain. In each case they were repulsed.

North of Neuville they delivered four attacks, each one of which was checked by the fire of our artillery.

In the various aggressive endeavors, all of which resulted in complete failure, the enemy suffered heavy losses. Nothing is reported from the remainder of the front.

(Canadian rPess Special)

LONDON, May 25.—The Official Bureau announced today a further advance at Festhubert and fierce counter attacks which were repulsed, the Germans being mowed down in scores by British artillery fire.

ROUMANIA MAY JOIN ALLIES

LONDON, May 25.—Special—A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Bucharest says:

"The Roumanian Government is negotiating with the Allies. King Ferdinand has reviewed the army. Great enthusiasm prevails."

"The general belief that Roumania is on the brink of war for the fulfilment of her national ideals has been strengthened by Italy's declaration of war against Austria-Hungary," says The Times' correspondent at Bucharest.

"Celebrations of the anniversary of the coronation of the late King Carol were held Sunday and were attended with unusual fervor. King Ferdinand and Queen Marie were present at a great military review. The troops wore their new field uniforms of grey khaki instead of the usual parade dress uniforms."

A despatch to The Exchange Telegraph from Odessa says it is reported that the Italian consul at Constantinople has been killed.

The Dutch Protest

(Canadian rPess Special)

THE HAGUE, May 25.—The Government of the Netherlands has sent a note to Germany protesting against the sinking of the Lusitania by a German submarine. The contents of the note was substantially the same as that of the American communication on the same subject. The lives of several Dutch subjects were lost when the Lusitania was torpedoed.

GERMANS RESCUED BY BRITISH

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 25.—A German sub-lieut. and mechanic were rescued from a Taube aeroplane, which descended in the North Sea, through engine trouble and landed here by a British destroyer.

CONFIRMATION AT BELLEVILLE

The Bishop of Kingston visited Belleville on Sunday and performed the sacred rite of confirmation in the two Anglican churches. At the morning service at St. Thomas's the rector, Rev. Cannon Beamish, presented the candidates for confirmation—22 females and 12 males. There was a large congregation.

Before the laying on of hands the Bishop preached his sermon. He selected as his text the words "Ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you, and ye shall be witnesses unto Me." (Acts of Apostles, 2, 8). The preacher pointed out that that was our Lord's own command; those were His words, and the first fulfilment of them took place at the feast of Pentecost. It was tragic, he said, to see that all the love and devotion the Disiciples had for their Lord was utterly unable to carry them through the crisis they had to face. All those men forsook Him and fled. The promise of the outpouring of the spirit was mainly to give them power in their lives, and the sequel showed that that was exactly what happened. The little band of men made but very little impression upon the people. But after Pentecost there was a great change. Those same men were not only ready to give testimony, but they made a tremendous impression—they compelled people to listen to them. Nothing could silence those men. One was struck again and again by the sense of power and conviction which seemed to have filled those men, and they attributed it to one cause only—the presence of God's Holy spirit, strengthening them and enabling them by their own lives to be a witness to the truth of the Gospel they proclaimed.

"This promise was made to the whole church, and not merely to the Apostles," continued the Bishop. "There are some who mock at the laying on of hands, and say they can see no meaning for this Apostolic act. Surely when we are seeking a method or manner by which the power may be had, we should be wise to follow in the footsteps of those who who stood nearer to the Master Himself; and if you find that the Apostles, at considerable cost of trouble and inconvenience, would come down and lay their hands upon the converts, surely that would be enough for us. We may accept the testimony and example of those who walk with the Lord, and we can understand why the church has carefully preserved the Apostolic order.

"Possibly there might be, from a human point of view, a better form of organization, but we can understand why it was through all the ages the Apostolic Order of the Episcopate was preserved in every case. The sacred and solemn trust of laying on of hands was a token of God's spirit. Had it been merely a human institution; if there had been nothing more attached to it than a convenient method of carying on the mere secular side of God's work, it would have perished years ago. But what made our forefathers cling to it was because they believed this most solemn duty of keeping it intact and handing it down in an unbroken chain to the faithful as long as the church should exist on earth." His Lordship impressed upon the candidates that they should put to the test that gift given to them. In the first place, it gave them power to withstand temptation, and in the second place it was a witness to the world.

The Bishop impressively performed the rite of confirmation, sitting on a chair placed at the church steps.

Christ Church

On Sunday evening the Bishop of Kingston conducted confirmation service at Christ Church. The rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, had prepared 22 candidates—nine females and 13 males—upon whom the Bishop performed the sacred rite a confirmation. A large congregation assembled.

St. Thomas' Church

The 34 candidates included 11 adults and three from the School for the Deaf. The Bishop of Kingston will hold another confirmation service at St. Thomas church at 8 p.m. to-morrow, when five candidates will be presented.

THE LATE MR. HOSIE

The funeral of the late Mr. John Hosie has been postponed to Thursday afternoon, at 2.30, from 47 Alexander Street.

ITALY STARTS WELL WINS ON LAND AND SEA

Four Cities on Adriatic Coast Attacked by the Enemy's Warships—Torpedo Boats Drive off Raiders—Aviators Driven off

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 25.—The Italian Ministry of Marine announces that a steamer arriving at Barletta reported that while passing a promontory at Gargano at midnight she sighted an Austrian warship with a heavy list escorted by four torpedo boats. It is stated that this is probably the warship driven off from Barletta after having fired several shots.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 25.—An official announcement made by the War Office says Italian forces penetrated Austria, occupying Caporetta, Cermons, Cervignagno and Terzo.

(Canadian Press Special)

BERNE, Switzerland, May 25.—The Swiss Government has announced that it will represent the German Government's interests at Rome and the interests of Austria-Hungary will be represented by Spain.

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 25.—Baron Von MacChio, the Austrian ambassador to Italy, and Prince Von Schoenburg Hartsein, Austrian ambassador to the Vatican, with their staffs, left for Vienna aboard a special train last night. A little later Prince Von Buelow, the German ambassador, departed, accompanied by the German Minister to the Vatican, and staffs, followed by the Bavarian Ministers to Italy and the Vatican.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 21—A despatch from Basle, Switzerland reports that Germany today declared war against Italy.

A despatch from Rome via Paris announces that Austrian aeroplanes today attacked Venice and attempted to destroy the Arsenal, but were driven off. Several other towns were also attacked by Austrian airmen.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 25.—An Amsterdam despatch says Riccardo Rollati, the Italian ambassador to Germany, left Berlin with his staff this morning.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May-25.—A Geneva despatch reports that the Austrian fleet is bombarding Italian east coast ports. Another Geneva despatch reports that the Italian fleet is about to attack the Austrian ports in the Adriatic.

ROME, May 24.—(Special.)—An attack by air and sea on Northern Italy delivered before the time set for the opening of hostilities was Austria's reply to Italy's declaration of war. Four cities on the Adriatic coast were attacked by destroyers and aeroplanes Slight damage was done. Minor clashes between border patrols occurred in the Austrian Tyrol and along the eastern frontier of Italy.

Austrian destroyers and torpedo boats raided the Italian Adriatic coast before daybreak of yesterday. Simultaneously a fleet of Austrian aeroplanes attempted an attack on the arsenal at Venice. After a brief exchange of shots Italian torpedo boats, which had been expecting the attack drove off the Austrians. Like success attending the counter-attacks of the air-craft gunners and the Italian aviators in repelling the Austrian air raiders.

King Vitor Emmanual, accompanied by Gen. Brusati, left for the front at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The King dropped all affairs of State, leaving the responsibility for the civil administration in the hands of the Ministry. The King's departure followed that of all the Princes of the Royal House who have been directed to assume commans in the first line.

Italy's first day in the war witnessed only minor encounters, but both on the offensive and defensive the Italian colors came off victorious.

Two British warships co-operated with the Italian fleet in a naval battle in the Adriatic, according to unofficial reports. The remainder of the Austrian fleet fled northward, the Anglo-Italian fleet pursuing the enemy warships until they got under the guns of Pola.

The Italian fleet, cruising northward in the Adriatic, encountered the Austrian fleet yesterday, before the formal declaration of war had been made by Italy. The Italian fleet had received word that the Austrian warships had steamed out from Pola to bombard the Italian coast as soon as war was declared and hurried northward to intercept the enemy ships.

During the night the Austrian fleet slipped away in the darkness. Before daybreak this morning two British warships joined Abruzzi's fleet and took up the search for the Austrians.

Shortly after word was flashed to Abruzzi's flagship that the Austrian warships had bombarded Ancona, the Anglo-Italian squadron encountered the Austrians and gave battle. The Austrians fled eastward, and in a running battle that lasted several hours, three small Austrian vessels were sunk and two captured, according to the despatches from the Adriatic coast towns.

At Porto Corsini today the aviators began dropping bombs, but immediately were driven off.

ITALY TO FIGHT TO A FINISH

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 25.—Active military and naval operations are now under way between Austria Hungary and Italy, but land forces of any great strength have not yet come into contact. Air and naval raids of a minor character form the total sum of the first twenty-four hours warfare between these two former allies.

It is generally understood that Italy has arrived at an agreement with her new allies by which she will sign the existing treaty not to conclude a separate peace.

Stabbing Affray in Chinese Cafe

There was last night, about 10 o'clock, considerable commotion on Front street, near Victoria Avenue, and at one time trouble was feared. It appears that two soldiers, McGrath and Kennedy of the 39th Battalion, visited the New York Cafe, conducted by Lem Dick and secured refreshments. It is asserted that the men only offered for pay 35 cents for their meals, which came to 50 cents. Some words ensued and the result was, according to the story of the soldiers, Dick seized a fork and gouged McGrath's face. This naturally caused trouble and for a time the aspect was serious. The local police were called and the military police were also upon the scene. A large crowd gathered outside of the restaurant, and a number were in favor of breaking open the front door, which in the meantime had been locked. After some minutes had elapsed the crowd dispersed, when it was learned that Dick had been taken in charge of the police and taken surreptiously awayy. This morning the Celestial was charged before Magistrate Masson with assault and the case was enlarged until tomorrow. In the meantime Dick is out on bail.

$2,000,000 an Hour for War

PARIS, May 22.—Capt. Edmund Thery, widely known as an economist, estimates that the total military expenditures for the first year of the war will be $10,000,000,000 for the seven allies and $7,400,000,000 for Germany, Austria and Turkey. This makes an average of $1,440,000,000 a month, $48,000,000 a day, $2,000,000 an hour. He believes the economic powers of Great Britain, France and Russia can support the strain more easily than their opponents.

NO TAX ON UNUSED TICKETS

OTTAWA, May 24.—War taxes paid upon railway, sleeper, parlor car and steamship tickets may be refunded to the purchaser of any such ticket if the ticket is for any reason not used, and if the selling company refunds to the purchaser the price of the ticket. Although the special war revenue act does not provide for such refund, the Minister of Finance regards it as just and equitable that it should be allowed.

Brilliant Feat By British Sub

Sinks Five Transports and Three Other Enemy Boats

LONDON, May 24.—(Special)—Additional details of the exploits of the submarine E-14 are contained in a despatch to The Chronicle from Mitylene, which says that the E-14 ran many risks not only from mines, but she had to run the gauntlet of the land batteries and submerged torpedo tubes under the rocky shores of the Straits. She had eight torpedoes on board, and not one was wasted. Two torpedo boats fell victims to her unerring aim, and a large collier also was sunk. Above all, no fewer than five transports were torpedoed and sent to the bottom. Of the transports two were carrying a considerable number of Turkish troops. Other British submarines are acting effectively in the same region, and their close watch on the enemy's doings in the Straits is giving the Turks a bad attack of nerves.

Officer's Life Saved by Coin

German Bullet Struck Soverign in Lieut. H. M. Scott's Purse

Amongst many stories told by wounded Canadian soldiers is that of Lieut. H. M. Scott, 48th Highlanders, of Toronto, now in the Queen's Canadian Hospital at Shorncliffe. He was watching a captive balloon of the enemy on Saturday, April 24th, when he noticed a heavy greenish-colored bank of cloud sweeping towards the Canadian trenches. The 48th were next, the 5th Highlanders, of Montreal, and were holding the front line trenches. The 14th and 16th were in reserve. On swept the cloud, and as its deadly vapors settled over the trenches the Canadians found themselves choking and gasping, while their eyes streamed with tears. Many fell asphyxiated in the trenches either partially or fatally; others scrambled out and crawled away. Lieut. Scott got out and in a state of collapse he and several companions lay exposed to heavy shell fire. Later in the day the 7th got orders to retire and it was these troops which picked up Lieut. Scott and others. Some of the men were so heavily dosed that they had to be dragged along. Lieut. Scott produced a sovereign and a shattered leather purse. A bullet had pierced his water bottle, the purse and then badly twisted the golden coin, but the latter was sufficiently resistent to divert the bullet.

GERMANS STILL USING GASES

LONDON, May 24.—Special—Field Marshal Sir John French sends the following report from the western war zone under date of May 24:

"In the fighting on May 17 and 18, to the northeast of Festubert, seven machine guns were captured, and it is possible that more may be buried in the destroyed trenches. To-day three German batteries were silenced by our guns, one battery being destroyed by direct hits, and its ammunition blown up.

"East of Ypres the Germans developed an infantry attack this morning under cover of poisonous gas, hostile artillery at the same time firing asphyxiating gas shells. Our troops were forced to evacuate some of their trenches, and the enemy penetrated our line in two or three places. Fighting is still in progress, and portions of our original line have already been retaken."

TORONTO ITALIANS WILL DEMONSTRATE

Arrangements were made last night at the Italian National Club for a huge demonstration on Wednesday night. One thousand Italians of Toronto, with bands in attendance, and bearing their country's flag, will hold a parade.

The parade route will include Queen, Spadina, York, King, Yonge, College streets and University avenue.

PROMOTED TO CAPTAIN

Lieut. E. D. O'Flynn who is now at the front has been promoted to a Captaincy.

Badgers and foxes are hunted in some portions of Potrugal by sending into their burrows dogs which carry small electric lights on their collars.

Wednesday & Thursday At the Bargain Store

Ladies' Beautiful White Night Gowns and Underskirts, about four dozen in the lot, all high class goods; sold as high as $4.50; on sale at, each, ... $1.00

TWO SPECIALS IN MEN'S FINE SHIRTS.

Elegant fine soft front shirts, in neat black and white stripes, plain colors in cream and grey, separate soft collars to match, double cuffs; all sizes 14 to 17; sold in regular way at $1.25; on sale at, each .... 79c.

Here is value in Gents' fine Soft Shirts, in plain colors and fine stripes of mauve, blue and black, French cuff and sepaprate soft collars; a regular $1.00 shirt; on sale at, each .... 75c.

WINDOW SCREENS.

All sizes for large and small windows, best hardwood frames, and first quality wire. Selling at 20c. to 35c. each.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

4th Contingent

Volunteers for Overseas for this Force may Apply at the Armouries to Lieut. D. M. McCARGAR or Capt. (Dr.) A. E. MacCOLL, 15th Regiment.

P. K. Ketcheson, Lieut., Adjutant.

All men previously enlisted and passed, the Doctor's examination will report immediately.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. J. S. McKeown is in Toronto.

Mr. J. Keyes of Kingston spent yesterday in the city with friends.

Mr. Bert Alford is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. Eddie Meyers, Toronto, was in the city Sunday.

Mr. Frank Deans of Preston, was in the city Sunday.

Mrs. (Rev.) J. R. Hall of Sarnia, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Currie.

Mr. Nelson Jones, Yeomans street, visited friends in Madoc over the holiday.

Miss Ica Moore, Grier street, spent the holiday with Miss Mabel Mills, Napanee.

Messrs. C. M. Reid and J. Buchanan of the Ritchie Company, are in Toronto.

Miss Helen Simpkins has returned home from Toronto, where she has been attending school.

Miss Ethel Slater, North Front street, was the guest of Miss Mabel Mills, Napanee, over the 24th.

Miss Reta Brown, who was visiting Miss Thecla Thompson, has returned to Ontario Ladies College, Whitby.

Miss C. B., daughter of W. J. Paul, M.P., Tamworth, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. C. J. Bell, Earl street.

Mrs. (Rev.) H. D. Leitch of Kinderley, Sask., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Berkley, 135 Victoria avenue.

Russel Dicks, son of Mrs. A. Lafferty, 31 Station street, has returned home from the West much improved.

Mr. B. R. Hepburn, M.P., for Prince Edward County, was in the city to-day.

Miss Hazel Fieldhouse and Mr. M. Fieldhouse of Toronto, spent the week end with their parents, Pine street.

Mrs. S. H. Powell, Brown street, has been visited by her father, Mr. D. McDonald, Trenton, for the last few days.

Miss Lillian Wickett of Foxboro, has retuned home after spending a week with her friend Miss Elda Grills, Kingston Road.

Leon M. Ostrom and bride of Toronto, arrived in the city Saturday on a brief visit to his parents, N. M. and Mrs. Ostrom. His Belleville friends offer him hearty congratulations.

Mr. Frank Reddick, who is connected with the Canada Cement Company left to-day for Winnipeg after spending some weeks in the city and vicinity.

BASEBALL.

A rather one-sided game was played on Cannifton road commons yesterday which ended in a win for Canifton Road A.C., the scoring being 30 to 4.

The return game was started late in the afternoon, but owing to a dispute was never finished. The lineup was as follows:

Cannifton Road—Thos. Ellis, L. Little, J. McConnell, Nelson Bradshaw, Leo Donovan, J. Donovan, L. Murray, Robert Duncan and Wilfred Burshaw.

Canifton — Houston, Waterhouse, Farnham, Vermilyea, Lawrence, Whitney, Palmer, Johns, Callery.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commending officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

KINGSTON

The Kingston Old Boys of Toronto, have raised funds sufficient for two beds at the Queen's University Hospital at the front in France.

An Appeal

By the Ladies' Patriotic and Red Cross Society of Belleville

The Society has been since the commencement of the war indefatigable in its labors in supplying comforts to the soldiers and supplies for the hospital. Boxes of Hospital supplies have been sent to the Queen's Hospital at Shorncliffe and to the 2nd Canadian Expeditionary Hospital at Le Touquet, France, and another is about ready to be sent to the Toronto University Hospital. Besides the supplies, $700 in cash has been sent to the hospitals at Shorncliffe and Le Touquet, and many large consignments of comforts for the men have been forwarded to Valcartier, Salsbury and to the Canadian War Contingent Association in care of Sir George Perley, High Commissioner.

The funds raised by the entertainment in the Armouries and by contribution from members and others is exhausted, and if the Society is to continue its good work more money is required at once.

The executive, after full consideration, has decided to make an appeal to the citizens for contributions to the funds of the Society, feeling sure of a generous response considering the great and growing necessity caused by the thousands of our wounded soldiers streaming back from the battle line maimed and invalided, and it was decided to make the appeal through the churches.

The clergymen of all denominations on Sunday last brought the matter before the members of their congregations.

It is proposed to place envelopes in the pews of all the churches so that the contributions can be made on Sunday next, May thirtieth, at both services. All contributions will be acknowledged through the daily papers.

The citizens did nobly in response to the appeal for the National Patriotic care of the relatives of our brave boys who have volunteered to fight our battles at the front, many of whom have been sorely wounded and others have laid down their lives already on our behalf.

It is equally important that ample provision be made for the wounded and this can only be done by the Red Cross Societies.

Let us see to it that the appeal by this Society is met in a generous manner so that its members may be able to continue and increase the good work they are doing.

The casualty lists every day show the necessity that all who cannot take an active part in the denfence of the Empire should do what they can to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded.

AUCTION SALE

Starting on Thursday night, May 27th, at eight o'clock, T. Blackburn, the old established jeweller will conduct an AUCTION SALE of his large, fine and valuable stock. This sale is taking place on account of being much over-stocked and which will be the better for being reduced. It is Belleville's opportunity. T. Blackburn is not going out of business. Also that the sale may be carried on in a high class and satisfactory manner the services of Mr. Howard S. Lyon of Toronto, have been engaged to conduct the sale. Seats will be provided for the ladies.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

BAND CONCERT

On Sunday evening a band concert took place at Griffin's Opera House which was largely attended. The 15th Regimental Band assisted by local talent rendered a programme which was intensely interesting.

ATTENDED CELEBRATIONS

Many from the city were yesterday at Picton and Madoc where celebrations were being held. At both places extensive programmes were carried out and a most enjoyable time was experienced.

LAID AT REST

Yesterday afternoon the remains of the late Mrs. Richard Spencer were interred at Belleville Cemetery. Services were held at the residence of Mr. A. W. Dickens, John street, conducted by Rev. H. S. Osborne of Bridge, street Methodist church, who also officated at the grave.

GOLF CLUB ENTERTAIN

Members of the Belleville Golf Club yesterday afternoon had what was termed an open day for the members and their friends. Invitations were issued for the event to the Colonel and officers of the 39th Battalion and a number were in attendance. During the afternoon a competition took place between lady golfers for prizes for driving, approaching and putting and for the best score. Miss Ethel Lingham won the prize for driving; Miss Helen Wallbridge for approaching and putting, and Miss Ruby Milburn for the best score. At the club house a tea was served which was presided over by Mrs H. Sneyd and Mrs. George Stewart. The affair was in every respect most pleasing.

CONDUCTED BLIND PIG

John Ballard, who is familiarly known about the city as "Scottie", is at present languishing in the County Jail and will no doubt remain there for three months. Of late John had been conducting a stable in rear of premises on Front street, and had also been conducting what is termed a blind pig, or in other words dispensing of liquors without a license. On Saturday night his place was raided by License Inspector Arnott and some members of the local police force, and a considerable quantity of liquor was found and confiscated. A number of parties were detected going in and out of the stable. Ballard was placed under arrest and was brought up before Magistrate Masson. He was convicted and a fine of $300 and costs or in default three months in jail was imposed. As John did not have the ready cash to pay his fine he was committed to jail.

VICTORIA DAY IS FITTINGLY OBSERVED

Fine Military Parade by 39th Battalion and Cadets—Review and Games at Agricultural Park

Victoria Day was fittingly commemorated in this city. Taking advantage of the 39th Battalion being in the city it was decided to have a military parade and sports at the Agricultural Park, the proceeds of which were to be devoted to the 39th Battalion funds, to assist in providing necessaries for the men who are going to the front and which are not provided by the Government. The day was ideal for such an event, and despite the fact that many citizens were away at other places where celebrations were taking place, there was a hearty response by the citizens who gathered at the grounds in large numbers.

At 1.30 p.m. a parade was formed led by the 39th Battalion Band. It was composed of the 39th Battalion, being 1,000 strong, the 15th Regiment Band and the Cadets of the High School, Queen Mary, Queen Victoria, Queen Alexandra and St. Michael's Schools. The turnout was most creditable and presented an imposing appearance. The line of march was up Pinnacle street, down Victoria Avenue to Front Street, to West Bridge Street and thence to the Park. The streets were lined by spectators during the march.

Upon arrival on the ground the troops formed up—the 39th on the right and the High School Cadets and 8th (Queen Mary School) Cadets on the left, the whole being under command of Lieut.-Col. J. A. V. Preston, commanding the 39th Battalion, C. E. F. At 2.15 Col. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, accompanied by Lieut. D. T. McManus, acting A.D.C., arrived on the ground, and was received by a general salute in review order. Col. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, accompanied by Col. Preston, the Adjutant of the Battalion (Capt. B. S. Campbell) and his A.D.C., made an inspection of the Battalion, with which Sir Mackenzie, an old-time Canadian Volunteer, wearing a long service medal, expressed his entire satisfaction. Accompanied by his A.D.C., Col. Sir Mackenzie Bowell repaired to the saluting base immediately opposite the grand stand, when the Battalion marched past in column of platoons, the space not permitting of any more frontal formation. The Battalion marched past in truly soldierly style.

After the reviewing of the troops in company with Col. Preston, the officers of the Regiment were lined up in front of the grand stand. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, an ex-Minister of Militia and Defence, and Honorary Colonel of the 49th Regiment, who had been invited by Col. Preston to accompany him in the review, addressed the officers present in a few words of commendation, complimenting the Colonel on having under his command a regiment composed of men not excelled in the British army, who if it fell to their lot to engage the enemy would emulate the bravery of their fellow Canadians who so nobly distinguished themselves in their conflict with German troops in the face of shot and shell, and what was infinitely worse, poisonous gases, a system of warfare unknown in the past. Notwithstanding German tactics, Sir Mackenzie declared that with such men as he saw before him he had no doubt what the result would be, and that we who were not with them to share in the conflict would have cause to cheer and rejoice at the conduct of our Canadian boys when they returned covered with glory, which with a full heart he hoped would be at no distant day. He reminded them of the achievements of their fellow Canadian Volunteers in the war of 1812-13-14, who under General Brock with few regulars in the country, succeeded valiantly in preserving Canada to the Crown of Great Britain. The men of today were of the same race as those of 1812. This had been proved by the unconquerable spirit displayed at Langemarck and would be repeated by those he was addressing should they be called into action. They were about leaving for the trenches in France and Belgium. They carried with them the blessings of every Canadian, who wished them success in every conflict in which they might be engaged, and a safe return to their homes covered with honor and glory. With that hope we bid them for a time good-bye.

Col. Preston on behalf of the 39th Battalion, thanked Sir Mackenzie for his kind words of encouragement.

The members of the Battalion were then dismissed and a programme of sports was carried out.

The first event was a competition for fancy drill between the High School and Queen Mary School Cadets. The result was that Queen Mary School Cadets were awarded the prize of $12, which they immediately donated to the 39th Battalion fund. Colonels Lazier, Stewart and Ketcheson were the judges. Queen Mary School Cadets scored 72 points and the High School Cadets 70 points.

A tug of war took place between nine members of A, B, C and D companies of the 39th Battalion, and resulted in a win for C company. The winning team was composed of the following men: Sergt. Donohue, Sergt. Walton, Pte. Hawkins, Corp. Reynolds, Pte. Childs, Sergt. Fields, Pte. McClung, Pte. McNevin, Pte. McDonogh. Acting Sergt. C. Reynolds coached the winning team.

A physical drill by twelve members of the 39th Battalion under command of Sergt. Wilford was a feature which called forth loud applause. The men executed the various movements with precision and neatness.

100 yards dash—Sergt. Grath, D Co., Pte. Bastin, B Co., Pte. Pickard, D Co.

Quarter mile race—Pte. Pickard, D Co., Pte. W. Bastin, D Co., Pte. Parsons, D Co.

Standing broad jump—Pte. A. Wade D Co., Sergt. McGrath, D Co., Pte. W. McNichols, D Co.

Half mile race—Pte. A. Wade, D Co., G. Robertson, D Co., W. McNichols, B. Co.

Fifty yard race, for members of band playing instruments on the run.—Bass Drummer Keller, 1st; A. Sproule, alto, 2nd; W. Brewers, cymbals, 3rd. This was a most interesting event.

Sack race—W. Bastin, A Co., W. Littlewood, B Co., S. Wade, D Co.

Three legged race—W. Littlewood and C. Holden, H. Millar and H. Cattaneo, J. Scriven and Corp. Edwards.

BASEBALL MATCH.

A baseball match was played between the right half of the 39th Battalion and the machine gun section. The result was a win for the latter by a score of 11 to 10 after seven innings were played. Mr. F. Goyer umpired the game in a most impartial manner. The teams were made up of the following players:

Machine Gun Section—Ketcheson, 1b, Geroux 2b, Lenny s.s., Chambers c., McGie p, Wallace 3b, Turner c.f., Powers r.f., Shortts l.f.

Right Half Battalion—Carmichael c., Richardson 3b, Broadbridge c.f., Blue 2b, Welsh s.s., Ham r.f., Bennett p, McConnachie 1b, Cattman l.f.

NOTES.

During the afternoon excellent music was furnished by the 15th Regiment and the 39th Battalion bands.

Nothing occurred during the afternoon to mar the harmonious proceedings.

Two members of the 39th Battalion were compelled to fall out during the march owing to faintness.

Consigned to the Tomb

AMBROSE CLEMENT

The funeral of the late Ambrose Clement took place yesterday from Canifton to Reid Cemetery. The Rev. Mr. Wilson conducted the services at the house and grave. The bearers were: Messrs. C. A. Callery, W. C. Farley, J. Fraser, T. Farham, G. W. Palmer, R. R. Palmer.

Notice

All members of L. O. L. No. 274 are requested to attend regular meeting tonight in their new hall Corbett Block. D. M. Yanill, W.M.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

THE WEATHER.

Fine and moderately warm to-day; then fresh east to south winds and showery on Wednesday.

TRY OUR

Buns | Fried Cake | Doughnuts

Tarts | Cookies | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends greatly on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the oil is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE FOR :: EXAMINATION ::

Angus McFee

Jeweler Mfg. Optician

The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING
Quick—LASTING—Economical
PRESERVES THE LEATHER
10c—3 tins 25c.
Invisible Starch
For colored prints and dark goods 20c
Reckitt's Round or Bag Blue
Keen's Oxford Blue
Berger's Rice Starch
Gillard's Pickle Relish .... 35c.
C. & B. Sweet Pickle—round jars 30c.
Spanish Pimentees, tins .... 10 & 20c.
Durkee's Salad Dressing .. 10, 35 & 60c
Currie Powder, bottles .. 10, 15 & 20c.
Tarragon Vinegar, bottles .... 20c.
Anchovy Paste, jars .... 20c.
Texas Onions—Silver White
Grape Juice
Peanut Butter
Dill Pickles
Fresh Gulf Lobster .... 18 & 25c.
Red Kidney Beans (Baked) . 10 & 15c
MacLaren's Jelly Powders, 3 pkgs. 25c
"Dot" Chocolate for Coatings 10 & 25c.
Baker's Premium Chocolate Cakes .... 10 & 20c.
Quince Marmalade 25c
Bramble Jelly .... 25c.
Mandarin Marmalade .... 25c.
Skinless Figs .... 15 & 25c
Individual Jams & Marmalade .... 5c.
Fresh Early Fruits & Vegetables

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons

The BEST on the Market

Sell for $4.00

Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company

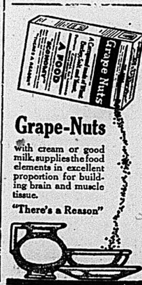
Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy

The Kodak Store, Bridge St.



2.30 p.m. | 8 p.m.

Special Auction Sale

Too Much Stock. Better Convert Into Money.

It's Your Opportunity.

I will conduct a SPECIAL AUCTION SALE of my entire stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut-Glass, Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, Clocks, Chinaware, etc., etc., which will be sold.

EVERY ARTICLE FULLY GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

SPECIAL.---Ladies, This Is Where You Come In

To the first 25 Ladies attending the Opening Sale on Thursday May 27th, at 8 p.m., a handsome present will be given.

REMEMBER! you do not have to purchase any goods to receive this present. ONLY BE ON TIME.

Thursday Night at 8 o'clock The OPENING SALE

AUCTION SALE will be continued Every Afternoon at 2.30 and at Night at 8 o'clock, for a short time only. Seats for Ladies.

T. BLACKBURN

238 FRONT ST. OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELLER

SPECIAL---I Am Not Going Out Of Business

S. HOWARD LYON, Toronto, Auctioneer

2.30 p.m. | 8 p.m.

Special Bargains
In
House Dresses and Underskirts
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY

Women's House Dresses from 98c. to $1.95. Made in New York of good material, guaranteed to fit and give satisfaction.
7 dozen Black and Colored Sateen Underskirts, made by "The Greenwald Petticoat Company" of New York, warranted to give satisfaction. Regular price $1.50; on sale at .... 98c.
5 dozen Black and Colored Underskirts made by Greenwald's, to sell at $1.25; our price 89c. This is a rare opportunity to secure underskirts much under value.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect
of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Extra Special
Beautiful New Piano
In Fumed Oak
$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

Sons of England At Divine Service

Other Protestant Societies Accompany Them to Church—Inspiring Sermon by Rev. R. C. Blagrave

Members of Oxford and Lytford Lodges, Sons of England, accompanied by members of the Juvenile Lodge, Orangemen, Prentice Boys and True Blues on Sunday morning attended divine service at Christ Church, the occasion being to commemorate Victoria Day. There was a large turnout, the parade being most creditable. The brethren were led to church by the Salvation Army band, playing appropriate music. The Rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave officiated and preached. His discourse was in keeping with the occasion and the present crisis. After prayers had been said and hymns sung the divine delivered his discourse, his text being from Joel 1st chapter and 14th verse. His sermon was as follows:

"Sanctify ye a past, call a solemn assembly, gather the elders and all the inhabitants of tne land into the house of the Lord your God, and cry unto the Lord."

We are very happy to welcome to our church today, you, who are members of the S.O.E. Lodges, together with those members of sympathetic lodges, who have come. It is always a joy to those who are interested in God's Kingdom to see a large number of men in church, because, unfortunately, a great many men are not as particular about their duty in that respect as they ought to be. Your church service this year takes place under very unusual circumstances, and, therefore, will have, no doubt, unusual significance. Those who are called "Sons of England" mean more to us now than they have ever meant before. England means more to Canada and Canada means more to England. We are drawn together in common sacrifice and common reverses, the English born and the Canadian born, understand one another better and respect one another more, inasmuch as each finds in the other many excellencies and many noble traits of character undreamed of before. Not only are our hands linked across the sea, but our hearts are bleeding together. And when we read of the large number of the British born who have died among our Canadian forces, we know that no small share of Canada's glory is due, in part, to those of your brothers who came here to make their homes in Canada.

It is well that we should come together in this corporate and official way, in divine service, because in no other way can we do just the thing we want to do. There is no gathering of our people that can express for us our common feeling, that can go to the depths of our life, and that can link up our cause to the highest justice and the loftiest principles, as a religious gathering can. When our hearts cry out with an exceeding great and bitter cry it is to God alone they are lifted up, because no one else can touch them and no one else can satisfy. God is the heart's home, whether it be the heart of the nation or of the individual, and in him only can rest be found.

It always has been so. God's chosen people lived with God in their common worship and found him ere their religious gatherings. In their wanderings they were a congregation and in their national life they had a common religious centre. They were called together and were chastened in every great crisis of their life, and before every great enterprise. They were called together to express their gratiture. Their great Passover festival is still a thangsgiving for deliverance from Egypt, as ours is a Eucharist for the sacrifice of Christ. They met for thanksgiving. We have much to be thankful for in our own lives as well as in our Empire's life. We are thankful for England. God has nobly preserved England. We are thankful that she has so splendidly risen to her great and grave responsibilities; that her leaders have shown the characteristics of true greatness, that her navy has been able to successfully hold the seas, and that her people as a whole are bearing so patiently the greatest sacrifices and sufferings. We are thankful for the Empire, that now in all the might and majesty of a great world Dominion has risen as one man to put down the mightiest monster that has ever threatened the security and integrity of the world. We are thankful that the might of this Empire before God and the world is arranged on the side of the highest justice, the finest righteousness and the most sacred liberties of the human race.

We find in public worship the only channel of true thanksgiving and we also find in it, all true Christian hearts find in it, the great incentive to encouragement. God's people in old times found their strength in their unity and their unity is Jehovah. The gathering of the people intensified the feeling of comradeship, defined the limits of allegiance, and emphasized the value of united life and action. There is a great communion of sympathy and of affection in public worship. We share together the deep needs of one another and we submit together all our ways to God's will and keeping. The mutual sympathy and common submission to God's will is a great incentive to encouragement. We need this courage now, our whole country needs it, as it has never been before realized. Our valleying hosts need it; and they are greatly stimulated if they know that away back home there are great torrants of prayer linking up their efforts to the throne of the Almighty. Our heart-broken bereaved ones need it, they need courage to live, at any time, true, holy and upright lives of service, we need courage to work and struggle, and bear up to work and struggle more and longer, until the day dawn when our labor is lone. You, coming together here toway, whether you realized it or not, as an incentive to you and others, to live more bravely and to press on more persistently, among the secred ranks of the Redeemer toward the true goal of life and being God's people of old contrived, in their public gatherings, with encouragement and thanksgiving, also the general and individual requests. Always they besought God for the thing that was most in their heart, and when this was done in sincerity there never failed to come an answer. We recal Moses' prayer against the rebels, Korch, Nathan and Abvoance, with regard to the wedding of the almond tree, and Elijah's prayer for fire to consume his offerings as against those of the priests of Baal. The very fact of making requests presumes the possibility of God fulfilling them in a way that transcends human methods or powers; recognizes not only the interest of God in human affairs but also His activities. St. Paul says "Let your requests be made known unto God." Not that God does not know them but that, besides, we are to define them, make them known. Jesus said, "Ask and it shall be given, seek and ye shall find." It does not mean merely asking or merely wishing, it means intensity of request, it means pursuit, it means striving to find and have. That is the necessary qualification. It would be a mistake and a danger for God to give gifts to those who are unqualified to receive them. They would only abuse them. It is only the seeing eye that beholds and the listening ear that hears. It is better to strive than to attain. Life consists more in striving than securing. Effort is its own reward. Heaven is the end. G. E. Sessing says, if God were to offer me on the right hand truth and on the left the inward impulse toward truth, and said, choose; I most assuredly, even at the risk of error to mankind, would choose the left and say, "Father, give! absolute truth belongs to Thee alone." So we could with our requests, and in no way can these requests find full and adequate expression, except in the presence and companionship of many other like requests in public worship. They may all differ as the individual needs vary, but they all form one stream as many tributaries flowing together. Indeed, at the present time, there is one great national and imperial request that overshadows and swallows up all other." The multitude of petitions beseige with violence, because of their very magniture, the citadels of heaven, and, after the parable of the unfortunate widow, win from the King of Heaven their fulfilment. So it is that by petition, by the encouragement of fellowship, and by thanksgiving, which always, for all God's mercies, should be in every heart, you are today as at all times in real public worship, moving great powers, going down to great soul depths, and uniting our world interests of whatever kind of character, with the most High and Most Holy God, who reigns in power and wins in love.

Rexall Druggists, everywhere, sell and guarantee Rexall Orderlies as a safe and gentle laxative. J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTER WRITTEN BY REV. R. M. MACTAVISH

Rev. R. M. MacTavish, B.A., B.D., son of Rev. Dr. MacTavish, of Madoc, Ontario, after spending almost a year in German universities, was on his way home when war was declared. When call came for recruits he was in London and he at once enlisted as a trooper in the King Edward Light Horse, a regiment composed entirely of Colonials. A few weeks ago he was given a commission as second lieutenant in the South Staffordshires and he is now in the island of Jersey. The following extracts are taken from a letter recently received by his friends at Madoc:

"I am enjoying myself thoroughly now. I have enough work to keep me busy, some study to do after hours, comfortable quarters, good food, and much better company than I usually had as a trooper. I am able to keep up with any of the others in the work now, and we get on well together, so everything is very agreeable. This week-end we go into camp on the other side of the island. The weather is usually fine here so camping should almost be ideal. We will begin field work then too, and that will make things more interesting.

Our battalion had just been made a reserve battalion. That means that we will not go to the front as a battalion but will be sent out in drafts of both officers and men to replace casualties in the battalions already at front. The casualites have been so severe that one reserve battalion has been found insufficient. There are so many senior to me, however, that my turn will not come for a long time yet. As I said before, I feel pretty certain it will not come before August or September.

Most of the other men here are University men or at least Public School boys. There are quite a dozen from Oxford and Cambridge, and others from Sheffield, Birmingham, Edinburgh, Cork, Dublin, etc. So they make an interesting and pretty agreeable lot. There is one Canadian. He is quite a good fellow, and a Presbyterian, though he swears a bit and puts "was" where the text books say "were" should be.

"Yesterday I took him and a Scotchman to the Presbyterian services here. They were the first Presbyterian ones I had attended since I left Canada, I think. I enjoyed the old, familiar hymns, the fervent prayers, and the sermons. The minister is a Mr. Scrymgeur or something like that, alias Scrimger, I expect. He is a Glasgow man. He sat in the honor philosophy examination with Prof. Scott, of Queen's. He knew a good many of the Scotch Canadian ministers. Morgan (Queen's), he said, was considered one of the cleverest men in the Scottish church. The three of us visited the manse this evening and spent all the evening talking. It was pleasant to get back to old topics for a while."

CHRIST CHURCH CARNIVAL

The members of Christ Church J.W. A. held a carnival on the grounds of the church yesterday afternoon. About sixty were present and spent the afternoon in games and a general good time. The costumes were many and varied, among which might be mentioned "Liberty," "Red Cross," "Indian Maid," "The Bride," and "Miss Canada." Some of them were very funny and created a good deal of amusement.

Mrs. A. D. Watts was present and took a snap shot of the whole group About 4.30 they all sat in a circle on the beautiful grass and sang "Tipperary," after which sandwiches, cake, coffee and bananas were served, all doing justice to the refreshments. About 5.30 the company broke up and returned to their homes, tired but happy.

Oval water pipes are less liable to burst when frozen than round ones.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE
Sells It For Less
SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR WED., THURS. AND FRI.
Read over this List of Special Bargains for These Three Days, it means Money Saved.

PATENT MEDICINES	Extra Special	PURE DRUGS
50c. Gin Pills .... 25c.	FREE	25c. Boracic Acid .. .. 15c.
50c. Dodds' Pills .. .. 29c.	A 10c Face Chamois	10c. Epsom Salts ..... 7c.
50c. Zam-Buk .. .. .. 35c.	Free with each tin of	20c. Essence Vanilla .... 10c.
50c. Williams' Pink Pills 30c.	25c Talcum	20c. Borax .... 10c.
60c. Abbey's Salt ...... 39c.		5c. Vaseline .. .. 3 for 10c.
25c. Abbey's Salt ...... 16c.	25c	25c. A. B. S. C. Tablets . 17c.
25c. Nerviline .. .. .. 15c.	Hydrogen Peroxide	10c. Camphorated Chalk 5c.
25c. Thomas' Elec. Oil . 15c.	10c	10c. Chloride Lime .. .. 8c.
50c. Fruitatives ...... 28c.		25c. Aromatic Cascara .. 20c.
25c. Hamilton's Pills .... 17c.	25c	
$1 Nature's Remedy .. 63c.	Blaud's Iron Pills	TOILET ARTICLES
50c. Nature's Remedy .. 35c.	2 for 25c	25c. Dressing Combs .... 18c.
25c. Nature's Remedy .. 12c.		50c. Dressing Combs .. 40c.
25c. Baby's Own Tablets 15c.	FREE	75c. Dressing Combs .. 65c.
25c. Chase's K. & L. Pills 15c.	A 25c Tooth Brush	25c. Sandalwood Talcum . 15c.
35c. Castoria .... 25c.	Free with each tube	25c Duchess Rose Talcum 15c.
60c. Chase's Ointment .. 50c.	of 25c Tooth Paste	25c. Violet Talcum .. .. 15c.
10c. Kkovah Health Salt 7c.		25c. Tooth Paste ...... 15c.
25c. Minard's Liniment . 17c.		10c. Ivory Soap ...... 5c.
25c. Egyptian Liniment . 17c.		15c. Glycerine Soap 3 for 25c.
$1 Burdock Blood Bitters 75c.		50c. Sage & Sulphur .... 40c.
$1 Ayers' Sarsaparilla .. 75c.		10c. Infants' Delight Soap 7c.
$1 Hood's Sarsaparilla . 75c.		35c. Massage Cream .. 20c.
25c. Parmalee's Pills .... 17c.		50c. Florida Water .. .. 39c.
And all other Patent Medicines at lowest prices.		

GET OUR PRICES. WE SAVE YOU MONEY

CIGAR SPECIALS	EXTRA SPECIAL	BARGAINS FOR BABY
10c. Irvings .... 5 for 25c.	15c	10c. Comforts .... 8c.
10c. Travellers .. 5 for 25c.	Palmolive Soap	50c. Allenbury's Food .. 45c.
10c. Van Horne . 5 for 25c.	3 for 25c	$1 Allenbury's Food .. 90c.
10c. Japs ..... 4 for 25c.		50c. Horlick's Malted Milk 45c
10c. Travellers' Club 4 for 25c.	$1.00	$1 Horlicks' Malted Milk 90c
10c. Diplomat .. 4 for 25c.	Beef Iron and Wine	50c. Nestle's Food .. .. 45c.
5c. Col. Steele .. 6 for 25c.	49c	EXTRA SPECIAL 25c. EXTRACT OF MALT 17c.
5c. Students ... 6 for 25c.		

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps
Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children's White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Rich Cut Glass

All pieces are genuine, full cut on plain blanks. You will find no better quality to be had in rich, artistically cut glass than right here. Every piece in the range is of the prettiest and latest design.

Cut Glass is most acceptable for any gift, be it a wedding or a birthday. We have selected our stock carefully, both as to quality and price. Every conceivable piece is here in all its richness, such as: Fruit Bowls, Bon Bon Dishes, Comports, Vases, Candle Sticks, Water Bottles, Water Jugs, Butter Dishes, Mustard Jars, Oil Bottles, Tumblers, Salt and Pepper Shakers, etc.,

A beautiful rich designed Sugar and Cream set at $2.50 is splendid value.

Berry Bowls an excellent stock to choose from $4.50 to $10.50
Bon Bon Dishes from .... $1.50 to $12.00
Water Jugs from .... $3.50 to $8.50

We enumerate a few of the popular prices only; numerous others at correspondingly low prices.

We also have a splendid well assorted stock of Silverware, such as Pie Servers, Sugar Shells, Berry Spoons, Dessert Spoons, Tea Spoons, etc., etc., at exceedingly low prices.

Come here for gifts. Our stock is well selected.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage
Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER
Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This
We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.
Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
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Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates. Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

COALITIONS.

Under party government as it exists in England and in the outlying portions of the Empire, coalitions, as a rule, are not favored, rendering, as they do, if not a sacrifice of opinions and principles on the part of each side of political parties, for the time being at least, ultimately breaking out in open revolt and final separation, each party dropping into line with old associations and returning to the advocacy of principles which divided them before entering into a coalition. Such has been the fate of coalitions in the past, and such, no doubt, will be repeated after the present crises in the affairs of the nation are over.

The coalition in England now proposed and in course of formation does not appear to be strongly approved by either party. The Conservatives, while earnestly approving and supporting the Government in its war policy, have in other respects no confidence in the general policy of the Government. The same may be said in reference to the Liberals, so far as relates to the general policy of the Conservatives, with the additional reason that they are surrendering power which they now enjoy. Fortunately love of Empire and devotion to free institutions overweigh all minor questions, rendering, it is believed, united action on the part of every Briton to bring to his knees the tyrant who now desires the subjugation of the world to make it a vassal to his will.

There are, however, circumstances occurring in the life of all countries governed as is ours under free institutions, when coalitions are necessary and acceptable to all parties, in order to grapple with difficulties which neither party alone could as well surmount while acting upon strictly party lines. Canada had an experience in this respect. In the latter part of 1850, and early part of 1860, parties were so evenly divided in the country that it was with difficulty either party could successfully govern it. Many now active in life will remember the time when the Macdonald-Cartier Cabinet existed on the will and sufferance of a majority of three or four in the Legislative Assembly, while holding its sessions in the city of Quebec. This state of affairs led to a union of Conservatives and Liberals, the former led by the late Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, and Sir George E. Cartier, and the latter by the late Hon. George Brown and the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, which coalition resulted in the Confederation of the Provinces that exists today. True, the union of Provinces was at first confined to Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, provision being made for the entrance into the Confederation of the other portions of the British North American continent.

This was indeed a wise and successful coalition. But the inevitable followed. Time rolled on and the Brown-Mackenzie section of the combination separated, leaving the Macdonald-Cartier portion of the Cabinet in possession of a Government organized after the object for which the coalition was entered into had completed its work, making Canada what she is to day.

The proposed coalition of parties in England, wide apart as they were as the poles, has astonished the world. He who a few months ago would have foretold such a union as Balfour and Law sitting at the same council board with Asquith and Lloyd George would have been considered a fit inmate for a lunatic asylum. Circumstances, however, justifies what has been done. The existence of the Empire was in the scales, necessitating a union of all parties, having but one object in view—the preservation of the Empire; hence we witness today a sinking of all differences of opinion on minor questions, and a combination of all classes, including Ulster Carson and South of Ireland Redmond. Let them remain so united until Germany is conquered; then if they so desire, as no doubt they will, fall back into line of all old party differences.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION IN SASKATCHEWAN.

The Government of the Province of Saskatchewan has tackled the liquor question and is now battling with a subject that Lloyd George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, declared that when any party attempted to deal with in England they burned their fingers politically, and promised never to touch it again. The Government of the new Province shows more pluck than its Liberal friends in England, and will "stand or fall" by its policy, which is somewhat drastic in character. It involves the abolition of all bar and club licenses, and assumes Government ownership of the wholesale and bottle trade, and provides that all licenses are to disappear on July 1st, 1915, and no opportunity is to be given for their restoration by popular vote until December, 1910, thus giving the people one and one-half years of license-less conditions before they are asked to pronounce on the question. In 1919 a referendum is to be taken on the question of continuing or abolishing the Government bottle trade.

Premier Scott is not to have the full support of his party. Some of them argue that for the bar—where liquor is sold by the glass—there is to be established a resort, where instead of a mere glass of whiskey the man who desires a drink will be forced to buy a bottle containing probably a dozen drinks.

"If we are not much mistaken," says The Calgary News-Telegram, "the Scott plan will increase the consumption of strong drink in place of the lighter beverages. In our opinion, indeed, a gallon of strong whiskey purchased from a dispensary will do more harm than a barrel of light beer consumed on the hotel premises. And when the consumption of beer by the glass is forbidden, the most natural thing in the world is that the purchase of strong drink by the bottle will be increased."

A contemporary adds the following:—

"The temperance workers of Saskatchewan are already facing the question of accommodation for the travelling public which will arise as soon as the bars are closed and with them many hotels. The Committee of One Hundred has asked the Government to give municipalities the power to purchase, build or lease hotel buildings, and to operate them. It has also been suggested that the proceeds of the public dispensaries, or a portion of the proceeds, might equitably be used as a subsidy to assist either municipalities or, in certain cases, the present hotel proprietors to provide public accommodation. The Premier has definitely declared against direct compensation for license holders, but it is possible that he might consider the proposal here outlined of partly remunerating them for the first few years out of the profits from the Government's bottle trade."

If Premier Scott had the courage to propose even a limited compensation, not for the deprivation of licenses, but for actual loss to property destroyed by the adoption of his policy, he would have less opposition. If the policy is approved by the people it will be interesting to see how it works out.

ARE YOU STRONG ENOUGH TO WORK?

Mrs. Hubbard Tells How Vinol the Famous Cod Liver and Iron Tonic Built Her up and Made Her Strong.

Covington, Ky.—"I was in a general run-down condition and suffered from a bad cough. I have a family of four, and after working for a while around the house I would get so tired I would have to sit down and rest and sometimes it seemed as though my back would break.

"I tried cod liver oil emulsions and other remedies but did not seem to get any help. Finally one day I saw Vinol advertised and tried it. I soon noticed a decided improvement, and now it has built up my health and strength."—Mrs. ALEX. HUBBARD, Covington, Ky.

Vinol is a constitutional remedy for all weak, nervous and run-down conditions of men, women and children.

In a natural manner this delicious cod liver and iron tonic creates a hearty appetite, aids digestion, makes pure, healthy blood and thus creates strength for the run-down and debilitated. We have never sold in our store a more dependable remedy for coughs, colds and bronchitis than Vinol.

Try a bottle, and if it doesn't help you we will return your money.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

THE BEST HOPS & MALTS IRRESPECTIVE OF PRICE

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

THE SENATE VACANCIES.

Sir Robert Borden now has the right to appoint eighteen new Senators, nine to fill vacancies and nine from the West, who will take their seats after the next general election.—Globe of the 22nd April.

Is the Globe strictly correct in this statement? True the nine vacancies can be filled now, but the nine for the Western Provinces cannot be appointed until after the dissolution of the present Parliament, and as that important function has not yet taken place, the nine Western Senators cannot be appointed. This was the amendment made to the Bill by the Liberal Senators, and accepted by the Government.

Rexall Orderlies are a specific for the bowell troubles of ageing people. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store. 10c., 25c., and 50c. boxes.

CURRENT COMMENT

In the matter of news interest all roads lead to Rome.

Austria's ultimatum to Serbia now takes on the character of a death-warrant of the Dual Monarchy.

President Wilson might send an addition to his note to Germany now, setting a time limit for the reply.

Canadian manufacturers have been congratulated by Lord Kitchener upon the kind of shells they have made. This ought to stimulate them towards making more, for "Shells, and more shells" is the cry in England just now.

Canada's new army boot is said to be the happy medium between the former Canadian boot and the British army boot, combining the flexibility of the one and the strength of the other. It should be a winning walker.

Holders of liquor licenses in Leeds passed this resolution: "That this meeting pledges itself to prevent by all morally lawful means the penalization of a loyal and legitimate industry and its customers; and further regrets that that King should have been cajoled into a misapprehension by the audacious mendacity of Mr. Lloyd George."

The Canadian building at the San Francisco Exposition continues to excite high praise from the United States Press. The Los Angeles Herald says: "There never was a more complete, inspiring exhibit of the wonders of a great country," and that "the Canadians have eclipsed completely the exhibits of every one of our individual states."

Posters distributed in Peterborough advertising a public meeting in Market Square to protest against the proposed changes in the British Cabinet brought out exactly nine people on Wednesday night, two of who were newspaper reporters. The incident seems to show that the citizens of the thriving Ontario city are generally convinced that the people of the United Kingdom are the right ones to manage their own affairs. And that is the correct view.—Montreal Gazette.

Men in the European armies are available only as they have cartridges, guns as they have shells. Half the force and twice the ammunition about equal twice the force and half the ammunition. The outcome of the war is not so much in reserve as in capacity of the munitions factories. Russia with an immense army may be less formidable than France with a smaller army. The question is how many shells and cartridges France has and how many Russia has, and how many Russia can produce. Recruiting and conscription have less effect than cartridge making. The nation which produces the greatest amount of ammunition is the strongest nation. Another may have twice its strength in men. Strength in shells is possible.—Chicago Tribune.

THE SEA IS HIS

The Sea is His: He made it
  Black gulf and sunlit shoal
From barriered bight to where the long
  Leagues of Atlantic roll:
Small strait and ceaseless ocean
  He bade each one to be,
The Sea is His: He made it—
  And England keeps it free.

By pain and stress and striving
  Beyond the nations' ken,
By vigils stern while others slept,
  By many lives of men;
Through nights of storm, through dawnings
  Blacker than midnights be—
This Sea that God created,
  England has kept it free.

Count me the splendid captains
  Who sailed with courage high
To chart the perilous ways unknown—
  Tell me where these men lie!
To light a path for ships to come
  They moored at Dead Man's Quay;
The Sea is God's: He made it—
  And these men kept it free.

Oh, little land of England,
  Oh, mother of hearts too brave,
Men say this trust shall pass from thee
  Who guardest Nelson's grave.
Ay, but these braggarts yet shall learn
  Who'd hold the world in fee,
The Sea is God's—and England,
  England shall keep it free.

R. E. VERNEDE,
(London Daily Standard)

Agricultural News

BEEKEEPING IN ONTARIO

During the latter part of April report forms sent by the Department of Agriculture to a large number of beekeepers in Ontario. These were filled out and returned and the following summary of the winter loss, condition of the bees and honey crop prospects for 1915 taken from them.

Nine hundred and ninety-three beekeepers reported 37,317 colonies in the fall, and 31,310 colonies in the spring, showing a winter loss of 6,007 colonies or 16.1%. This was largely due to his unfavorable breeding season of 1914, causing many colonies to go into winter quarters with large numbers of old bees; also to the poor quality of the stores, causing granulation, which gives unfavorable results, as in districts where much sugar syrup was fed in the fall the losses are comparatively small. This is the heaviest winter loss reported for some years, and if we were to judge by last year's crop failure following the lightest winter loss reported for years we would expect a bumper crop.

In considering these reports it must be remembered that only one in seven who received the blanks sent reports, also that the inclination is not to report failures but only successes. One hundred additional blanks came back with the statement that the sender was "not a beekeeper" in many cases having lost all of his small apiary without giving numbers which could be used in making an estimate. It has also been learned that some extensive beekeepers have lost heavily without reporting in the regular way. It seems that either the wintering problem has no been entirely solved, even by the specialist, or else he is not always putting all his knowledge into practice.

The colonies that survived had an early cleansing flight and brood rearing started during the warm spell in April. The first reports received indicated that the bees were in a weak condition, but reports that arrived later show the bees to be building up rapidly and in fairly good condition.

The honey crop prospects vary considerably in the different districts. In the southern counties, the clover is reported in good condition and the prospects extremely bright. The crop outlook about the Georgian Bay is only fair. Farther east—Ontario and Victoria counties—both condition of bees and crop prospects are poor. In the extreme east the early reports were bright, but later ones show spring dwindling and a darkening prospect of the honey crop.

It is impossible to determine with any certainty the honey crope prospect at this date as a late frost or a prolonged dry spell might cause serious loss, but generally speaking while the winter loss is discouraging, the rapidity of the building up of the colonies, the great quantity of pollen collected and the generally promising appearance of the clover crop would indicate a favorable season for the beekeepers who have wintered their bees.

Judging by the heavy winter lose, however, and the crop failure of 1914, there does not seem to be much danger of an over production of honey this year.

In Hastings County there have been 23 reports received; 569 "fair to good" colonies were reported in the fall, 483 in the spring of 1915; winter loss, 15; general condition of bees, fair to good.

APIARY DEMONSTRATIONS

Great interest has been shown in the apiary demonstrations conducted throughout the Province under the direction of Mr. Morley Pettit, Provincial Apiarist. The attendance at the fifty-five meetings held during the season of 1914, averaged 34, while in 1912 the average was 25. Unexcelled opportunities are offered those present to have their difficulties in bee keeping explained, and the demonstrator, having the apiary and the equipment at his disposal is able to illustrate his remarks to great advantage.

The meetings are hold in the apiaries. Hives are opened and the working of the colony displayed. Attention is directed to the different kinds of cells, the various stages of the brood, the queen is pointed out, and suggestions made on the activities of the colony. Foul Brood, swarming, wintering and requeening are also discussed and the time is very profitably spent both for the beginner and the experienced beekeeper.

The use of models of a wintering case for wintering four colonies outdoors will be an interesting addition to the meetings to be held this season. Already arrangements are under way for two demonstrations in each county. The date and place of meeting will be announced in the papers and on cards sent to the beekeepers.

From present indications these meetings will be more widely attended and of greater value to the beekeepers than ever before.

Those interested can obtain particulars from the Agriculture Department, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

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What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and hand them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. The best way to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to use Sargol, the recently discovered regenerative force that is recommended so highly by physicians here and abroad. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and notice how quickly your cheeks fill out and rolls of firm, healthy flesh are deposited over your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point. J. S. McKeown and other good druggists have Sargol, or can get it from their wholesaler, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

Caution:—While Sargol has produced remarkable results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles, it should not be taken unless you are willing to gain ten pounds or more, for it is a wonderful flesh-builder.

THE SERGEANT OBJECTED

Ex-President Taft, talking about neutrality, said, with his jolly laugh:

"I'm afraid your idea of neutrality, my friend, is as confused as was the raw recruit's idea of drill.

"A sergeant was initiating a squad of raw recruits into the drill manual. He lectured them for two hours. Then he got down to practical work.

"'Right turn!' he shouted.

"Then, as they slowly swung around, 'Left turn.'

"But here a big recruit muttered an oath, stepped out of the ranks and lit a cigar.

"'Hey, there, you!' roared the sergeant. 'What are you up to?'

"'I'm done,' the recruit answered scornfully. 'Why, you don't know your own mind two minutes runnin'.'"

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H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 396.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13— 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.0? a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.30 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Tarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked "D."
J. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

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The Colonel's Duel

By M. QUAD

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After supper a dozen or more of us congregated in the hotel office for a smoke, and presently the landlord came among us to say:

"Gentlemen, we have a fire eater in this town named Colonel Sebastian. He has several peculiar theories of his own, and I wish to post you in advance. He is very strong in his talk and should you differ with him he will challenge you to a duel. The colonel is a dead shot, and I hope you'll take a friendly tip and not engage in a discussion. Let him have his own way and never mind what he says."

The colonel had never killed any one yet, but that he stood ready to do so if his opinions were disputed the landlord felt dead certain, and so we agreed to agree with the colonel if he came in—all but one. The exception was the smallest and the most humble looking man among the guests. No one knew that he had made up his mind to oppose the colonel, and when the latter entered, half an hour later, he picked him out of the crowd as a good man to go for. He got alongside of him and after a bit turned on him with:

"Perhaps you have not been informed that I am the originator of the idea that all men were once animals of some sort and that perfection has been reached only after many centuries of time?"

"No, sir, I haven't," was the prompt reply.

"But I am, suh, and what do you think of the idea?"

"What idea?"

"Why, the one just stated. I think you heard me, suh—I think you did."

"Oh, I remember! Well, I don't train with that crowd, thank heaven!"

"Suh, do you know what you are saying?" cried the colonel.

"I do."

"And that your language, suh, is personally offensive—personally offensive!"

"I'm sorry you belong to the crowd who furnishes great ideas."

"Crowd, suh! Why, you have grossly insulted me and must at once apologize or accept a challenge!"

"Bring on your challenge, colonel!"

"Then you will fight me, suh?"

"Certainly. Just name time, place and weapons. By the way, I want to leave in the morning. Can't we fight in the billiard room, out in the yard, up in my room? No use waiting until tomorrow."

"And you'll fight me, suh?" gasped the colonel.

"With the greatest of pleasure, and I'll bet a thousand dollars to a shilling I kill you. Where can we get swords, rifles, pistols or bowie knives? I am just aching to fight you!"

"Were you told about me, suh, befo' I appeared here this evening?"

"Oh, yes."

"You were told that I was Colonel Sebastian?"

"I believe that was the name."

"The Colonel Sebastian of the Fifteenth Texas?"

"Yes, the Tenth or the Fifteenth."

"Who led the charge at Malvern Hill?"

"It was something like that."

"Not only one charge, suh, but three—three desperate charges!"

"They say five, but let it go at three."

"And, suh," said the colonel as he frowned like a bushel of carpet tacks, "did you hear that I was a duelist?"

"Something was said to that effect."

"And that I had had twelve affairs of honah?"

"Only twelve, colonel? Why I understood it was twenty," replied the other. "Well, this one will make you thirteen."

"Yes, suh—yes, suh. Will you honah me by giving your name?"

"Name? Please excuse me for my forgetfulness. Did you ever hear of General Chilvers?"

"Why—why"—

"Of the Louisiana Tigers?"

"Who—what"—

"Who led nine desperate charges at second Bull Run?"

"Bless me, suh!"

"And who has killed three times the number of men that you have in duels?"

"General Chilvers"—

"Never mind that, colonel. You have challenged me, and I accept. Let us have it over with as soon as possible, as I have some business to attend to."

"General Chilvers"—

"I choose pistols, and I don't think it will detain me over five minutes. Where shall we go?"

The colonel swallowed his Adam's apple three or four times and then asked:

"You--you won't apologize?"

"No, sir, never! My object is to kill you and get a theorist off the earth. Hurry up, or I may not be able to hold myself!"

The colonel was on his feet, but he drew himself up, settled his hat on his head and his face was as white as flour and his voice trembled as he said:

"Suh, I am a fighter and a dead shot, but as this is my birthday, suh, and I don't want to stain it with blood I overlook your rather eccentric ways."

And when the silence had lasted five long minutes the landlord turned to the small and humble man and gasped:

"For heaven's sake, who and what are you?"

And the reply was:

"Oh, I'm just Simmons, and I travel for a Chicago crockery house. This is my first trip."

Corrected.

Miss Kitty—Before you were married, Mrs. Blunt, did your husband bring you many flowers? Mrs. Blunt

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50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

DAY OF THE QUILL PEN.

When Writing Paper Was Poor and Envelopes Were Unknown.

The constant mending required by quill pens must have proved a severe trial in the days when no others were available, says the London Chronicle. Alexander I. of Russia thought it necessary to employ a man whose sole duty consisted in cutting pens. He was required to have a supply of not less than 100 quills always ready.

This number was by no means excessive, for Alexander would never use the same pen twice. Even the writing of a signature spoiled a pen, in his opinion, for subsequent use. The quill cutter, who received a salary of £340 a year, accompanied the czar on all his journeys, including campaigns against Napoleon.

Writing implements changed considerably for the better during Sir Walter Gilbey's long spell of life. "Though quill pens are still in use," he remarks in his "Recollections of Seventy Years," "I remember the time when one seldom saw any other kind. Steel pens in their early days were expensive and ill made, and few people used them. The paper we had seventy years ago may have been partly to blame. It had neither the substance nor the surface we take as a matter of course nowadays.

"I remember when envelopes came into use, and what a boon they were considered after the old system of closing letters with wafers or wax. Before envelopes were invented letters were always written with an eye to the position of the wafer or seal, a blank space being left to correspond with the space where this would be put on the outside, lest the written portion should be torn in opening."—New York Sun.

Pins.

It seemed as if it would take a whole paper of pins to mend the torn dress. The wearer appealed to her car neighbor.

"Have you any pins?" she asked.

The woman had none, but passed the query on, and in a little while every passenger was feeling along concealed edges and turning back lapels. In all, sixteen pins were produced. Fourteen were contributed by men.

"We never need them as much as the women, but somehow we carry them and the women don't," said one of the male passengers.—New York Post.

Curious Legend.

At Painswick churchyard, a pretty spot between Stroud and Gloucester, England, there are ninety-nine yew trees. The hundredth always dies, though it has been planted many times. A local story says that "when the hundredth lives after it has been planted the world will end."

Slitting a Pen.

The center slit in a pen is cut by a machine which seems almost to think. It consists of two chisels which barely pass each other when the slit is made, and the exact way in which the pen is poised so as to place the chisels in the proper position for cutting is one of the marvels of penmaking.

Shifting the Blame.

"Have you anything to say before I pass sentence?"

"Yes, your honor. I would call your attention to the fact that the fool lawyer who defended me was assigned to the case by yourself."—Philadelphia Ledger.

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She Found Her Vocation

By EUNICE BLAKE

Helen Warfield when nineteen years of age, by the death of first her father and a few months later her mother, found herself responsible for the support of herself and several brothers and sisters very much younger than herself. What should she do to feed and clothe her little ones? She had shown some talent in private theatricals for histrionics and had been told that she would achieve success on the stage. An old friend of her mother offered to advance a certain sum by which she might receive some education as an actress, and Helen availed herself of it, taking lessons of an elocutionist.

Her instructor did not encourage her. He told her that her enunciation was peculiar to herself and that it was unattractive. As for her action, especially her facial expression, it was all that could be desired. But she could not hope to please with that alone, and her enunciation would so repel an audience that her valuable qualities would not be appreciated.

Helen's friends told her that this was rubbish. She had pleased private audiences and she would with the same gifts please the public. Helen believed them because she preferred to believe them. She did not know that intimate friends, even if competent critics, will seldom give an unbiased criticism. As for professional critics, while they may judge as to what is artistic, when it comes to judging what the public will fancy they are as much at sea as any one else.

Helen, encouraged by her friends, persevered. After a hasty preparation she attempted, with the assistance of friends, to get an engagement. She was offered parts in which she would have but a few words to say, but she felt that they would give her no opportunity to show what she could do, and she pushed on for something better. Finally, at the earnest solicitation of a friend, she was given a trial. It was arranged that she should understudy for a part that would test her powers, and the person whom she was understudying agreed to give way to her as soon as she was ready to make the trial.

In due time she appeared in the role she had been preparing for. She made a dismal failure. She felt her part, acted her part, but she could not speak her part. As her preceptor had warned her, her enunciation spoiled the whole.

"What shall I do?" she moaned. "I have spent the money furnished me to study and have failed."

"I have heard," said her instructor, "that these men who show moving photographs are beginning to give little plays. If you are in need of money you might make something in that way."

Helen's heart sank within her. What—give up her dreams of having her name posted in enormous letters as a famous actress, to be photographed for a ten cent show! Horrible! Nevertheless, going home to a lot of hungry children, with nothing to buy food for them, sent her the next day to a studio where a picture play was just beginning to be made ready for presentation to the public. Although the manager had no experience at that early date in producing such plays, it occurred to him that the chief feature in them was the acting, especially the facial expression. Beauty was also an advantage, and Helen was comely.

"Let me see you look like a thief caught red handed," he said.

Helen obeyed.

"Good! Now laugh. Good again! Look at me with haughty contempt. Excellent! You are condemned to death. You are an innocent girl listening to the first words of love. That will do. You have the power of expressing by your face what you feel. In your case words are not needed. What salary do you expect?"

"Whatever you choose to pay."

"I will start you at $25 a week, but I am sure you will soon be worth more than that."

Helen was surprised. How easy was the getting of this situation compared with her efforts to secure a trial at which she had failed! The manager advanced a week's salary, anxious to bind the bargain and fearing some other manager would get her away from him.

He gave her a part in the play that he was about making photographs for, and it was at once evident that she would make a great success. And she did.

Helen Warfield within a few months was receiving $100 a week and is now a prime movie favorite. She has seen the day when famous actors and actresses are proud to perform by photograph. She has a genius for interpreting humanity by expression, though she has no gift whatever for rendering it in speech. The plays selected for her are such as may be rendered in this way. She has acted the title role in some of the famous plays, but they are those in which the strength lies in the acting rather than the speech.

It is needless to add that Helen Warfield is making money, and feeding, clothing and educating her charges is a very simple matter. When she has acted her parts sufficiently to be photographed successfully in them her work is done, while her competitors on the stage are obliged to work on for every cent they receive.

Careful of Their Own.

The German Admiralty has ordered its submariens to be careful about steamers leaving Havre for England because they may have German pris-

SUGAR DAYS.

Quebec Leads the Dominion In Production.

When the chap who spent the past few days visiting his old home up country brought his newspaper parcel down to the office, did you get your chunk of forest confectionery? "Sap's runnin', sap's runnin'"—has been the welcome call throughout the province. Ontario produces a trifle over 5,000,000 pounds against nearly 14,500,000 pounds to the credit of Quebec. The lower provinces lag behind with another half-million pounds, and exhausts the tale of this industry for the Dominion. There are about 55,000 Canadian maple sugar producers, and their picturesque if strenuous labors represent an annual valuation of almost two million dollars, says a writer in a recent issue of the Toronto Star Weekly.

The best maple "milker" is the wide-rooted, tall, leafy-crowned tree—bulged out like an umbrella—such as the naturally growing forest maple. That accounts for Quebec's record, her bush lots have not all been cut into for cordwood. The season generally begins around the middle of March, scarcely ever lasting halfway through April. Fuel for boiling the sap is a big item, the average requirements being 10 cords of mixed hard and soft wood for 1,000 trees.

Once the great pine forests of all Old Ontario was plentifully diversified with maple bush. Generations of original settlers and farmers have thinned both out woefully. Happy the Ontario farmer who to-day can boast his bush lot of even 300 or 400 sugar maples. It's the same as money. Places in Ontario around which there still remain important sugar-making activities are Troy, Gowanstown, Cargill, Meira, Lafontaine, Waterloo, Rednersville, Wroxeter, Cookston, Bloomfield, Martintown, etc., but there's scarcely any county where some tapping has not been going on this spring. In the small bushes they are still employing "old grand-dad's way" of years back. Warm days and cold nights are best for a good run. Into the half-inch auger-hole, about three feet from the ground, goes the "spile" on which the pail is hung to catch the sweety flow. This metal spile was a hollowed out sumach branch in old times, and deprives the modern farmer of much whittling and pith-poking for winter evenings. The greatest improvements are noted at the bush "kitchen." The "evaporator" replaces the old-fashioned boiling pot that turned the sap to sugar, and the latest improved evaporators are quite elaborate and thorough in their get-up. Sometimes two of these flat, broad, sheet-iron affairs are used, the sap entering the first or "warmer," and passing after filtration to the second or "evaporator," steadily flowing in a shallow, down-grade stream past alternating copper partitions, from side to side; when the sap reaches the far end the heat of the fire below will have turned it into a thin syrup. This is removed and filtered and set in shapes to "grain" or solidify into sugar; while the drippings therefrom are collected below and bottled or canned and labelled "maple syrup—warranted pure!"

The man with a small bush does not need to make a "business" of it—generally the small fry attend to the whole thing from tapping to sugaring down, with his female folks putting on the final touches that help at the nearest market. The fire-tender needs patience. Sometimes he works under a rude roof of boards, oftener not, he's generally content with a sheltered, "warm," hollow in the bush.

Sacrificed Two Toes.

Many minor operations have been performed and numerous molars have been sacrificed by recruits at Welland, Ont., that they might pass the medical examinations necessary to join the various contingents, but William Ritson has gone the others one better. When he volunteered he was rejected owing to the fact that he had a hammer toe on each foot. Not to be denied his desire to fight the Germans he submitted to an operation by which the offending toes were amputated. Fully recovered from the operation, he was accepted and is now a member of the third contingent, joining the quota from

Elliot Lost the Race.

Brother officers of Col. Elliot, of the Second Canadian Contingent, tell the following story: Major J. H. Elmsley, now second in command of the Royal Canadian Dragoons at the front, when general staff officer in this division was known to be a man who never lost his temper. When Col. Elliot joined the staff, he quickly gained the same reputation for evenness of disposition. The other officers began to wonder which would lose his temper first, and the affair developed into a game in which every man on the headquarters staff took a lively interest. When the staff went to Niagara camp two years ago, the work became strenuous enough to try the nerves of any man, yet Elmsley and Elliot were still tied in the race for the laurel for coolness in times of stress. The game continued and each day when the officers sat down together at dinner, Maj.-Gen. Lessard would ask: "How's the race? Has either lost his temper yet." The answer continued in the negative for weeks. One day, however, something happened. Col. Elliot was forced to say "damnation" and the race was declared over, much to the amusement of the other officers.

A Brilliant Chemist.

A. T. Charron, who has recently been appointed chief chemist for the Department of Agriculture of the Province of Quebec and who will henceforth reside at St. Hyacinthe, Que., was one of the leading chemists of the Government at Ottawa and a brilliant graduate of Ottawa University. For some time past he has been secretary-treasurer of the syndicate publishing Le Droit. He is also president of the French-Canadian Educational Association of Ontario and has been president of the Monument National, of Ottawa.

To Broaden Dr. Grenfell's Work.

A broadening of the scope of the mission work among the fishermen of Labrador was indicated in the annual report of the International Grenfell Association recently issued. The mission, together with the hospitals, has treated 7,345 patients during the past year. During the same period it is stated $66,839 was spent for medical and mission work.

His Temper.

"My dear," said a lady to her husband, "there must be a lot of iron in your system."

"Why do you think so?"

"Because you invariably lose your temper when you get hot!"

HYGIENIC—Pure warm air, properly humidified, important to health. Location in

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See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

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"D & A" or "La Diva" Corsets retailing at $2.50 are equal in style, material and workmanship to imported corsets costing $3.50 to $5.00; the duty and extra profit—for which you get nothing, explains the difference.

Quite aside from your natural wish to encourage Canadian workmen, it is worth your while, for the saving it involves—to buy a "D & A" or a "La Diva" Corset.

"BUY MADE-IN-CANADA CORSETS" 6-15

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Make These Your Daily Aids!

Get Benefit and Pleasure!

As your daily companions these wholesome, economical confections will quicken your appetite, aid your digestion, quench your thirst, keep the mouth and throat moist and refreshed and free from bad taste.

Doctors and dentists both attest its good effects. You can be sure it's the BEST GUM, because it's not only made clean but is *sealed air-tight* in the waxed wrapped package. Always fresh and clean.

Chew it after every meal.

MADE IN CANADA

Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ontario C13

Robert E. Kemerer

108 BAY STREET.
TORONTO, ONT.

MARKET LETTER

The markets have, up to the time of the writing of this letter, been simply "backing and filling," pending the outcome of the negotiations between the United States and Germany. As I suggested last week, however, I cannot see, how even at he worst the affair can become more than a diplomatic matter. Even supposing the German reply was such as to cause a severance of diplomatic relations between the two countries, it would not of necessity mean an active participation in the war by the United States. Granted these premises, it would appear that investors and speculators are unduly nervous, especially in view of the great underlying strength of the markets.

Dominion Steel—The general improvement in the steel trade must, of necessity, have benefitted the Dominion Steel Company though no figures are available at the present time. The financial position of the company has been unfavorable for some time past, but it is to be hoped that the large shell orders received by the company will tend to improve matters in this direction. According to President Plummer there is a great amount of foreign business offering, altogether aside from war orders, but, on the other hand, transportation rates are excessive in this war time and greatly increase costs. Dominion Steel will, I think, be a good stock to watch, as any general improvement will tend to benefit the stock.

Canada Steamship—It will be a matter of gratification to holders of shares of the Canada Steamships Company to know that five of the freighters of the company have been rechartered, probably for the trans-Atlantic service. In an interview granted a few days ago Mr. Norcoss stated that the company purposed entering the trans-Atlantic field on its own account, and would proceed to put four of its boats on this service, one of them to sail about the end of this month. Though insurance rates are high, freight rates have advanced to a point which more than offsets this unfavorable feature.

Brazilian Traction—Mr. Alexander Mackenzie has, as was expected, been elected to the presidency of the Brazilian Traction Company to succeed the late Dr. Pearson. Mr. Mackenzie should be a president most acceptable to shareholders in that he has been connected with the enterprise from its inception and is thoroughly conversant with every phase of the company's affairs.

There have been various disquieting rumors circulating with regard to Brazilian which may or may not be accurate. I have been unable to either substantiate or disprove them so that in the meantime all that I can say is that on the basis of officially published facts the shares appear decidedly cheap at around current levels.

	Asked	Bid
Brazilian	52	51
Consumers Gas	182½	..
Inter Petroleum	9.50	9.00
Mackay Com	..	79½
Mackay Pfd	67	64
Maple Leaf Com	64	63
Maple Leaf Pfd	96½	96
Twin City	98	97½
Canada Bread Pfd	98	97½
Canada Bread Pfd	90	..
Porcupine Stocks		
Dome Extension	.08¾	.08½
Dome Lake	.16½	.15½
Dome Mines	13.00	12.50
Foley-O'Brien	.34⅞	.33
Hollinger	26.50	25.50
Homestake Mines Fin	.22	.21
Jupiter	.10¾	.10¼
McIntyre	.43¾	.43
Porcupine Crown	.84	.80
Porcupine Vipond	.51	.50
Rea	.11	.9
Teck-Hughes	.05	.04¼
Cobalt Stocks		
Bailey	.02¾	.02⅝
Buffalo	.75	.50
Beaver	.35	.33½
Chambers-Ferland	.19	.17
Crown Reserve	.78	.76
Kerr Lake	4.80	4.65
La Rose	.58	.56
McKinley-Darragh	.27	.26
Nipissing	5.77	5.65
Peterson Lake	.24½	.24
Temiskaming	.36½	.36
Coppers		
Inspiration	.30	.29½
Chino	.43⅝	.43¼
Anaconda	.31½	.31¼
Utah Consolidated	.64¾	.64⅜
Miami	.21⅛	.24
Nevada	.14½	.14¼
Ray Consolidated	.23	.22½

MADE IN CANADA

BERMUDA 3 for 50¢
SALISBURY 2 for 25¢
W.G.&R. COLLARS
THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED
BERLIN, ONTARIO

SHADOW PICTURES.

The Silhouette as the Origin of All Pictorial Art.

In the year 1759, when Etienne de Silhouette was minister of finance under Louis XV., a man whose name has not been preserved started in Paris an exhibition that he called Chinese shadows. This consisted in throwing upon a sheet the black outlines of men or objects and making these shadows take part in a play. It so happened that at this time Silhouette was unpopular. He had spent many years in England and had returned to his native country greatly impressed with English methods of public economy. Undertaking to apply these principles to French finances, he met with decided disapproval by the Parisians. But little thanks did he get except to have his efforts branded as parsimonious.

Some one recalled that M. de Silhouette had written a book, "A General Idea For the Government of the Chinese," in which he exploited his economical theories. The popularity of the Chinese shadows was responsible for the jibe that Silhouette had issued the book as an advance notice for the show; hence the shadows were called silhouettes, and the name was naturally extended to portraits that were then coming into vogue, in which were presented only the outlines of faces and figures filled in with black.

Though the fashion and the name of the silhouette are of comparatively recent origin, the art itself is ancient. It was used by Etruscan potters eight centuries before Christ, and a classic legend, which has been illustrated by Benjamin West in a famous picture called "The Origin of Painting," claimed that all pictorial art originated in an attempt to paint the fleeting shadows of men and women as they fell upon a wall or a blank space.—Detroit Free Press.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

He Was a Very Mean Man

By OSCAR COX

I knew a man who was so mean that he married a woman he believed to be waiting for his best friend to marry her.

Ralph Newland and Herbert Tucker were the friends. Ralph was the selfish man. Herbert was so generous that he would have given away his head if it could have been of use to another. The secret of Ralph's power over women no one could explain except the girls be fooled, and it is a question if even they knew just how he did it. At any rate, he seemed to draw them as honey draws flies.

Tucker became engaged to Laura Perkins and introduced his friend Newland to her. Within a fortnight she had deserted Tucker for Newland. Tucker was philosophic about it. He said that if the girl preferred his friend to him his friend was welcome to her and she to him. After the damage had been done Newland sheered off and left Miss Perkins out in the cold. She tried to make it up with Tucker, but Tucker would have nothing to do with her. What made her mad was that Tucker seemed to be more friendly than before with the man who had deprived him of her. It was a direct reflection on her, indicating that Tucker felt grateful for having been saved from her.

After awhile Tucker made up to another girl, Helen Spingler. He introduced Newland to this one, too, telling him that if he could win her away from him he was welcome to do so. Tucker didn't want any girl for a wife who didn't love him better than the whole world. He asked his friend to put his second love to a similar test to the first. Newland accommodated him and captured the girl.

Tucker was so pleased at having been saved from a girl who could not have been in love with him—so he considered it—that he blew Newland off to a champagne dinner. Newland was surprised that his friend took all this supplanting with such equanimity, but could not detect the slightest wounding of his amour propre. "It's all right," said Tucker, "only a matter of taste. Some day I may find a girl who will truly love me; then no one can take her away from me. Meanwhile I appreciate these services you are doing me."

Newland dropped the last girl as he had dropped the first. Miss Spingler had more tact than the other. She didn't let on she was a bit displeased. She only said that there wasn't enough in both the men to make one real, noble, good man, and she was well rid of both of them. But she did not say this to either Tucker or Newland; she said it to a friend. As to the men, she told them she hoped they would both be her friends for ever and ever. This was after she had known of how Tucker stuck to Newland despite the way the former was taking the latter's girl away from him, and probably she wanted to show that a woman might have an equanimity of that kind in her as well as a man.

One day Newland received an anonymous note informing him that Tucker was courting a third girl and keeping it a secret from his friend. Newland showed the note to Tucker, who denied the impeachment. Newland only half believed him. Only persons of real innocence believe in the innocence of others, and Newland wasn't exactly an innocent man, as may appear from this story.

Presently he received another letter informing him that Tucker was about to be married. Newland did not show this letter to Tucker. He kept it to himself, but concluded to watch his friend. It happened that Tucker had a platonic friend on whom he called occasionally, and one evening Newland shadowed him to her house.

"I wonder," said Newland to himself, "if after all I've done for him he thinks he's going to fool me. I'll get even with him."

Tucker told Newland one day that he was going out of town for a week. A few hours after the parting Newland was called to the telephone, and the following brief dialogue occurred between him and a female voice:

"Mr. Newland?"

"Yes, I'm Newland."

"Are you aware that your friend, Mr. Tucker, is about to be married this evening?"

"No. Is he?"

"Yes, at a quarter to 9 at 274 Mulford street."

"You don't mean it?"

There was a click, and Newland could get nothing more. It was half past 8. No time to lose. He was in evening dress, ready for a wedding. Calling a cab, in ten minutes he was at 274 Mulford street and entered a room where a bride and two bridesmaids were evidently awaiting the groom. The bride was veiled, and the bridesmaids turned away.

"For heaven's sake, don't marry Herbert Tucker," he said to the bride. "He will make your life miserable."

There was a hurried dialogue. The bride said she had promised to marry and must marry, whereupon Newland declared that rather than have her sacrifice herself he would marry her. A parson waiting in the next room was called in, the bridesmaids turned, each let down a veil, and the couple were married. When they were pronounced man and wife the three women raised their veils.

The bride was old and homely. One bridesmaid was Miss Perkins, the other Miss Spingler.

His Hint.

Hunter—Are you ever shot at by mistake for a deer? Guide (impressively)—I dunno. They never fire to tell what they shot at me for.—Exchange.

$15 Stylish Suits $15

Some of our Best Selling New Spring Suits, in Black, Navy, Belgian Blue, Sand and Grey, selling regularly from $18.50 to $22.50, have been reduced to $15.00

Several lines in beautiful materials and leading colors, prices,..................$25.00, $27.50

Silk Faille Suits in several styles and shades are priced at..$25.00

Dress Goods

A table-full of Check Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, in Smooth and Honeycomb Checks, in Brown, Red, Navy, New Blue and Black. Splendid value at 35c yard.

Are Your Hose Insured?

Ladies' Soft Lisle, 6 pairs, guaranteed 6 months, $2.00
Ladies' Fine Silk, 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, $3.00
Children's Lisle, 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, $1.00

Holeproof Hosiery

Purses

The newest shapes in Hand Bags have just arrived. They may be had in Black Leather and Silk Poplin in Black or colors.
Prices $1.00 and $1.25 each.

Underwear

In our Underwear Department we are showing a very full range of light weight Knitted Underwear for Ladies and Children.
Ladies' Vests and Drawers from 10c to 75c
Ladies' Ribbed Combinations in Balbriggan, Lisle and Silk Mercerized..................25c to $1.50
Also a full range of Children's Vests and Drawers in both White and Black.

Wash Silks

Habutai Silk for Waists is very popular on account of its washing and wearing qualities. We have it in Black and White, 36 inches wide, from 65c to $1.00 yard.

Kiddies' Clothes

Oliver Twist Suits are just the thing for boys and girls from 2 to 6 years; made in two pieces and striped or plain colors.
Boys' Suits from..........................75c to $1.50
Girls' Suits from....................$1.00 to $1.50

Sinclair's — See Our AWNING DUCK 29 ins. wide, 28c yard, All Colors. — Sinclair's

FLEECING SOLDIERS.

"Tommy" Has to Pay Exorbitant Prices.

"Tommy," generally speaking, may be trusted to look after himself. He is not the green, unsophisticated gentleman some people imagine him to be, although his characteristic open-heartedness and generosity sometimes leads him to place too much reliance on the tales of strangers.

There are, however, certain wily jackals in the towns and neighborhoods of camps who fleece our soldier-boys by tricks which should be exposed as much as possible. In the first place, the strongest protest should be made against the manner in which soldiers are overcharged by boarding-house keepers and hotels. Threepence for a cup of tea; 3s. for a chop, bread and butter and a glass of beer; 1s. 6d. for eggs on toast; 2s. 6d. for a cut off the joint and vegetables—these are a few of the extortionate prices which "Tommy" is asked to pay by grasping people whom he is forced to rely upon at times for anything extra in the way of food.

In some garrison towns small hotels and boarding-houses are taking every advantage of the overcrowding which creates such a demand for sleeping accommodation. Quite fourth-rate hotels are charging £3 3s. and £3 10s. a week for single bedrooms, simply because they can get it.

The worst type of soldier shark, however, are the keepers and decoys of the night clubs which have sprung up in such large numbers in London and some of the provincial towns. Many an officer or private who has returned from the trenches for two or three days' leave has been inveigled into one of these clubs and gone back not only fleeced of every coin he possessed but in fear of further blackmail.

A favorite trick is for one of the women who frequent these night clubs, after scraping up an acquaintance with a soldier visitor, to ask him to take care of her purse and articles of jewellry while she dances. The soldier in nine cases out of ten, acquiesces, and is amazed a short time afterwards, when he is suddenly accused by the woman herself of stealing her purse and jewellry. It is little use him telling the story of taking care of them, for it is one which is promptly ridiculed, and the affair generally ends in the soldier, particularly if he is an officer, paying so much hush-money to avoid any further trouble or scandal.

Armies Defeated By Weather.

The weather has often served Britain well in times of war. We all know how the weather finished the destruction of the Armada, and served us when the French invaded Ireland, and there have been other times when a foe, anxious to raid Britain's shores, found his work rendered difficult by bad weather. A heavy thunderstorm at Crecy slackened the bow strings of the Genoese archers of the French, whereas the English kept their bows cased, and suffered nothing; and, to come to modern times, the Devons made their famous charge at Waggon Hill, Ladysmith, with a thunderstorm at their back.

It is only fitting that fogs should have aided us at times. It was a heavy mist that allowed Marlborough to get his army across the Scheldt, although the enemy had gathered to dispute the passage. Anson was once well served by a fog, which enabled him to slip through a French fleet unobserved. Snow and frost have always hindered rather than helped, though the terrible winter in the Crimean War showed that we could rise superior even to such handicaps; and Col. Kelly's march across the snow-covered mountains to the relief of Chitral showed the same.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S
BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Motra and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
Phone 29

CONTRACTOR.

W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. No. 3 Molsons' Bank Apartments.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.
R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

Britain at Disadvantage.

C. Hamilton Wicke, trade commissioner in Canada, addressing the London Chamber of Commerce on the promotion of trade with Canada, recently, said: "The Briton as a manufacturer, was without a peer, but as a salesman he was unskilled and apparently indifferent, and suffered by comparison with his foreign competitors. Indeed, it was only the consistent quality of British goods that had upheld the British manufacturer against the competition of the last twenty years. So far as Canada is concerned, the British manufacturer had not only to meet European, but American competition, and the American had the advantage of the Briton both strategically and geographically. Proximity, fashion, and standardization all combined to aid the American exporter in the Canadian market. But, however advantageous the position of the American manufacturer might be, for the reasons already given, that alone did not account for their enormous preponderance in the Canadian market. There might be another reason—their selling and marketing conditions might be better suited to the Canadian conditions than our own."

B. C. Timber Industry.

The annual cut of British Columbia timber is approximately two billion feet. There are 420 mills and 790 logging camps in the province, employing about 60,000 men.

Ready Help

in time of physical trouble caused by indigestion, biliousness resulting from torpid liver, inactive bowels, is always given, quickly, certainly, safely by the most famous of family remedies

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.
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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
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W. N. PONTON, K.C.
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E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 2½ Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
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JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

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Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 715.

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BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer, Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 1 per cent.

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Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Belleville. Phone 181.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

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Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
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QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 545.
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EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Spring Shirts!

THE excellence of our Shirts and our immense Shirt trade has styled us the Shirt Store of the Town!

No Store gives the study of Shirt fashions and Shirt making more serious thought than we do!

The result is our high achievement in the Shirt business!

Our Shirtings are of the best of fabrics and our Shirts are made for our trade exclusively.

The handsome new designs and colorings we show are in advance of those shown by other Dealers.

Everything new in Madras and genuine French Percales, Soisette, Linen and Silk.

Attached Cuffs, Soft Turn Back Cuffs, &c.

75c, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

All Sizes!

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

WATERS DRUG STORE

THIS IS THE BEGINNING
of a Boom in
RAILWAY, MINING AND INDUSTRIAL SHARES
Write for My Weekly Market Letter
Accurate Advice
ROBT. E. KEMERER
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When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
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New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Why not Try Yerex's Bread? You'll like it.
You will eat twice as much of it.
This is the verdict of our many pleased customers.
AT ALL GROCERS.
Or Phone 787 and wagon will call.
YEREX'S Bakery
68 Sinclair St., West Belleville
Wrapped. Full Weight.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF BY-LAW

NOTICE is hereby given that a By-law was passed by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville on April 29th, A.D. 1915, providing for the issue of Debentures to the amount of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars for the purpose of paying for Improvements and Extensions already made to the Gas Works System of the City of Belleville.

And that said By-law was duly registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on May 10th, A.D. 1915.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same or any part thereof must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the 10th day of May 1915.

J. WILFRED HOLMES,
3td:m10,17,25 City Clerk.

Canadian Chaplains.

The Canadian Associated Press has received from the front interesting details regarding the work of the chaplains in the Canadian division since the contingent left England. The number of chaplains has been reduced to eleven. They are mostly distributed in the clearing hospitals, where they get in close touch with those most immediately needing their ministrations. Up till recently the chaplains were taking long journeys all over the rear of the fighting, visiting the various Canadian units, who were distributed in many different parts.

The Bishop of London, whose visits to Canada will always be remembered, visited a certain portion of the Canadian detachment. His lordship had the pleasure of meeting several Canadian soldiers who had been confirmed by him when he was Bishop of Stepney, and was afterwards emigrated to Canada. The Bishop of London spent the whole of the Easter festival with the troops in the field. Canadian chaplains are impressed with the wonderful efficiency of the medical arrangements. "The nearer you get to the fighting the better are the feeding arrangements," says our informant.

The Truth About
"NATURE'S CREATION"
A TREATMENT FOR THOSE CONDITIONS LEADING UP TO VARIOUS FORMS OF
CONSUMPTION
ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, WEAK LUNGS, COUGHS, COLDS AND GENERAL DEBILITY

We have just prepared an interesting booklet containing the

Sworn Testimony

of reliable witnesses who have used "NATURE'S CREATION." Every man or woman suffering from any of the conditions referred to should read this interesting testimony, as given from the lips of those who have been helped and benefited. Remember this is Sworn Testimony ..not "hearsay."

To all interested parties who desire to know more about this remarkable preparation we will send, free, on request a copy of the Booklet containing this sworn testimony to any address in Canada, postage paid.

Address All Correspondence to
Nature's Creation Co. of Canada, Limited
SUITE 14, COSGRAVE BLDG.,
Toronto, Canada

Whitening the Skin.

Regular applications of equal parts of lemon juice and glycerin after washing do wonders in whitening the skin and preventing the formation of discoloration marks upon the neck from the constant wearing of furs. The glycerin helps to keep the skin pleasingly soft, also preventing it from getting that harsh, dry, shriveled up appearance which is so conducive to the formation of wrinkles on face and neck.

Zinc Ointment for Red Nose.

A red nose is often constitutional, or the sign of indigestion, but more often than not it is caused by a too thin skin. When the latter is the cause zinc ointment is a splendid remedy. You should apply it to the nose every night. You will find it does wonders in hardening the skin, and in this way the tendency to redness will gradually disappear.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

WHO OWNS UMBRELLA?

An umbrella found upon the street is at the police station awaiting an owner.

VAGRANT DISPOSED OF

William Kelso, charged to-day with drunkenness and vagrancy, was given one hour by Magistrate Masson to leave the city.

BROKE A BYLAW

The police last evening secured the names of several parties who were discharging fireworks on Front street, contrary to a city bylaw.

LOST AND FOUND

Two small children were yesterday afternoon reported as having been lost. The police found the little ones and restored them to their anxious parents.

PURSES FOUND

Two purses containing small sums of money are at the Police Station awaiting owners. They were picked up from the street and given in charge of the police.

CELEBRATING THE 24TH

Robert Beatie, charged this morning with being intoxicated yesterday, pleaded guilty. As he was "only celebrating" he was fined $5 and costs.

A FISTIC ENCOUNTER

At 9.45 last night the police were called to Campbell street, where a fight was in progress, in which soldiers and civilians were engaged. Fortunately the affair was not of a serious nature and order was soon restored.

VICTIM OF STROKES

Mr. William Naylor, an aged gentleman, who resides with his son, Mr. F. B. Naylor, in this city, is seriously ill. He was the victim of paralytic strokes last week and his condition is such that his life is despaired of.

FOREIGNERS INTERNED

On Sunday Sergt. Campbell of the military police force in connection with the 39th Battalion, conveyed to Kingston Iszakow Bodgan and V. Badeshen, two Austrians who were arrested here Saturday as they were about to depart to Detroit. They were interred in the military barracks at Kingston.

MISSIONARY MEETINGS

The twenty-ninth annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Missionary Society of the Church of England for the Diocese of Ontario, will open here this evening in St. Thomas Parish Houhs, and will continue for three days. An interesting program has been provided. On Wednesday evening at the public missionary meeting the Bishop of Kingston will preside.

CALLS FOR POLICE

Since Saturday the police have answered several calls, but the causes were not of an aggravated nature and only one arrest was made, namely a drunk.

CONGRATULATIONS

Congratulations to Miss L. J. Tickell, daughter of Mr. J. L. Tickell of this city, who succeeded in passing her examination at the University of Toronto, in English and history (moderns).

TROUBLE SETTLED

Yesterday there was some family trouble on Howard street, and as a result the police were called, but no arrests were made. The trouble was betwen a father and his son; but the matter was amicably settled.

The cost of teas at the gardens in Colombo, recently reached the highest level in the memory of living planters. Salada has at all times been the utmost value for your money, and, as the Company will never allow the quality to vary, the price must advance at such times, but you still get the finest and freshest tea procurable at anything like the price.

Recruits off to Barriefield

Thirty-six recruits from the 49th Regiment of Hastings County, and five from the 15th Regiment of this city, who will form part of the Fourth Canadian Contingent, left at eleven o'clock this morning per G.T.R. for Barriefield, where they will go into camp for some time. The men were given a hearty send off at the Armouries, and were escorted to the station by Col. Ketcheson, commanding officer of the 49th Regiment, and others. The names of the recruits are as follows:

49th Regiment

Sergeant Reynolds.

Privates C. Brooks, J. J. Blackwood, R. Connors, D. Crooks, W. A. Cole, R. Dixon, H. Dean, J. Evans, Elwhert, R. D. Green, W. Gordon, H. Harrison, H. Hubbard, H. Jones, Harold Jones, G. Loucks, W. Miller, P. McClusher, P. J. O'Neill, J. Pringle, C. Pringle, R. Quigg, W. H. Robinson, J. Stenberg, B. Shennelis, S. Tyler, P. Valyear, R. Wardhaugh, J. Wright, J. Wartle, T. York, R. Young, F. Young, Jesse Pringle.

15th Regiment.

Privates C. Eden, W. J. Findley, S. Minns, G. Pauley, H. Stewart.

DEATHS.

HOSIE—In Belleville on Monday, May 24th, 1915, John Hosie, aged 174 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence Alexander street tomorrow, 26th inst., at 3 p.m. Service at 2.30 o'clock. Interment Belleville cemeteryl.

SULLIVAN—In Belleville on May 23rd, Loretta, beloved wife of Frederick Sullivan, in her 34th year.

The funeral will take place from the late residence, 47 Strachan St., on Wednesday, May 26th, leaving the house at 8.30 to St. Michael's Church. Interment St. James Cemetery.

Empire Day at the Tabernacle

Empire Day at the Tabernacle Methodist church was emphasized by patriotic addresses and music. The subject of the pastor in the evening was "Has the Kaiser a lying spirit from the Lord?" A striking analogy was drawn between the sacreligious presumption of King Saul in the offering up priestly sacrifices and the German Kaiser in assuming priestly offices and ministrations for the German people. A further significant analogy is found between the wicked King Ahab and the Kaiser. As Ahab was led on to battle and to destruction by the lying spirit in the mouth of the false prophets of Israel, so the Kaiser has been lured to destruction by the lying reports that came to him from his spies the world over and especially throughout the British Empire before this titanic struggle began.

The anthems by the choir were effectively rendered and most appropriate. At the morning service the Tabernacle mixed quartette, Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Nicholson, Mr. Schryver and Mr. Moorman, sang Kipling's "Recessional" with great acceptance.

In the evening Corporal Lightheart of the 39th Battalion, again favored the congregation with a selection entitled "Spirit of God" by Neidlinger. He has a very pleasing voice of fine compass, power and tone. His true interpretation of the sentiment of the composer showed excellent imagination. His voice is carefully trained and his preparation thorough. The services of the day were brought to an appropriate close with the hearty singing of the National Anthem.

OBITUARY

MRS. CYRUS GILES

On Sunday morning Mrs. Cyrus Giles, a well known and much respected lady residing in Ameliasburg Township, passed away suddenly as the result of apoplexy. On Saturday the deceased was in her usual health but during the night was the victim of a stroke which proved fatal. Mrs. Giles, was 75 years of age, and was born in Prince Edward County, where she resided all her life. She was a daughter of the late Mr. Samuel Adams of Ameliasburg Township. For many years the deceased had been a member of the Methodist church. In addition to the husband one son, J. Malcolm of Ameliasburg, and two daughters, Mrs. Stafford of Rednerville, and Mrs. F. Fox of Northport, survives.

JOHN HOSIE

At an early hour yesterday morning Mr. John Hosie, who resided on Alexander street in this city, passed away after beng ill for some time. Deceased was 74 years of age and was born at Glasgow, Scotland. He had lived in Canada for 40 years and for the past five years in this city. He was a member of St. Andrews church, and was identified with the Sons of Scotland. A family of four sons and three daughters survive. The sons are James of Brooklyn, N.Y., Alexander of Saskatoon, Andrew and John of Philadelphia. The daughters are Mrs. Joseph Hitchon and Miss Jessie of this city, and Mrs. W. J. Owens of Saskatoon.

MRS. L. SULLIVAN

The death of Mrs. Loretta Sullivan, wife of Frederick Sullivan, occurred on Sunday, May 23rd. Deceased was 34 years of age and a member of St. Michael's church.

Tested

Have the recent heavy rain storms found any defects in your tin and felt roofing?

We have got just the dope that fills up the leaky joints, and the men who know how to apply it. Don't take off your old roof until you consult us

We Can Save You Money
By Using The Right Dope

We also have a large stock of Corrugated Iron on hand. Eave Troughs, etc.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors** COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

"Better to pay the PRICE of a good bicycle than the PENALTY of a poor one."

We DO NOT sell a poor bicycle. We honestly recommend the machines we sell. They are "MASSEY," "JAMES," "NATIONAL."

333 FRONT STREET

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins.. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS
J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

POULTRY—12 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of these are laying. $13.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office dtf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIFFONIER, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set, Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 26 Forin street. m22-dtf

GARDEN HOSE FOR SALE; NEW. 37 Dundas Street. 25-2td

WANTED

OLD GENTLEMAN WISHES TO LET small comfortable house and board with tenant if agreeable. Apply 14 Burrell Street. m19-tf

WANTED TO RENT, COMFORTABLE FIVE or six roomed house with conveniences. Apply Belleville Burial Co. or Phone 774. m21-4td

TO RENT

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

FURNISHED HOUSE:. REASONABLE terms. Apply 246 George Street. 25-6td

A SMALL HOUSE WITH GARDEN, CORner Dundas and Burnham Streets. Apply N. Lingham, 212 Dundas St. 25-6td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

We Make Pies

that will surely tempt you, and we will have a great variety for Saturday.

Peach Pies	20c. each
Pineapple Pies	20c. each
Apple Pies	20c. each
Pumpkin Pies	20c. each
Raisin Pies	20c. each
Apricot Pies	20c. each
Custard Pies	20c. each
Lemon Pies	25c. each

Ring us up for one of these, sure!

Chas. S. Clapp

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

AGENTS WANTED

$30 CASH WEEKLY, ALSO COMMISSION, for traveller to appoint agents. Drawer 324, Brantford, Ontario. 21-6td

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Thursday, June 17, 1915, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office and from the caretakers of the different Dominion Buildings.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 20, 1915.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—79876. 21-3td

To Remove Fruit Stains.

Fruit stains will be eradicated easily if one will wet them with a little camphor before washing. Then wash and the stains will disappear. Glycerin may be used in a similar manner, being sure in both cases to use it before water touches the stain.

For grease stains there is nothing better than eucalyptus oil. This may be used on delicate fabrics without injury, as it will evaporate rapidly, leaving no mark.

A Crownless Coronation.

A coronation without a crown sounds distinctly Irish, yet such was in effect the ceremony in which Henry III. took the most prominent part at Gloucester on Oct. 28, 1216. On this occasion a plain circle was used instead of a crown, which had been lost with the jewels and other baggage of King John in passing the marshes of Lynn or the Wash near Wisbech.

A SQUARE PEG in a Round Hole

You may be alright, but if you are in the wrong position you are like a square peg in a round hole. You want a position where you fit.

●This paper is read by intelligent business men, and a Want Ad. in our classified columns will reach them.

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

FROM EARLE DOXSEE

Mrs. Doxsee received a card from her son Earle, who is at the front, dated May 1st, saying he was well and would write soon.

A letter received by Mr. F. E. O'Flynn from his son, Capt. O'Flynn, who is at the front, has been given The Intelligencer and will appear in tomorrow's issue.

FROM DRIVER ALEX LAFFERTY

The following letter has been received from Driver Lafferty by his wife:

Belgium, May 5, 1915

Received your welcome letter yesterday, glad to hear from you and all are fairly well. Excuse scribbling as I am writing this under the G. S. wagon, which I am wheel driver on. We are not allowed to write anything that happens so I will not be able to write much. But their is something doing all the time. I saw Walter Craig and Charlie Gibson yesterday. They look well and lucky to be alive after the battle they were in. I suppose the papers have given our casualties list by this time. I asked Craig about Herrington, but he could not tell me. He was on a machine gun, so he is either a prisoner of war or under the sod. Watch the papers you can find more out that way than I can write. We are having fair weather, all in good health and spirits and plenty to eat. I wrote a letter the 1st of April, asking for a suit of summer underwear, chewing tobacco and cigarettes. There is no duty on anything sent us here. I guess you did not get my letter when you wrote. Good-bye.

ALEX

Outlook Club and House of Refuge

Twenty-two members of the Outlook Club of the Victoria Avenue Baptist Church held a walking-party to the House of Refuge last night, where they entertained the old folks in happy fashion. Mr. Wilson, the superintendent of the home welcomed the party and arranged for the gathering of the old people in the concert hall. Mr. Ross Bush acted as chairman, and Miss Bessie Handley presided at the organ. A number of the old time favorite hymns were rendered, much to the delight of the inmates. Miss MacLatchie gave a solo entitled "The Heavenly Land"; Mr. Jack Cookston rendered a trombone solo, "The Old Old Story," with sympathetic effect. Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith gave an address on Queen Victoria and related several anecdotes illustrating the traits of character of the noble Victoria the Good. Favors were distributed to all the old folks in the form of packages of fudge, prettily decorated with lilac bloom with a scripture text attached. The evening closed with the National Anthem.

The total battle casualties in the war so far are estimated at 6,950,000, including 1,350,000 killed in action. No mind can conceive the suffering these figures represent, mental and physical.—Montreal Mail.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. RITCHIE'S PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

Stylish and Becomingly Designed SUMMER DRESSES

Some of the Most Stunning Models Imported Direct From New York

Featuring the New Voile and Crepe Effects. Note These Few Descriptions and Prices

BLACK AND WHITE STRIPED VOILE DRESS, made in Bolero style, long sleeves and organdie front, collar and cuffs; black satin girdle, excellent dress value at $6.50

WHITE EMBROIDERED VOILE DRESS with tucked skirt and sleeves, organdie vest, collar and cuffs, with moire silk girdle. A very chic style and splendid value at $8.75

DAINTY RICE VOILE DRESS, prettily trimmed with lace and insertion and white crochet buttons, organdie collar and rose moire silk girdle, waist net lined, an exceptional dress value at $10.00

SPOT VOILE AND FANCY CHECKED CREPE DRESS, sleeves and upper part of skirt of spot voile; waist, girdle, cuff and bottom of skirt of checked crepe. Waist net lined; special value at $12.75

PLAIN WHITE; AND BLUE AND WHITE STRIPED VOILE DRESS, made in suspender style; two fancy pockets in front, trimmed with white crochet buttons, fancy embroidered collar and waist net lined. Special ... $12.75

BEAUTIFUL WHITE EMBROIDERED VOILE DRESS, one of New York's latest Bolero styles, embroidered in pale green shades, hemstitched around collar, cuffs and bottom of waist, two rows of shirring at waist and one at bottom; sleeves of plain white voile, cuffs and front of waist trimmed with fancy buttons, and net lined; collar of self material—an exceedingly stunning dress, marked at $20.00

Some Interesting Store News You'll Be Glad To Hear About

Ladies' Sport Shirts, featuring large sleeves, loose body and large roll collar. Newest style of waist for outing wear. Now showing in the Mantle Room. Very suitable for paddling, motoring and playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

Another lot of those special $1.00 Blouses now in stock, made up in lain, pleated and embroidered lawns, with organdie collar.

Remember, all our Ladies' and Misses' New Spring Suits that sold from $27.50 to $35.00, now clearing at $25.00

The Summer Millinery now on display on the second floor is attracting unusual attention these days. Your inspection is invited.

Ladies' and Misses' Raincoats Specially Priced at $4.50

Exceptional Raincoat value, made of splendid quality paramatta, all seams sewn and cemented, high button up collar and storm cuffs; reinforced buttons and set-in sleeves; well ventilated under the arms. Ladies' and Misses' sizes, special $4.50

(Mantle Room)

For The Verandah

Awning Duck 28c yd.

36 inch Awning Duck of super quality in Green and White, Red and White, and Blue and White Stripes; extra good value at .... 28c. yard

A phone or personal call will bring a competent man to your home who will take the necessary measurements and put them in place when done. We also make the curtains complete, any desired size, at a reasonable cost.

(Staple Dept., behind the Elevator.)

Bamboo Verandah Shades

The most reasonably priced Verandah Shades we handle. Shown in Natural Bamboo and Green. Sizes range from 4 feet wide by 8 feet long to 12 feet wide by 8 feet long, priced at .... $1.00 to $3.00

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT. The RITCHIE Company Limited SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.

Bamboo Shades. Grass Mats.
Sea Grass Furniture.

THE 24th of May is a good day to do all the little odds and ends around the house.

LIKE the stroke of a magic wand is the startling change in the appearance of the house after the 24th. The awnings are up; the summer furniture out; the rugs down. In fact it seems like the formal declaration of summer, the first call is heeded to live out doors.

Very appropriate then will be found our large and varied stock of Rugs, Furniture, Matting and Grass Carpets and Porch Screens, and at prices that are bound to attract.

Special Prices in Sea Grass Furniture

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Chairs $5.60
Rockers $6.15

Guns of Gold.

The Gaekwar of Baroda, an Indian prince, has a battery of artillery consisting of gold and silver guns. There are four guns, two of gold and two of silver. The gold guns were made in 1874 by an artisan of Lakha, who worked on them for five years. They weigh 400 pounds each, and except for the steel lining are of solid gold. They are mounted on gun-carriages of carved wood, overlaid with silver. In 1876, when the Gaekwar went to Bombay to meet the Prince of Wales, he took the gold guns with him to salute the prince, and that was the only occasion on which they have been allowed to leave the State of Baroda.

Coal For the Fleet.

In order that the fleet may be instantly coaled at any port in Great Britain, a huge number of railway trucks—the total runs well over six figures—are kept constantly loaded on sidings ready to be taken to any particular port, and thence transferred to the ship of war.

Losses.

Little Bopeep
Has lost her sheep
And cannot refrain from yawning;
Leave her in bed,
The sleepy head,
To slumber all the morning.

Little Boy Blue
Has lost his shoe
And cannot tell where he dropped it.
He must have come back
With his foot very black,
Unless peradventure he hopped it.

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN $8.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

Emigrants For Nova Scotia.

E. B. Elderkin has returned to Canada after six months in Holland superintending the distribution of Canada's relief gifts for Belgians.

Mr. Elderkin incidentally has done some emigration work, securing for Nova Scotia twenty-five Dutch families, seven of which have already set sail, but the others, dreading North Sea dangers, are postponing their departure.

Bringing In Settlers.

The land rush into Southern Alberta is beginning again. O. T. Lathrop, returning from a trip to the coast and western States, brings back with him the vanguard of a whole army of landseekers who he states will be pouring over the border to take up wheat lands in the West this summer.

Domestic Problem.

First Modern Parent—Aren't your two children something of a problem? Second Modern Parent—Yes, indeed! They go away to school for thirty-eight weeks, to camp for ten, and that leaves four whole weeks when I don't know where to send them.—Life.

Sense of the Practical.

"The Romans had a strong sense of the beautiful," remarked the student.

"Yes," replied Mrs. McGindley, "but they wasn't practical. For instance, those Roman candles was very pretty to look at, but they wasn't much good to read by."—Washington Star.

To Seal Bottles.

Bottles may be securely sealed in the following manner: Melt together a quarter of a pound of sealing wax, the same quantity of rosin and two ounces of beeswax. When the mixture froths stir it with a tallow candle. As soon as each ingredient is melted dip the tops of the corked bottles in the mixture. It will completely exclude the air.

Goggles For Troops.

Gen. Botha's army, which probably numbers about 50,000 men, and which has begun its delayed campaign against German Southwest Africa, has had tens of thousands of veils and "goggles" served out for the struggle against the sand and the glare.

CITY AND VICINITY

Buy your Railway or Steamship Tickets from Burrows of Belleville, C. P. R. Agent. 22,dtf

Concert by Christ Church choir in the Parish Hall Friday, May 28th, assisted by best local talent. Tickets 25 cents. 1t

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

SEEING THE SUN.

A Traveler's Experience Among the Natives of Manchuria.

In "Thirty Years in Mukden" Dr. Dugald Christie tells the following story of an experience that he and the Rev. John MacIntyre underwent on a trip they took from Mukden to the river Yalu, the border of Korea. On their way back they found themselves toward dusk one day in a sparsely inhabited district several miles from the only inn. They reached it by fording a swift river swollen with melting snows and found a poor hovel with only one common room and two old men as innkeepers.

"There was neither candle nor lamp, but the end of a tarred rope that hung from a beam was burning, and by this dim light I looked at my watch," says Mr. Christie.

"'What is that toy?' asked one of the old men.

"'It tells the time,' I answered.

"'What time? What do you mean by time?'

"'It shows where the sun is.'

"Turning to his brother, he asked in a puzzled way: 'But the sun's down long ago. How can he tell where it is?'

"'Ai-ya!' said the brother, with awe. 'He can still see it in the glass. What can these foreigners not do?'

"Early the next morning we were astir, preparing to go on. As our horses were being saddled the old man questioned us again:

"'How far away is your country?'

"'Many thousand miles.'

"'And did you ride all the way on that horse?'"

German at Work All Time.

The wonderfully far-reaching work of the German influence to foment industrial unrest in Britain is almost unrecognized by the workers themselves. An instance of this is to be found in a pernicious leaflet. The authorities have known of its existence since January, 1914, when 25,000 copies of it were printed for circulation by members of "The Industrial Workers' League," of 166 Farringdon street, E.C., London. It bears no imprint, but the printer has been discovered in one Valentine Frietag, a German, who is also the printer of "The Herald of Revolt," "The Catering World," and other revolutionary literature. He is now in the hands of the police.

Signal the grocer for PERRIN'S TIPPERARY BISCUITS
REGISTERED
Made in Canada

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus, we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1915. No. 314

THE 34TH BATTERY AT LANGEMARCK

Graphic Description of Part Taken by Belleville Boys in the Memorable Battle

[By Sergt. Gerald Spafford—Special to the Intelligencer]

On the Firing Line,
Belgium, May 7th, 1915.

Dear Mr. Bowell:

The goodness of Providence permits me to write all you people at home once again. I am sure they are all anxious to hear tidings of the brave lads who left home with the First Contingent, and have since won fame and crowned with glory the name of Canada and her gallant sons by their brilliant exploits in one of the greatest battles of the present war and in British history. We are proud—justly proud—of the fact, and it is an inspiration to us because we have proved to the world that the British Lion's Cubs are possessed of the same metal as the old Lion himself.

You all have heard the story of what the infantry did, and those acquainted with the situation and formation of the line here will appreciate the following brief sketch of the part the boys of Belleville's Fighting 34th Battery —now a part of the 2nd Battery, 1st Brigade—played in the battle. We were in the thickest part of it from beginning to end, and while writing this in my dug-out by the flickering light of a candle, the battle is still raging on our right. Outside a drizzling rain is falling, and the dark sky is lit up by the flare rockets of the enemy. The flashes of our guns booming defiance in reply to the enemy's, shells screaming and bursting near, the white, ghostly glare of flares, reveal momentarily the solitude of the surrounding landscape, presenting a weird and striking picture. The rattle of rifles and rat-a-tat-tat of machine guns tells us that the infantry are busy—but this is Heaven to us after our fourteen days in the inferno I shall endeavor to describe, but which beggars description, for it is impossible to accurately describe by pen or picture the scenes presented during the heat of battle.

On the 20th of April our section (the right) A sub-section and B sub-section of the 2nd Battery, 1st Brigade, under command of Col. McLaren of Ottawa, were ordered to take up a position, relieving the right section of the 5th Battery, 2nd Brigade, of Montreal. We had just enjoyed a two weeks' rest since our month in the trenches, and after the battle of Neuve Chapelle. We accomplished our task under cover of darkness without incident. We were in one of the most forward positions on the front occupied by our Canadian and French troops. Those who are acquainted with the formation of the line here will perhaps grasp approximately the position we held. We were on the crest of a hill, our trenches just beneath the crest. The Germans occupied the opposite bank of a valley which lay between us on our front. In our rear was the city of ——; on our right the village of St. ———; on our left flank the road and wood where Canadians and French held trenches where our boys made their brilliant stand. You can readily see we occupied the apex of this horseshoe-shaped line. By dawn we were well fortified with sandbags and carefully concealed by brush; and after a hard day's march and all night labor we lay down to snatch a few hours' sleep. Between the hours of 3.30 and 4 a m. we heard heavy rifle fire along our front. Soon the order came to open fire, and we were at our posts in a jiffy. This was on the morning of April 21st. On our left flank the enemy were concentrating their heavy artillery fire, while on our left front they engaged our batteries, we, meantime, engaging their light field batteries along their trench line supporting their infantry. The battle raged all day. Our left section was to relieve the left section of the 5th Battery, but the situation prevented this, as you will soon learn. The heavy firing on our left and front told us our infantry were holding their own. The shades of evening told us that night was near; still we sent round after round, keeping up a continuous fire on the enemy's trenches. The terrific bombardment of the Germans continued on our left, their heavy artillery sending salvos of high explosives, known as "Smoke boxes," "Jack Johnsons" and "Little Willies,, screaming and screeching, and exploding with deafening, maddening reports, sending splinters for hundreds of yards around. I have several samples that came smashing against our gun shields. The dull boom of heavy guns and sharp reports of field guns, the lurid flashes lighting up the sky like sheet lightning, the sharp report and spit of rifles and tat-tat of machine guns some 1500 yards on our left, told us our infantry were stubbornly contesting the determined German attack. On our right salvos of shrapnel swept the road known as Death Valley where transports were hurrying ammunition to the firing line, and reinforcements coming up. Many incidents I could describe but I must leave for some future time, and return to our Battery, still firing. A staff officer, riding like mad into our position, gave our commanding officer orders to retire immediately to another position. Weary though we were after two days without sleep or substantial food, our supplies being unable to reach us owing to the rush of much-needed ammunition, we speedily hooked in and soon were galloping for the road on our left. Inferno? Yes! And then some screaming shrapnel—thundering, splitting, deafening detonations of the enemy's howitzers. Through a hail of splinters of steel and flame we dashed for the road. The road where our infantry were engaged bordered the road where we had to pass. Goading our horses on in a mad, wild gallop, the drivers plying whips and spurs, we made a dash for the road. As we draw near we hear the ping of rifle bullets singing through the air or buzzing close to us like angry wasps—bursting shrapnel and the white glare of the enemy's rockets—streams of wounded men—horrors! A horse goes down with a dull thud. Quickly we release him and dash on with our remaining, steaming, terror-stricken beasts. I see some of my gunners fall wounded or dead—I know not. The road is littered with dead horses and men—some dying. I catch a glimpse as I speed on, calling to my drivers to beware of some obstruction or disabled transport wagon, of the dark, still forms, once men, but now many mangled, unrecognizable, shattered masses, but on we drive like mad. My horse staggers—down she goes. The thought instantly comes to me—God! she's shot! but no, she recovers and again we speed forward, the shells splitting up the roadway. At last comes the welcome order to "Halt, action front!" We train our guns in the direction of the enemy. Our Colonel led us through it all. We followed him with confidence. No braver or cooler man ever donned a uniform.

Quickly the teams go to the rear under cover. Calmly he goes along his line, and as he passed my gun, says, "Everything O.K., Sergt. Spafford? As I reply I note his coat torn by a splinter of shrapnel Again we go into it with a will. Soon the good news comes that we have repulsed the enemy —and as we are wondering if we can get dug in before morning we are ordered back to the old place. We stare blankly at one another in amazement, but orders must be obeyed, and we start back. During this time I seek my gunners and find many missing. I find my No. 2 Gunner Mead—no braver or pluckier chap ever lived—shot in the left shoulder on the way through Death Valley, hastily bandaged up but still at his post. I find Gunner Stacey missing and Carre shot through the thigh, badly shattered, and left at the dressing station; Gunner Day, Gr. Dorland, Bomb. Robinson, Bomb. Price, Gr. Chipman, all O.K. My corporal also escaped and my drivers, by some miracle, all got through. After another gallop, none the less exciting than the first, we re-took our old position. Speedily we replaced our guns and lay down on the spot too weary for expression on the hill of battle in the silent small hours of the morning, the pale, star-lit sky hazy with smoke, the stillness only broken by snipers in the trenches—little did we realize what the morning light would bring forth. The Germans, no doubt bitter and angry at the stubbornness of our resistance, planned an immediate counter attack. Unscrupulous assassins! stooping to most brutal methods of barbarism—unless one was an eye-witness of their deeds, it would be considered incredible—but I regret to say it is all too true.

Although weary in body I slept little after our trying experience. A grey mist hung like a curtain over the val-

Continued on Page Four.

Member of 21st Battalion Dead

Sergt.-Major Latoin Died Shortly After Arriving at Devonport and Was Buried There

(Special Cable to The Kingston Standard.)

LONDON, May 25—Sergt.-Major Lation, C.S.M. of the 21st Battalion, Kingston, who was operated on aboard the Metagama for appendicitis, died shortly after his arrival at Devonport Hospital. He was buried in Devonport.

C.S.M. Lation was company sergeant major of No. 1 Company in the right half of the 21st Battalion and left here with his regiment for the front on Wednesday, May 5th. The late Sergt.-Major had been in service in India and in Africa, and had spent the greater part of his life in the army. In the Imperial Army he belonged to the famous Gordon Highlanders, and saw active service with his regiment in India and Africa. He wore the Indian medal, and saw service at Dargai Heights, where the Highlanders played such a brave and conspicuous part. He also wore the Queen's and King's medals for service in South Africa, and was given the distinguished service medal for conduct in the field.

DIP PENS IN VITRIOL

German Journalists Cut Loose Over Italy's Action

ROTTERDAM, May 25.—German journalists who had to curb their feelings regarding Italy as long as there was the slightest hope have today dipped their pens in vitroil to express adequately their feelings. The Berliner Tageblatt, for instance, refers to Italians as the "Disciples of Machiavelli" and declares it has now nothing but illimitable contempt for Italy.

"We have loved Italy," it says, "according to German traditions and done our best to secure Italian unity. We understand best the weakness of the Italian character. It is not too much to say that the Italian people may one day turn around. Then it would look very queer not only for the cabinet of Salandra, but it might also touch the throne, and those who today call "Hosanah!" may tomorrow cry 'Crucify him!'"

The Vossische Zeitung calls it a subsidized war. "On our part," it adds, "every word forced from our choking throats by moral disgust would be too much. Let us not utter words of complaint, but grind our teeth and use other weapons than words to the new enemy."

RUSH FOR RESPIRATORS

Sequel to Police' Warning to London Citizens

LONDON, May 25.—The warning given by the police last Saturday, advising the citizens to close all doors and windows in the event of a Zeppelin raid, for fear of poison bombs being dropped, the people rushing to buy respirators. Many stores were sold out of their supplies within an hour. Except the mouthpiece the respirators are made of non-inflammable celluloid or rubber, with motor goggle fittings to protect the eyes.

Canadians Win the Day

Germans Repulsed Two Attacks by the British Guards, but Our Highlanders Would Not be Denied

OTTAWA, May 25.—Special—Gen. Hughes, Minister of Militia, has received a cable despatch describing the splendid part played by the Canadian division in driving a strong German force from their entrenched positions in a wood to the north of Ypres on Thursday and Friday last. The message states that two previous attempts by the British Guards brigade failed, but the position was so important as to warrant another attempt, which was made sucessfully by the Canadians."

"The 16th battalion (western Canadian Highlanders) showed the way," states the message, "and their success was confirmed by the 13th battalion (Royal Highlanders of Montreal), who took over and consolidated the position won. They were ably suported by the 14th battalion (Royal Montreal Regiment)."

A woman is always saying that her ambition exceeds her strength.

The Heroism of Canadians

Sir John French Highly Praises the Heroism and Sacrifices of Canadian Troops

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, May 26.—"They remain in the forefront of the fight," says Sir John French today in a message to Premier Borden on the gallantry of the Canadian troops; "and I feel assured that their heroism and sacrifices, which are contributing so splendidly to the attainment of our immediate ends, will bind together Canada and the British Empire in those indissoluble bonds which are forged on the field of battle."

Sir Robert Borden cabled in reply: "We are proud our Canadian soldiers have proved themselves worthy of the great traditions of the British army, which under your leadership has already achieved such splendid distinction by its valor and heroism during the present war, in which the greatness and unity of our Empire have been more manifest than ever before."

It takes no more time to be polite than otherwise.

THE NEW BRITISH WAR MINISTRY

A. J. Balfour goes to the Admiralty—Winston Churchill Receives Minor Office—Lord Haldane Excluded—Eight Unionists Obtain Seats

THE NEW MINISTRY (L), Liberal. (U) Unionist	FORMER MINISTERS (All Liberals.)
HERBERT H. ASQUITH (L), Premier and First Lord of the Treasury.	HERBERT H. ASQUITH.
LORD CURZON (U), Lord Privy Seal.	LORD CREWE.
SIR EDWARD GREY (L) Foreign Secretary	SIR EDWARD GREY.
SIR C. BUCKMASTER (L.), Lord High Chancellor.	VISCOUNT HALDANE.
LORD CREWE (L.), President of Council	EARL BEAUCHAMP.
REGINALD M'KENNA (L), Home Secretary the Exchequer.	DAVID LLOYD GEORGE.
SIR JOHN SIMON (L), Home Secretary.	REGINALD M'KENNA.
BONAR LAW (U), Colonial Secretary.	LEWIS HARCOURT.
EARL KITCHENER, Secretary for War.	EARL KITCHENER.
AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN (U), Secretary for India.	LORD CREWE.
M'KINNON WOOD (L.), Secretary for Scotland.	M'KINNON WOOD.
ARTHUR J. BALFOUR (U.), First Lord of the Admiralty.	WINSTON CHURCHILL.
WALTER RUNCIMAN, (L.), President of Board of Trade.	WALTER RUNCIMAN.
WALTER LONG (U), President Local Government Board.	HERBERT SAMUEL.
ARTHUR HENDERSON (Lab.) President of Board of Education.	J. A. PEASE.
WINSTON CHURCHILL (L.) Chancellor of Duchy Lancaster.	C. F. G. MASTERMAN.
AUGUSTINE BIRRELL (L.), Chief Secretary for Ireland.	AUGUSTINE BIRRELL.
LORD SELBOURNE (U.), President Board of Agriculture.	LORD LUCAS.
LEWIS HARCOURT (L.), First Commissioner of Works.	LORD EMMOTT.
SIR EDWARD CARSON (U.), Attorney-General.	SIR JOHN SIMON.
DAVID LLOYD GEORGE (L.), Minister for Munitions.	
LORD LANSDOWNE (U.), Minister without portfolio.	

The office of Postmaster-General, formerly held by Mr. C. E. H. Hobhouse, is still vacant, the name of Mr. Herbert Samuel being connected with the position. It was hoped at first that Mr. Redmond would fill this post.

DASTARDLY PLOT TO BLOW UP BRIDGE

Ten Austrians are Arrested at Smith's Falls—Thought Troop Trains Bound for Barriefield Camp, Would Pass Over C.N.R. Bridge—Had Dynamite Ready

The Smith's Falls police last night at ten o'clock took into custody in that place ten foreigners, mostly Austrians; who are suspected of being concerned in a dastardly plot to blow up the Canadian Northern Railway Bridge over the Rideau river to-day when the first special train carrying the 38th Battalion from Ottawa to Barriefield, would pass over it as they supposed.

The prisoners are mostly Austrian Poles and of late their actions had been under the watchful eye of the officers. One of them, in particular, had enlisted and was wearing a Canadian military uniform. It was he who first attracted attention and led to the wholesale arrests.

Dynamite is Found.

Following the arrests a visit was paid to a boat house near the bridge and here a large quantity of dynamite was found. This was evidently stolen from Canadian Northern and Canadian Pacific Railway, construction camps. The men had been seen going to and coming from this boathouse. It is the theory of Smith's Falls that the prisoners supposed the troop trains would pass over that bridge instead of the C.P.R. and laid their plans accordingly.

The Justice Department at Ottawa was immediately notified. An official arrived in Smith's Falls this afternoon to begin an investigation. The men are still under lock and key in Smith's Falls.

French Capture German Trenches

Despite Previous Attacks by Germans They Take New Position and Retain it

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 26.—(Afternoon's official statement)—The checks inflicted upon the enemy yesterday in the region of Angres and the point north of the Height of Lorette, determined the Germans to attack with exertme violence. There was furious fighting last night. We were successful, retaining all our gains. Our troops give evidence of magnificent courage and showed splendid tenacity of purpose.

The Germans in the beginning delivered counter attacks against the ground captured by us northwest of Angres. Furious attempts to take this position were made by them time and time again. In spite of the exceptionally intense bombardments which our troops were subjected to, we retained possession of all new positions. Furthermore, at the end of the day we occupied almost an entirely new position near Buval where we gained a footing in the afternoon. Here we are maintaining ourselves under a violent fire. At the same time we have gained ground on the heights northeast of Lorette and have captured trenches of the enemy in the environs of Souchez.

Artillery engagements of considerable severity developed yesterday in the region of Soissons. There was another such encounter near Rheims.

During Tuesday French aviators showed great activity along the whole front, throwing down on the enemy 203 projectiles in all. The efficacy of this fire was proved particularly at a German aviation park, at Hervilly, where a hangar and machine were set on fire; at Grand Priet, where a hangar was shattered; and at St. Quentin railroad station, where gasoline supply tanks were destroyed.

Italian Troops Forging Ahead

Have Got Austrians on the Run—Seize Several Trentino Towns

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 26.—Offensive operations resulting in the occupation of Austrian territory all along the frontier, from Lombardy to the Adriatic, are reported in an official Italian statement. The Italian troops have seized various towns in Trentino and forced their way through mountain defiles. On the lower Isonzo attacks were continued to gain the line of river.

The Austrians everywhere retired, destroying bridges.

Italian aviators bombarded Monfalcone, near the Gulf of Trieste. On the Frieul frontier, the Italians successfully continued the offensive operations.

PORT HOPE COUNCIL VOTES $800 FOR 39TH

PORT HOPE, May 25.—Special—A representative deputation, headed by Major Wm. Farrell, Commanding Officer of the 46th Regiment; ex-Mayor R. A. Mulholland, and other representative citizens, appeared before the Town Council to-night in support of the appeal of the 39th Battalion, C. E. F., for a contribution for field kitchens and other comforts for the men, and the response was most generously and promptly met by the Council with a grant of $800 by a unanimous vote.

The 46th Regiment with headquarters at Port Hope, is represented by eight officers and one hundred and forty men on the strength of the 39th Battalion, C.E.F., of whom no fewer than eighty enlisted from Port Hope. Personal contributions will swell to more than $1,000 the funds which Port Hope is giving to the 39th for field comforts.

Sir Robert Borden Returns to Duty

OTTAWA, May 25.—Sir Robert Borden has returned to Ottawa from Echo Beach, where he has been recuperating from his recent illness. The Prime Minister is in much better health as a result of his rest. He expects to remain in Ottawa for the present. There is an increasing likelihood that he may go to England before Autumn, but as yet nothing has been decided.

Hon. Robert Rogers returned today from Winnipeg.

GERMANS CHAINED TO GUNS

NORTHERN FRANCE, May 24.—The Germans early this morning made three massed attacks on the British line north of La Brasse. Each attack was repulsed and under a hot screen of machine gun fire the infantry charged and drove the Germans back into their second line of trenches, which were heavily barricaded and cemented.

The British took two trench heads and captured several guns. Two of the machine guns taken were found to have two German artillerymen chained to each. The chains were fastened to their waists and doubly fastened by padlocks.

TORPEDOED VESSEL MAKES FOR PORT

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 26.—The Nebraskan was torpedoed Monday by a submarine off the south coast of Ireland. The crew took to the boats but returned when it was seen that the ship was not sinking. The Nebraskan passed Kinsale, Ireland this morning, apparently headed for Queenstown, flying a signal: "I am not under control" but proceeding under own steam.

STEAMER COLLIDES WITH FREIGHTER

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, May 26.—The steamer Ryndam, Holland American line, eight thousand tons, which sailed from New York yesterday with 185 passengers for Rotterdam, collided with the Norwegian freighter, Joseph J. Cureo, today, off Nantucket Island. Wireless messages state that both vessels were badly damaged, and that Ryndam had transferred passengers and part of the crew to the Cureo.

Most women would rather be grass widows than spinisters.

The mind of a man who goes wrong is always a blank while he is gone.

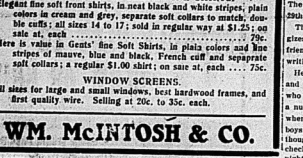
Wednesday & Thursday At the Bargain Store

Ladies' Beautiful White Night Gowns and Underskirts, about four dozen in the lot, all high class goods; sold as high as $4.50; on sale at, each..... $1.00

TWO SPECIALS IN MEN'S FINE SHIRTS.
Elegant fine soft front shirts, in neat black and white stripes, plain colors in cream and grey, separate soft collars to match; double cuffs; all sizes 14 to 17; sold in regular way at $1.25; on sale at, each..... 79c.
Here is value in Gents' fine Soft Shirts, in plain colors and fine stripes of mauve, blue and black, French cuff and separate soft collars; a regular $1.00 shirt; on sale at, each 75c.

WINDOW SCREENS.
All sizes for large and small windows, best hardwood frames, and first quality wire. Selling at 20c. to 35c. each.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.



Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.
Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce time and labor to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.
Ford Touring Car $390. Ford Runabout $540. Coupelet $660. Ford Sedan $750. Ford Town Car $840.
All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.
Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits of Ford Motor Co. for year to be declared August 1st, 1915 and August 1, 1915
FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED.
W. B. RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.
Ford

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mrs. McManus, wife of Lieut. D. T. McManus and son are staying at 24 Rear St.

Miss Jean Milne passed with honors in second year examinations at Toronto University.

The Rev. Dr. McKenzie of Cobourg, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. W. Boyes, 25 Victoria Ave.

Mr. Azel Nixon, of The Port Hope Globe, spent Victoria Day in Belleville, visiting his brother, Percy, and taking in the "At Home" of the 39th Battalion.

Mrs. A. S. Warrzoner of Hamilton, spent a few days at her home, visiting her sister, Miss Jennie Irvine, 118 Dundas St. West.

Mrs. N. Moore, and Miss Wilson of Toronto have returned, home after visiting Miss Jennie Irvine and Mrs. A. S. Wargoner, 118 Dundas St. West.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

LETTER FROM CAPT. O'LYNN

Five letters were received from Captain O'Lynn at his home some dated before the letters received last week. The earliest letter was dated on the 29th of April shortly after the battle.

The captain in his first letter apologizes for not writing earlier but his friends feel he was pretty prompt in writing after so severe a battle.

He said: "We have been into it hot and heavy and I am among the few who have been spared. There will be a number of aching hearts in Canada when the full reports are out. The boys played the game nobly and although the sacrifice was great we checked the Germans and waited "for night or Bluecher." Bluecher arrived and there has been fighting ever since. I believe we have the upper hand now though. Dick and I are now second in command of double companies and have the rank of Captain.

On May 3rd, he wrote: "I am still feeling O.K. We were taken out to the line on the 27th and have been back here in reserve ever since. I imagine we will be taken further back as soon as everything is normal once again. Nearly all of the officers who came through have been recommended for promotion and we are re-organizing particulars and hope to get back soon and complete our re-organization. The Belleville boys were very fortunate in comparison with the rest. Tom Vance was wounded, also Rathbun and Herrington, but all got out safely. Archie Cook and E. G. Smith are missing, possibly prisoners and Harry Allard, son-in-law of "J. K. Mitchell" and a chap named Lavender were both killed. Allard did excellent work, the taking about 15 Germans before he was finally shot. I saw Frank Lynn the other night. He is in with the engineers who have been doing good work."

This letter was written on Belgian paper, very neatly ornamented at the top and resplendent with the spring roses and flowers and birds.

On May 5th he wrote another letter and among other things said: "We are back of the firing line and are shaping up a new deal, which joined up the day before yesterday. They are a fine looking bunch of men and with some additional training will make fine soldiers. I have at present the Belleville boys under me once more. They are all well, except the couple I mentioned in a previous letter. I have written several letters since I came out of the trenches and hope you received them all right." I find it rather difficult to write but will try and do better in the future. I received the papers you sent me but have not received the last letters. I understand there are 40 bars of Canadian mail yet unsorted, so I suppose there will be some letters for me in them. I was sorry to learn of the deaths of Messrs. Reeves, Gorman and Perin. Kindly express my sympathy to the bereaved families. I had a letter from Mr. Milburn, who has been very good about writing. I wish you would tell him how much I appreciate his letters."

The last letter was written on May 10th. Among other things he said: "We are still in the army reserves and our orders are to be ready to move on one hour's notice. This is a standing order and I imagine we will not move for a few days anyway. Sunday morning Today is Sunday and we are holding a general service this morning for the poor chaps we lay in the ditches." He referred to the memorial service held for his comrades who fell in battle. He enclosed a copy of the programme which was as follows:

IN MEMORIAM
A Service
to be held in
Aviation Park Bailleul
Sunday May 9th at 10 a.m.
In Memory of Our Comrades
in the First Brigade
First Canadian Division
who fell in the Battle of Ypres
April 22nd to May 2nd 1915

HYMN
For all the Saints who from their labours rest,
Who Thee by faith before the world confessed,
They Name, O Jesus, be for ever blest,
Alleluia!

Thou wast their Rock, their Fortress and their Might;
Thou, Lord, their Captain in the well-fought fight;
Thou in Jbe darkness drear their one true light.
Alleluia!

O may Thy soldiers, faithful, true and bold,
Fight as the Saints who nobly fought of old,
And win, with them, the victor's crown of gold.
Alleluia!

O blest communion! fellowship Divine!
We feeble struggle, they in glory shine;
Yet all are one in Thee, for all are Thine.
Alleluia!

And when the strife is fierce, the warfare long,
Steals on the ear the distant triumph song,
And hearts are brave again and arms are strong.
Alleluia!

The golden evening-brightens in the west;
Soon, soon to faithful warriors comes their rest;
Sweet is the calm of Paradise the blest.
Alleluia!

But lo there breaks a yet more glorious day;
The Saints triumphant rise in bright array;
The King of glory passes on His way.
Alleluia!

From earth's wide bound from ocean's farthest coast,
Through gates of pearl streams in the countless host
Singing to Father, Son and Holy Ghost,
Alleluia! Amen

PRAYER
Let us join together in the General Confession. Almighty and Most merciful Father; We have erred and strayed from Thy ways like lost sheep. We have followed too much the devices and desires of our own hearts. We have offended against Thy holy laws. We have left undone those things which we ought to have done; and we have done those things which we ought not to have done; And there is no health in us. But Thou, O Lord, have mercy upon us, miserable offenders. Spare Thou them, O God which confess their faults. Restore Thou them that are penitent; According to Thy promises declared unto mankind in Christ Jesus Our Lord. And grant, O merciful Father, for his sake; That we may hereafter live a godly, righteous and sober life, to the glory of Thy holy Name. Amen.

Scripture Lesson—Psalm 90.

HYMN
Lead kindly light amid the encircling gloom
Lead Thou me on.
The night is dark and I am far from home,
Lead Thou me on.
Keep Thou my feet; I do not ask to see
The distant scene, one step enough for me.
I was not ever thus, nor pray'd that Thou shouldst lead me on;
I love to choose and see my path; but now; Lead Thou me on.
I loved the garish day, and, spite of fears,
Pride ruled my will; remember not past years.
So long Thy power hath blest me, sure it still will lead me on;
O'er moor and fen, o'er crag and torrent, till the night is gone,
And with the morn those angel faces smile,
Which I have loved long since and lost awhile.
Amen.

Prayer for the consolation, for the Bereaved and Comfort for the Suffering.

SERMON
Text: John 16:12. Greater love hath no man than this that a man lay down his life for his friend.

HYMN
Fight the good fight with all thy might
Christ is Thy Strength and Christ the right.
Lay hold on life and it shall be,
Thy joy and crown eternally.

Run the straight race through God's good grace,
Lift up thine eyes and seek his Face.
Life with its way before us lies,
Christ is the path and Christ the prize.

Cast care aside, lean on thy Guide,
His boundless mercy will provide;
Trust and thy trusting soul shall prove,
Christ is his life and Christ its love.

Faint not, nor fear, His Arms are near,
He changeth not, and thou art dear;
Only believe and thou shalt see
That Christ is all in all to thee.
Amen.

PRAYER
Almighty and everlasting God by whose grace Thy servants are enabled to fight the good fight of faith and ever prove victorious; We humbly beseech Thee so to inspire us that we may faithfully serve Thee in this obedience and exercise our will on behalf of Thee; for us to think wisely; to speak rightly; to resolve humbly; to act kindly; to live purely. Bless us in body and in soul and make us a blessing to our comrades. Whether at home or abroad may we ever seek the extension of Thy kingdom. Let the assurance of Thy presence save us from sinning; strengthen us in life, and comfort us in death. O Lord our God accept this prayer for Jesus Jesus Christ's sake. Amen.

Benediction. God save the King."

The letters were full of many personal references which are private, but the above are extracts which are of interest to the public.

SERGT. JOHN LAVIN

The following letter has been received by Mrs. Lavin of 23 Charlotte street, Belleville, from her husband, Sergt. J. Lavin.

St. Johns & Elizabeth Hospital,
London, N. W.
"I am getting on fine, but I had a very painful time. I have four bullet holes in me but one bullet did the bad. It entered in the back of the arm, about 4 inches above the wrist, went through my arm, breaking a bone, entered my lung and came out through my back about 2½ inch of my back bone. I was very lucky I did not bleed to death. They could not find the bullet, so they had to cut every stitch of me. We had a terrible time. Out of six officers in my company four were killed and two wounded. I was wounded about five o'clock Friday morning, 23rd April. They carried me on a stretcher to a barn, which was full of wounded. It was not long there when the Germans began to shell the barn and killed four and two more. God only knows how I escaped them, for when I had given up all hope a man came in who knew me; he took me into an old cellar where I was safe from the shells, but I was bleeding terribly. I had to stay there all that day until about four o'clock next morning, when I was put on board a motor ambulance about 15 miles from the firing line. I was then pretty well dressed by doctors and nurses and sent to Boulogne, where they sent me on to England. They put me in a nice clean bed, and found my arm was infected, and I got very painful. I was allowed up yesterday, but my back started bleeding again. I am not to get up for a week or two longer. I expect to be in here at least six or seven weeks. This is very tiring for me to write this letter, as I have only the use of one hand and my back is very sore, but thank God I have got over the worst of it and I expect to be running around in less than a week. This is a fine hospital. It is a Catholic Hospital, but they treat anyone here no matter what religion, and the nurses are splendid. There are a lot of Irish Irish in this hospital, and they are splendid; they will do anything for me. We had a concert in the Ward last Wednesday night. It was very good as some of the leading actors and actresses were here. They send in fruit and cigarettes. A Canadian lady came to see me and wanted to know what she could do for me. She belongs to Toronto. She is coming again. I forgot to tell you where I was wounded. It was at a place called Ypres, which is nothing but a hell upon earth, with a geographic name to describe its wholesale slaughter."

GUNNER LIONEL HARRIS

Mr. E. R. Harris, residing on Cathcrine street, received the following communication from her son Lionel, who left here with the 24th battery and went to the front.

France, May 5, 1915

Dear Father; I am writing again for fear you will not get my two previous letters and thought you might be worrying as regards to my safety. We have surely been in a hurry lately; it is something awful. The fighting raged day and night. A lot of the Second Contingent are in France at present. I think they are a draft to fill up the casualties, which were quite heavy.

I am feeling fine after an awful battle. Our battery lost quite a few wounded, who have gone to the hospital, but I was one of the lucky ones. I guess the gun I was on, was put out of commission, so I am back for a rest.

Gordon Hay, Gordon Buck, and the other boys from Belleville in our battery are all well, but two of the second battery were killed. I cannot mention their names, as it will be in the paper. I received the papers you sent and they were gratefully received, as it reminded me of home.

Kitchener's army is here at the front now, so I think we are about to make a big move. Everything is going nicely. We have the Germans in check on their march to Calais, which I think is a big disappointment on their part, and will surely take the heart out of them.

PRIVATE W. DINGMAN

Mrs. Dingman, East Bridge St., Belleville, has received the following letter from her son, Pte. W. Dingman:

May 5, 1915

Dear Mother: Just a few lines to let you know I am quite well. No doubt you will know about we boys being in one of the greatest battles of this war, long before this letter reaches you. There are only a few of our boys from home amongst the missing and wounded. We lost very heavily, although we came out victorious, we were up against big odds. You will learn through the papers the work of our division. I am sorry I am not able to give you fuller details. You know we are not allowed to put everything in print.

At the present writing, we are at rest billets. We are being re-organized, filling in the vacancies, etc. All our officers that came through this fight safe, have been promoted. Messrs. Ponton and O'Flynn are both captains now and they well deserve the promotion.

You mustn't worry at all, as I was never better in my life and we all anticipate a favorable and early ending of this war."

C. M. SPRAGUE

Mrs. E. B. Sprague, 28 North Front street, has received the following letter from her son, C. M. Sprague, dietary catcher, Divisional Corp. 1st Canadian Contingent. It is dated May 6 but there is nothing to indicate where it was written:

"Enclosed find six post office orders, $4.80 each. You may possibly have to get them cashed at the bank, before they the post office there. After we got you a parcel of food and a French shell polished up. The design is good, being cut off and steel bullets for the end of her pipe; also a little shoe. It goes on the end of it. Put it in the parlor as I prize it very highly, as it is the only big shell I will write home from, when I have time. I will have to get this cashed and started on its way to Canada. So goodbye.

CHARLIE.

In good health; received all your letters.

GUNNER CARL KISER

Gunner Carl Kiser writes as under to his cousin, Marjorie Bunnell:

Dear Cousin:—I suppose you have read about our boys going wild and making a charge, covering themselves with mud, blood and glory. Well, take it from me it was certainly a charge, covering them all right, and it is hot enough now to suit you. We have got all the guns, blistered off the guns now from going it some. Some of the boys are wounded and a few of them are killed, but I am still in the running and going it strong. Tell all the people to write us the news.

GUNNER PATERSON WOUNDED

Mrs. D. Paterson, 8 Victoria Ave., Belleville, has received the following telegram from the Adjutant General, dated Ottawa, May 25:—

"Sincerely regret to inform you 40469 Gunner William Paterson, 1st Field Artillery Brigade officially reported wounded. Further particulars when received will be sent you.

Adjutant General"

The following is the last letter received by Mrs. Paterson from her son:

Belgium, April 30, 1915

Dear Mother:—I have received all letters and papers up to this date, also the parcel with the writing pad. We are in action again in a little hotter place than the last time. I got a wound on the fingers of my left hand and am back of the horse lines.

We are in Belgium now, on the hottest part of the line. It is lovely here in the warm weather. I am writing in my shirt sleeve. I have just been talking to three Indians of the 5th Bengal Lancers. They are fine fellows.

Do not worry about my fingers. I would not have told you, only I was afraid it would get in the papers and you would not know what happened. I was lucky to what some of the others were. I also had the side of my finger torn by a piece of shell, but my aluminum cup in my pocket turned it.

THE WEATHER

Strong north to north-east winds, partly cloudy and cool.
Thursday, northeast to east winds, local showers, but mostly cool.

TRY OUR

Buns — Tarts
Fried Cake — Cookies
Doughnuts — Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

The Life Of a Watch

The Life of a Watch depends generally on the care which the owner bestows upon it.

It SHOULD be cleaned and oiled once a year. Many good watches are allowed to go without care, and the result is the oil is entirely dried up, the pivots are cut and rusted out, and it will cost nearly as much as a new movement to put it in proper condition again.

If your watch is not giving satisfaction, bring it in to us and we will tell you just what it wants and what it will cost you.

NO CHARGE FOR EXAMINATION

Angus McFee
Jeweler
Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S
NEW SCOTCH BISCUITS
Now in stock
McVITIE & PRICE'S
College Creams, Academy Creams, Waterette Tea Rusks, Queen's Shorties, Cheese Assorted, Rich Selected &c. &c.
Crosse & Blackwell's Tomato Ketchup
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup
French Mustard, jars ..... ½ & 1lb. 10c.
Libby's Peaches, tins 15c
Libby's Sliced Peaches, tins ..... 20c.
Libby's Apricots, tins ..... 20c.
Clark's Baked Beans . 7c, 10c & 12½c.
Bournville Cocoa, tins ..... 25 & 45c.
California Tuna Fish, tins ..... 20c.
Norway Mackerel, tins ..... 20c.
Franco American Potted Beef, tins 10c.
MacLaren's Invisible Jelly Powders ..... 10c.
Imperial Enamels, for Infants & Invalids.
Alvin Breakfast Food, pkgs ..... 25c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkgs ..... 25c.
Triscuit, 2 pkgs ..... 25c.
Saltzs Health Foods (cereine) in ..... 15c.
English Candies, in jars ..... 25c.
Layer Figs, large boxes ..... 10c.
Wafer Sliced Ocef, jars 25c. tins 22 c.
Paba & Malt Extract, bottle ..... 30c.
Heinz Sweet Pickles, bottles ..... 30c.
Heinz Chow Chow or Sour Mixed 25c.
Bran for table use ..... 85c & 95c.
H-O-Oatmeal, pkgs. ..... 15c.
AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our
Electric Irons
The BEST on the Market
Sell for $4.00
Let Us Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited
Oswald H. Scott, Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store. Bridge St.

2.30 p.m. 8 p.m.

Special Auction Sale

Too Much Stock. Better Convert Into Money.
It's Your Opportunity.

I will conduct a SPECIAL AUCTION SALE of my entire stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut-Glass, Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, Clocks, Chinaware, etc., etc., which will be sold.
EVERY ARTICLE FULLY GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY-REFUNDED.

SPECIAL.—Ladies, This Is Where You Come In
To the first 25 Ladies attending the Opening Sale on Thursday May 27th, at 8 p.m., a handsome present will be given.
REMEMBER! you do not have to purchase any goods to receive this present. ONLY BE ON TIME.

Thursday Night at 8 o'clock The OPENING SALE
AUCTION SALE will be continued Every Afternoon at 2.30 and at Night at 8 o'clock, for a short time only.
Seats for Ladies.

T. BLACKBURN
258 FRONT ST. OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELLER

SPECIAL.—I Am Not Going Out Of Business

S. HOWARD LYON, Toronto, Auctioneer

2.30 p.m. 8 p.m.

ASTHMA COUGHS
WHOOPING COUGH BRONCHITIS — SPASMODIC CROUP CATARRH
Vapo-Cresolene
Is a simple, safe and effective treatment available for Asthma, Hay Fever, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore Throat, etc. The air carrying the antiseptic vapour, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough. Cresolene prevents contagious diseases. Used successfully in homes with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma.
Send for booklet for Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever.
VAPO-CRESOLENE CO., Leeming-Miles Bldg., Montreal

Special Bargains

In

House Dresses and Underskirts

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY

Women's House Dresses from 98c. to $1.95. Made in New York of good material, guaranteed to fit and give satisfaction.
7 dozen Black and Colored Sateen Underskirts, made by "The Greenwald Petticoat Company" of New York, warranted to give satisfaction: Regular price $1.50; on sale at .... 98c.
5 dozen Black and Colored Underskirts made by Greenwald's, to sell at $1.25; our price 89c. This is a rare opportunity to secure underskirts much under value.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Extra Special

Beautiful New Piano

In Fumed Oak

$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

TRENTON.

Mr. Arthur Moon, wife and baby of Belleville, arrived on Saturday to spend the holidays with her mother, Dundas Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Potts went to Picton on Saturday and will visit her sister, Mrs. John Delong, at Bayside, for a few days.

Miss A. E. Bywater is spending a few days in Belleville with her husband, Major.

Visitors to Trenton on Saturday from Consecon: Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Moreland, Miss P. E. Mastin; from Hillier, Mrs. Dick Jones and daughter, Thelma, Mr. Burton Baxter.

Mr. and Mrs. Lenna and little daughter are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Blair, Murphy Street.

Miss Farley and daughter of Smithfield were recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Jones, Ford Street.

The C. N. R. freight office underwent a thorough renovation recently, being well scrubbed and cleaned. More attention should be paid to these public places or they become a menace to the health of the public and the employees.

On Saturday evening about 11 p.m., a man was seen prowling around the residence of Mr. Thos. Arthur, on Fort Street, by a neighbor who was returning from his down-town place of business. The alarm was given, and on investigation two men were found crouching in the shadow of the house. They immediately hiked down the street at a good rate of speed and when pursued ran behind an empty house and sheds. As usual, no policeman was in sight, or some important arrests might have been made.

The I.O.D.E. met at the home of Mrs. (Dr.) Caterly on Friday.

A cable was received from Mr. Lorne Foster, sergeant, of Trenton, telling of their safe arrival in England with 3,000 soldiers and nurses. Nurses Bonter and Armstrong, with Private Dafoe were among the number from Trenton.

The Elks gave a fine sacred concert in Victoria Park on Sunday afternoon. Their band contained many fine musicians and they gave many choice selections. It is called the Pierson Show, and they have a canvas tent near the C.N.R. station. The company will be here all this week.

Miss Mabel Brown entertained a number of the choir on Tuesday. The evening was spent very pleasantly with games and music. Refreshments in the way of cakes, coffee, sandwiches and maple sugar were very much enjoyed.

The Foresters and friends held an entertainment on Tuesday evening in the Oddfellows' Hall. Music and refreshments were the order of the evening.

Mr. Thomas White has given up his livery business on Centre street and is moving across the river.

Mr. Thos. Gothard is building a large coal shed near the boat landing.

Mr. Percy Denyes, late of Campbellford, and electric engineer at the power house at Dam No. 2, is moving from Murphy street into Mr. Gardiner's new brick residence on River St.

Mr. Pelkey has rented the Strathcona Hotel and will run it as a temperance house.

Mrs. Aaron Adams and two children of Oshawa have been renewing old acquaintances in town and vicinity. Her many friends were pleased to welcome her back to her old home.

A number of young people of the choir held a picnic on the 24th, meeting at the home of Miss Marion Foster, and proceeding with well filled baskets to the woods.

THIRD LINE, THURLOW.

Mr. Maylen and Miss Hall of Campbellford, also Miss Handley, of Belleville, were the guests over Sunday of Mrs. E. W. Brown.

Mrs. Wm. O'Brien received word this morning that her sister, Mrs. Sullivan, of Belleville, had died very suddenly. Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien have the sympathy of the neighborhood. On Saturday last they buried their son, Albert.

Miss Laura Phelps spent Sunday and Monday at the home of her brother.

Miss Nina Denike of Belleville spent Sunday with Mrs. A. H. Easton.

Mrs. Diamond of Toronto is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. V. Brown.

Mrs. Percy Mott, of Avondale, and Mrs. D. Shorey of Sidney spent a couple of days last week with their sister, Mrs. Fred Swain.

Mr. Pound has been improving his premises by giving his house a coat of white paint.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Casey spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. W. P. Way, fourth line.

Rev. M. E. Wilson of Canifton has purchased a new car.

Mr. Irwin Clapp of Belleville spent Sunday under the parental roof.

WELLINGTON.

While out for a spin in his automobile on Thursday morning last, Mr. Thomas Montgomery was seized with a stroke. He was brought to his home, where all possible aid was given, but he passed away about one o'clock. He leaves a widow and one daughter. He was a brother of Mr. Norman Montgomery of Brighton, and was a blacksmith by trade.

Examinations are now being conducted at the schol.

The Methodist Sunday School is showing an increased attendance each Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Minns of Picton were at their summer cottage here on May 24th, with a party of friends for a picnic.

Our park is now getting ready for picnic parties. The Hotel Alexandra will give free hot water to all picnic parties this summer. Come along, Tweed and Belleville.

Rev. and Mrs. Young are away to New York City for three weeks on a mission tour.

Mrs. Sarah Titus is very ill.

Rev. John Webb of Newmarket is here for the summer.

Mr. L. Haight has successfully passed his examinations for druggist with honors. He is the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Gregg Haight.

Mr. Lett Smith is at Toronto on Toronto.

Word was received on Sunday last by Mr. and Mrs. Allan Haight that their only son, Grant, who is at the front with the Canadian Division, was missing. All hope he may still be alive.

The lecture on Germany by Mr. Elmer Luck, in the Methodist church was largely attended, and all enjoyed the discourse. The Builders' Class of that Sunday School were very fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Luck.

4TH CON., AMELIASBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kemp and son, Gordon visited at the home of Mr. E. Alyea, 3rd concession, recently.

Mrs. A. Blakely and children spent the week-end in Consecon with her mother, Mrs. M. Ward.

Miss Cassie Fox returned to her school at Massassaga after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. C. Wannamaker.

Mr. and Mrs. Orser of Trenton spent last week visiting the latter's father, Mr. S. Carnrike, who has been quite seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hennesey spent a recent Sunday at the Centre with Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Lont.

The stork visited our neighborhood on Friday last and left a baby girl to brighten the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Carnrike.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Price visited at Mr. and Mrs. Herman Murphy.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Mastin of Young's spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. V. Brown.

Mrs. Ira Pymer and Mrs. John Hall of Mountain were callers in our neighborhood recently.

Mrs. S. A. Vancott is able to be out again after her recent illness.

Whooping cough and chicken pox are quite prevalent in this vicinity at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sager spent Saturday afternoon at the home of Mr. George and Miss Alma Sager, Victoria.

A number from here attended the obsequiest of the late Etta Glenn which were conducted by the Rev. S. E. Morton at the residence of her brother, Oscar Glenn, Victoria, on Friday.

Mr. S. Carnrike is slowly recovering after his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Blakely and family were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Parliament on Sunday.

Mr. Arthur Adams of Consecon visited friends here on Sunday.

Mr. Bert Buckler spent the week end with friends at Victoria.

TURNER SETTLEMENT.

The Chatterton Women's Institute met at the home of Miss Bessie Spencer last Thursday afternoon and a splendid programme was presented. The various officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Miss Mollie Parkes has returned to her home, after completing her studies at Faculty, Toronto.

Ordination services were held in the Sidney Baptist Church on Tuesday the 18th, when Mr. A. E. Richmond was set apart to the work of the ministry. Several Baptist clergymen were present to examine the candidate in the afternoon and the ordination proper was proceded with in the evening. The occasion was a marked success and large congregations were present at both services.

A number of people from this locality attended the funeral of Mr. Hermon Bennett on Wednesday of last week. A service was conducted in the Holloway Methodist Church by Rev. C. D. Reddick, assisted by Rev. W. W. James, and W. S. Barker. We extend to the bereaved family our sincere sympathy.

The Baptist Young People's Society were favored on Wednesday evening with an excellent paper by Mrs. Leonard Prest, entitled "Friendships." A splendid number of young people were present and a most profitable evening was spent.

Miss Gertie Broadworth of Belleville is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Leonard Prest.

W. W. Hagen of Berlin is visiting Miss Ethel Hough of Holloway over the week-end.

TUFTSVILLE.

Mrs. S. Tufts and Mr. Wm. French are on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Radford of Sidney spent a day recently with Mr. and Mrs. Bennett.

Mr. Bennett attended the funeral of the late Mrs. St. Charles, at Stirling.

Mrs. E. O. White of Toronto, who attended the funeral of the late Herman Bennett, has returned home.

Mrs. M. J. Bennett, of Belleville has returned home after staying about four months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bennett.

Mr. Bert Juby's child, of Shannonville, is very ill.

Mr. Hiram Ashley lost a valuable mare and foal last week.

Mrs. Geo. Gay and Mrs. T. P. Eggleton spent a day last week at Shannonville with their brother, Bert Juby.

Messrs. Nathan Eggleton and Murney Stapley went to Picton to visit last week.

Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Barker, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. French visited Mr. and Mrs. Bennett recently.

CARMEL.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Gilbert have returned home after spending a few days at the Carrying Place.

Mr. Henry Gerow is remodelling his house.

Mr. W. Coulter is staying a few in our locality.

The friends of Mrs. Walter Gilbert will be sorry to learn that her father, Mr. Wm. Naylor, Belleville, is suffering from a stroke.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin of Thomasburg visited Mr. John Vanderwater recently.

Miss Wanda Reid was home for the 24th of May.

We are pleased to see Mrs. Reid in her old home again.

Mr. Frank Garrison and mother spent Saturday at her sister's, Mrs. John Vanderwater's.

Mr. John Pitman is suffering from a severe cold.

The Carmel baseball team intend playing Cannifton one night this week.

Miss Leah Gilbert spent the week-end at Mr. Pitman's.

Mr. M. Sine visited at E. S. Gilbert's on Thursday last.

SPRINGBROOK.

Master Aylmer Kemp met with a painful accident on Monday last when he fell from the back of Mr. Wm. Gibson's wagon and broke his leg.

Mrs. Ross and Mrs. B. McConneyll are visiting Mrs. T. C. McConnall.

Mr. Richard Seeley wears a smile—it's a boy!

Miss Rollins and Miss Tucker attended the teachers' convention last week.

Mr. John Murray of this place and Miss Bertha Watson were united in marriage on Wed., May 19th. We all join in wishing them much happiness.

Miss Hilda Reid has returned home after spending a few days with Mrs. Arthur Burkett.

6TH CONCESSION, SIDNEY

Mr. Geo. Westover occupied the pulpit on Sunday in place of Mr. Sharp, who is on a trip to the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Pearson were guests on Sunday of Mr. Ernest Lott.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Brooks of Napanee are spending a few days at Mr. Morley Scott.

Mr. Christie of Pleasant View visited Mr. Wilmot Rose on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sine of Foxboro were guests at Mr. Wm. Moon, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Lott visited relatives in this place on Sunday.

OAK HILLS.

Mr. Nathan Eggleton and Murn Stapley spent Sunday with friends near Picton.

A young daughter came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Juby's.

Mrs. Wallace Simmons, Corbyville, spent Sunday with her brother, Mr. Jos. Bronson.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Jessie Charles, Stirling.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Stapley spent the 24th at their daughter's, Mrs. Wm. Cook, Foxboro.

WELLINGTON.

The funeral of Mr. John Thomas Montgomery took place at the Methodist Church on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. A large number of relatives and friends from a distance, as well as a number from Wellington and country attended. Deceased was a member of A.F.I.A. Rev. Mr. Archer took charge of the service at the Methodist Church. The choir gave special music. The floral offerings were numerous. The interment was at the Methodist Cemetery, Wellington.

Amazon Explorer Swears By Grape-Nuts

Algot Lange—famous tropic explorer—recently made a perilous exploration of the lower Amazon.

The question of food supplies was a big one. Economy of space—food value—keeping qualities—palatability—all had to be considered.

Lange chose for his stand-by—

Grape-Nuts

Here is the way he refers to this food here and there through his book, "The Lower Amazon."

"I have included in my supplies Grape-Nuts."
"At lunch I eat some Grape-Nuts (an American breakfast cereal) with condensed milk."
"After this egg (turtle) meal comes for me Grape-Nuts from sealed tins."
"I go back to the moloca at noon to eat my lunch of roast turtle, Grape-Nuts and hard-tack."

Everywhere—at home or abroad—wherever big things are accomplished—this famous wheat and barley food is relied upon to build and sustain vigor and energy of body, brain and nerve.

Ready-to-eat—delicious—economical—nourishing.

"There's a Reason" for GRAPE-NUTS

MADE IN CANADA —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Rich Cut Glass

All pieces are genuine, full cut on plain blanks. You will find no better quality to be had in rich, artistically cut glass than right here. Every piece in the range is of the prettiest and latest design.

Cut Glass is most acceptable for any gift, be it a wedding or a birthday. We have selected our stock carefully, both as to quality and price. Every conceivable piece is here in all its richness, such as: Fruit Bowls, Bon Bon Dishes, Comports, Vases, Candle Sticks, Water Bottles, Water Jugs, Butter Dishes, Mustard Jars, Oil Bottles, Tumblers, Salt and Pepper Shakers, etc.,

A beautiful rich designed Sugar and Cream set at $2.50 is splendid value.

Berry Bowls an excellent stock to choose from $4.50 to $10.50
Bon Bon Dishes from .... $1.50 to $12.00
Water Jugs from .... $3.50 to $8.50

We enumerate a few of the popular prices only; numerous others at correspondingly low prices.

We also have a splendid well assorted stock of Silverware, such as Pie Servers, Sugar Shells, Berry Spoons, Dessert Spoons, Tea Spoons, etc., etc., at exceedingly low prices.

Come here for gifts. Our stock is well selected.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

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Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

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Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States $1.50 strictly in advance.

"SPEAK NOW!"

"Sir Robert Borden should speak now!" exclaims the Liberal organ in Toronto, in fear and trembling of an immediate general election being sprung upon the country. The Globe should reflect that it is not a Blake, and that it has not Sir Robert Borden purchased, as Blake had Wood, and therefore not likely to obey the command to "Speak now!" History in this case cannot repeat itself. The calibre and probity of the man of the Wood type, and the statesman asked to speak now, are not the same; hence the same result will not follow the suggestion to "speak now" that followed the disgraceful Blake-Wood episode.

Has the Liberal organ of Toronto lost all regard for the political reputation of its former leaders. If it has not, it never should have reminded the present generation of the traitorous conduct of such a man as Wood, who, while a member of the Sandfield-Macdonald Government, entered into a bargain with the then leader of the Opposition to betray his trust, and make the announcement in the House of Assembly when in session, as he did on the demand of Blake to "Speak now!" He did "speak." The Macdonald Government was subsequently defeated; the Liberals came into power, and the traitor, Wood, got his reward by being appointed Chief Justice in Manitoba.

Canada wants no more of such "speak now" political chicanery, and the Liberal party would display better sense were it to allow such a black political blot upon its political escutcheon to be forgotten.

KITCHENER — THE TIMES BURNED.

The attacks upon Lord Kitchener by the London Times and Mail are not relished by the great majority of the English people, who are ever ready to resent what they believe unjustifiable assaults upon public men, particularly those who have grave and responsible duties to perform. Kitchener is just now the idol of not only the populace, but of the leading statesmen of the Empire.

Unprepared as Britain was at the moment to cope with affairs as they developed on the declaration of war, the marvel is that greater mistakes were not made in preparing to do battle with a nation like Germany, that for a generation had been preparing for war. It should also be borne in mind that the system of warfare has completely changed. Germany had prepared itself for action with all improved warlike appliances, even to poisonous gases, which had never been contemplated by the war department in England, nor by any other civilized country.

Unpreparedness has been England's fate in the past. Time will remedy this, and as it has been in the past, so it will prove in the future. Victory will ultimately crown British efforts.

The feeling in England against the Times and other journals which have commented adversely upon what is termed want of knowledge by Kitchener of what was necessary to do, and the taking upon himself too much responsibility by ignoring advice, has created intense indignation against those journals which attacked and condemned him, resulting in the public burning of the Times—a feat, though characteristic of Englishmen, which is not likely to materially affect the Times.

The following exemplifies the feeling of the people:—

"Rarely in its history," says the Daily Chronicle, "has the Stock Exchange been so moved as it was yesterday over the venomous and unpatriotic attack by a contemporary on Lord Kitchener, who has always been a particular favorite since he paid his well-remembered visit to the House seventeen years ago and spoke on behalf of his educational projects in India. He asked for £100,000, it will be remembered, and the bulk of that sum was promptly subscribed by members of the Stock Exchange. Yesterday, the members were thinking as much of their country as of the personality attacked and indignation was intense. Notices extremely uncomplimentary to the authors of the attacks appeared on the notice boards and a meeting was hastily summoned for 2.30 o'clock to pass a resolution of protest.

"Charles Clark, who has led many demonstrations in the house, appeared with a copy of the paper containing the article. His speech was brief, but forcible, and his words were punctuated with roars of cheers from the mass in front of him. Clark concluded by proposing a resolution expressing entire confidence in Lord Kitchener and strong condemnation of the venomous attacks made on him by a certain section of the English press. This was carried with acclamation, the resolution being drafted for publication, and telegrams sent to the Prime Minister and Lord Kitchener.

"The offending newspaper was then publicly burned on the floor of the House, and three resounding cheers for Lord Kitchener closed the memorable demonstration. Other reports state that all obtainable copies of the Daily Mail and the Times were thrown into the bonfire."

GENERAL ELECTION IN MANITOBA.

Indications lead to the conclusion that there is to be a general election in Manitoba, and not a word is heard in condemnation of what is so frequently declared by the Liberal Press of Ontario as the barbarity of putting the people to such a task while the war exists. Would not the crime be equally as bad to have an election in Manitoba, as in the other Provinces? The difference is that in Manitoba under present circumstances the Liberals expect to win; in a Dominion election they would be sure to lose.

A telegram from Winnipeg of the 25th says: "All members of the "Legislature supporting the Liberal "Government are meeting in the "city today, together with different "Liberal candidates and other lead-"ers of the party to decide as to a "general election for the Province. "There seems to be no doubt that "the decision will be reached to hold "one."

CURRENT COMMENT

Being occupied with hating England the German people may leave to the Austrians the task of hating Italy.

How many of us can say, with Kitchener that we have tried to do too much to help the Empire in this war?

Lord Fisher demands absolute power in directing the navy, or he won't serve. Let him have the power—Montreal Mail.

Since the start of the war, 30,000 people have come to Canada from the United States. This may be the "invasion" we heard so much about once.

German poets will now work overtime to decide what particular superior quality of the Germans has excited the jealousy of Italy.

Athletic leaders who know the advantage of calling upon fresh men late in the game will appreciate the advantage the allies now possess.

The public is to be warned against expecting a triumphant dash on Berlin soon just because we have another big ally. But we can all expect it in time.

"Safety from war raids" is the principle attraction advertised by an English health resort, though what guarantee there is against the dropping of a German bomb is not explained.

A coalition Cabinet in Great Britain on the lines suggested in the despatches, would give new brains, new support and national dignity to the Administration. This war is the business of the whole British peoples in the islands and their spokesmen in office together would present a united nation to the enemy. It would dissipate partisanship and muzzle the parish politicians. It would be the last word in the effectiveness of a great nation's methods of dealing with the Great war—Montreal Evening News.

England's proposed changes in her cabinet are not in the nature of swapping horses crossing a stream. They resemble a rescue of foundering nags by fresh steads in perfect training.

Last year Nova Scotia produced 7,905,000 tons of coal, 333,500 tons of limestone, 283,300 tons of gypsum and 13,100 tons of gold bearing ore. The coal mining gave employment to 14,600 men, while the Government received from that business alone $704,000 in royalties. Over 2,000,000 tons of Nova Scotian coal were shipped up the St. Lawrence to Montreal.

Thomas A. Edison, the electrical wizard, has perfected a battery for use in submarines which will enable them to remain submerged for a longer time than at present, thereby increasing their submerged cruising range from one hundred to one hundred and fifty miles. The Edison battery not only prevents asphyxiation, but acts as a disinfectant through the affinity of its solution—potash for carbonic acid gas. The inventor claims that it cost him seven years of labor and two million dollars to perfect.

MADE IN CANADA

34th Battery At Langemarck

Continued from Page One.

ley in front of us, a foggy, damp mist; a light breeze was blowing in our direction; dawn was breaking. I turned over, gathering my blanket more snugly around me and fell into a sound sleep. When I awoke the Colonel was speaking hurriedly. I grasped immediately the word "action." Shouting to my boys, we jumped to our guns, hungry, and weary in every limb. Soon our guns were roaring defiance in reply to the terrific fire the Germans were pouring into our trenches, while their heavy guns once more swept and searched our valley from each flank and front. Suddenly we are seized with a sickening, suffocating sensation! We gasp for breath, our eyes seem to bulge from their sockets, a yellow haze fills the valley in front of us! We realize that the Germans have resorted to their poisonous gas. What they cannot get by fair means they try to attain by foul. We realize the horror of it! Our brave infantry in front we know must be overcome. We must stick to our guns or die in the attempt. Under a raking fire of shrapnel, suffocating with gas, coughing and choking, officers and men—*we stuck to it* for our lads in the trenches in front. We poured a gun fire into the Huns, returning good British steel for poison. WE STUCK TO IT with grim determination, born and inherited from the men who made old England's fame. Like Spartans, I say, *our boys* stood to their posts, and our Colonel—God bless him—although, like the rest suffering, smiled his encouragement. And still we kept our guns blazing into their trenches. A withering fire swept the crest of our hill, but God alone preserved us. Soon staggering forms came toward our guns, bleeding, wounded and suffocated. I scan the line on our left and see groups of staggering, blinded men, some falling overcome, others helping a comrade along. Soon streams of them appear, shattered, wounded, poisoned and blindly seeking a breath of fresh, pure ozone; some leaving death by gas only to meet it by the shrapnel bursting everywhere. We heard the desperate rifle fire of blinded men. We heard the sound drawing nearer. We see the roadways being swept by shrapnel and high explosive. It dawns on us that our ammunition is getting low. Will more ever reach us? We see a battery retiring. On our right, just behind us, another. We see it dash for the roadway under a terrific fire. We see horses and men blown to atoms. A hatless, mud and blood-besmirched Kiltie staggered past our gun. We anxiously ask, "How goes it forward?" With a side glance, partly of pity perhaps for us, he says, "We couldn't stick it, lads; it's hell!" Soon a wounded officer sways and staggers through our line. One of our lieutenants runs to support him and carry him to the rear. Meantime the terrific battle goes on. Dauntless men—our infantry—face the foe, fighting against overwhelming odds, under the influence of poison and subjected to a hell of shot and shell. The French have broken on the extreme rear of our left flank, and the situations is apparently hopeless. My God! Will ammunition ever reach us! Still more hopeless is the outlook when we see one of our lieutenants coming back from observation. Lieut. Helmer, another officer—fearless and unswerving—who since has met his death fulfilling his duty while we were in action, staggering and overcome, reveals the situation. We count our rounds! 'Tis easy! At a glance we count two! The Colonel realizes our position. Quietly he asks: "Sergt. Spafford, you know how to spike your gun?" I reply, and he says, "Be ready!" We know we are up against it. Anxiously, still hoping against hope that our ammunition has not been cut off, he scans the road leading to the city of ——. Still the storm of shrapnel and J. J.'s tear the earth and road around our gun—some five yards away—sweeping, searching and raking every nook and corner. We hear the clatter of horses' hoofs on the stone roadway. We see the gallant lads of the Ammunition Column coming down the road at the dead gallop. One, two, three, four, five, six, seven waggons of ammunition! We see teams drop, torn to pieces by shrapnel, but the remainder push on with hoarse cheers. The gunners rush to meet them, and soon we have a supply of much-wanted shrapnel. The battle still rages. We see our infantry fighting every inch of the way. Soon on the border of the wood we see the now familiar spikes of German helmets. The Colonel, with glasses to his eyes, for a moment scans the situation. Soon a telephonist is on his way to the infantry, whose Colonel is there. Meantime we get the command to move the guns into the open. This is done speedily. No longer do we feel weary or tired. The effects of the gas are forgotten. We spring to our guns, and with open sights, 1200 yards range, we open fire on the advancing assassins. We sweep

Continued on Page Eight.

THE POET'S CORNER

By Theodore Goodridge Roberts
Lieutenant, 12th Battalion, Canadians.

Not yet the reckoning, but soon the
day of your doom,
Ye who strike the defenceless out of
the misty gloom!
Not yet our answer; but short is your
time to wait,
(Ye who crawl in the dark and strike
in bestial hate)
For the hands of an outraged world
to crush you with their weight.

Surely we press upon, marching by
day and night,
Fired by grief and anger, armed and
steadied by right.
Surely we draw to the finish, closing
in on the day
When the spears of the hunters shall
strike the desperate wolf at bay,
And the torn world's horror will pass
with the death of the Beast of
Prey.
—In The Canadian Magazine for June.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS
DELICIOUS
"Liquid Foods"
(Leading Ottawa Medico)
The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal
FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

"Jacky" Fisher knows the naval game, and he will not subordinate his plans to Churchill dictation. Most people will approve of the strong man's decision.

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Cures Headache
Mr. E. F. Tomkins, Ex-Mayor of Coaticook, Que., proves it.
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We wish to go on record as stating emphatically that Fit-Reform prices are the same today as a year ago.
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Chas. J. Symons
"The Store With The Electric Man"

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A Valuable Feature of a Joint Account
opened with the Union Bank of Canada in the names of two persons, is that if one dies the family funds are not tied up just when they are likely to be most needed. The survivor can withdraw the money without delay or formality.
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OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily
MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.
Montreal and Halifax
Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland
Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
ATTRACTIVE TRIPS
To
Muskoka Lakes — Lake of Bays
Georgian Bay — Algonquin Park
French River — Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River — Timagami, etc.
Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.
Muskoka Express
Leaves Toronto 10.15 a.m. daily, except Sunday, for Muskoka Wharf, Huntsville, Algonquin Park and North Bay. Connections are made at Muskoka Wharf for Muskoka Lakes and at Huntsville for points on Lake of Bays. Parlor-Library-Buffet car to Algonquin Park; Parlor-Library-Cafe car and first-class coaches to North Bay. Full particulars and tickets on application to agents.
H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.
T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)
Lv. BELLEVILLE 3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO 7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE 2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA 7.40 a.m.
(Central Station)
DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)
Lv. BELLEVILLE 5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO 9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE 2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA 7.05 p.m.
(Central Station)
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LAKE ONTARIO RESORTS
GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME, MAY 30
Particulars from
S. Buroows, Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station

Going East.
No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West
No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13 — 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC

Going North.	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 28, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Tarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

		"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave	Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv.	Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar.	Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave	Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave	Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive	Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

		"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave	Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave	Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive	Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave	Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave	Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive	Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

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Money Saved is Money Gained.
Never Defer Saving, but
Open a Savings Account today.
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
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JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch,
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville " " Wednesdays

Picked Up at Sea

By DONALD CHAMBERLIN

We were sailing on the Australian coast when a boat was espied by the lookout. She was an ordinary ship's lifeboat, open, and was dancing merrily on the waves in the bright sunlight. When she came nearer we counted nine men in her. She was heading for us, and the captain gave an order to slow down. As soon as she came alongside a man in the bow hailed us and asked us to take them aboard.

The captain questioned them, and they told him that they were members of the crew of a ship that had collided with another in a fog and had gone to the bottom. He asked how long ago that was and they said a week. Then he asked what had become of the officers and the rest of the crew and was told that they had gone down with the ship. There was only time to get out the one boat before she sank.

The story didn't appeal to the captain as being likely, but he could not refuse to take the men aboard and did so. As soon as they came aboard we saw that their faces were by no means attractive. They asked our captain for what port he was bound and when he said Melbourne I noticed that on the faces of some of them was a scared look, while others seemed to be saying to themselves, "Not if we can prevent it."

I made up my mind that the men were mutineers and had either been put off a ship or sunk a ship or something of the kind, but when they were put to work they showed such ignorance of everything nautical that I changed my opinion. That they were not what they purported to be was evident, but what they were we had no means of knowing.

Our ship was a small steamer, not needing a numerous crew. We usually carried eighteen men, including captain and mate, I being mate, but now we were reduced to twelve.

One evening one of our regular crew came to me and told me that the strangers had taken weapons from the ship's armory and hidden them in the hold. The captain was asleep in his cabin at the time, and I preferred to act on the information rather than wake him up. He was a headstrong man and was liable to give our enemies the advantage by some rash act.

I sent for the man who had been spokesman when we met them and asked him whether he and his men preferred to make some other port than Melbourne. He admitted that they would, but when I asked him where they would like to put in be said that they preferred not to stop at an Australian port at all. I told him to consult with his mates as to what they wanted and let me know.

I did this to put the strangers off their guard and gain time. It was evident, from their not wishing to go ashore in Australian territory, that they were criminals. After consulting with the others the leader came back and told me that they would like to be put out in a large boat we carried which was rigged with a sail and in part decked over. Of course they would need to be provisioned.

This was a dead giveaway on their part and showed that they were desperate, for they had no knowledge of navigation and would be at the mercy of the winds and waters. I pretended to accede to their request and directed that they come on deck and get the boat ready to be lowered. As soon as they went to work I sent men to collect the weapons they had stolen. When this was done I stationed men in different parts of the vessel, all armed. Then I began to send the strangers in different directions for different articles they would need on their voyage. Some were sent for provisions, some for water, some for blankets, some for fuel.

I first ordered their spokesman, who was leader as well, to take two men with him and go down to the hold for some salt pork. He obeyed and three out of the nine men went below not to reappear again, for as soon as they got into the dark hold hands were clapped on their mouths and they were removed to the brig. As soon as it was reported to me that they had been captured I sent two more men to the sail room for canvas. They, too, were secured, and within twenty minutes from the time they had started to get the boat ready I had them all under lock and key.

When the captain appeared on deck the next morning and I told him that the strangers had stolen arms he looked serious. Then when I told him that I had the men secured he was astonished, not being able to understand how he could have slept through a mutiny. Finally when I gave him my plan and the manner of its accomplishment he reprimanded me for acting without his orders.

A few days later we reached port. I went to the municipal office and stated the case, to be told that nine persons serving terms at a prison near the coast had escaped. A boat was missing, and it was supposed they had taken it and put to sea. Government officers were looking for them, but thus far had seen nothing of them.

The men were taken in charge by the police and returned to the prison. Their leader told me before leaving that they had planned to take the ship the very night I executed the plan that resulted in their capture.

Have The Intelligencery sent to your home address.

Oval water pipes are less liable to burst when frozen than round ones.

WE'LL SEND THE FIRST few doses of Gin Pills to you free—if you have any Kidney or Bladder Trouble. After you see how good they are—get the 50c. size at your dealer's.
National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited Toronto 267

A RARE OLD DIARY.

Journal of John G. Howard Contains Many Interesting Entries.

"On the morning of the 25th—Christmas Day—I shot a deer and some quail at the rear part of High Park, near Bloor street," say an entry for 1837 in the diary of the late John G. Howard, printed in a quaint old volume which Mr. W. C. Wilkinson, secretary of the Toronto Board of Education, recently unearthed in his library. Mr. Howard, one of the most notable characters in the early history of Toronto, is best remembered as the donor of High Park to the city. He kept a daily journal of the doings of Toronto in the early days, and in 1888 published the gist of it in book form, now a rare volume which a very few Torontonians are so fortunate as to possess. Mr. Wilkinson has, besides the printed volume, an actual volume of the diary from the year 1849 to 1855 in Mr. Howard's handwriting, and so rich is it in little items of interest, personal as well as historical, that Mr. Wilkinson intends to leave it to the Provincial Archivist.

The item about deer and quail hunting in High Park is not the only one of interest. From the date of his emigration to Canada in 1832 to his death, Mr. Howard's life was full of event. In 1832, with his wife, he set sail on a small ship for Canada, taking eleven weeks and three days from London to York (Toronto).

On landing on Canadian soil somewhere in the gulf, Mr. Howard said:

"At first we walked about with great caution, expecting to see wild beasts and reptiles. I shot a grouse, a dozen snipe, etc., picked a quart of wild gooseberries, and lost about a pint of blood by the mosquitoes and sand flies."

He arrived in Toronto at six in the morning, on Sept. 14, 1832. Mr. Howard was a trained architect and surveyor, and expected to find employment at once from the Canadian Government. He experienced many hardships, however, until his worth was made known, and then he designed most of the houses of Toronto, and later, as City Engineer, erected most of the civic buildings, including Queen Street Asylum, the old courthouse and jail, the old market, and most of the bigger buildings on Front street.

"The Lord Bishop Stewart, of Quebec, called to pay his respects to Mrs. Howard, who was busy washing in one corner of the kitchen. She took her hands out of the wash tub and the bishop shook hands with her."

"In 1833 I built Dr. Widner's cottage on Front street, Thomas Mercer Jones' villa on the corner of York and Front streets, Chewett's Buildings, and the British Coffee House, where the Rossin House now stands."

"In 1834, the first Mayor, William Lyon Mackenzie, employed me as City Surveyor, and I put down the first 11-foot plank sidepaths on King street."

"On Thursday, Dec. 7th, 1837, I led the right wing of the scouting party up Yonge street to attack the rebels, who had congregated at Montgomery's Tavern."

All this time Mr. Howard was busy putting up scores of residences, shops, and institutional buildings—and taverns.

"In 1842, built two stores on King street, Nos. 103 and 105, with German silver sashes and plate glass. No. 103 was built of the first white brick used in Toronto. I gave the brickmaker £60 for 20,000. They were of clay."

"In 1842 I shot a bald eagle flying over the city."

"In 1844 I gained first prize of £50 for a design of a market house for Kingston, but got only $25, they were so poor."

"In 1853 I was appointed an associate judge, and had the honor of sitting on the bench for four years with Chief Justice Robinson, Judge McLean, and Judge Richards."

Kidney Trouble?

The waste material which the Kidneys are intended to remove from the blood, if allowed to accumulate in the system, poison the blood and thus produce deleterious effects.

If from over-work, exposure to cold, or some local injury, the kidneys become congested or inflamed and cannot perform their functions, the system becomes filled with uric poisons.

Whenever a dull, heavy pain is felt over the region of the kidneys for any length of time, accompanied by a sallow complexion, loss of appetite, decrease of weight, and a puffy condition under the eyes and in the ankles, a chronic inflammation of the kidneys must be suspected, and if not relieved promptly chronic Bright's Disease will certainly develop.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt, sold everywhere at 25c and 60c which is a Diuretic as well as an Aperient, will carry out of the system the poisonous material which the kidneys cannot get rid of, and will relieve the congestion of the kidneys. 4

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

After Half A Century

By JOHN TURNLEE

One morning when John Merton of Chicago awoke and looked out through his front window he noticed some men digging in a vacant lot opposite. He was seized with trepidation lest some objectionable building was to be erected on the lot and, dressing himself, went out to make inquiries. He learned that the lot had been sold and the owner was about to erect on it a soap factory.

Mr. Merton at once sought the man and secured an option on the lot at a substantial profit to the latter. Then he visited several of his neighbors, proposing that they should club together and protect the locality by buying the lot. Only one person, a man named Gawtry, was willing or perhaps able to make such an investment, and he and Merton became the owners. By agreement they put the property in the hands of a trust company, to be divided among the heirs of the third generation, or the grandchildren of the two owners. The Mertons were to have the north half and the Gawtrys the south half.

Twenty years later, both Merton and Gawtry being dead and the part of the city in which the lot lay having become used for business, the trustees leased the lot for thirty years, and a store building was erected upon it. By the terms of the lease at its expiration the building was to belong to the owner of the lot.

Meanwhile the descendants of the joint owners had become scattered, the trust company's directors and officers had been changed, and there was no descendant of either Merton or Gawtry who knew about the lot, for which but $800 had been paid by the two purchasers.

One day an advertisement appeared for grandchildren of the late John Merton and Samuel Gawtry. It elicited no response and was repeated from time to time for a year, when it met the eyes of a young bank clerk named Spencer in a western city. His father and mother were dead, but he knew that his mother's maiden name was Merton. He wrote to the advertiser and received a printed statement setting forth the facts in the case of the Merton-Gawtry lot. Spencer, convinced that the John Merton named was his grandfather, investigated the case and, after a long hunt, found that he was the only living grandchild of the said Merton and consequently heir to the north half of the property.

No response to the advertisement whatever came from the Gawtry side, and no division could be made of the lot and building until the heirs in this family were found. John Spencer, desirous of coming into what was a fortune, at once made it his business to hunt up these heirs. He began at the fountainhead, making inquiries as to the first and second generations of Gawtrys, and learned that a son of Samuel Gawtry had settled in Detroit.

Spencer went to Detroit, where he learned that the widow of Samuel Gawtry of the second generation was living in straitened circumstances. Not wishing to excite false hopes in this person, he made inquiries in a roundabout way and learned that the original Gawtry had had several children, but the only living grandchild was Marian Gawtry, daughter of the widow he had found. Having proceeded thus far, Spencer returned to Chicago and reported his find to the trust company and left its officers to satisfy themselves that he (Spencer) and Marian Gawtry were the heirs to the property in question and, this done, to give each heir a half.

One morning Miss Marian Gawtry, when about to go to her school duties, took a letter from the postman informing her that the —— Trust company of Chicago was ready to convey to her one-half of a certain lot and building in that city bequeathed to her by her grandfather, Samuel Gawtry. She referred the matter to her mother, who said she had never heard of her father owning such property. He had left Chicago forty years before, a poor man. Miss Gawtry put the matter down as a mistake and, proceeding to school, thought no more about it.

One evening she received a call from a young man named Spencer. He was about to mention the fact that she was an heiress when it occurred to him that since there was a building on the property there might be difficulty in dividing it and it would be better that they should own it together. But he was an honorable fellow and scorned to win her knowing that she was an heiress.

"Miss Gawtry," he said, "I have come to Detroit to inform you that you are joint owner with me of a lot and building in Chicago worth in all half a million dollars."

The young lady, remembering the former information she had received on this subject, coolly remarked:

"That's a mistake. My mother says her father owned no such property in Chicago."

"Will you marry me if what I tell you is true?"

"If you can convince me that I am worth the sum you name I'll marry you!"

Spencer eventually proved his case and held her to her promise. Since they had been mutually pleased with each other and a division of the property was hard to effect Miss Gawtry was by no means loath to keep it.

All of which goes to show that our fates are often determined by small matters.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Scientists have estimated the age of a pine tree in New Zealand at 1300 years.

CECIL RHODES.

The Great Empire Builder of British South Africa.

Of the comparatively few men who have built undying monuments for themselves while yet living, was Cecil Rhodes, who died March 26, 1902, when he had only passed the ideal milestone of a half century. Rhodes was born in Hertfordshire, Eng. In his early days he had a lung affection which bade fair to do for him in the variable atmosphere of England. This led him to South Africa, where the conditions gave thought to the working of great genius. He soon discovered the opportunities that lay in the region which later became the greatest diamond field of the world. When the richness of it all came to the slower thought of others, Rhodes had gained practical control.

Cecil John Rhodes, no matter what his personal ambition, was always loyal to the greater Britain. He did more for the development of Natal, of the Transvaal, of Cape Colony, of all that is now called the "South African Union," than any other individual force. Regardless of strips of territory or isolated regions acquired by conquest or trade by Portugal, Germany, France, Belgium, when King Leopold was Belgium, Rhodes made for Great Britain the virtual domination of one of the grandest of continents. None of the gems which sparkle in crowns of so-called royalty, the tiaras of herited nobility, or the new rich, is so dazzling as the simple personal fame of the consumptive boy of Hertfordshire.

He conceived the railroad from the Cape to Cairo, almost comsummated when he gave way to the greatest conqueror, Death; while America's railroad monarchs and engineers are still dreaming of the inter-continental steel ties between the two western continents and from the northern one through British America and Alaska across the narrow strait that separates the Americas from the Russias, which engineers say could be more easily negotiated than can be the Dardanelles or the Bosphorus.

What had been called Rhodes' dream was almost made a reality before his death. One of his accomplishments which had come near the hearts of Americans was his endowment out of his millions of the Rhodes scholarship for the higher education at Oxford University of the most accomplished American and German students. He included German students in the belief that it would tend to unite more closely the bond of friendship between England and Germany. Possibly it may be said that this is the only one of the splendid dreams of Cecil Rhodes which has not "come true."

"Kicked Into Literature."

Son of an adventurous naval captain, "Rolf Boldrewood," or to give him his real name, Thomas Alexander Browne, the author of that famous story, "Robbery Under Arms," who has just died, had one of the most romantic careers in the annals of literature. Pioneer squatter in early life in Victoria, he made such good use of his opportunities that while still in the twenties his check was good for a quarter of a million. Then, if unfortunately for himself, luckily for novel readers, a long drought killed off his flocks and herds, and compelled him to enter the Government service as a stipendiary magistrate, coroner, and goldfields warden.

It was while exercising these official functions and keeping his eyes open that he met most of the characters and gained the greater part of the experience embodied in his stories. Curiously enough, he took to writing as the result of being lame. When a comparatively young man, he happened to be kicked by a horse. This led to his being laid up, and to while away the tedious hours he wrote an Australian sketch called "The Kangaroo Rush." He sent it to The Cornhill, which accepted it, and so, as he used to say merrily, "he was kicked into literature." "Robbery Under Arms," the story which made his name, was published in 1883.

Recruiting Bands.

Six hundred pounds a week is being spent by the fund providing bands for recruiting in London. Recently it was decided at a meeting at the Mansion House to expend up to 10 per cent. of the money collected to provide grants to provincial bands. London has now eleven bands.

MOTHERS OF DELICATE CHILDREN

Should Read the Following Letter—Mrs. Slack's Story About Her Child's Recovery Is Entirely Reliable.

Palmyra, Pa.—"Three years ago my little girl had black measles which left her with a chronic cough and so awfully thin you could count all her ribs, and she coughed so much she had no appetite.

"Nothing we gave her seemed to help her at all until one day Mrs. Neibert told me how much good Vinol had done her little girl, so I decided to try it for my little one, and it has done her so much good she is hungry all the time, her cough is gone, she is stouter and more healthy in color and this is the first winter she has been able to play out in the snow, coasting and snow-balling without any ill effects."—Mrs. ALFRED SLACK, Palmyra, Pa.

We know Vinol will build up your little ones and make them healthy, strong and robust, therefore we ask parents of every frail and sickly child in this vicinity to try a bottle of Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil.

If we can induce you to try a bottle of Vinol as a body-builder and strength-creator for your child, and you do not find it is all we claim, we will return your money on demand.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

Married on St. Patrick's Day

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS

There is no calling that would seem to cause so much suffering from sympathy as a person employed in a manufactory or on a railroad to break the news to an operative's family that he has been killed. Where there are a large number of employees there is usually such a person, for there is a certain percentage of workmen killed every year.

Kathleen O'Rourke and Patrick Coglan met at a ball on the evening of St. Patrick's day, and Pat had asked her to dance with him many times. Afterward he invited her to go to a moving picture show with him. From that time forward they were together when not at work, and it was evident they were about to make a match.

But Pat had a mother to support, and Kathleen, who was an orphan, was a mother to a little brother and a sister. So they couldn't marry until they had laid up something. They both worked in the same factory, and each lived in a house built on the premises by the company to be used for homes for its employees. So they saw a great deal of each other.

They agreed that when their wedding occurred it should take place on the anniversary of their meeting, which was the evening before St. Patrick's day. When this first anniversary came around Pat had saved $400, and Kathleen had saved $300, and they decided that if they did as well the next year they would be married the evening before St. Patrick's day.

On the first of the year they counted up their savings and interest and concluded that with their nest egg they might be married and have enough for themselves and those dependent upon them. Kathleen bought what clothes she would need to last a year after her marriage, and in due time the banns were published in church. Finding it inconvenient to be married on the very day they had planned, March 16, they set their wedding day for the 15th. This was partly because Pat was one of the committee of arrangements for the St. Patrick's day parade and was to lead his society on that occasion.

When the hour came for the wedding Pat did not appear. Kathleen, dressed in her bridal apparel, waited for him with a wildly beating heart lest something had happened to him. She went to the door a dozen times to look for him and finally stationed herself at a window where she could look up the street on which the workmen's cottages were built.

Presently she saw Owen MacTavish coming. MacTavish was known to every one connected with the plant as the company's bad news breaker, and many a woman's heart beat quick when she saw him approaching her house. Kathleen no sooner saw him coming than she fancied he would stop at her home to tell her that Pat had been killed. Before he reached the door she had fallen in a swoon.

Now, MacTavish did not stop at the O'Rourke cottage and was unconscious that he had frightened a girl there into a swoon. Kathleen was picked up by her friends, who had gathered to attend her to the church for the wedding. When she came to herself she looked about, dreading to see the bad news breaker, but he was not there.

"Is he gone?" she asked.

"Who gone?"

"MacTavish."

"He hasn't been here."

"And Pat isn't dead?"

"Nobody's heard of his being dead."

"Thanks be to God."

But Pat did not appear, and no one seemed to have any news of him. Word was sent to the company's office to inquire for him, but no information was elicited.

Kathleen for awhile gave herself up to grief. She was uncertain whether Pat had met with foul play or whether he had deserted her. It would have been easier for the poor girl if she had known which of the two suppositions was correct, for it would have relieved her somewhat of suspense.

When St. Patrick's day in the morning came round Kathleen made up her mind that her lover had deserted her and with true Irish grit declared that there were as good fish in the sea as ever were caught. Then the children asked her to take them to see the parade, and she consented—not that she wished to do so, but that she did not care to disappoint them.

They were all standing on a stoop where they could see the parade over the heads of others, and the societies were moving past when who should appear marching at the head of one of them but Pat. He saw Kathleen, but she gave him a withering look and turned her back to him. Relinquishing the command to another, he left the ranks and joined her.

This was Pat's explanation of his conduct: An accident had occurred at a mine owned by the company some miles away, and a rescue party was leaving on a train. Pat was ordered aboard and, instead of being married, was engaged in digging out buried miners. He returned on the morning of St. Patrick's day only in time to take his place in the parade.

It required some time to placate the maiden, for she thought Pat might have at least sent her word as to what had happened, but the fact that he had been the means of saving the lives of a number of miners finally induced her to forgive him and go with him that afternoon to the church.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

60 years ago Grandfather got an *individual* sugar package—"Ye Olde Sugar Loafe" made by John Redpath, in what was then Canada's *only* Sugar Refinery.

Now, at less than half the price, his granddaughter gets a much improved article, also "*individual*"—

Redpath

Extra Granulated Sugar

in Sealed Cartons and Cloth Bags

2-lb. and 5-lb. 10, 20, 50 and 100 lb.

"Canada's Favorite Sugar for three Generations"

CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL. 128

Keep The Men In Good Humor

When Hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke. Ask your grocer for EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIPS" or "SILENTS," two of our many brands.

The E. B. EDDY CO.,
HULL, CANADA

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES

Before the "Stroll" 2 in 1 Gives the best shine Does it easiest

The F. F. Dalley Co., Ltd., Buffalo N. Y. Hamilton Can.

BLACK WHITE TAN

ALL DEALERS 10¢

CANADA'S CHANCE.

Big Opportunity Is Opening Up In Russian Market.

Looking forward to the days of peace that will follow the war, our House of Commons the other afternoon saw in the future bright prospects of an increased trade with Russia, where certain of our exports should find a wider and a very profitable market. Russia has always bought many lines of manufactures, and some of those lines Canada is as well qualified to supply as is any other country.

In the past Germany to a considerable extent has kept Russia in leading strings, both industrially and financially. Berlin has been Russia's banker, and the factories of East Prussia have to a large extent supplied Russia's demand for manufactures. The war will end all that—of course it has ended it temporarily and it will end it permanently, provided other countries are prepared to step in and supply the goods Russia will require.

Writing from Moscow, a British consul has directed the attention of his countrymen to the wide market that is opening to them, and exhorts them to study the conditions of that market so as to be in a position to meet its requirements and satisfy the demands of the Russian people, eager to free themselves from the grip of German manufacturers, or at any rate eager to so conduct their business in the future as to be financially and industrially independent of Germany, now Russia's deadly enemy, and always her rival.

Their own country is so vast and its agricultural resources so great that Canadians are sometimes apt to forget that there are others. All the same there are others, and Russia is one of them. Possibly no other country possesses equal agricultural resources, and, like our own, they have drawn on only to a small extent in comparison with their possibilities.

Russia has long been a great wheat-producing country, part of her surplus of foodstuffs, going, like our own supplies of like goods, to the markets of Great Britain. An era of better agricultural methods had set in before the war, and when the war has ended the era will continue. This war, which for Russia is being fought to ensure to the Slavonic peoples the place in Europe to which they are entitled, will bring about a great awakening in the vast empire of the Czar. Russia is going to secure better ports, agricultural production will be stimulated, and her need of agricultural implements will steadily increase and be enormous for many years. And it is with respect to that demand that Canada will have an opportunity of increasing her exports to Russia.

In normal times our exports have an annual value of almost half a billion dollars, of which those to countries not British had a value last year of almost two hundred million dollars. Those to the Russian Empire had a value of $1,430,430, of which $1,140,430 represened the value of agricultural implements. Already Canadian trade is on the right track. Let it follow it with vigor and supply to a large extent the needs of the Russian farmers.

Of the exports of agricultural implements to Russia from Canada harvesters led, with almost half a million dollars; drills were second, with almost three hundred thousand dollars; mowing machines third, with one hundred and twenty-eight thousand; and the remainder of these exports consisted of cultivators, reapers, ploughs, harrows and so forth—the implements in use on every well-conducted Canadian farm.

Canadian manufacturers can make these implements as well as they can be made anywhere; and for many years Russia will be buying these implements in very large quantities. Canadian manufacturers already have a share in this trade, and if they take full advantage of their opportunities they should increase their share enormously.—Montreal Standard.

After women got the vote in New Zealand waitresses who were formerly paid 8 shillings a week received 25 shillings.

Pleasure.

Some men move through life as a band of music moves down the street, flinging out pleasure on every side through the air to every one far and near that can listen.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Hardening Boys' Shoes.

"If you rub hardening oil into boys' shoes when you buy them," says a mother. "It makes them last twice as long, and renders them absolutely waterproof." You can make this hardening oil yourself. Put half an ounce of beeswax and half a pint of boiled linseed oil in a jar. Heat it over the stove till the wax dissolves. Let it cool, then stir up and apply to the soles of the boots with a brush. Put the boots on trees till the next morning, when they will be quite dry and ready to wear.

TWO PENTICOSTS TWO SALVATIONS

HOLY SPIRIT TO BE POURED OUT UPON ALL FLESH

The Divine Plan Provides Two Distinct Salvations—The First Penticos—Its Blessings for the Church Exclusively—Its Work Nearly Completed—The Second Penticost—Its Blessings for the World in General—Coming Through the Messianic Kingdom—Operating Through Israel Restored—A Thousand Years of Blessing

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 23.—Pastor Russell spoke here to-day on the text: "And it shall come to pass afterward that I will pour out My Spirit upon all flesh." (Joel 2:18.) He said in part:

The Prophet Joel mentions two distinct outpourings of the Holy Spirit. One of these, upon the servants and the handmaidens, found its fulfilment at Pentecost; and during the more than eighteen centuries since then, God's spiritual blessing has been with all the footstep followers of Jesus—all of God's servants and handmaidens. If we see this feature of the prophecy fulfilled it becomes a guarantee to believers that the remainder of the same prophecy will have fulfilment in God's due time. The remainder of the prophecy declares that afterward—after those days during which the Holy Spirit has been outpoured upon the church, upon the "servants and handmaidens"—will come God's time for pouring out His Spirit upon all the world of mankind.

St. Peter's explanation of the Pentecostal blessing. "This is that which was spoken by the Prophet Joel," should not be taken to mean that what was witnessed in the upper room on the day of Pentecost, nearly nineteen centuries ago, completely fulfilled the Prophet Joel's predictions. (Acts 2:14-40.) No Bible student would dispute that the fulfilment of the prophecy began at Pentecost, with the early church, and has been in process of fulfilment during all the centuries since. It is as true to-day as it was then, that the blessing of the Holy Spirit is granted to all of God's servants and handmaidens; and the remainder of the prophecy will be fulfilled with equal accuracy in due time.

After these days of the Gospel Age—after these days of the outpouring of the Spirit upon God's servants and handmaidens—will come the glorious epoch of Messiah's Kingdom, in and through which God will pour out upon the world of mankind a great blessing of enlightenment and uplift from the sin and death conditions which now prevail. It will be to the accomplishment of this end that Satan shall be bound for a thousand years; and the darkness which now covers the earth, and the gross darkness which now blinds the heathen, will be chased away by the glorious "Sun of Righteousness with healing in His Beams."—Malachi 4:2.

Thus will be inaugurated the glorious Day of Messiah, a thousand years long. Thus the knowledge of the glory of the Lord will fill the whole earth. Thus every tongue shall be brought to confess and every knee to bow to Messiah as the great Representative of Jehovah and His righteousness.—Isiah 11:9; Philippians 2:9-11.

Abraham of old typified Jehovah and Isaac typified Messiah, born not after the flesh, but after the Spirit—by a special Divine interposition—according to the promise of God. Of this antitypical Isaac class Jesus is the Head, the Forerunner of the Church, as well as the world's Redeemer. The Body of Messiah is composed of a saintly few, according to the Scriptures, gathered primarily from the Jews, but being completed by additions from every people, nation, kindred and tongue. These all, St. Paul tells us, will be character-copies of God's dear Son, our Redeemer and Head. This the Apostle declares is Divine predestinations—Romans 8:29, 30; Galatians 4:28; 3:8, 16, 29.

This Church class, or Messiah class, is variously referred to in the prophecies, as well is in the New Testament, as the brethren of Jesus and as the sons of God. Of them the Prophet David writes, "I have said, Ye are gods; and all of you are children of the Most High; but ye shall all die like men, and fall like One of the princes." (Psalm 82;6,7.) These all die like men in the estimations of the world; for, as St. John declares, the world knoweth them not, even as it knew not their Master. (1 John 3:1.) As the world did not recognize that the life of Jesus was laid down sacrifically, neither is it aware that the followers of Jesus, a little handful, down through the Gospel Age, have likewise through His merit presented their bodies a living sacrifice, holy and acceptable to God.—Romans 12:1.

This Spiritual Seed of Abraham, all saintly, will constitute the Church of the First-borns, the anti-type of the Priests and the Levites of the Jewish Dispensation. With this completion of this Church, gathered out of all nations, sects and denominations, Divine favor will again return to the natural seed of Abraham. As the Jew was granted the first opportunity or privilege of becoming the Spiritual Seed of Abraham, he will likewise have the first opportunity to participate in the blessing which will then come to the whole world of mankind. "To the Jew first", is the Divine order to both of these blessings.

To this agree the words of the Apostle Paul. After telling of the Divine election of the Church, the saintly few of both Jews and Gentiles, the Apostle adds, "I would not, bretbern, that ye should be ignorant concerning this mystery, lest ye should be wise in your own conceits, that blindness in part (only, not perpetual) is happened in Israel, until the fulness of the Gentiles be come in." When the full, elect Spiritual Seed shall have been gathered, shall have been completed from amongst the Gentiles, then all Natural Israel shall be saved from their blindness and their outcast condition.—Romans 11:25-29.

St. Paul points out that as Israel's stumbling was directly foretold through the Prophet (Psalm 69 22) so also through the Prophets God has foretold their blessing later on—that they shall be the first to be blessed under the glorious Spiritual Messiah of many members. Thus it is written, "There shal come out of Zion the Deliverer, and shall turn away ungodliness from Jacob." Here Zion is pictured as a mother whose offspring is The Messiah.] Looking again at the type, we see that Abraham represented Jehovah, and that his wife Sarah represented the great Covenant through which Messiah was to be developed. "In thy Seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed"; "If ye be Christ's, then are ye Abraham's Seed, and heirs according to the Promise."—Romans 11:9-11; Genesis 22:17, 18; Galatians 3:8, 16,29.

It has required more than eighteen centuries to give birth to this great Deliverer. Jesus was the Head; and the Church, developed during this Gospel Age, will be the Body. Jusus was "the First-born from the dead"; and the Church, His members, will be His brethren, sharers in His rule on the Heavenly plane; for is He not declared to be "the First-born among many brethren?" (Romans 8:29.) The First or Chief Resurection will bring all these sons of God to the plane of glory, honor and immortality—born from the dead. Then the great Deliverer will be fully born, and ready to begin His great work of blessing all the nations—Israel being the ifrst of these.

St. Peter declares that it was the glorified Jesus who received the Holy Spirit of the Father and poured it out upon the Church at Pentecost. (Acts 2:23.) That blessing came to the Church because of their coming into harmony with the Father's arrangement through the Son. The receiving of the Spirit there marked the recipients as sons of God.

The later Pentecostal blessing upon the world will have points of similarity as well as points of difference. The blessing will come through the great Messiah as a result of the satisfaction which He will make for the sins of the whole world by applying to the race the merits of His sacrifice. Thus He will seal the New Law Covenant with Israel, and then with the world through Israel. (Jeremiah 31:31-34.) The great Messiah o glory will be the Mediator of that New Covenant; and the foundation of that New Covenant will be the "better sacrifices" offered by this Mediator, as the antitypical High Priest—Hebrews 9:19-23.

The Pentecostal blessing then to come upon the world will not be upon the terms of their sacrificing their earthly rights to attain Heavenly blessing and spiritual sonship. On the contrary, its requirements will be a consecration to obedience of the Divine Law; and its reward will be earthly Restitution to the perfection of human nature and to the enjoyment of all the blessings originally given to Adam, but forfeited by his disobedience. "They shall build houses and inhabit them. They shall plant vineyards and eat the fruit thereof," and "long enjoy the work of their hands." (Isaih 65: 21-22.) This is the Divine pomise, applicable to mankind, but not to the Spiritual Seed of Abraham,

MADE IN CANADA

BERMUDA 3 for 50¢

SALISBURY 2 for 25¢

W.G.&R. COLLARS

THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED BERLIN, ONTARIO

the Church, the Kingdom class, who must all be changed; for "flesh and blood cannot inherit the Kingdom of God."—1 Corinthians 15:50.

As Jacob was a son of Abraham, not directly, but through Isaac, so also those blessed under Mesiah's Reign will be children of God, not directly, but through Messiah. Thus it is written of Messiah, "He shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, the Mighty One, the Prince of Peace, the Everlasting Father—the Father, or Life-giver, to the restored world of mankind. (Isaiah 9:6,7.) The life which He laid down in sacrifice—the earthly life—is that which He will give to all the willing and obedient of Adam's race during His Messianic Kingdom—to be theirs forever. It is in this sense that He will be the Everlasting Father—the Father who gives everlasting life, which Adam failed to give. Messiah Himself will have no need for the earthly life which He laid down; for as a reward for His obedience the Heavenly Father has given Him the the higher life—the Divine nature.

into harmony with the Fathre's J

From of old Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, David, etc., were called the fathers, not only because of their relationship to the Jewish nation but particularly because Messiah was to come as their offspring—the Seed of Abraham," "of the stem of Jesse," "the Offspring of David," and so Jesus was born of this very lineage. But His exaltation by the Father to the spirit plane, and the fact that His earthly rights laid down in sacrifice are to go to Adam and all of his race who will acept the same on the Divine terms, puts Jesus in the position of Father, Life-giver, to the world, including Abraham, David, etc. They must all obtain everlasting life through Him, and hence will be His children.

Thus the Prophet David wrote of the future, "Instead of Thy fathers shall be Thy children, who Thou mayest make princes in all the earth." (Psalm 45:16). Those fathers who are to be princes are already declared to have been pleasing to God. They attested their loyalty by a faith which worked in harmony with His will through the limitations of a fallen nature.

On account of this the fathers are already declared to be worthy of a "better resurrection" than the remainder of mankind—but not so glorious a resurrection as will be granted to the Church. Their resurrection will be to the perfection of human nature—mental, moral and physical. Thus they will stand before mankind as samples of human perfection, to which standard, all the race may attain by obedience, if they will, during the thousand years of Messiah's Reign.

Those Ancient Worthless (Hebrews 11) will not only be illustrations of human perfections, but princes, or rulers, in all the earth. They will be the outward and visible representatives of the invisible Messiah—the agents through whom the Word of the Lord will go forth. As it is written, "Out of Zion (the Spiritual Kingdom) shall go forth the Law, and the Word of the Lord from Jerusalem"—the earthly manifestation of the Kingdom amongst men—Isaiah 2:3.

As a result of the second outpouring of the Holy Spirit, the Prophet Joel declares, according to our Common Version. "Your sons and your daughters shall prophesy, your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions." A preferred translation of this heretofore obscure passage reads, "Your young men in that New Dispensation, will see with clear vision what your Ancients dreamed of and related in parables." This vision of glory will be the Reign of Righteousness and the Pentecostal blessing accompanying it, upon the willing and obedient, every one of whom shall be brought to clear knowledge and full opportunity for salvation.

The order of the blessing is stated. It will come upon the servants and handmaidens in those days. The days mentioned evidently refer to this Gospel Age—from Pentecost to the Second Coming of Christ. During this period, now nearly nineteen centuries, God's Holy Spirit has been granted to His faithful ones, and to these alone. Only the fully consecrated have been accepted of the Lord as living sacrifices; and only such have been begotten of the Holy Spirit, that they may be New Creatures in Christ. (2 Corinthians 5:17.) During all this time the world has been unrecognized, so far as tho Holy Spirit is concerned.

Indeed, after Pentecost the Apostle John went still further and declared, "The whole world lieth in the Wicked One." The only action of the Holy Spirit has been, as in the case of Felix, to "reprove the world of sin, and of righteousness, and of judgment." (John 16:7,11; Acts 24:25.) Our text declares, however, that the time is coming when the world will receive a share of the great Divine blessing which was fully assured by the death of Christ. But its time of favor will be "after those days"—after this Gospel Age shall have come to an end; after the New Dispenstaion shall have begun.

Only Jews received the first Pentecostal blessing. For three and one-half years thereafter the Gentiles were excluded, in harmony with a Divine promise made to the Jewish nation. Then came the time for a similar privilege to be extended to the Gentiles.

I rejoice with you to-day, fellow-students of the Word of God, that this great gift of God is still obtainable, that the time has not yet fuly come when the door of opportunity to this High Calling must close. Close it will, so soon as the full number of the Elect shall have bee completed. Thank God that another door will then open; the door of Restitution to human perfection and earthly life, grand beyond the power of description.

Then God's Holy Spirit—holy power—will through Christ be outpoured upon all flesh—upon all mankind. Messiah will inaugurate the New Dispensation by sealing with Israel the New Covenant in His blood; as through the Apostle Paul the Lord declares, "This is My Covenant with them when I shall take away their sins. As concerning the Gospel, they are enemies for your sakes; but as touching the Election, they are beloved for the father' sake."—Romans 11:27,28.

This outpouring of the Holy Spirit is not merely for Israel, nor is God's blessing merely upon Abraham's natural seed outside of the Church class. It will include all of every nation desirous of coming into accord with God after they shall have come to a clear knowledge of the Truth. All nations shall be privileged to enter into and enjoy Israel's great Covenant, by becoming children of Abraham through faith. After all rejectors of God's grace shall have been destroyed in the Second Death, the world of mankind will constitute the promised "seed of of Abraham," whose number shall be as the sands of the seashore, even as the spirit-begotten ones of this Gospel Age are likened to the star of heaven. Thenceforth every creature in Heaven and on earth will acclaim honor to Him that sitteth upon the Throne and unto the Lord forever.

$15 Stylish Suits $15

Some of our Best Selling New Spring Suits, in Black, Navy, Belgian Blue, Sand and Grey, selling regularly from $18.50 to $22.50, have been reduced to $15.00

Several lines in beautiful materials and leading colors, prices,.......................$25.00, $27.50

Silk Faille Suits in several styles and shades are priced at.......................$25.00

Dress Goods

A table-full of Check Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, in Smooth and Honeycomb Checks, in Brown, Red, Navy, New Blue and Black. Splendid value at 35c yard.

Are Your Hose Insured?

Ladies' Soft Lisle, 6 pairs, guaranteed 6 months, $2.00
Ladies' Fine Silk, 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, $3.00
Children's Lisle, 3 pairs, guaranteed 3 months, $1.00

Holeproof Hosiery

Purses

The newest shapes in Hand Bags have just arrived. They may be had in Black Leather and Silk Poplin in Black or colors.

Prices $1.00 and $1.25 each.

Underwear

In our Underwear Department we are showing a very full range of light weight Knitted Underwear for Ladies and Children.

Ladies' Vests and Drawers from 10c to 75c

Ladies' Ribbed Combinations in Balbriggan, Lisle and Silk Mercerized,.......................25c to $1.50

Also a full range of Children's Vests and Drawers in both White and Black.

Wash Silks

Habutai Silk for Waists is very popular on account of its washing and wearing qualities. We have it in Black and White, 36 inches wide, from 65c to $1.00 yard.

Kiddies' Clothes

Oliver Twist Suits are just the thing for boys and girls from 2 to 6 years; made in two pieces and striped or plain colors.
Boys' Suits from.......................75c to $1.50
Girls' Suits from ....$1.00 to $1.50

Sinclair's See Our AWNING DUCK 29 ins. wide, 28c yard, All Colors. **Sinclair's**

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BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
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Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to, No. 3 Molsoms' Bank Apartments.

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Rub in a few drops of Absorbine Jr. and you will be agreeably surprised at the prompt relief. It reduces inflammation and swelling—allays pain and soreness.

Used as a Rub-down after violent exercise or physical exertion it puts vim and energy into jaded muscles, limbers the joints and gives the body the glow of health. Rub-down made by adding one ounce Absorbine, Jr. to a quart of water or witch hazel.

Absorbine Jr is more than a liniment—it is a positive germicide and therefore its uses and efficiency are doubled. Applied to cuts, wounds, sores, it kill the germs, makes the part aseptically clean, and promotes rapid healing. Economical as only a few drops are required at an application.

Made of herbs and safe to use anywhere.

At all druggists, $1.00 per bottle or postpaid. Manufactured only by W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

TO HOUSTON S. CHAMBERLAIN

From A Wagnerian

Mr. Houston Stewart Chamberlain, the English renegade, has received the Iron Cross with the White Ribbon—"for civilians."

Not chamberlain; not valet; no and not

Even a scullion; for a scullion might
Under his rags yet be a gentle knight,
And think high thoughts while polishing a pot,
And live his humble life without a blot
On his escutcheon; and, whate'er his plight,
Not lick the boot that kicked him, but show fight,
Nor with the enemy throw in his lot.

But you! O gods and men, what shall we say
Of such a renegade? How sear your name?
Or to what curs your repuation toss?

'Tis done. The enemy has found the way
To cover you with everlasting shame,
Branding you traitor with his Iron Cross.

LOUIS N. PARKER

Ready Help

In time of physical trouble caused by indigestion, biliousness resulting from torpid liver, inactive bowels, is always given, quickly, certainly, safely by the most famous of family remedies

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville Money to loan at lowest rates.
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W. N. PONTON, K.C
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E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
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Solicitors for Union Bank.

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Barrister, &c., 23 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

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Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms. Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

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JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 715.

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BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 1 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
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I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
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Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
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Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville. Phone 645.
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THE excellence of our Shirts and our immense Shirt trade has styled us the Shirt Store of the Town!

No Store gives the study of Shirt fashions and Shirt making more serious thought than we do!

The result is our high achievement in the Shirt business!

Our Shirtings are of the best of fabrics and our Shirts are made for our trade exclusively.

The handsome new designs and colorings we show are in advance of those shown by other Dealers.

Everything new in Madras and genuine French Percales, Soisette, Linen and Silk.

Attached Cuffs, Soft Turn Back Cuffs, &c.

75c, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

All Sizes!

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Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

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When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

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ARTHUR McGIE
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New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
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ICE! ICE!

THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

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Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
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Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

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Manager Belleville Branch

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Marriage Licenses issued by P. Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

Lawn hose *service* is the best kind of economy. Hose bought on "looks" or "price" alone is a doubtful proposition.

That is why we are offering Goodyear Lawn Hose in two brands—"Nero" and "Reliable."

"Nero" has a corrugated cover that adds to the "glide" as hose is pulled about. The inner tube of each is of high grade rubber that stands water, baking in the sun and rough handling without soon giving out.

Ask to see them. "Nero" obtainable in single lengths up to 500 feet.

Buying this way means satisfaction through service.

"The Smith Hardware Co"

314 Front St.

MELVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bennay, Niles Corners, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Locklin.

Mrs. Hennessy, Brighton, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Breeze.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Zufelt and Miss Vera and Master Clare, motored to Foxboro on Sunday and spent the day with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. French spent Saturday in Trenton.

Mr. Clayton Palmer attended the funeral of the late Mr. Thomas Montgomery in Wellington on Saturday.

Word has been officially received that Mr. Burwell Hicks, of the first contingent, who last week was reported missing, is dangerously wounded. His many Melville friends sincerely hope for his recovery.

Mr. Fred Morton entertained a number of friends from Picton and Huff's Island on Sunday.

Mr. Thomas Mikel and Miss Edna Vance spent a recent Sunday with friends in Sidney.

Our teacher, Miss Luella Knapp, spent over Sunday at her home near Frankford.

Mr. W. E. Davidson made a business trip to Belleville on Thursday.

Miss Hennesay and Miss Stewart, Trenton, were recent guests of the Misses Locklin.

A party from Burr's, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. J. Moon and Mr. and Mrs. Ainsworth, enjoyed the first picnic of the season in Mr. French's park on Saturday.

Mr. John Morton made a business trip to Picton on Thursday.

The boys and girls of Melville school enjoyed a pleasant picnic on Saturday in Mr. R. H. Anderson's grove, South Lakeside, the girls providing substantial refreshments and the boys furnishing treats in the form of candies, bananas, oranges, etc.

Several from this locality attended the celebration of Victoria Day in Picton.

The impressiveness of Sunday morning's service was appreciably enhanced by the assistance rendered by Mr. F. Trimble, Toronto, who in a particularly efficient manner, occupied the position of organist, and also rendered a vocal solo, "Some Sweet Day," with pleasing voice and beautiful expression.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hough, Burr's, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Chase.

Mrs. T. J. Arthur and Miss Nellie Arthur, B.A., Trenton, spent a few days this week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Anderson.

A pleasant musical evening was spent last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Osborne, when Mr. F. Trimble, Toronto, contributed most splendidly by his vocal and instrumental selections to the evening's enjoyment.

Bread

You might just as well have the best.

It's YEREX'S (wrapped)

We Can Prove It.

At Grocers.

YEREX'S Bakery

Phone 787. 68 Sinclair St.

All kinds of Cakes

COCKING MAIN AT BROCKVILLE

A big cocking main was pulled off yesterday at Ogden Island, just across the border in American waters of the St. Lawrence, and it attracted a great crowd of followers of the sport from many Canadian and American centres. Birds from Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Ogdensburg figured in the mill and some of the Canadian fighters made a clean-up.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

HEALTH CONFERENCE

Dr. Clinton, of this city, is attending the annual conference of the Ontario Health Officers, which is being held at Peterboro'.

ENTERTAINED FRIENDS

Mrs. N. Moore of Toronto, entertained a number of her friends from the School for the Deaf, at Mrs. Waggoner's home, on the 24th, at 118 Dundas St. West.

SUNDAY SCHOOL BASKETBALL

On Friday afternoon the Baptists will play John street. On Saturday night St. Andrews and St. Michael's will meet again, the winners to meet the Baptists for the championship.

SIDEWALK UPHEAVED

On Mill street a considerable amount of trouble is caused to pedestrians by an unheaved sidewalk. It has been in that condition for a long time, and is a menace to the welfare of persons who desire to use the main street of the city.

FINE BODY OF MEN

Many Peterborough people spent the holiday in Belleville Monday. The big feature was the military field day in which the 39th Battalion took a leading part, and the relatives and friends of the Peterborough boys in the battalion were on hand in large numbers. The visitors all say that the 39th are a fine body of men—Review.

A NEW ARRIVAL

The following item came through the mail this morning to the Intelligencer: A little girl arrived at the Northern Minnesota hospital last Wednesday. She at once assumed her place as the oldest daughter in the family of Reverend and Mrs. Walter Beach of Graceton. Mother and daughter are reported as getting along nicely.

FINE PEA CROP

Mr. Chas. G. Brickman of Sunny Ridge Farm, in the Township of Ameliasburg, has a crop of peas, of four acres, which are in a remarkably forward condition. Mr. Brickman brought to The Intelligencer Office to-day a specimen, which was about 16 inches long. He says they are the finest peas he has ever seen for the time of year, and he expects they will be ready for the table by June 15.

OFFICIAL VISIT

Bro. H. J. Clarke of this city, D. D. G. M. of the Masonic Society for Prince Edward District, last evening paid an official visit to Wellington Lodge, Prince Edward County. He was accompanied by a number of the members of the craft from this city. After lodge work, the D.D.G.M. and visiting brethren were most loyally entertained. Speeches and songs were given, after all had partaken of the bountiful repast.

ALLEGED ASSAULT

Lem Dick, who conducts the Chinese restaurant, New York Cafe, appeared this morning before Magistrate Masson charged with assaulting and wounding Private McGrath, a member of the 39th Battalion. The assault was the outcome of a fracas which occurred in the restaurant on Monday night. The evidence in the case was rather conflicting. McGrath and his comrade Kennedy testifying that they gave no cause for Dick to commit the offence. McGrath stated he laid 40 cents on the table to pay for a 50 cent meal and was making an effort to get the other 10 cents out of his pocket, when Dick used the fork on him. The defendant claims that he was struck by McGrath and that only 40 cents were offered in payment for the meal. The case was enlarged until Monday next. Mr. Anderson for Crown and Mr. O'Flynn for the Celestial.

LAID AT REST

MRS. C. GILES

The remains of the late Mrs. Cyrus Giles were yesterday afternoon laid away in the tomb at Albury cemetery. Many relatives and friends attended the obsequies. At the house and Methdist church at Albury, and also at the graave, services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Leigh. The floral tributes wer many and beautiful. The bearers were relatives of the deceased; namely Messrs. J. M. Giles, D. T. Stafford, Eben Fox, Roy Giles, A. Aman and F. Wood.

MRS. F. SULLIVAN

This morning the funeral of the late Mrs. F. Sullivan of this city, took place. Services were conducted at St. Michael's church by Rev. Father Killeen, and at St. James cemetery by Rev. Father O'Connor. The bearers weer Messrs. F. Nathan, H. Lapalm, W. J. Thomson, Fred Panter, James Lowler and Frank Meagher.

Foundry Building Damaged by Fire

At a few minutes after 8 o'clock last evening fire broke out in the foundry building, in connection with the Belleville Hardware Company establishment, situated on Pinnacle street in this city, and before it was extinguished the greater portion of the heavy timbers and roof of the building were destroyed. How the fire originated is not known, but it may possibly have broken out in or near the cupola. The night watchman a few minutes previous to the discovery of the fire, walked through this part of the building, but detected no fire. When the brigade arrived upon the scene the blaze had gained considerable headway, but a determined stand prevented the flames from spreading into the main building. Patterns, tools, etc., were destroyed.

The loss to the company will amount to several hundred dollars, but it is covered by insurance. In consequence of the fire, some employees will be temporarily out of employment. This afternoon work was resumed in the main building.

It was fortunate that the fire was confined to the foundry building, as it would have been a distinct loss to the city if the plant had been destroyed.

Some of the workmen employed in the burned building saved their tools whilst the fire was in progress.

Rexall Orderlies are a safe laxative even for the most delicate woman or child. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store. 10d, 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Man Fell Into Burning Building

Whilst the fire at the Belleville Hardware Company's premises was in progress last evening, moans from a person apparently hurt were heard coming from inside the burning building. Some of the firemen and others rushed into the building and with the aid of a lantern found a man lying on a pile of sand and he appeared to be suffering considerable pain. He was picked up and carried into the office of the premises and a physician was summoned. Later the man was taken to the hospital in the ambulance, where it was ascertained that he was suffering from alcoholism and was not injured to any perceptible extent. The man had fallen through a window to a depth of about 8 feet and fell on the sand pile.

Rumors were afloat that the man was a spy, and that he had in probability set fire to the building, but such was not the case. This morning the party was brought from the hospital by the police and taken before Magistrate Masson. He gave his name as James S. McCarthy and Ireland as his home. He said he came to Belleville to enlist. To a charge of drunkenness he pleaded guilty and was fined $5 and costs or 21 days. He took the 21 days.

Rose of England Entertain S.O.E.

The members of Oxford and Lydford Lodges, Sons of England, were the guests of Lodge Rose of England, Daughters and Maids of England, on Monday evening and a most enjoyable evening was spent. Bro. Lennox spoke a few words, introducing Bro. Capt. Rustan as chairman. The following members and friends kindly contributed to the evening's entertainment: Sis. Coeuret, song; Sis. McDowall, recitation; Miss Jessie Barlow, piano solo; Sis. McDowall, song; Sis. Coeuret, song; Bro. Ralls, song; Sis. Folwell, song; Miss Pratt, piano solo; Bro. Savage, song; Sis. McDowall, song; Bro. Etchells, recitation; Bro. Folwell, address; Bro. Brown address; Mr. Vannel song; Bro. Lennox, address; Bro. Ralls, song. The rest of the evening was taken up with games. During the evening refreshments were served and much credit is due to the committee, who had charge of the evening's entertainment.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN $8.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

Saturday Special

With every "NEW PERFECTION" or "GURNEY-OXFORD" OIL COOK STOVE We will give a Special Premium

THIS OFFER IS FOR SATURDAY, May 29th ONLY

The 'Tipperary' $8 A Complete Gas Range

Lawn Mowers
Garden Hose
Hose Reels
Ice Cream Freezers
Refrigerators
Electric and Gas Irons!

Have you tried SANI-FLUSH in your Bath-room?

The John Lewis Co.
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Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

"Better to pay the PRICE of a good bicycle than the PENALTY of a poor one."

We DO NOT sell a poor bicycle. We honestly recommend the machines we sell. They are "MASSEY," "JAMES," "NATIONAL."

333 FRONT STREET

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

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Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors COME** to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City. Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins.. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

POULTRY—12 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of these are laying. $13.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office dtf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIFFONier, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set. Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 26 Forin street. m22-dtf

GARDEN HOSE FOR SALE; NEW. 37 Dundas Street. 25-2td

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything? Write or call. Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

LOST

LOST ON YEOMANS, MOIRA OR NORTH Front streets, lady's round tan leather case, containing clothing. Will finder please return to or notify 122 Yeomans Street. 26-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

WANTED, A MAN TO CLERK IN SHOP. Apply Oliphant's Butcher Shop, Bridge Street. 1t

WANTED

WANTED TO RENT, COMFORTABLE FIVE or six roomed house with conveniences. Apply Belleville Burial Co. or Phone 774. m21-4td

AGENTS WANTED

$30 CASH WEEKLY, ALSO COMMISSION, for traveller to appoint agents. Drawer 324, Brantford, Ontario. 21-6td

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

TO RENT

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

A SMALL HOUSE WITH GARDEN, CORner Dundas and Burnham Streets. Apply N. Lingham, 212 Dundas St. 25-6td

SMALL HOUSES TO RENT IN STARling's Terrace. Apply B. Burton, 146 Albert Street. 26-4td

GOOD BOARD AND ROOM WITH MODERN conveniences. Apply No. 7 Victoria Ave., corner Front and Victoria Ave. 1t

Gunner Leo Ross Reported Wounded

Mr. James Ross of this city, this morning, received the following telegram:

Ottawa, May 26th.

Mr. James Ross, Belleville,—

I sincerely regret to inform you that No. 40488 Gunner James L. Ross is officially reported as wounded. Further particulars, when received, will be sent you.

Adjutant-General"

ALIENS AND FREEMASONS

LONDON, May 25.—The Masonic Board of General Purposes recommends that the grand lodge exclude all enemy alien Freemasons from British lodges for the duration of the war, as the harmony of certain lodges had been disturbed, and in a few instances proceedings had taken place which were unauthorized by the book of constitution.

Young Society Matron Lays Down Rules

In discussing the approaching social season, a young matron says that the success of every event, whether in home, church or Club, depends upon the foresight of the women months before.

The brilliancy, charm and success of a party is dependent upon the physical condition of the hostess. She cannot be entertaining, witty or clever, if she is loaded down with all the complaints a woman is heir to; and very few are free from the troubles which bring with them dizziness, backache, sick headache, sleeplessness and intense nervousness.

Thousands upon thousands of mothers, wives and daughters in every section of this great country, who have regained health, vigor and cheerful disposition after months of misery and even despair are the ones who truly appreciate the marvelous restorative power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Every woman who has reason to believe that backache, headache, unnatural pains, low spirits, sleepless nights is caused by a derangement of the womanly functions, owes it to herself and dear ones to speedily overcome the trouble before a general breakdown causes permanent prostration.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a remedy that any ailing woman can safely take because it is prepared with pure glycerine from roots and herbs, containing tonic properties of the most pronounced character and without alcohol.

Get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to-day, either in liquid or tablet form, at any dealer in medicines, if you want to better your physical condition surely and speedily. Every ingredient in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is printed along with the directions.

Every ailing woman should write today for confidential advice to a specialist who has had years of experience in treating diseases peculiar to women. His advice is given without charge, and writing places you under no obligation whatever. Simply address Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. Pierce's Medicines are manufactured in Canada at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

We Want

A Young Man

for Ice Cream Room and other general work; also

A Young Lady

for our Ice Cream Parlor. References required.

Apply evenings between 6 and 7 o'clock, or 8.30 and 10.

Chas. S. Clapp

The **Belleville Burial Co.**
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

DAVIES

June Peas 4 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

Tomatoes 3 tins 25c

Pickled Shoulders 14c lb.

34th Battery At Langemarck

Continued from Page Four

their ranks! We mow them down! Over the phone we hear the welcome news that they are retiring! Behind us we hear a cheer, snatch a glance over our shoulder, and we see the legions of Canada, the pride of our Empire, with bayonets fixed, advancing; also a battalion of Suffolks. Soon the rifles are spitting lead and flame. Still our guns blaze away, raking the enemy with good British steel, while the enemy's artillery still sweep us, but never—thank God!—get us. The contest in the woods you know. I can only remember the Colonel—brave man that he is—saying, "Well done, lads," and we find time to breathe soon. The cook arrives with hot tea and biscuits, and we momentarily forget all else, and with great gusto partake of our scant fare.

Reflection—'tis like a dream; still, when we see the vacant ranks we know its a stern reality. We have occupied several positions since. They have all been warm ones for us. Briefly, let me say I could write pages of individual incidents, but rest is a big item, and if spared I hope to relate them when I have more leisure.

In conclusion, while there is a glorious side to war, there are scenes hidden from the world, enacted beneath the roofs of mothers and fathers who have sons and relatives whose names appear on the roll of honor. While the sacrifice is a noble one, and we realize that they have done their duty for their King and Country —'tis sad.

I herewith refer to one of my comrades who has been associated with the 34th Battery since its inception—a lad well known and popular with all who knew him, and many of the G.T.R. boys will regret to hear of his death. I refer to Gunner Leo Ross, who died as only any hero dies, fighting at his post of duty. No braver or more efficient soldier ever wore a uniform. Leo was one of the 1st Brigade's best gunlayers, and while fulfilling this duty in action on April 31st, 1915, under a terrific fire, he was killed. Our position enfiladed the enemy's trenches. We were exposed to frontal, enfilade, and rear fire, but had to stick to it to support our infantry, who were rushing a position. We saw him buried in a beautiful garden of a near-by chateau. A cross marks the spot. We all extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved parents. May it be a source of comfort to them to know Leo *did his duty, never flinching, and did it well.*

We also lost our section commander, Lieut. Helmer, the following day. We feel his loss keenly. His fine example and unselfishness shall always be remembered. Many of our boys with the other section are wounded. I cannot learn their names.

Driver E. A. Carre, one of my boys, has been wounded, but is still doing his duty. I cannot express my true feelings as to the splendid behavior of everyone of our boys.

We all send our kind regards and trust a speedy termination of the war will bring us back soon.

Respectfully,

SPAFFORD.

No matter how insignificant a man may be, he is firmly convinced that his superiority will some day be recognized.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. **RITCHIE'S** PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

Stylish and Becomingly Designed

SUMMER DRESSES

Some of the Most Stunning Models Imported Direct From New York

Featuring the New Voile and Crepe Effects. Note These Few Descriptions and Prices

BLACK AND WHITE STRIPED VOILE DRESS, made in Bolero style, long sleeves and organdie front, collar and cuffs; black satin girdle, excellent dress value at **$6.50**

WHITE EMBROIDERED VOILE DRESS with tucked skirt and sleeves, organdie vest, collar and cuffs, with moire silk girdle. A very chic style and splendid value at **$8.75**

DAINTY RICE VOILE DRESS, prettily trimmed with lace and insertion and white crochet buttons, organdie collar and rose moire silk girdle, waist net lined, an exceptional dress value at **$10.00**

SPOT VOILE AND FANCY CHECKED CREPE DRESS, sleeves and upper part of skirt of spot voile; waist, girdle, cuff and bottom of skirt of checked crepe. Waist net lined; special value at **$12.75**

PLAIN WHITE; AND BLUE AND WHITE STRIPED VOILE DRESS, made in suspender style, two fancy pockets in front, trimmed with white crochet buttons, fancy embroidered collar and waist net lined. Special ... **$12.75**

BEAUTIFUL WHITE EMBROIDERED VOILE DRESS, one of New York's latest Bolero styles, embroidered in pale green shades, hemstitched around collar, cuffs and bottom of waist, two rows of shirring at waist and one at bottom; sleeves of plain white voile, cuffs and front of waist trimmed with fancy buttons, and net lined; collar of self material—an exceedingly stunning dress, marked at **$20.00**

Some Interesting Store News You'll Be Glad To Hear About

Ladies' Sport Shirts, featuring large sleeves, loose body and large roll collar. Newest style of waist for outing wear. Now showing in the Mantle Room. Very suitable for paddling, motoring and playing lawn tennis, etc. They are priced at $1.50

Another lot of those special $1.00 Blouses now in stock, made up in plain, pleated and embroidered lawns, with organdie collar.

Remember, all our Ladies' and Misses' New Spring Suits that sold from $27.50 to $35.00, now clearing at $25.00

The Summer Millinery now on display on the second floor is attracting unusual attention these days. Your inspection is invited.

Ladies' and Misses' Raincoats Specially Priced at $4.50

Exceptional Raincoat value, made of splendid quality paramatta, all seams sewn and cemented, high button up collar and storm cuffe; reinforced buttons and set-in sleeves; well ventilated under the arms. Ladies' and Misses' sizes, special **$4.50**

(Mantle Room)

For The Verandah

Awning Duck 28c yd.

36 inch Awning Duck of super quality in Green and White, Red and White, and Blue and White Stripes; extra good value at .... 28c. yard

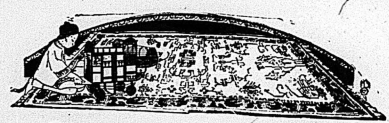
A phone or personal call will bring a competent man to your home who will take the necessary measurements and put them in place when done. We also make the curtains complete, any desired size, at a reasonable cost.

(Staple Dept., behind the Elevator.)

Bamboo Verandah Shades

The most reasonably priced Verandah Shades we handle. Shown in Natural Bamboo and Green. Sizes range from 4 feet wide by 8 feet long to 12 feet wide by 8 feet long, priced at .... $1.00 to $3.00

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT. **The RITCHIE Company Limited** SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.



Bamboo Shades. Grass Mats. Sea Grass Furniture.

THE 24th of May is a good day to do all the little odds and ends around the house.

LIKE the stroke of a magic wand is the startling change in the appearance of the house after the 24th. The awnings are up; the summer furniture out; the rugs down. In fact it seems like the formal declaration of summer, the first call is heeded to live out doors.

Very appropriate then will be found our large and varied stock of Rugs, Furniture, Matting and Grass Carpets and Porch Screens, and at prices that are bound to attract.

Special Prices in Sea Grass Furniture

Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

Chairs $5.60

Rockers $6.15

Court of Revision Consider Appeals

Last evening the Court of Revision, composed of Sheriff Morrison, Ex-Mayor Walmsley and Mr. R. W. Adams met and considered the appeals against the assessment for Foster and Samson Wards. Many appeals were dismissed, and the following reductions were made:

Foster Ward

F. M. McDonnell, business assessment of $900, reduced to $500.

W. N. Ponton, South John, assessed at $1,300, reduced to $1,100.

W. N. Ponton, North Wharf, assessed at $750, reduced to $500.

W. N. Ponton, Dundas street, assessed at $2,400, reduced to $1,900.

L. W. Marsh, South Dundas, assessed at 3,600, reduced to $3,000.

Frank V. Buckley, South Dundas, assesed at $3,500, reduced to $2,000.

J. J. B. Flint, Church and Wharf John and Wharf, and Wharf streets, assessed at $15,400, reduced to $13,500.

T. S. Carman, Dundas street, assessed at $1,800, reduced to $1,400.

Samson Ward

T. S. Carman, West Front street, assessed at $9,000, reduced to $8,000.

T. S. Carman, West Church street, assessed at $4,400, reduced to $4,000.

A. Lester, West Front street, assessed at $13,000, reduced to $11,000.

Corby Company building, assesed at $1[illegible],000, reduced to $9,500.

McLeod estate, McAnnany and Pinnacle streets, assesed at $3,550, reduced to $2,000.

Pitceathly estate, Bridge street, assessed at $10,000, reduced to $7,500.

Kelly estate, Turnbull street, assessed at $800, reduced to $600.

Mrs. Hector Lingham, George St., assesed at $3,900, reduced to $3,500, and income assessment struck off.

A Wise old owl sat in an oak,
The more he saw, the less he spoke.
The less he spoke, the more he heard,
Now, why can't we be like that bird?

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

CITY AND VICINITY

Buy your Railway or Steamship Tickets from Burrows of Belleville, C. P. R. Agent. 22,dtf

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

If your hair is thin, faded or discolored, or if you're bald; if you would make your appearance attractive and youthful and benefit your health and comfort, be sure you see the Dorenwend Company's wonderful display of quality hair goods at the Hotel Quinte, Belleville, on Friday, May 28th—Switches, Braids, Transformations, Pompadours, Wavelets, etc., of unsurpassed quality hair and workmanship. Also Dorenwend art hair-toupees for bald men, including the famous sanitary patent structures. You are offered a free demonstration of any style. Remember the date, Friday, May 28th. Prof. Dorenwend will be here in person. 1tw

Grand Trunk Picnic to be held at Massassaga Park, July 21st, 1915. Entire proceeds to be given to Patriotic purposes this year.

SIR RICHARD McBRIDE AT THE BATTLE FRONT

OTTAWA, May 25.—The Prime Minister has received a cablegram from Sir Richard McBride, following a visit paid by the British Columbia Premier to France and the front. Sir Richard speaks in glowing terms of the conditions under which the allies are fighting in France. He visited the hospitals while in France, and has the warmest praise for the manner in which they are being conducted. The wounded, he says, are in high spirits.

Railway Board Issue Orders

The officials of the city have received copies of orders recently issued by the Board of Railway Commisioners of Canada, which effect this locality. Order No. 11760 requiring the installation of gates at the C.N.O.R. and C. P. R. crossing on the Trenton Road near the cemetry is rescinded and it is ordered that a day and night watchman be placed at the crossing.

That the crossing of the Kingston Road by the Canadian Northern Railway and the Campbellford Lake Ontario & Northern Railway be protected by day and night watchmen. The wages of such watchmen to be borne and paid one-half by each railway interested.

Missionary Convention

The 29th Annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Missionary Society of the Church of England, in Canada, and the Diocese of Ontario, is being held in this city today. About one hundred delegates are present.

On Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, a reception was held in the Parish House, a pleasant time being spent.

This morning, in St. Thomas Church at 10 o'clock, there was a celebration of Holy Communion, followed by a sermon by Rev. L. E. Skey, of St. Anne's Church, Toronto.

In the Parish House, the business was opened by prayer. Mrs. Beamish gave an eloquent address of welcome. Mrs. Webb of Gananoque made a reply in a few appropriate words. The business of the day was proceeded with, and in the afternoon was closed by an interesting address on Japan by Miss Lennox.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1915. No. 315

Claims Gamblers Bought Protection

Vancouver Mayor's "Campaign Manager" Mentioned When Chinese are Charged

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 25.—J. A. Russell, a well-known Vancouver criminal counsel, created a sensation in the Police Court this morning, when he declared that a number of Chinese gamblers for whom he appeared had purchased immunity from interference by the police when they paid over a large sum of money to the "Mayor's campaign manager.". Mr. Russell did not quote the name of the campaign manager to whom he referred, but the Chief of Police stated later that he knew whom the lawyer had in mind when he made the charge. Mr. Russell said that his clients paid $250 only last Friday, and they were astounded when the police walked in and took possession. Mr. Russell pleaded guilty for five clients and then added: "I want to say it was not the police who were given the protection, but it was from sources higher up that they were assured they could run gambling games without trouble if they paid.

"From sources higher up? What do you mean " asked the Crown Executor.

"The man who said he could furnish the protection said he represented the mayor. He was the mayor's campaign manager," replied Mr. Russell.

The court imposed a fine of two hundred dollars on the keeper and a hundred on each of the gamblers. Mayor Taylor was not in court, but will doubtless later make a statement.

Zeppelin Raid On East Coast

The Baby-Killers Were Successful in Murdering Several Persons

(Canadian Press Special)

SOUTHEND, Eng., May 27.—Another Zeppelin raid was made upon this town last night. A boy, a woman (Mrs. May Fabin) were killed, and several persons injured by bombs dropped. The entire town was illuminated by shells thrown from the airship. The material damage caused appears to be less than on the occasion of the last raid.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 27.—The following report by the Admiralty does not agree with the report from Southend, but says: "Late last night a Zeppelin visit- East Court and dropped bombs on Southend. The casualties reported to date are two women killed and one child badly injured. Aeroplanes and seaplanes proceeded in pursuit of the enemy but the Zeppelin succeeded in escaping in an easterly direction. Southend reports say possibly two or three airships participated in the raid.

DANISH STEAMER SUNK

(Canadian Press Special)

SOUTH SHIELDS, Eng., May 27.—The Danish steamer Betty was torpedoed by a German submarine in the North Sea yesterday, and went to the bottom. The crew were rescued and brought to Tyne.

ITALIANS ARE NEARING TRIESTE

Advance Guard Crossed Tongo River—Now Within Thirty Miles of Trieste—King Victor at the Front

(Canadian Press Special)

GENEVA, Switzerland, May 27.—A strong Italian advance guard today crossed the Isonzo River after a sharp encounter with an Austrian force and arrived before the town of Monfalcon, 30 miles from the Austrian seaport of Trieste. The first of the Austrian wounded are now arriving at the latter place. The Italians also attacked at several points along forty miles of the Carinthian frontier. The Italian forces which penetrated Tyrol at Candino, and other Italian armies which captured Gormons, have reconstructed the railway and are now marching on Gorz, the capital of the Austrian crown land of Morse and Gradisca.

ROME, May 26.—(Special.)—King Victor Emmanuel has assumed supreme command of the army and navy. He left incognito for the front last night. Only his Ministers, who were confidently informed of the intended departure of the King, bade him farewell.

The Messaggero, in paying a tribute to the King, says:

"The first citizen of Italy has left the capital to go to the front and be among his fighting troops. To him, who today set foot for the first time on Italian land, which until a few days ago was yet disunited from the Mother Country; to him, who in this moment is the symbol of the union and concord among all Italian, goes our augural salutation, in the hope for the highest success to the Italian arms.

"For Victor Emmannuel has been reserved the highest fortune that ever a sovereign could enjoy; that he will see complete, under his crown, national unity.

"To Victor Emmanuel go the grateful and solemn greetings of the entire Italian people."

KING OF GREECE'S CONDITION GRAVE

Physicians Cling to Hope of Recovery, but Admit His Condition is Serious

ATHENS, May 26.—(10.30 p.m., via London)—(Special)—The general condition of King Constantine tonight was stationary. His temperature was 100.6 and his pulse 96.

Although the king's condition is serious, Prof. Zaimis and the other physicians in attendance upon him are trusting on his robust constitution, and the fact that there is no abscess and no heart weakness, to pull him through.

Premier Gounaris says that although there is no immediate danger in the king's condition, it would be rash to exclude the possibility of a grave issue.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

The most definite news received by the Minister of Militia concerning the latest engagement in which the Canadians fought is that fifty-fice were killed out of a total casualty of something over four hundred. Major Wright of Ottawa was killed and half a dozen other officers were wounded. The rest are from the ranks.

The names will come through the ordinary channel of the casualty lists.

Second Battalion: Died of Wounds—Lance-Corp. Joseph Stanley Marchant (formerly 12th Battalion), Montreal (May 8); David George Cooper, 506 Charles street, Steelton, Ont.

Wounded—Arthur Gauthier (formerly 12th Battalion), Montreal; Charles Bostridge, 177 Collingwood street, Kingston, Ont.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 27.—Second Battalion: Died of wounds—Pte. T. A. Sheridan, Ottawa.

Fake Spectacles Flooding Ontario

Optometrists of the Province Declare War on the Vendors

TORONTO, May 26.—War was declared by the Ontario Opotometrical Association at the closing session of their convention yesterday on dealers in fake spectacles, such as they claim are flooding parts of Ontario. A campaign of education will be carried on to instruct the public on the proper value of glasses until proper legislation can regulate the matter.

A resolution was passed to circulate a minimum price list to all Ontario opticians, whether members of the association, or not, that they may be correctly informed as to the standard price which should be charged to the public for reliable glassea.

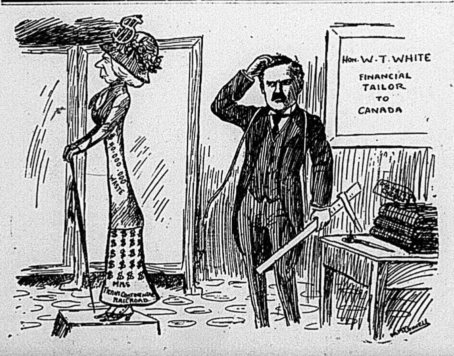
It was pointed out that Ontario was surrounded with States and Provinces having restrictive laws, with the result that it is flooded with the fakirs who cannot carry on their trade in the other Provinces, but can do so legally in Ontario. It was claimed that residents of Ontario were calling for legislation.

Yesterday morning was devoted to inspection of displays of instruments at the houses of the several local manufacturers and wholesalers. The afternoon was spent in a discussion of subjejcts pertaining to the association.

Sir F. E. Smith

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 27.—King George held a Privy Council meeting this morning at which the seals and warrants of office were handed to the new members of the Cabinet. Subsequently the first meeting of the Cabinet as reorganized was held. The King has conferred the order of knighthood on Frederick Smith, Solicitor-General.



Found Canadian Hospitals Equal To Best in Field

Sir Richard McBride Returns to London From Tour of Northern France

LONDON, May 25.Sir Richard McBride, Premier of British Columbia, has returned from a tour of Northern France, where he visited the Canadian hospitals. He was greatly impressed with the general excellence of their arrangements, and told the Gazette that the doctors, nurses and orderlies all seemed equal to the best, while their plans worked smoothly in concert with those of the main army. The excellence of the system reflected credit on Surgeon-General Jones the medical director, and his staff. The Canadian Red Cross Society was also operating well, and its stores were in good condition. In Paris Sir Richard conferred with Philip Roy, the Canadian Commissioner, while from French officials he heard much praise of the Canadians.

Sir Richard has been discussing in certain quarters the problem of Pacific transportation, and seems hopeful that definite results will be secured in the matter of obtaining more tonnage. He intends to sail for Canada at an early date.

Treason Conspiracy Appeal is Heard

Case of Emil Nerlich and German Reservist Aired in Court

TORONTO, May 26.—Hearing of argument in the appear against the conviction of Emil Nerlich on a charge of fconspiracy to commit treason began yesterday in the First Divisional Court at Osgoode Hall after several postponements. The case will be finished in time to begin on Monday next the trial of Emil Nerlich on a charge of committing treason it is expected.

Chief Justice Sir William Meredith presided, and with him on the Bench were Justices Garrow, Hodgins, Maclaren and Magee. Messrs. I. E. Hellmuth, K.C., G. F. Shepley, K.C., and G. W. Mason appeared for Mr. Nerlich, and Messrs. J. R. Cartwright, K. C., Deputy Attorney-General; E. E. A. Du Vernet, K.C., and E. Bayly K.C., for the Crown.

Mr. Hellmuth was on his feet most of the day presenting the argument for Mr. Nerlich, who had not aided Arthur Zirzow to leave Canada for the purpose of returning to Germany to fight, he contended. If he had done so, argued Mr. Hellmuth, he would be guilty of treason, and not of conspiracy, of which he was found guilty by a jury under Sir William Mulock. Zirzow had enough money to get away without assistance.

"My first submission is that there is no evidence whatever to submit to the jury that Emil Nerlich did conspire or did assist traitorously Arthur Zirzow to leave Canada to join the enemy's forces. My second submission is this; that under the indictment there could be no charge that Emil Nerlich had conspired with Arthur Zirzow to do this."

A letter to Arthur Zirzow from his sister expressing regret that he had not smuggled his way back to Germany to fight, and advising him to go to the United States to work when the war is over, was read by Mr. Hellmuth. He said he would have understood the letter to mean "Don't come home," and said that Zirzow was not a reservist, and not obliged to go to Germany. Mr. Shepley said there was doubt that Arthur Zirzow wanted to go back to fight.

CANADA IS BEGINNING TO TURN OUT TOLUOL

OTTAWA, May 26.—Gen. Hughes announced to-night that the manufacture of toluol, the new and powerful explosive, was begun for the first time in Canada at the Dominion Steel Co.'s works at Sydney, N.S. This is two months earlier than was anticipated. It will soon be manufactured also at Sault Ste. Marie and at other points in the Dominion.

Toluol is a by-product of the coke ovens and is used in the manufacture of high explosives. It has tremendous powers of expansion.

ALLIES' ACCURATE AIM

(Canadian Press Special)

AMSTERDAM, May 27.—An Ostend despatch says that fifty German soldiers, riding in an Ostend street car were killed by a bomb dropped from an Allied aeroplane. The railroad station, shipping in the harbor and numerous houses were damaged during the air raid.

BRITISH PIERCE THE ENEMY'S LINES

Have Advanced Three Miles This Month—Taken 800 Prisoners, Ten Machine Guns, Material and Equipment

PARIS, May 26.—(Special.)—Fighting in Northern France is proceeding on a vast scale. The British troops have made a new advance in the direction of La Brassee, capturing a number of prisoners of whom several were officers.

The following official statement was issued by the London War Office to-night:

"The first army continues to make progress east of Festubert. A territorial division carried last night a group of German trenches, capturing 25 prisoners, and this morning it captured one officer, 21 men and a machine gun.

"Since May 1 the first army has pierced the enemy's lines on a total front of over three miles. On this, the entire hostile front line system has been captured on a front of 3,200 yards and on the remaining portion the first and second line trenches are in our possession. The total number of prisoners taken is eight officers and 777 other ranks. Ten machine guns, in all have fallen into our possession, as well as a considerable quantity of material and equipment, particulars of which are not yet available."

German People Are Depressed

They are Said to Complain About Being Lied to and Deceived

According to a Berne (Switzerland) paper, a Swiss who had then just returned from Germany, where he had been spending some time in the country districts, remarked on the untrustworthiness of information gained from German newspapers and German private letters, all of which pass through so strict a censorship that anything really calculated to throw light on the state of the country is invariably eliminated. According to one account of this gentleman's statement wired to London, a correct idea of the situation in Germany cannot be formed from visits to Berlin and the other large German cities. It is pointed out that it is almost always of Berlin that the Germans speak, and always Berlin that they like to show to any neutral visitor. This Swiss, whose business took him to small towns and the country districts, remarks that in his opinion it is utterly misleading to speak now of the mass of the German people being enthusiastic for war. All the working classes, all those with relatives at the front, the farmers, business men, and most of the highly educated classes, speak of the war as of a vast misfortune, which they hope will end as speedily as possible. Even invalid soldiers, of whom great numbers are now to be seen home on account of sickness, and the Landstun men, guarding powder stores, railways, and bridges, all adopt the same tone. "The German people is becoming more and more convinced that Germany has nothing more to gain from the war, and that her situation is becoming daily worse, while it is more and more frequently complained that the people are kept in the dark as to the true state of affairs, and even that they are being directly lied to and deceived. Mistrust of the government is increasing, and the present reign of terror makes it worse still.

All Bars in Sask. to Go

(Canadian Press Special)

REGINA, May 27.—Premier Scott will introduce in the Legislature on Friday a Government bill to abolish all bar and club licenses in Saskatchewan and remove the retail sale of intoxicating liquors wholly from private hands.

Liberals are Panic-Stricken

Hon. Robt. Rogers Thinks Liberals are Troubled by Remorse

Hon. Robert Rogers is struck by the agitation of Liberal leaders and Liberal newspapers at the possibility of an election in the near future. When his attention was called, at the King Edward Hotel by a Mail and Empire reporter, to the speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and some of his followers at the recent banquet of the Ontario Federation of Liberal Clubs, he remarked: "You would not expect me to read all the political speeches being delivered by Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues." He added: "They are the only people talking politics just now. Of course they have a lot to explain, and their consciences are evidently troubling them, when they give such signs of being panic-stricken as they do.

"They have got themselves almost into a demented state in their fear and trembling at the possibility of a general election," continued the Federal Minister of Public Works. "All this talk of a general election has come from the Liberal leaders and the Liberal press. Poor things! they are apparently in a terrible state of mind through seeing things at night, the effect, no doubt, of remorse."

Turks Terrified by Allies' Attacks

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 27.—A Athens despatch says the actions of the allies against the Turkish position on the Dardanelles is continuing vigorously. Reinforcements are constantly being brought up. The Turks appear to be terrorized by the incessant renewal of attacks which indicate to them a absolute determination of the Allies to force the Straits. From time to time the British and French artillery throws a veritable hail of shells on the Turks.

Great Bush Fire Raging

(Canadian Press Special)

LE PAS, Man., May 27.—A bush fire, which at one time threatened to destroy this town, has destroyed a dozen dwellings, the Hudson Bay Railway terminal yards, and a large quantity of railway ties. The fire raged through a space of timber five miles wide and is travelling eastward rapidly.

THE FRENCH ACHIEVE GREAT AVIATION FEAT

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 27.—(Afternoon's official statement)—The Belgian troops last night repulsed two German attacks, one to the north and the other to the south of Dixmude. The first was driven back by a counter attack, and the second by artillery fire.

In the sector to the north of Arras two engagements took place last night. Southwest of Souchez we took possession of one of the enemy's trenches near the Chateau of Carleulen, taking at the same time some prisoners, including one officer. East of Neuville-St. Vaast the Germans attempted to attack, but were checked by our artillery. At various points along the front, notably near Rheims and in the Vosges there were artillery engagements yesterday.

One of our aerial squadrons, composed of eighteen aeroplanes, each carrying fifty kilos (110 pounds) of projectiles, this morning bombarded at Ludwigshafen, on the Rhine, a factory of the Baden Aniline Chemical Products establishments, one of the most important manufacturers of explosives in all Germany. The results reported prove the efficacy of the bombardment.

Several factory buildings were struck by the projectiles of our men, and a number of fires broke out. The aviators were in the air almost six hours and covered more than four hundred kilometres (240 miles).

This expedition against an important military establishments is the French answer to the attempts of German aviators on Paris.

CANADIANS AND INDIANS UNITE

Leap Upon Germans and Charge with Bayonets

LONDON, May 26.— (Special) —"Canadian and Indian troops on Tuesday night successfully repulsed at the point of the bayonet a vigorous German attack near Richebourg. Having destroyed the British wire defences by means of a terrific artillery fire, the enemy launched a strong attack and succeeded, despite severe losses suffered in the open, in reaching our trenches here," says a Central News message. "They were met with an inferno of rifle and machine gun fire, before which they wavered. Then the Canadians and Indians leaped from the trenches and met the German reserves with the bayonet as the latter swarmed up to strengthen the thinned first line. The colonials, fighting with terrific vigor, simply paralyzed the attack of the enemy, who were pursued into the open.

"Our losses were heavy, but the defeat suffered by the Germans was severe both morally and materially. Progress made justifies the belief that the German hold in the region of La Bassee will very soon become untenable and necessitate withdrawal to a new line of defence."

LETTERS FOR PRISONERS

How to Reach Canadians Who are Held in Germany

OTTAWA, May 25.—The Militia Department today issued the following memorandum of procedure to be followed in communication with members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who are prisoners of war in Germany.

Letters should be made up and addressed as follows:

(a) An inner envelope showing the prisoner's name and initials should be left open; (b) an outer envelope enclosing the inner envelope should be closed and addressed "for British prisoner of war, interned in Germany (or Austria-Hungary), care General Post Office, Mount Pleasant, London."

2. Correspondence should be limited to private and family news, and to necessary business communications. No reference to the naval, military, or political situation or to naval and military movements and organizations is allowed. Letters containing such references will be returned to the senders.

3. Letters may be written in English.

4. Postal cards should be addressed as follows: "Name, British prisoner of war, interned in Germany (or Austria-Hungary), care General Post Office, Mount Pleasant, London."

5. Postage need not be paid either on letters or parcels addressed to British prisoners of war.

6. No letters should be enclosed in parcels. As correspondence must be submitted to censorship on arrival, short communications not exceeding two sides of a sheet of paper will probably be delivered more speedily than long letters.

Turk Gunboat is Torpedoed

PARIS, May 27.— (Special) —A Turkish gunboat of the Aidin Reis type was sunk in the Sea of Marmora within sight of Constantinople by a British submarine, according to an Athens despatch to the Journal.

The loss of the gunboat, following close upon the destruction of Turkish transports last week, has caused a deep impression in Constantinople.

PEREMYSL REPORTED SAFE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 27.—The Times' Petrograd correspondent says Russian military observers consider Peremysl at the present time quite safe and think there is no reason to apprehend an envelopment and blockade of the fortress.

MONTREAL BOAT SHELLED

(Canadian Press Special)

CARDIFF, May 27.—The Steamer Morwenna of Montreal, 260 feet long, was torpedoed and shelled by a German submarine on Wednesday, 160 miles from Stann's Head. One member of the crew was killed and three wounded. The rest of the crew were landed here.

James A. Farrell, president, now at Los Angeles, says the Steel Corporation is operating at 75 per cent. capacity, 50 per cent. of which is on domestic business. In January, corporation was operating at 35 per cent. capacity.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS

100 only Ladies' fine embroidered Lawn Shirt Waists, beautiful stylish waists, fresh new stock, regular up to $2.50. Friday and Saturday sale price, each .... 39c.

DRESS GINGHAMS.

Friday and Saturday are the days to make your purchases of fine Dress Ginghams—thousands of yards of checks, stripes and plaids, on sale at .... 12½c. and 10c. yard

INDIAN HEAD.

Indian Head, for Dresses, Skirts, Middies, etc., 36 inches wide, on sale at .... 25c., 20c., 18c., 15c. yard
White Repp, 27 to 36 inches wide .... 25c., 20c. yard
White Pique, 27 inches wide .... 25c., 20c., 15c. yard
White Dress Duck, 27 inches wide, sale .... 15c. yard
White Dress Muslins, dotted, cross-bar, etc., 27 to 36 inches wide, at, per yard .... 25c., 20c., 15c., 12½c., 10c.

SPECIAL.—See our Window for Men's Soft Front Summer Shirts, on sale at, each .... 79c. and 75c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Prizes Donated to Rifle Club

The distribution of prizes won during the winter months was held last evening in the Police Court rooms. A large number were present, Mr. H. Sneyd, President, presiding. In his opening remarks he referred to progress made by the Club since its formation, there being a membership of over 50. He then described the prizes won by the different members. Col. W. N. Ponton, a member of the club, who presented the prizes, then read some letters to those present, which he had received that day from his son, Capt. R. D. Ponton, now at the front, in the midst of the fighting. They referred to the gallantry shown by the Canadian boys in the great battle of Langemarck, especially mentioning the boys from Belleville, who had died fighting for their country. The speaker then remarked on the necessity, most particularly at the present time, of every man knowing how to handle the rifle, and he was glad to see so many present to receive prizes they had won and urged them all to do their utmost to assist in the recruiting campaign now going on. Several of the members of the Club were now at the front, the names of Capt. E. D. O'Flynn, Mr. G. Gilbey, Mr. Evans, being mentioned. He then presented the following prizes:

First Prize—A handsome 22 calibre rifle, presented by the Winchester Repeating Arms Co. for the member making the highest aggregate of any 3 shoots, won by Police Constable D. J. Corrigan, with a score of 293 points out of a possible 300.

The "Lord Roberts" medal, for the highest score made in Class "A," won by Mr. W. J. Andrews.

The "Bell" medal for the highest score made in Class "B," won by Mr. C. C. Walker.

The "Daily Express" medal for the highest score made in Class "C," won by Mr. W. B. Vandervoort.

The "Daily Mail" certificate for the first member making the highest possible score of 100, won by Police Sergt. A. Harman.

The "Daily Telegraph" certificate for second member, making the highest possible score of 100, won by Mr. C. C. Walker.

Winners of sterling silver spoons:

Two each—Mr. G. B. Smith, Mr. J. C. Wills, Mr. A. Symons, Mr. G. S. Gratton.

One each—G. Anderson, A. Haggerty, A. Harman, W. J. Andrews, E. Stapley, A. Cumming, H. Hall, C. J. Wills, H. C. Thompson, D. Price, A. D. Harper, D. Aselstine, G. Stallworthy E. V. Brown, J. W. Davidson, J. Douch, D. J. Corrigan.

Messrs. C. C. Walker and L. R. McMullen were selected on the Committee of the Association, and arrangements made to start practice at the butts, as soon as rifles and ammunition are available.

a A

PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST

Cut these Letters out

c u

Clear thinking is impossible without healthy bowel action. Rexall Orderlies are a specific against constipation. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

BIRTHS.

GILBERT—At Windsor, Ont., on Victoria Day, to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Gilbert (nee Lily B. Johnson) a son, William Scott.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Eczema for Two Years Cured by Zam-Buk

Mrs. A. Warwick, Cooksville, Ont., writes:—"For two years I was badly troubled with eczema on my leg. I used various salves and lotions, but could get no relief. The sores kept getting worse until finally I was obliged to give up my work. I was in despair when one day a friend advised me to try Zam-Buk. I did so, and I cannot tell you how pleased I was with the result. Zam-Buk quickly allayed the itching and smarting sensation, and finally healed the sores. My leg is now as well as ever."

Hundreds of others suffering from eczema have ended this disease by applying Zam-Buk, some even after suffering twenty-five years and spending hundreds of dollars on medical treatment.

Zam-Buk is purely herbal. Unlike ordinary ointments it it does not contain harsh minerals, poisonous coloring matter, or coarse animal fats which in a short time go rancid. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or sore its herbal essences penetrate to the very root of the trouble, kill the disease, and relieve the pain.

Use Zam-Buk for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, piles, pimples, chronic sores, chapped hands, frost bites, and all skin diseases and injuries. At all druggists and stores, or postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, on receipt of price, 50c. box, 3 boxes $1.25.

Send this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp (for return postage) for FREE TRIAL BOX.

OPTOMETRY CONFERENCE

J. A. McFee, who attended the first annual conference of the Ontario Optometrical Association at Toronto on 24th and 25th inst., reports a very representative attendance, and an evident determination to secure legislation necessary to regulate the practice, such as obtains in the sister provinces of Quebec, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, as well as 35 of the United States.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Knight and daughter, Jessie, are visiting Mrs. C. C. Bonisteel, 29 Chatham street.

Miss Eula Rose, who is teaching school at Bogcaygeon, spent the 24th with her parents, Dundas street west, has not returned, owing to the serious illness of her brother, Clayton Rose.

Special!

SALE OF MEN'S SUITS

All Suits from 15.00, 18.00, 20.00 and 22.00

FOR $11.75

F. W. MILLARD
236 Front St.

To-Night's :: The Night

SPECIAL

Don't Fail to Attend the Opening

AUCTION SALE

To-night at 8 p.m.

LADIES!

25 Handsome Presents will be Given Away Absolutely Free to the First 25 Ladies Attending the Opening

AUCTION SALE at 8 p.m. TO-NIGHT

You Do Not have to Purchase any Goods to Receive one of these Handsome Presents. Only be On Time at 8 p.m. To-night.

T. BLACKBURN

238 FRONT ST. OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELLER

SEATS FOR LADIES

S. HOWARD LYON, Toronto, Auctioneer

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

All articles and notes under this head are passed by the commanding officer of the 39th Regiment and authentic in every particular.

KINGSTON

The first troops to arrive for Barriefield camp, came into the city at 11.30 on Tuesday, in command of Lieut.-Col. Balderson from Smith's Falls. The force was composed of 200 men and six officers who attracted quite a crowd at the C.P.R. station. With Col. Balderson were Major d'Hertel and Capt. Watts. The 200 men were all young and of a fine type. They have been drilling in Smith's Falls for the past two months. They marched to the Armouries where they were given lunch before going into camp. In the procession were a number of banners containing such mottoes as "First Stop Kingston; Next Stop Berlin," "Avenge the Lusitania," "Are We Downhearted, No."

The 25th Battery of Ottawa, 144 men and officers, in command of Lieut.-Col. Arnoldi, and the ammunition men, composed of 149 men and officers, commanded by Capt. William Harty, Jr., arrived at 2.30 o'clock and immediately marched to Barriefield camp.

The 38th Battalion also arrived in the afternoon by the G.T.R. and detrained opposite Tete du Pont Barracks and marched into camp.

Part of the 8th Mounted Rifles, Ottawa, are route marching to the city and will arrive here in the course of a few days. The remainder of the rifles were expected in the city in the evening, their being about 700 men and 10 cars of horses.

All the canteens along the road to the camp will be out of bounds to all soldiers until 4.30 in the afternoon. No soldier will be permitted to buy anything in any of these places until all drill for the day is over.

All hotels in the city will be out of bounds until six o'clock every evening, and after 9.30. Col. Hemming said the hotel proprietors of the city had voluntarily asked that their places be out of bounds to all soldiers after 9.30 in the evening, as they were anxious to cooperate in every way with the military authorities to make camp what it should be. The Colonel said he appreciated the request and would order all hotels out of bounds, except between the hours of six and nine-thirty in the evening.

The university company, from McGill, now at Niagara, is expected at the camp in a few days, to join the 38th Battalion. Everything is ready for this company here.

Lieut.-Col. Fee, of Lindsay, will command the composite troops until it is settled what will be done with the men.

The grounds at the camp have a place in their layout for the new 59th Battalion and this battalion may yet be mobilized at Barriefield.

The 82nd Regiment have promised Col. Hemming another 100 recruits for a new battalion.

All soldiers in camp will be given free milk every day, providing they catch the cow and do the milking. The pasturing of cows on the camp grounds has become a nuisance, and it is felt that the government should have something in return for the pasture, so the men have been told that they may milk any cow they catch on the camp grounds proper. If sheep are not kept off the grounds, an officer said the men would be allowed lamb and mutton in the same way.

Lt. R. Hollis has been added to the staff of the A.M.C. in camp.

All ranks are forbidden to carry into camp any intoxicating drinks. Any violation of this order will be dealt with severely.

All regimental canteens will be open from 6.30 to 7 a.m., 12 to 12.30 p.m., 4.30 to 9.30 p.m. No liquor will be sold in any canteen.

Lieut. Brandon is attached to the C.O.C. under Major Prideaux.

The 38th Battalion will furnish a main guard consisting of one sergeant and three privates to mount at six o'clock every evening at the head of the temporary bridge over the Cataraqui river. Each unit will furnish its own quarter guard.

BECKER TO DIE IN JULY

ALBANY, N.Y., May 26—The Court of Appeals to-day fixed the week beginning July 12 for the execution of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

CLEAN SHEET

The police blotter this morning was free from any records of drunks or vagrants, and in consequence there was no business for the Magistrate.

FALSE ALARM

At a few minutes after one o'clock to-day, the fire brigade were called to Pinnacle street. The fire, however, was extinguished before the arrival of the brigade.

A CHALLENGE

During the military carnival which will be held here next week C. Company of the 39th Battalion, challenges any team in the battalion to a tug of war for a sum of $50, which will be deposited in the hands of C. Company.

BREAKING A BYLAW

Last evening the police answered a call to James street, where it was alleged a party was firing off a gun. Upon investigation it was ascertained that a man was firing off a gun for the purpose of cleaning out the same.

HEAVY FROST

The city and vicinity was last night visited by a severe frost, which did considerable damage to vegetation. Garden produce suffered much, and in consequence it will be necessary to replant much of it.

ON A MARCH

The 39th battalion this morning had a march to Foxboro village, a distance of upwards of six miles from the city. At noon the soldiers were provided with luncheon and returned to the city this afternoon, none the worst for their march.

SENT TO REFORMATORY

Isaac Smart, an Indian, who is a member of the Mohawk band of the Indian Reserve, was yesterday, by Judge Deroche, sentenced to not less than one year in the Ontario Reformatory on a charge of stabbing a young man.

BROKE A WINDOW

Mr. J. Henley, who conducts a shoe repairing establishment in the gangway, leading to the foot bridge, from off Front street, reports to the police that a window in his place of business was broken last night and a boot taken away. The police are endeavoring to ascertain who committed the offence.

BOXING BOUTS

In connection with the military carnival to be held here next week boxing bouts will take place, which will no doubt prove to be interesting. Alt. Freeman of Montreal and Mike White of Montreal, who are experts in the fistic art are willing to meet challengers for the purpose of demonstrating their superiority.

USEFUL GIFTS

The Ladies' Patriotic and Red Cross Society of Belleville beg to acknowledge with thanks the handsome donation of 5 dozen sheets, 2½ dozen pillow slips and 20 pairs felt slippers from the Plainfield Patriotic Association, of which Mr. Alex. Moore is President; Mr. G. W. Henderson, Secretary, and E. E. Horton, Treasurer.

LOCAL RED CROSS SOCIETY

We desire to draw attention to the appeal by the Patriotic and Red Cross Society for a liberal contribution to their funds on Sunday next. There is no suggestion of charity in the Society's appeal. The part of the debt those of us who are at home owe to those others "at the front" that we can pay by seeing that there is a supply of bandages for their wounds, of anesthetics to dull the agonies of the field hospital, of comfortable clothing for the days of convalescence, does not go very far towards discharging our obligations, but it is the only way we can do any repaying just now. The need for the Red Cross supplies is so great, so increasing, that a liberal and instantaneous response such as Montreal is making is the only adequate acknowledgement of our obligations and acceptance of our responsibilities.

MADE IN CANADA

W.G.R. TRADE MARK

SHIRTS
COLLARS
PYJAMAS
SUMMER UNDERWEAR
BOYS' BLOUSES

THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED
BERLIN, ONTARIO

For twenty-three years it has been an unwritten law that the quality of Salada Tea shall never vary, even fractionally. To support this ironbound rule it is necessary to increase the price when the cost of teas advance to such an enormous extent as recently. You have the satisfaction of knowing, however, to whatever price Salada advances, it will always be the finest tea procurable at that price.

SUCCESSFUL MUSICALE

One of the most enjoyable functions given for the enlargement of the Patriotic Fund was a musicale by the "Golden Ray Knitting Circle" on Tuesday evening. This pleasing event was held at the home of their convenor, Mrs. F. Mitchell, Cedar Street, and the proceeds were very gratifying owing to the large number that attended.

The programme was one admirably adapted for the enjoyment of both old and young, consisting of readings, duets, piano, vocal and violin solos. There was a most perceptible sense of both humor and patriotism throughout the entertainment that was very interesting to all present.

The spacious lawn and verandahs were artistically decorated with Japanese lanterns, and with such a charming environment and excellent programme, it was in all respects one to greatly please the large number who attended. After the singing of the National Anthem those who kindly assisted by lending their talents to so worthy a cause were informally entertained by the girls of the club, and dainty refreshments were served.

Those taking part in the programme were:—The Misses Maiyea, McCormick, Diamond, Duckworth, Panter, Simpkins, Wallace, Lafferty, Ryan, Nina and Mary Yeomans, Vandervoort, McIntosh, Campbell and Mr. T. Bowie.

The members of this Knitting Circle are to be congratulated upon the splendid success of the evening and the admirable manner in which the entertainment was carried out.

WEAR FLEET FOOT SHOES for every SPORT and RECREATION

Worn by every member of the family

SOLD BY ALL GOOD SHOE DEALERS

XV. Regimental Band's

Grand Military Carnival

BELLEVILLE ONE WEEK | Comc'g Monday MAY 31

H. T. PIERSON'S

Big Canadian Shows

"Bristling with Newness."

MOTOR DROME
LAUGHLAND
DAYS OF "49"
ATHLETIC SHOW
ROYAL ITALIAN BAND

FOR FUN

$10,000 CARRY-US-ALL
BIG CIRCUS SIDE SHOW
MUSICAL COMEDY
DOG AND PONY SHOW
"HAMMON," King of High Wire

The Only Circus Coming This Season

THE WEATHER.

Winds, mostly north and east, fine and cool with no decided change in temperature on Friday.

TRY OUR

Buns
Fried Cake
Doughnuts
Tarts
Cookies
Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When You Buy A DIAMOND

You make one of the safest investments possible, for the reason that diamonds fluctuate so very little in value that you may say their value is absolutely constant; they never wear out.

Our line is complete in combination or single stone settings. Prices from the cheapest to the most expensive.

Angus McFee
Jeweler Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

NEW SCOTCH BISCUITS
Now in stock
McVITIE & PRICE'S
College Creams, Academy Creams, Butterette Tea Rusks, Queen's Shorties, Cheese Assorted, Rich Selected &c. &c.
Snider's Tomato Ketchup
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup
French Mustard, jars ...... 5 & 10c.
Libby's Peaches, tins 15c
Libby's Sliced Peaches, tins .... 20c.
Libby's Apricots, tins .... 30c.
Clark's Baked Beans . 7c, 10c & 12½c.
Bourneville Cocoa, tins .... 25 & 90c.
California Tuna Fish, tins ..... 20c.
Norway Mackerel, tins .... 20c.
Franco American Potted Beef, tins 15c
MacLaren's Invincible
Jelly Powders .... 3 for 25c.
Imperial Granum,
For infants & Invalids
Jirch Breakfast Food, pkgs .... 25c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkgs. 25c.
Triscuit, 2 pkgs .... 25c.
Sultana Raisins (Genuine) lb. .. 15c.
English Candies, in jars .... 25c.
Layer Figs, large size, lb. ... .. 25c.
Wafer Sliced Beef, jars .... 25c.
tins .... 22c. & 35c.
Pabst Malt Extract, bottle .... 30c.
Heinz Sweet Pickles, bottles .... 20c.
Heinz Chow Chow or sour Mixed 15c.
Whole Ox Tongues .... 85c & 95c
Bran for table use
H-O-Oatmeal, pkgs. .... 15c.

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons

The BEST on the Market

Sell for $4.00

Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.

The Belleville Pharmacy

The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

BIG BARGAINS SPECIALLY PRICED FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

6 dozen Lingerie Blouses, worth up to $1.50; to clear at ..... 95c.
3 dozen Blouses made to sell at $2.00. Our price ..... 54c.
New Blouses, exclusive styles, confined to us, from .. $1.19 to $5.00 each
50 House Dresses—would be cheap at $2.50; on sale at $1.50
40 House Dresses, worth $1.50; our price ..... 98c.
35 House Dresses, made in New York, exclusive styles $1.95
Underskirts at ..... 89c.; worth $1.25
Underskirts at ..... 98c.; worth $1.50
Underskirts from ..... 69c. to $3.00 each
Kimonos from ..... 98c. to $3.00
FOWNES' SILK GLOVES from ..... 59c. to $1.75 pair
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D. & A. Corsets ..... 69c. to $3.00 pair
SILK HOSIERY—20 dozen women's black Silk Hose, double wear heel and toe, lisle top, actual value 90c. pair; our price 25c. pair, or 6 pairs for $3.00
HOLEPROOF HOSIERY for men, women and children, in silk, lisle, cashmere—guaranteed.
WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR from ..... 15c. to $1.00 a garment
Our Montreal connection keeps us in touch with everything new in the Dry Goods trade.

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50,

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

BY THE SEASHORE

A holiday by the seashore is the form of vacation most appreciated by thousands of people from the inland centres. Portland and its environs abound with attractions to suit all tastes, from the quiet retirement of Cape Elizabeth and Cushings Island to Old Orchard and Kennebunkport, popular chiefly for their beaches and surf bathing. "Mountains of New England and the Sea," just issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System contains full information, complete list of hotels and boarding houses, etc., and may be had on application to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

On PARIS PAPE PRIZE CONTEST Cut these Letters out Md

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

PRIVATE J. GILBEY

The following letter has been received by a friend in Belleville from Private J. Gilbey—

"Just a few lines again, hoping to find you well. I expect you would get all the news about the big battle and the wonderful stand the Canadians made, before this. Well, I am glad to say I came through without a scratch, although I had some miraculous escapes. I think I must have been charmed. I had several shot down by the side of me and bullets and shells of every description charging me. I thought several times my time had come, but, God in His mercy kept me safe and sound. The people who have blushed about the Canadians won't have much to laugh at now. We have been mentioned by Sir John French as saving the whole position of the British army, and the road to Calais is once more a dream to the Allmands. Although the cost was terrible they have got something to remember the Canadians by. It is not those of us knew what a fight square we were in, and never dreamt of retiring, and when the order did come nobody wanted to leave our trench, only to stick to them, but it was either go back or be surrounded by thousands, and when I came out they were after us like bees. It was a terrible sight round where we were. The Germans had broken through the French lines and were making a big advance, thousands of them, and we were put in the gaps to stop them and stop them we did, too. We advanced under a heavy fire and dug ourselves in with our entrenching tools within about 3 hundred yards of the Huns. It was a night to be sure. They were continually putting up the rockets and firing us thousands of bullets to help us on. It is a wonder they didn't get all of us; but by daylight we were ready for them, and held them there for 2 days, until there were lots of British Tommys and big guns came up and relieved us. Now I must close hoping to hear from you again soon.

We haven't had any Canadian mail for some time now. Lieut. Ponton tells me he cabled home and mentioned my name as being safe, so I hope you would get it all right."

DEATH OF SERGT. ABLARD.

Mrs. H. C. Ablard, of Wharf street, Belleville, has received the following letter from Sergt. Malcolm A. Neilson, who describes the heroic manner in which Sergt. Ablard met his death:

Dear Mrs. Ablard:—I feel I must write you a few lines to express to you my great sympathy for your loss and also to tell you something of the splendid conduct of your husband in the last fight. I shared a tent with Harry and two other Sergeants all the time we were at Salisbury Plain, and since we came out here I had lived with him practically all the time. I really cannot tell you what a splendid comrade he was. Devoted to his work; always doing his duty in great things and small; always cheerful when the trysome things that must sometimes be turned up; handling its men capably and well; he was a splendid worker at all times, and I deeply mourned by his men, who had such affection and respect for him, while those of his fellow Sergeants who are left feel that they have lost a real friend.

You will be glad to hear that his bonds were often with you and his children. He would speak of you and them with pride and affection, and you have good reason to be proud of him.

In the great fight near Ypres our company had a hot corner to hold. In the morning of Friday, April 23rd, he gallantly placed himself in a very dangerous position, from which one of his men could fire into the German trench. Someone had to do the work and most heroically it was done. Your husband, I am told, shot down seven Germans before he was shot in the head. He lay unconscious for half an hour, and then died. He must have suffered at all.

I know that he has been recommended for official recognition for his gallant conduct, but if that should all it is so much a matter of luck whether or not all who deserve it get their reward, it may be some comfort to you to know that he already has its recognition in the memories of all who knew him as a gentleman and gallant soldier, and you may well be proud of him, for he had made the greatest sacrifice a man can make in a great and noble cause.

I do hope that these few lines will be some comfort to you, and may I thank you for what you have done for the same cause—for yours is the hardest part to bear, and yours is the truest sacrifice of all.

Harry was reverently and carefully buried by his comrades at a spot not far from the village of St. Julien, of which you may have read in the papers. I am

Yours very sincerely,
Malcolm A. Neilson.

PRIVATE CARL CLARK

Mrs. H. H. Clarke, Mill Ct., Belleville, has received the following letter from her son:

May 5, 1915

I hope that you did not get excited when my name was in the casualty list, for I was only slightly wounded, and it is getting fairly good now, so I hope that you are not worrying, for I will be up the line in a short time.

The place here that I am in is not too bad—it is a little better than being in the hospital, for you can get out and get around a little, so you can tell how we feel.

The weather is fine here today and it is getting to be like the good old Canadian summers, and I am beginning to enjoy myself laying out on the grass and the sun shining down on me.

I can get tell you how lucky I am. Jim Gorman, for I was wounded at night and they were all right then, as far as I know of. I have not seen any one out of their platoon, so I can not tell you how they really are, but will let you know as soon as possible.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

FOR THOSE WHO KNOW

The Dominion Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Extra Special

Beautiful New Piano

In Fumed Oak

$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

Saturday Candy 50c Values **29c**

IF QUALITY COUNTS GET IT AT McKEOWN'S

The Rexall Store **McKEOWN'S DRUGS**

TO SAVE MONEY GET IT AT McKEOWN'S

Flower Seeds 2 Packages **5c**

Friday and Saturday Specials

PATENT MEDICINES

Chase's Pills ..... 16c.
Castoria ..... 24c.
Cold Tablets ..... 15c.
Nerviline ..... 15c.
Mustard Liniment ..... 18c.
Dodd's Pills ..... 29c.
Pinex ..... 37c.
Abbey's Salts ..... 14c.
Gin Pills ..... 25c.
Electric Oil ..... 35c.
Four T's ..... 15c.
Fruitatives ..... 28c.
Baby's Own Tablets ..... 14c.
Bromo-Seltzer ..... 37c.
Dr. Hamilton's Pills ..... 17c.
Williams' Pink Pills ..... 30c.
Kkovah Health Salt ..... 17c.

DRUG BARGAINS

25c. lb. Boracic Acid ..... 19c.
100 Comp. Cascara Tablets 25c.
10c. lb. Epsom Salts ..... 7c.
100 A. B. S. & C. Tablets ..... 17c.
25c. Blaud's Iron Pills ..... 15c.
(Improved)
35c. Wood Alcohol ..... 25c.

HOUSEHOLD AIDS AND CLEANERS

1 lb. Borax ..... 10c.
25c. bar Castile Soap ..... 19c.
15c. bar Castile Soap ..... 10c.
10c. Old Dutch Cleanser .. 8c.
15c. tin Snap ..... 10c.
10c. tin Gillett's Lye ..... 8c.

TOILET ARTICLES

25c. box Toilet Soap ..... 17c.
15c. boxes Toilet Soap ..... 12c.
25c. bottle Hyd. Peroxide .. 10c.
25c. Dressing Combs ..... 19c.
50c. Dressing Combs ..... 33c.
75c. Dressing Combs ..... 49c.
20c. Violet Talcum ..... 13c.
25c. Florida Water ..... 18c.
35c. Talcolette ..... 25c.
35c. Witch Hazel ..... 17c.
50c. Milkweed Cream ..... 33c.
25c. Wm.'s Shaving Cream 18c.
25c. Massage Cream ..... 17c.
50c. Sage & Sulphur ..... 33c.
$1 Hair Restorer ..... 69c.
75c. oz. Perfumes ..... 49c.
10c. Infants' Delight Soap 7c.

Free!

with each purchas- of Rexall Remedies or Rexall Toilet Preparations to the amount of 50c or over, we will give you

A 25c lb. Tin of Perfumed Borated Talcum Powder

This Talcum Powder is not a cheap article. It is a pure, Borated, Perfumed Powder of a superior quality that can be used for any purpose—a powder that is worth the 25c we charge for it regularly.

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with each purchas- of Rexall Remedies or Rexall Toilet Preparations to the amount of 50c or over, we will give you

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Choose Your 50c Worth or Over from This List:

REXALL REMEDIES

Beef, Iron & Wine, 16 ozs. . 75c.
Celery and Iron Tonic $1.00
Backberry Cordia ..... 25c.
Throat Gargle ..... 25c.
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Cold Tablets ..... 25c.
Corn Solvent ..... 25c.
Healing Salve ..... 25c.
Dyspepsia Tablets 25c, 50c, $1
Kidney Pills ..... 50c.
Liver Salts 25c, 50c, $1.00
Little Liver Pills ..... 25c.
Nerve Remedy 75c., $1.00
Rubbing Oil ..... 25c., 50c.
Orderlies ..... 10c, 25c, 50c.
Sarsaparilla Tonic ..... 75c.
Syrup Hypophosphites .. $1.00
Analgesic Balm ..... 25c.

REXALL TOILET PREPARATIONS

Disappearing Face Cream .. 25c.
Cold Cream .... 15c, 25c, 50c.
Shaving Lotion .... 25c., 50c.
Toilet Waters ..... 75c.
Talcum Powders—Violet, Rose, Arbutus, Violet Dulce and Harmony ..... 25c.
Rexall Skin Soap ..... 25c.
Violet Dulce Cold Cream .. 50c.
Peroxide Cream ..... 50c.
Yucca Cream ..... 50c.
Camphorated Cold Cream .. 25c.
"93" Hair Tonic 50c, $1.00
Rexall Shampoo ..... 25c.
Harmony Hair Beautifier .. $1.00

Cigar Specials

Garcia, Van Horne, Havana Panatella, Traveller, La Maritana, Japs.

5 for 25c.

Batchelors, Ovido, Sir William

4 for 25c

Tucket's Preferentia, - - - 10c

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Leave your Films here to be Developed and Printed. Work Guaranteed.

A Full and Complete Line of Eastman's Kodaks, Brownie Cameras and Premos. Amateur Supplies of all kinds.

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Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $5.00

Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

Rich Cut Glass

All pieces are genuine, full cut on plain blanks. You will find no better quality to be had in rich, artistically cut glass than right here. Every piece in the range is of the prettiest and latest design.

Cut Glass is most acceptable for any gift, be it a wedding or a birthday. We have selected our stock carefully, both as to quality and price. Every conceivable piece is here in all its richness, such as: Fruit Bowls, Bon Bon Dishes, Comports, Vases, Candle Sticks, Water Bottles, Water Jugs, Butter Dishes, Mustard Jars, Oil Bottles, Tumblers, Salt and Pepper Shakers, etc.,

A beautiful rich designed Sugar and Cream set at $2.50 is splendid value.

Berry Bowls an excellent stock to choose from $4.50 to $10.50
Bon Bon Dishes from ..... $1.50 to $12.00
Water Jugs from ..... $3.50 to $8.50

We enumerate a few of the popular prices only; numerous others at correspondingly low prices.

We also have a splendid well assorted stock of Silverware, such as Pie Servers, Sugar Shells, Berry Spoons, Dessert Spoons, Tea Spoons, etc., etc., at exceedingly low prices.

Come here for gifts. Our stock is well selected.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
273 Front Street

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Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS

Base Ball Goods Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.

Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Coquettish Little Hat of White Straw For the Small Girl.

The small fry are by no means forgotten in this season's offerings of millinery. The hat shown in this illustration is of white straw, with a drooping brim and a trimming of blue satin ribbon and clusters of tiny pink rosebuds. A shirred facing is becomingly placed in the underside of the brim.

SPRING CHAPEAU

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.

Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

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Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

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Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

ITS CONSTITUTION.

One of the changes made, which should inspire general confidence, is that the Hon. A. J. Balfour succeeds Mr. Winston Churchill as First Lord of the Admiralty. When we consider the merits of the two men there is really no comparison between them. Mr. Churchill is a politician of considerable ability, who has been in the limelight almost the whole time he has been in Parliament. The reason of that is that he forsook his own party at a time when it was evident they were to be sent into opposition. He was received with open arms by the Liberals, for the opposite party always love a renegade. He was given a much more important post in the Liberal Administration than his previous Parliamentary experience warranted; but it is only his due to say that he has displayed marked ability in each position he has filled. But he has shown the faults of inexperience, and is withal a man with a headstrong will and an abundance of self-confidence. The crisis in the Cabinet is mainly attributed to the fact that the First Sea Lord would not work with Winston Churchill, and even went so far as to absent himself from his post, notwithstanding the critical nature of the situation.

He is succeeded by Mr. Arthur Balfour, who has had a greater Parliamentary experience than any man in the Cabinet. He is a statesman in the true sense of the word, and a man for whom all parties have a supreme regard. In some quarters he is not regarded as a strong man, but that is simply because, at a very delicate period in the history of the party, he did not go far enough to please all the members. But subsequent events have strengthened the confidence which his unquestioned talents and winning personality inspired. When occasion has required he has shown that he possesses great courage and strong determination. He won his Parliamentary spurs some thirty years ago, when as Chief Secretary for Ireland during the most troublous times in that country's history he displayed remarkable ability and unflinching courage. He afterwards held with great distinction the office now filled by Mr. Asquith.

He should be at home at the Admiralty, for he has always been a staunch and consistent advocate of a powerful navy, and it is in a great measure due to him that the navy is in its present efficient condition. In addressing a meeting in 1910 he pointed out that the Liberals had allowed the navy to drop from the two-power standard to a comparative equality with "a possible inferiority" to that of a single foreign Power. Mr. Balfour, of course, was alluding to Germany. He went on to use these emphatic words: "This must be cured completely, wholly, immediately, and at all hazards. DO IT YOU MUST."

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PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST

Cut these Letters out

F i

These weighty words were uttered four years before war broke out. He could see—as Liberal politicians could not—what a menace was the increasing fleet of Germany. Who shall say that such a man is out of place as First Lord of the Admiralty?

Another important change in the new Cabinet is the exclusion of Viscount Haldane, Lord High Chancellor. That does not surprise us in the least. In any reconstitution of the Cabinet Lord Haldane was bound to go. We should not be surprised to learn that the Conservatives made it a sine qua non of their acceptance of office. For months past there has been a demand on the part of a large section of the Conservative party that Lord Haldane should be called upon to resign. The discussion was mainly led by the Daily Express, but other newspapers joined in the agitation and called emphatically for Lord Haldane's retirement. It was not merely because while Secretary for War he disbanded several crack regular regiments and cut down the artillery. What aroused the ire of the people most was that he had repeatedly declared himself (before the war, of course) to be a lover of Germany and all things German. He was a friend of the Kaiser and a welcome visitor to Berlin; and his public speeches led the people to believe that England would never think of going to war with Germany. He was thought to represent England in his utterances, and there is every reason to believe that the intense hatred of the Germans to the English is in a large measure due to Lord Haldane. Even the man on the street in Germany regards Lord Haldane as a traitor.

The fact that this man should hold the high office of Lord Chancellor has been to a great many Englishmen as irritating as a red rag is to a bull. They have clamoured for his resignation. A sensitive man would have shown his independence by resigning; but the handsome salary of $50,000 a year is a substantial solatium for public rebuffs. The great fear felt in regard to Lord Haldane's retention of office was that when the time came to consider terms of peace the Kaiser would have a friend in the Cabinet.

There will be universal satisfaction felt that Lord Kitchener is to remain War Secretary. A week ago we wrote "Kitchener cannot be spared;" and it is gratifying to learn that the splendid services rendered by Lord Kitchener have been recognized. The creation of a new office, Minister of Munitions, will relieve the War Secretary of a large part of his responsibility, and will probably meet the criticisms of Lord Kitchener's detractors. These are the most important changes in the newly-constituted Cabinet, which in the performance of their patriotic duty, will have the whole nation and Empire at their back.

THE NEW BRITISH CABINET.

The new British Coalition Cabinet may be called another "Ministry of all the talents," as it includes the ablest men in the Conservative party as well as the pick of the Liberals. Such a Government cannot fail to secure the confidence of Great Britain and the Overseas Dominions. At a moment like this, when the Empire is at the very crisis of its fate, a really national Government was required. That could only be obtained by bringing into the Cabinet the best men from the Conservative party. This has been done, and the new Cabinet includes eight Unionists. This will meet the wishes of the party, although it is not a sufficient proportion, considering the numerical strength of the Unionists in the House of Commons. It seems somewhat anomalous, but it is none the less true, that the Unionists, although they are in Opposition, form the largest party of any in the British House of Commons. They have a majority over the Liberals of no less than 22.

Although the Unionists enjoy this numerical preponderance they are in opposition because the Irish Nationalists, numbering 84, and the Labor party, who muster 40, always vote with the Government in critical party divisions. This of course places the Unionists in a minority. At the last general election there was practically a tie between the Radical and Unionist parties, which were about even when they took their seats in the new House of Commons. But the Socialistic policy of the Government has been unpopular in the country, and they have lost twelve bye-elections since the last general election. Twelve seats going to the Unionist party means a turnover of twenty-four votes on a division. It will thus be seen that the Radical Government cannot justly claim that they have the country behind them in the measures they bring forward. Under these circumstances it is only fit and proper that the Conservatives should be largely represented in the Cabinet at such a critical juncture of the Empire's affairs. There can be no doubt that the force of public opinion has compelled Mr. Asquith to make these important changes.

CURRENT COMMENT

The European nations who haven't declared war on Germany must feel terribly out of it, so to speak.

The new treaty between China and Japan has been signed. So there is one war cloud completely dissipated at last.

If German subs keep on trying to sink Yankee ships Germany and the U. S. won't be able to sink their differences.

If the temperance folk of Norfolk, Va., had their way, the interned German cruisers would be invited to go to sea again.

One of the superstitions that will be killed by the war is the ancient superstition touching "the right divine of kings to govern wrong."

A baseball, striking a young Toronto man on the head, brought back his lost memory. That was a fortunate hit. However, on the other hand, baseballs too often make folks forget what they should remember.

The Princess Pats—less than a year old, and no historic regiment in the annals of war, suffered heavier losses or ever wrote a testimony of unshaken valor in a nobler language of wounds, sacrifice and death.

The British answer to Germany is summed up in the name of Botha, and that is why Germany hates us so. It is because such men as Botha are loyal to a flag under which they were not born.—Vancouver Province.

It is officially announced from Berne that Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy have all pledged themselves to respect the neutrality of Switzerland. It is hoped the pledge will be kept better than was the similar pledge given to Belgium.

The status of the spy is a curious one. He may at once be the most hated and the most lauded figure in warfare. The difference between Nathan Hale and Anton Kupferle was as from pole to pole. Yet they were both engaged in the same hazardous work and both met death. Hale placed the burden of his death squarely upon his captors and met his fate with the imperishable phrase on his lips: "I regret that I have but one life to lose for my country." Anton Kupferle hanged himself in his cell, a most ignominious death. It requires something more than the average mind to measure the difference between the one spy and the other.

NEW DUNLOP "PEERLESS" HEELS

HEELS LIKE THESE CARRY YOU IN SAFETY

DUNLOP TIRE & RUBBER GOODS COMPANY, LIMITED

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BRANCHES IN LEADING CITIES

Makers of Tires for Automobiles, Motor Trucks, Motorcycles, Bicycles and Carriages, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Heels, Mats, Tiling, and General Rubber Specialties.

MODERN—Has every known feature of merit also exclusive McClary improvements

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

No other furnace equals it. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

Sold by The Smith Hdwe. Co.

The Markets

Toronto, May 25.

Grain—		
Wheat, fall, bushel	$1 50 to $	....
Goose wheat, bushel	1 40	....
Buckwheat, bushel	80	....
Barley, bushel	78	....
Peas, bushel	1 25	1 35
Oats, bushel	65	66
Rye, Bushel	1 15	....
Hay and Straw—		
Hay, per ton	$18 00 to	$22 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	16 00	18 00
Straw, rye, per ton	19 00	20 00
Straw, loose, per ton	11 00	12 00
Straw, oat, bundled, per ton	15 00	16 00
Vegetables—		
Potatoes, per bushel	$ 40 to $	50
Potatoes, per bag	60	75
Dairy Products—		
Eggs, new, per dozen	$ 25 to $	27
Bulk going at	25	....
Butter, farmers' dairy, lb.	30	38
Bulk going at, lb.	33	35
Poultry—		
Spring chickens, lb.	$ 60 to $	65
Chickens, dressed, per lb.	23	25
Fowl, dressed, lb.	18	21
Turkey, dressed, lb.	25	30
Live hens	17	20
Farm Produce, Wholesale—		
Hay, No. 1, car lots	$18 00 to	$18 50
Hay, No. 2, car lots	16 00	....
Straw, car lots	8 50	....
Potatoes, car lots, Ontarios	35	37½
Potatoes, car lots, Delawares	48	50
Butter, creamery, lb. sq.	32	34
Butter, creamery, solids	30	....
Butter, dairy	29	30
Cheese, new, large, lb.	20	....
Cheese, twins	21	....
Cheese, old	22	....
Fresh Meats, Wholesale—		
Beef, forequarters, cwt.	$10 50 to	$11 50
Beef, hindquarters, cwt.	15 50	16 50
Beef, choice sides, cwt.	13 00	14 00

Farmers' Market—

Fall Wheat—Cereal, $1.50 per bushel; milling, $1.45 per bushel.
Goose wheat, $1.40 bushel.
Barley, 78c. per bushel.
Oats, 65c. per bushel.
Buckwheat, 80c. per bushel.
Rye, $1.15 per bushel.
Hay—Timothy, No. 1, $19 to $21 per ton; mixed and clover, $18 to $19 per ton.
Straw—Bundled, $15 per ton.
Straw—Loose, $12 per ton.

Beef, medium, cwt.	$11 50 to	$13 00
Beef, common, cwt.	9 50	10 50
Light mutton, cwt.	12 00	14 00
Heavy mutton, cwt.	7 00	9 00
Lambs (spring) each	8 00	12 00
Lambs, yearling, lb.	17	19
Veal, No. 1	12 00	14 50
Veal, common	8 50	10 50
Dressed hogs, cwt.	11 75	12 25
Hogs, over 150 lbs.	9 25	10 25

Poultry, Wholesale.—

Mr. M. P. Mallon, wholesale poultry, gives the following quotations:

Live-Weight Prices—		
Spring Chickens, lb.	$ 45 to $	....
Fowl	14	15
Turkeys	17	....
Dressed—		
Spring chickens, lb.	$ 50 to $	....
Fowl, lb.	14	....
Turkey, lb.	20	....
Squabs, 10 oz., per doz.	3 50	....
Hides and Skins—		
Lambskins and pelts	$ 15 to $	25
Sheep-skins	1 50	2 00
City hides, flat	14	....
Country hides, cured	13	14
Country hides, part cured	12	13
Country hides, green	12	....
Calfskins, lb.	14	....
Kip skins, lb.	12	....
Horsehair, per lb.	38	40
Horsehides, No. 1	3 50	4 50
Tallow, No. 1, per lb.	5½	7
Wool, unwashed, coarse	15	....
Wool, unwashed, fine	17	....

We cannot give any further wool prices for a few days, on account of the embargo.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—					
May	156	156½	154½	155⅞	154½
July	127½	129½	126⅞	128⅞	126½
Sept.	120¼	122¼	120½	122	120½
Corn—					
May	75	75½	74⅞	75¼	74½
July	76⅛	77	76	76½	76
Sept.	76⅞	77⅜	76⅞	77⅜	75½
Oats—					
May	52⅞	53½	52½	53½	52½
July	50⅞	51⅜	50½	51½	50½
Sept.	44⅞	45½	44¼	45¼	44⅞
Pork—					
July	18.15	18.17	18.07	19.10	18.15
Sept.	18.50	18.50	18.42	18.42	18.47
Lard—					
July	9.85	9.85	9.80	9.80	9.85
Sept.	10.10	10.10	10.02	10.05	10.10
Ribs—					
July	10.60	10.62	10.57	10.57	10.60
Sept.	10.87	10.90	10.82	10.82	10.87

WINNIPEG GRAIN.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—					
May	157⅞	158½	157½	158	158
July	156½	157⅞	156⅞	156⅞	156⅞
Oct.	122⅞	122⅞	121½	122½	121½
Oats—					
May	63⅞	63⅞	63½	63½	63½
July	64	64⅞	64	64½	63⅞
Flax—					
May	.....	.....	.....	179	.....
July	.....	.....	.....	181	.....
Oct.	.....	.....	.....	184	.....

Grand Trunk News Bureau

TRAIN DESPATCHING BY TELEPHONE ON G. T. R.

Grand Trunk Pacific Officials at headquarters in Montreal were today informed that the telephonic train despatching system has now been installed over the whole of the Company's main line. This is the most modern and efficient method of train despatching.

Portable telephones are carried on each train, placing the train crew in touch with despatchers at all times and places. Orders issued also demand that all train employees on the Grand Trunk Pacific submit their watches to qualified inspectors once a week. Standard time on conductors' watches tends to the arrival of trains on schedule and the Grand Trunk Pacific takes a pride in maintaining its reputation in that respect.

MANY GRAND TRUNK MEN IN THE FIRING LINE

The Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railways have now supplied to the Canadian active service contingents, it is announced, over twelve hundred men.

Every department in the system has sent its quota. The president, Mr. E. J. Chamberlin, has his secretary in the fighting line, and in another battalion is the secretary of Mr. Howard G. Kelley, vice-president, in charge of maintenance, construction and operation.

ANTIQUES AT PUBLIC AUCTION

Rare Household Furniture at Your Own Price.

Having rented our present showrooms for officers, we are compelled to sell to the highest bidder every piece of our elegant Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut furniture, comprising fine old chests and drawers and dressing cases with Georgian mirrors and pain tops, Large Sofas, Den and Library Desks in Rosewood and Walnut; Hall and Parlor Tables, Dinner Wagons, Tall Pier Mirrors with claw feet, Hall Trees, Parlor and Rusk Bottoms Chairs, Old Grandfather's clocks, Oil and Water Color Paintings, Steel Engraving Prints, China Bric-a-brac, Old Flintlock Guns and Swords. The entire stock of our antique galleries are at 236-238 Front St., over Blackburn's Jewellery Store. On Wednesday, June 2nd and until all is sold. Mearley & Co., Belleville. 275t

MUSKOKA THE BEAUTIFUL

Who has not heard of Muskoka, the charming summer resort district in the Highlands of Ontario. For those desirous of knowing more about this charming summer playground the Grand Trunk have issued a handsome illustrated publication, which will be sent free on request. Apply to C. E. Horning, D.P.A. Union Station, Toronto.

LOW FARES

To the California Exposition, Via Chicago and Northwestern Ry.

Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of scenic and direct routes through the best of the West. Something to see all the way. Double track. Automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars. B. H. Bennett, G.A., 46 Yonge street, Toronto, Ontario.

My Corns Were Ended This Way

Countless women have told other women about Blue-jay plasters. Now a million corns a month are ended in this scientific way.

Women who know Blue-jay do not suffer corns. When one appears, they put a Blue-jay plaster on it. That ends the pain. In 48 hours the corn is gone forever, with no soreness left.

If you can't believe it, ask your friends. Half of them have probably ended corns with Blue-jay. If you still doubt it, ask us for samples. Try them on corns of your own.

Don't coddle corns. Don't pare and keep them. Don't use old-time treatments. A famous chemist has made corns utterly unnecessary. That sort of torture is a thing of the past.

Blue-jay Ends Corns

15 and 25 cents—at Druggists

Samples Mailed Free

Bauer & Black, Chicago and New York

Makers of Physicians' Supplies

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

INTERCOLONIAL

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED

Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS

Daily except Saturdays 8.15 a.m.

Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on May 30th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO

Muskoka Lakes — Lake of Bays
Georgian Bay — Algonquin Park
French River — Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River — Timagami, etc.

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A. Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent, Phone 396.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13— 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.

For Napanee, Parker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m.; 2.40 a.m.*

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.,

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.,	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.,	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.,	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.,	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

OUR LINES

Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
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Bicycle Repairing
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Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
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Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

THE Ideal Vacation Route

CONVENIENTLY REACHING

POINT-AU-BARIL
FRENCH & PICKEREL RIVERS
SEVERN RIVER
MUSKOKA LAKES
RIDEAU LAKES
LAKE ONTARIO RESORTS

GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME, MAY 30

Particulars from S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

The Billy Sunday campaign cost the city of Philadelphia $150,655, according to the certified statement published by the committee that had the campaign in charge.

Established over Forty-one Years

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking

Money Saved is Money Gained.
Never Defer Saving, but
Open a Savings Account today.

We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
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The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED

Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.

A General Banking Business conducted

Belleville Branch — H. SNEYD, Manager

Teachers' Convention

Teachers Assembled at Madoc and Discuss Many Subjects of Interest

The Convention opened on May 20th, under the chairmanship of President R. A. Morton. Devotional exercises were conducted by Inspector Mackintosh.

Reports of delegates to O.E.A. presented by Miss Hinchliffe and Mr. S. H. Connor. Highly complimentary criticisms were made by Messrs. Morton, Meiklejohn and Mackintosh. The delegates were asked to consent to have their papers published for the benefit of members of the Institute.

Mrs. Roberts read a paper on "Arithmetic for Second Class. Unsatisfactory results, she argued, were due to (1) Superficial character of teaching. (2) Lack of careful review of new lessons or of foundation work." Junior pupils of a school should be allowed to grow mentally, should not be forced. Graphic illustration was recommended. "The circumstances of the hour determine the method."

The paper was discussed by Miss Carroll, Messrs. Meiklejohn, McConnell and Mackintosh.

The Treasurer's report showed receipts $161.82, balance $161.18.

On motion of Messrs. McConnell and Mackintosh, report was received and referred to the auditors, Miss Feeney and Mrs. Roberts.

The following were named by the President as a Nominating Comittee: Mrs. Roberts, Miss Carroll, Mr. Williams, Mr. Meiklejohn, Miss Breakwell, Mr. Yates.

At the afternoon session the secretary read a paper on "Factors in Discipline." Discussion by Messrs. Meiklejohn, Williams and Mackintosh.

Professor Macpherson gave his paper on "Commercial Geography." The speaked pointed out the too prevalent misconception of the term as entailing too much memory work. He advocated (1) Relating the subject to the pupil's daily life. (2) Lessening the amount of memory work. (3) Use of problem questions. The speaker emphasized the value of indirect learning e.g., in answering the question: "Why are there famines in India?" a pupil studies the whole geography of India."

Miss Aylesworth sang in pleasing style a selection of Kingsley's.

Mr. Macpherson explained briefly the features of the Superannuation Bill, copies of which were put on the table.

In the evening the teachers, the Village Councillors and members of urban School Boards entertained Inspector and Mrs. Mackintosh at an informal banquet in the Masonic Hall.

Mr. Morton, as a toast-maker, proposed the health of His Majesty, which was fittingly honored.

Mr. Williams offered a few remarks based on his long and intimate acquaintance with Mr. Mackintosh and read an address to the inspector, while Mrs. Roberts, on behalf of the teachers, presented Mr. Mackintosh with a set of the "Life of Christ" by Tissot; a tea-service in silver accompanied by a bouquet to Mrs. Mackintosh. Mrs. Roberts was called upon for a few words, after which Mr. Mackintosh fittingly acknowledged his acceptance of the gift.

The toast "The Education Department," was proposed by Mr. A. D. McIntosh and responded to by Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Herity.

"The Profession," was next honored, Mr. W. Cross of Madoc, proposing it, Messrs. Meiklejohn, McConnell and J. S. Morton responding.

Next came 'Canada and the Empire" coupled with the names of Dr. Harper and Mr. A. Thompson, whose speeches were fittingly patriotic in tenor.

"The Ladies" was next proposed by Mr. Connor and responded to by Mr. Kennedy.

During the dinner music was furnished by the Sills' Orchestra, vocal numbers were given by Mrs. N. Moore Thomson and Miss Bissonette, and Mr. S. B. Wright contributed two violin numbers, all these items being well received.

The Convention was resumed in the morning of May 21st. Devotional exercises were conducted by Inspector Mackintosh.

The auditor's report was received and adopted.

The Nominating Committee reported the following nominations:

President—Mr. R. A. Morton, Thomasburg.

1st Vice-Pres.—Mr. G. E. Kennedy, B.A., Stirling.

2nd Vice-Pres.—Mr. T. E. Moffatt, B.A., Madoc.

Sec.—Mr. R. A. A. McConnell, Madoc.

Asst. Sec.—Miss I. M. Breakell, Madoc.

Treas.—Mr. E. T. Williams, Stirling.

Executive—Miss Carroll, Tweed, for Tweed; Mr. Haig, Marmora, for Marmort Township; Mr. Meiklejohn for Hungerford township; Mrs. Roberts, Actinolite, for Elzevir Township; Miss E. Hubbell for Rawdon Township; Miss N. Feeney for Madoc; Mrs. R. S. Allen for Madoc Township.

On motion of Mrs. Roberts and Miss Allen the report was adopted.

On motion of Messrs. Moffat and Yates, Miss N. Feeney and Mr. Glover were selected as delegates to O. E. A., 1916.

Mr. Macpherson gave a paper on "Stock-taking in the School room." Investigators, he said, laid stress on (1) Value of School Work to Community. (2) Development of Character. (3) Trend toward Vocational Training. (4) Personality of Teacher. The committees reported (1) A lack of originality on the part of the pupils. (2) Little relation between information gained and outside life of pupils; pupils studied little contemporary literature, the History and Geography had little relation to the child's experience; (3) Educational effort had no tendency to meet the child's future. They recommended as remedies (1) Efficient inspection, (2) No politics in administration, (3) Trained teachers. The speaker indicated four points as essentials in a lesson (1) Motive—a sense of vital need on part of pupil. (2) Organization—relation to child's experience. (3) Sense of values—the education of the judgment. (4) Initiative—use of child's activity, developing quality of leadership.

Messrs. Meiklejohn, Williams, Morton, Mrs. Sherman and Miss Feeney took part in the discussion. The discussion indicated a conviction that our curriculum was overloaded with arithmetic, history, supplementary literature.

On motion of Messrs. Meiklejohn and Mackintosh the next convention of the Institute was set for Tweed.

The Superannuation Bill was then discussed. A vote being taken, the President reported a majority opposed to the proposed measure.

At the afternoon session Mr. Kennedy dealt with the subject, "Insects in Relation to Agriculture.". Miss Parker folowed with "Birds Relating to Agriculture." Miss McAdam took up the subject "Weeds in Relation to Agriculture."

Mr. Mackintosh made some remarks upon his work, and Mr. A. D. McIntosh, of Stirling, spoke briefly to ask the co-operation of the teachers in conection with the Fall Fairs.

Votes of thanks were given to the managers of St. Peter's church for the privilege of holding the sessions therein.

The following were elected a committee to draft minority report in relation to the Superannuation Bill: Misses Feeney, Breakell, Moffat, Mackintosh, McConnell.

Simple! — Entertaining! — Everybody Try It!

WIN A CASH PRIZE!

Hurry! Contest Closes Next Monday

Hurry! Contest Closes Next Monday

Make Up a Definition of Paris Paté
Clip Out The Letters. Try Your Skill

A Simple Contest Open to Everyone. Valuable Cash Prizes Offered for a Correct Definition

PARIS PATE is made at Montreal and has become first favorite in thousands of homes in Canada. Everybody ought to get acquainted with Paris Pate. All who have tried it are enthusiastic about it. We invite you to enter our big prize contest. It is open to all and every user of Paris Pate is given an opportunity to win one of the following handsome prizes

FIRST PRIZE, - $50.00
SECOND PRIZE, $25.00
THIRD PRIZE, - $10.00
FOURTH PRIZE, $ 5.00

And One Hundred Prizes of $1.00 Each

What You Have to Do

FOLLOW these directions and you have an excellent chance of securing one of the above cash prizes. Firstly, order a 10c tin from your grocer and get familiar with Paris Pate. Then set to work and win a prize as follows:

Look carefully through the different pages of this paper and you will find certain white letters on black squares similar to the reduced illustration shown here. When these letters are placed in their proper order, they compose a sentence which we ourselves have made up as being a good definition of what Paris Pate is. Clip each letter out separately. You will find there are 31 altogether. Now arrange and paste them in their right order on a sheet of paper so as to make a complete answer to the question—"What is Paris Pate?" The correct definition consists of six words altogether. The letters in capitals form the first letters of each word.

o n
PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST
Cut these Letters out
M d

Specimen only. This must not be used. The letters will be found in other parts of this paper.

CONDITIONS OF CONTEST

Any number of definitions may be sent in by any one person, but the top of a Paris Pate carton must accompany each separate definition.

There are 31 letters altogether, and the definition consists of six words. Each letter must be used.

The letters must be neatly pasted on a sheet of paper, the name and address of the sender being written on the same sheet.

All definitions must reach our office on or before the 31st of May, 1915.

Send in Your Definition

AS soon as you have made out the definition and pasted the letters in their correct order, write your full name and address clearly. Then enclose in an envelope with the top of a Paris Pate carton and mail direct to us. ***This must be done or the answer will be disqualified.***

All definitions received will be kept together until June 1st. On that date they will be placed before a special committee, who will draw at random from the pile, and the sender of the first correct definition opened will be awarded the first prize of $50, the second opened will receive $25, and so on through the list. It does not follow that the first letter to come to hand will be the first prize winner. Probably a large number of letters will be opened before the correct solution is found. The correct definition as composed by us has been placed in a sealed envelope and filed with our solicitors. It is known only to the Manager of Paris Pate and our Advertising Agent.

The 31 Letters on Black Squares, when properly arranged, make up the correct Definition of PARIS PATE. Can you discover it?

Prize Winners' Names will be announced in this paper on June 15th, 1915.

Contest Positively Closes on May 31st, 1915.

Every Member of the Family may compete.

All Definitions should be addressed to

Contest Dept., PARIS PATE, 31 READING STREET, MONTREAL, QUE.

Youths Stoned German's House

Demonstration in Point St. Charles Had Serious Possibilities of Trouble

MONTREAL, May 27—What threatened to become a serious anti-German demonstration developed in Point St. Charles, when a crowd of youths stormed the home of a German resident in Wellington street, near Charlevoix street. The disturbance was quelled only after the reserves had been called out from the Grand Trunk street police station, and the German's house was guarded by policemen for the remainder of the night.

The police at the Grand Trunk street station were notified at 8:30 o'clock that a riot was in progress. Sergeant Childs and a squad of men rushed to the scene and found a crowd of twenty-five or thirty young men before the home of the German. The demonstration at that time had assumed no more violent features than the hurling of a few stones against the front of the house. Some of the boys had drums, which they beat vigorously, while the others added to the noise with their voices, which they raised in defiance to and threat against all Germans.

The appearance of the squad of police tended to subdue to some extent the warlike spirits of the crowd, although some of its members, more daring than the rest, even offered resistance to the police in their efforts to restore order. One boy, a lad of fourteen, was so unruly that his arrest became necessary, and he will appear before Judge Choquet in the Juvenile Court. The crowd was dispersed before any serious damage had been done, but Sergeant Childs feared for a time that the large crowd which had collected to watch the boys would join in the demonstration.

The lads participating in the affair were of various nationalities and ranged in age from 12 to 20 years. Under the impression that the youngsters had been incited to their outbreak by older persons, the police feared further trouble, and left a strong guard in the vicinity all last night.

P c
PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST
Cut these Letters out
e

Rev. Stephen Card Has Passed Away

Completed Half a Century In the Ministry of the Methodist Church

There passed away yesterday morning at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Maley, 19 East Market square, Brockville, a clergyman known throughout Ontario, the Rev. Stephen Card. The aged reverend gentleman had been an invalid from paralysis for several years, and his death was practically caused through a general breaking up of the constitution.

The late Mr. Card had a long, interesting and honorable career in the Methodist church ministry, extending over a period of half a century. He was born at the village of Four Corners, in Haldimand county, July 13, 1838, and was therefore 76 years and 10 months old. He was a son of Chester and Phoebe Card, who long since have passed away. His grandfather and uncle were Baptist clergymen, so he was the third generation in the ministry. He was raised in Brooklin, near Whitby. He entered the ministry at the age of 19 and was known in Central Ontario as "the boy preacher." He graduated from Albert College, Belleville, at the time Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist church in Canada, was its principal. He was 50 years in the ministry and 30 years in active work. He was stationed at London, St. Mary's, Seaforth, Ingersoll, Strathroy, Napanee, Orono and Almonte. He went to Brockville as pastor of George Street church, in 1884, the year of the union of the Wesleyan and Methodist Episcopal churches in Canada. He remained two years in George street church after which he went to Merrickville for two years and Almonte again for another year, when he became superannuated. He returned to Napanee where in 1891 he was offered unsolicited and accepted the chaplaincy of the Reformatory for Boys at Penetanguishene. This was in 1891, and he remained there until 1905 when the Reformatory was closed: Leaving Penetanguishene he went to Ayr where he supplied in pulpit. He next went to Moulinette for supply, where he completed his half century in the ministry. He was there one year when he was stricken with paralysis. Seven years ago with Mrs. Card, he went to Brockville to spend his remaining years with Mrs. Maley. While he was able to be up and around town he had not enjoyed good health, though he was ever cheerful and at all times took an interest in local church matters and affairs of the town in general.

In April, 1863, the late Rev. Mr. Card was united in marriage to Miss Saral Mann, of Princeton. She survives with two children, Mrs. Maley and Mr. W. D. Chard, barrister, of Carberry, Man. Two years ago last April the reverend gentleman and his estimable wife celebrated their golden wedding On that occasion they were met by many friends and received the well wishes of all. Deceased was a man greatly beloved by all who knew him. In his different charges he worked indefatigably for the uplift, morally and spiritually, of every member of his congregation. He was an earnest and forceful speaker and many there are who will remember the quiet but earnest Rev. Stephen Card.

It's (Not Such) A Long, Long Way to Tipperary (Biscuits)
REGISTERED
(Just to the nearest Grocery store) 35

Spy Posed as Canadian Officer

Daring German, Discovered in Canadian Uniform, Is Promptly Shot

Story is told by Private Daniel, of Montreal about a spy. On one occasion the 14th heard that a big British gun had been brought within a mile of them, and some of them went to inspect it. A Canadian officer was noticed in the vicinity of the gun, and it was supposed he was attached to one of the battalion. But a keen observer noticed the fact that whenever this officer approached certain cross roads shells fell around the new gun. Suspicion being aroused, the "officer" was invited to go to headquarters, and when he was searched plans of batteries were found on him as well as details of British troops along the line. Although he spoke English without foreign accent, he was a spy and was shot before the day was over.

'The Turning Point'

Paris Assumes Most Cheerful Appearance Since War Began

PARIS, May 25.—The Whitsuntide holidays, Italian intervention, and permission for the cafes to remain open until 10.30 have combined with glorious weather to impart to Paris the most cheerful appearance it has assumed since the beginning of the war.

Newspaper editorials headed, "The Turning Point," express the general opinion that the worst is now over, and that the Allies henceforth will advance toward difficult but certain victory.

The boulevards are crowded with holiday-makers, who constantly burst into cheers as autos pass decked with French and Italian flags. D'Annunzio's phrase in his message to Gustave Herve is widely repeated: "We had two countries, but to-night it is but one from Flanders to the Sicilian Sea."

Rich Girl Held As Incorrigible

NEW YORK May 25.—"I was wrong and mother was right," was the declaration made today in the Yorkville Magistrate's Court bv Miss Eugenia Kelly, the 19-year-old daughter of Mrs. Edward Kelly, of New York, an heiress to a $1,000,000 estate, when she would renounce night life in the cabarets and tango parlors of Broadway. Mother and daughter were reconciled, and the charge of incorrigibility brought by Mrs. Kelly was dropped. Both left the court room together. Within a few days they will be on board a steamer bound for the San Francisco Exposition by way of the Panama Canal.

Thin Folks Get Fat on Three Meals a Day

Specialist Explains Why Food Does Not Always Produce Flesh and How Thin People Can Increase Weight.

Most people who are thin and under normal weight eat heartily but get no increase in flesh, while plump, chunky folks of normal weight eat less than they do and keep stout all the time. The underweight ones finally decide Nature intended them to be thin, that the amount or nature of their food has nothing to do with flesh-making and that nothing can make them fat. But this is not so.

A stout, strong, robust body can come alone from food nourishment. Food is the source of all fat and if you are thin and underweight it is merely a certain indication that only a small portion of the flesh-making nourishment in your meals is reaching your blood and tissues. The assimilative functions of your stomach and intestines are not working properly and the larger part of the food value is leaving your body as waste.

To correct such a condition, to gain flesh, increase weight and get 100 per cent. value from your food, a single Sargol tablet taken at each meal will work wonders. Sargol is a scientific combination of six splendid assimilative agents. It promptly stops the leakage of fats and while aiding digestion, also separates every last particle of the fats, oils, sugars and starches of your food from the waste matter and prepares the former into rich, ripe, flesh-producing nourishment which the blood readily absorbs and distributes throughout the body. Weight increase usually begins within a very few days after Sargol is used with meals. In my opinion two ordinary hearty meals eaten with Sargol is equal in flesh-making value to six ordinary hearty meals eaten without it. Try it, you people who are thin, run down and underweight, and see if I'm not right.

You can buy Sargol from J. S. McKeown or practically any druggist hereabouts and every packakge contains a positive guarantee of weight increase or money back. While also valuable as a treatment for nervous indigestion, it should not be used by people who do not wish to increase weight.

MADE IN CANADA

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

Makes pure, delicious, healthful biscuits, cakes and pastry. It is the only well-known strictly high class baking powder made in Canada, selling at a medium price. Read the label

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG — MONTREAL

German Woman and Prussian Vipers

A Brooklyn Lady Condemns Black Prussian Policy

A letter from Mina Dankwort, a German woman of Brooklyn, New York, published in the New York Sun has come in for considerable attention. In the course of this letter, the writer remarks: "The deliberate torpedoing of the Lusitania will, I trust, bring home once and for all to the real American people the plain fact that the royal Prussian military oligarchy dominated and directed by the Hohenzollern, Von Tirpitz, Von Roon, Moltke, Buelow, Beseler, Von Der Goltz, and what is known as their "black Prussian" policy, have completely set at naught all established usages of civilized warfare. This has dragged into the mire the escutcheons of Saxony, Bavaria, Swabia and Wuerttemberg to the eternal disgust of many American citizens of German descent like myself. Some of us wish to express our indignation and abhorrence of this damnable deed, which has been foisted by these Prussian vipers upon the fair name of old Germany. May the ultimate just retribution for these murders be visited where it rightfully belongs, upon the Prussian, the Brandenburger and the Brunswicker." This from a granddaughter of the men of '48."

NILES' CORNERS.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ellis spent a recent Sunday with friends at Wellington.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Cruickshanks and children of Melville, visited Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ellis on Sunday of last week.

Quite a crowd from here spent Victoria Day in Picton.

Mrs. Fred Ellis and daughter Gladys spent Wednesday at Pleasant Bay with her mother, Mrs. Walter Thompson, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan returned home on Monday after spending a couple of days at Waupoos East with their daughter and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Harrison.

Mrs. Wm. Baird and children of Wellington were guests of her sister, Mrs. Earl Ellis on Wednesday.

Mrs. George and son Wm. and Mrs. John Moore of Rose Hall, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Ellis on Monday.

Mr. Fred Ellis had the misfortune to lose a fine yearling colt last week.

ENJOYABLE TIME SPENT

On the eve of May 24th a number of friends and relatives assembled at the home of Solomon Loft, to congratulate his daughter, Mrs. Irene Brant, who had reached another anniversary. Mrs. Brant was the recipient of a beautiful Anglican Prayer Book. After a few hours of enjoyment refreshments were served and all dispersed to their homes, after a well-spent evening.

Truth Stranger Than Fiction

Pathetic and Romantic Story of Two Belgian Refugees

A correspondent of the London Morning Post vouches for the truth of the following story: A Welshman and his wife, anxious to adopt a child from among the Belgian refugees, journeyed from Abercynon to Swansea to make their selection. On their arrival they found that there were two young children—brother and sister—who particularly appealed to them and who might be adopted, but that one could not be taken without the other. In the circumstances they decided to take both. As the children were being undressed to be put to bed after reaching home, a locket was discovered hanging round the little girl's neck. Inside the locket was a photograph which the lady recognized as that of her own sister, who had gone to Belgium as a governess many years before, had married and settled down in that country, and who now turned out to be the mother of the little refugees. She had, therefore, unknowingly, adopted her own motherless nephew and niece.

ROSSMORE.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Belnap spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Brickman, Albury.

Miss Sarah Mason, Belleville, spent Sunday with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Barrow, Belleville, spent the twenty-fourth with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Duke.

Miss Vera Thompson, Roblin's Mills, spent a few days recently with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Weese entertained Mr. and Mrs. Spencer of Peterboro for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Kellehoe, Belleville, spent a few days here with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Roote.

Misses Clara and Audree Arnott, Belleville, spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Gerow.

Mrs. A. Wilson and children of Belleville, are visiting at the home of her mother-in-law, Mrs. J. Wilson.

Mr. Robt. Babcock and Mr. Manley Belnap of the 39th Battalion, spent Sunday at their homes here.

Mrs. H. Smith, Belleville, spent the twenty-fourth with her mother, Mrs. David Belnap.

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RADNOR, the New ARROW COLLAR

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Regular 25c Gas Bread Toasters, ... 15c
Fine Wash Boards, Saturday Only, ... 22c

Androch Gas Oven, Reg. 75c for 60c

Toilet Paper, 10c a Roll, 4 for 25c

Surprise and Naptha Laundry Soap 6 Bars for 25c

Wash Tub Stands Reg. $1.50 for $1.25

Galvanized Wash Boilers Saturday only 95c

Why Pay More for Pure Teas than we ask you?

5 lbs. 25c Tea for $1.00
4 lbs. 30c Tea for $1.00
3 lbs. 40c Tea for $1.00

PURE COFFEE Fresh ground and delicious aroma, ABSOLUTELY PURE 30c, 35c, 40c a lb.

Pure Ducth Cocoa 40c a lb. in bulk

Kermis China Cups and Saucers Regular 25c for 20c

Rogers' 1847 Silver Knives and Forks $4.25 a doz.

97 Piece Dinner and Tea Set Regular $16.00 for $12.00

97 Piece Dinner and Tea Set Regular $8.00 for $6.00

SPECIAL PRICES IN HAMMOCKS—Our Stock is Full and Complete. Prices from $1.25 to $5.75.

STROUDS' CHINA, TEA and COFFEE STORE
HEADQUARTERS FOR WEDDING PRESENTS

BULLS AND BLUNDERS

UNCONSCIOUS HUMOR IS OFTEN THE BEST KIND.

J. C. Percy Has Made a Collection of Strange Slips on the Part of Orators, Excited Men and Very Frequently of Solemn Writers—Fiction Is Often a Serious Offender Against Reason and Dignity.

Most of the best humor is unconscious; in other words, it is of the Irish "bull" variety. Mr. J. C. Percy has made quite a collection of these amusing funniosities and published them under the title of "Bulls and Blunders. Needless to say, there is no "bull" so good as the real Irish—it is always so natural and spontaneous, as, for example, that of the son of Erin, who declared he would scorn to put his name to an anonymous letter, or the other who said to a man with whom he was having a few words: "If it wasn't for soiling my hands I'd kick you into the street." In Dublin there was an old beggar woman who, when asking charity, declared pathetically that she was the mother of six small children and a sick husband, and the same woman is credited with the remark when trying to sell an old saucepan: "Shure, I wouldn't be partin' wid it if it wasn't to get a little money to buy somethin' to put into it." A fond lover told his sweetheart he thought so much about her that "he could not sleep at night for dreaming of her." But even sober business people on the other side of St. George's Channel fall into it—not the Channel, but the "bull" — sometimes, otherwise why should a London newspaper have remarked, describing the boat race, that "Cambridge led all the way, and lost," or a Tottenham constable declare that "the prisoner made no reply, which I entered in my notebook?" Here is a smart "par." from a well-known motoring journal: "The man who buys a car, and especially if it happens to be a woman, is far more attracted by a carriage than a piece of machinery." Talking about journalistic "bulls," here is a neat one from a provincial paper: "Foot and mouth disease will soon be laid by the heels." Here is a gem from a Lurgan newspaper: "Mrs. So-and-So, of Putney, celebrated her one hundredth birthday last week. She was visited by his twin sister, aged 95, who had traveled many miles to see her." And how about this in "The Referee" last November? "The man who clips your ticket in the Metro is either a boy, an old man, or a woman." Even the prosaic farmer can be funny on occasion, as the one who explained that he car-marked his hogs by cutting a piece off their tails." Here is a story of Pat's preference which is distinctly good. They were discussing the countries they would claim had they not belonged to their own peculiar land. Said the Englishman: "If I had not been born of Anglo-Saxon parents I would like to be an Irishman." And Scottie remarked that if he had a choice he would like to have been born in England (which no true Scot will believe). Then Pat said: "If oi were not an Oirishman I would be —— well ashamed o' meself." Clerk of the Court to Jewish witness: "What is your Christian name?" Answer: "Solomon Isaacs." This story sounds all right: "As I was going over the bridge the other day I met Pat Hewins. 'Hewins,' say I, 'how are you?' 'Pretty well, thank you, Donnelly,' says he. Says I: 'That's not my name.' 'Faith, then, no more is mine Hewins.' With that we looked at each other, and sure enough it was nayther of us." Said a Kerry man: "Now that Home Rule is passed, Ireland will be the only country where we will be able to fight in peace and quietness." And it was an Irishman who remarked, after a "bust up," that "the best part of the day was the night."

Fiction writers frequently let their imaginations run away with them, as can be seen from the following typical examples taken from novels: "Her hand was cold like that of a serpent." "The countess was about to reply when the door opened and closed her mouth." "Ha! ha!" he exclaimed in Portuguese. "At the sight, the negro's face grew deadly pale." "He never opened his mouth nor said a word except silently to shake hands." A graphic descriptive novelist wrote: "And there were those three villains, perched on the fence, lying in wait to commit that fatal murder, which they afterwards failed to accomplish, on the body of their poor lifeless victim." The dramatic critic of a Dublin newspaper, in his review of "Romeo and Juliet," said "Mercutio never thoroughly roused himself until the sword of Tybalt had given him his quietus."

Children are responsible for some of the most delightful bulls. Here is one from a boy's essay on the cuckoo. "He doesn't lay his own eggs himself." Another little boy told his mother he was going to start praying for a rocking-horse, so she had better start saving up. This is from a boy's letter to a chum: "You know Bob Jones' neck; well, he fell in the river up to it." "Desmond," said a teacher, "what is the spinal column?" and Desmond's reply was: "It's what my head sits on one end of and I sit on the other." A mother once said to her son, "Why, John, I do believe you're teaching that parrot to swear." "No, mother," was the reply. "I'm just telling it what it mustn't say." Here are a couple of Washington stories. "William," said the teacher, "can you tell me who George Washington was?" "Yes, mam," was the quick reply, "he was an American general" "Quite right; now can you tell me what he was remarkable for?" "Yes, he was remarkable because he was an American and told the truth." A teacher was hearing the history lesson. Turning to one of the scholars she asked, "James, what was Washington's farewell address?" "Heaven, mam," was the prompt reply.

PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST

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HOUSE DRESSES

In our Ready-to-Wear Department we are showing a varied assortment of serviceable House Dresses, in Ginghams, Chambrays, Zephyrs and Percales.

Dresses in Ginghams and Percales at $1.00
A nicely trimmed Gingham Dress of excellent quality at $1.50 and $1.65
Dresses made in pretty styles in black and white stripes in Zephyrs and Ginghams at .... $2.00 and $2.50

HORROCKSES' COTTONS

The name Horrockses stands for the Best in Cottons. We now have a full range in these cottons.

Pillow Cottons, 42 to 46 ins. wide, 30c to 35c yard.

Horrockses' Sheetings, 7-4 to 9-4, 35c to 50c yard.

Horrockses' Cottons, 36 ins. wide, 15c to 30c yard.

EMBROIDERED VOILES

See our 45 in. Embroidered Voile Flouncings, for fine Summer Dresses, in colored and white, at 65c to $2.50 yard.

Short Gloves at 75c & $1.00

Long Gloves at $1 & $1.50

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

For small children we have a full range of sizes in the Knitted Nazareth Waist.

This garment combines comfort with durability, and the price is only 25c each.

DOLLAR CORSETS

In our Corset Department we have two special dollar lines. These are the best values shown for $1.00.

MIDDY MATERIALS

For Middies we have Indian Heads, Repps, and Percales, width 27 to 45 inches.

Prices, 18c to 35c yard.

BATH TOWELS

Bath Towels in white and linen, colored, with fringed or plain ends, sizes from 18 x 36 inches to 27 by 54 inches, prices from 15c to 90c each.

STRIPED SILKS

Regimental Stripes for waists and dress trimmings, in two qualities. Corded Silks at $1.25 yard, and Messaline at 90c yard.

Sinclair's — See Our WASH DRESS CREPES At 12½c yard. — Sinclair's

For the Children

Princess Marie, Daughter of the King of Belgium.

Probably not many American children will feel envious of Princess Marie, daughter of the king and queen of the Belgians. Until last August she was a care free, joyous little girl, but since the dreadful war broke out the people of Belgium have suffered greatly, as all little folks who are old enough to read already know. King Albert and Queen Elizabeth were forced to flee from their native land, and of course the royal children went with them. Princess Marie is the youngest of the family. She is only eight. She has two brothers, Prince Leopold, who is fourteen years of age, and Prince Charles, who is twelve. Prince Leopold, heir apparent to the throne, has recently joined the Twelfth Belgian infantry as a soldier. King Albert is fighting with his troops, while Princess Marie and her mother and other brother are living in France.

Trade Pantomimes.

This is a variation of the old game of "dumb crambo." The players divide themselves into two parties, called "the masters" and "the men."

After consultation the men agree upon some trade or occupation which they are to illustrate in dumb show. The masters must guess from their motions what trade they have chosen, and to help them in this they are told the first and last letters of the word describing it.

For instance, the men decide upon the word "gardener," and, giving the letters "g" and "r," they stand in line, and each performs a gardener's work—planting seeds, mowing with a scythe, digging with a spade, weeding, watering, etc. Not a word is spoken and but one guess allowed to each master. If one guesses correctly the men "lose their job." If no one discovers the trade the word is told and they proceed to act something else. If the masters fail twice to guess the word the men "strike" and "quit work." The masters then become the men and must take their turn at pantomime.

Caviar.

Caviar is the roe of the sturgeon prepared as a table delicacy. As a dish too rare to be known by the generality of people and the flavor of which would not be relished by an uneducated palate, Shakespeare makes Hamlet speak of it.

Beautiful Widow—Do you know, I'm forty years old today. Gallant Bachelor—Madam, you are twenty. I never believe more than half of what I hear.

Served Eton Many 62 Years.

Thomas Line, the college butler and verger at Eton, is retiring owing to the infirmity of old age. He has been in service at Eton for 62 years and has held his present position for the past 32 years.

When King Edward and Queen Alexandra last visited Eton, his Majesty spoke to Line under the Clock Tower, and inquired how long he had been at Eton, remarking, when Line told him, that it must be a record. Line naturally has recollections of many famous men. He is in his 79th year, and his wife is still living.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S
BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
Phone 229

CONTRACTOR.

W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to, No. 3 Molsons' Bank Apartments.

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Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
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Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville
Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

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W. N. PONTON, K.C
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WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 23 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

W. D. M. SHOREY
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Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
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Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
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BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
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Licensed Auctioneer. Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

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Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
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I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
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Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
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Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed.
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Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
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THE excellence of our Shirts and our immense Shirt trade has styled us the Shirt Store of the Town!

No Store gives the study of Shirt fashions and Shirt making more serious thought than we do!

The result is our high achievement in the Shirt business!

Our Shirtings are of the best of fabrics and our Shirts are made for our trade exclusively.

The handsome new designs and colorings we show are in advance of those shown by other Dealers.

Everything new in Madras and genuine French Percales, Soisette, Linen and Silk.

Attached Cuffs, Soft Turn Back Cuffs, &c.

75c, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

All Sizes!

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Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

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When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
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ARTHUR McGIE
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New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

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THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

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Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

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Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

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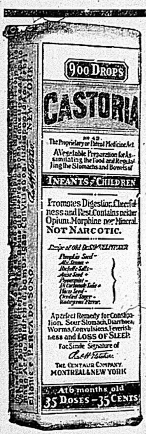

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For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DAVIES

June Peas 4 tins 25c

Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c

Tomatoes 3 tins 25c

Pickled Shoulders 14c lb.

So powerful is the new style lyddite shell being made for the British army at Bethlehem Steel Works that steel shell breaks into bits, carrying death 100 yards from bursting point.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

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You might just as well have the best.
It's YEREX'S (wrapped)
We Can Prove It.
At Grocers.

YEREX'S Bakery
Phone 787. 68 Sinclair St.
All kinds of Cakes

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PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST
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The mind of a man who goes wrong is always a blank while he is gone.

Most women would rather be grass widows than spinsters.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

COMMITTEE MEETING

The various Civic Committees will meet this evening and at the conclusion of the business a special meeting of the Council will be held for the purpose of passing a Bylaw.

PICTON MAN DIES

The death occurred at Picton on Monday morning of Frank Graydon, aged forty-six. He was employed for many years with A. Bristol and Son, dry goods merchants of that town.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE

Alfred J. Newton, a young man, who pleaded guilty to a charge of theft of some articles, was yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Masson for sentence. The accused was allowed his liberty on a suspended sentence and a party went surety for his good behavior.

HANDSOME DONATION

Arthur C. Hardy, Brockville, announces that on behalf of Mrs. Fulford, Mrs. Hardy and himself, $60,000 will be subscribed for the extension, maintenance, etc., of the Duchess of Connaught Hospital at Cliveden. This hospital was built by the Canadian Red Cross Society on the property of W. W. Astor.

READY TO FIGHT

That there are fourteen Italian reservists in Kingston, and that they will be ready to take up arms at the call of their country, was the statement made on Tuesday morning by Michael Amodeo, Princess. There was great rejoicing among the Italians when word was received that Italy was in the war.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

During a severe thunderstorm which passed over Picton Friday afternoon Reuben Clapp, a farmer residing about ten miles south of Picton, near Milford, was struck by lightning. Mr. Clapp and his son were in the field with a team of horses and wagon at the time. Mr. Clapp's hat was lifted from his head, his clothing torn, and a boot was ripped off, and he was severely burned on the shoulder and foot, but is recovering. One of the horses was killed, but the boy and the other horse were uninjured. Mr. Markland, another farmer residing about four miles southwest of the town, was also struck, but escaped with a very serious shock, and is now quite recovered.

ONTARIO LIQUOR LAW

License Commissioners Work—Brief Tenure of Office Reveals Commendable Activity

The Toronto Star (Liberal), an ardent supporter of Mr. Rowell and his "close the bar" policy, pays merited praise to the work and activity of the Ontario License Commissioners, who are actively at work reforming abuses existing under the old system of granting licenses, which the Hon. Mr. Hearst pledged himself to reform, by placing the power of granting licenses and regulating public houses in hands not tainted with the crime of plundering tavern keepers by extorting money from them, as was the case during the Preston reign under the Hardy, Ross, and previous Ontario Liberal Governments. The Toronto Star of the 25th inst. says:—

For the few weeks they have been in office, the Ontario License Commissioners, with Chairman J. D. Flavelle at their head, have cut a fairly wide swath.

Already three club licenses have fallen by the wayside, five hotels have lost their concessions temporarily, one shop license has been wiped out for a few months, another has been given three months to wind up its business, while eleven more hotels have been told that at the end of three months their licenses will be non-existent.

This small whirlwind in liquor privileges has created some uneasiness among hotel men.

The first proclamation issued by the commission, which appears in this week's issue of the Ontario Gazette, represents the most sweeping measure of the new board. The resolution states that the sale of liquor in taverns and shops in the town of Niagara must be stopped between the dates of June 1 and October 31, or for the full period during which the military camp will be established at Niagara-on-the-Lake.

The resolution closes up five established bars and one six-month license—that held by the Queen's Royal—as well as one shop license. In Toronto two German clubs have paid the penalty—the Liederkranz and the Deutscher Verein licenses having been cancelled, and the license of the Toronto Rowing Club has been revoked. In the outskirts one Lambton hotel has been given three months to straighten up its business, while the board have declared that strong representations will have to be made before they can be convinced that there is need for a second license at the Humber.

The roadhouse district of Essex County is being well cleaned up. Already six of these places have been instructed to close their doors in three months.

London loses three licenses. This action on the part of the board is the direct result of the vote of the people last January, which asked for the cutting off of six hotel licenses. Hamilton is already two licenses short.

The village of Brechin, in Ontario County, has a unique experience. The proprietor of its one hotel began an advertising campaign through the rural paper, announcing that he was not selling soft drinks. This publicity drew the attention of the board, and investigation resulted in an order that the hotel close its doors in three months.

The town of Penetang loses its one shop license, due to the principle of "Much wants more, etc." Penetang has had a shop license for years, but since the commission came into power an application reached them asking for a second. It was refused, and the board put its foot down still stronger by cancelling the one which already existed in the town upon the grounds that it was too close to the local option district of Midland.

Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the commission, who is working most harmoniously with the other four members of the board, is an unusually shrewd man. At the same time he is very affable, quite approachable, and shows a keen disposition to penetrate to the bottom of all protests or cases which are brought to his attention.

Query.—When are the Commissioners coming East

COURT OF REVISION HEAR MORE APPEALS

The Court of Revision last night considered appeals against the assessment for Ketcheson and Baldwin Wards. A number of appears were not allowed, and in some cases reductions were made. The assessment made by the assessor, Mr. J. A. Kerr, generally are upheld. The reductions were as follows:

Ketcheson Ward

Mrs. Emma Eyman, West Front St., assessed at $20,000, reduced to $19,000.

Thompson Furniture Co. West Front street, assessed at $17,550, reduced $500.

E. T. Cherry, East Front street, assessed at $7,400, reduced $300.

Elizabeth Corbett, Front street, properties assessed at $13,500, reduced $1,000.

I.O.O.F. lodge building, assessed at $11,150, reduced to $10,000.

Jane Wallbridge, Front street, property, assessed at $5,900, reduced $500.

Canadian Express Co. business tax of $3,000, reduced 40 per cent.

Belleville Club limited building assessed at $19,000 reduced to $16,000.

H. J. Mouck, Bridge street, assessed at $7,300, reduced to $6,300.

O. A. Marshall, Bridge street, assessed at $2,800, reduced $200.

Edith Anning, North Bridge street, assessed at $3,400, reduced to $3,000.

Baldwin Ward

James Mac Potts, West Front street assessed at $6,700, reduced to $6,000.

O'Hara estate, East Front street, assessed at $5,200, reduced to 4,500.

A. A. McCrodan, East Front street, assessed at $16,200, reduced to $15,200.

E. T. Cherry, East Victoria Ave., assessed at $2,500, reduced to $1,800.

R. A. Huffman, West Charles street, assessed at $2,800, reduced to $2,500.

Annie Smith, West Charles street, assessed at $2,100, reduced to $1,600.

G. A. Bennett, East Charles street, assessed at $500, reduced to $450.

MASSASSAGA.

The W.M.S. held an open meeting in the church on Wednesday evening, May 19th to celebrate the tenth anniversary of this society. A good programme was given consisting of songs, recitations, gramaphone selections and several papers relating to missionary work. Lunch was served at the close and all partook of the large birthday cake, with its ten candles and some were fortunate enough to find money, a ring, some buttons, and etc. in the cake. A silver collection, amounting to nearly $7.00 was very thankfully received.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Lewis of Eldorado spent several days with their daughter, Mrs. J. H. Snider.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Hazzard, visited their son at Trenton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weese and baby Marion, were the guests of Bently Simonds on Sunday.

The Sunday School gave their May 23 collections, amounting to $3.00 to the Empire Day Fund.

Messrs Valleau and Osborne had a bee on Friday to move their boat house. The water is so low they could not get their boats out.

Quite a number from this vicinity attended the celebration in Picton on Monday.

Rev. Frank and Mrs. Anderson spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Walker.

Mrs. C. Robinson spent Saturday at Rossmore, at the home of her son, Henry Robinson.

e o
PARIS PATE PRIZE CONTEST
Cut these Letters out
s e

Saturday Special

With every "NEW PERFECTION" or "GURNEY-OXFORD" OIL COOK STOVE We will give a Special Premium

THIS OFFER IS FOR SATURDAY, May 29th ONLY

The 'Tipperary' $8 A Complete Gas Range

Lawn Mowers
Garden Hose
Hose Reels
Ice Cream Freezers
Refrigerators
Electric and Gasolene Irons?

Have you tried SANI-FLUSH in your Bath-room?

The John Lewis Co. Limited

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

"Better to pay the PRICE of a good bicycle than the PENALTY of a poor one."

We DO NOT sell a poor bicycle. We honestly recommend the machines we sell. They are "MASSEY," "JAMES," "NATIONAL."

333 FRONT STREET

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO
Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 205.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors** **COME** to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS** CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 4 insertions, 1 week in advance. This rate applies to all except Advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at 25 cents per word. Count 5 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 4 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply Belleville Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. 24-tf

POULTRY—13 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of them are laying. $12.00 for the lot. Apply at 151 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office. tf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIPPEWAY, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set, Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 39 Portia street. m25-d1f

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m31-d1f

WANTED AT ONCE, BREAD BAKER. Apply to A. Arthurs, 272 Princess St., Kingston, Ont. 27-tf

LOST

LOST LAST NIGHT, ON TRENTON ROAD, Maltese cape, engraved "S.H.F. Finder leave at Intelligencer.

WANTED

WANTED, MAN HOUSE, WILL BE AT the Windsor Hotel, Belleville, Friday, May 28, Saturday, May 29th, for the purpose of buying suitable horses. J. L. Jenline.

AGENTS WANTED

$10 CASH WEEKLY, ALSO COMMISSION, for reliable to introduce agents. Apply 35C Brantford, Ontario. B1462

TO RENT

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-d1f

A SMALL HOUSE WITH GARDEN, CORner Alexander and Bridge streets. Apply M. Lingham, 151 Dundas St. 25-tf

SMALL HOUSES TO RENT IN STAR, Hog's Terrace. Apply B. Burton, 146 Albert Street. 26-tf

Presentation to Local Soldiers

Men of 39th Battalion Presented With Copies of New Testament

An interesting ceremony took place at the canning factory grounds, this morning when the soldiers, who were drawn up at attention before Col. Preston, were formally presented with a khaki-bound copy of the New Testament scriptures.

The presentation was made by the Rev. Chas. Gee Smith, B.D., in the absence of the General Secretary, the Rev. Jesse Gibson, of Toronto. Mr. Smith read a statement from Rev. Mr. Gibson, showing that over 60,000 copies had been presented by the Bible Society to the Canadian soldiers of the expeditionary forces, and the Society aims to present a copy to each officer and soldier on active service. Reference was made to the acceptance by the King of a copy, and his Majesty's earnest wish that every soldier would consider it a part of his daily duty to read a portion of God's word. It was also stated that Lord Kitchener had received a copy and heartily approved of the Bible Society's plan to distribute a copy to every British soldier, giving his belief that a faithful perusal of its contents, and obedience to its precepts will make had men good, and good men better, teaching, as it does, that man is a child of God, with a soul to be saved, a God to be loved and served, and a Heaven to be won.

Mr. Smith referred to Rev. Mr. Gibson's visit to Belleville last Friday to personally distribute these testaments. But owing to a misunderstanding the ceremony had to be postponed. Mr. Smith suggested that a letter should be forwarded to Rev. Mr. Gibson in behalf of the soldiers, expressing appreciation of the Society's splendid gift, and also of the personal interest shown in the distribution of these testaments by Rev. Mr. Gibson. Col. Preston, in a brief speech, accepted these scriptures in behalf of the soldiers, and urged them to prize these copies, and to follow the noble example set by the King and Kitchener. He also promised to forward a letter of acknowledgement to Rev. Jesse Gibson.

Missionary Convention

Last evening at St. Thomas Parish House a public meeting was held in connection with the Woman's Auxiliary to the Missionary Society of the Church of England for the Diocese of Ontario and many were in attendance. The chairman of the meeting, Rev. Bishop Bidwell of Kingston, presided, and gave a brief address in reference to the work of the auxiliary and the accomplishment of the same.

An address was given by Miss Halson, General Dorcas Secretary, in reference to the work of this branch of the Society, which was both interesting and instructive.

Rev. L. E. Skey of St. Annes church, Toronto, gave an address, speaking generally of the work of the Woman's Auxiliary and what good it has accomplished in various ways.

Some reports, were presented, showing what had been done by the auxiliary in its working in the Diocese of Ontario.

During the evening special hymns were rendered and also prayers appropriate to the occasion.

Balloting for the officers for the auxiliary is in course and will be completed this evening.

This morning at 9.30 o'clock Missionary Litany was celebrated in St. Thomas church, and at 10 o'clock the meeting reassembled in the Parish Hall in connection with St. Thomas church.

At this morning's meeting a report was presented from Miss A. Murkledon, Secretary of the Dorcas Society, and an address was given by Miss Halson.

Reports were also presented from the Organizing Secretary, Mrs. F. D. Woodcock, and others, which were of an encouraging nature.

Eat Clapp's Fresh Butter Scotch

RICH, CRISPY, BUTTERY,

and just flavored right with the very best Vanilla.

SOME FRESH TO-DAY

20c a lb.

Chas. S. Clapp

The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank

Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.

CHARGES MODERATE

M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers

Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

TORTURED BY CONSTIPATION

"Fruit-a-tives" Cured Paralyzed Bowels and Digestion

ST. JOSEPH DE SHAWINIGAN, QUE. Feb. 3rd, 1914.

"It is a pleasure to me to inform you that after suffering from Chronic Constipation for 15 years, I have been cured by "Fruit-a-tives". While I was a student at Bonsecours College, I became so ill I was forced to leave the the college. Severe pains across the intestines continually tortured me and it came to a point when I could not stoop down at all, and my Digestion became paralyzed. Some one advised me to take "Fruit-a-tives" and at once I felt a great improvement. After I had taken four or five boxes, I realized that I was completely cured and what made me glad, also, was that they were acting gently, causing no pain whatever to the bowels. All those who suffer with Chronic Constipation should follow my example and take "Fruit-a-tives" for they are the medicine that cures".

MAGLOIRE PAQUIN

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. RITCHIE'S PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

Decided Savings On Table Linens

IF YOU BUY THEM AT RITCHIE'S

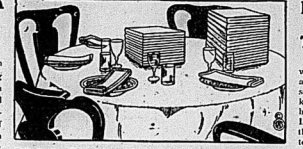
Tabling by the Yard, Linen Table Sets and Linen Towels. All Selling At Former Prices. It will Pay You to Buy Linens HERE and NOW

Table Linen By the Yard At Former Prices

We are indeed fortunate in having such a splendid showing of Linen Tabling by the yard both in the bleached and unbleached qualities. There has been a decided increase in the price of Linen Tabling since we laid in our present large stock, but not one yard has been marked above the former low prices, as the following will show:—

BLEACHED TABLING—pure linen damask in dice patterns and floral designs, priced from 75c. to $1.75 yard.

UNBLEACHED TABLING—in dice and floral designs, pure linen, priced from 60c. to $1.25.



Slightly Damaged Tablecloths at 25% Off

Included in this lot of slightly damaged cloths are a number of sample cloths which are not damaged in any way. They are pure linen damask in 2¼, 2½ and 2¾ lengths, and in very attractive patterns. 25 per cent. off regular prices. Cloths that sell regularly at $2.25 to $10.00, for $1.75 to $8.00.

REGULAR $3.50 TABLE NAPKINS ON SALE AT $2.98 DOZEN.

Not seconds or samples, but all perfect goods in every way, pure linen damask, in sizes 20x20 inches and 22x22 inches; pretty designs and regular $3.50 per dozen; for $2.98 dozen.

(See North Window Tonight.)

No Increase in Price Of Old Bleach Table Linen Sets

We now have the largest stock we have ever shown of these reliable "Old Bleach" Table Linen sets, consisting of cloths and napkins to match. They were bought before the increase in Linen prices and we will sell them accordingly. Excellent patterns in pure linen damask, at $6.50 to $16.00

Old Bleach Huck Towels AT OLD PRICES.

Hemmed and hemstitched, pure linen, fully bleached towels, with plain and fancy borders. These towels are unusually worth 20 to 25 per cent. more than the prices at which we have marked them to sell, which are from 35c. to 75c.

You Might be Glad To Know That—

We do Furniture Upholstering, and if you so desire we will have a competent man call and give you estimates as to the cost of re-covering your furniture.

We make Window Shades to order—any size, any price.

We take measurements for Verandah Curtains, also make them complete and hang them when done at a reasonable cost.

We make Window and Arch Drapes of the finest character designed and made in our own workrooms to your order.

A Further Reduction in Price OF Ladies' and Misses' Suits

$7.95

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit values we have ever offered; and we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the original price tickets. They tell the story better than all we could say. But here's a general description of the lot. They are principally plain tailored with the exception of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at .....

$7.95

(See displays in windows tonight.)

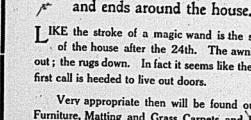
All Odd Pairs OF Lace Curtains 25 p.c. Discount

Odd pairs of Curtains, only one pair of a pattern, but they are the balance of our season's best selling lines, such as Swiss Applique, Battenburg, Brussels Net, Voiles, Marquisettes and fancy Coristine Lace Lace Curtains in white, ivory, ecru and two tone effects. Some are slightly soiled through handling, and we will sell them to clear quickly at 25 per cent. off Retail Marked prices.

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.



Bamboo Shades. Grass Mats. Sea Grass Furniture.

THE 24th of May is a good day to do all the little odds and ends around the house.

LIKE the stroke of a magic wand is the startling change in the appearance of the house after the 24th. The awnings are up; the summer furniture out; the rugs down. In fact it seems like the formal declaration of summer, the first call is heeded to live out doors.

Very appropriate then will be found our large and varied stock of Rugs, Furniture, Matting and Grass Carpets and Porch Screens, and at prices that are bound to attract.

Special Prices in Sea Grass Furniture

Ketcheson & Earle DIRECT IMPORTERS DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Chairs $5.60

Rockers $6.15

210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

39th Battalion Band Entertained

The 39th Battalion Band were rendered a smoker in the Sergeants' Mess at the Armouries by the 15th Regimental Band, last night. Goods fellowship and jollification reigned supreme until midnight. The following is a part programme of the entertainment:—

Selection—15th Orchestra.
Piano Solo—Inc. Heron.
Vocal Solo—Fred Burke.
Pizzicato Solo—Dave Brown.
Vocal Solo—Robert Bluiel.
Comic Song—Ab. Wheeler.
Selection—15th Orchestra.
Recitation—George Salter.
Vocal Solo—W. Methvie.
Vocal Solo—W. Weymark.
Vocal Solo—Sergt. Finny.
Recitation—W. Weymark.
Selection—Orchestra.

It was decided to give a free concert on Victoria Park next Sunday at 3.30 p.m., by the massed bands of the 39th and 15th.

SECOND UNIVERSITY COMPANY CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE

The Second University Company, the organization of which was authorized by the Militia Department on April 24th, has made substantial progress towards completing its establishment. The Company under the command of Captain George C. McDonald has its headquarters at 262 Sherbrooke St., Toronto, Ont., and where about 110 men are already enrolled and in training. In addition to this, two officers, Mr. D. G. Hogarth, of the Toronto University C.O.T.C., have been appointed to look after recruiting in Toronto. A number of men have already been sworn in there and it is expected that before June 1st Toronto University will have furnished a full platoon of about 60 men.

The full complement of all ranks required 227 so that it is likely that the Company will be up to its full strength at an early date. The rank and file are a splendid type of the young educated Canadian, being recruited from University graduates or undergraduates, or men of a similar class. They are drawn from nearly every part of Canada, groups having been brought from Vancouver, Edmonton, Saskatoon and Winnipeg, as well as from the Eastern provinces. A number of men with C. O. T. C. certificates have enlisted in the ranks.

In the training of this Unit special attention will be given to further instruct men studying for officers' certificates. A number of the men have received the benefit of the training at the C.O.T.C. Camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake, which was held from May 2nd to 15th.

When the Company has been brought up to full strength it will probably be moved to one of the permanent camps to undergo further training before going to the front.

The first University Company ("D" Co. 38th Battalion, C.E.F.) which has been selected as a draft to reinforce the Princess Patricia Canadian Light Infantry is at present in camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

To Keep Silver Bright.

An easy way to keep silver bright is to put a handful of borax in a dish pan of hot water with a very little soap. Put the silver in this and let it stand the entire morning. Then rinse in clear water and wipe thoroughly dry with a soft cloth.

You can treat plated ware in the same manner without the slightest injury to the silver.

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Concert by Christ Church Choir in the Parish Hall, May 28th, assisted by Mrs. Wilmot, Mrs. Allen, Miss Stork, Miss Pontin, Miss Price, Miss Tuite, Miss Ebig, Wallace, Miss E. LaVoie, Mr. Stapley, Mr. M. LaVoie, Mr. Lundy Carre, Mr. Cameron. 27.2t

SAFE MILK

The Citizens' Dairy scientifically pasteurized milk, guaranteed safe and pure. Stop the driver or phone 236, if you wish to try this milk. tf

CROWNING THE MAY QUEEN

Holloway Street Sunday School Entertainment. Orchestra, songs, Chorus, Drills, etc., Friday, May 28. Tickets, adults fifteen cents, children ten cents. 27.2t

If you desire a real good class of painting, decorating or graining and desire it executed promptly, command C. R. Scantlebury at the New Up Street Store. Our systematic system means a saving of money. It also means satisfaction to you. Wallpapers are all new; no shopworns; nothing that is old here. Our prices are extremely low both for papers, decorative work and workmanship. Command Scantlebury, Church Decorating a speciality. tf

Safety First on Lake Steamships

When the "Noronic," the flag-ship of the Northern Navigation Company's fleet, leaves Sarnia, on June 19th on her initial trip of the season across the Great Lakes, that fine vessel will carry a Staff Captain. This appointment marks the inauguration of a new system designed to insure the safety of travellers using the Grand Trunk rail and lake route between Eastern and Western Canada.

While directly under the orders of the Captain, the duties of the Staff Captain will consist of looking after the discipline of the ship, seeing that the crew is properly stationed and thoroughly understands the life boat and fire drill, that passengers are treated with courtesy and respect and their comforts and needs looked after, and that the ship is kept in spick and span order, so as to allow the Captain of the ship to devote his entire time and ability to the safe navigation of the vessel. This will enable the officers to be on the bridge at all times, and prevent their attention being distracted from the work of navigating the ship.

The other vessels of the fleet which carry passengers—SS. "Harmonic" and the S.S. "Huronic"—will also have the advantage of this new form of discipline. The Northern Navigation lines are, in addition, being equipped with large new collapsible boats and several new devices of floating apparatus, the Company doing everything in its power to safeguard the lives of its passengers.

Buy your Railway or Steamship Tickets from Burrows of Belleville, C. P. R. Agent. 22.d1f

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1915. | No. 316

Socks and Handkerchiefs For Soldiers

Letter from Mrs. Mclaren Brown, Hon.-Sec. of Ladies Committee of the C.W.C.A.

TORONTO, May 26.—The following interesting letter has been received by Mrs. Plumtre, Secretary of the National Service Committee, from Mrs. Mrs. MacLaren Brown, hon. secretary of the ladies' committee of the C.W.C.A. The people of Canada, who have taken a great interest in the work of the association throughout the Dominion, will read this letter with interest.

The letter, written in London, England is as follows: "We have today finished the week's work of unpacking about 80 cases received from Canada most of which have come through your Halifax office. Colonel Ryerson has paid several visits to the Ladies' Committee of the Association and is, I think, quite satisfied that we at our end are doing our best to finish worthily the work which is begun and carried through at your end.

"As you know, the British war office has now requested that only socks and handkerchiefs be forwarded to the troops at the front. The warm weather coming on and the prospect of the terrible trench life coming to an end makes it unnecessary to supply supplementary garments in such quantities. But socks and handkerchiefs we still need and shall continue to need week by week so long as the war lasts. All over the United Kingdom the various societies for sending comforts to the front are busily engaged in ripping up woollen garments so that the wool obtained can be converted into socks. It sounds rather terrible that the result of so much time and labor should be thus ruthlessly pulled to pieces, but wool is scarce and dear. Body belts, scarves and helmets will not be needed for many months to come and socks are needed every hour of the day. So we have fallen into line and interested our friends in knitting for the Canadians and most generous has been the response to our call for voluntary workers.

"Every woman on the committee has her whole household busily engaged in winding wool. Then the balls are brought back here, sorted and arranged according to weight and color, then weighed out into 5 and 10 pound lots. These we send all over the country. It is perfectly astonishing what we get through. Of course, we have not depleted our stores entirely and the last two weeks the ladies' Committee have been tremendously busy repacking for summer storage, in addition to unpacking as the goods come in.

"We keep a large emergency supply in our store room here. The garments for storage are numbered and packed in layers of tar paper and carbon and sent off to our various warehouses until such time as the cold days come again. In the cases we have unpacked during the last ten days we have found a number of individual names written on cards attached to the various garments. These cards, we of course, leave pinned on and no doubt the recipient is doubly pleased to get a little personal message attached.

"This last consignment consisting, I am thankful to say, largely of socks, comes from many places. The following seems to be the principal ones: Mrs. Langstaff, Merritt, B.C.; Lucy Smith chapter, Sackville, N.B.; Mrs. Kay, Nicola Valley, B.C.; Municipal chapter, I.O.D.E., Montreal; Mrs. Barrett, The Manse; Langden; Port Elgin, N.B.; Mrs. Green, Greenwood; Kenora, Canada; Women's Institutes of Ontario, and others.

"I am writing to the individual chapters of the Daughters of the Empire wherever the name and address is given, but I should be very glad if you think it worth while if you would let your splendid band of workers which extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific know how very grateful the Canadian War Contingent Association is for all that they have done and are doing. Col. Ryerson said it delighted him more than he could say to see how swiftly and carefully the things that Canadian Patriotic Leagues sent to us were speeded on the last stage of their journey to the men who needed them, whether at the front, at the base, in camp or in hospitals.

"I do not know whether I told you that the Queen's Canadian Military hospital is putting on two additions with 100 extra beds. We are also installing a new surgical bed and so many Canadian friends have sent us $25 to name and equip one of these beds that we will be able to put them in all over the hospital. Unfortunately, they are rather longer than the ordinary hospital and call for 116 sheets.

These are of courses 6 inches longer than the ordinary hospital sheet and have to be made. The Scottish branch of the Red Cross Society has been like a guardian angel to us and when they heard of the addition to our hospital had 100 of these sheets, and quilts to match, made to our order and sent them off to us with a splendid donation of other hospital supplies as well. In our hospital, as in all others, we find that towels have to be got in literally by the cartload, and of course the bedding wears out very fast owing to the frequent and strenuous washing. However, we are doing splendidly and already Canadians at the front are trying to get the wounded who come back under our care.

"The hospital is in a beautiful spot and on the warm sunny days which come to the south coast about this time we are able to carry all but the very sick patients down on stretchers and put them on the lawn where they can enjoy the sea breezes and the bright sunshine.

"I am directed by my committee to thank you most gratefully for your wonderful kindness on behalf of all the Canadians on this side of the Atlantic and to thank you specially for all you have done for the Canadian War Contingent Association."

FRENCH VICTORIOUS AT SEVERAL POINTS

Take German Trenches at Ablain St. Nazare, After Fierce Assault and Counter-Attack—Nearly 500 Prisoners and Twelve Machine Guns Captured

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 28.—(Afternoon official statement). Counter attacks of the enemy against positions taken by us near Angres continued last night but were repulsed by us.

At Ablain-St. Nazare our troops yesterday followed up their offensive movement with distinction.

We are masters of the cemetery we took possession of early in the night, of all the group of houses near by, but especially of the parsonages, which had been strongly protected by the enemy. Subsequently we took by assault German trenches along the road which runs from Ablain-St. Nazare to Moulin-Malon on the southeast.

Here our troops were subjected to a violent counter attack during the night, but held all the ground in their possession and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

At break of day they moved out in an easterly direction, and took possession, in the direction of Souchez, of important German works, called Fort des Quatre Boqueteaux. Here the fighting was very spirited, and the enemy suffered a serious check.

The number of prisoners reported yesterday evening is considerably over four hundred, and includes seven officers. We captured in addition about twelve machine guns.

This morning with the taking of the fort we made more prisoners. The exact number is not reported. We also captured some war material

The bombardment reported yesterday by the Germans from Ecurie and Roclincourt continued all night, but was not followed up by infantry attacks.

In the environs of Fort Les Petre we delivered an attack yesterday evening which resulted in our gaining ground. At the same time we took about sixty prisoners, including several officers.

Peremysl Garrison Is Now Threatened

Peremysl the Key to the Whole Russian Position—Its Fall Would be Serious

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 28.—The fortress of Peremysl, garrisoned this time by Russians instead of Austrians, is once more threatened with investment. The Austro-German forces are now attempting double flanking movements and with a growing intensity of attack, seeking to encircle Peremysl from the north and southeast.

According to Vienna progress is being made in both directions, and if the advance is not checked Peremysl will either be isolated from the rest of the Russian army or the Russian line will be forced to move back.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 28.—The situation in Galicia is unquestionably of great strategic importance at the present time, and the British press has conceded that the position of Peremysl is serious. It is described as the key to the whole Russian position in Galicia, and its fall would mean a railroad running eastward to Lemberg, the main artery of Russian supplies in this region, would fall into Austrian hands. Reports that this railway is severed are without confirmation.

Fighting along the Austro-German frontier is still in the development stage. There is virtually no change on the western front, and slow but steady progress in the Dardanelles.

Russian Victory In Persia

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 28.—The Russian army in the Caucasus has occupied Uramiah, Persia, Mission centre in Persian Armenia, where wholesale massacres of the Armenians by the Turks and Kurds recently occurred.

Killed In Action

LEO ROSS
Killed in Action at Langemarck

Mr. James Ross of this city, to-day was officially notified that his son, Gunner Leo Ross, had been killed in action. Gunner Ross was a member of the 34th Battery and went with the Frist Contingent. His many friends will regret to learn of his demise and sympathy will be extended to the bereaved parents and members of his family.

RESPIRATORS FOR POLICE

London Authorities Preparing to Meet Aerial Gas Bombs

LONDON, May 27.—The Daily News says the London police authorities are taking precautions to protect their officers and men from the effects of poisonous bombs should London be raided by enemy aircraft. Although respirators are not being served out to individuals, each station has been supplied with a large stock as a precautionary measure.

"We do not anticipate there will be a big air raid on London, when poisonous gas by means of bombs will be distributed indiscriminately," remarked a prominent police official yesterday, "but there is a chance that bombs may be dropped in isolated cases. Should this emergency arise and an alarm be given, then respirators will be served out to ordinary police and special constables."

GHENT RAILWAY BRIDGE DESTROYED BY AIRMEN

LONDON, May 27.—British aviators have destroyed the big railroad bridge over the Scheldt at Ghent, besides wrecking the railroad station and freight depots, says a Rotterdam despatch to The Mail. The raid is believed to have spoiled German plans for a new railroad centre at Ghent.

SUPPRESSING STRIKERS

LONDON, May 27.—The London County Council have taken a drastic step to deal with the strike on the municipal tramway system. It has ordered all employes of military age who are eligible for service in the army and navy to surrender their uniforms and badges. Only men above military age will be employed during the remainder of the war.

The Nebraskan Was Torpedoed

No Warning by German Submarine—Engineer Agrees With Captain

LIVERPOOL, May 28.—Special—The American steamer Nebraskan, crippled by an explosion Tuesday night while off Fastnet Rock, came into this port just before midnight. The decided opinion of Capt. J. S. Green and members of crew, is that the ship was struck by a torpedo from a German submarine.

Capt. Green said: "We were attacked by a German submarine without any warning, despite the fact that we were flying an American flag and that the name of the ship was painted in letters nine feet high, extending along her side for a distance of 75 feet, at a height of fully 10 feet above the surface.

"After we took to the boats the submarine disappeared, her commander evidently thinking—as we did—that the ship was doomed."

The captain emphasized the point that had it been an mine the shock and the explosion would have been simultaneous.

The chief engineer, who was on deck on watch at the time the ship was torpedoed, said he saw a torpedo coming towards the ship.

The hole in the starboard bow of the Nebraskan is thirty feet by fifteen feet, big enough to drive two automobiles through side by side.

Passenger Ship Goes Ashore

Mishap Near St. Nazare—Vessel Not Torpedoed—All Passengers Rescued

(Canadian Press Special)

NANTES, France, May 28.—The steamer Champagne of the French Transatlantic Line, is ashore near St. Nazare, badly damaged. Nine hundred passengers aboard were taken off.

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 28.—Officials of the French Line here say all the passengers on the La Champagne have been landed at St. Nazare, and there is no need of anxiety as to the safety of the vessel. They state that she was not torpedoed.

Admiral Jackson New Sea Lord

LONDON, May 27.—(Special.)—Admiral Sir Henry Bradwardine Jackson has been appointed First Sea Lord of the Admiralty to take the place of Admiral Lord Fisher, who resigned recently, owing it is said, to differences with Winston Spencer Churchill, then First Lord of the Admiralty. Admiral Sir Arthur Knyvet Wilson will remain with the Board of Admiralty in an advisory capacity.

Admiral Jackson is not very well known to the general public, but in the service he has long been considered "the cleverest man in the navy." He is the only naval officer who is a fellow of the Royal Naval Society, to which he was nominated in 1901 for his research in electrical physics. His sea service as an admiral has not been extensive, but he is familiar with all the latest scientific developments of hostilities at sea and enjoys the fullest confidence of the navy.

High Prices For Cattle

On Tuesday, at Brockville, a sale took place of Holstein cattle and the prices realized were high. A bull bearing the name of Avondale Pontiac Echo, sold for $4,500, the purchaser being Mr. P. J. Sally of Lachine, Quebec. A cow, Pietze Pauline Hengerveld, sold for $1,300, the purchaser being Mr. A. A. Farwell of Oshawa. The entire sale realized $22,000.

BERLIN ADMITS DEFEAT

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, May 28.—Reserve Russians are fighting along the river San in Central Galicia it was announced in today's statement from the German war office. It is reported that the Germans in the region of Sieniawa on left bank of the river were forced back and lost six cannon. German positions, according to this announcement are not defended by strong forces.

H.M.S. MAJESTIC SUNK MOST OF CREW SAVED

Met Her Fate in Same Way as the Triumph While Supporting Land Forces on the Gallipoli Peninsula

LONDON, May 27.—(Special)—The Admiralty announced tonight that the British battleship Majestic, Capt. H. F. G. Talbot, was torpedoed and sunk this morning by an enemy submarine while the battleship was supporting the allied land forces on the Gallipoli Peninsula. Nearly all the officers and men were saved.

It is supposed that the submarine which sank the Majestic was the same that sent the British battleship Triumph to the bottom on Tuesday last.

The Majestic was completed in the year 1895, and was the oldest battleship on the active list of the navy. She was one of nine vessels known as the Majestic class. Her displacement was 14,900 tons, length 390 feet, speed 17 knots, and she carried four 12-inch, twelve 6-inch and sixteen 12-pounder guns of old pattern, with five torpedo tubes. Her nominal complement was 757 officers and men.

The sinking of the Majestic is said to have occurred off Seddul Bahr, at the southern point of the Gallipoli Peninsula. This statement is made in a Constantinople despatch received by way of Berlin.

A despatch to The Times from its Mudros correspondent says that 460 men of the crew of the battleship Triumph, which was sunk Tuesday in the Gulf of Saros, were saved. The officers and crew on board the Triumph in peace times numbered about 700 men.

A Turkish official communication received here to-day concerning the sinking of the British battleship Triumph Wednesday in the Gulf of Saros says: "The Triumph was accompanied by two destroyers, while other vessels were on guard to protect the battleships, when a German submarine attacked and sank her. The torpedo which the submarine fired exploded amidships. The Triumph listed and nine minutes later capsized. She floated keel upward, however, for 20 minutes. The crew, who had rushed on deck, were rescued by destroyers and other ships. The submarine was chased by destroyers, but escaped undamaged.

Irate Italians Attack Office

Bourassa's Paper Stirred Wrath by Reflecting on Italy's Policy

MONTREAL, May 27.—Several thousand Italians made a raid on Henri Bourassa's newspaper office, Le Devoir, to-night, smashed the plate glass windows in the office fronting on St. Vincent street, and made an attempt to force an entrance into the building from the rear. However, before serious damage was done mounted police and policemen on foot drove the mob away from Le Devoir office and effected three arrests.

The cause of the Italians' wrath against Mr. Bourassa and his paper was an article published in Le Devoir reflecting on Italy as having entered the world war on selfish grounds.

Two Vessels Sunk One Torpedoed

(Canadian Press Special)

PENZANCE, Eng., May 28.—The steamer Cadeby was sunk off Scilly Island by the gunfire of German submarines. All on board were saved.

(Canadian Press Special)

COPENHAGEN, May 28.—The Danish steamer Ely struck a mine off Stockholm and sank. The crew were saved.

LIVERPOOL, May 28.—The British steamship Argyllshire, which left Sydney, New South Wales, on April 16, is sending out wireless distress calls, after having been attacked by a German submarine, according to information received in shipping circles here.

Twenty-Two Miners Killed in Explosion

(Canadian Press Special)

NANAIMO, B.C., May 28.—Twenty-two miners are dead as the result of an explosion at a reserve mine of the Western Fuel Co. here. Thirty-six men were in the mine when the explosion occurred, and of the fourteen still living one is fatally injured, the others being unhurt. Only three bodies have been recovered, but there is no hope of any more survivors.

Fire followed the explosion. Nearly all the dead lived in that section, a few being foreigners.

Turks Reported Ready to Quit

LONDON, May 27.—(Special.)—Ernest Hill cables to The Daily News from Athens as follows: "According to reliable information, seven German submarines are expected in the Mediterranean. Two have already arrived, having their base a Smyrna. David Pasha has left Constantinople for Berlin. It is rumored that his object is to inform the German Government that Turkey cannot hold out much longer and will be obliged to conclude separate peace with the allies.

Baron Von Polenz Arrested As Spy

He Has Been Prominent in Society Circles in Montreal

OTTAWA, May 27.—Baron Von Polenz, formerly captain in a Saxon cavalry regiment, who has been for three years connected with financial ventures in the Cobalt district, was arrested on a charge of espionage today by Inspector Parkinson of the Dominion police and taken to the military prison at Fort Henry, Kingston.

Baron Von Polenz was prominent in Montreal society circles, and was a member of the Garrison Club of Quebec, a popular resort of the officers of the Canadian permanent force. He had been reporting to the registrar of alien enemies at Montreal, but his actions becoming suspicious he has been under surveillance for some time.

Canadian Losses Were Heavy

Casualty List at Ottawa Contain Names of Twenty-Six Officers

OTTAWA, May 27.—The casualties in the battle north of Ypres, which lasted from May 22 to May 24, and in which Canadians fought brilliantly, have begun to arrive at the militia department. These indicate that the Canadian losses were very heavy.

In the lists received so far the names of 26 officers appear. Seven were killed and 19 wounded. The 8th Battalion had one captain and one lieutenant killed and three lieutenants wounded; the 16th had one lieutenant killed and one major, one captain and one lieutenant wounded; the 10th had one captain and three lieutenants killed and two captains and two lieutenants wounded; the Strathcona Horse had four lieutenants wounded; the 13th, two lieutenants wounded, the 14th, one lieutenant wounded, and the 7th one captain wounded.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

Second Battalion: Died of Wounds—Pte. T. A. Sheridan, Ottawa, Ont.

First Field Artillery Brigade: Died of Wounds—Corp. Leonard A. Lamplough, Ottawa.

Wounded—Gunner John R. Bramble Huestis Landing, Queen's County, N.B.; Gunner William Paterson, 8 Victoria avenue, Belleville, Ont; Gunner J. G. Powell, Pansy, Ga.; Driver Clarence Allan Hall, Cobourg, Ont.

Glasgow People Without Meat

(Canadian Press Special)

GLASGOW, May 28.—Two hundred Glasgow butcher shops closed today by reason of a shortage of cattle which resulted in almost prohibitive prices for beef.

Ship Blown up 315 Men Killed

Crew of 250 and 78 Workers Perish on Former C.P.R. Boat at Sheerness

LONDON, May 27.—Special—The Princess Irene, a British mine-laying ship was literally blown to atoms with at least 325 men aboard as she lay at inchor in Sheerness harbor this morning. The explosion apparently was internal, its origin being marked by complete mystery, and so far as known only one man has survived, a stoker named David Wills, who was picked up badly injured.

It is understood that all but three of her crew of 250 men were aboard the steamer, as well as 78 dockyard men carrying out repairs. Some estimates, however, place the number of victims much higher. The Daily Mail asserts that in addition to the 78 shipwrights there were on board 100 workmen from Chatham, as well as 240 members of the crew, which would give a total of 418 persons on the seamer at the time she was blown up.

The disaster has immediately recalled the fate of the British battleship Bulwark, which was mysteriously blown up on November 26 at practically the identical spot in which rested the Princess Irene, with the loss of some 736 officers and men. The destruction of the Bulwark was never explained. There were rumors at the time that a German submarine had slipped into Sheerness harbor and launched a torpedo at the warship, subsequently stealing away without detection. It has since seemed more probable, however, that the Bulwark was blown up by an internal explosion—the inference being, of course, that a spy accomplished the work.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 28.—No trace has been found of the harbor launch that was moored alongside of the Princess Irene, or of its crew of five men, and it is assumed that they were killed when the ship blew up.

ITALIANS WELCOMED BY TRENTINO NATIVES

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, May 28.—A successful raid upon Trieste and the Nabresina railroads was made by a squad of Italian hydro-aeroplanes, together with the occupation of additional Austrian territory along the Tyrol frontier and on the Frieuli front, is reported in the official Italian war office statement.

It is stated that an artillery battle is raging between the Italian fortified positions on Trentino front and those of Austrians. The natives of the occupied territory welcomed the Italian troops enthusiastically.

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, May 28.—The Tages Zeitung publishes a despatch from its correspondent at Constantinople saying that the Italian ambassador to Turkey and members of his staff have left the capital.

(Canadian Press Special)

GENEVA, May 28.—A despatch was received at Basle from Berlin saying that Germany will formally declare war on Italy within forty-eight hours and Turkey will make her declaration upon Italy later.

THEIR FORTUNE IS ILL-FATED

EDMONTON, Alberta, May 26.—Some two weeks ago, J. V. Mainman received word of the death of his father in England and that he had been left the entire fortune. Oddly enough, part of the amount, some $10,000 in gold, was found in the house. Lawyers settling up the estate found the will that directed them to the hiding place of the cash. This and all the real estate was left to J. V. Mainman of Edmonton, an employe of the City Treasury department.

Overjoyed at the news Mainman at once threw up his job and accompanied by his wife and five children started for England. But they were destined never to get there, at least not all of them, as they took passage on the Lusitania. The father and two oldest boys are now reported as drowned; the mother and three other children, two little boys and a girl under eight, are reported as saved.

FOOD FOR CANADIAN PRISONERS IN GERMANY

LONDON May 27.—(Special.)—Mrs. Rivers-Bulkley, widow of the late Captain Rivers-Bulkeley, states that the Canadian Red Cross is forwarding 200 boxes of food for the Canadian prisoners in Germany.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS

100 only Ladies' fine embroidered Lawn Shirt Waists, beautiful stylish waists, fresh new stock, regular up to $2.50. Friday and Saturday sale price, each .... 39c.

DRESS GINGHAMS.

Friday and Saturday are the days to make your purchases of fine Dress Ginghams—thousands of yards of checks, stripes and plaids, on sale at .... 12½c. and 10c. yard

INDIAN HEAD.

Indian Head, for Dresses, Skirts, Middies, etc., 36 inches wide, on sale at .... 25c., 20c., 18c., 15c. yard

White Repp, 27 to 36 inches wide .... 25c., 20c. yard

White Pique, 27 inches wide .... 25c., 20c., 15c. yard

White Dress Duck, 27 inches wide, sale .... 15c. yard

White Dress Muslins, dotted, cross-bar, etc., 27 to 36 inches wide, at, per yard .... 25c., 20c., 15c., 12½c., 10c.

SPECIAL.—See our Window for Men's Soft Front Summer Shirts, on sale at, each .... 79c. and 75c.

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Rare Household Furniture at Your Own Price.

Having rented our present showrooms for officers, we are compelled to sell to the highest bidder every piece of our elegant Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut furniture, comprising fine old chests and drawers and dressing cases with Georgian mirrors and pain tops, Large Sofas, Den and Library Desks in Rosewood and Walnut; Hall and Parlor Tables, Dinner Wagons, Tall Pier Mirrors with claw feet, Hall Trees, Parlor and Rusk Bottoms Chairs, Old Grandfather's clocks, Oil and Water Color Paintings, Steel Engraving Prints, China Bric-a-brac, Old Flintlock Guns and Swords. The entire stock of our antique galleries are at 236-238 Front St., over Blackburn's Jewellery Store. On Wednesday, June 2nd and until all is sold. Mearley & Co., Belleville. 275t

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It's YEREX'S (wrapped)
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Here are Two Bargains. If you mean business come and see us. One at $1000.00 and one at $1200.00, on Cedar Street; a bargain. Good for ten days only.—J. L. R. Gorman. s

XV. Regimental Band's
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Fun-Galore For Young and Old

POSITIVELY THE ONLY CIRCUS COMING THIS SEASON

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USE AND CARE OF FILES

Necessary Instruments on the Farm and in the Work Shop

The choice of a file for any particular piece of work will be determined by the form of surface to be worked, the amount of material to be removed, the nature of the material and the finish to be left on the surface.

From the twenty different standard forms and cross-sections in which files are manufactured, the user must choose the proper form of file to best fit the work in hand. Next the amount of material to be removed will determine the size and coarseness of the file, the size being the length in inches of the file body without the tang, and the coarseness depending upon the six grades of cuts—rough, coarse, bastard, second-cut, smooth and dead-smooth. The bastard and second-cut are the grades most used for general work and the smooth or dead-smooth for smooth finish work. All of these forms may be had as either single or double cut in any grade of cut, excepting that the rough cut is usually single and the dead smooth double cut. The double cut file will bite more freely and leave a more broken surface than a single cut file of the same size.

The nature of the material worked determines in a large measure the "life" of the file. A new file should never be used on very hard material, such as scale of castings and forgings or on hardened steel, nor should it be used on soft tough metals or on thin edges where it bites too freely. Files should not be thrown into drawers together with other tools. They should be kept clean by brushing and should never be placed where they will rust, as that will ruin any file.

A good file handle is necessary for good work. In filing, the pressure is applied to the file on the forward stroke and entirely removed on the back stroke, though the file need not be lifted from the work. As with all metal cutting tools, the pressure should be sufficient to cause it to bite freely as this is easier on the cutting edge than just scraping over the surface.

To Drain a Wet Cellar

Dig all around the walls to below the foundation, put in tile drains, plaster the outside of the walls with a 1:2 cement plaster, then wash several times with a wash of pure cement and water to fill up all the pores. Fill up the trench to within a few inches of the top with coarse gravel and broken stone and cover the top with soil. Also make connections from the cellar to the drains outside.

A Low-salaried President

M. Giuseppe Motta, recently elected Swiss President, will enjoy an annual salary of $2,700—an increase of $300 on the sum he drew as Minister of Finance and Customs. No minister in Switzerland receives more than $2,000 a year from public funds, and the President sets an example of democratic simplicity in his style of living.

CHERRY CULTURE IN OLD QUEBEC

Winters Too Severe For Great Success With Sweet Varieties But Sour Cherries Thrive With Care

Not as many cherries are grown in the province of Quebec as formerly. Why is this? asked Rev. Father Leopold of La Trappe in a paper read at a meeting of the Quebec Pomological Society. Have the varieties proved less hardy for our severe climate? I do not think so. It is my opinion rather that we have simply neglected to replace the old cherry orchards as their days of existence expired. The cherry tree is a short-lived tree compared to the apple and pear tree. Yet the good crops we can get every second year should be a safe reason to move us to plant more cherry orchards as in the days gone by. We still find cherry trees flourishing away below Quebec in our most severe winters.

Cherries are divided into two groups: The sweet and the sour cherry. Sweet cherries are very popular on the markets in Montreal; but unfortunately, we can not grow them in Quebec. They are somewhat exacting in soil and climatic conditions; in fact, the sweet cherry will not stand extreme cold weather, and when subjected to it, the tree often cracks open and is easily winter-killed. However, in our orchards at La Trappe we succeed in getting a somewhat good stand and fair crops from at least one variety, and that is "Imperatrice Eugenie." There is no mistaking this variety for a sour cherry, as its tall, erect growth identifies it easily with the sweet cherries. Another reason why we cannot grow the sweet cherry in the province of Quebec is because the sweet cherry trees are early bloomers and therefore are very subject to early spring frosts. They are thus easily damaged.

Exacting Soil Conditions

The sweet cherry prefers a light warm loam. It does not like wet feet, nor does it thrive as the pear in a stiff clay loam. On the other hand, we must avoid too gravelly or sand soils, as such soils have a tendency to bring on an early bloom in the spring. The sap is also brought into activity too soon, which with our cold, is sure to have disastrous consequences upon the trees.

If we can not grow the sweet cherry, we can produce a good number of varieties of the sour type with ease. I do not think that ever the sour cherry is grown extensively in Quebec on a commercial basis. But in nearly every orchard we can find a few solitary trees that produce well if they are given a little care to prevent them from getting "gummosis" or the black rot.

With the establishment of canneries, the growing of a considerable area of sour cherries would be a very profitable industry. There will always be a steady demand for canned cherries. Besides this we can always depend on being able to sell our cherries for remunerative prices on our local markets for home consumption.

From the small number of cherry trees grown in Quebec it is hard to say what areas would be more especially adapted to the fruit. However, we are sure of this, that the sour cherry will outlive the sweet cherry here, as it is much hardier. It stands much more cold and frost in winter and in the spring. Rainy weather does not seem to damage the blossoms to such a point as with the sweet cherry.

Clean Tillage Required

The cherry tree will thrive on the lighter, well-drained loams. This fruit likes an elevated, naturally light, dry, loamy, retentive soil. The sour cherry tree will stand a heavier soil.

The management of a cherry orchard is somewhat similar to the apple orchard. I would advise clean tillage until about the time the fruit is picked. In tilling young trees not yet bearing, I would see that ample time is left after the cultivation is over that the trees may mature and season their growth before winter. As the sour cherry tree does not make a very large tree, I would advise planting it sixteen and one-half feet each way, thus making one hundred and sixty trees per acre. I would not attempt to set out anything, but a strictly first-class tree, as all others are too expensive. I prefer setting out a tree with a two years' growth from the bud, having the four or five main branches as low as possible, consistent with economical tillage and handling of the orchard.

Tobacco Raising in France

There are 47,259 authorized tobacco planters in France, who grow about 49,000,000 pounds of tobacco on 50,000 acres. The state monopoly, besides taking all the tobacco grown in France, buys 55,000,000 pounds of foreign grown tobacco a year.

Gallons of trouble may come out of a pint flask.

Most women would rather be grass widows than spinsters.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

BELLEVILLE

At the class for officers, last night, in the Armouries' lecture hall, Major Barragar, instructor, spoke on "Guards on the March." There was a good attendance, although the officers and men had been on a 12-mile march during the day.

A force on the march, said the lecturer, has a vanguard, consisting of cavalry, infantry, artillery and engineers, and comprised of from one-eighth to a quarter of the total force. Their duty is to reconnoitre and hold in check the enemy's advance guard. The flank guards usually are cavalry, so as to move with facility up and down the flanks of the main force and protect it from demoralizing little raids by the enemy.

The rear guard, it was pointed out, is one of the hardest duties a soldier can be asked to do. Their one duty is to fight. They have to hold the pursuing enemy in check. The rear guard is always very strong and is composed of the mobile forces—cavalry, artillery, infantry and engineers. The engineers with the main body, prepare fortification for the rear guard to fall back on. The engineers with the rear guard are to assist in impeding the enemy, by mining the grounds, destroying bridges, and other ways.

Important things to be considered in the guard making a stand, are to get a good field of fire for the artillery; good cover for the infantry, and to select positions where the advantages are on your side, such as a hill, to make the enemy concentrate in coming through a pass, or to make him extend, and necessarily weaken his strength, when it is necessary to retreat.

Of the eleven Colborne boys who enlisted as Privates and are now with the 39th Battalion at Belleville, ten have been promoted to Commissioned or Non-Commissioned Officers.—Colborne Express.

A large number of the Picton boys who are in camp in Belleville, were in town Friday attending the memorial service for Prince Edward County boys fallen in battle.

Lieut. Brandon of the 39th Battalion Belleville, is at Kingston, and may be attached for duty in Barrifield camp.

KINGSTON

Major Okanote, the Japanese military attache from Washington, visited the camp on Wednesday morning and Col. Hemming showed him everything in connection with the same. The Major was delighted with all the arrangements.

The 25th battery has two bull terrier mascots. Their kennels were brought along and occupy a nice place on the lines.

The 8th C.M.R. are commanded by Lt.-Col. Munro; the 15th Battery by Lt.-Col. Arnoldi; 26th Battery by Maj. Hall; Ammunition column by Captain W. Harty, Jr.; 38th Battalion by Lt.-Col. Edwards; the Composite Battalion temporarily by Lt.-Col. Fee; the C.O.C. by Major Prideaux; C.A.S.C. by Captain Welch; the R.C.E. by Major Burritt; Queen's Engineers by Lieut. Henderson; Detention Tent, Lieut. Richardson, A.M.C.; Surplus Troops by Lt.-Col. Fee, with Colonel Hemming commanding the camp.

The 38th Battalion have erected a large bell in front of their lines on which they strike the hours. This is the "Big Ben" of the camp, and can be heard distinctly all through the long lines of tents.

The parade sheets show the following strength of each unit in camp—Staff, 15; C.O.C., 11; C.P.A.S.C., 19; R.C.E., 5; C.A.S. 43; C.A.P.C., 8; A.M.C., 8; Queen's Engineers, 34; Artillery Staff, 6; 25th Battery, 145; 26th Battery, 125; Amunition Column, 138; 8th C.M.R. 570; 38th Battalion, 725; Surplus Troops, 433. The headquarters staff of the artillery is not yet in camp and the University Company from McGill is yet to be added to the 38th Battalion.

The medical staff of the camp is composed of Major Gardner, A.D.M.S. and sanitary officer; Detention Hospital, Lt. Richardson; Artillery Brigade, Captain Farrell; 8th C.M.R., Captain Embery; 59th Battalion, Lieut. Hollis; Dental Surgeon, Captain Simpson. Sergt. Embery is sanitary sergeant, Sergt. Reid on duty at the detention Hospital.

The 8th C.M.R. have 179 horses in camp. They have over one hundred men in the regiment wearing service medals and these represent campaigns all the way from Egypt to South Africa. The 8th have a band of eight pipers with drums, and 12 trumpeters, so there will be no lack of music in their lines.

The Y.M.C.A. tent is lighted with gas and has a staff of two physical directors, one man on religious work, one cook, four counter men at their lunch bar, and Mr. Little managing the work. More men are expected from Toronto in few days days. A barber will be installed in the tent in a from Toronto in a few days. A barfew days.

The lines of the C.A.S.C. are well laid out and the men are beginning to get them trimmed up.

Special!
SALE OF MEN'S SUITS
All Suits from 15.00, 18.00, 20.00 and 22.00
FOR $11.75
F. W. MILLARD
236 Front St.

An Odd-looking Animal

The skin of an okapi, the first of its kind to be brought to New York, was in the baggage of James P. Chapin, explorer and naturalist, returning on the liner New York from a six-year tour of the Belgian Congo.

The okapi, it is explained, looks like a cross between a zebra, a horse and an antelope. It has a face like a tortoise, a tail like a cow, and when in love makes murmuring noises like a bull fiddle.

Grey Horses Live Longest

Grey horses are the longest lived and cream colored ones the most effected by temperature changes.

Since the reign of George II. no abbreviations have been allowed in legal documents.

DAVIES

Extra Large Pines, 14c each
June Peas 4 tins 25c
Sweet Corn 3 tins 20c
Pickled Shoulders 14c lb.

NON RUSTABLE D&A CORSETS

Go elsewhere—if you find a corset department which through prejudice against "Made-in-Canada" goods does not sell the "D. & A" or the "La Diva" Corsets.

The superior value of the "D & A" and the "La Diva" Corsets has made hundreds of thousands of women wear them.

The "D & A" and the "La Diva" are made by the Dominion Corset Co., in one of the finest corset factories in the world. 7-15

THE WEATHER.

Winds, becoming fresh and strong, northeast, to east, generally fair today.

Saturday, showers in most localities.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When You Buy A DIAMOND

You make one of the safest investments possible, for the reason that diamonds fluctuate so very little in value that you may say their value is absolutely constant; they never wear out.

Our line is complete in combination or single stone settings. Prices from the cheapest to the most expensive.

Angus McFee
Jeweler Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

NEW SCOTCH BISCUITS
Now in stock
McVITIE & PRICE'S
College Creams, Academy Creams, Butterette Tea Rusks, Queen's Shorties, Cheese Assorted, Rich Selected &c. &c.
Snider's Tomato Ketchup
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup
French Mustard, jars .... 5 & 10c.
Libby's Peaches, tins 15c
Libby's Sliced Peaches, tins .... 20c.
Libby's Apricots, tins .... 30c.
Clark's Baked Beans . 7c, 10c & 12½c.
Bourneville Cocoa, tins .... 25 & 90c.
California Tuna Fish, tins .... 20c.
Norway Mackerel, tins .... 20c.
Franco American Potted Beef, tins 15c
MacLaren's Invincible
Jelly Powders .... 3 for 25c.
Imperial Granum,
For Infants & Invalids
Jireh Breakfast Food, pkgs .... 25c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkgs. 25c.
Triscuit, 2 pkgs .... 25c.
Sultana Raisins (Genuine) lb. .. 15c.
English Candies, in jars .... 25c.
Layer Figs, large size, lb. .... 25c.
Wafer Sliced Beef, jars .... 25c.
tins .... 22c. & 35c.
Pabst Malt Extract, bottle .... 30c.
Heinz Sweet Pickles, bottles .... 20c.
Heinz Chow Chow or sour Mixed 15c.
Whole Ox Tongues .... 85c & 95c
Bean for table use
H-O-Oatmeal, pkgs. .... 15c.
AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons
The BEST on the Market
Sell for $4.00
Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

BIG BARGAINS SPECIALLY PRICED FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

6 dozen Lingerie Blouses, worth up to $1.50; to clear at ..... 98c.
3 dozen Blouses made to sell at 98c. Our price ..... 49c.
New Blouses, exclusive styles, confined to us, from ... $1.19 to $5.00 each
50 House Dresses—would be cheap at $2.50; on sale at $1.50
40 House Dresses, worth $1.50; our price ..... 98c.
35 House Dresses, made in New York, exclusive styles $1.98
Underskirts at ..... 59c.; worth $1.25
Underskirts at ..... 98c.; worth $1.50
Underskirts from ..... 69c. to $3.00 each
Kimonos from ..... 98c. to $3.00
POWNES' SILK GLOVES from ..... 50c. to $1.75 pair
Fownes' Kid Gloves from ..... $1.00 to $2.50 pair
D. & A. Corsets ..... 50c. to $3.00 pair
SILK HOSIERY—20 dozen women's black Silk Hose, double wear heel and toe, lisle top, actual value 90c. pair; our price 55c. pair, or 6 pairs for $3.00
HOLEPROOF HOSIERY for men, women and children, in silk, lisle, cashmere—guaranteed.
WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR from ..... 15c. to $1.00 a garment
Our Montreal connection keeps us in touch with everything new in the Dry Goods trade.

Next Door to Geen's — **Wims & Co** — 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted; are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50.

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $5.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman — Next Door to Sinclair's

Extra Special

Beautiful New Piano

In Fumed Oak

$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,

316 FRONT STREET — PHONE 387.

Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

Civic Committees Pass Accounts

At the civic committee meeting last night the business transacted was the passing of several accounts.

FIRE.

Ald. St. Charles, chairman, presided. The only account passed was one for $6.60 to the Gas Department.

WATER WORKS.

Ald. Woodley, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Pay Sheet	$ 85 17
E. Wheatley	4 00
John Lewis Co.	11 59

MARKET.

Ald. Duckworth, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Gas Department	$1 40
Jennings & Sherry	8 00

PUBLIC WORKS.

Ald. McFee, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Pay Sheet	$671 26
Belleville Gas Dept.	32 10
Ethel Wheatley	4 00

It was recommended that no action be taken in the Tobias Carre claim.

PARKS

Ald. Earle, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

A. Johns	$121 00
C. R. Bishop	2 00

EXECUTIVE.

Ald. Wallbridge, chairman, presided. The account passed was:

Ontario Treasury Dept.	$215 00

GAS.

Pay Sheet	$219 50
H. McGee Co.	3 32
Valley Camp Coal Co.	166 62
H. Mueller Co.	5 77

PRINTING & STATIONERY.

Ald. Smith, chairman, presided. The account passed was:

Morton & Herity	$12 55

Y.M.C.A. Notes

This evening the Bridge Street League will be entertained at the Y. M. C. A. by the Y. M. C. A. Senior Members.

At the annual meeting held on the 17th, the following new members were elected to the Board of Directors: Dr. Yeomans, Jas. Dunlop, H. MacKay, Douglas Holton, W. D. M. Shorey, Mr. R. Thompson, Jas. Buchanan, C. B. Fawthrope.

The following were made an advisory committee of the board: C. A. Hunt, J. Elliott, A. J. Graham, H. Templeton, A. E. Bailey, H. F. Ketcheson.

Our idea of a hustler is a man who can work as fast all day as he can dress in a cold room in the morning.

The mind of a man who goes wrong is always a blank while he is gone.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

GRANT TO 39TH BATTALION

At a special meeting of the Lindsay Town Council held on Wednesday evening, a grant of $200 was made to the 39th Battalion mobilized in this city. This is for the purpose of assisting in providing comforts to the men.

SET OFF EXPLOSIVES

A number of persons, chiefly boys, were this morning before Magistrate Mason, charged with discharging firecrackers and other explosives on Front street on Victoria Day, contrary to a city By-law. The accused admitted the offence and were fined $2 and 81 costs each, or in default one week in jail. The fines were paid.

DROVE OFF WITH CAR

The local police were this morning notified by Mr. A. J. Hendrick, of Frankford, that his automobile had been driven off by two young men, who were supposed to have either driven the car to Trenton or this city. The car is of the Regal make. One of the parties accused of taking the car is a brother of Mr. Hendrick. The car was found in this city this afternoon by the police and retained upon instructions from Mr. Hendrick.

LAID AT REST

Yesterday afternoon many citizens were in attendance at the obsequies of the late Mr. John B. Hosie of this city. At the family residence, Alexander street, and at the grave at Belleville cemetery, services were conducted by the Rev. A. S. Kerr, pastor of St. Andrews church. Many beautiful floral tributes were placed upon the casket. The bearers were members of the Sons of Scotland Society, namely Messrs. W. Givens, W. Leslie, W. McGie, H. Graham, Wm. and John McIntosh.

WOUNDED IN ACTION

Amongst the list of wounded today appears the name of Driver Clarence Allan Hall, of Cobourg, Ont. Hall was at one time connected with The Intelligencer Office. He went with the First Contingent, being a member of the Cobourg Field Battery. He was born in this city, and lived here the greater portion of his life. A number of his relatives are at present residing in this city. Driver Hall was a laugher with the United States Marines, and was wounded in the stomach during the Mexican trouble. He was on leave here at the time war broke out and joined the Cobourg Artillery.

SURPRISE KITCHEN-SHOWER

On Wednesday night, the Sunday School class of Mrs. A. Fitzgerald, and several of her friends, gathered at her residence 72 Mill street, and gave a surprise kitchen shower to Miss Nellie McGlashon. Miss McGlashon is to be married soon to a well-known G.T.R. employee.

There were many useful and ornamental articles in the shower, but all were suitable to the occasion.

Although Miss McGlashon was taken by surprise, she made a very able and appropriate reply. The party were entertained with games and music, and later in the evening, light and tempting refreshments were served by the Misses Fitzgerald, and Mrs. Fred Holmes. The party broke up about midnight, every one reporting a splendid evening.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Albert Hinds of this city, is visiting her son, Mr. W. T. Hinds, of Tweed.

Mrs. (Rev.) Martin of this city has returned home after visiting Mrs. (Rev.) Coon at Tweed.

Mr. Jerome Helferty has returned to his home in Picton, after spending a few weeks in Belleville.

"WHERE TO FISH AND HUNT"

Reissue has just been made by the General Passenger Dept. of the Canadian Northern Railway, of the short valuable Sporting Guide for the current season. All the varied and reliable information which characterized this publication last year has been thoroughly revised and new matter added covering the northern reaches of Algonquin Park and the world famous Nipigon Trout Country. This is the only publication of its kind covering so many spots with such intimate detail.

Copies are obtainable from Local C.N.R. Agent, or General Passenger Dept., Toronto. 24-29

After women got the vote in New Zealand waitresses who were forgetful paid 8 shillings a week received 25 shillings.

Pleasure.

Some men move through life as a band of music moves down the street, flinging out pleasure on every side through the air to every one far and near that can hear.—Henry Ward Beecher.

Woman's Auxiliary Convention Over

The 29th annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Missionary Society of the Church of England, Diocese of Ontario was brought to a close in this city this morning, after a two day's session.

Yesterday afternoon after prayers the thanksgiving offering for 1916 was disposed of and voting on funds took place.

Miss Edith Von Strouber of Kingston presented a paper entitled "Individual Responsibility of the Girls," which was both instructive and carefully prepared.

The question box was opened and a number of questions submitted were answered.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Honorary President—Mrs. Lennox Mills.

Honorary Vice-President—Mrs. Burnham Smith.

Honorary Vice-President—Mrs. E. J. Bidwell.

President—Miss Macaulay.

1st Vice-President—Mrs. Kluch.

2nd Vice-President—Mrs. W. B. Carey.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. Havelock Price.

Corresponding Secretary—Miss A. Daly.

Treasurer—Miss Marion Lewis.

Dorcas Sec. Treas.—Miss Annie Muckleston.

Leaflet Editor—Miss Louis Kirkpatrick.

Sec'y for Junior Work—Miss Katherine Lyman.

E.C.D. Fund Treasurer—Mrs. Leech.

Secretary Literature—Miss Edith Pense.

Secretary Babies' Branch—Mrs. N. Fraser.

Thankoffering Secretary—Mrs. Kluch

Organizing Secretary—Mrs. F. O. Woodcock.

This morning a meeting of the new Board and Presidents of Parochial branches was held.

CHARMING CREATION.

Street Frock Which Has Many Salient Style Points.

CHIC AND SMART TOILET.

Never in one season has there been such a diversity of fashions. The frock shown in the illustration has many new and striking style points, most salient of which are the pockets. Everything this year has pockets. Belts, separate skirts, shirt waists and sports coats revel in them, and the dressier garments have adopted them also.

This gown is of blue gabardine, a fabric and color which are very popular this season. The waist is in semi-outfit effect, and the sleeves are the new and very popular bell shape. A bead-ed belt confines the front, and the back of the bodice is rather intricately draped. The tunic is full and is finished by a hem, while the narrow underskirt, which shows all the way up the front, has a corded French hem as a finish.

A Mixed Metaphor.

Sir Robert Ball, the famous astronomer, was rather fond of telling the story of a correspondent who wrote to him saying that, although he was a grocer's assistant, his great ambition was to become an astronomer. But he got his ideas somewhat mixed, for this was one of his sentences, "My friend finds no rest for the sole of her foot save on one of the heavenly bodies."

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50

Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50

Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00

Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00

Ladies' White Buck Button $5.00

Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children's White Shoes. See Them.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

SATURDAY SPECIALS.

that furnish you great opportunities to save money on various lines that you will need. Read over this list carefully and come down early for some great bargains. This is only a partial list—hosts of other similar bargains in every department.

Ladies' fine Silk Hose, half price ..... 50c. pair
20c. Ladies' Silk Ankle Hose, ... 35c. pair; 3 pairs for $1.00
Children's Pure Cashmere Wool Hose ..... only 15c. pair
25c. Enamelled Bar Pins and Blouse Sets ..... 15c.
25c. yard Silk Ribbon in variety of colors. Sale price 10c. yard
Ladies' fine Crepe Leather Hand Bags, all new styles $1.25
Girls' fine Middy Waists, navy blue trimmed with white ..... 87c.
Young Girls' Colored Dresses, suitable for girls 10 years old; made of good strong material. Sale price ..... 50c.
Middies for girls ages 12 to 14, on sale 50c. Great value.
Ladies' fine Dressing Sarques, made of Floral Crepe goods; sale price ..... 69c.
$1.00 yard Silk Fancy Goods, 36 inches wide, in variety of shades, great value, on sale ..... 78c. yard
25c. yard Curtain Nets, white and ecru shades ..... 15c. yard
15c. yard colored Bordered Serims, on sale ..... 12½c. yard
Children's Straw and Canvas Hats, on sale ..... 20c.
Children's fine White Dresses, suitable for children 1-4 years, on sale ..... 75c.
75c. Men's Fine Shirts, sale price ..... 50c.
$1.50 Men's Silk Shirts, sale price $1.69
Men's All Silk Hose, sale price ..... 15c. pair
50c. Boys' fine Shirts, sale price only ..... 25c.
Men's Summer Underwear ..... 25c. garment
Boys' Cotton Jerseys, navy bodies with white, sky blue and red trimmed neck and sleeves. All sizes; sale price ..... 23c.
Boys' Khaki Nickers, reg. $1.00 quality, sale price ..... 75c.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervision of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,

273 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May

OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS

Base Ball Goods — Tennis Goods — Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle — Football Goods, etc.

Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually largestock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a note about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices. Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

LATTIMER'S CUT-RATE DRUG STORE

Sells It For Less

Special Bargains---Saturday

PATENT MEDICINES

50c. Gin Pills ..... 25c.
50c. Dodds' Pills ..... 29c.
50c. Zam-Buk ..... 35c.
50c. Williams' Pink Pills ..... 30c.
60c. Abbey's Salt ..... 39c.
25c. Abbey's Salt ..... 16c.
25c. Nerviline ..... 15c.
25c. Thomas' Elec. Oil ..... 15c.
50c. Fruitatives ..... 29c.
25c. Hamilton's Pills ..... 17c.
$1 Nature's Remedy ..... 63c.
50c. Nature's Remedy ..... 35c.
25c. Nature's Remedy ..... 17c.
25c. Baby's Own Tablets ..... 15c.
25c. Chase's K. & L. Pills ..... 15c.
35c. Castoria ..... 25c.
50c. Chase's Ointment ..... 50c.
10c. Khovah Health Salt ..... 7c.
25c. Miaard's Liniment ..... 17c.
25c. Egyptian Liniment ..... 17c.
$1 Dandock Blood Bitters ..... 75c.
$1 Ayers' Sarsaparilla ..... 75c.
$1 Hood's Sarsaparilla ..... 75c.
25c. Parmalee's Pills ..... 17c.

And all other Patent Medicines at lowest prices.

Extra Special

FREE

A 10c Face Chamois Free with each tin of 25c Talcum

25c Hydrogen Peroxide **10c**

25c Blaud's Iron Pills **2 for 25c**

FREE

A 25c Tooth Brush Free with each tube of 25c Tooth Paste

PURE DRUGS

25c. Boracic Acid ..... 15c.
10c. Epsom Salts ..... 7c.
25c. Essence Vanilla ..... 10c.
20c. Borax ..... 10c.
5c. Vaseline ..... 3 for 10c.
25c. A. B. S. C. Tablets ..... 17c.
10c. Camphorated Chalk ..... 5c.
10c. Chloride Lime ..... 8c.
25c. Aromatic Cascara ..... 20c.

TOILET ARTICLES

25c. Dressing Combs ..... 18c.
50c. Dressing Combs ..... 40c.
75c. Dressing Combs ..... 65c.
25c. Sandalwood Talcum ..... 15c.
25c Duchess Rose Talcum 15c.
25c. Violet Talcum ..... 15c.
25c. Tooth Paste ..... 15c.
10c. Ivory Soap ..... 5c.
15c. Glycerine Soap 3 for 25c.
50c. Sage & Sulphur ..... 40c.
10c. Infants' Delight Soap 7c.
35c. Massage Cream ..... 20c.
50c. Florida Water ..... 39c.

CET OUR PRICES. WE SAVE YOU MONEY

CIGAR SPECIALS

10c. Irvings ..... 5 for 25c.
15c. Travellers ..... 5 for 25c.
10c. Van Horne ..... 5 for 25c.
10c. Jips ..... 4 for 25c.
10c. Travellers' Club 4 for 25c.
10c. Diplomat ..... 4 for 25c.
5c. Col. Steele ..... 6 for 25c.
5c. Students ..... 6 for 25c.

EXTRA SPECIAL

15c Palmolive Soap **3 for 25c**

$1.00 Beef Iron and Wine **49c**

BARGAINS FOR BABY

10c. Comforts ..... 8c.
50c. Allenbury's Food ..... 45c.
$1 Allenbury's Food ..... 90c.
50c. Horlick's Malted Milk 45c
$1 Horlicks' Malted Milk 90c
50c. Nestle's Food ..... 45c.

EXTRA SPECIAL

25c. EXTRACT OF MALT 17c.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates. Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

THE NATIONAL CRISIS.

"There has been something amiss with the national organization of the country," said Lord Lansdowne in addressing the Unionist party on the situation. They were not sure, he said, that they were getting enough men, or if they were getting the right men. There can be no doubt that if it should be found that the nation is not getting all the men required that the Government will resort to compulsory enlistment. The sight of a large purely voluntary army is a grand spectacle; but this is no time for the display of sentiment, and if occasion should require we must reconcile ourselves to the situation.

It will be much easier now to enforce such an order than before. The Government might have felt some compunction in possibly incurring censure by taking such a drastic step; but now they will be fortified by the presence in the Cabinet of the leaders of the Unionist party. There is a great deal to be said on both sides of the question. The thought that comes uppermost to the mind in considering the subject is that now it is the bravest men who are falling on the battlefields. They have their reward in the knowledge that they are giving their lives in a noble cause. But there seems to be no valid reason why strong and capable young men should not be made to see that service for their country is the prime duty of men. The speeches of both Lord Lansdowne and Mr. Bonar Law indicate that they regard the national situation as being fraught with the gravest issues. Their patriotic course in stepping into the breach at such a critical moment in the nation's affairs will meet with universal approval, and will help to restore the confidence and optimism of the people.

BACK TO THE LAND.

In an endeavour to partially solve the unemployment situation in Toronto, the Civic Employment Bureau, under the supervision of Dr. Chisholm, Property Commissioner, have started a "Back to the Land" movement. They are seeking for the co-operation of farmers and wish it to be known that they have men who are willing to work on farms, some of them being experienced hands and others inexperienced. They have also a number of boys who are willing to go out and become farmers. In any success the Bureau may achieve in lessening the amount of unemployment in Toronto, it would be of corresponding benefit to the rural districts, and it is a movement deserving of support. We may point out to any farmers in this district who may be seeking help that the Bureau charges no fee whatever, and the officials would be pleased to consider the requirements of farmers and assist them in any way possible.

SIR WILFRID'S SUCCESSOR.

"Among the distinguished Canadians of the day he (Sir Lomer Gouin) holds a high place, and he seems likely to mount to an infinitely higher one."—Globe.

Is this a foreshadowing of Sir Wilfrid's retirement from the leadership? Come, Globe, "Speak now!" and let the party know what is in store for them.

CURRENT COMMENT

Canadian copper is to be refined in Canada. If Canadian copper, why not Canadian nickel, too?

Sault Ste. Marie is not an ideal place for the manufacture of high explosives for use in the war. It is too close to the Michigan border.

Two women were killed by the Zeppelin raid on Southend last night; but as there were no baby victims the Germans will not regard the raid as a triumph of the first rank.

New York is the largest city borrower in the world. It borrowed more than $550,000,000 in 1913 and loans to the banks in the form of deposits $700,000,000 a year.

This is the 650th anniversary of the birth of Dante, the greatest Italian. But even the national obligation to honor Dante's memory will take second place to Italy's war obligations.

Horse-owners in Toronto are being fined for using the tight overhead check rein. That is well; but it would be even better to condemn such cruel horse owners to go for an hour or two with their heads bent back at a painful angle.

In his attempts to overthrow Kitchener of Khartoum, Lord Northcliffe has succeeded only in demonstrating how firmly entrenched is that grim soldier in public confidence and how slight a hold on the respect of the British people Northcliffe himself possesses.—Hamilton Herald.

At present the Northcliffe papers in Britain are bitterly attacking Kitchener. But make no mistake about Northcliffe. If it appears that these attacks are unpopular and that the public confidence in Kitchener cannot be shaken, the Northcliffe papers will promptly turn completely around and extol Kitchener as the one man who can save the country. That's the Northcliffe way.—Hamilton Herald.

A large black cat belonging to Theodore Golder of West Shester is at present making itself doubly useful. During the day it covers a sitting of Rhode Island Red eggs and by night keeps the establishment free of rats and mice. Mr. Golder is wondering just what kind of a brood the animal will produce from the eggs and whether it will care for the small chicks when they arrive or dine upon them.—Philadelphia Record.

The Vienna branch of the Huns still retains a portion of the territory which once belonged to imperial Venice. Trieste and the region around it, with two or three million Italian inhabitants, are under a hated alien government. The young men and middle-aged men of this Italian population have been forced to the Galician front to fight for their masters against Russia. They go forward threatened with lash and pistol and their lives are not, of course, the first to be considered. Their women bewail them and call to Italy for help. Italy comes with all the spirit of the righetous avenger to smash the bully at last, who has scourged her for so many centuries.—London Advertiser.

WAR NOTES

When French troops in the region of Ailly, near the Meuse, hoisted Italian flags upon their trenches, says the Paris Temps, German soldiers in the position opposite them called out: "So much the better! It will be over all the quicker!"

"Italy will help," says the Cologne Gazette, "because she thinks she has taken the side of the victors and victory is near. Italy's entry means a new phase of the war. It will lengthen it, increase the bitterness of the struggle and probably draw other nations into the arena."

Madrid, May 26.—The cabinet met today to consider the fresh phase of the international situation caused by entry of Italy into the war. Spain is especially interested in the situation, being a Mediterranean power. A number of measures were decided on by the cabinet which have not yet been made public.

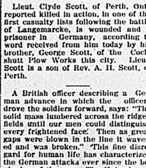
Lieut. Clyde Scott, of Perth, Ont., reported killed in action, in one of the first casualty lists following the battle of Langemarcke, is wounded and a prisoner in Germany, according to word received from him today by his brother, George Scott, of the Cockshutt Plow Works this city. Lieut. Scott is a son of Rev. A. H. Scott, of Perth.

A British officer describing a German advance in which the officers drove the soldiers forward, says: "The solid mass lumbered across the ridged fields until our men could distinguish every frightened face. Then as great gaps were blown in the line it wavered and was broken." This fine disregard for human life has characterized the German attacks ever since the beginning of the war. The Kaiser's soldiers are being sent as sheep to the slaughter if any fighters ever were.

Manchester, May 27.—The Master Cotton Spinners' Federation has taken prompt action to prevent further labor troubles in their mills. The Federation announces that unless the striking employees return to work before June 7, the mills will be closed, locking out 140,000 operatives. The principal trouble now engrossing the Federation is a strike of the card-room workers at Oldham. The men are demanding a ten per cent. war bonus.

Petrograd, May 26.—The entry of Italy into the war has caused the greatest enthusiasm here, and there has been many popular demonstrations of approval. Isazonoff, the Foreign Minister, received the members of the Russian press last night and expressed delight that Italy had adopted the only wise policy. He said that the Balkans must be for the Balkan people, which has always been Russian policy. It was true that Austria had sought to obtain a separate peace with Russia, but that it was impossible. Austrian hegemony in Balkans must be destroyed, like German hegemony in Europe, and the peoples of Europe must be allowed to follow their own destinies from within. He is convinced that the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles would work out favorably for the Allies.

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN $8.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER



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Millions of people need this powerful vegetable remedy that puts the digestive organs in fine condition; that clears the skin of pimples, rash, blemishes and eczema; that dissolves boils and carbuncles; that makes nerves stronger and steadier and gives to pale weak, rundown people the fullest measure of health and happiness.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, free from alcohol or narcotics and extracted from roots and barks with pure glycerine, does just what is stated above, simply because it banishes from the blood all poison and impure matter. It dissolves the impure deposits and carries them out, as it does all impurities, through the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin.

If you have indigestion, sluggish liver, backache over the kidneys, nasal or other catarrh, unsteady nerves or unsightly skin, get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery today and start at once to replace your impure blood with the kind that puts energy and ambition into you and brings back youth and vigorous action.

All medicine dealers can supply you in either liquid or tablet form or send fifty cents for box of Tablets to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y. Write for free booklet on blood.

A GREAT OFFER

If you will cut this out and send fifty cents to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y., you will receive a 1,000-page book, bound in handsome cloth, fully illustrated, all charges prepaid.

Dr. Pierce's Medicines are manufactured in Canada, at the World's Dispensary, Bridgeburg, Ont.

THE POET'S CORNER

A BRITISH HYMN

Tune: Melita — "Eternal Father, Strong to Save."

God of our fathers, at whose call
We now before Thy footstool fall;
Whose grace has made our empire strong
Through love of right and hate of wrong;
In this dark hour we plead with Thee
For Britain's cause on land and sea.

Not for the lust of war we fight,
But for the triumph of the right;
The strife we hate is on us thrust,
Our aims are pure, our cause is just;
So strong in faith we plead with Thee
For Britain's cause on land and sea.

Asleep beneath Thine ample dome,
With many a tender dream of home;
Or charging in the dust and glare,
With war-bolts hurtling through the air;
In this dark hour we plead with Thee
For Britain's cause on land and sea.

If wounded in the dreadful fray,
Be Thou their comfort and their stay;
If dying, may they in their pain
Behold the Lamb for sinners slain;
In this dark hour we plead with Thee
For Britain's cause on land and sea.

And soon, O Blessed Prince of Peace,
Bring in the days when war shall cease;
And men and brothers shall unite
To fill the world with love and light;
Meanwhile, O Lord, we plead with Thee
For Britain's cause on land and sea.

—REV. R. P. DOWNES,
(Vicar of Selby Abbey, Yorkshire.)

11,000 WOMEN ENROLLED

PARIS, May 27.—The Rome correspondent of the Temps telegraphs that nearly 11,000 women have been enrolled in a female police force authorized by the Italian Government. These women belong for the most part to the middle classes. They will undergo special physical training and wear uniforms.

MENTIONED FOR BRAVERY

KINGSTON Ont., May 27.—Word received here states that Sergeant Edwards, Private Purrowes and Private Holden, of the 14th Regiment, Second Battalion, have been mentioned for bravery.

STRATEGIC VALUE OF CONSTANTINOPLE

Controls Sea-route More Important Than Panama Canal—Has Immense and Well Protected Harbor

To get an idea of Constantinople's relation to the eastern world, imagine the continents of North and South America curled and twisted in such fashion about the Panama Canal zone that the best sea and land routes are within range of its guns or of a fleet operating from its harbor. Imagine further a harbor at the canal so large that 1,200 vessels can ride at anchor in it, ride safely and approach its shores without the need of dredging or wharf building. Imagine a harbor hidden up-country between two lofty rocky promontories that overtop dreadnoughts and have hurled back all but three of hundreds of assaults by the greatest powers of every age. That is Constantinople, immeasurably more strategic politically and commercially to the continents of Europe, Asia and Africa than Panama can ever hope to be to the Americas.

The feature of Constantinople's situation which makes it vital in the present war is its command of the passage to and from the Black Sea. This means control of over one half of the trade of European and Caucasian Russia. With the Baltic closed by Germany the great Empire has only the long route to Vladivostok across Siberia and the frozen route over one line to Archangel. The Trans-Siberian line leads directly away from the markets for Russian products and means a long sea haul back to western Europe. From Archangel on the White Sea in the Arctic circle ships can go only six months in the year. Russia must have the warm salt water or Dardanelles route for her foreign trade. She has been in the position of the British Columbia fruit grower who would have to ship to China via the Hudson Bay or Montreal. At all times the Dardanelles route is vital to the trade of the southern half of Russia, to her Caucasian provinces, to Roumania and Bulgaria and to all the country which ships via the Danube river. Southern Russia is one of the world's greatest wheat producers, a vast prairie or steppe country with the wonderful shipping port of Odessa. Roumania is the same. The Danube is a fine highway for a rich agricultural and mining country as far northwest as Belgrade in Servia, and the Danube empties into the Black Sea. To show the importance of the country north of the Caucasus mountains and east of the Black Sea coasts it is only necessary to mention the great petroleum industry of Baku. Northern Asia Minor also ships to the Black Sea to get out to the world and this country while now held back by Turkish rule has been productive and will be again. Constantinople is at the neck of this large, well-filled bottle. If its guns can keep away foreign warships and seize all merchantmen trying to pass each way the mastery of Constantinople is worth having.

A WESTERN SOLDIER

Major Jarvis Had Long and Honorable Career With Mounted Police

Major A. M. Jarvis, C.M.G., who was appointed Provost-Marshal to the Canadian troops at the front, has a long and distinguished career as a military man in Western Canada. For thirty-one years Major Jarvis was in the R.N.W.M. Police, and made a name for himself that is part of the history of the west as a trail breaker. He was in the Yukon in the first rush of 1879, and through his excellent work on the Dalton trail established the international boundary between the Yukon and the Alaska. He was selected by the late Commissioner Laurence Herckmer, then in command of the R.N.W.M. Police, to open up the Peace River district in view of future settlement of that country, and as a result of his report a treaty was made with most of the northern Indian tribes, and the Peace River district became a safe, habitable district.

Major Jarvis served six years in the Yukon, and, besides playing a prominent part in the work of the S.N.W.M. Police, was stipendiary magistrate for a number of years. While in pursuit of his duties in the Yukon, he was called by General Steele to an appointment in the Lord Strathcona Horse in South Africa, where he served in the field, and was twice mentioned in despatches for bravery, and was created a Companion of the most distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, and at the close of the war was made an honorary major in the British army, and also a major on the reserve officer list of the Canadian Militia.

As an explorer, Major Jarvis' operations have extended into the barren waste of the Arctic. In 1907 he had a unique experience, having travelled from Moosomin to take command of the R.N.W.M. Police at Herschel Island. On this trip he went the farthest north of any member of the R.N.W.M. Police office up to that date, having travelled 150 miles north of the magnetic Pole, in latitude 72.25 north of Manx's Land. On this trip he was in pursuit of Captain Klinkenberg, a whaler, who shot and killed his first mate.

Major Jarvis, with a small party of men, sailed in the northwest channel to find Klinkenberg, across the fields of ice in the barren wastes of the Arctic, to learn that the elusive Klinkenberg had left for Kotzebue Sound, Alaska. The major, not disheartened, hot on the trail of the criminal, retraced his steps to Kotzebue Sound, to find the United States revenue cutter, Beon, in command of Captain Jarvis, a cousin of the major's, had captured Klinkenberg, who was afterwards taken to San Francisco for trial.

Some good people enjoy telling bad news.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

WALRUS INDUSTRY IMPORTANT TO NORTH

Huge Creatures Chiefly Valuable Now For Their Hides—Eskimos Like the Flesh For Food

Thousands of walrus used to be killed in Behring Sea and the Arctic Ocean every season for their oil and ivory, but owing to the abundance of oil now being produced from other sources, the walrus has not been hunted so much for that purpose as they were in former years. In years gone by the Eskimos delighted in adorning their weapons and shoeing their sleds with ivory before iron was introduced to them. Although the flesh of the walrus is not palatable to white men, it forms a staple food for the Eskimos. When the natives make a killing, they dry vast quantities of walrus flesh in the open air, and each family stores it away in an underground cache, to be used when other food is scarce. The Eskimos use the skin of the walrus to make their famous skin boats, and roofing for their houses. They also use the skin for making rope. The green hides are split to the desired thickness, and a strip is cut around and around the hide until it is several hunred feet in length. It is then stretched in the open air to dry. The Eskimos use the walrus hide rope in preference to the best Manila rope that is made. The natives of north-western Alaska and Siberia use the entrails of the walrus to make raincoats. The cut of the garment is perhaps not very stylish, but the material is of the best; the membrane is tough, very light, and absolutely waterproof—a very important consideration to the natives of that inclement country.

Skin Very Valuable

The tanned skin of the walrus is in great demand by silversmiths for polishing the surface of fancy metal. The green hide of the walrus is from two to three inches in thickness. The tanning of such a heavy hide generally occupies a year or more. For this purpose the thickest part of the skin is the most valuable. The soft and tough texture of the leather makes it particularly desirable for polishing all kinds of fancy metal work. For this purpose the hide is cut into a circular shape, which makes a buffer wheel of solid leather. So far there has not been found a satisfactory substitute for this purpose.

Owing to their impenetrable haunts upon the ice, and the fact that the price of ivory is constantly going down, the walrus bid fair to withstand the ravages of commercialism. A new industry has sprung up, however, that makes a walrus skin as valuable as the skin of a fur seal, and this is again making the walrus a very-much-hunted animal. A London company is buying all the green walrus hides that can be produced. The young walrus skins and the thin parts of the big skins make finer suit cases and satchels than any other leather. For this purpose the walrus skin is split, and when properly tanned, the leather is remarkably pliable, and the grain rich and velvety.

To supply this demand, many power schooners outfit at Nome every spring to hunt walrus in Behring Sea and the Arctic Ocean. They take on crews of Eskimos, who are hired on shares, and receive as their quota the ivory and choicest cuts of the walrus meat, the owners taking the skins as their share.

Many Carcasses Lost

Notwithstanding that these hunters are good marksmen, a very large percentage of the walrus that are shot are not recovered. The walrus are very hard to kill. If there is any life left in them they will wriggle off the ice into the sea and sink in a very short time. A dozen bullets may be fired into the body of a walrus and not have the desired effect. Practically its only vulnerable spot is the brain which is situated about eight inches behind its eyes, and about three inches from the top of its head. This, of course, is no easy mark to hit especially if the hunters are sitting in a boat, for the walrus are mostly found upon ice floes that can only be approached by a small boat. With this promiscuous and wasteful shooting a great many walrus are wounded and rolling off the ice floes into the sea, are lost.

The storms that frequently come up on Behring Sea wash hundreds of these carcasses up on the shores of Siberia and Alaska. The ivory is usually recovered by the natives, but the flesh and the skin are generally decomposed beyond the stage of usefulness.—Rod and Gun.

Proving the Gyroscope

The university of Paris has installed an electrically driven gyroscope of great power for experimental purposes.

The highest temperature ever known in a human being was recorded in the case of an Italian recently. A victim of lung disease, his temperature was

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

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Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

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Through Sleepers.

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E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on May 30th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO

Muskoka Lakes	Lake of Bays
Georgian Bay	Algonquin Park
French River	Kawartha Lakes
Maganetawan River	Timagami, etc.

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A. Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa

(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS

(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS

Liverpool		Montreal
June 4	Missanabie	June 17
June 18	Metagama	July 1
July 2	Missanabie	July 15
July 16	Metagama	July 29

Particulars from any railway or steamship agent, or

S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 70— 9.50 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15 - 4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	2.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 25, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Tarker, South's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

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POINT-AU-BARIL
FRENCH & PICKEREL RIVERS
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GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME, MAY 30

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Never Defer Saving, but
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JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays

Girl Murderer At Fifteen

Paroled to Children's Home and Escapes—In Hiding Three Months

EDMONTON, Alberta., May 26.—A murderess at fifteen sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, afterwards parolod to a children's home from where she escaped and was free for nearly three years, and now returned to prison, is part of the life story of Kathleen Olga Simon.

This, and her other adventures since being sentenced to ten years imprisonment three years ago, sound more like a lurid dime novel or an uncensored motion picture story, than real life. Nevertheless fact has once more outpointed fiction when it comes to strangeness and the young girl appeared in the limelight last week when the authorities once more placed her under arrest.

Coming from Austria she left her parents and took a position as nurse girl at Prince Albert. Though still in her teens, Olga was a stout, well developed girl and in her charge was placed a 9-year-old child.

In a fit of anger one day Olga killed the child with a shovel. She was placed on trial at Prince Albert and found guilty of manslaughter, but owing to her youth was not given the extreme penalty. Instead she was sentenced to serve ten years in prison. A year later she was paroled to the children's home in Winnipeg. One day, while out walking with the matron, Olga escaped and though a thorough search of the city was made she eluded all her pursuers.

Three Months in Hiding

How she, a lonely, penniless young girl, with always the fear of arrest upon her, lived in the great city for next three months is not known. But one day a family living on the outskirts of the city found her in a fainting condition. The girl was nearly dead from starvation and cold, as the winter had come on and her clothes were in rags. Olga was fortunate. The house to which she had come was occupied by a kindly old couple who took the waif to their hearts and made a home for her.

Concealing her identity with precocious artfulness, Olga lived with them for some time. Always the fear of arrest must have hung heavy over her in a city where she knew so many were looking for her. She began to persuade her rescuers to allow her to go to the country where the old couple's son lived on a farm some ninety miles north of Winnipeg. Unwillingly they consented.

The move was the girl's undoing, for she had hardly been there a month when one day a visitor from Prince Albert saw her and wrote the authorities at Ottawa. An official was sent from the East to the farm and notified the girl she was under arrest. Olga was coolness personified. She appeared to accept the circumstances philosophically. "I will go and get my things," she informed the official and disappeared up the stairs to her room.

Olga Again Escapes

Little dreaming that he had a clever and resourceful person to deal with in this young girl, who looked like a mere child the official sat down to wait her return. But Olga did not return. Climbing out of her window she made her way over the flat roof of the kitchen, climbed over the eaves and let herself hang down, then dropped the rest of the way to the ground, a distance of several feet. The barn nearby offered access without view from where the official sat. She made this and from there down into a woodlet beyond.

Five days and nights this wild little creature, who had fought so hard and so long for liberty, evaded the posses that scoured the country for her, but hunger eventually drove her to a farmhouse and she was held there. Now she is back in the Manitoba jail waiting word from Ottawa as to what shall be done with her.

The people whom she lived with, and who have come to love her as their own, have made a strong plea to the Minister of Justice to again allow the child her liberty on parole.

GERMAN PEACE FEELERS

Sounded British Gov't After Russia and France

LONDON, May 26.—The statement of M. Sazonoff, the Russian foreign minister that numerous attempts have been made, and not only on the part of Austria to seek a separate peace, can be amplified in an interesting fashion. Both Germany and Austria have tried to create a break in the Triple Alliance. Russia was the first object of these manoeuvres, and France was next approached.

Perhaps the most surprising step was that which followed the failure of these earlier efforts. Great Britain's interest in continuing the war, wherein she had the support of France and Russia, rather than exposing herself to the greater dangers of a single-handed struggle against Germany, which all observers agree would follow an indecisive peace, is so marked that any likelihood of her breaking the agreement would seem out of the question. Yet there are good grounds for stating that Germany, of course indirectly, sounded the British Government as to the possibility of making terms which would detach England from Russia and France.

These overtures had short shift, and a striking sequel to them is the pledge taken by Italy, binding her to the triparitite agreement of September 5, 1914.

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

DELICIOUS APPETISING NOURISHING

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

Canadian Cheese In Great Demand

Prices which have obtained in cheese all winter have gradually got higher, although the new make is now coming in more or less freely, says the Canadian Grocer. Just why this is is a little hard to determine, but apparently several causes are contributing to it. England is very bare of cheese and is taking all she can get. There is a much larger demand for cheese in Canada than there is cheese to supply the demand. Export business is large and it is worth noting that most of it is in American hands. We find that Americans are exporting incomparably more cheese than we are, although most of it is Canadaian cheese. The new make is coming in rapidly, but there seems to be such a call that the situation is not eased any. Prices are up again this week on some markets. Butter, on the other hand, is much easier in tone; the make is coming in right along and it looks from enquiry into the condition of the pastures throughout the country that in about a couple of weeks' time the make will be almost doubled. This should send prices down further still.

Rexall Orderlies keep the bowels regular and healthy. Their action is gentle, mild and soothing. Sold only by The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c., and 50c boxes.

MR. JOHN O. RONEY KILLED BY A TRAIN

A sad accident occurred at the Division Street crossing of the Canadian Northern Railway in Colborne, on Tuesday morning, when Mr. John O. Roney's rig was struck by the morning express, throwing Mr. Roney over 50 feet to the foot of the embankment and killing him instantly. The horses apparently either jumped through or were forced between the end of the road guard railing and the train, being found standing at the foot of the embankment, and having received only a few scratches. The rig was thrown over 35 feet, and was smashed to kindling wood. The victim was born in Prince Edward County in 1848. A wife, one son and two daughters survive. An inquest is being held.

So powerful is the new style lyddite shell being made for the British army at Bethlehem Steel Works that steel shell breaks into bits, carrying death 100 yards from bursting point.

A REMEDY FOR BRONCHIAL COLDS

Philadelphia Man Tells How He Treated a Severe Case With Vinol and the Successful Result.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"Last Fall I was troubled with a very severe bronchial cold with very bad effects from it, headaches, backaches, and sick to my stomach. I was so bad I became alarmed and tried several medicines, also a doctor, but did not get any relief. One of the men where I am employed asked me to try Vinol, saying it cured his worst colds. I did so, and in a very short time received the relief which I craved. Now I am enjoying perfect health, and recommend Vinol to be all that is claimed for it."—JACK C. SINGLETON, Philadelphia, Pa.

When we tell you that Vinol is the best remedy in all our large stock for chronic colds, coughs and bronchitis there is no excuse for letting a cough or cold hang on for months and even years.

It is the curative medicinal elements of the cod's livers, combined with blood making and strengthening properties of tonic iron contained in Vinol which makes it so successful in removing chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis, after other medicines fail.

Try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding your money will be returned if it fails to help you.

J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Belleville, Ont.

Lord Lansdowne on the Crisis

"Something Amiss With the National Organization of the Country," He Says

LONDON, May 26.—The Marquis of Lansdowne and Andrew Bonar Law, both of whom now occupy seats in the coalition ministry, explained to their followers at a meeting of the Unionist members of both houses of parliament, held at the Carlton Club today the reasons why there was a Coalition Government.

Mr. Bonar Law read a letter from the prime minister, in which the prime minister suggested a coalition, saying:

"After long and careful consideration I have definitely come to the conclusion that the conduct of the war to a successful and decisive issue cannot be effectively carried on except by a cabinet which represents all the parties in the state. I need not enter into reasons sufficiently obvious which represents all the parties in the state. I need not enter into reasons sufficiently obvious which point to this as the best solution in the interests of the country of the problems which the war now presents; nor does the recognition of its necessity involve any disparagement on my part of the splendid service which in their sphere my colleagues have rendered to the empire.

"In this great and trying emergency my colleagues have placed their resignations in my hands, and I am therefore in a position to invite you and those who are associated with you to join forces with us in a combined administration, in which I should also ask the leaders of the Irish and labor parties to participate, whose common action, without prejudice to the future prosecution of our various divergent political purposes, should be exclusively directed to the issues of war."

Lansdowne's Explanation

Lord Lansdowne, in opening the meeting, said that ordinarily he disliked coalition governments, but the conditions at present were extraordinary.

"The country," he said, "is making the most stupendous effort it has ever been called upon to make. We do not even yet know what dimensions that effort may prove to be. New theatres of war unfold themselves before us; new developments, some of them of the most sinister and horrible kind, are taking place day by day, and we must all of us be convinced that at such a moment nothing but a supreme effort on the part of the whole nation will be sufficient to meet the difficulties and the oppostion in front of us."

"Something Amiss"

The country, continued Lord Lansdowne, had already experienced not a few disappointments. There had been shortcomings, miscalculations—some probably excusable, some of them perhaps not. There had been something amiss with the national organization of the country.

"We are not sure," said he, "that we are getting enough men, or if we are getting the right men. As to munitions, I will not dwell on that painful chapter. But it is a matter of common knowledge that the failure in the supply of essential munitions, not once, but many times, has interfered with the due progress of the military operations. If this, or half of this, is true, it means that the staying power of the country is going to be taxed before, and if we are going to pull through it must not be by the efforts of one party or another party, but by the whole nation."

Lord Lansdowne explained that the Unionist leaders considered that a general election would have been a national disaster of the first magnitude, and although their unofficial advice had been accepted by the government, thus throwing some of the responsibility on them, they felt that their share of the responsibility should be full and complete. They had, therefore, accepted the premier's invitation.

Regrets Redmond's Course

Andrew Bonar Law said that just as the Unionists had decided that there must be a change, he had received a letter from the prime minister suggesting coalition, and had immediately replied accepting the invitation. He expressed regret that John Redmond had not joined the government, which, if it was to succeed, must be a national government in reality as well as in name. The only chance of success was that every member should act as a loyal colleague, and without any idea that that result was to be got by a compromise on any question—home rule, the Welsh Church, or anything until the war was finished, and regard the was as the only thing they had to deal with. The meeting adjourned without adoption of any formal resolutions.

The trouble with most of the advice is that it has generally been offered at the wrong time.

Agricultural News

THE FIRST 1915 CROP REPORT

The Census and Statistics Office recently issued the first crop report of the present season. It deals with the area and condition of the fall wheat crop, the condition of the fall wheat meadows at the close of the winter, and the progress of spring seeding up to the end of April.

Owing to the mild winter and the favorable conditions which prevailed during the critical months of March and April, the fall wheat crop is reported as being exceptionally good on April 30. In Ontario, where 1,043,000 acres were sown as estimated last fall, not more than 6.8 per cent. is reported as winter killed, and in Alberta, with 230,000 acres estimated as sown, the proportion winter killed is only 6.2 per cent. These proportions are lower than in any year since 1908-09 for Ontario, and lower than in any previous year on record for Alberta. Last year the percentage winter killed was 19 in Ontario and 15.6 in Alberta. In Ontario the area winter killed amounts this year to 71,000 acres, and in Alberta to 14,300 acres. These figures, deducted from the areas sown, leave 972,000 acres in Ontraio, and 215,700 acres in Alberta as the areas under fall wheat to be harvested. With 10,900 acres in Manitoba, 4,100 acres in Saskatchewan, and 6,000 acres in British Columbia, the total area under fall wheat to be harvested this year amounts to 1,208,700 acres, as compared with 973,300 acres, the area harvested in 1914. Whilst therefore as previously reported the area sown to wheat last fall was 9 per cent. more than the area sown in the fall of 1913, the increased area to be harvested, owing to the small area winter killed, amounts to 24 per cent. Not less satisfactory is the general condition on April 30, which measured by the standard of 100 as representing a full crop is 93 in Ontario as compared with 81 last year and 83 in Alberta as compared with 87. For Ontario the figure is higher than in any year since 1910 when 95¼ was recorded; for Alberta this year's condition was only exceeded last year and in 1911. The condition for the whole of Canada on April 30 was 91 which, converted into a standard of 100 as representing the average condition at the same period for the six years, 1909-1914, indicates a condition of 112, or an anticipated yield per acre of 12 per cent. in excess of the average, provided that conditions between now and harvest time are not abnormal.

As in the case of wheat, the amount of winter killing proved to be unusually small, not more than 10 per cent. being the estimate for all Canada as compared with 14 per cent. last year and 22 per cent. in 1913. The average condition was 91 per cent. of the standard or full crop, as compared with 86.7 per cent. last year (May 6), 89.6 per cent. in 1913, and 74.6 per cent. in 1912.

It was at the time of the bulletin too soon to report on the Maritime Provinces, but excellent progress in the seeding of spring grains was reported from all the other six provinces. The spring was early, as a general rule the conditions for seeding were most favorable. About double the amount of seeding was accomplished this year on April 30 than was completed on May 6 in 1914. Of sprin wheat 55 per cent. of the total was finished in Quebec as against 5 per cent. last year; in Ontario 73 per cent. as against 24 per cent.; in the three western provinces 93 per cent. was completed in Manitoba; 94 per cent. in Saskatchewan, and 91 per cent. in Alberta, these proportions being higher than in any year since 1910. In British Columbia the percentage is 89. For all six provinces the proportion of seeding reported as effected on April 30 was 84 per cent. for wheat, 45 per cent. for oats, 38 per cent. for barley, and 63 per cent. for all crops.—Farmers' Advocate.

ANOTHER TOWN TAKEN IN TURKISH ARMENIA

PETROGRAD, May 26.—Russian troops operating in the Caucasus have occupied Mirandaub, the Russian war office announced tonight. This is an important point in Armenia. Two hundred Russia Cossacks charged the Turks in a fight in the Karaderbent region and sabred two companies.

The coldest inhabited country is said to be the Province of Werchojansk in Siberia. The daily temperature of the entire year is 2.74 degrees below zero.

CANADIANS HELD OUT GAMELY TO THE LAST

"They are rushing all the Canadian troops in England over here as fast as they can to make up for casualties," wrote Lt.-Col. J. A. Currie, M. P., from billets in France on the 8th inst., in a letter received by Mrs. Currie. Col. Currie tells more about the gallant fighting in which his battalion had 691 officers and men killed, wounded and missing. "Three companies," he writes, "were in the forward line of trenches. Osborne, McLaren and MacGregor, Alexander and Cory were in reserve in St. Julien. The left flank of our line was held by French Colonial troops which broke and ran when the Germans gased them. The Canadians had to step in and restore the line. They held it but could not restore the old line.

"My trenches were at the extreme angle of the salient, at the hinge," the letter continues. "We were ordered to hold to the last, and we did so. Not a man or officer after the first attack with gas came out of the first line. .. .... A lot of men have since died in the hospital from gas. The British public have much underestimated the German strength.

"I am in hopes that Captains Alexander and Cory have both been taken. They were very brave officers, and might have got away, but they hung on to St. Julien until there was hardly a stone or brick standing. The defence of Hugumont was nothing compared to the defence of St. Julien. They hung on without any hope of assistance."

In concluding his letter Col. Currie says the 48th have done a greater deed than any other Highland regiment in the war, or before it, and that the name of the regiment will live in history. He says the names of the Canadians are on the lips of the whole British army.

A GLORIOUS PAGE

Mr. F. T. Mercer has received the following letter, dated May 7th from his brother, Brig-General Mercer, commanding the Ontario Brigade:—

"We are in rest billets after our recent experiences from the night of the 22nd of April to the 2nd of May. How any one came out of those days, especially the 23rd, 24th and 15th of April can only be ascribed to a merciful Providence, for shells fell like rain and machine gun and rifle fire was almost incessant, while gas bombs and trench gas appliances liberated poisoned fumes that blinded and rendered the strongest as helpless as little children.

A glorious page has been written in the gallantry and conspicuous bravery of the Canadian soldiers. No praise can be too high for their unswerving fortitude and valorous action but the sorrow of it all is that to win the day entailed such a heavy casualty list. We all mourn our brave comrades who fell during those fateful days and join in deep sorrow with the bereaved ones at home and those who suffer anxious hours through the lack of particulars of their wounded ones. Everything possible was done for them and it is thought 70 per cent will recover.

Led Though Wounded

"Where all battalions of the division did so well it is not possible to discriminate, unless the charge of the 4th Battalion, under Col. Birchall is given signal mention. We deeply regret the loss of such a gallant officer and splendid friend. Though twice wounded he continued to lead his battalion until he was fatally shot down. The first battalion also distinguished itself, going forward with the 4th Battalion in the attack on Pilckem Ridge on the evening of the 23rd April. Not less gallant was the work of the 2nd Battalion under Col. Watson, and the 3rd Battalion, under Col. Rennie, both attached to the 3rd Brigade in the attack on the St. Julien Ridge.

Personal Grief

"When the records of these battalions are published they will fill many pages of illustrious deeds, but I refrain from mentioning them now, as the glory of the hour cannot outweight the personal grief we all feel through the sudden taking off of the heroic dead of our brigade and comrades of the Canadian division.

"We are hastily reorganizing, and expect to be sent forward again very shortly."

COLONEL CURRIES' GALLANTRY

Colonel John A. Currie, of the 48th Highlanders, fought like a hero with his regiment during the terrific fighting in April according to a letter from Private Ardagh Coe, who acted as a despatch rider for him. Coe says he came through the Battle of Langemarck uninjured except for a slight shrapnel wound in the shoulder, and adds that his power of description is totally inadequate to picture the fighting. "The Algerians on our left gave way," he says, "and the Germans were through the line. After that it was like a deram. We were firing steadily at masses of Germans all the time, and our rifles got so hot that we could scarcely hold them, but we beat them off for three days until relief

Continued on Page Eight.

They're Here--

The New Victor Records for June--- on sale today.

The Victor is first, as usual, with all the latest song hits and dance music — on the big list of New Victor Records for June.

Ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records—90c for the two selections:

I'm On My Way to Dublin Bay / Venus Waltz	Peerless Quartet / Victor Military Band	17736
I'm Proud to Be the Mother of a Boy Like You / We'll Take Care of You All	Peerless Quartet / Edna Brown-J. F. Harrison	17758
The Original Fox Trot (Banjo-Piano-Drums) / That Moaning Saxophone Rag (Saxophone Sextette)	Van Eps Trio / Six Brown Brothers	17677
You Are the Rose of My Heart / Runaway June	Henry Burr / Charles Harrison	17765

Some of the New Red Seals:

The Trumpeter (Barron-Dix) (Tenor) John McCormack—74432

One Sweetly Solemn Thought (Carey-Ambrose) (Soprano-Contralto duet) Gluck and Homer—87212

These are only a few of them—there are lots of others. Any "His Master's Voice" dealer in any city or town in Canada will be glad to play any of the new records you wish to hear. You ought to hear them today.

Victrola VI $33.50

With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections your own choice) $47.00

Sold on easy terms, if desired.

Other Victrolas from $21.00 to $305 (on easy payments, if desired) and ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records at 90c for the two selections at any "His Master's Voice" dealer's in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

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DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY

Victor Records—Made in Canada—Patronize Home Products

J. V. DOYLE, DRUGGIST

THIS new Spring Suit is a most attractive style for Young Men—especially those who desire a slender appearance. It is form fitting, with narrow shoulders and broad lapels. In charming effects for Spring and Summer—$15. to $35. 49

FIT-REFORM

Chas. J. Symons

"The Store With The Electric Man"

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

VERNON McLEOD.

Mrs. Cook, of North Front Street, has received the following letter concerning her son Archie, who is missing:

Headquarters, 1st Inf. Bgde.,
1st Can. Div., Br. Ex. Force.
May 11th, 1915.

Mrs. Cook, Belleville, Ont.

Dear Mrs. Cook,—I hope that by the time this arrives you will have received something more definite in regard to the casualty list of Canadians published recently and containing Archie's name as "missing." Up to the time of writing I have made enquiries of every possible person who I thought might know of him and I am writing this letter to give you those facts, though I hope you will not worry over what I have to say.

For some time past Archie and I had been friends, going everywhere together and enjoying such pleasures as are put in our way. The week of dates around the 20th he was orderly-corporal for his company and I went to have a talk with him on Wednesday, the 21st. He, on account of duties, could not get out. Since then I have not see him.

On Thursday evening, 22nd-23rd, we learned of the Germans breaking the line and early on Friday morning (1.30) we marched to the front to take the place of retreating French. Arrived at point of advance about 5 a.m. and the boys went to it. All day 23rd, 24th and 25th the Canadians fought, not alone all the time.

Now, Archie was in the machine gun work those days and I am told was seen until late the afternoon of the 25th. The guns were then put in a different position and their crews went into a barn, at least his bunch did. This barn was shelled heavily soon after the boys went into it. A retreat was made along the line and whether or not he got out of the barn, I can't find out. Their officers say that they are confident that no one was wounded in the barn, and I am hoping that he became mixed up with our English regiments and went to a base hospital. Daily we learn of fellows turning up in hospitals other than those for Canadians. Again, there is a possibility of his being made a prisoner of war, because if he didn't get out of the barn before the Germans surrounded it, he would surely number among the prisoners. If so, we should get a list soon; and anyway, he'll be allowed to correspond. As to death, I think it impossible, or rather improbable, for we have the identification discs turned in, and his is not there, although all our dead have been buried. You see each and every man has his disc tied around his neck, and this disc is removed before burial.

I am holding out the hope that he got on a wrong ambulance and so went astray. That is the opinion of the boys in his platoon (No. 9) also, and I think that you probably will hear from him ere this reaches you. If the above is the case the hospital will notify our headquarters here very shortly, as is the rule.

The numerous telegrams and cables enquiring for husbands and sons have prompted me to let you hear from the front. I hope you will not worry over-much, for I trust all will come out well. At any rate you may rest assured that his many friends will look him up if possible and I will write you as soon as I can find anything out.

Should you receive letters in the meantime from him I know you will pardon this note. I am,

Respectfully yours,
VERNON McLEOD.

Huge Profits

Savage Arms Company Expected to Make Seventy Per Cent

NEW YORK, May 27.—The fabulous profits which the principal arms and ammunition manufacturers are making is indicated by one of the smaller factors in the industry, which is expected to earn 70 per cent. this year on its $1,000,000 stock through the ownership of rights to manufacture the Lewis machine gun. This is the Savage Arms Co. Irrespective profits from sales of the Lewis gun, it is officially estimated that the company will earn 15 per cent, this year while net profits from manufacture of the Lewis gun, it is believed, will amount to at least $550,000, making a total net for the year $700,000. The plant at Frankfort, N.Y., has been in continuous operation 24 hours a day during the past six months.

The Lewis gun is the newest machine gun, having a capacity of 750 shots a minute, a self-adjusting device which ejects the empty cartridge inserts a fresh cartridge and set the firing pin, and a cooling device which utilizes the air suction caused by the discharge of the bullet to keep the gun constantly cool. The gun may be fired from the shoulder of a strong man.

Germans Show Disregard for Waste of Life

Ranks Reformed and Advanced After Being Shattered by a Hail of Lead

NORTH OF FRANCE May 26—Such incredible tenacity and disregard of waste of life are being displayed by the Germans in their furious attack northeast of Ypres that the execution done by the British artillery fire upon La Brassee and the Germans' second line near that place and the progress made by the French, north of Arras toward Visay, become of merely subordinate interest.

Though clouds of gas were projected again and again toward the British trenches, the Germans never succeeded in their attack on Monday in putting the lines in serious danger though they did gain a footing in some of the trenches; but the front as a whole was successfully held.

A terrific bombardment was opened in the course of the night. It proved a continuous hail of shell, that showed clearly that the Germans intended to advance at all costs by sheer weight of metal and men. Under this appalling avalanche of steel and high explosive the British more themselves wonderfully, though suffering heavy losses. They steadily awaited the onrushes that were to follow. Then their opportunity came.

Suddenly in the moonlight the Germans swarmed up one of their trenches and began to form for the advance. The British artillery and machine guns, assisted by the French artillery, let loose a tornado of lead among them, mowing down like grass; but with absolute disregard of the slaughter, the German troops continued to reform themselves into massed columns and then started to advance in their old style formation. Six times in succession I am told, their columns swung forward to utter annihilation; that all this colossal sacrifice of life yielded them nothing except a few ruined farms.

Meanwhile, to prevent the French and Belgians on the British left from advancing and causing a diversion, the Germans turned upon their lines about Steenstraete the same artillery fire of which the British had been the first recipients. It is reported that the French and Belgians did not suffer greatly in either loss of ground or men.

Relatively slight as these German successes are the British could have prevented them, but only at the price of a sacrifice of life equal to that to which the Germans deliberately exposed themselves. That, however, is not the Allies' policy, which is rather to allow the enemy to bleed himself in such carnage and reserve their own human material for the hour of the forthcoming advance.

HOUSE DRESSES

In our Ready-to-Wear Department we are showing a varied assortment of serviceable House Dresses, in Ginghams, Chambrays, Zephyrs and Percales.

Dresses in Ginghams and Percales at **$1.00**

A nicely trimmed Gingham Dress of excellent quality at **$1.50** and **$1.65**

Dresses made in pretty styles in black and white stripes in Zephyrs and Ginghams at .... **$2.00** and **$2.50**

HORROCKSES' COTTONS

The name Horrockses stands for the Best in Cottons. We now have a full range in these cottons.

Pillow Cottons, 42 to 46 ins. wide, **30c** to **35c** yard.

Horrockses' Sheetings, 7-4 to 9-4, **35c** to **50c** yard.

Horrockses' Cottons, 36 ins. wide, **15c** to **30c** yard.

EMBROIDERED VOILES

See our 45 in. Embroidered Voile Flouncings, for fine Summer Dresses, in colored and white, at **65c** to **$2.50** yard.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

For small children we have a full range of sizes in the Knitted Nazareth Waist.

This garment combines comfort with durability, and the price is only 25c each.

DOLLAR CORSETS

In our Corset Department we have two special dollar lines. These are the best values shown for **$1.00**.

MIDDY MATERIALS

For Middies we have Indian Heads, Repps, and Percales, width 27 to 45 inches.

Prices, **18c** to **35c** yard.

BATH TOWELS

Bath Towels in white and linen, colored, with fringed or plain ends, sizes from 18 x 36 inches to 27 by 54 inches, prices from **15c** to **90c** each.

STRIPED SILKS

Regimental Stripes for waists and dress trimmings, in two qualities. Corded Silks at **$1.25** yard, and Messaline at **90c** yard.

Sinclair's See Our WASH DRESS CREPES At 12½c yard. **Sinclair's**

Three Months in Jail for Theft

The Bancroft Times of this week had the following item:

For some time goods have been disappearing with considerable regularity from freight cars on the railway siding here, and when a trainman discovered three men in a car one night recently he reported the matter to the railway authorities, with the result that a couple of detectives were sent up here on Friday. Acting on the information furnished them, they discovered thirteen pairs of athletic shoes at the home of Norman Lake, on the Monk Road. Lake's son, Milton, and a young man named Ernest Farrell were taken into custody and came up for trial on Saturday last. They admitted having broken the seals on three cars, and said that they were looking for whiskey. They were each sentenced to three months imprisonment, and the elder Lake, who was charged with receiving stolen goods, was given a suspended sentence after agreeing to pay for the shoes that were missing. A bag of potatoes, alleged to have been taken from the freight shed, was found hidden under a bed in a house in the north end of the village, but as it is rather difficult to prove the theft, the party will not likely be prosecuted.

Farrell enlisted for service in the third contingent, and put in a couple of months drilling at Belleville, but the authorities could do nothing with him and sent him home.

Escaped from Jail

Two Napanee Prisoners Make a Clean Getaway

NAPANEE, May 27.—Charles Robertson and James Murray, prisoners at the county jail awaiting transportation to the Central Prison on charges of theft, effected their escape at an early hour yesterday morning. The two with one other prisoner were locked in the corridor by Jailer Loyst, and not in their cells. It appears that they have been allowed more privileges than usual, and as a result they got clean away. They locked the other prisoner in his cell before attempting to escape and it is thought that they must have found the key of the corridor which was used by Pare and Holden, of the Dominion Bank robbery fame. Anyway they succeeded in opening the door on which there is a huge yale lock, getting into the yard at the rear of the jail, around which there is a twelve-foot stone wall. They attempted to dig underneath the gates but found that impossible. Finally they succeeded in getting over the wall using a plank. They were wearing prison clothes. Up to the present no trace of them has been discovered.

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Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
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GENERAL CONSTRUCTION
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to. No. 3 Molsoms' Bank Apartments.

AMERICAN UNIFORM.

What Milady Would Wear Were She to Take Up Arms.

If the American woman is suddenly called upon to take up arms in defense of her native land she will be prepared in so far as an attractive uniform is concerned. Blue, of course, is the prevailing color in feminine uniforms. The material is gabardine of the spring weight, which readily lends itself to plaiting schemes. The plaits are found chiefly in the skirts, always very full and nearly always of ankle length, for the high topped shoe goes with the military uniform walking costume, and that shoe is so trim that to conceal any part of it would be a pity. One of the plainest of these models has a skirt so severely cut that, while it fits without a wrinkle over the hips, it falls in loose pleats below them. They do not drop fuward about the ankles, however, although there is no apparent scheme for making them stand out.

American Toys.

To take the place of the lead soldier made in Germany one firm has made a steel soldier very durable and quite neutral, his breeches Magyar, his coat English, his helmet German. He is cheap, too, the little set of fifteen infantrymen and three cavalrymen costing 25 cents as against the price for the imported pewter set of soldiers of $1. The sale of the paper and wooden soldier has gone up from the rate of 3,000,000 a year before the war to 5,000,000 since.

The sales of toy shotguns have also increased. In one firm the employees have been increased from 60 to 180, and they work in day and night shifts. This firm made not only guns, but war games. Their history is interesting because it is so recent. They are an adaptation of the peaceful map game made by the firm before the war, a game of the shortest routes for parcel post or a game to be won by locating the capitals of the states or by naming rivers and harbors.

Cruelty a Trying Fault.

One of the most trying faults to combat in nervous children is cruelty. Fortunately it is not a common one. The difficulties of its early eradication are made possible by the many examples that the child sees of what is apparently deliberate cruelty carried on by adults. He cannot see why it is not wrong to trap and kill mice, to kill fowl, to use worms as bait or to catch flies. He justifies his own acts by those of others. This is what makes the problem a particularly hard one to solve, and it requires the most patient handling to set the child right. Single acts of cruelty in the child need not be a cause for alarm, but persistency in such acts or their occurrence in later childhood should attract attention to both moral and physical needs.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 23 Bridge St., over O.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets. Phone 715.

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 3 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North Britian & Mercantile Ins. Co. Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Belleville. Phone 16.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont.

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
Agent for
Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office: 29 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .. .. Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 548.
LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. EVANS, C.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS C.E. & M.E.
EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

Phone 326

Drugs & Patent Medicines At Lowest Prices

You Can Save Money By Buying Them At

DOYLE'S Cut-Rate Drug Store

Phone 326

You can Save 50 p.c. by buying your Drugs and Patent Medicines at Doyle's Drug Store Saturday

25c. Nature's Remedy 12c.	50c. Herpicide 29c.	10c. Health Salts 8c.	10c. Medicamentum 3 for 10c.	25c. Stearns' Headache Wafers 17c.	25c. White Liniment 13c.
25c. Syrup of Figs and Senna 13c.	25c. Dyspepsia Tablets 12c.	25c. Electric Oil (Thomas') 16c.	50c. Pink Pills 32c.	25c. Soothing Syrup 14c.	$1.00 Beef, Iron and Wine 46c.
Epsom Salts 5c. lb.	Wood Alcohol 20c. pt.	Camphor Gum 3 cakes for 10c.	50c. bottle Olive Oil 40c.	100 A. B. S. & C. Tablets 14c.	25c. Hydrogen Peroxide 10c.

50c Abbey's Salts 35c | SPECIAL—Mary Garden Talcum Powder 49c | Boracic Powder 19c lb.

SPECIALS
A 10c Cake of TOILET SOAP and a 25c SOAP BOX, Both for 25c

A 25c TOOTH BRUSH and a 25c tube TOOTH PASTE Both for 25c

FREE!
With each can of MOORLAND TALCUM, which contains one half pound of the finest Violet Talcum at 35c a box containing a miniature can of Talcum Powder, a bottle of Toilet Water, and a tube of Cold Cream FREE

Candies to Children
Every child making a purchase ON SATURDAY will receive some CHOCOLATES Quantity in proportion to purchase
SEND YOUR CHILD

75c lb. Chocolates, ... 45c
50c lb. Chocolates, ... 29c

Cigars
Bachelors .. .. 4 for 25c.
Japs .. .. 4 for 25c.
Benedicts .. .. 4 for 25c.
Club Specials .. .. 4 for 25c.
Tucker's Prefrencia .. .. 10c.
Penslar Panetela .. .. 5c.

Cameras, Films and Photographic Supplies
Developing and Printing done. Work Guaranteed.

VICTROLAS
Victrola Records
We get them as soon as they are out.

The Penslar Store

Spring Shirts !

THE excellence of our Shirts and our immense Shirt trade has styled us the Shirt Store of the Town !

No Store gives the study of Shirt fashions and Shirt making more serious thought than we do !

The result is our high achievement in the Shirt business !

Our Shirtings are of the best of fabrics and our Shirts are made for our trade exclusively.

The handsome new designs and colorings we show are in advance of those shown by other Dealers.

Everything new in Madras and genuine French Percales, Soisette, Linen and Silk.

Attached Cuffs, Soft Turn Back Cuffs, &c.

75c, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00

All Sizes !

Quick & Robertson

THE OUTFITTERS

Drug Apprentice or Assistant **Wanted**

Apply personally or in writing, with references

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY

343 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE

Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from, You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

ICE ! ICE !

THE

F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE

F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

Friday & Saturday SPECIALS

Regular 25c Gas Bread Toasters,........ .... 15c
Fine Wash Boards, Saturday Only, ... 22c

Androch Gas Oven, Reg. 75c for 60c.	Why Pay More for Pure Teas than we ask you ?	Kermis China Cups and Saucers Regular 25c for 20c
Toilet Paper, 10c a Roll, 4 for 25c	5 lbs. 25c Tea for $1.00 4 lbs. 30c Tea for $1.00 3 lbs. 40c Tea for $1.00	Rogers' 1847 Silver Knives and Forks $4.25 a doz.
Surprise and Naptha Laundry Soap 6 Bars for 25c	PURE COFFEE Fresh ground and delicious aroma, ABSOLUTELY PURE 30c, 35c, 40c a lb.	97 Piece Dinner and Tea Set Regular $16.00 for $12.00
Wash Tub Stands Reg. $1.50 for $1.25	Pure Ducth Cocoa 40c a lb. in bulk	97 Piece Dinner and Tea Set Regular $8.00 for $6.00
Galvanized Wash Boilers Saturday only 95c		

SPECIAL PRICES IN HAMMOCKS—Our Stock is Full and Complete. Prices from $1.25 to $5.75.

STROUDS' CHINA, TEA and COFFEE STORE

HEADQUARTERS FOR WEDDING PRESENTS

THE STATES DENUDED OF HORSES

C. J. Fitzgerald, head of a leading Canadian shoe manufactory and widely known throughout the United States as President of the Brighton Beach Racing Association, when interviewed in New York city recently stated that the war had practically stripped the States of good horses. The situation in Canada, he said was a little better because purchasers for the Imperial Government had ceased for a time. He expressed the opinion that a tremendous mistake was made in permitting so many mares suitable to produce cavalry and artillery horses to leave the country. About half the animals shipped were mares and many of them were in foal. At the present time, said Mr. Fitzgerald, Great Britain, France and Italy, had commissioners everywhere in the States picking up horses and the scarcity was already alarming especially in view of the general opinion that the war would last a long time. Agricultural conditions in Canada, he reported to be good and the general business situation especially in Ontario very satisfactory.

In these days of enterprise it is better to get rooms on the ground floor than at the top.

We always like to quote threatening Scripture when it applies to the other chap.

You Should Worry If

it were difficult to find a safe and reliable remedy for the ailments due to irregular or defective action of the stomach, liver or bowels. These ailments are likely to attack anyone; likely, too, to lead to worse sickness if not relieved.

Beecham's Pills

are famous the world over, for their power to correct these troubles certainly and safely. They cleanse the system, purify the blood and act as a general tonic upon body, brain and nerves. Indigestion, biliousness, constipation might, indeed, cause you prolonged suffering and expose you to danger if Beecham's Pills

Were Not On Hand

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

APPOINTMENT

Mr. G. Freeman, Tweed, has been appointed Manager of the Bell Telephone line at Napanee, and is moving into a house on Adelphi street.

MILITARY

Col. John Hughes of Orono, has been slated to take command of Valcartier Camp this year. The appointment is popular in military circles. Militia officers who have served with Col. Hughes, freely concede that no better man for the job could be found in Canada.—Orono News.

BEAVER NEAR BANCROFT

The Bancroft Times reports the existence in that vicinity of a number of colonies of beavers. While we cannot boast of a number of colonies we know of one about 20 miles from Tweed and it appears to be an exceptionally strong one judging from the works in the vicinity of the pond. It is certainly surprising to see the almost human intelligence displayed by these animals in the performance of their work, the dams and canals being perfect to a remarkable degree. The existence of this colony is an asset to the district and should have every protection. It is worth going many miles to see.—Tweed Advocate.

COURT OF REVISION COMPLETE THEIR DUTIES

The Court of Revision held their final meeting last night and considered appeals against the assessment from owners of property in Bleecker, Coleman and Murney Wards. A number of appeals were dismissed, thus upholding the assessment made. The reductions were as follows:

Bleecker Ward

Joseph Templeton, Great St. James street property, assessed at $2,000, reduced to $1,600.

Miss Sarah Templeton, Great St. James, income $150 remitted.

Thompson Furniture Company, Station road, assessed at $8,000, reduced to $7,000.

F. E. O'Flynn, trustee Bleecker St. church, assessed at $5,000, reduced $500.

Coleman Ward

Wm. O'Keefe, Strachon street, assessed at $2,300, reduced $100.

John S. Young, College street, assessed at $700, reduced to $600.

Phoebe Sparrow, St. Charles street, assessed at $1,200, reduced to $1,000.

Andrew Grey, South Elm street, assessed at $1,000, reduced to $800.

F. D. Wallbridge, East Purdy street, assessed at $650, reduced to $500.

Albert Ayling, East Boswell street, assessed at $1,400, reduced to $1,100.

Murney Ward

Albert Ayling, Catherine street, assessed at $900, reduced to $800.

Chas. Evans, Moira street, assessed at $3,000, reduced to $2,500.

Lucy Ford, East Sinclair street, assessed at $1,100, reduced to $1,000.

Rev. Alex Martin, North Bridge St., income struck off.

Murney estate, North Bridge street, assessed at $4,000, reduced to $3,000.

Maggie White estate, Norfolk and Mary streets, assessed at $700, reduced to $400.

Samson Ward

Dr. R. Leavens, Front street, assessed $25,650, reduced to $25,000.

Dr. R. Leavens, McAnnany street, assessed at $2,800, reduced to $1,500.

City Council Pass Debenture Bylaw

At the conclusion of the meeting of the Civic Committees last evening a special meeting of the Council was held, presided over by Mayor Panter. All the members of the council, excepting Ald. Platt, were present. The object of the meeting was to pass the following Bylaw:

A Bylaw to authorize the raising of the proceeds of $7,704 of debentures by way of loan for completing the erection of a new public school building in the city of Belleville, for which debentures were authorized to be issued by Bylaw No. 1871.

The Bylaw was passed through its various stages and numbered. This was the only business transacted.

After the War The Outlook

"Let there be no mistake," says the London Daily Citizen. "This great war is not going to leave social problems in the old place. The effect of it will be searching and deep. The spirit of the people, of the great masses of the people, has been roused by this war as that spirit has never been roused before. These great masses of the people have been and are realizing themselves as never before. When sons and brothers come back, as they will, the veterans of victory, the man who reads history in the nation's eyes will meet with a new expression. Whatever these toilers of the fields and of the meaner streets become they cannot be what they were."

One of the many social problems created by the war is the lack of labor in our countryside, and the suggestion is being made that the lack shall be supplied by the labor of children who should be at school.

There have been many protests against this suggestion—notably by Bishop Gore, who, in a letter to The Times, says that he has just visited one school where the seven boys at the top of the school had been thus withdrawn. He adds:

"I have been endeavoring to ascertain the facts more precisely. Such inquiry as I have been able to make increases the anxiety I cannot but feel. The ground of this anxiety lies in the consideration that the existing shortage is not likely to be temporary. In other words, I do not believe that the young men who have enlisted for the war are likely to return to the land, under the old conditions, after the war.

"I have taken the opportunity of consulting a number of clergy who know the country lads well. They have all expressed the same opinion. The lads are already greatly improved by military service and better feeding. They are greatly pleased with themselves. They are tasting what seems to them a more interesting life than they knew before. Whatever they become after the war, they will not return to what they were. It is therefore not a temporary but a permanent shortage of labor that has to be met. It must be met, I believe, by improving ages and conditions so as to attract labor to the country; and this improvement had better be begun at once and on a systematic scale. Also education should not be curtailed, but in every way improved so as to make rural education a better preparation for rural life. To meet the shortage by withdrawing boys prematurely from school on a large scale is a disastrously reactionary measure, which it will be hard to reverse."

German Spies

An extraordinary story is told by William Le Queux in his latest book, "German Spies in England." The author managed to secure from a German of high position a report of a secret and bellicose speech by the Kaiser, delivered as long ago as 1908. Intending to make it the basis of a book pointing out that Germany meant war, Mr. Le Queux took it to Mr. Eveleigh Nash, the publisher, who locked it in a drawer in his private writing table. Two days later, when Mr. Nash opened the drawer, he found that the precious document had been stolen! Mr. Le Queux says that German Secret Agents undoubtedly committed the theft, and he has since learned that the manuscript is now in the archives of the Secret Service in Berlin.—From Beck's Weekly, Montreal.

Pitfalls For Cavalry

A strategem employed by the Scots at the Battle of Bannockburn has been frequently tried in the present war. The Scots, it will be remembered, dug numerous pits, placed pointed stakes in each, and covered them over with fallen leaves. When the English charged over the trap it was broken and they were cut to pieces. Immediately after the occupation of Brussels the Germans commandeered all the barrels in the city and sank them in the streets, it being almost impossible for cavalry to charge across these pitfalls.

WHEN DINNER COMES

One Ought to Have a Good Appetite

A good appetite is the best sauce. It goes a long way toward helping in the digestive process, and that is absolutely essential to health and strength.

Many persons have found that Grape-Nuts food is not only nourishing but is a great appetizer and children like the taste of it and grow strong and rosy from its use.

It is especially the food to make a weak stomach strong and create an appetite for dinner.

"I am 57 years old," writes a grandmother," and have had a weak stomach from childhood. By great care as to my diet I enjoyed a reasonable degree of health, but never found anything to equal Grape-Nuts as a standby.

"When I have no appetite for breakfast and just eat to keep up my strength, I take 4 teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts with good rich milk, and when dinner comes I am hungry. While if I go without any breakfast I never feel like eating dinner. Grape-Nuts for breakfast seems to make a healthy appetite for dinner.

"My little grandson was sick with stomach trouble during the past summer, and finally we put him on Grape-Nuts. Now he is growing plump and well. When asked if he wants his nurse or Grape-Nuts, he brightens up and points to the cupboard. He was no trouble to wean at all—thanks to Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Saturday Special

With every "NEW PERFECTION" or "GURNEY-OXFORD" OIL COOK STOVE We will give a Special Premium

THIS OFFER IS FOR SATURDAY, May 29th ONLY

The 'Tipperary' $8 A Complete Gas Range

Lawn Mowers
Garden Hose
Hose Reels
Ice Cream Freezers
Refrigerators
Electric and Gasolene Irons

Have you tried SANI-FLUSH in your Bath-room?

The John Lewis Co.

Limited

What a Headache!

And all caused by a pair of strained eyes—which a pair of my Eyeglasses will do away with quickly.

Let me examine your Eyes as an expert—measure the error of refraction—and correct it.

DO IT NOW

Alex Ray, Opt D.

Belleville's Eye-Sight Specialist

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins.. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

LEWIS & HOBSON

THE CYCLE STORE.

"Lives of great men all remind us
We can make our lives sublime
And departing leave behind us
WHEEL PRINTS on the sands of time."
—(With apologies)

So sang the poet, or anyhow something like it. It's what he would have sung if he rode one of our MASSEY CUSHION FRAME WHEELS No doubt about the sublime.

$28.50, $30.00, $35.00, $40.00, $50.00

333 FRONT STREET

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors COME** to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality !

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86

Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 101

CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

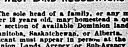
PANAMA and STRAW **HATS** CLEANED AND BLOCKED

JUST ARRIVED A new line of FANCY HAT BANDS all the latest shades also a few PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY

236½ Front St. Phone 797

(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

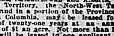
A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.



SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—

The Arrival of the Much-Looked-For

Palm Beach Crash Suits

OUR first showing of these will without a doubt create quite some considerable excitement, considering the amount of enquiries we have had about them recently.

They have turned out splendidly, and are quite the prettiest Summer Suits we have shown for some time. The prices, too, are low—real low—$10.00, and the prettiest of styles. See them. It's worth your while.

K-E Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

20c and 25c Ginghams Sat. Morning 15c	$1.25 Parasols Saturday 98c

CANADIANS HELD OUT GAMELY TO THE LAST

Continued From Page Five

came, and we were put in the reserve trenches. Colonel Currie, who used a rifle and bayonet throughout the battle, fought like a hero, and it was largely the example he set that gave us courage to hold on.

"Harry Foote came through all right, but Ross Binkley was killed. We are now back at a rest camp, to be reorganized."

Lance-Corporal Clarence Pyke, writing from a military hospital in the north of England, says: "We were in the trenches at Ypres, near the famous Hill 60 and on the extreme left of the British line. Next to us were the French. When the French retreated the Canadian division was completely surrounded by Germans, and they were pelting us with shrapnel and rifle fire on all sides. We retreated and occupied our reserve trenches. Then our artillery ran out of ammunition. We received orders to fight our way out, and, believe me, we did it. We had the Germans going in all directions until we got back to a place called St. Julien. Here we met our support and turned around and fought our way back to the trenches. It was some fight and lasted 11 hours. The colonel gave the command, 'On centre close,' and exactly 196 of the 48th Highlanders answered their names. The poor old colonel actually wept as he said: 'Men, there will be many sad homes in Canada.' "

COL. CURRIE PROMOTED

OTTAWA, May 27.—Militia orders today announce the promotion of Lieut.-Col. J. A. Currie, M.P., to the rank of brevet-colonel and to remain seconded.

TRIBUTE TO COL. CURRIE

The Globe pays the following well-merited tribute to Col. Currie:—

"Scraps of information coming back from Flanders prove that the 48th Highlanders of Toronto did their duty nobly at Langemarck, and died as heroes die. Col. Currie states that the losses of his regiment were greater than those of any other engaged in the fearful struggle. The 48th went into action action 887 strong. The killed, wounded, and missing numbered 691, and 196 men, only answered the roll call after the battle.

Colonel Currie's own part in the encounter was that of a born leader of men. A Highlander writing home says that the Colonel used a rifle and bayonet throughout the action, and "it was largely the example he set that gave us courage to hold on." After actually holding the trenches till the Dublin Fusiliers came up to bring relief, Col. Currie mustered the remnant of his regiment, and another letter-writer tells us how when he gave the command, "Centre close," exactly 196 of the 48th Highlanders answered their names. "The poor old Colonel actually wept as he said: 'Men, there will be many sad homes in Canada.' "

Hats off to John Currie, who fought like a hero when the grim work of war had to be done, and wept like a woman next day when he thought of the gallant youths under his command who would return to their Lochaber no more."

Brave O'Leary Killed in Action

LONDON, May 27.—A report reaching here from Dublin says that Lance-Corporal Michael O'Leary of the Irish Guards, one of the best known winners of the Victoria Cross in this war, was killed during the last battle on the western front.

Corp. O'Leary was given the Victoria Cross for conspicuous bravery at Cuinchy, February 1st.

HEAVY GERMAN LOSSES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 28.—The Times' Petrograd correspondent says he learns that the German casualties in the West Galicia drive were one hundred and six thousand men.

R.S.A. AND R.M.C. COURSES

KINGSTON, May 27.—The Militia Department has decided to continue the Royal School of Artillery courses throughout the summer. The fourth course for cadets of the Royal Military College seeking commissions will open July 1, and the fifth course for officers in general on August 1. Instructions will be given at the big war camp at Barriefield.

Many a smart kid who has ruled his mother has found it a different proposition to govern a wife.

If a man could read his own biography it would probably surprise him more than ady one else.

One charitable act will occasionally cause a man to pat himself on the back for many months.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RITCHIE'S

PHONE NUMBER 820 Connects All Departments.

Decided Savings On Table Linens

IF YOU BUY THEM AT RITCHIE'S

Tabling by the Yard, Linen Table Sets and Linen Towels. All Selling At Former Prices. It will Pay You to Buy Linens HERE and NOW

Table Linen By the Yard At Former Prices

We are indeed fortunate in having such a splendid showing of Linen Tabling by the yard both in the bleached and unbleached qualities. There has been a decided increase in the price of Linen Tabling since we laid in our present large stock, but not one yard has been marked above the former low prices, as the following will show:—

BLEACHED TABLING—pure linen damask in dice patterns and floral designs, priced from 75c. to $1.75 yard.

UNBLEACHED TABLING—in dice and floral designs, pure linen, priced from 60c. to $1.25.

Slightly Damaged Tablecloths at 25% Off

Included in this lot of slightly damaged cloths are a number of sample cloths which are not damaged in any way. They are pure linen damask in 8/4, 10/4 and 12/4 lengths, and in very attractive patterns. 25 per cent. off regular prices. Cloths that sell regularly at $2.25 to $10.00, for $1.75 to $8.00.

REGULAR $3.50 TABLE NAPKINS ON SALE AT $2.98 DOZEN.

Not seconds or samples, but all perfect goods in every way, pure linen damask, in sizes 20x20 inches and 22x22 inches; pretty designs and regular $3.50 per dozen; for $2.98 dozen.

(See North Window Tonight.)

No Increase in Price Of Old Bleach Table Linen Sets

We now have the largest stock we have ever shown of these reliable "Old Bleach" Table Linen sets, consisting of cloths and napkins to match. They were bought before the increase in Linen prices and we will sell them accordingly. Excellent patterns in pure linen damask, at $6.50 to $16.00

Old Bleach Huck Towels

AT OLD PRICES.

Hemmed and hemstitched, pure linen, fully bleached towels, with plain and fancy borders. These towels are now actually worth 20 to 25 per cent. more than the prices at which we have marked them to sell, which are from 35c. to 75c.

You Might be Glad To Know That—

We do Furniture Upholstering, and if you so desire we will have a competent man call and give you estimates as to the cost of re-covering your furniture.

We make Window Shades to order—any size, any price.

We take measurements for Verandah Curtains, also make them complete and hang them when done at a reasonable cost.

We make Window and Arch Drapes of the finest character —designed and made in our own workrooms to your order.

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.

A Further Reduction in Price OF Ladies' and Misses' Suits

$7.95

We have no hesitation in pronouncing these the best Suit values we have ever offered; and we know you will be of the same opinion when seeing them, especially when you see the Original price tickets. They tell the story better than all we could say. But here's a general description of the lot. They are principally plain tailored with the exception of a few stunning novelty suits. The shades are tan, black, taupe, Copenhagen, navy and fancy checks; all splendid materials, and regular prices from $12.75 to $25.00. On sale at .....

$7.95

(See displays in windows tonight.)

All Odd Pairs OF Lace Curtains 25 p.c. Discount

Odd pairs of Curtains, only one pair of a pattern, but they are the balance of our season's best selling lines, such as Swiss Applique, Battenburg, Brussels Net, Voiles, Marquisettes and fancy Coristine Lace Lace Curtains in white, ivory, ecru and two tone effects. Some are slightly soiled through handling, and we will sell them to clear quickly at 25 per cent. off Retail Marked prices.

SEE WINDOWS TONIGHT.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents for 25 words or less, $1.00 for 50 words. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (12) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 4 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family driver. Apply at 20 Pinnacle Street or address Box 20, Stirrett at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. 23dwtf

POULTRY—13 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine rooster. Most of these are laying. $12.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office. 21tf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIPPEWA, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set, Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 36 Percy street. m23-d1f

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE AT 43 Gordon Street on Friday and Saturday. 23 2d

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-d1f

WANTED AT ONCE, BREAD BAKER. Apply C. Arthurs, 272 Princess street, Kingston, Ont. 27-2d

AGENTS WANTED

$20 CASH WEEKLY, ALSO COMMISSION, for traveler to appoint agents. Drawer 258, Brantford, Ontario. 21-6d

LOST

LOST, A YOUNG HOUND, BROWN WITH some white spots. Answers the name of Tony. Reward if returned to E. Domenico, Bridge Street. 31

TO RENT

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Metra St. 'Phone 661. m27-d1f

A SMALL HOUSE WITH GARDEN, COR. per Dundas and Graham Streets. Apply W. Lingham, 212 Dundas st. 21-6d

SMALL HOUSES TO RENT IN STRATford Terrace. Apply B. Burton, 184 Albert Street. 26-6d

WANTED

WOOL WANTED. FARMERS, WE WANT 40,000 of washed and unwashed wool, for which we will pay the highest cash price. Shipments from outside points will receive prompt and careful attention at Belleville Produce Co. m23-d3 a tf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL TO HELP IN house. Apply 276 Bridge East. 31

WANTED, A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSE work. References required. Apply evenings to 215 Ann Street, city. 31

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED MAID FOR general housework. Apply Mrs. J. F. Wills, 70 Queen st. m28-d1f

The Belleville Burial Co
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers.
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 776

Eat Clapp's Fresh Butter Scotch
RICH, CRISPY, BUTTERY,
and just flavored right with the very best Vanilla.
SOME FRESH TO-DAY
20c a lb.
Chas. S. Clapp

TWEED

Sherby Wilder, of Kingston, nephew of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Barnett, is in a hospital in England. He has lost an arm and is seriously wounded in the leg and stomach. He expects to be invalided home as soon as he is able to travel.

Mr. John Elliott, manager of The Standard Bank, Belleville, was in town last week. We understand that he was very much impressed with the appearance of our village, saying, "There is none better in the province."

A man can insist that wealth is a burden and yet break his back holding on to his share.

Woman's World

How a Great Dancer Teaches and Mothers "Her Children."

ANNA PAVLOWA.

Pavlowa dances. Surrounded by chattering corpsbees, hand on hip, head to one side in a pose of anticipation, she works out a terpsichorean problem. She has succeeded. The group parts, and she steps forth, feeding a tall girl to shimmering bliss in classic dress. Pavlowa reiterates the steps, the music breathing soft accompaniment. The girl imitates. Over and over the steps they work, Pavlowa snapping her slender fingers, tossing her head, forcing into the figure the spirit which makes great dancing. And when the corpsbee succeeds in approving pat on the shoulder rewards the radiant girl.

In rehearsal when the music is full uncertain, when the lights are blatant, when the taxi orchestra and the vaguer bairnbies beyond are ebbling in the unresponding nauseance, the joy of Pavlowa's dancing is as apparent as when she dances to crowded auditoriums. She colors the ballet, the director and the stumpy gentle counsellor of the orchestra. The dual twirl is not coincident with the final chord. She steps out of the musical phrase and shakes her head at the conductor. "Last four bars," orders Mr. Theodore Stier, and again the final twirl, still out of beat. Over and over she does that difficult twirl, the ballet does its intricate tableaus and the orchestra its tempestuous finale. All watch her, the snaps her fingers. "One, two, three, four," marks time with her arms and smiles because it is not so-where else difficult.

"She is the hardest working woman in the world," her agents, her directors and the rest of her admirers declare fervently. And to watch her and talk with her during an hour confirms the extravagant statement.

Far more than merely the director and teacher of these girls, she is their mother, speaking of them as "my children." They live with her. She sees to it that their other studies are not neglected. She watches them; will not allow them to go to parties or go out at night. Their street clothes are as quiet and unexpressed as her own are. Never do they wear silk stockings on the street, for, besides being very bad for the feet, they are extravagant, and children must be taught not to be improvident.

And most important is their work. But that she teaches them less by word than by example, for they cannot fail to imitate the ardor with which she pursues her art all day and every day, to the exclusion of every other pleasure.

Remembered Whole Books.

Walter Savage Landor carried his library in his head. When he had read a book he always gave it away on principle, having, as he said, observed that with such a purpose in his mind he was sure to retain of a book all that was worth keeping. In his old age Landor was furious if he did not at once remember any passage of a book or any poem or date.

Serving Jelly.

If you wet a spoon before using it to serve jelly you will find the jelly will not stick to it, and the serving is more easily accomplished.

CITY AND VICINITY

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

The small contribution will be accepted. Five cents will buy a badge; so get your Red Cross envelope on Sunday.

Concert by Christ Church Choir in the Parish Hall, May 28th, assisted by Mrs. Wilmot, Mrs. Allen, Miss Shook, Miss Poulton, Miss Price, Miss Tuttle, Miss Edna Wallace, Miss E. LaVoie, Mr. Staples, Mr. M. LaVoie, Mr. Lundy Carre, Mr. Cameron. 27,28

Sir Adam Beck, who has just returned from the firing line, says that unless our boys get more care after they are injured, many will die. So help along the good cause on Sunday.

CROWNING THE MAY QUEEN

Holloway Street Sunday School Entertainment. Orchestra, songs, Chorus, Drills, etc., Friday, May 28. Tickets, adults fifteen cents, children ten cents. 27,21

Buy your Railway or Steamship Tickets from Burrows of Belleville, C. P. R. Agent. 22.dtf

Our boys at the front are fighting for you; so be generous on Sunday; for what we can spare will mean a few comforts for them.

Don't forget the contribution for your Red Cross envelope next Sunday, both morning and evening in all churches.

To err is human; to forgive may be a brand of diplomacy.

The Prince of Wale: is becoming more and more enthusiastic over his athletic duties at Eton, and in spite of his high position he is not avoiding extreme scrubby and danger.

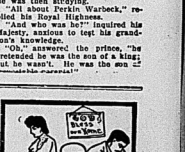
Those who know the prince intimately say that he is as fond of a joke how as he was when he was a little boy — and in his nursery days his quaint sayings were proverbial in the royal family.

The late King Edward used to tell the following story. The King asked the little prince what part of history he was then studying.

"All about Perkin Warbeck," replied his Royal Highness.

"And who was he?" inquired his Majesty, anxious to test his grandson's knowledge.

"Oh," answered the prince, "he pretended he was the son of a king; but he wasn't. He was the son of



After the Honeymoon

is the time when domestic help becomes pressing. A Want Ad. in our paper will solve the problem.

Desirable people who want employment will find a home and consult the "Help Wanted" ads.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 17 years in New York City; thus, we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY, 29, 1915. No. 317

Frost in Ontario Damage to Crop

Two Inches of Snow Fell and Thousands of Plants Killed

ST CATHARINES, May 27.—The frost, which last week caused damage to strawberry vines and a few thousand tomato plants in the Niagara district, was insignificant to that which visited the fruit belt last night.

Reports from various sections received this morning indicate that the damage will be really enormous to tomato plants, early potatoes, and to grape vines, which escaped the first frosts entirely.

On the mountain in Thorold, Pelham and south Grimsby townships, solid ice formed in pans and pails. Here tomato plants are a total loss.

Six degrees of frost were experienced between Vineland and St. Catharines and east of the city. Near Niagara-on-the-Lake, experienced growers state that not until a day will it be possible to gain an idea of the extent of the damage.

TWO INCHES OF SNOW

QUEBEC, May 27—A regular snow storm swept the valley along the lower river and the I. C. R. lines last night, between Sayabeck and Rimouski, according to passengers coming into Quebec this morning from Halifax.

A snappy cold wave is spreading over the eastern portion of the province. Last night in Quebec suburbs a heavy frost was reported, while at St. Fercol, Montmorency county, some thirty miles from Quebec, there fell two inches of snow.

LARGEST LOSS FOR YEARS

LONDON, Ont., May 27.—Serious damage was done by the frost here last night, one market gardener losing six thousand plants. The loss is the greatest in years.

KINGSTON, Ont., May 27.—Market gardeners in the Kingston district suffered a severe loss during last night as the result of the frost. "It was the first frost known in thirty years.

FOUR DEGREES OF FROST

BRANTFORD, May 27—Severe frost did considerable damage to clover and garden truck here during the night, four degrees of frost being registered. Wheat seems to have come through all right.

ITALIANS MARCH IN LONDON

LONDON, May 27.—An Anglo-Italian demonstration occurred to-day in front of the Italian Embassy in London. A long procession of Italian societies, accompanied by a large number of England marchers, formed on the Thames Embankment and paraded to the embassy, where the Italian ambassador, Marquis Imperiali, and others made speeches. The Garibaldian veterans and the children of Dante societies had places in the parade as did a number of Italian commercial and other societies. The banners of the five provinces for which Italy in waging war, were conspicuous in the procession.

FREEMASONS DONATE AMBULANCE

CALGARY, May 27.—The Alberta Grand Lodge of Freemasons now in session at Red Deer, voted to-day to appropriate a sum sufficient to supply a Red Cross ambulance for service at the front.

ITALIAN ARMIES RAPIDLY ADVANCING

Capture Town of Storo on North—Now Bombarding Riva—Bayonet Fighting on Eastern Front—Force Lands on Island of Rhodes

(Canadian Press Special)

GENEVA, May 29—The Italians, after a severe fight along the frontier north of Lake Idro, have captured the town of Storo and are now bombarding Riva.

On the eastern front north of the Gulf of Trieste, bayonet fighting is in progress south of Goritz. The Austrians are retreating slowly. The Italian force arrived before Gradisca, 16 miles from Trieste.

(Canadian Press Special)

BRESCIA, May 29.—After crossing the frontier over the bridge at Caffaro, the Italian troops moved against the mountains on both sides of the Chiese river, aiming for Tione to the north, and Riva and Arca to the east. The last two places were also threatened from the opposite bank of Lake Garda by Italian troops posted on Monte Altissimo.

(Canadian Press Special)

Copenhagen, May 29.—A Berlin despatch states that the Archduke Eugene of Austria has been appointed Commander-in-chief of the Austrian forces operating against Italy.

LONDON, May 29.—(Special)—The Turks and their German officers probably will have another invasion to meet before long. Unofficial reports reaching here from Amsterdam today are to the effect that the Italians have landed in considerable force on the Island of Rhodes, off the coast of Asia Minor, in the Aegean Sea, while a cruiser has been bombarding Budrum, which is on the Gulf of Kos, on the mainland of Asiatic Turkey. This is believed to be the first step in an attempt to land on the Asia Minor coast.

NIGHT ATTACK BY FRENCH AT ARRAS

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS May 29.—(official statement) In the region north of Arras there occurred last night a very violent artillery engagement. The enemy bombarded particularly our positions on the heights of Lorette. A night attack made possible for us to make further progress to the east of roadway between Aix-Noulette and Souchez. About midnight the Germans made a counter-attack on our trenches at Ablain, Stanzara, which was easily repulsed. In Argonne, in the vicinity of Fontaine Madame, we yesterdoy took possession of a section of the enemy's trenches."

U. S. CRUISER AGROUND

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The U.S. cruiser North Carolina 'is' aground within the outer harbor of Alexandria; Egypt, according to a report to the Navy Department today by her commander, Capt. Oman, who says the ship is undamaged and that dredging operations will be undertaken to release her.

Germany Will Answer U.S. Note in Serial Form

BERLIN, May 27.—Germany's answer to the American note is going to be a serial affair. The first instalment is going forward on Friday, preceded by verbal expressions of friendship and goodwill toward Ambassador Gerard tomorow.

I learn that the preliminary note will not contain Germany's definite answer, but will be exclusively a statement of all the facts in several cases involved as the Germans see them, with a courteous request to the American Government to confirm their accuracy in order to reach a full agreement on the basic facts, which, in the Lusitania case will probably include the important point, alleged by Germany, that she was an auxiliary cruiser and that her cargo included arms and ammunition; possibly also that the Lusitania was armed.

A high official of the Foreign Office told me the idea was first to get all the facts so as to avoid the possibility of Germany and America engaging in discussions in which they might base their cases on facts which were at variance—in other words, to get together on a sound working basis.

Germanys full and definite answer will follow promptly on receipt of advices that the American Government finds the facts as stated by Germany to be correct.

I understand from a well informed source that the Kaiser, despite the Italian war and multitudinous other troubles, has been taking a keen and active personal interest in the answer to the American note, which has been the subject of several conferences between the Kaiser and leading statesmen (apparent elision by censor) gave in when outvoted in the cabinet.

ONTARIO MEDICOS MEET

PETERBORO, Ont., May 27.—At today's session of the annual meeting of the Ontario Medical Association the following officers were elected: President, Dr. H. B. Anderson, Toronto; vice-president, G. S. Cameron, Peterboro; A. T. Emmerson, Goderick; Dr. C. B. Oliver, Fort William; W. K. Colbeck, Welland; secretary, F. A. Arnold, Toronto; assistant secretary, F. C. Harrison, Toronto; treasurer, J. B. Elliott, Toronto; delegates to Canadian Medical Association, D. J. G. Wishart, Toronto; F. C. Neal, Peterboro; H. J. Hamilton, Toronto.

A resolution was passed expressing appreciation of the fact that many of its members had entered upon active service and the intention of the association to look after the work of these doctors in their absence and to see that their practices were retained and restored to them on their return.

One German Zepp. Gone

Received More Than Bargained for in Recent Visit to Southend

(Canadian Press Special)

GENEVA, May 29.—A Friedrich Shafen despatch says that one of the Zeppelin aeroplanes which bombarded Southend, England this week was struck by a British shell and fell into the sea off Heligoland. The crew's fate is unknown.

Gov't to Carry on Its Public Works

OTTAWA, May 27.—In connection with the request of the delegation of Canadian mayors that measures be taken by the Dominion Government to relieve unemployment, it is announced that the Government will continue the construction of all public works under contract in Canada. The total expenditure of the Dominion for the year, apart from the war, will reach $200,000,000, while the war expenditure will add $100,000,000 additional. The Federal Government is therefore raising about $1,000,00 per day exclusive of Sundays, to maintain its existing programme and carry on the war. To do this the Government has its revenues under the recent taxation measures and such funds as it can borrow in London, the latter being strictly limited by the British treasury to expenditures upon works under contract, the Imperial Government desiring to conserve the money market, for its own issues for war purposes. These regulations will probably become even more strict.

In addition to outlays in other departments the Government programme for the current year includes expenditure upon public works of over $25,000,000 on railways and canals, of $27,000,000 on capital account alone and on works of harbor commissiners of over $3,500,000.

Since the outbreak of the war the Dominion has used every effort not only to prosecute the war, but to minimize unemployment in Canada by maintaining its programme of public works, including the I.C.R. terminals at Halifax, Welland Canal, Quebec bridge, N.T.R. and Hudson Bay Railroads, terminal elevators and harbors at Halifax, St. John, Port Arthur and Fort William, Vancouver and Victoria.

Coalition Cabinet Causes Premier Pain

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 29.—Writing to J. W. Gulland, Chief Liberal whip under the recent administration, on cabinet reorganization, Premier Asquith says there was only one reason which could justify or explain such departure. "A clear and urgent case of national necessity. It is only because the conviction was forced upon me that a non-party government would prove the most efficient instrument for a successful prosecution of the war that I have taken the step which has caused me infinite personal pain." The Premier adds that "the pursuit of our special aims in the sphere of domestic politics is not abandoned but suspended."

LADY BECK'S ANXIETY

To Prevent Canadian Wounded Being Separated

TORONTO, May 27.—"I am particularly anxious to provide hospital accommodation for the Canadian wounded so that they will not have to be separated," said Lady Beck, who is just back from England, in an interview. Canadiain wheeled chairs and surgical supplies were preferred by Canadian nurses in England. "Send money every time for tobacco," she said. "It goes twice as far." Jam—in fact, everything with the home flavor—was most acceptable.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

Second Battalion: Died at No. 3 Clearing Station—Richard H S. Wheeler, London, England.

Wounded—T. R. Sample Vankleek Hill, Ont.; William Thomas Bolan, 149 Barton avenue, Toronto; F. N. Hardyman, Garden River, Ont; C. H. Perks, 23 Lindsay avenue, Toronto; W. S. Miganowski, Box 869, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.; Charles Bostridge, 177 Collingwood street, Kingston, Ont.

BRITISH ADVANCE TOWARDS LA BASSE

Capture of Positions at Angres Made Germans Angry—Many Violent Attacks by Enemy Were Repulsed

LONDON, May 28.—Further progress has been made in the British advance on the strong German position at La Bassee, according to the French war office bulletin issued at Paris tonight.

Just below La Bassee, at Angres, a violent battle has raged all day around the two strong field works captured by the French. A high value was set on the retaining of these positions by the enemy and their sudden capture stirred him up to great wrath. He made five strong attacks during the day and five during the night, making no less than seven violent assaults in 24 hours.

Every time the Germans came on they were withered by a terrific gun and small arm fire, the infantry and the artillery of the French making good practice on their targets. It was impossible for the German troops to make progress against such fire. At nightfall the French troops were holding every one of their positions despite a gruelling German artillery fire.

Progress of 160 yards was made by French infantry in the especially difficult ground of the Labyrinth, north of Ecurie. Artillery fire was extremely violent on the whole front from Arras to Angres throughout the day.

Successful Concert By Church Choir

Under the auspices of the choir of Christ Church, a concert was given in the Parish Hall last evening, and many were in attendance. A varied programme, interesting in its character, was presented, and who took part did well. The programme was as follows:

Patriotic Airs—"O Canada", "Rule Britania"—The Choir.
Mandolin Trio—Intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana"—Miss E. LaVoie, Mr. L. Carre, Mr. M. LaVoie.
Songs—(a) "A Night Song." (b) "There is a Song at Even."—Miss Anna Ponton.
Glee—"He that hath a Pleasant Face."—The Choir.
Piano—"Mazurka"—Miss Edna Wallace.
Song—"A Summer Night"—Mrs. A. P. Allen.
Reading from "The Spinner in the Sun."—Miss Jessie Tuite.
Song—"The Garden of My Heart."—Mr. R. J. F. Staples.
Song—"Mother Machree"—Miss Gertrude Price.
Glee—"Sweet and Low"—The Choir.
Song—"A Birthday."—Mrs. Chas. Wilmot.
Mandolin Trio—Sextette "Lucia de Lammermoor."—Miss LaVoie, Mr. Carre, Mr. LaVoie.
Song—Mr. Dan A. Cameron.
Song—Mrs. Chas. Wilmot.
Glee—"Sir Knight, Sir Knight"—The Choir.
God Save The King.
Accompanists—Mrs. A. A. Campbell, Miss Laura D. LaVoie, Miss Edna Wallace.

ROYAL SOCIETY'S OFFICERS

Prof. Alfred Baker Is Elected to be President

OTTAWA, May 27.—Professor Alfred Baker, M.A., L.L.D., professor of mathematics at Toronto University, was elected president of the Royal Society of Canada at the closing session of the annual meeting of that body, held this afternoon. The other officers elected were: Vice-president, Dr. A. B. MacAllum, M.A., L.L.D., Toronto University; hon. secretary, Duncan Campbell Scott, Ottawa; treasurer, Dr. C. Gordon Hewitt, Ottawa; librarian, Dr. Dowling, Ottawa.

In general session the society adopted a resolution, which originated in the French section, condemning the behavior of the Germans in their campaign in Belgium and France. The resolution was moved by Hon. Rodolphe Limieuxe, and seconded by Hon. Justice Langley, and resolved: "That we, the Fellows of the Royal Society of Canada, do strongly voice loathing of the losses and depredations committed by our foes."

AN INTERESTING SEARCH

Being Made in Rome at the Piazzo Caffavrelli

ROME, May 27.—The police are busy exploring Piazzo Caffarrelli, the property of Germany and the official residence of her ambassador. The palace contains vast subterranean passages which were used as a wine-celler and still contain full bins of choice tokay, marsala and sherry. These underground galleries are long and high and intersect each other like the catacombs of ancient Rome, extending away to underneath the tarpeian rock inself.

The first visit was paid by the police some days ago. There is an inn close to the palace, and in the cellar of this was found an underground passage giving access to the section of the galleries under the German embassy, but nothing was discovered.

Some of the subterranean galleries are two hundred yards long. A more careful and detailed examination is possible now that the German occupants of the building are gone. Every nook and corner of the wonderful recesses beneath the tarpeian will be subjected to a vigorous search by military engineers aiding the police. The task will take some days to complete.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETS IN KINGSTON

Kingston is to be the meeting place of the Presbyterian General Assembly on Wednesday next, June 2. The opening sermon will be preached by retiring Moderator Rev. Dr. W. T. Herridge, in Grant Memorial Hall, Queen's University, on Wednesday evening, where the Assembly meetings are to be held. The first business after the sermon will be the election of the new Moderator. Among those mentioned for this, the highest office of the Church, are Rev. Malcolm Macgillivray, D.D., of Kingston; Rev. Dr. John Neil, Toronto; Rev. D.D. Macleod Barrie; Rev. Dr. C. W. Gordon, Winnipeg; Professor A. B. Baird, Winnipeg and Principal Scrimger, Montreal. It is possible that the division will be between Dr. Macgillivray and Dr. Neil, who seem to be the most popular candidates. Dr. MacLeod may fall on the rocks of unionism, as he was defeated last year by the union vote. Whoever is elected to the position, it is said, must be a strong man to successfully succeed Dr. Herridge, whose physical and mental vigor has fitted him for the task of rallying the forces of the Church to a militant pitch when the interests of the people were diverted to international affairs.

CALGARY'S OUT OF WORKS

CALGARY, May 27.—Out of a total labor force of approximately 7,000 in this town, no fewer than 5,700 are unemployed, according to a statistical summary, issued by officials of the Trades and Labor Council, who have been working on the census for several weeks. Out of these, approximately 3,000 are unskilled, leaving 2,700 skilled workers at present out of jobs.

The above figures do not include organized and other workers on the three railways, nor does it include many workmen who are not technically placed in the category with skilled labor and unskilled, such as clerical and professional men and women. They relate merely to what are commonly designated as the "working class."

Div. Cycle Corps Arrive in England

Mrs. W. A. Pringle, 274 George St., Belleville, has received the following letter from Mr. R. C. Coatsworth, of Toronto:

Toronto, May 27, 1915.

Dear Madame,—A number of the members of the Divisional Cycle Corps, who sailed for England on Sunday, May 16th, 1915, have united to send a cable on the arrival of the ship. Kindly interpret the below message as a personal one from your friend and relative.

Yours truly,
R. C. COATSWORTH.

"Devonport, England,—Arrived safely. Splendid passage. All fit and well."

Italians Resent Bourassa's Insult

The Article Criticises Italy and Accuses Gt. Britain of Hypocrisy

The cause of the Italians' wrath against Mr. Bourassa and his paper, which resulted in the windows of his office being smashed, was an article reflecting on Italy as having entered the world war on selfish grounds. Reference to this was made earlier in the evening by Rev. Liborio Lattoni in a speech delivered at what began as a peaceful demonstration on Champ de Mars in support of Italy's alliance with Great Britain, France and Russia.

After the meeting the crowd shouting "Down with Le Devoir!" proceeded to Mr. Bourassa's office.

Bourassa's Attack

The following is the article in the Devoir which angered the Italians:

"For eight months the Italian Government has stood by lookly coldly on the frightful slaughter. For eight months it has kept Austria and Germany on a string. If it had obtained from its former allies the territorial concessions it desired, it would have left France and Belgium to their fate. If it was not satisfied of the ultimate victory of the forces of the Triple Entente, it would certainly have seen to it that it did not jump into the fray. It intervened at the hour convenient to it, at the time to assure it the most substantial advantages.

"This attitude has, over the motives which our colonials, with slavish spirit persist in lending gratuitously to England, the enormous superiority of not covering itself with a mantle of odious hypocrisy. Italy does not pretent to throw herself into the struggle to 'save the little nationalities'—while sacrificing Luxemburg, for example, nor to 'defend civilization against barbarity'—while delivering the half of Europe to the Muscovite yoke; nor to do honor to the sworn 'word,' not long ago violated in several other circumstances. Its conduct is purely and frankly selfish of the selfishness which Mr. Salandra recently made the rule of conduct even of statesmen. Let it be called clever, opportune, patriotic, even; very well; but 'noble and courageous, come! Truth, common sense, and even the dictionary have still some rights, even in Canada."

FOR WOUNDED CANADIANS

TORONTO, May 27.—A substantial gift of money to extend hospital accommodation for wounded and sick Canadian soldiers in France and England will, it is understood, be the next contribution of the Ontario Government toward helping along the Imperial cause. It is stated that the Government has practically reached a decision to make such assistance the next step, but instead of establishing new hospitals with a new administrative organization the Government will work through the Canadian Red Cross and other institutions already doing such excellent work.

IF POPE LEAVES ITALY

King Alfonso Offers Him a Palace Near Madrid

MADRID, May 28.—It is said here that King Alfonso has offered the Escorial Palace to Pope Benedict as a residence in the case the Pontiff decides to leave Italy.

The Escorial Palace is part of the famous monastery of San Lorenzo, 31 miles northwest of Madrid. The monastery was built in the sixteenth century.

CHAMPAGNE BROKEN IN TWO

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 29.—Lloyd's report that the French steamer Champagne, ashore near St. Nazazire, has broken in two. All the passengers are safe.

BULGARIA'S ATTITUDE

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 29.—Important changes in the Bulgarian diplomatic service just announced are considered here highly significant and believed as an indication that Bulgaria will be the next neutral to join the Allies.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK

(Canadian Press Special)

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—The Elder-Dempster line steamer Ethiope has been torpedoed and sunk. Chief officer and six men picked up, and remainder of the crew are supposed to be in boats.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS

100 only Ladies' fine embroidered Lawn Shirt Waists, beautiful stylish waists, fresh new stock, regular up to $2.50. Friday and Saturday sale price, each .... 39c.

DRESS GINGHAMS.

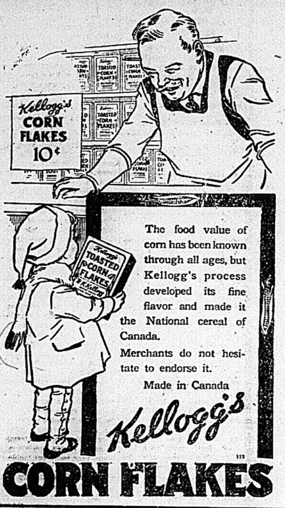
Friday and Saturday are the days to make your purchases of fine Dress Ginghams—thousands of yards of checks, stripes and plaids, on sale at .... 12½c. and 10c. yard

INDIAN HEAD.

Indian Head, for Dresses, Skirts, Middies, etc., 36 inches wide, on sale at .... 25c., 20c., 18c., 15c. yard
White Repp, 27 to 36 inches wide .... 25c., 20c. yard
White Pique, 27 inches wide .... 25c., 20c., 15c. yard
White Dress Duck, 27 inches wide, sale .... 15c. yard
White Dress Muslins, dotted, cross-bar, etc., 27 to 36 inches wide, at, per yard .... 25c., 20c., 15c., 12½c., 10c.

SPECIAL.—See our Window for Men's Soft Front Summer Shirts, on sale at, each .... 79c. and 75c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.



The coldest inhabited country is said to be the Province of Werchojansk in Siberia. The daily temperature of the entire year is 2.74 degrees below zero.

AUCTION SALE

THE TIME, 2.45 AND 8 P.M.
THE PLACE, T. BLACKBURN'S JEWELERY STORE
THE REASON, TOO MUCH STOCK

Special

Handsome Presents will be Given Away Every Afternoon and Night This Week

LADIES! --- Come Early And Avoid The Rush!

SEATS FOR LADIES

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, China Ware, Bric-a-Brac, etc., etc. All Will be Sold to the Highest Bidder

Safety First

Every Article Sold Fully Guaranteed as Represented or the MONEY REFUNDED

NOTICE--I am not going out of Business

T. BLACKBURN

238 FRONT ST. OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELLER

S. HOWARD LYON, Toronto, Auctioneer

Crowning the May Queen

The "Crowning of the May Queen," last night, was a big success, about 300 persons being gathered in the basement of Holloway Street Church. To Mr. J. Denmark and Mrs. Denmark is due the credit of the splendid evening entertainment. The Maypole Dance, especially merits great praise, as it showed evidence of much patient and skilful labor. The scheme of the play was a picnic in the woods; the background of the platform was decorated with evergreens to represent the woods.

The opening song was "May Day so Bright," then "Hail to the May Queen," both very catchy tunes. Carlis Clapp gave several recitations, among them being, "Tommy's First Smoke," which met with much applause. The "Days of the Week," given by seven little girls, each representing a day was a pleasing item on the evening's program, and following that, Miss Mildred Shorey gave an interesting recitation. A chorus of little girls sang a parody on Annie Laurie that was very pleasing.

When a squad of Major Barragar's well-trained cadets, came in, under Captain Russell Woodley, they were enthusiastically welcomed. Capt. Woodley gave a recitation, "How Tim Mulvany won the Battle of the Marne." It was an interesting story and well given, and thoroughly enjoyed. The cadet squad next gave a few fancy movements that were well received, as were the patriotic songs by Misses Wootin and Lany, who represented Miss Canada.

"The hit of the evening" was Mr. Patrick Boyle, aged 4 years, who gave that old, but ever new song song "Tipperary." He was encored and gave a short recitation. Standing on a chair, Mr. Boyle, junior, displayed plenty of confidence and did not suffer, perceptibly from stage-fright.

The big event of the picnic was the May Pole Dance. Miss Marion Vandervoort made a very becoming "May Queen." Twelve girls, dressed in white, and each holding one end of a broad strip of colored bunting, the other end being fastened to the top of the pole, gave some very intricate dances, with great precision; braiding, double-braiding, "pig tailing" and wrapping it around the pole in many different ways.

Master Harry Woodley rendered a little comic song creditably, and then dinner was announced. A chorus of girls sang "Picnic Dinner," and as the song has a tune "all its own," it met with great favor.

Miss Valiere Wrightmeyer gave a piano solo, and as an encore, "When Jack Comes Home Again." Both were appreciated as was a piano duet by Willie and Marie Lasond. After a fine vocal duet by two young ladies, Mr. Baldwin gave, in a strong and musical voice, "When Jack Comes Home Again', and as an encore, "Every Nice Girl Loves a Sailor." "Polly Put the Kettle On," sung by Miss Lela Weese, assisted by a chorus was a pleasing event. Mr. Jack Denmark in his make up, acted the part of "the olde Jester," well, but his excellent musical talent, and his cleverness in introducing each event belied his appearance. He gave two comical recitations, "A Football Match," and "Counting Eggs," rendering each with vim and expxression. A quartet selection by Misses Weese, Vandervoort, Keitha Wootin and Hazel Wootin was much enjoyed.

Mrs. Sanderson sang the "Fairy Lullaby," that was very effective in the artificial moonlight, and the chorus assisted.

The Rev. A. R. Sanderson moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Denmark, and Mr. Denmark for the very excellent programme they had prepared, and the motion was heartily agreed with.

The evening closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

FRECKLE-FACE

Sun and Wind Bring out Ugly Spots. How to Remove Easily

Here's a chance, Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles; while if it does give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength from any druggist and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Exceptional Bargains at Ritchie's To-night. Read the List on Page 8.

XV. REGIMENT BAND'S BIG CARNIVAL

To Be Held on Victoria Park

After considerable labor and pains that worthy organization the XV Regiment Band, which needs no introduction to the public, has completed arrangements with the Big Pierson's Shows for their big Carnival for a solid week on Victoria Park, commencing Monday evening the 3rd inst. and continuing every night for the balance of the week with special afternoon performances on the King's Birthday and Saturday, 5th June at 2 o'clock.

The attractions are all clean, clever and up-to-the-minute, varied and numerous, including every kind of entertainment, from a one ring circus to the latest and greatest, biggest and best carnival achievement.

In the motor-drome three of the world's greatest motor cycle speed kings defy death at every turn as the spectators gape down in blood tingling amazement.

The Days of '49, commemorating the old frontier life of the lawless wild and wooly west, with all kinds of trick riding, feats of daring and skill, bronco-busting, roping, sharp-shooting, knife and hatchet throwing, etc., is another of the big shows.

The athletic show, with feats of strength, clever boxing, wrestling, bag-punching, etc., always make a hit with the boys.

The circus side show with a frontage of 150 ft., with all the freaks and curiosities from the four corners of the earth will surely catch your eye.

The dog and pony show always makes a HIT with young and old and this is a rare treat for Bellevillians. You can't beat it.

The $10,000 Merry-Go-Round, with the latest Coney Island Jumper will give every one from dear old granddad to the kiddies heaps of fun and exhilaration. Space will not permit ennumerating the many, many attractions.

You cannot see it all in one night. Come down Monday, see the opening and you will come again if you have to swim across to the island, towing the family.

There will be fun galore. Everybody wants fun and everybody wants to help the band, as they have given so much pleasure to others and with their funds have helped so many needs in the past.

Don't forget the date. Victoria Island Park for one week will be a glaring blaze of beauty and splendor. A regular young Coney Island in our midst with none of the objectionable features.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

KINGSTON

The Very Rev. Dear Starr, has been appointed chaplain of the camp.

Rev. Dr. Herridge, honorary Colonel of the 8th C.M.R. will preach in camp on Sunday, June 6th. Dr. Herridge is coming to Kingston to attend the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church.

Ensign Smith of the Salvation Army was in camp yesterday afternoon and the Army will place some officers in the camp to help look after the spiritual needs of the men.

Permission has been given by the military authorities at Ottawa to allow a local citizen to erect a picture show house on the camp grounds.

The Y.M.C.A. will run a series of illustrated lectures in their tent during the summer. About two nights a week will be given to good entertainment.

Lt.-Col. Ferguson, O.C. of the 47th Frontenac Regiment, brought twelve recruits into camp yesterday afternoon. Major Gardner examined the men.

Capt. McNeil and Lieuts. McDowell and Morrison of the 38th Battalion, have been selected to attend the Canadian School of Musketry, commencing on Thursday, May 27th. In the absence of Capt. McNeil the duties of adjutant of the 38th will be performed by Lieut. Glass.

Capt. Munro, A.M.C., medical officer of the 38th Battalion, has been detailed as a member of a medical board which will meet in Ottawa to enquire into the death of Private E. Cassidy.

The main guard is inspected every morning at nine o'clock by the field officer of the day.

A camp athletic association is being formed to control all sporting events.

There are just two soldier patients in the detention hospital suffering from some sprained ankles, as a result of marching over a patch of the newly stoned road between the bridge and the camp grounds.

The soldiers are patronizing the men's club tent of the Y.M.C.A. quite freely. Writing material and reading matter are supplied in liberal quantities.

TO REDUCE YOUR WEIGHT EASILY AND QUICKLY

If you are overstout the cause of your over-stoutness is lack of oxygen carrying power in the blood and faulty assimilation of food. Too little is being made into the harder tissue of muscle and too much into little globules of fat. Therefore you should correct the mal-assimilation and increase the oxygen-carrying power of the blood. To do this, go to any good druggist and get oil of orilene, only sold in original packages and in capsule form and take one capsule after each meal and one at bedtime till your weight is reduced to what it should be on all parts of the body. The effect of oil of orilene in capsule form is remarkable as a weight reducer and it is perfectly safe —E.J.T.

Any druggist can supply you or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal, Can.

RED CROSS

Remember the collection in all the churches to-morrow in aid of the funds of this Society. Envelopes will be in all the pews, and let every one go prepared to make a liberal contribution.

BELLEVILLE BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to 22nd May:

G. B. Warham	$2 50
Geo. Dulmage	5 00
John Hill	5 00
Geo. I. Thomas	5 00
Customs House Staff (May payment	10 00
P. W. Geen	5 00
Wm. Carnew, Second Instalment	25 00

The Treasurer begs to remind subscribers to the Patriotic Fund that a number of payments are in arrears and hopes that all interested will feel it their duty to comply with the obligations made by them at the time of the convass.

WHOOPING COUGH
SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene

Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPO-CRESOLENE CO.
Leeming-Miles Bldg., Mont'l

AN EXPERT examination of the eyes is necessary before ordering Glasses, otherwise they'll be harmful. At your service.

Alex Ray, Opt D.
Belleville's Exclusive Eye-Sight Specialist

Special!
SALE OF MEN'S SUITS
All Suits from 15.00, 18.00, 20.00 and 22.00
FOR $11.75
F. W. MILLARD
236 Front St.

Notice to Creditors

IN THE ESTATE OF EMMA ILES, Late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Widow, Deceased

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of R. S. O. 1914 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Emma Iles, who died on or about the third day of April, 1915, are hereby required to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned for the Reverend G. R. Beamish, the Executor, on or before the seventh day of June, 1915, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the security if any held by them duly verified, and after the said seventh day of June, 1915, the said Executor will distribute the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for said estate or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Belleville this eleventh day of May, A.D. 1915.

NORTHRUP & PONTON,
Solicitors for the Estate of the late Emma Iles.
4td:m13,15,22,29

Bread
You might just as well have the best.
It's YEREX'S (wrapped)
We Can Prove It.
At Grocers.
YEREX'S Bakery
Phone 737. 68 Sinclair St.
All kinds of Cakes

Many a smart kid who has ruled his mother has found it a different proposition to govern a wife.

THE WEATHER.

Easterly winds, fair excepting south western district, where showers. Sunday, fresh to strong northeast winds, cool and showery.

TRY OUR
Buns, Fried Cake, Doughnuts | Tarts, Cookies, Alberts
All kinds of pastry made fresh daily
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When You Buy A DIAMOND

You make one of the safest investments possible, for the reason that diamonds fluctuate so very little in value that you may say their value is absolutely constant; they never wear out.

Our line is complete in combination or single stone settings. Prices from the cheapest to the most expensive.

Angus McFee
Jeweler Mfg. Optician
The Store with the Big Clock

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

NEW SCOTCH BISCUITS
Now in stock
McVITIE & PRICE'S
College Creams, Academy Creams, Butterette Tea Rusks, Queen's Shorties, Cheese Assorted, Rich Selected &c. &c.
Snider's Tomato Ketchup
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup
French Mustard, jars .... 5 & 10c.
Libby's Peaches, tins 15c
Libby's Sliced Peaches, tins .... 20c.
Libby's Apricots, tins .... 30c.
Clark's Baked Beans . 7c, 10c & 12½c.
Bourneville Cocoa, tins .... 25 & 90c.
California Tuna Fish, tins .... 20c.
Norway Mackerel, tins .... 20c.
Franco American Potted Beef, tins 15c
MacLaren's Invincible Jelly Powders .... 3 for 25c.
Imperial Granum, For infants & Invalids
Jirch Breakfast Food, pkgs .... 25c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkgs. 25c.
Triscuit, 2 pkgs .... 25c.
Sultana Raisins (Genuine) lb. .... 15c.
English Candies, in jars .... 25c.
Layer Figs, large size, lb. .... 25c.
Wafer Sliced Beef, jars .... 25c.
tins .... 22c. & 35c.
Pabst Malt Extract, bottle .... 30c.
Heinz Sweet Pickles, bottles .... 20c.
Heinz Chow Chow or sour Mixed 15c.
Whole Ox Tongues .... 85c & 95c
Bran for table use
H-O-Oatmeal, pkgs. .... 15c.

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons

The BEST on the Market,
Sell for $4.00

Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Kodak Store, Bridge St.

Buy Shirts Now

Ten dozen NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, made of good material, excellent patterns, fast colors, sizes from 14½ to 16½.

Regular Price $1.00
ON SALE FOR
69c

SEE NORTH WINDOW

Next Door to Geen's **Wims & Co** 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect

of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50.

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman Next Door to Sinclair's

Extra Special

Beautiful New Piano

In Fumed Oak

$200.00

Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms

J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

XV. Regimental Band's
Grand Military Carnival

BELLEVILLE ONE WEEK | Comc'g Monday MAY 31

H. T. PIERSON'S
Big Canadian Shows
"Bristling with Newness."

MOTOR DROME	FOR FUN	$10,000 CARRY-US-ALL
LAUGHLAND		BIG CIRCUS SIDE SHOW
DAYS OF "49"		MUSICAL COMEDY
ATHLETIC SHOW		DOG AND PONY SHOW
ROYAL ITALIAN BAND		"HAMMON," King of High Wire

The Only Circus Coming This Season

ANTIQUES AT PUBLIC AUCTION

Rare Household Furniture at Your Own Price.

Having rented our present showrooms for officers, we are compelled to sell to the highest bidder every piece of our elegant Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut furniture, comprising fine old chests and drawers and dressing cases with Georgian mirrors and pain tops, Large Sofas, Den and Library Desks in Rosewood and Walnut; Hall and Parlor Tables, Dinner Wagons, Tall Pier Mirrors with claw feet, Hall Trees, Parlor and Rusk Bottoms Chairs, Old Grandfather's clocks, Oil and Water Color Paintings, Steel Engraving Prints, China Bric-a-brac, Old Flintlock Guns and Swords. The entire stock of our antique galleries are at 236-238 Front St., over Blackburn's Jewellery Store. On Wednesday, June 2nd and until all is sold. Mearley & Co., Belleville. 275t

DOME MINES

Write for Complete Information

ROBT. E. KEMERER
Member Standard Stock Exchange
103 Bay St - - TORONTO

For Quick Sale.

Here are Two Bargains. If you mean business come and see us. One house at $900.00, and one at $1000.00, on Cedar; a bargain. Good for ten days only. Terms to suit the buyer. —J. L. R. Gorman.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

INTERESTING LETTER FROM BOMBADIER HORACE YEOMANS

France, May 13, 1915

Dear Mamma,—We are out of action again and taking a few days much-needed rest at a point a good many miles from the firing line, where we are for a time out of danger and where we can allow ourselves to relax again from the terrific strain which we were all under in our two weeks' action which has just now stopped.

Ted and I are both well and unhurt, though we both had a few narrow shaves, and are able now, if we never did before, to enjoy the peace and quiet of this lovely, sunny farm country. How we ever got out alive and unhurt is more than I can tell, but I lay the fact that we are out, after having put in sixteen days in such a district as the one we have left, and are not, like many others from this battery occupying cots in hospitals or graves in the fields, to your prayers for us and our well-fare. I tell you Mamma, no matter what a man's previous convictions may have been, no matter how he may have conducted himself, or what his character may have been, when he goes into a battle such as the one we have just come out of, he realizes as never before that he does believe in prayer, and I would not be afraid to say that there was not one man who went into action in our battery who did not send up a good many inward prayers at critical moments.

I am afraid I can scarcely give you even a rough idea of what it was like to us or what actually took place; you must be satisfied with a sort of birds'-eye view in which you can distinguish the main points, but not the smaller details. Then when we get back, or when we have had more time to think out what actually happened, you can know more about it.

When we went into action the Germans were fighting desperately; but our infantry, the Canadians were pushing them back slowly but surely. It was just before this time that our men made their glorious charge and checked the German advance, and they were then trying to dig themselves into a position which they could hold against the heavy German reinforcements which were coming up. This they did after a manner, and the machine gun sections were just men secure when the Huns, or Bosches, as the French call them, attacked again.

This was when our artillery had their chance and for three hours they rained shells on the Germans.

An English infantry sergeant said that in that shelling the slaughter of the Germans was awful, as our shells landed right amongst them, and when they retired again to their trenches landed right in the trenches still amongst them.

That night our whole line was reinforced, as was also the French line on our left, and preparations were made for a French attack next day. Immediately opposite the position of our guns was a long slope which ended in a crest which our men had previously held but which was then held by the enemy. It dominated to a large extent nearly all the country where the Canadians were and, though it was not very high, it gave them a tremendous advantage for their could observe and so make provision for almost any manoeuvre which our men attempted to carry out. It also enabled them to "spot" the flashes of our guns, and thus locate our batteries; and hundreds of heavy shells flew over or dropped around us that day, though we only had one man wounded.

The French attacked that crest at two different times that day advancing several times each attack, only to retire in disorder before the heavy wall of dense gas which the Germans sent up. From where we were we could plainly make out the French line rushing up the hill, under whatever cover they could get from our gun fire, and the supporting infantry fire; we watched the line thin out as it rushed across that awful four hundred yards of ground only to stop dead when it met the thicker and more dense limit of the gas, and then begin to retire slowly firing as they went as fast as they could load until the remnant that was left was able to reach the trenches again. It was a sight which appeared to me to be most grand but most awful, and the number of French dead on that space of ground must have been very great. The Germans were massed in thousands and firing through the smoke were able to account for hundreds of French lives with random shots, though the number of German deaths from the tremendous artillery fire of our guns, English guns, and French "75's" must have been very great too.

At the end of the second attack this position remained untaken, thanks to the Germans' liberal use of that gas; and a comparatively quiet night was spent, though there was a good deal of shelling.

From then on till the second to last day we were in there, it was simply attack and counter-attack, but on the whole, I think the Germans were worsted everywhere. They were driven back on the left and right, but apparently they determined to hold that crest at all cost—and they did.

I watched a German attack on our trenches about the fourth day we were in, and to say as the papers do, "the Germans attacked en masse," can give you no idea of their attack. They simply poured over the edge of the crest in thousands, but our position was by then tolerably strong again and our machine guns and eighteen pounders combined with the heavy fire from the Canadians and English simply mowed them down. They could only retire in confusion.

It is not war out here, Mamma, it is slaughter, pure and simple. It is no longer a case of "survival of the fittest," but merely a game of chance, in which a man is a victim of circumstances where his brains and brawn count of absolutely nothing. Some day there will be a good and reliable account written and published of the two weeks' fighting and then the outsiders will be able to form a good idea of the things that are going on here.

Of course, there has never been fighting of so savage and awful a nature in the history of the world before; and I do not think it can possibly be any worse. Then besides, that was only one point in a whole line.

In the list of casualties of our battery are included the Major, two lieutenants, the sergeant-major, four sergeants, one corporal, two bombardiers and eleven men. Of these two are killed, four seriously wounded and the rest less wounded. How we ever missed it, and a good many others too, is a wonder, but we did.

I think likely they will put us in a very quiet place in the line as the first weeks, some place as quiet as the first time we went into action at Fleurbaix. We are certainly due it. The gunners came out of action last time with faces so haggard and pale from the terrific nerve strain that the drivers could scarcely recognize some of them.

In your last letter which we received the other day, you said you would like to send us out something which we really needed, but did not know what to send. Really we have wanted for very little, considering everything, since we enlisted. We have learned to carry almost nothing with us and have cut everything off our list save absolute necessities. However, there are things which we would like to have from time to time. Boxes of "cats" always are very welcome you know, and any small thing which might come in handy for camping out as we will be this summer. If you send out anything, include an addition to our first aid kit—calomel, tooth ache drops, etc. Then if you could find anything which will purify water for drinking, (they have special powders and tablets) send out of a lot of that. We do not need much in the way of wearing apparel save a shirt now and then. We don't get time to wash our clothes very much so just put on clean goods. So far we have been able to buy whatever we need.

I think that in one of my letters I mentioned getting the Triangle Club's letters and asked you to thank them very much. I don't get much chance to write them, but I'll write Ernie soon. We got those two books of newspaper clippings but I did not know whom to thank. It is a fine idea and they were read by a great many. We are certainly grateful for them. Mrs. Bowell's parcel was a beauty, too.

Now, Mamma, don't you worry a bit for I know we are coming out of this all right. Harry Wiseman wishes to be remembered to you. I'll write again as soon as possible. Lots of love to you and all. Good-bye.

Your loving son,
PAT

You would be very annoyed to know that the quality of your Salada had been reduced. Rest well assured that this will never happen. It is the determined policy of the Salada Tea Company that the high standard of Salada quality shall never be influenced by market conditions. When the cost increases the price must necessarily advance but the quality remains the same always.

THE CEMENT COMPANY IN COURT, SUPREME COURT APPELLATE DIVISION

Before Sir Wm. Meredith, C.J., McGie, Garrow, MacLenan and Hodgins, J.J.

Fitzgerald v. Canada Cement Company. Appeal by defendant from judgment of Sir Glenholm Falconbridge in case tried at Belleville and argued at Toronto by which the plaintiff was declared to have a right of way across the marl lands of defendant from his farm lot32, Con, (2) Hungerford, to Dry Lake for watering cattle, etc., also for $1500 damages against defendants for their wrongful interference with the right of way and with a right of a reference to defendants to enable them to show that they could give another right of way in reduction of damages and with right to plaintiff to show and recover damages greater than the said $1,500 and for costs. In the argument for the appeal it was contended for defendants that plaintiff had not suffered and damages resulting from any wrongful act of defendants, but that what defendants had done, they had a right to do. Also that at most the deed only reserved plaintiff a general right to pass over the marl land and subject to defendants' right to work and remove the marl, and that if plaintiff could interfere with the marl in the way contended, it would injure the value of the whole marl bed. It was also contended that if plaintiff was entitled to damages at all, the damages awarded were grossly excessive.

Mr. Mikel opposed the appeal and cited a number of authorities in support of plaintiff's judgment. S. Johnston, K.C., of Thompson, Tilley & Johnston, for defendants. W. C. Mikel, K.C., for the plaintiff.

Safety First

You need an effective, dependable liniment and germicide in your home. Safety demands that it shall be harmless. Absorbine, Jr., is a germicide-liniment that combines safety with efficacy—it is made of herbs, safe and harmless to use.

Absorbine, Jr. is safe to use anywhere, even by the smallest member of the family. Applied to cuts, wounds, and bruises, it kills the germs makes the wound aseptic and promotes rapid healing.

Use Absorbine, Jr. wherever a high-grade liniment or a safe, powerful, germicide is indicated. To allay pain; to reduce sprains, wrenches, swollen veins or glands, wens, soft bunches; to heal cuts, bruises, sores, and ulcers; to spray the throat if sore or infected. $1.00 and $2.00 per bottle at druggists or postpaid.

A Liberal Trial Bottle will be sent postpaid upon receipt of 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P. D. F. 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes, Harry L. Shepherd

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To locate the Safest and the Best—

We believe we can offer you the safest 7 per cent. investments available in Canada.

We believe we can offer you the safest 6½ per cent. investments in Canada.

We believe we can offer you the safest 6 per cent. investments in Canada.

It will be a pleasure to submit you particulars of these attractive investments.

Consult our representative,

R. W. ADAMS,
No. 224 Front St. (over Sinclair's)
Belleville, Ont.

Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

"No Interest or principal money has ever been lost through default on any securities sold by us.

A Complete Wreck

FROM THE AFTER EFFECTS OF PNEUMONIA FOLLOWED BY DIPTHERIA.

Frequently the after effects of illness are more serious than the original trouble. This was the case with Mrs. James B. Moir, Mutana, Sask. Mrs. Moir says: "Some years ago, while we were still living in Nova Scotia, I was taken down with a severe attack of pneumonia. I had sufficiently recovered to be around, but had not been able to go out when I was attacked with diptheria. In my weakened state it took a terrible hold on me, and neither my friends nor neighbors thought I would recover. I did, however, pull through, but was a physical wreck. The muscles of my throat were paralyzed, so that even a sup of water would flow back through my nostrils unless they were held closed. My voice was almost inaudible, and my eyes so badly effected that I feared I was going to lose my eyesight. I could only walk with assistance and it looked as though I would be a helpless cripple. Medicine after medicine was used, but did not help me. Then a neighbor advised Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I began taking them but had the utmost difficulty in swallowing them owing to the condition of my throat. However, after a couple of boxes had been used I found it easier to take them which was a sign they were helping me, and I felt greatly cheered. I do not know how many boxes I took, but I continued their use until I was as well as ever, much to the surprise of all who knew me, as all thought I could not get better. Since then I have several times taken the Pills when run down and have always been greatly benefited by them."

For the after effects of fevers and all wasting diseases there is no medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills They enrich the blood, build up the nerves, restore the appetite and bring back complete health and strength. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Bare Feet Sandals and Outing Shoes

Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.

Ladies' White Pumps

Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps. $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $3.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

SATURDAY SPECIALS.

that furnish you great opportunities to save money on various lines that you will need. Read over this list carefully and come down early for some great bargains. This is only a partial list—hosts of other similar bargains in every department.

Ladies' fine Silk Hose, half price .... 50c. pair
50c. Ladies' Silk Ankle Hose, ... 35c. pair; 3 pairs for $1.00
Children's Pure Cashmere Wool Hose .... only 15c. pair
25c. Enamelled Bar Pins and Blouse Sets .... 15c.
25c. yard Silk Ribbon in variety of colors. Sale price 10c. yard
Ladies' fine Crepe Leather Hand Bags, all new styles $1.25
Girls' fine Middy Waists, navy blue trimmed .... 87c.
Young Girls' Colored Dresses, suitable for girls 10 years old; made of good strong material. Sale price .... 50c.
Middies for girls ages 12 to 14, on sale 50c. Great value.
Ladies' fine Dressing Sacques, made of Floral Crepe goods; sale price .... 69c.
$1.00 yard Silk Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, in variety of shades, great value, on sale .... 78c. yard
25c. yard Curtain Nets, white and ecru shades .... 15c. yard
15c. yard colored Bordered Scrims, on sale .... 12½c. yard
Children's Straw and Canvas Hats, on sale .... 20c.
Children's fine White Dresses, suitable for children 1-4 years, on sale .... 75c.
75c. Men's Fine Shirts, sale price .... 50c.
$3.50 Men's Silk Shirts, sale price $1.69
Men's All Silk Hose, sale price .... 15c. pair
50c. Boys' fine Shirts, sale price only .... 25c.
Men's Summer Underwear .... 25c. garment
Boys' Cotton Jerseys, navy bodies with white, sky blue and red trimmed neck and sleeves. All sizes; sale price ...... 25c.
Boys' Khaki Nickers, reg. $1.00 quality, sale price .... 75c.

McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage

Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.

Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in
CHILDREN'S HATS

G. T. WOODLEY,
275 Front Street

WALL PAPER

Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.

Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE

SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods, Tennis Goods Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Farmers, Read This

We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can to send to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices. Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.

H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

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Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
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Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States $1.50 strictly in advance.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

It was confidently hoped that with the advent of spring business conditions would improve, and that we should hear very little about the unemployed. Unfortunately these hopes have not been fully realized. The immense orders which have been received in the Dominion for munitions and war supplies have brought unusual activity to some industries. But at the same time there is a great deal of unemployment, chiefly in the large cities. The Calgary Trades and Labor Council have been working on a census, the results of which are positively startling. Out of a total labor force of approximately 7,000, no fewer than 5,700 are unemployed. Out of these approximately 3,000 are unskilled, leaving 2,700 skilled workers at present without occupation.

When the position is so acute it is not surprising that the Mayors of a number of Canadian cities should appeal to Sir Robert Borden. The Premier has replied to the effect that the Government's sympathetic appreciation of the problems is subject to the country's borrowing powers. It is obvious that relief must be found for the unemployed, even if it has to take the form of more direct measures than would be justified in normal conditions. It is not wholly a federal question, and ought not to be so represented. It is a question in which the Dominion, provincial and municipal governments have an identical interest. Measures co-ordinating these three branches of administration are best suited to the exigencies of the situation. Relief measures administered by different organizations having no central direction are not only wasteful, but they very often defeat their own objects. What Canada requires at the present time, suggests the Montreal Evening News, is a good, strong central committee which would unite the efforts of the Dominion, Provincial and Municipal governments in working out this pressing problem.

PERHAPS IT'S THE KIDNEYS

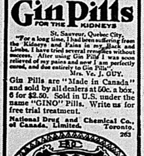
that are making you feel so badly. If so, you can easily tell. If your head feels dull and achy—if your back hurts nearly all the time—if your appetite is poorly and your tongue is coated—if the urine burns, is highly colored and offensive in odor—if you notice a brick dust deposit or mucus in the urine after standing over night—then you certainly have something the matter with your Kidneys. Get

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

St. Sauveur, Quebec City.
"For a long time, I had been suffering from the Kidneys and Pains in my Back and Limbs. I have tried several remedies without success. After using Gin Pills I was soon relieved of my pains and now I am perfectly cured, and due entirely to Gin Pills".
Mrs. Ve. J. GUY.

Gin Pills are "Made in Canada" and sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50. Sold in U.S. under the name "GINO" Pills. Write us for free trial treatment.

National Drug and Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited. Toronto. 263



THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

MADE IN CANADA
PLEASE ALL

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

FALLEN HEROES.

Each mail brings further letters from boys at the front, which, although not written in a boastful strain, eloquently testify to the glorious stand made by the Canadians at Langemarck. This glory, however, was achieved at the cost of many valuable lives. That, however, is inevitable in any war; and the relatives of soldiers at the front are showing a brave resignation which is beautiful to see. The casualty lists of the Canadian officers at the front have recently contained a number of relatives of the officials of the Canadian Red Cross Society. Both sons of Sir John Gibson, in the persons of Capt. Colin Gibson and Lieut. Frank Gibson, have been wounded. Colonel Ryerson, President of the Society, has lost one son, Captain George C. Ryerson, whose name appeared among the killed in the recent casualty list, and another son, Lieut. Arthur Ryerson, has been wounded, though fortunately not seriously. Lady Drummond has lost her only son, Lieut. Guy Drummond, and the son of Mr. J. N. Young, President of the Hamilton branch of the Society, has been wounded.

It is a source of satisfaction to know that no delay is being permitted in providing for the dependents of our soldiers who have fallen. Last session provision was made for a pension system, and pensions are already being paid. No sooner is a death officially reported than an order is at once sent to the paymaster-general and the pension begins. In the case of men incapacitated for further service action will not be taken until final reports as to their condition are received. Many will be under medical care for some time, but meanwhile their pay is being continued. The special pension appropriation of Parliament last session amounted to two million dollars.

MANY RETURNS OF THE DAY.

The many friends of E. G. Porter, Esq., M.P., the popular Member for West Hastings, congratulate him on the 56th anniversary of his birthday, which was celebrated by a number of them at a quiet luncheon at the Belleville Club today. A very pleasant and friendly hour or two were spent in social conversation, all wishing him many returns of the season in health and prosperity.

CURRENT COMMENT

At last the strain has proved too much for that Napoleon of commerce, Herr Albert Ballin, who might almost be said to be the creator of Germany's mercantile marine. Doomed to see the great fleet which he brought into being lying idle and useless for months in German and neutral harbors, Herr Ballin has broken down and is in a sanitarium.

In days to come the failure of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway to lease and operate the National Transcontinental under the agreement made with the Laurier Government may be regarded as the first step in the resumption by the people of absolute ownership and control of the railed highways that are of vastly more importance to the nation than all other means of transportation put together.—Toronto Globe.

The submarine game is one which two or more can play. This is not a noval proposition, but it is one whose truth is in danger of being overlooked. The performances of the German submarines, which have culminated in the Lusitania massacre, may have caused many to forget that the British underwater craft have a record of brilliant achievements unsullied by atrocity of any kind. Two of them have recently been working havoc among the Turkish gunboats and transports in the Sea of Marmora.—Boston Transcript.

Italy's army is splendidly equipped, has enjoyed a recent training in Tripoli, and has no doubt studied the campaigns of the last nine months to advantage. The minute it crosses or attempts to cross the Austrian border it will create a third Teutonic battle-front to which an immense amount of military attention must be given by the Kaiser and his friends. If Germany and Austria have not been able to make much progress at the east and west for many months, how can they expect to do so when they are compelled to meet an active enemy at the south?—Providence Journal.

Italy's advent into the war may have some influence upon the Washington Administration. It will help to counter-balance the pro-German-pro-Austrian forces at work in the United States. The Republic shelters perhaps almost as many Latins as it does Teutons, and the preponderant foreign vote throughout the Republic is now greatly on the side of the Allies. This is a point that the Germans should consider when threatening to control the next Presidential election.—Toronto News.

Friendship is not an arguable thing. It naturally is, or it naturally is not. Between Italy and Austria-Hungary a fiction of friendship became insupportable under conditions which were never contemplated by the Triple Alliance, conditions which threw into naked relief the incompatible nature of their interests, and the result appears now to have been inevitable. Indeed, the wonder is not that Italy at last denounced the treaty, but that it served so long to keep the peace between two peoples who for ancient reasons regarded each other as natural enemies.—New York Times.

The popularity of Tommy Atkins with the French ally is gravely affected when General Joffre prescribes clean shaves for his men on the firing line. Tommy's dexterity with the razor has always been regarded as a harmless eccentricity, but beards are considered manly and military by the French soldier. It is to some extent a tradition going back to the Napoleonic wars. Most of the men of the Old Guard were bearded like the pard. But the hirsute Frenchman in civil life is common. The order that beards must go in the army for sanitary reasons is revolutionary. It portends a long war.—New York Sun.

THE POET'S CORNER

AN ENGLISH MOTHER

I loved the spring so well in that fond year!
The little baby buds that grew and grew,
Came as a sweet token of a joy so near,
So dear, it seemed that it could not be true.

The sprouting grass, the brooks that sang aloud,
The mother birds that perched their nests to sing,
All made glad song for me. Ah, I was proud,
And oh, so happy in that winsome spring!

But now spring days bring but an added fear
Of waiting, dumb expectancy and dread;
I falter, now the test has come so near
Oh, how may one be brave with heart like lead?

The sun is higher, hotter than before,
'Twill dry the ground, 'twill mark the great attack;
I pray it cast no shadow at my door—
The shadow that I fear—God, hold it back!

To-morrow, nay, to-day, may move the guns,
The bugles may be calling now in France,
And England pouring out a million sons
To start, to swell, to win the great advance.

And I had but one son, just one to give—
I gave the motherland a mother's all;
If he should die it seems, I could not live,
I could not rise again if he should fall.

And yet I pray, dear God, if he must die,
If I must lose this only son of mine,
In German soil my soldier boy shall lie,
Beyond the Rhine, dear God, beyond the Rhine!

—O. C. A. CHILD,
(New York Times)

MOTHERS OF LITTLE ONES

No mother of young children should be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are mothers best friend and are as good as a doctor in the house. Concerning them Mrs. F. Wurger, Ingersoll, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past eight years and would not be without them. I can highly recommend them to all mothers of young children." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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Arts Courses only.
SUMMER SCHOOL
JULY and AUGUST

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ARTS EDUCATION MEDICINE
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ENGINEERING
GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar

It's a pleasure to bake and roast with an oven that's always bright and clean. See

McClary's Gas Ranges

For artificial or natural gas

fitted with white enamelled roast pan and anti-rust oven. Ask the McClary dealer. 533

For Sale by,
THE SMITH HARDWARE, CO.

"Yes sir; you will get more for your money in service and satisfaction, by using

Brandram-Henderson's "English" Paint

than you can get with other paint:
Longer Protection, because B-H "English" is primarily an endurance paint and will successfully withstand the effects of weather longer than others;
Greater Economy, because you will not have to repaint nearly as soon as with other paints; and
Greater Satisfaction, because B-H Paints retain their beauty and weather resistance for years.
The Reason, for this is that all B-H "English" Paints that can be made on a white base contain
70% Brandram's B. B. Genuine White Lead
30% Pure White Zinc.
A combination that produces paints unexcelled in covering capacity, beauty, brilliancy and durability. This formula is positively guaranteed by the makers."

C. M. Hall
Belleville Ont

Keep The Men In Good Humor

When Hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke. Ask your grocer for EDDY'S "GOLDEN TIPS" or "SILENTS," two of our many brands.

The E. B. EDDY CO.
HULL, CANADA

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

ALLAN LINE

MONTREAL		TO
SICILIAN	June 3rd	LONDON
PRETORIAN	June 8th	GLASGOW
CORINTHIAN	June 27th	LONDON
GRAMPIAN	July 1st	LIVERPOOL
PRETORIAN	July 3rd	GLASGOW
HESPERIAN	July 15th	LIVERPOOL

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With Cash in the Bank You Can Buy to Advantage

You know how everything costs more when you have to buy on credit. Why not practice self-denial for a while if necessary, open a Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, and with the money in hand, buy at Cash prices? The discounts will help to swell your bank balance, and you will have made a good start towards financial independence.

Belleville Branch J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

Most women would rather be grasswidows than spinsters.

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CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY

Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal.

OCEAN LIMITED
Leaves 7.25 p.m. daily

MARITIME EXPRESS
Daily except Saturdays
8.15 a.m.
Through Sleepers.

Montreal and Halifax

Connection for ST. JOHN, the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to
E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on May 30th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO

Muskoka Lakes	Lake of Bays
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Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A. Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

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STEAMER
"Brockville"
will be on her route
Trenton to Picton
ABOUT MAY 22nd.
May be chartered for Excursions.
Apply—
CAPTAIN CHRISTIE
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The Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

About the only satisfactory substitute for wisdom is silence.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 20— 9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West

No. 19— 2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13 - 4.35 a.m Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.25 a.m.	8.05 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 26, 1915

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 pm.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations 2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Harker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m. 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations —10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

S. BURROWS, AGENT

CANADIAN PACIFIC
THE
Ideal Vacation Route
CONVENIENTLY REACHING
POINT-AU-BARIL
FRENCH & PICKEREL RIVERS
SEVERN RIVER
MUSKOKA LAKES
RIDEAU LAKES
LAKE ONTARIO RESORTS
GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME, MAY 30
Particulars from
S. Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Established over Forty-one Years
THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ASSETS OVER $48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking
Money Saved is Money Gained.
Never Defer Saving, but
Open a Savings Account to-day.
We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager, Belleville Branch.
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro „ „ Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville „ „ Wednesdays

The Merchants Bank Of Canada

Capital $7,000,000
Reserve $7,000,000

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED
Interest added every six months. Small or large amounts deposited. Banking may be done by mail. Drafts on any parts of the world sold or bought.
A General Banking Business conducted.
Belleville Branch H. SNEYD, Manager

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-tives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health

J. W. HAMMOND Esq.

SCOTLAND, ONT., Aug. 25th, 1913
"Fruit-a-tives" are the only pill manufactured, to my way of thinking. They work completely, no griping whatever, and one is plenty for any ordinary person at a dose. My wife was a martyr to Constipation. We tried everything on the calendar without satisfaction, and spent large sums of money until we happened on "Fruit-a-tives". I cannot say too much in their favor.

We have used them in the family for about two years and we would not use anything else as long as we can get "Fruit-a-tives".

Their action is mild, and no distress at all. I have recommended them to many other people, and our whole family uses them".

J. W. HAMMOND.

Those who have been cured by "Fruit-a-tives" are proud and happy to tell a sick or ailing friend about these wonderful tablets made from fruit juices.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

German Pirates at Their Best

Blew Off Head of Man Rescued from the Norwenna

CARDIFF, Wales, May 27.—The members of the crew of the Canadian ship Norwenna say that after the vessel was torpedoed they lowered their boats, one of which had not entirely been freed from its tackle when a shell from a submarine blew off the head of one of its occupants and wounded three other men.

The skipper of the Jacqueline says when he saw the submarine attack the Norwenna he started the Jaqueline full steam ahead, intending to ram the submarine. The underwater boat, however, evaded the trawler and fired many shells at her, but all of them missed their mark.

Try Rexall Orderlies, the modern laxative. They are sold on a money back guarantee by J. S. McKeown The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c., & 50c. boxes.

ROYAL PATIENT IMPROVES

King of Greece Not Undergoing Another Operation

ATHENS, May 27.— King Constantine passed a restful night, and the doctors decided to-day that another operation would be unnecessary. They regard the patient as generally improved.

The people attribute the turn for the better in the King's condition to the presence in the palace of the Ikon of the Holy Virgin.

The King's temperature at noon today was 98.5 and his pulse 82.

Have you a FOOD CHOPPER in your Home?

IF you *have*, you know how many little economies it can effect in the kitchen. If you have *not*, here is your opportunity to buy a real "Made-in-Canada" machine—the

Maxwell

"HOME 65" FOOD CUTTER

A quick, clean cutter, with water-tight cap. Holds all the food juices. Four cutting plates, or three plates and nut grater, if preferred. Cuts bread, meat, vegetables, fruit food of every kind. Easily cleaned after use.

A Dainty Food Chopper Cook Book Given Free with every Machine

—or, write direct to us (enclosing 4c. in stamps) and we will send you a copy. This Cook Book contains dozens of everyday recipes and profitable hints on how to use up "odd dishes."

Write to-day.

MAXWELLS LIMITED
St. Mary's, Ont. (15)

If your Dealer does not handle the Maxwell Line write to us direct.

WAR STORIES

Stirring Incidents of the Battlefield, Told by the Soldiers Themselves

There is no need in these stirring times to read novels. The newspapers from day to day tell tales of heroism, daring and romance, and record incidents of thrilling and pathetic interest enough to satisfy all who look for entertaining and exciting reading. We propose to give a few of these war stories every day, apart from the letters of local boys at the front, which have an interest all their own.

AVENGING HIS BROTHER

Pte. Percy Coulson, of Toronto, writing of the battle of Langemarck, says:

"The battle lasted all through the day and continued hotly all the next day. It was awful to see regiment after regiment of British Tommies go up to reinforce and only a few come back. Eventually we were relieved from that front line and put in reserve, where we remained in different positions for the rest of the seventeen days.

"Believe me, if anybody deserves and needs a rest it is the Canadian division. The gas the enemy uses is horrible and kills the men while they are standing doing their duty. The use of the gas alone condemns the enemy as cowards.

"One Highlander of the 16th Battalion, who was in the charge, had his brother killed beside him. When he got to the enemys lines one German put up his hand for mercy. But the only mercy he got was a bayonet thrust, and as the fellow dealt him the blow he said: "There you—take that, that is for my brother.' "

"ARTILLERY THAT COUNTS"

Major Victor C. Buchanan of Montreal, an officer of the 13th Battalion, writing immediately after Langemarck, says: "We were literally blown out of where we had dug in. The Germans certainly are good gunners. We have practically lost all our outfits. My razors, glasses, etc., everything but my bed, which was away in the rear, but we pick up razors and things of the stuff round, and dead bodies I regret to say are numerous. We bury the men, but the horses fill the roads and ditches. War is certainly a terrible game, and the suffering is awful.

"The Germans certainly do not lack artillery, and the shell fire and machine guns go at it. We are awake all night getting rations and water distributed, but have to lie low in the daytime, so as not to give our position away.

"Sixty per cent. of our fellows are killed, wounded, and missing, so we need some reorganization. We are a motley looking lot in all kinds of uniforms—but we still have the spirit and only hope to get at closer quarters—but it is artillery that counts, and the allies will win out eventually.'

BLOWN OUT OF A TRENCH

Lieut. A. N. Worthington, of the 5th Royal Highlanders, of Montreal, writes:

'I had a miraculous escape, but I expect to be back at the front within a couple of days. Langemarck was indeed hell without any profanity meant."

Worthington was blown 15 feet out of the trench by a shell explosion, he writes. He revived and the regiment received orders to retire. In crossing the open he was struck again slightly. He sought cover in a farmhouse, crawling through a turnip field. From there he was taken to the base hospital.

"I saw poor Drummond and Norseworthy killed. The same bullet got them both in the neck."

Lieut. Guy Drummond was the son of Lady Drummond of Montreal, Major Norseworthy was his superior officer of the 5th Royal Highlanders.

FIRED SIXTY ROUNDS

Pte. W. McMurchy, of Toronto, writes of Langemarck:

"The first signs of anything unusual came very suddenly. Jack Mahon and myself were strolling through a town within a few miles of where we made our name, when suddenly a perfect stream of refugee French soldiers and artillery simply poured through the town. Many of the Frenchmen were riding three and four on one horse. I remember a staff officer rushing out and stopping some of them, but they were almost speechless. Then we heard the whistles to stand to, and within an hour we had reached the canal and were in for gun work. I didn't have two hours' sleep in the next six days and nights, nor did any other man on those fields.

"The second day I was chosen, with nine others, to take ammunition in daylight to a part of the field away on the right and from then until we came out, I never saw the regiment. At one time I would be in the trenches with the Canadian Highlanders, and at another I would be with men from British regiments. In one German charge I fired about sixty rounds into them. Some of the Buffs who had been through the war since the beginning, told me that the shell fire was the worst since Mons, and the fighting was, if anything, far more fierce."

THROWN IN THE AIR

Pte. C. Gillies, of Toronto, in writing to his sister, Mrs. E. Murphy, of Orillia, says:

"The German snipers saw us running up with stretchers and they tried to shoot us down. We got off very lucky. I thought my last day had come when two "coal boxes" dropped about six yards in front of us when we were carrying one of the wounded in. I am glad to say not one of us got hurt. The Germans apparently take no notice of the Red Cross. We were shelled at our dressing station, and then we had to move a mile up the road. It is no joke being in the Ambulance Corps. On one occasion two stretcher-bearers were coming up the road with a wounded man on a stretcher when a shell burst and lifted the three of them in the air."

WHY GERMANS FIGHT

PARIS, May 27.—A special correspondent describes how the French soldiers told the Germans of Italian intervention.

'I was at a point on the front where our trenches were only a few yards from those of the Germans," he says. "For several days the men had been annoyed by the gaiety of the Germans over the Galician victory, which they celebrated with songs and accordeon music. When the Italian news arrived we summoned a German-speaking corporal, who shouted to the enemy that he wished to talk. They replied, 'No shooting.'

"The French agreed, whereupon heads emerged and the corporal announced the news. The Germans were skeptical, but they were convinced by the figures of the Italian vote, which the French hoisted on a blackboard.

"The corporal continued: 'You are done for, now.'

"They answered: 'We know it.' The corporal: 'Then why go on fighting?' The Germans: 'We must, otherwise we will be shot in the back.'

"The conversation ended, but throughout the night the French continued to sing the "Marseillaise" and play on home-made musical instruments. The German trenches were silent."

EXPECTS ROUMANIA IN

NISH, May 27.—M. Pashitch, the Serbian premier, who was interviewed to-day, thought that Roumania was likely to quickly follow Italy's lead, and thus bring the war appreciably nearer its end.

The results, he declared, would mean a new era for Serbia.

Defy Dyspepsia!

Among the symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion may be mentioned a heavy, cutting pain soon after eating; a distended, full feeling of the stomach and bowels; belching of wind and flatulence; a burning sensation in the stomach, which indicates acidity; heartburn; palpitation of the heart; oppression of breathing; pain under the ribs and shoulder-blades; headache through the temples and eyes; dizziness, coated tongue and constipation; sometimes nausea or vomiting.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is the natural specific for all these conditions. Being an antacid, it immediately relieves the acidity of the stomach and stops the fermentation. It stimulates the secretion and muscular action of the stomach and bowels, and overcomes the constipation. When its use is kept up the normal action of all the organs of digestion is re-established.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c. 2

FOR SALE BY J. S. McKEOWN.

Mystery Cloaks Death of Couple

Police Advance Two Theories Regarding Deaths in House at Hochelaga

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gareau, who resided at 400 Valois street, Hochelaga, Montreal, who had not been seen by any of their neighbors for three days, were found dead in their home yesterday morning when the door was opened by a policeman. A sister of Mrs. Gareau, who had not heard from her since Sunday, went to the house in Valois street on Thursday morning to ascertain if there was anything wrong. She could obtain no answer to repeated rings at the door bell, so she went to the East St. Catherine street station and informed Captain Murphy that she feared something was amiss in the Gareau house. Captain Murphy sent a policeman to make an investigation. He secured a key from one of the neighbors that opened the door of the Gareau flat. When the policeman and the woman entered the flat they found Mr. Gareau cold in death, seated in a chair in the little sitting room of the house, while the dead body of Mrs. Gareau was lying in her bed, as if she was sleeping peacefully. Everything about the little flat was in perfect order, and there was no sign of any struggle. The only sign of life about the flat was a canary that was warbling in its cage.

From the observations made by the police, it would appear that death came to Mrs. Gareau after she had retired, while Mr. Gareau was evidently preparing for bed, when death overtook him, as he was clothed only in his trousers and undershirt. From the appearansce of the bodies, it looked to the police as if the man and woman had been dead for at least three days. They were last seen on Sunday, and it is thought that they must have died Sunday night or early Monday morning.

To Analyse Liquid

Both bodies were taken to the morgue, where the medical men will hold autopsies to ascertain the cause of death and make a report to the coroner at the inquest to be held. The police are of the opinion that the couple may have been poisoned by something they drank. There was an empty bottle found on the table in the kitchen, which was taken away by the police for the examination of a small quantity of fluid that remained in it.

Some of the police who are at work on the case are inclined to think that Mrs. Gareau may have died suddenly during the night, and that when her husband, who was very much attached to her, realized what had happened, he may have been seized with an attack of heart failure and died. From what the police were able to learn, the couple never quarrelled, there was no sign of any struggle and nothing was missing from the house.

Shell Supplies Are Adequate

The Morning Post Correspondent Claims That British Artillery Suffer no Shortage

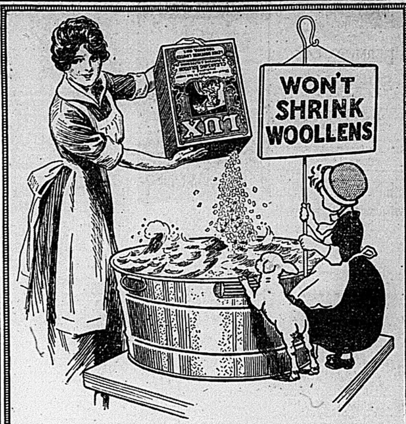
LONDON May 28.—A correspondent of the London Morning Post telegraphs from the North of France as follows:

"I have made it my business to make particular inquiries as to the actual state of matters regarding our shell supplies. am assured from a number of reliable sources that our artillery is doing magnificently, and that, while we certainly require high explosive shells in ever increasing quantities, the situation in respect of this has been altogether exaggerated in some quarters. To quote an expression, we are "dynamiting our way" through the German defences much in the same way as the French are. We are blowing parapets to bits and doing it rapidly and well. In certain instances we were into the German trenches and had their occupants caught trembling with fear in their dugouts.

"The trenches themselves, concreted and steel plated though they have been, have been rendered absolutely untenable. In one instance so paralyzing has been our rapid onrush that we actually found a graphaphone playing away in a dugout, no one having the presence of mind or perhaps the time to shut it off.

"The German trenches were found to be lighted with electricity in many cases, and to be fitted with electrical pumps against wet weather.

"I find among our soldiers widespread indignation in respect of the attacks upon Lord Kitchener. It is logically urged that had the matter been really meant patriotically, properly serious representations in the right quarter would have been sufficient to call attention to the matter; or, failing that, a plain public statement requiring no sensational headlines or the aggregious harping upon the already loudly strummed cord, would have amply awakened the public."



Pour LUX on the troubled waters of the wash

MILLIONS of these little LUX wafers are working wonders every wash-day all over Canada. In color they are like cream—to the touch like silk. The fine, soft, creamy lather LUX makes, is splendid for woollens—it never shrinks or hardens them. In fact, all kinds of garments, woollens, silks, laces, linens, etc., dainty or otherwise, are really preserved by LUX. It leaves them luxuriously clean, but with the fabric absolutely free from matting and shrinkage.

SAMPLE FREE on application to Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto. Sold at all grocers, **10c.**

Remember: 1st. LUX is made in Canada. 2nd. It won't shrink woollens. 17

Toronto to 'Frisco

Toronto Business Men Used Long Distance Telephone

Several prominent citizens this afternoon enjoyed the unique experience of talking over a telephone line extending for a distance of 3,000 miles across the continent. The line connected with the transcontinental telephone line between New York and San Francisco and Toronto was connected with the Golden Gate City.

It took less than one-fifteenth of a second for the voice to travel over the wires, and Torontonians held short conversations with San Franciscans. In addition to this music was supplied at the San Francisco end, much to the delight and wonder of the Toronto audience. The voices and the music were quite audible despite the great distance it travelled, and several receivers were used here at the same time.

The mind of a man who goes wrong is always a blank while he is gone.

Gallons of trouble may come out of a pint flask.

Canada's first refined sugar, "Ye Olde Sugar Loafe" of 1854, was REDPATH; so was the first Canadian granulated sugar, in 1880, and the first Sugar Cartons in 1912.

The leader in every advance, Redpath Sugar stands to-day first in the estimation of tens of thousands of Canadian families. 131

Ask for "REDPATH" in Individual Packages.
2 and 5 lb. Cartons. 10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.
CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES

Three kinds—Black, White and Tan

Easiest to use—Best for all Shoes

At all dealers at the one price 19¢

The F. F. DALLEY CO., Ltd.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Hamilton, Can.

MADE IN CANADA

BERMUDA
3 for 50¢
SALISBURY
2 for 25¢
W.G.&R. COLLARS
THE WILLIAMS, GREENE & ROME CO. LIMITED
BERLIN, ONTARIO

ON HIGH TREASON CHARGE

German Millionaire Posschl Arrested at Altona

LONDON, May 28.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen, says:

"The German newspapers announce the arrest at Altona, of the German millionaire, Senator Possehl, who it is asserted, is charged with high treason for selling metal and pyrites to Great Britain from his Swedish and Norwegian works."

Here are some of the many features applying exclusively to Dunlop Traction Tread Bicycle tires—the only tire with a built-into tread—the V-shaped top of the tire is made by iron moulds after the tire proper is completed. That means a skid-resisting surface which cannot tear off, as so often happens with ordinary-made bicycle tires.

The only bicycle tire that is practically puncture-proof. Your wheel is making revolutions on a series of "V's" which contain no air. Thus the air-containing portion of the tire is kept clear of the ground.

Don't fail to equip your mount with Dunlop Traction Tread, or Dunlop Special, the rubber-studded bicycle tire. B115

DUNLOP TIRE & RUBBER GOODS COMPANY, LIMITED
Head Office: TORONTO
Branches in Leading Cities
Makers of Tires for Automobiles, Motor Trucks, Motorcycles, Bicycles and Carriages, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Heels, Mats, Tiling, and General Rubber Specialties.

"The Boots that stood the Test"

Largest shoe manufacturers in the Dominion.

A uniform standard of Quality for more than Sixty years—

For more than sixty years, the men, women and children in every section of this country, have enjoyed the comfort, the sturdy wear and honest values of Ames Holden McCready Boots and Shoes.

"Quality" is the foundation on which this great business has been built.

It is quality—and quality alone—that has given Ames Holden McCready Footwear the reputation which it enjoys with the shoe dealers of Canada as well as with the shoe buyers.

The wide variety of styles; the careful inspection of every pair; the strict adherence to quality; are daily adding to the prestige of this company, which has maintained its reputation for good goods for more than three score years.

Your dealer will show you the new spring and summer styles in "Ames Holden" or "McCready" Brands of Shoes for men, women and children. 2R

Ames Holden McCready Limited, Montreal.

QUALITY—First, Last and Always.

City Market Fairly Attended

The attendance upon the market this morning was not large, owing to the fact that many farmers are busily engaged upon their land. Prices were good for all produce offered for sale. Butter was somewhat scarce and sold readily at 33c. to 35c. per pound. Fresh eggs commanded 20c. and 21c. per dozen. Dressed chickens sold at from $1.25 to $1.75 per pair, according to size and quality, and a few pairs of ducks sold at $1.50 and $2 a pair. Potatoes were rather scarce and 60c. per bag was realized. Garden produce was quite plentiful and sold rapidly at fair prices. Our quotations are as follows:

MEATS.	
Beef, hinds, lb.	12c.
Beef, fore, lb.	10c.
Hogs, live, lb.	$9.40
Hogs, dressed, lb.	12¼c.
Lamb, by carcase, lb.	10c. to 12c.
Veal, by carcase, lb.	10c. to 12c.
FISH.	
Pickerel, lb.	6c.
Trout, salmon, lb.	8c.
White Fish, lb.	8c.
Rough fish	2c.
POULTRY.	
Dressed chickens	$1.25 to $1.75
Ducks	$1.50 to $2.00
DAIRY PRODUCTS.	
Butter, creamery, lb.	36c.
Butter, rolls, lb.	34c. to 35c.
Cheese, old, lb.	21c. to 22c.
VEGETABLES	
Lettuce, bunch	5c.
Green Onions	5c.
Rhubarb	5c.
Radishes, bunch	5c.
GRAIN	
Barley, bushel	75c.
Bran, ton	$28.00
Buckwheat, bushel	$1.00
Corn, feed, bushel	90c.
Corn, seed, bushel	$1.50
Hay, baled, cwt.	$1.00
Oats, bushel	75c.
Straw, baled, cwt.	50c.
HIDES.	
Deakins	65c. to 75c.
Sheep	$1.00 to $2.00
Sheep, trimmed, green	11c. to 12c.
Tallow, rendered, lb.	6c.
Wool, unwashed, lb.	15c. to 17c.
Wool, washed, lb.	20c. to 22c.
Horse hides	$3.00

Y.M.C.A. Notes

Everybody had a great time last night when the Bridge St. League were the guests of the Y.M.C.A. Senior Members, in the Assembly Rooms. The Leaguers had splendid talent amongst them and were gracious in affording plenty of good entertainment. The fore part of the evening was spent watching an exciting game of basket ball. A dainty luncheon was served by the young men, after which a few games finished the evening's program.

The soldiers continue to make splendid use of the building for writing, reading and bathing.

The Y.M.C.A. will be glad to receive contributions in sporting goods, either used or unused, such as bats, balls, gloves, lacrosse sticks, footballs, etc., to forward to the front, so that the men held in reserve may profitably spend the waiting hours in good health-giving recreation.

PERRIN'S TIPPERARY BISCUITS
REGISTERED
Are you using them?

Local Cheese Board Make Donations

At the cheese board held here today 39 factories boarded 2,210 boxes of cheese, all white. These were all sold at 18½c. and 18 9-16c., which is an exceptionally high price. The factories presented and the number of cheese boarded were as follows:

Shannonville	75
York Road	70
Massassage	55
Silver Springs	30
Union	40
Eclipse	45
Holloway	45
Hyland	50
Sidney	90
Acme	55
Wooler	70
S. T. Hall	80
Rosebud	50
Bayside	60
West Huntingdon	50
Melrose	90
Zion	90
Foxboro	70
East Hastings	50
Thurlow	50
Mountain	30
Plainfield	30
Moira Valley	60
Premier	30
Enterprise	30
Roslin	30
Mountain View	50
Albert	30
Grafton	50
Frankford	90
Rogers	90
White Lake	30
Moira	50
Kingston	30
Roblin	40
Rock	30
Cedar Creek	30
Wicklow	100
Codrington	65

Previous to the boarding of the cheese a business meeting was held. Mr. J. W. Haggerty, President of the Board, who presided, brought to the attention of the members the requirements of West Huntingdon Red Cross Society and obtained from them a grant of $50.00.

At the same time Mr. J. Elliott appeared before the Board, placing before its members the needs of the Belleville Red Cross Society with the result that the Board very generously donated $100.00 to that organization.

DEATH ROLL

ELIZABETH DOHERTY

The death occurred this morning of Elizabeth Doherty, wife of John Doherty. Deceased was born in Tyendinaga Township, 70 years and 7 months ago, and resided all her life in this county. Mrs. Doherty was a daughter of the late John Cockins. She had been ill about 3 years with dropsy and diabetes. Surviving is her husband and four sons; John of Lindsay, Samuel, William and Wesley of Belleville; and four daughters, Mrs. Sweet, Newburgh, Mrs. Chas. Smith, Mrs. Wm. Lucas and Mrs. A. Haynes of Belleville.

MRS. E. S. TURLEY

Frankford lost one of its most valued and popular ladies this morning, in Mrs. E. S. Turley, wife of Mr. Turley, general merchant. Deceased had suffered patiently through a long illness, and her many sincere friends will sorrow over her demise. Mrs. Turley leaves to mourn her, besides her husband, seven sons, Edward of Montreal; Harry, Kenora, Earl, Saskatchewan, Ralph, Trenton, Ray, Frankford, Gerald and Hubert at home; and one daughter, Regina, at home.

BASEBALL.

CANIFTON ROAD vs. MOIRA SHAMROCKS

A pretty fair game of baseball was played between the C.R.A.C. and the Shamrocks, which ended in a win for the C.R.A.C., the score being 33 to 23. Both teams showed great hitting strength. The return game will be played on June 3rd in the afternoon. The line up was as follows:

C.R.A.C.—C. Ellis, p.; L. Keller; 1b., N. Burshaw; 2b., L. Donovan; 3b., J. Donovan s.s.; R. Duncan, r.f.; W. Burshaw, c.f.; H. Little, l.f.

Moria Shamrocks—Davison, c.; V. Hogan, P.; J. Boyle 1b.; Vesterfelt, 2b.; R. Harris, 3b.; E. Smith, s.s.; H. Harris, r.f.; C. Morrison, c.f.; Palmer, l.f.

QUEEN VICTORIA vs QUEEN MARY

A very interesting game of baseball with plenty of pep, took place yesterday between Queen Victoria School, and Queen Mary School, ending in a win for the former by a score of 23 to 22. S. Nurse refereed in a very satisfactory manner.

At one time the score was 18 to 9 in favor of Queen Mary's, but their opponents get in on the quick dope and passed them in a couple of innings. It is the first time Queen Mary has gone down to defeat in three years, and as that one was on their own grounds the school league looks pretty soft to the Vics. The two teams are a tie now for the silver cup.

COAT CLEARANCE

For cool evenings, motoring, boating, etc., a SPORT COAT HELPS TO MAKE THE TIME ENJOYABLE. We are clearing an assortment of

22 Sport Coats

of heavy materials, in Navy, New Blue, Tan and Tan Checks, in sizes from 16 years to 40 inches bust.

Reg. Prices $9.00, $9.50, $10.00, $12.50 and $13.50

To Clear at a Quarter Less than These Prices

DRESS SILK.
36 inch Black Satin Duchesse, with our name on the selvedge, a guaranteed Dress Silk, selling at the old price .... $1.25 yard

SHEPHERD'S CHECKS.
A large range of Black and White Shepherd's Checks, for Dresses, Suits and Coats, from 36 ins. to 56 ins. wide. Prices .... 35c. to $1.50 yd.

THE NEW COLLARS.
Have you seen the New Puritan Collars? We have our first shipment of these, priced at ..... 40c., 50c., 65c. each.

COTTON WASH CREPES.
These Wash Crepes are among the season's best selling wash goods. Over 100 patterns and colors from which to choose a cheap and serviceable dress at 12½c. yard

CREAM SUITINGS.
Cream Wool Whipcord for Suits and Skirts, 54 inches wide .... $1.00 yard.
Cream Serges up to 54 ins. wide. Prices 75c. to $1.50 yd.

BLOUSES AND DRESSES.
We are showing many attractive novelties in Summer Waists and Dresses.
Dainty Voile Waists, neatly trimmed with lace or embroidery, from .... $1.00 to $7.00
Dresses in White and Colored Voiles, lace trimmed or embroidered .... $4.65 to $22.50

PRACTICAL MIDDIES.
We have a large assortment of the ever-popular Middy Blouses, in all White or trimmed with Red, Navy or Copenhagen Blue.
For Children, 6 to 12 years. For Misses, 14 to 20 years. For Ladies, 34 to 42 bust. Prices .... 75c. to $2.00 each

Sinclair's CURTAIN SCRIMS 15c. to 40c. yard. Sinclair's

Expect Election In Manitoba Soon

The Liberals Can See no "Crying Shame" in War Election in Western Province

OTTAWA, Ont., May 28.—Advices received in political circles at Ottawa today are to the effect that there will be a general election in Manitoba within the next month. It is stated that the Norris Government, despite the offer of members of the Roblin Government to resign and give the Liberals a majority, have decided to appeal to the people. There was a strong feeling in Manitoba against a war election and for that reason it was decided to have sufficient Conservative members resign to prevent this. However, the Manitoba Liberals apparently have no compunctions over an election while the war is on and can see in it no crying crime.

TRAMPS LOOKED AFTER

Two members of the tramping fraternity were last night taken care of by the police, being the only occupants of the cells.

Brightens the colors of linoleums and leaves a dry, smooth surface that doesn't readily hold dust. Contains no grit to scratch or wear the finish.

Lawrason's Snowflake Ammonia

Made in Canada

Ask for it by name—say "Snowflake."

5 and 10 cent packages.

FREE!! $100.00 IN CASH

AND NUMBER OF VALUABLE PREMIUMS GIVEN AWAY

1st Prize, $25.00 in cash 3rd Prize, $15.00 in cash
2nd Prize, $20.00 in cash 4th Prize, $10.00 in cash
5th to 10th Prize, each $5.00 in cash

Below will be found 4 sets of mixed letters. Can you arrange these 4 sets of letters in such order that each set will spell the name of a well known wild animal? It is no easy task, but by patience and perseverance you can find them. By sending a proper arrangement you can win a Cash Prize. That may require a little of your time but if you think there is ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS AND NUMBER OF VALUABLE PREMIUMS GIVEN, that is worth paying attention to. Remember that all you have to do is to write these names (plainly and neatly) with your name and address in full, as in case of ties both neatness and writing will be considered factors in this contest. To partake in this contest we do not require the spending of any of YOUR MONEY.

OLIN	GERIT	LWOF	RABE

Send your answer at once; we will reply by return mail telling you whether your answer is correct or not, and we will send you a complete Price List, together with the names and addresses of persons who have received Several Thousand dollars in Cash Prizes and lovely Premiums from us, and full particulars of a simple condition to be fulfilled. (This condition does not involve the spending of any of your money). The winners in our last competition have not the privilege of competing in this contest. This contest will be judged by well-known business men whose honesty is incontestable who are strangers to our Company and their decision should be accepted as final. Send your answer immediately.

Address Canadian Medicine Co., Dept. 1 Montreal, Que.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S
BUS, CAB AND TRANSFER LINE.
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tires, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town.
Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection.
Phone 229

CONTRACTOR.

W. H. PATTERSON.
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION
Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to, No. 3 Molsoms' Bank Apartments.

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTOR

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St. Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell Street, Belleville
Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge Street. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P
W. N. PONTON, K.C
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Offices: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, B.C.L., K.C.
Barrister, &c., 23 Bridge St., over G.N.W. Telegraph Office.
Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
Phone 77.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms
Office: 8 Campbell Street, Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

DR. J. CHANT
Specialist in Diseases of Eye, Ear Nose and Throat, and Fitting of Glasses.
Office: Corner Queen and John Streets
Phone 718.

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

AUCTIONEER.

JOHN L. PALMER
Licensed Auctioneer . Belleville, Ont. Real Estate Agent. Pure Bred Stock a Specialty. Bell Telephone 183, or Hastings Phone 3 short rings. Phone at my expense. All orders left at Anglo-American Hotel will be promptly attended to. Also city license.
Terms for City Sales, 5 per cent.

INSURANCE.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator, and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
W. H. HUDSON
Office: No. 17 Campbell St. Phone 161
Belleville.

FARM INSURANCE
I have made arrangements with English Companies to insure Farm Dwellings and Barns and contents at from 75c. to $1.00 per $100.
Call and see me before renewing your insurance.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Opposite Post Office. Belleville, Ont

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
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Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance.
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ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed
Office: 29 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. VALLANCE .... Manager
Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front Street, Belleville.
Phone 545.
LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. EVANS, C.E. & O.L.S.
J. W. EVANS C.E. & M.E.
EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers, and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 392

Have the Intelligencer Sent to your home address.

A Right Suit!

THERE is comfort in being well dressed, and there is is satisfaction in buying Clothes that measure to your standard!

A correct Suit means everything to a well-groomed and dignified Man!

You buy here, ready to wear, Clothes designed expressly to meet the exact requirements of Smart Young Dressers or of Dignified Men of Affairs, who take pride in their appearance.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES AT $10, $12, $15 to $25

Tailored by Lowndes Toronto

Beautiful New Colorings in Grays and in Browns, and Olive Mixtures. Distinctive, Handsome and Different!

Quick & Robertson

SATISFACTORY CLOTHES!

Drug Apprentice or Assistant Wanted

Apply personally or in writing, with references

WATERS DRUG STORE

Automobiles

When having your Automobile painted or varnished call up phone No. 232, and let us give you an estimate.

All sizes rubber tire for carriages kept in stock.

Work Guaranteed

The JAMES ST. CHARLES OMNIBUS COMPANY
30 FRONT ST.

ARTHUR McGIE
Merchant Tailor

New Spring Goods now in stock. A large assortment of the latest colorings and patterns to select from. You are invited to inspect our goods.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ICE! ICE!

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

Desire to announce they are ready to supply ICE to the trade the same as in former years. Any customers or others requiring ICE will kindly advise us at the Office, 42 Bridge St. E., or Telephone 231.

THE F. S. ANDERSON CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 3.

R. TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Intelligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HOTEL MARLBOROUGH

Broadway, between 36th & 37th Street
IN THE VERY CENTRE OF NEW YORK

This famous hotel is known the world over, has all modern appointments and is complete and up to date in all details.

The most convenient location in New York, being but a few minutes to the leading theatres and department stores, a few minutes from the Pennsylvania and Grand Central Stations.

Whether your visit is one of business or pleasure, you will will find the Marlborough the Ideal Place to stop at. The Rathskeller is one of the Show Places of New York.

Special Rates to all coming from this vicinity.

Rooms, $1.00 per day upwards.
Rooms with Bath, $1.50 per day upwards.
$1.00 Extra each Additional Person

JOHN F. DOWNEY, MANAGER.

"WHERE TO FISH AND HUNT"

Reissue has just been made by the General Passenger Dept. of the Canadian Northern Railway of the above valuable Sporting Guide for the current season. All the varied and reliable information which characterized this publication last year has been thoroughly revised and new matter added covering the northern reaches of Algonquin Park and the world famous Nipigon Trout Country. This is the only publication of its kind covering so many spots with such intimate detail.

Copies are obtainable from Local C.N.R. Agent, or General Passenger Dept., Toronto. 28-29

Our idea of a hustler is a man who can work as fast all day as he can dress in a cold room in the morning.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

CLOSED SCHOOLS

The Napanee Board of Health using precautionary measures, closed the Public Schools and the Collegiate Institute of that town on Wednesday of this week, owing to an outbreak of diphtheria. Six cases were reported.

FOUND DEAD IN BED

The body of little Grace Freatt, of Napanee, aged 4 years, 6 months and 18 days, was found dead in bed by her mother early Monday morning. She had been ailing a few days previous with mumps.

MIDSUMMER EXAMINATIONS

Already the young pupils of our schools are discerning the shadow of the approaching mudsummer examinations and the next three weeks will be a period of close attention to studies for those who desire to attain the goal of success. In less than three weeks the examinations will commence. The dates for the Senior High School Entrance and Lower School examination for entrance in the Normals and Faculties of Education, are from June 14th to 22nd, for middle and upper schools, June 9th to June 30th for Junior Public School graduation diploma examinations, June 16th to June 23rd.

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

GUNNER EUGENE COULTER

The following letter has been received by a friend in Belleville from Gunner Eugene Coulter, 34th Battery:

France, May 12, 1915.

Dear Bill.—We are now having a few days' rest. Just came from the firing line about two days ago, and it has taken me two days to try to get cooled down, so I could write.

Probably you know by the papers what kind of a time we have been having lately; if not you will before you get this letter. Talk about having a hot time, it has anything beat I had ever seen. "Noise"—nothing could make any more noise than was made there for about three weeks without stopping for a rest. Some claim it was the largest artillery duel ever fought. Just before the gunners started their work we were riding along the road laughing and talking, sitting in our saddles in any way we felt like, knowing we were going into a hot place by the wounded we were passing along the road.

One of the batteries swung into a field, took cover and another, until all were set and ready. When we put our guns into position we were told to retire with the horses. The team I was on went ahead of the others, and some how we took the wrong road and get in the open. We were coming along between a walk and a trot just then something went "zing-bang." Well, we quit chewing the rag and started to trot. Two more, and you couldn't see us for dust. They kept coming and we lost no time in going. We made about two miles in no time. By the time we got all the horses back it was just one continuous roar. That was our baptism of shell fire. A day or so after, I was standing in a gate, near where our horses were under cover of a hedge, and Perkie Thomas came along leading a horse. I spoke to him. He said "How are you?" I asked him what was the matter with his horse, which was wounded. He looked at me for a few seconds, then said: "This is all that is left of our sub." His clothes and cap were torn, but he was not hurt. The rest of the horses were killed and the men wounded, one being torn to pieces. It just shows what one she does some times. I saw one hole made by a shell which was thirty some odd feet in diameter and twenty in depth. It was perfectly round. These holes make splendid swimming pools. When the big ones come over they roar and tear up a lot of ground. The small ones come along singing and hopping, taking one horse at a time and some times a man; then is when a fellow has the "Bunny Hug" and "Hesitation Waltz" down pat; he don't know which tree to get behind or anything else. Then again, I have seen us lying in our trenches or dugouts, laughing like a bunch of idiots, about some lad who we had seen trying to dive into his dugout sideways, when there was only room to get in head or feet first. We are just like a bunch of groundhogs.

Our horses never had the harness off them, nor did we have our shoes or clothes off all the time we were in the firing-line. Our officers tell us the Canadians have made a name for themselves. When some regulars would be passing us on the road they would always give up a cheer. They always cheered us when they were passing us on their way up to the trenches. It is an awful sight to see a battle at night; shells bursting all around you and everybody else, throwing dirt, cutting down trees, barns and houses on fire, star shells all over, wagons going to the guns with more amunition, and horses wagons and everything else going up in the air. The man who said "War is Hell" is not a long way off. Our casualties were many; horses heavy.

Say, Bill, I received that smoke you had in the letter, also the trio in I. Canuck. I got them just before I went into action, with parcel of papers from Dick. I am going to write him to-morrow. Day before yesterday I received a parcel from you, and it was handed to me at just the right time; was going to ask N.C.O. for a smoke. Thanks, Bill, it was sure a surprise when I opened it.

I got my hair clipped yesterday and the barber charged me a chew of tobacco. The price of a hair cut is one franc. If I had one franc I would have given it to him instead. We were paid yesterday afternoon a month's pay; thirty francs; six dollars. Lots of money. Will have to go out and have a glass of home-made beer after tea. I am in a little tent, made of a couple of rubbers and a blanket; it is raining and beginning to come through a little, so I will have to close for this time, as I am all doubled up here with a hump on my back like a bear eating crab-apples. Will close with love to all. Tell the boys I send them my best.

I remain,
GENE.

Mrs. Dillnutt has received the following letter from her husband:

As you have no doubt read in the papers, we have been in action and the column I am with did not lose a man, and no one was hurt. I was over to see Ernest today, and he was very lucky, because if his big toes had not caused him to be in the hospital he would have been in the battle, and his battery lost two men, one of them being Leo Ross, but I believe that he is the only man from Belleville that has been killed.

I dreamed about you last night, and you were worrying something terrible, and woke up quite upset. I hope that this is not really the case, because I am in no danger in the position I fill, and I only hope that the war will end in a very short time. Where the 2nd Battery is now I know they are too far away from the Germans for anything to happen to Ernest, and we were saying that we were going to take you all to the Thousand Islands if we beat the Germans in time to get back this summer. The weather is lovely here just now, and will be all summer. We are all sleeping out on the grass in a meadow and we eat our meals under the apples trees in the orchard, which are simply loaded with blossom; and are taking strolls in the country. We try to talk French to the natives and never hear a shot fired from one week's end to another; in fact, we are having a regular picnic—while I am writing this the fellows are playing baseball. How is Gracie getting along? I intended to send her picture postcards of all the places I went to, but the censor will not allow us to send any. I shall have to find some way of keeping them and bring them home with me. I got your parcel, and as we were moving that night I put it on a waggon in a hurry, and it got lost. All that I managed to get from it was a pair of socks, the handkerchiefs and chewing tobacco, which was all I could get into my pockets. I intended giving the rest to Ernest as I thought that was what you wanted me to do. I have never received a letter from any one since I left England, and until I got the parcel thought I was forgotten by everyone. I am going over to see Ernest again tonight and will give him four of the handkerchiefs. I have already told him I lost some cigarettes and chewing gum and socks I had done up in the parcel, and how sorry I was. I would sooner have lost the tobacco than the parcel—and that would have been bad enough. Still, it is better to lose all the parcels than to get caught by the Germans. Well, dearest, I think this is all this time, and hope you will manage to drop me a line, as you cannot imagine how lonely it feels to see other fellows getting letters from home and me none.

A POST CARD FROM "PAT."

Miss Mary Yeomans is in receipt of a post card from her brother "Pat," who is on active service. All will be pleased to know that the boys came out of the "scrap," as he terms it, safely. He says:

May 11th, 1915.

Have just come out of action for a few days, after being in a mighty big scrap for two weeks. We have been mighty lucky, I must say, everything considered. We can thank God we got out safely. Letter will follow. We are due a rest now after our work.

"PAT."

One charitable act will occasionally cause a man to pat himself on the back for many months.

Read Ritchie's List of Saturday Night Bargains on Page 8. Exceptional Offerings for To-night.

"MADE IN CANADA"

RADNOR, the New
ARROW COLLAR
2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers, Sales Dept. Montreal

Saturday Special

With every "NEW PERFECTION" or "GURNEY-OXFORD" OIL COOK STOVE
We will give a Special Premium

THIS OFFER IS FOR SATURDAY, May 29th ONLY

The 'Tipperary' $8
A Complete Gas Range

Lawn Mowers
Garden Hose
Hose Reels
Ice Cream Freezers
Refrigerators
Electric and Gasolene Irons

Have you tried SANI-FLUSH in your Bath-room?

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

LEWIS & HOBSON
THE CYCLE STORE.

"Lives of great men all remind us
We can make our lives sublime
And departing leave behind us.
WHEEL PRINTS on the sands of time."
—(With apologies)

So sang the poet, or anyhow something like it. It's what he would have sung if he rode one of our
MASSEY CUSHION FRAME WHEELS
No doubt about the sublime.

$28.50, $30.00, $35.00, $40.00, $50.00

333 FRONT STREET

Screen Doors And Windows Lawn Hose Lawn Mowers

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO

Phone 204. 314 Front Street.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

When You Want **Good Pure Liquors COME** to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality!

For medical use, for social occasions or to stock up your wine cellar, by all means select the vintages sold by

W. A. RODBOURNE, Phone 86
Orders delivered promptly to any part of the City Box 103
CLOSED EVERY EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK

McCrodan & Sills

Throughout the season we display a constant succession of the latest models designed by the most expert of Paris and New York designers.

"The House Famed For MILLINERY."

PANAMA and STRAW **HATS**
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
JUST ARRIVED
A new line of
FANCY HAT BANDS
all the latest shades
also a few
PANAMA HATS

J. T. DELANEY
236½ Front St. Phone 797
(Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

The Arrival of the Much-Looked-For

Palm Beach Crash Suits

OUR first showing of these will without a doubt create quite some considerable excitement, considering the amount of enquiries we have had about them recently.

They have turned out splendidly, and are quite the prettiest Summer Suits we have shown for some time. The prices, too, are low—real low—$10.00, and the prettiest of styles. See them. It's worth your while.

Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse 210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

20c and 25c Ginghams Sat. Morning 15c

$1.25 Parasols Saturday 98c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

POULTRY—12 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of these are laying. $15.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office dtf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIFFONier, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set, Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 26 Forin street. m22-dtf

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE AT 43 Gordon Street on Friday and Saturday. 28-2td

TO RENT OR FOR SALE, HOUSE, CORner Albert and Pine Streets. Apply Mrs. C. M. Reid, 105 Bridge St. Phone 179. 1t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

WANTED AT ONCE. BREAD BAKER. Apply to A. Arthurs, 272 Princess St., Kingston, Ont. 27-3td

BUSINESS CHANCES

I BUY, SELL, TRADE AND DEAL IN stocks, bonds, mortgages, farms and real estate. Do you want to buy or sell anything? Write or call. Robertson, 155 King Street E., Toronto.

TO RENT

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

A SMALL HOUSE WITH GARDEN, CORner Dundas and Burnham Streets. Apply N. Lingham, 212 Dundas St. 25-6td

SMALL HOUSES TO RENT IN STARling's Terrace. Apply B. Burton, 146 Albert Street. 26-4td

WANTED

WOOL WANTED. FARMERS, WE WANT 40,000 of washed and unwashed wool, for which we will pay the highest cash price. Shipments from outside points will receive our prompt and careful attention Belleville Produce Co. m28-d&wtf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSE work. References required. Apply evenings to 215 Ann Street, city. m28-1t

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED MAID FOR general house work. Apply Mrs. J. F. Wills, 38 Queen St. m28-dtf

WANTED, MAID, GENERAL. APPLY in evenings 279 William Street. 29-4td

LADIES TO DO PLAIN AND LIGHT SEWing at home, whole or spare time; good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid; stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

AGENTS WANTED.

WE WILL PAY YOU $120 TO DISTRIBUTE religious literature in your community. Sixty days' work. Experience not required. Man or woman. Opportunity for promotion. Spare time may be used. International Bible Press, 182 Spadina Ave., Toronto. 8t

AGENTS WANTED, CITY, TOWN AND village; labor saving sanitary article, every good home needs. $5 profit. Get particulars today. Dominion Sales Co., Toronto Arcade, Toronto. 3t:m15,22,29

CRONK'S AUTO LIVERY

Phone 314.

Driving for private parties a specialty. Terms moderate. Meet all trains and boats night or day. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, No. 6, Bellevue Terrace.

DANCING

Oddfellows' New Hall.
Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Select Social Class Dance
Monday Evening.
Dancing 8.30 to 11.30. Orchestra.

Eat Clapp's Fresh Butter Scotch

RICH, CRISPY, BUTTERY, and just flavored right with the very best Vanilla.

SOME FRESH TO-DAY 20c a lb.

Chas. S. Clapp

Any Headache
—Sick
—Nervous
—Dyspeptic
—Monthly
Cured by Zutoo

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. O. Currie, Pastor.

10.40 a.m.—Reception of new members by Session.
11 a.m.—Communion Service.
3 p.m.—The Church School.
7 p.m.—An Important Question. Collection for Red Cross Work.
Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.
Tues. 8 p.m.—Meeting of Guild.
Wed. 3 p.m.—Meeting of W.M.S.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Congregational Prayer Meeting.
Strangers and visitors welcome.

THE SALVATION ARMY

Pinnacle Street.
Sunday, May 30th.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
Mrs. Sketch will speak. Subject: "The Ship that Stood the Test."
Public services: Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdays, 8 p.m.
Captain and Mrs. Ruston; Lieutenant Foster, C.O.'s.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.
The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—The Zeal of the Lord.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—The Ministry of Healing.
Guild Monday eve at eight o'clock.
Mid-week Service Wednesday eve at eight o'clock.
A Cordial Welcome to All.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH

Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.
Special services tomorrow, with appeals for the Red Cross Society. The pastor will preach morning and evening.
11 a.m. subject—"Lend Me These Loaves"—the value of the commonplace in life. —5-minute Children's sermon.
3 p.m.—Sunday School Classes for all ages. Mr. P. C. MacLaurin, Supt.
7 p.m. subject—"Anointing Christ."—Can we do it today? How?
Baptism will be administered.
Music by the large chorus choir under the direction of Mr. W. B. Riggs. Miss Margaret Brown will sing. Organist, Miss Wanda Riggs.
Monday 8 p.m.—Outlook Club. Address by Rev. A. S. Kerr, of St. Andrew's Church.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Monthly Covenant Meeting.
All welcome.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

will meet in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 sharp.
Lesson—"How we may worship God acceptably."—II Samuel vi:1-19; Psalm xxiv.
Mr. Norman Irwin will give a solo.
There will only be two more sessions of the class and the members are earnestly requested to rally. All men, young and old, in the city who are not attending a Bible Class are earnestly invited and cordially welcome.
H. W. Ackerman, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

BETHEL HALL.

Over Lattimer's Drug Store
Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m. Wed.—Prayer and Bible reading.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

Victoria Ave. between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Pastor.
Services as usual at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.

Organized in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S Osborne, B.A., B.D.
10 a.m.—Rev. Mr. Adam's Class. Junior Epworth League.
11 a.m.—Public Service. Sermon by the pastor. Subject: "Florence Nightingale and the Red Cross."
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School with well organized Bible Classes. Judge Deroche, superintendent.
7 p.m.—Public service. Preacher, the pastor.
Choirmaster, Prof. D. A. Cameron. Organist, Miss Jessie Elliott.
Monday, 8 p.m.—Epworth League. "Not to Contest." Leader, the President.
Wed. 8 p.m.—Prayer and Praise Service.
You are cordially invited to these services.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH

(Church St.)
Rev. W. G. Clarke, B.A., Pastor.
10 a.m.—Three Classes. Junior E. League.
11 a.m.—Subject—"Hope, the World's Saviour."
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School, Good Orchestra, Alpha Club.
4 p.m.—Temperance Mass Meeting.
7 p.m.—Subject—"Langemarck, and Life's New and Supreme Purchasing Values for Young Canadians."
Splendid music by the choir. Corporal Lightheart, of the 39th Battalion, will sing "He Lifted Me." The Mixed Quartette will on Sunday evening sing "O, 'Tis Wonderful."
Soldiers, students and all are cordially invited to all services. Mrs. M. P. Duff, organist; Mrs. J. Grant, leader.
Monday 8 p.m.—Young People's Meeting

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Pastor
Parsonage: Hillside Street.
10 a.m.—Regular Classes and Junior League.
11 a.m.—"Gideon, The Mighty Man of Valor."
7 p.m.—Song Service. Solos, Duets, the Male Quartette.
Mrs. Sanderson will sing a solo, with violin obligato. The orchestra will assist the choir.
2.30 p.m.—Bible School for all
Mrs. Denmark, organist and choir directress.
Good music. Helpful services. Students, Strangers, Soldiers, and all welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH.

(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.D., Rector.
Residence, 30 Commercial St.
Trinity Sunday.
Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Sunday Schools and Adult Bible Classes ... 10 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon—"The Mystery of the Trinity" .... 11 a.m.
Evensong and sermon—"The Gospel of the Trinity" .... 7 p.m.
Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

Judicial Sale

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO.
Clark vs. Doolittle.

Pursuant to the Judgment made in this ation on the 7th day of April, 1915, there will be sold by Public Auction with the approbation of the Local Master at Belleville at his Chambers in the Court House in the City of Belleville on Wednesday the 2nd day of June, 1915, at the hour of Two O'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable city property:

Lot. No. 4 on the East side of Octavia Street in the city of Belleville, County of Hastings.

Upon the premises are erected a two story brick dwelling house about 24x20 with addition about 14x20 and frame woodshed attached.

The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the Master.

TERMS OF SALE. The purchaser shall pay down a deposit in the proportion of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money and the balance within one month thereafter without interest.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of this Court.

For further particulars apply at the Law Offices of Wills & Wright.

Dated at Belleville this 4th day of May, 1915.

S. S. LAZIER, Master.

4td: m8,15,22,29

Watch for the Blue Price Cards **RITCHIE'S** Store Open To-night until 9.30

SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

(LEADER No. 1)
Regular up to $1 yd. Silks 39c yd.

In striped, checked and plain Taffeta and Messaline Silks: enough in some pieces to make Blouses, etc. Silks worth regularly up to $1.00 a yard. A large collection for tonight at .... 39c. yard

(Dress Goods Counter)

Millinery Flowers 15c

Rose Wreaths, Forget-me-nots, Poppies, and Daisies, in silk and velvet materials; all new and regular 35c. and 50c. For tonight, 15c.

Infants' Bonnets 25c

A large collection of Embroidered Silk and Muslin Bonnets; some prettily trimmed with Ribbon Rosettes; worth up to 75c. On sale at .... 25c. each.

(Millinery Parlors, 2nd floor)

(LEADER No. 3)
Regular 15c yd. White Lawn 9½c yd.

A fine even weave with a nice bright linen finish, 36 inches wide. This is an exceptional chance to lay in a stock of Lawn. All new goods, reg. 15c. yard. Tonight only 9½c. yard

(Front store)

PILLOW CASES, 20c. EACH.
Hemmed Pillow Cases, made of extra fine quality White Cotton, sizes 40, 42, 44 inches. Special tonight ...... 20c. each

REMNANTS — HALF PRICE.
A table of Remnants, slightly soiled, to be cleared out tonight—the lot includes remnants of Muslin, Ginghams, Embroideries, etc., on sale tonight at **Half Price.**

SCRIM CURTAIN MUSLIN 10c. YARD.
Several hundred yards of colored Curtain Scrim to clear out tonight; all good patterns, and extra value tonight at 10c. yard.

Safety Pins
Three dozen assorted sizes in book form. Tonight
10c book

Handkerchiefs
Hemstitched and embroidered; regular up to 25c.; for tonight
12½c each
Front Store

Beauty Pins
and Belt Buckles on sale to clear tonight at only
5c each

MEN'S WHITE LINEN COLLARS, 10c. EACH.
Good stylish shapes, mostly the popular turn down styles. All sizes, from 13½ to 17. Regular 15c. collars, for tonight only, each .... 10c.

$1.00 MEN'S UMBRELLAS, 79c.
Paragon frame, Gloria top and natural wood turned handle. Regular $1.00 value; tonight only .... 79c. each.

MEN'S COTTON HALF HOSE, 15c. PAIR.
English make in tan, black, grey and white. Sizes 10 to 11½—very specially priced for tonight at .... 15c. pair
(Men's store)

35c. CURTAIN CHINTZ, 18c. YARD.
20 pieces of beautiful American Art Chintz suitable for Curtains, box or chair coverings, 36 inches wide; on sale tonight at .... 18c. yard.

$1.25 LACE CURTAINS, 99c. PAIR.
Five designs in White Nottingham Lace Curtains, sizes 45 to 50 inches, by 5 yards long. They are in the very newest designs, and have the Colbert overlock stitch edge. Regular $1.25; for tonight .... 99c. pair
(Third Floor)

LADIES' SUITS, $5.00.
For tonight's selling we have chosen several of our last season's suits, that range in price up to $25.00, and place them on sale at $5.00

(LEADER No. 2)
Regular 75c Ladies' White and Colored Flannelette Gowns 49c yd.

Made of fine soft finish Flannelette. White, in slip-over style, three-quarter length sleeve. Colored, made in button front, full length sleeve, and all of excellent quality flannelette. Regular 75c. Tonight only .... 49c. each.

(Mantle room)

Ladies' White and Colored Dresses $1

Dresses worth up to $5.00, made of Embroidery, Lawn and Fine Ginghams, etc.; assorted sizes, on sale tonight at 1.00.

Children's White Dresses $1.00

Dresses worth up to $2.50; made of good quality lawn, trimmed with fine Embroidery and Lace; for ages 3 to 14 years. Tonight only $1.00

(LEADER No. 4)
Worth up to $1.25 Middies 50c

Odd lines of Middy Blouses clearing tonight, all made of splendid materials, laced front and with shield; white with colored collar. Regular to $1.25; tonight only .... 50c.

(Mantle Room)

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS. **The RITCHIE Company Limited** WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

Carling's "Canada Club" Lager

HEALTHFUL food and drink form a fitting accompaniment to healthful sport. Yachtsmen, as well as others, appreciate the superiority of CARLING'S CANADA CLUB LAGER. The knowledge of its presence on board gives an added zest to "the sport of kings."

Try a case — order from any good dealer.

CITY AND VICINITY

Sacred Choral Recital, Bridge St. church, Friday evening, June fourth. Choir and local Soloists. Silver collection. All are invited. 29,2t

For Fire, Accident, Sickness, Life, Automobile or any other form of Insurance, see Charlie Smith, Real Estate man; office Scantlebury NEW STORE. 1t

RED CROSS SOCIETY

Every member of the community should contribute liberally to-morrow, so that the Society may not be hampered for want of funds to provide the Hospital Supplies so absolutely necessary for our wounded soldiers.

On Saturday, June 5, the Quinte Chapter, Daughters of the Empire, will celebrate "Rose Day" Young ladies will sell roses on all principal street corners, in aid of the Red Cross. 29,1t,w1t

Chas. W. Smith, Real Estate Man, office Scantlebury NEW STORE.

Band concert at Victoria Park. Tomorrow afternoon 3.45 o'clock. 15th Regimental Band. 1t

If you want the very best Life or Accident Insurance, go to Burrows of Belleville. m29,dtf.

Houses and Building Lots in all parts of city and on easy terms. See me about them. Office Scantlebury NEW STORE. 1t

The highest temperature ever known in a human being was recorded in the case of an Italian recently. A victim of lung disease, his temperature was 138.

"MADE IN CANADA"

Now's the time to prepare for next year's harvest.

Your harvest will be bigger, better next year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time-saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

Ford Touring Car $590 Ford Runabout $540. Ford Coupelet $850. Ford Sedan $1150. Ford Town Car $840.
(All cars sold fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont.)
Buyers of these practical cars will share in profits if we sell 30,000 new Ford cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
OF CANADA, LIMITED.
W. B. RIGGS
Garage next to Hotel Quinte.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BUILDERS
We have employed a first class architect, who has spent 12 years in New York City; thus, we can give you the very latest in designing at most moderate prices.
We are now prepared to give estimates and take contracts for all lines of building. It will pay you to investigate.
THE HOLTON LUMBER Co., Limited.
"Everything in Building Materials"
Office, Mill & Yards, Water St. Phone 112.

The Daily Intelligencer.

SPECIAL PRICES
Furniture
We Cannot Be Unsold
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Get Our Prices Before Buying

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY, IN ALL.

Vol. 48 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MAY 31, 1915. No. 318

GERMANY JUSTIFIES SINKING LUSITANIA

Witholds Final Decision—Alleges That Vessel Carried Canadian Troops and Ammunition, and that Explosion Was Due to Internal Causes

BERLIN, May 30.—(Special.)—Germany withholds its final decision on the demands advanced by the United States Government, in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania, until receipt of answer from the United States of a note which Herr Von Jagow, the foreign minister, had delivered to Ambassador Gerard in reply to the American note received by the German Government on May 18.

In its reply the German Government declares that it is not its intention to submit neutral ships in the war zone which are guilty of no hostile acts to attacks by submarine or aeroplanes; that it is investigating the c ircumstances in connection with the attacks on the American steamers Cushing and Gulflight and that in all cases where neutral vessels through no fault of their own have been damaged, Germany will pay indemnification.

The reply says that in the case of the Lusitania, which Germany alleged was armed and carried large stores of war munitions, it was "acting in justified self-defence in seeking with all the means of warfare at its disposition to protect the lives of its soldiers by destroying ammunition intended for the enemy."

The German Government recalls the proposals submitted by the United States Government to Berlin and London, designed to end the submarine warfare and the shutting out of food supplies from Germany, which, it declares, failed of their purpose because of the refusal of the British Government to agree to them. (The British Government termed these proposals blackmail.)

In the course of her reply, Germany makes the following allegations:—

(1) The Lusitania was equipped with guns on her lower deck.

(2) The Lusitania was a British auxiliary cruiser.

(3) The Lusitania carried Canadian troops and ammunition.

(4) The sinking of the Lusitania was justifiable self-defence by Germany.

(5) United States citizens were to blame for sailing on her.

(6) The rapidity of the vessel's sinking was due to the explosion of ammunition on board.

(7) The immediate torpedoing of the Falaba was due to the captain sending up rockets for assistance.

(8) Attacks on other United States ships was justified by an order of the British Government (non-existent) to British ships to fly neutral flags.

(9) Masters of United States ships torpedoed were guilty of "suspicious or culpable behavior."

(9) Germany already expressed regrets for the loss of American lives, and this should be sufficient.

(10) Germany is willing to refer the questions in dispute to The Hague tribunal.

(11) Germany will call off the submarine warfare if Britain calls off the blockade of Germany.

UNCLE SAM INVITED TO DO HIS WORST

Intensely Insulting Language Used by German Writer Against U. S. A.

ROTTERDAM, May 28.—In the Deutsche Tages Zeitung, Count Revent'ow contributes an extraordinary article on the position between America and Germany. The articles which is regarded as a semi-official forecast of Germany's reply to America is couched in bluntly offensive language, practically inviting America to do her worst.

The count writes: "Admitting that the threatening not directed at Berlin is meant in earnest the view is forced upon us that the German Empire, if it does not submit to demands and draws back before threats, must look in the face the prospect of war with America in all calmness. We submit that conditions of this kind do not frighten the German Empire and its people, who will calmly follow their government. Trade between Germany and America has shrunk to microscopic dimensions. What they receive from us is more valuable and necessary that what we receive from them. America would only be able to damage us by confiscating our ships left in her harbors and much other German property. Further dangerous deeds of war from America are not to be feared because they are not possible.

Interior Difficulties

"We also do not forget certain interior difficulties in America; that is another side of the business. On the other hand, any stopping of the submarine war, if only for a time, would have most important results. Any orders to submarine commanders to conform to any formal conditions laid down by international law would mean the hindering of their actions and make our submarine war an empty farce, a kind of screen behind which one would have obediently to withdraw with apologies.

"There is no drawing back. There cannot be even a fraction of withdrawal. The empire cannot compromise itself nor its way of carrying on war. That would be to commit hari-kari amidst the jeers of the world.

"Because Italy has now become our enemy America cannot seem any more terrifying to us than before. Germany is not to be frightened with big words and threats. We believe that every German expects the German Empire to answer the American note by maintaining its position regarding the submarine war, with all its means and without consideration. America may then do or not do what she likes. We neither care for her bluff nor her deeds."

WASHINGTON DISSATISFIED

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, May 31.—It is learned that there is considerable dissatisfaction in official circles over the German reply to the United States' note, but no statement has been made.

TRUE SOLDIERS, MEN AND CHRISTIANS

The Sunday evening City Hall meeting for soldiers, held under the auspices of the Military Y.M.C.A. was addressed yesterday by Lieut.-Col. Preston, O.C. of the 39th Battalion. Some four hundred and fifty khaki men were present.

"It is a general impression,", said the Colonel in his opening sentences, "that soldiers have little or no interest in matters religious or sacred. This, is, however, quite erroneous for many of the world's best soldiers have been men of the finest Christian character. True soldiers are manly, and being manly they scorn anything that smacks of cant or hypocrisy, but such is not Christianity." The speaker then went on to show that the type of manhood as depicted in General Gordon and Lord Roberts was a combination of the soldier and the Christian gentlemen, toward which every soldier should strive as an ideal.

The next point made by the Colonel was that the present great war, with all its resultant evils should not cause us to lose faith in Divine Providence. War is an evil but there are worse evil than war. One is that men should give themselves and their energies to the acquiring of money, pleasure and luxury; another is that a nation should, as Germany has done, give herself up to materialism in philosophy and religion, setting man up as an object to worship. The cure for such evils is painful but none the less necessary, even as the amputation of a soldier's leg may be necessary to save his life. Our cause in the war for which we have enlisted is a just cause and in doing our duty we are doing the Will of God. "Every true soldier of the king is also a soldier of the cross."

In conclusion, Col. Preston spoke his conviction that the men of the 39th were endeavoring to do their duty, while here in training, and that when the time of fighting came they would not flinch, but would prove themselves true men, true soldiers, true Christians.

The musical part of the programme was given by Mrs. Wilmot, and Miss Ponton of Belleville and Miss Sharon of New York. That the popularity of Mrs. Wilmot and Miss Ponton's singing is by no means on the wane and that Miss Sharon's fine contralto voice was much appreciated was clear from the enthusiastic manner in which the various numbers were received.

Shows up Kaiser as a Hypocrite

He Has Conspired Against Peace of the World for 25 Years.

The German Kaiser, a hypocritical cunning potentate, who for 25 years secretly conspired against the peace of the world, is thus described by a German nobleman, claiming to be one of his most intimate friends, in a volume of memoirs recently published in London under the title, "The Berlin Court Under William 11."

In what purports to be an unembellished diary record of moments spent in friendly talk with the Emperor during the days preceding and immediately following the outbreak of hostilities in the present war statements of the Kaiser are quoted which show him to have been hoping for such an incident as the Sarajevo crime to have welcomed the break between Serbia and Austria as an opportunity for him to throw off the mask of peace-maker he had grown weary of wearing so that he might emulate and continue the great deeds of his grandfather, William 1., strike terror to the heart of the world and "put Germany on a pinnacle of glory and power where none other will be worthy to be mentioned beside it."

Who the Author is.

The author of this dramatic revelation of the German Emperor's inner thoughts during the catastrophic days of last July and August signs himself as "Count Axel von Schwering." The Intransigeant of Paris, however, declares that this count is really Prince von Fuerstenburg, who really did accompany the Kaiser on his yatching trip to Norway in August. The Prince, it is also stated, made the revelations contained in his published memoirs to avenge on the Kaiser the tragic disappointment the Prince suffered by finding that his peace-loving friend was in reality "a scheming, cruel, unscrupulous brigand."

After detailing the enmity that once existed between the Emperor and the Crown Prince, because of the latter's impatience to win military glory showed that the German Reichstag is really less powerful than the Prussian Landtag, and explaining that one of the early causes of the present war was not a personal enmity between Emperor William 11, and King Edward V11, contracted while the latter was still a Prince, the author tells of personal encounters with the great figures in the war and the accuracy with which the Kaiser foresaw Germany's part in the hostilities.

The Kaiser's friendliness to Jews is instanced as an indication of his essentially democratic nature. In this connection he says that the Emperor even appointed to the responsible post of Minister of the German Colonies a baptized Jew, Herr Dernburg, "an appointment which was the cause of one of the greatest scandals that Berlin has ever seen."

What Kaiser Said

On board his yacht in the Baltic on July 1, atfer learning of the assassination of Grand Duke Ferdinand, the Kaiser seemed meditative, imperturable. "This may be the last holiday I shall enjoy for a long time," he said to the writer. "Who knows what the next month may bring us? Sometimes the necessity arises for a nation to assert itself, if only because she feels that otherwise others may do it to her disadvantage."

"A spark may set fire to the whole world."

"The Kaiser," said the narrator, "seemed to be brooding over some plan." On July 2 the writer dined with Moltke, head of the general staff.

"The Emperor," said the General, "has been receiving us for years. While pretending to be an adversary of war, he has in his own mind been continually thinking of the day when he could declare it."

Turks Routed By British

Enemy's Losses Were 2,000—The British Only 300

(Canadian Press Special)

London, May 31.—An official statement given out today announces the route of the Turkish force attacking the British on the Gallipoli peninsula with 2,000 casualties. The British losses were 300.

German Sub. Fires 37 Shells

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 30.—The British steamer Tullochmoor was sunk off Ushant last night. She was struck by 37 shells from a German submarine.

The crew have landed at Barry.

Casualties Among Canadian Troops

OTTAWA, May 29.—The last battle in which the Canadians have participated and which is still apparently in progress with no sign of a let-up, has evidently been on a longer scale than was at first anticipated. It has been a repetition of the battle of Langemarck, except in this case the Canadians are the aggressors rather than on the defensive. According to all reports received at the capital they have made charge after charge upon the German lines, have captured a large amount of important territory, and have successfully repulsed the most violent counter-attacks of the Germans in which they turned loose on the Canadians all their terrific heavy artillery, bombarded with poisonous gases and attacked with the bayonet.

Sixty-nine Officers Fall

The casualty lists now reaching the Militia Department indicate that since the fighting began a week ago Thursday night with the Canadian charge in the orchard at Festubert the honor list in the battle will total fully a thousand. Sixty-nine officers have already appeared on the casualty lists since the fight began. The overnight list contained the names of six more officers killed and twelve wounded. Seventeen officers so far are reported killed and 52 wounded. The total Canadian casualties since the battle of Langemark are now 6,049. The killed total 964, missing, 1,275 and wounded, 3,810.

Every Canadian battalion and unit again figures in the last casualty list. Every battalion has lost officers. The only unit from which no casualties have been reported is the Royal Canadian Dragoons. As they are brigaded with the Strathcona Horse they have undoubtedly been in action.

PTE. RENTLEY SAFE

(Canadian Press Special)

KINGSTON, Ont., May 31.—Private Rentley of Frankford has cabled his relatives he is well, although officially posted as killed in action. Rentley discarded his coat which was donned by another soldier, who was subsequently shot, and Rentley's name being in the lining caused the error.

Second Battalion: Wounded—John C. Prince, England; Capt. G. G. Chrysler, Ottawa; Ptes. Dashwood Catto, Bradford, Ont.; Ernest Mesley, Peterboro', Ont.; Pte. H. Kurkravitsch, Milwaukee; James Gerald Bollard, Napanee, Ont; Albert Bingham (previously reported killed), Frankford, Ont. John D. Ferguson, 6 Third street, Limoilu, Que.

MissingLance-Corp. Wm. T. Graham, Lancashire, Eng.

Previously Reported Missing, now reported dead, cause not stated—Pte. Robert Wilson, (formerly 9th Battalion), Lanarkshire, Scotland.

Fourteenth Battalion Wounded—David A. Forneri, Kingston, Ont. (shrapnel in left side).

1st Field Artillery Brigade: Wounded—Gunner Charles Smith, Leicester, Eng.; Gunner Miles I. Harrison, Bedford, Eng.

AWFUL CARNAGE IN EIGHT-HOURS' ATTACK

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, May 31.—(Afternoon's official statement).—There were no new developments during the night of May 30-31 with the exception of a check in the region of Notre Dame de Lorette to a German attack. This movement was easily repulsed by our troops. The number of prisoners taken yesterday at the Labrynth to the southeast of Neuville-St. Vaast, is 150, including four officers.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 31.—A despatch from Northern France this evening says the capture by the French of Ablain occupied eight hours, the carnage being awful.

The Paris official announcement says the French after a fierce engagement yesterday, are now in possession of Ablain-St. Nazaire, and the German positions in the immediate vicinity. Street fighting is taking place at Neuville-St. Vaast, the outskirts of which are now in French hands.

ALLIES' FLEETS BOMBARD ASIA-MINOR TOWNS

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 31.—A Greek ship arriving at Piraeus reports that the Allies bombarded last Tuesday Adelia, Makri, Kakava, and other places on the coast of Asia Minor, and that British warships also bombarded and destroyed a petrol depot on the Asiatic coast from which German submarines are supposed to have obtained supplies.

Bucknam Pasha Born in Canada

Worked in United States Shipyard, Then Became a Turkish Admiral

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 30—The death occurred here on May 27 of Bucknam Pasha, a native of the Dominion of Canada, and later a citizen of the United States. He left a widow who is now in the Turkish capital. He was formerly an Admiral in the Turkish navy.

Bucknam Pasha, or Ransford D. Bucknam, brought the Turkish armored cruiser Medjidieh from Philadelphia, where it was built for the Sultan at the Cramp's shipyard, several years ago. On arriving here he was asked by Hamul Hamid, the predecessor of the present Turkish Sultan, to enter the Ottoman naval service. He became naval adviser to the former Sultan and in that capacity he was charged with several important missions.

Born at Hantsport, N.S., in 1869, young Buchnam moved at a very early age, with his parents, to the State of Maine, whence he went 'to sea" at the age of fourteen on a Great Lakes liner. Folllowing a sensational trip to New York on a disabled ship, which he patched up at sea, Bucknam built the first "whaleback." In a few years he was taken in by Cramps, the Philadelphia shipbuilders, and his delivery of the armored cruiser to Constantinople opened up the way to his taking an attachment with the Turkish fleet, which led ultimately to the supreme command.

Bucknab Pasha was married in 1904 to Miss Rose Thayer of Philadelphia.

Russian Losses In Fierce Fight

In Desperate Attempt to Retake Peremysl Germans Lose Heavily

PETROGRAD, May 30.—(via London, 1.22 p.m.)—Repeating the great movement of last November, when several German army corps attacked the Russian line in front of Lodz, General Mackensen has hurled a huge force against the Russians in an attempt to recover Peremysl. Since May 20 Austro-German armies, hundreds of thousands of infantry supported by many guns of all calibre, have been fighting on the River San on a front of 15 miles. The German general is trying a great flanking movement which has cost a huge number of lives with no material gain of territory.

That Gen. Mackensen's manoeuvre is still incomplete, although some of his infantry have lost three-quarters of their effectives, is the claim of the Russian headquarters.

The battle is considered of "extraordinary intensity" and far from completed.

The Russians have won a great victory in wiping out Austro-German armies which were to have reinforced Mackensen and turn Peremysl from the south.

Italian Forces Capture Fortress

Heavy Artillery Fighting on the Tyrol—Italian and Austrian Warships Engaged

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON May 30.—A despatch from the Italian frontier says it is reported the Italian forces late yesterday stormed and captured the important Austrian fortress of Gradisca. This position is considered the key to Trieste.

A despatch from Rome reports heavy artillery fighting on the Tyrol frontier. Three Austrian forts are seriously damaged. Reinforced Italian troops are advancing on both banks of the Adige river.

A Vienna despatch reports Austrian aeroplanes raided Venice yesterday and dropped many bombs. Several serious fires were started in and near the arsenal and much other damage done

A Rome despatch via Geneva says it is reported that Italian and Austrian warships are again engaged in the Adriatic

TRIUMPH CASUALTIES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 31.—The Admiralty reports the casualties incurred in the torpedoing of the battleship Triumph were 3 officers and 11 men killed, and 42 men missing.

GREAT BRITISH STAND HAS SHORTENED WAR

Sir John French Says "Splendid Endurance and Bravery" of Troops at Second Battle of Ypres Has Done Much to Shorten the War

LONDON, May 30.—Special—Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British forces in France, in an address to the troops which fought in the second battle of Ypres, which he described as one of the "most desperate fights of the war," declared that they had done much to shorten the war.

"You may have thought," he said, "that because you were not attacking the enemy you were not helping to shorten the war. On the contrary by your splendid endurance and bravery you have done a great deal to shorten the war. In this second battle of Ypres the Germans tried by every means in their power to get possession of that unfortunate town. They concentrated large forces of troops and artillery, and, further than that, they had recourse to that mean and dastardly practice, hitherto unheard of in civilized warfare, namely, the use of asphyxiating gases.

"You have performed the most difficult, arduous and terrific task of withstanding a stupendous bombardment by heavy artillery, probably the fiercest artillery fire ever directed against troops, and you warded off the enemy's attack with magnificent bravery."

BRITISH STRENGTH ASTOUNDS GERMANS

(Canadian Press Special)

The British progress near La Bassee continues. German prisoners state that the strength of the British offensive in this region has astonished the German commanders.

LONDON, May 30.—A small gain east of Festubert is reported by Sir John French in his official communication to the war office to-night. All has been quiet on other portions of the British front. A British aeroplane Saturday brought down a German machine near Morseele, six miles northwest of Courtrai.

Hill 17 on the right bank of the Yser Canal, near Pilken, was carried by the French who took about 50 prisoners and captured three machine guns. A German counter attack was repulsed.

Mother and Father In Canada Now

Some weeks ago, a Montreal officer, who has been "somewhere in France," was riding along a quiet road a little back of the firing line, when he overtook a young English officer, well covered with dust. They fell into conversation, and when the Englishman found that the other officer was from Canada he seemed very much interested. The Canadian said: "Have you ever been in Canada? You seem very well acquainted with it." The Englishman replied: "Oh, yes, I was there on a visit, and my mother and father are out there now." "Indeed," replied the Canadian. "Who are they?" Perhaps I know them." "The Duke and Duchess of Connaught." The young English officer was Prince Arthur of Connaught, on his way back to the headquarters of General French, for whom he is aide.

Naval Expert on Irene Disaster

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 31.—Fred Jane, an eminent naval writer, suggests in a letter to the Evening Standard, that the destruction by explosion last week of the munition ship Princess Irene, at Sheerness, so close to the spot where the Bulwark was blown up, may have been a curious coincidence, but was more probably caused by a German wireless device, acting at a short distance upon properly attuned explosive charge previously concealed in the ship's magazine.

Germans Called To The Colors

(Canadian Press Special)

AMSTERDAM, May 31.—An order has been published in Berlin calling to the colors immediately all first-class members of Landstrum of the final reserve, not previously summoned. This does not affect Bavaria.

PRIVATE H. WRIGHT DEAD

Mrs. Randall Wright, of this city, received today the following telegram: "Deeply regret to inform you 21915 Pte. Harold Hargrave Wright 10th Battalion formerly 11th, officially reported died in General Hospital, Boulogne, cerebro spinal meningitis.

Adjutant General."

E. G. Howey Killed by Auto

INGERSOL, May 30.—When the automobile he was driving went over a steep embankment on the Putnam road, a short distance west of here, last night, Elbert G. Howey, of Otterville, formerly of London, was instantly killed, and Chas. Forman, a companion, who jumped, had a miraculous escape. Mr. Howey's neck was broken, and his death was supposed to have been instantaneous. The automobile was badly damaged.

Mr. Howey and Mr. Forman were on their way to London from Otterville. They passed through here about 9.30 o'clock, and the accident occurred a few minutes later. Forced to swerve the car suddenly to the right of the road when a young man on a bicycle fell in front of them, it crashed into a board fence erected as a means of protection at the edge of the embankment. A portion of the fence gave way, and the car toppled over. Mr. Forman jumped, but Mr. Howey retained his hold on the steering wheel. The car went over sideways, and it is supposed that Mr. Howey was killed when it made the first turn. He was picked up about fifteen feet from the top of the embankment and a considerable distance from the badly damaged car. Mr. Forman escaped with a slight injury to his leg.

SIR GILBERT PARKER

I first saw Sir Gilbert Parker, M. P., the distinguished Canadian writer and British Parliamentarian, some years ago when he visited this country and addressed a public meeting in Ottawa. I do not care to remember how long it was.

That visit to Ottawa will long be remembered by those who attended a meeting in the Normal School hall at which Sir Gilbert spoke. He was introduced to the audience by an elderly gentleman notorious for his long speeches at inopportune times and bad "breaks." In this address, he certainly lived up to his reputation. He called attention to Sir Gilbert's fame as a literary man and, in particular, the prominence in Sir Gilbert's works of Quebec. "His Gold Dog alone," he said, "would have made his name immortal."

The audience gasped, I don's remember who wrote The Golden Dog, but I know it wasn't Sir Gilbert. So did the audience which included, naturally, most of Ottawa's literary people.

It was noticed that not even Sir Gilbert himself could keep back a broad smile at this praise.—"The Wanderer," in Montreal Mail.

LONDON TIMES PROSECUTED

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, May 31.—The prosecution was begun this morning of the London Times, it's publishers, and Major Richardson, a retired officer, for the publication of a letter written by Richardson, urging conscription, in which occurred the sentence: "The last of the French reserves are out. At the present moment young raw recruits have been called up." The case was adjourned till Saturday.

Chinese effects prevails in newest wall paper, hangings, floor covering, furniture and decorations for living-room, library and boudoir.

It pays to advertise in The Intelligencer.

JUNE WEDDING GIFTS

We are well prepared to supply the public with many kinds of June Wedding Gifts, in cut glass and china. See our windows this week, or better still, come in the store and select what you would like to give from our large stock.

Rich Cut Glass Jugs, each $3.00
Large Cut Glass Bowls, each $3.25
Elegant fine China Cocoa Sets, Cream and Sugar sets, three-piece Tea Sets, Cake Plates, Salads, Berry Sets, Bread and Butter Plates, Tea Plates, etc., etc., at .... 50c. to $5.00
Beautifully decorated Glass Lemonade Sets, 7 pieces, selling at .... $1.00 and $1.25
Nickel plated Tea Kettles, special $1.25
Large Brass Jardinieres; regular $1.50; sale .... 98c.

WM. McINTOSH & CO.

Open-Air Massed Band Concert

At Victoria Park yesterday afternoon at least 2,000 citizens assembled for the purpose of listening to a programme of music, rendered by the 15th Regimental band, assisted by four members of the 39th Battalion band. The programme presented was much appreciated and was as follows.

Sacred March—"Onward Christian Soldiers" .... Mackie-Beyer
Overture—"Poet and Peasant"—Sppe
Trombone Solo—"Goodbye" ... Tosti
Mr. Walter Aseltine
Caprice—"The Shadow-Land" Bratton
This number was lately performed in Boston by John Philip Sousa and four hundred musicians
Home Sweet Home the World Over .... Lampe
By request.
Patriotic Patrol

The encore to the overture "Poet and Peasant," was a number called "The Whistler and his Dog," and made quite a hit with the large audience.

The band of the Pierson's Show, which is in the city, rendered four numbers in excellent style. A concert solo by the leader was thoroughly enjoyed.

ANTIQUES AT PUBLIC AUCTION

Rare Household Furniture at Your Own Price.

Having rented our present showrooms for officers, we are compelled to sell to the highest bidder every piece of our elegant Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut furniture, comprising fine old chests and drawers and dressing cases with Georgian mirrors and pain tops, Large Sofas, Den and Library Desks in Rosewood and Walnut; Hall and Parlor Tables, Dinner Wagons, Tall Pier Mirrors with claw feet, Hall Trees, Parlor and Rusk Bottoms Chairs, Old Grandfather's clocks, Oil and Water Color Paintings, Steel Engraving Prints, China Bric-a-brac, Old Flintlock Guns and Swords. The entire stock of our antique galleries are at 236-238 Front St., over Blackburn's Jewellery Store. On Wednesday, June 2nd and until all is sold. Mearley & Co., Belleville. Sale at 2 p.m. sharp. 275t

WEST BELLEVILLE WOMENS' INSTITUTE

The West Belleville Women's Institute held their annual meeting Friday afternoon, May 28, when the following officers were elected:

Hon. Pres.—Mrs. Post.
President—Mrs. G. A. Bonisteel.
Vice Pres.—Mrs. A. Morrice.
1st Vice Pres.—Mrs. Sharp.
Sec.-Treas.—Mrs. W. A. Woodley.

Playground Committee: Convenor—Mrs. Batis, Mrs. Post, Mrs. Dyer, Mrs. R. Andrews, Mrs. Grose, Mrs. Wrightmeyer, Mrs. Wilkins, Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. Pauley, Mrs. Christie, Grs. Gerow, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Empey.

Programme Committee—Mrs Hodge, Mrs. Duckworth, Mrs. Morrice, Mrs. Post, Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Dyer, Mrs. Balls, Mrs. Woodley.

Flower Committee: Convenor and Treasurer—Mrs. A. Wrightmeyer, Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. Vandervoort, Mrs. R. Andrews,

Press Rep.—Mrs. G. Warham.

Secretary's Report

Institute Receipts	$75 45
Playground	617 83
Total	$693.28

Playground and Institute balance $40.49.

Mrs. W. A. Woodley
Sec.Treas.

ALL ADULTS TO VOTE

REGINA, Sask., May 26.—By a resolution passed unanimously in committee of the whole in considering the new city act, the Saskatchewan Legislature today expressed themselves in favor of abolishing the disabilities imposed against married women in municipal elections, and the amendment giving to all adults on the tax roll the right to vote will be introduced into the bill

The second reading was given to the School Assessment Act. The chief feature is the alteration in the method of assessment and collection of taxes. Under the new act the various municipalities will collect the taxes in accordance with the estimates instead of the collection being made by the School Board.

TWENTY-FOUR HOURS' SEA TRAGEDIES

French line La Champagne, with 900 passengers, ashore off French coast.

British steamer Cadeby torpedoed off Cornwall coast.

Danish steamer Ely mined and sunk in Aland Sea.

British battleship Majestic torpedoed and sunk at Dardanelles.

British steamer Princess Irene blown to pieces in the Thames; between 300 and 400 killed.

Two Turkish munition boats sunk by British submarine in Sea of Marmora.

British liner Argylshire attacked by submarine and damaged.

American steamer Nebraskan arrived at Liverpool, crippled by torpedo or mine explosion.

WAR NOTES

Rome, May 28.—It is officially announced that an Austrian submarine boat was sunk by Italian torpedo boats in an engagement yesterday.

Rome, May 28.—Austrian mobs in Trieste have wrecked the Italian shops and houses. Many Italians were victims of the mob's violence. The authorities are reported to have fled the town.

Rome, May 28.—The Italian dirigible Mio yesterday flew over Gebenico and threw many bombs, hitting several torpedo boats at the mouth of the River Ruduc. Lang batteries fired on the dirigible without result.

London, May 28.—The Admiralty this afternoon announced an official list of thirty officers killed in the destruction of the Princess Irene, which was blown up while undergoing repairs at the Sheerness dockyards Thursday. The official list of dead includes Captain Cobbe and Commander Maurice.

Amsterdam, May 28.—The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger states that Italian troops in considerable force have landed on the Turkish island of Rhodes, in the Aegean Sea. The Turks and their German officers probably will, therefore, have another invasion to meet before long. This is believed to be the first step in an attempt to land on the Asia Minor coast.

BIRTHS.

NOAKES—Born on Monday, May 31st to Mr. and Mrs. Jack Noakes, Foster Ave., a son.

Auction Sale

Every Afternoon & Night
2.45 and 8 o'clock

Too Much Stock
Must Reduce

Come and Purchase
High Class Goods
At Your Own Prices

Handsome Presents Given Away
Every Afternoon and Night

I Am NOT Going Out of Business

T. Blackburn
Old Established Jeweler - - - 238 Front Street
S. Howard Lyon, Auctioneer

Within The Military Circle

What is Transpiring Among the Soldier Boys at Belleville and Kingston.

KINGSTON

The Y.M.C.A. tent at the Barracks was partly destroyed by fire on Sunday. How it occurred is not known, but it was discovered before very much damage was done.

Lieut. Urquhart has been appointed Adjutant of No. 2 Company C.P.A.S.C. and of No. 3 Company C.A.S.C.

There are five soldiers in the detention hospital, and all are suffering from bad colds. Most of these were sick when they came into camp, and the few cold days they have experienced on the heights compelled them to report sick. Lieut. Richardson is in charge of the detention hospital, and is giving his patients the best of care.

Mr. P. K. Haywood arrived in camp yesterday afternoon and will take a place on the staff of the Y. M. C. A., assisting in all the important work of the association among the soldiers.

The mess club tent was crowded last night with soldiers who spent their time in reading, writing, or singing and playing the piano.

Lieut. H. A. L. Conn of the 8th C. M. R., has been appointed orderly officer to the Camp Commandant, Colonel Hemming.

The 8th Mounted Rifles supply two mounted military police for the camp and city.

Major Hall, O.C., 26th Battery, is on leave and Captain Carruthers is in command during his absence.

Eight new recruits were received by Lt.-Col. Fee in camp yesterday.

The surplus troops who have not yet been formed into a battalion, were given foot drill and fatigues yesterday.

The C.O.C. under Major Prideaux, have 22 men in camp, and out of these fifteen are wearing among 21 active service medals, which makes the best average of any unit in camp.

DEATHS.

NAYLOR—In Belleville on Monday, May 31st, William Naylor, in his 82nd year.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son, Frank B. Naylor, 152 Victoria Avenue, on Wednesday, June 2nd, at 1.30. Service at Caniffton Methodist Church at 2.30 p.m. Interment, Caniffton cemetery.

The North King, veteran of all the steam craft on Lake Ontario, having been launched fifty years ago, will be taken from the passenger service. She is now being refitted at Kingston as a freight barge. It is possible that the North King has carried more passengers out of Charlotte and other American ports than any other boat now afloat on Lake Ontario.

On Saturday, May 15, as Mr. George Morris was driving to Picton, his horse became frightened at an automobile, and kicking, struck him in the abdomen.

Dr. James McArthur died suddenly in London.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

COMMUNION AT JOHN ST.

The communion services in John street church yesterday morning had the largest attendance in many years. Nineteen persons were received into the membership of the church. Half this number were from the ranks of the Sunday School.

WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC LEAGUE

The Opera House at Deseronto was crowded to the doors on Friday night, and a very handsome sum realized for the Women's Patriotic League. A splendid programme was staged, and the speaker of the evening was Colonel W. N. Ponton, who gave some interesting and inspiring incidents of the war, and incidentally did good recruiting work.

HOTEL CHANGES HANDS

Messrs. Henry Johnson and Edward Naylor this morning took possession of the City Hotel, which has for some time been conducted by Mr. Arthur Truman. The new proprietors are well known in this city, and are in every sense capable of conducting a public hostlery and will no doubt prove to be first class managers of this well known hotel.

BACKED INTO THE WATER

At an early hour this morning, whilst the T. H. Pierson show company were discharging their paperpernalia on Victoria Park a team of horses, attached to a wagon, laden with contents backed off the embankment, with the result that the wagon and horses went into the water. Fortunately no serious results followed and the horses and wagon with its contents were eventually rescued.

PRESENTATION AT CHRIST CHURCH

At Christ Church last evening a presentation took place at the conclusion of the service, the presentation being made by the Rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave. Sergt. Batchelor, a member of the choir, and who is also a member of the St. Andrew Society, was presented with a wrist watch and prayer book. Privates Price, Ballanger and Green were the recipients of prayer and hymn books.

SOLDIERS AND SCHOLARS

Colonel Preston, Commanding Officer of the 39th Battalion, has arranged with Colonel Ponton, Chairman of the School Board, to march past three of the schools on the next route march of the regiment, so that the boys and girls may have the opportunity of giving a "hail and farewell" to the Battalion, who will soon be leaving for the front to fight the battles of the boys and girls of Canada. A warm and reciprocal greeting is assured.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

The Albion Hotel in this city, which has for some years been conducted by Mr. Thomas Haslip, has changed hands, and Mr. William J. Smith who for some time conducted the Kyle House, has assumed the management. Mr. Smith is well known in the city and vicinity, and there is no doubt that under his management the Albion Hotel will be conducted in a manner as to meet the approval of the travelling public and the License Commissioners.

A GERMAN HELMET

Colonel W. N. Ponton today received from Captain Richard Douglas Ponton, a German officer's helmet taken from a German officer made prisoner by him and his platoon at the Battle of Ypres on the 24th of April; also a time fuse of a German shell which exploded only a few feet from him at the Battle of Ypres, and also a time fuse of a British shell found by him near Bois Grenier. These trophies will be on exhibition to-morrow.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

Walter Keller was on Saturday arrested at Campbellford, charged with the theft of a suit of clothes, the property of David Young, a member of the 39th Battalion. The accused was brought to the city yesterday by Sergt. Harmon, of the local police force, and this morning was by Magistrate Masson remanded to jail for a week. It is alleged that there are other charges to be preferred against Keller. He was before the magistrate about two weeks ago on a charge of theft of a revolver, but was discharged, under certain conditions.

If you are going to the mountains or seashore this summer your wardrobe will not be complete without a fur collar or scarf of some sort.

Virginia uses more wood for boxes and crates than any other state, New York ranking second, and Illinois third.

A LUSITANIA VICTIM

It will be remembered that our fellow citizen, Mr. S. D. Lazier, was booked for a trip to England, on the ill-fated Lusitania, but fortunately business prevented him from taking the trip. A few days ago he received a short letter from a friend, with whom he is connected in business, and, who was passenger on the LuLsitania, giving his experience, from which we make an interesting extract:

May 15, 1915

My Dear Steve—You will have read of the murderous attack upon the Lusitania this day week. It was heartbreaking to see the poor women and children. I did my little bit in trying to help and stayed by the ship until I saw she was really going to take her final plunge. I then took a dive of about 40 or 50 feet from the high side (port). Upon coming to the surface I saw the old boat slide under the water, and as she disappeared I was dragged down by the suction. How far down I went I do not know, but it seemed an interminable time before I came to the surface again. The details are too harrowing and I have had to recount them so often that my nerves are all edge ways. I was two hours in the water and at the outset had two women with me—one disappeared suddenly but the other I managed to keep by me until we were picked up by a boat. I am so thankful you were not there, as with your rheumatic tendency you would have been quite unable to stand it. I remained in bed for a couple of days and am beginning to feel myself again, though my muscles are still a bit sore

Am greatly rushed tonight but will try to write you a more intelligible epistle in a few days. My kindest regards to you all.

Most sincerely yours,
E. S. BARTLETT

Allies' Airmen Kill 40 Soldiers

(Canadian Press Special)

AMSTERDAM, May 31.—The Telegraaf's correspondent says Allied airmen dropped nineteen bombs last Wednesday on the aerodrome at Gontrode, southeast of Ghent, killing forty-four soldiers, wounding thirty, and destroying a large quantity of explosives.

THE ORLOFF DIAMOND.

Russia's Magnificent Jewel Was Once the Eye of an Idol.

The magnificent gem, known to history as the Orloff diamond, which in its rough state formed the eye of an idol in a temple near Trichinopoli, was stolen by a Frenchman, who escaped with his prize to Persia, and who, fearful of being discovered, was glad to dispose of his ill-gotten gain for a sum of about $10,000.

The man who bought the stone sold it to one Shafras, an astute Armenian, for $60,000. Shafras had conceived the idea that by carrying the stone to Russia he would obtain from the Empress Catharine the Great a princely sum for it.

How to travel in safety with the stone, the theft of which had, of course, been discovered and proclaimed, became a grave consideration. It was too large to swallow, and no mode of concealment presented itself to Shafras that seemed secure from discovery.

The way in which he solved the problem is remarkable.

He made a deep incision in the fleshy part of his left leg, in which he inserted the stone, closing the wound carefully by sewing it up with silver thread.

When the wound healed the Armenian merchant set out on his travels quite boldly and although more than once apprehended, rigorously searched and even tortured a little, he was obdurate and firmly denied having the stone in his possession.

Having at length reached his destination he asked from the Empress the sum of $200,000 for the gem, an amount of money which Catherine was unable to raise at the moment.

We next find the Armenian at Amsterdam with the intention of having his diamond cut. Here the stone was seen by Count Orloff, who determined to purchase it for presentation to his royal mistress, the Empress Catharine.

The sum ultimately paid for the gem was about $350,000 in cash, together with an annuity of $2,500 and a patent of nobility.

Shafras flourished exceedingly and died a millionaire.

Pretty Dilapidated.

On a dilapidated narrow gauge railroad in a certain state a traveler was struck with the general air of hopelessness of the entire country. Run down farms, fences falling to pieces and houses unpainted and dismal were seen as mile after mile was reeled off. Finally a countryman got on, and the two fell into conversation. "Country around here looks fearfully dilapidated," remarked the traveler. "Yaas, but jest wait an' ye'll see sumpin' wuss," replied the countryman. The train stopped. They looked out and saw a rail missing ahead. The entire train crew clambered out, crowbars in hand, proceeded leisurely to the rear of the train and in due time loosened a rail and carried it forward. It was spiked into position, and the train proceeded. "Somebody stole a rail?" asked the traveler. "Yaas, abaout twenty year ago, I reckon. Evah since they hain' nobody bought a new one. When the train comes back they've gotter stop an' tear up a rail behind 'em. Ain't that the dilapidatenest thing ye ever see, stranger?"

The breadth of the Carpathian Mountains is between 100 and 200 miles. They are exceedingly rich in minerals.

ZEPPELINS OVERESTIMATED.

German Aircraft Cannot Do Serious Harm, Says Hudson Maxim.

Hudson Maxim, the famous war expert, inventor and author, has the following to say about the Zeppelin air raid on England:

The German air raid on England fully demonstrates the impracticability of the Zeppelin as an engine of war. Germany has been threatening to blow up the British Isles with the bombs that her great gas bags might drop out of the heavens, and I dare say many thousands of timid Anglo-Saxons have prayed against the coming of that fatal day.

Now at last the much vaunted and long-anticipated Zeppelin invasion has come, and what is the result? Four or five peaceful citizens killed and a few thousand pounds of property damage. Indeed, I believe this sort of fighting which Germany thought would throw the British into a state of terror and perhaps hasten the day of Teuton victory, will do England more good than harm.

It will arouse the British to the still greater need of being armed to the teeth. It will encourage enlistment, England has had so much peace talk during the last few years that it needs just such a spur to rouse it to the practical needs of the time—to the necessity of mustering all its martial strength for the overthrow of the enemy.

I was asked not long ago what would happen if a German dirigible should drop bombs on the Houses of Parliament or Westminster Abbey. My questioner was a man who had great faith in aerial attacks and believed the future wars would be settled by raids of fire out of the skies.

I laughed at him. I said that even if a Zeppelin should drop the most powerful explosive that could be carried by such aircraft into the very midde of the Houses of Parlament it would simply break some glass and perhaps blow a hole in the floor.

Even if Germany could send 100 Zeppelins a day to London and each one blew up a house — which of course they could not do — this would wreck only 36,500 buildings during a whole year. As 60,000 buildings are erected in London every year the Zeppelins would only cut down the normal growth of the city a little more than half.

There are four reasons why an aerial attack is inconsequential and not really to be regarded seriously:

First—The explosion of the aerial bomb is like an inverted cone. Its force rebounds and escapes upward. Only a small point of force is thrust downward. Not unless the bomb can be hurled so as to penetrate an object before exploding can it effect much destruction.

Second—The airship cannot aim accurately. It is moving forward perhaps thirty-five miles an hour. Consequently the bomb is carried forward as well as downward by the force of gravitation. Unless the marksman is exceptionally fortunate he cannot hit what he aims at. He strikes therefore in haphazard fashion.

Third—Nearly always these aerial raids are conducted at night, which adds still further to the likelihood of failure.

Fourth—The Zeppelin is a slow, unwieldy craft and is therefore exposed to counter-attack from the more agile aeroplane or the fire of high angle guns from the earth.

I believe that the Germans must have realized that their aerial warships could not really work much material harm and so planned these raids more for their moral effect upon the British. In this I believe Germany has made a great blunder. She has miscalculated the nature and temper of the Anglo-Saxon lion. Most times the great beast appears more or less stolid and does not show stealth. But twist his tail and you find a roaring monster. The Zeppelin raid will do just this.

Parlor Stunts.

Prepare a large circular cardboard target, and to this affix as many dark red or blue bullseyes as there are guests, having back of each bullseye a tiny slip of paper on which is written directions for some sunt, such as whistling a tune, singing a song, standing with the face in the corner or any trick which suggests itself to the hostess as likely to amuse the company. Provide a bow and arrow and ask each guest in turn to shoot at the target until an arrow pierces some one of the bullseyes. The player then takes the slip of paper which his arrow has pierced and stands in readiness to perform the stunt written upon it, although he must not tell what it is until his turn comes for amusing the company.

Buying Kitchenware.

Avoid buying ware which has "seams," cracks and joints where food particles can accumulate. They are harder to wash and likely to become insanitary sooner. A saucepan should have a "lip" on two sides. One piece straight handles are better than the "bail" kind, which becomes hot as it hangs to the side of the pot. Never be tempted into the supposed economy of buying "seconds" in kitchenware. There is always some weak spot, some uncoated place or a "bubble" where the surface is weak.

Betrayed by Her Sister.

The advanced maiden was out rowing with a possible suitor and had taken her little sister along, who was exhibiting much fear at the waves.

"Why, Martha, if you are so nervous now, what will you be at my age?"

"Thirty-nine, I suppose," meekly replied little sister.

Getting Things Shipshape.

"Dearest," said the sentimental bridegroom after the wedding ceremony, "do you think that I'll prove to be a satisfactory mate?"

"Oh, I guess you'll do all right," responded the practical bride, "and now look me over and tell me what you think of your captain."

Robert Kerr, of Kincardine, was fined $50 and costs, on pleading guilty to a charge of running an auto while under the influence of liquor on May 24th.

THE WEATHER.

Light moderate winds, mostly fine and moderately warm to-day and on Tuesday.

TRY OUR

Buns | Tarts
Fried Cake | Cookies
Doughnuts | Alberts

All kinds of pastry made fresh daily

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When You Buy A DIAMOND

You make one of the safest investments possible, for the reason that diamonds fluctuate so very little in value that you may say their value is absolutely constant; they never wear out.

Our line is complete in combination or single stone settings. Prices from the cheapest to the most expensive.

Angus McFee
Jeweler Mfg. Optician
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AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S
NEW SCOTCH BISCUITS
Now in stock
McVITIE & PRICE'S
College Creams, Academy Creams, Butterette Tea Rusks, Queen's Shorties, Cheese Assorted, Rich Selected &c. &c.
Snider's Tomato Ketchup
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup
French Mustard, jars .... 5 & 10c.
Libby's Peaches, tins, ... 15c
Libby's Sliced Peaches, tins .... 20c.
Libby's Apricots, tins .... 30c.
Clark's Baked Beans . 7c, 10c & 12½c.
Bourneville Cocoa, tins .... 25 & 90c.
California Tuna Fish, tins .... 20c.
Norway Mackerel, tins .... 20c.
Franco American Potted Beef, tins 15c
MacLaren's Invincible
Jelly Powders .... 3 for 25c.
Imperial Granum,
For Infants & Invalids
Jireh Breakfast Food, pkgs .... 25c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkgs. 25c.
Triscuit, 2 pkgs .... 25c.
Sultana Raisins (Genuine) lb. .... 15c.
English Candies, in jars .... 25c.
Layer Figs, large size, lb. .... 25c.
Wafer Sliced Beef, jars .... 25c.
tins .... 22c. & 35c.
Pabst Malt Extract, bottle .... 30c.
Heinz Sweet Pickles, bottles .... 20c.
Heinz Chow Chow or sour Mixed 15c.
Whole Ox Tongues .... 85c. & 95c
Bran for table use
H-O-Oatmeal, pkgs. .... 15c.
AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

If It Isn't Electric It Isn't Modern

Our Electric Irons

The BEST on the Market

Sell for $4.00

Let US Send You One

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott. Local Mgr.

Let us Develope and Finish Your Films. We Know How.
The Belleville Pharmacy
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HOUSE DRESSES ..... from 98c. to $1.95
BLOUSES ..... from 54c. to $5.00 each
UNDERSKIRTS ..... from 69c. to $5.00
UNDERWEAR ..... from 15c. to $1.00 garment
CREPE NIGHT GOWNS ..... from $1.19 to $2.00
WHITE UNDERSKIRTS ..... from 75c. to $2.50
KIDDIES' MIDDIES ..... from 59c. up
KIMONOS ..... from $1.00 to $3.00

SILK HOSIERY.
15 dozen Women's Black Silk Hose, regular price $1.00; on sale at ..... 59c.
Hosiery for men, women and children, best brands only in stock; prices from ..... 25c. to $1.00 pair

HOLEPROOF HOSIERY.
Every pair guaranteed, all sizes now in stock.
Fowne's Gloves in silk and kid ..... 50c. to $2.50 pair
D. & A. Corsets ..... from 50c. to $3.00
Our stock of general dry goods is splendidly assorted.
Quality first is the motto of this store.

Next Door to Geen's — Wims & Co — 282 Front Street

Don't Spoil the Effect of that new gown by wearing with it a pair of shabby Shoes. Good looking Shoes, well fitted, are as essential to your appearance as the hat you wear, and you would never consider wearing an old hat with new clothes.

Pumps and Colonials of all descriptions from the best American and Canadian Factories, $2 to $4.50.

Laced or Button Boots in the latest color combinations, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

W. H. ADAMS, The Shoeman — Next Door to Sinclair's

Extra Special
Beautiful New Piano
In Fumed Oak
$200.00
Columbia Grafonolas sold on Easy Terms
J. A. Goodsell & Co.,
316 FRONT STREET — PHONE 387.
Orders for tuning promptly attended to by a practical man.

WALL PAPER
Now is the time to do your Papering. We have the largest variety at the lowest prices ever shown in town.
Fire Works for 24th May
OUR STOCK OF FIRE CRACKERS AND FIREWORKS IS NOW COMPLETE
SPORTING GOODS
Base Ball Goods — Tennis Goods — Golf Goods
Fishing Tackle — Football Goods, etc.
Spalding's 1915 Catalogue for the asking
THE BEEHIVE — CHAS. N. SULMAN

OUTDOORS IN CANADA

"Outdoors in Canada," is the title of a new tourist publication issued by the General Passenger Dept. of the Canadian Northern Railway, which describes the numerous recreation spots served by its lines from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Brief, but interesting and informative articles are devoted to each resort, including such well known places as the South Shore of Nova Scotia, Laurentide National Park, Rideau Lakes, Muskoka Lakes, Quetico Park and Jasper Park.

The publication is fully illustrated with attractive views of every section and is ornamented with a strikingly handsome cover. Copies can be obtained from Local C.N.R. Agent or from General Passenger Department, Toronto. 31.21

DAVIES

Sweet Corn
3 tins 20c
Tomatoes
3 tins 25c
June Peas
4 tins 25c
Pink Salmon
10c tin
6 tins 55c

When the little ones need a laxative give Rexall Orderlies—they are mild and pleasant to take. Sold only by J. S. McKeown, The Rexall Store, 16c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Wilfred C. Graham, 519 Church St., Toronto, a clerk in the postal department has been arrested, charged with theft.

Chicago Real Estate Board says the $61,000,000 drainage canal is a failure and inadequate.

Unitarians in conference at Boston refused to change the name of their denomination.

LETTERS FROM CANADIAN BOYS AT THE FRONT

GUNNER R. FELSTEAD

Mr. C. J. Nowell has received the following letter from Gunner R. W. Felstead:

May 11, 1915

Dear Friend:—Just a few lines to thank you for sending the parcel of papers, which arrived here a few days ago. We are getting our fair share of excitement round here. Heaps of it. The other day we were given a rather difficult task to perform, which was to silence one of the big German guns that has been knocking the town to pieces, and acting it on fire, the fire has been burning now for over a week and the nice, pretty and interesting town is now a heap of blackened ruins. But to return to the task of silencing the big Hun guns. Well, we commenced by taking our long 7cm right up close to the trenches, and the Hun gun was six miles, or rather that was our opening range for the first shell. We gradually crept up. Increasing our range, until we obtained a direct hit with our 5th round. Once we had got him we continued to make him into scrap iron and so we were sending him over lyddite shell one about every minute and were not getting any in return until we had reached our 16th round, when they commenced to send back Johnson's over to us, the first one, which we heard coming, dropped 25 yards in front of our gun. As I heard it coming, both I and the officer dived into a ditch head first—a dry one by the way—I know there was only the rear portion of me showing up above the ditch, and that was plentifully smothed with the flying dirt. Well, we exchanged shot for shot with them until we reached our 19th round, when one of their shells cut our line of communication. This was my job, receiving and passing orders by telephone, but each time a shell came I was as flat as could be, taking the telephone with me each time to avoid missing any orders, and I am glad I never missed one until the wire was cut. We have not heard from the 15 inch since then, so I guess the Huns are making shells out of what is left of it and will no doubt try and give us a taste of it that way.

I am writing this letter in a dug out, which we use for observing. We take it in turns going out here, as there are only four of us who are telephonists and telegraphists in the battery, and if the speaking circuit breaks we telegraph with the same instrument which is combined. We have three days on duty in the battery, working eight hours relief and one day out at the observation post, a 24 hour's stretch, which is not a pleasant job. We can can still see heaps of German dead lying in front of us, combined. They tried an old dodge here the other day. "It did not work." A German dressed in kilts came dashing towards our lines,shouting out don't shoot, but he was shot through, for at the same time they were trying to get through in masses, but they were cut down like ripe corn by machine guns and rifle fire.

Excuse the paper and its condition, but I thought you would like a line or two, in fact I know you will! The paper has come from Canada and is now being had again from Belgium.

Mr. Craig will tell you all there is to know, if I have not mentioned it here, as I write to him pretty regular every chance I get. Well, I must tell you also, what the boys really think about the Canadians that are here. They say they didn't mind being killed as long as they can account for a few Germans first, and they are certainly accounting for their full share of the Huns. We are having a fairly quiet time, the first since the 19th of last month.

It is surprising how many narrow shaves a fellow can have out here, and still keep on top. I guess we are going to keep on top though, for we have had great luck since we came out here. We have fired thousands of shells at the Huns, and I think we are the only battery that has not had any casualties yet. But we must not crow too soon for we often get shelled here, and it is owning to the protection afforded by the dug-out that we are all on the top here, yet. Well, I must close now, with best wishes to all in Belleville,

I remain yours truly
R. W. FELSTEAD.

BUGLER FRED SUTTON

Mrs. J. Sutton, 13 North Front street, Belleville, has received the following letter from her son, Fred B. C. Sutton, who is a bugler in the 22nd Seaforth Highlanders.

France, April 6, 1915.

Dear Mother and Father—I received your letter and was glad to hear from you, was to hear that you are all well. I did not get your parcel, so I guess it must have got lost. We have had a pretty rough time. We made two charges and lost a lot of men, and also a lot of my old pals are missing. But as it was my luck I got through the fight without a scratch, and am glad of it. I was pretty sick for a while with my nerves shattered by the shells and bombs. The Germans were throwing gas bombs at us, and that is the reason we lost so heavily; but we drove them back. They won't face the bayonet. When you go up to them with the rifle and bayonet they throw up their hands and call for Mercy. Oh, it is hell on earth out here, when you are beside your own pal and he gets bowled over with a bullet or shrapnel, and you don't know what minute you are going to get it. When we made the charge the bullets were falling around us like hailstones and shells were bursting all around us. Nobody knows what it is like until they have been in it. There are more killed in this war in a week than there were all through the Boer war put together; so you can see what it was like.

I have never felt the same since I came out of that charge. I didn't know what I was doing—I believe I was crazy with the excitement of it, and, Mother, I wish I was home and the war was over, so I can come home and help you all and have a good time. Tell Charlie I have got a German helmet for him, and a German bayonet, and if I send it home it will get lost, or some one will steal it, so I will keep it until I come home, and I will be able to get something else. Mother, I got your last letter when I was coming out of the trenches, and it cheered me up to get a letter from home after I had been through that awful fight, and I don't know how I got through it. Well, Mother, you will have to excuse the writing as my nerves are a bit shaky yet. I think that is all this time. From your faithful son

FRED.

Driver H. Thomas, at 92nd Battery, 1st Brigade, now at the front, writes as follows to his father, Mr. G. I. Thomas, 277 Front St. Belleville:

Dear Father and mother and all—We had a very hot time for a while, but we are out, having a rest and getting prepared to go in again. I suppose you have heard about Leo Rose and Comes being killed. They died game anyway, and they were always on the job; its too bad, but they died for a good purpose, didn't they? Well, dad, it has rained all day and still at it now. We had a party last evening at our battery; it was got up by our captain. We had a fine time. We had beer, cigars, cigarettes and, etc., and had a good time all right. I received a letter last evening from Larry and it was sure full of news.

Love to all,
HARRY THOMAS

DRIVER EARL DOXSEE.

Mrs. Doxsee, of Turnbull Street, has received the following letter from her son, Driver Earl Doxsee—

Belgium, Monday, May 11.

Received your most welcome letter yesterday; also snaps, which I thought were real good, and you can imagine how much I appreciated getting them. Also received your letter from Stirling with pics. I certainly would like to have gone out with the bunch, but needless to say, that was impossible. Well, mother, we came out of the line last night. We had been in since the 20th of last month. We travelled all night and are now at a rest billet for a while. Would have written you before this, but have been quite busy. After travelling all night (especially on a saddle) and had no sleep, I am feeling rather fatigued today, so do not feel much like writing a very long letter. Would love to be able to give you more information, but there is a limit. I am well and hope that you are all fit at home. I don't think I ever felt better in my life than I do at the present time; but of course I would like to be home about now, as I think I have had about enough of this health life, and would like to see all the people at home. Please excuse this paper. I suppose I should use the paper you put up for your letter for me, but I think I must have lost it. How is little niece? She looks real swanky in those rompers. Well, mother dear, as I cannot think of any more just now I think I will get some sleep, for I am feeling quite tired. If there are too many errors in this letter, please excuse; will write more in a day or two. After all these few remarks I will now take my seat (as Father says) and hope to hear from you again soon. Give my love to all at home.

Bon Jour,
EARL.

France, May 12.

Dear Mother and All—

I wrote and mailed you a letter yesterday, but since then I have heard from one of the fellows that a report is current that Bill Lancaster is wounded, and as there is no truth in it I thought possibly the same report may get around about me, as I know it did once before. So do not believe anything you hear about a thing like that unless you get it officially.

Mother, this is some country in summer, and I think we are in one of the most beautiful spots it can boast of. We are back for a rest, after being in action for about a month; and believe me, I am certainly glad to get a rest as it is trying on one's nerves; and as we were in one of the hottest places during the line, it made it even more so—somewhat different from the first position we were in. Would love to let you know just where we were, and also where we are at present, but as you know, that is impossible; suffice to say that I am well and in real good health, and having a good time. Also, would me think that the report may get around about me is that Bill and I came over to France together as despatch riders, as I suppose there are fellows who write home about it, and somehow or other it gets in the papers; so please do not believe anything like that until it is confirmed. Well, as I cannot think of any more just now I will close, but will write again soon. Give my kind regards to all my friends. Hoping this reaches you soon; I remain,

Your son,
EARL.

P.S.—The last time we were in action I was cooking for the fellows of the Headquarters Staff. Some job, eh. I knew absolutely nothing about cooking, but I chuntered and promised to do my best. Have just heard today that I am mentioned in despatches as being chef for them while under heavy shell fire, and all that junk. Went into the town close by last night and bought a wrist watch, as I am sorry to inform you that I broke the one I received just before leaving home. Our field pay amounts to 15 francs every fortnight, although we drew double pay last night, as it had gone four weeks which was 30 francs. My watch cost me 20 francs. I saw Fred the night we came out of action, and he is as well and fat as ever on army rations, which require some skill, believe me!!

P. S. Again.—Had this letter all ready to be mailed, but by a good luck your letters and papers arrived just before I gave it to the mail man. You spoke of me staying in the cook-house if possible. I will take your advice and do so. I mentioned in the fore part of my letter that I had been cooking for a few of the telephonists while in action. I heard of poor Willie being killed some time ago, but I did not like to mention it in any of my previous letters as I knew you would see it in the papers. Now, mother, please do not worry about me as I shall be all right, and will feel a lot easier if I know that you do not worry.

General Alderson spoke to the whole division this morning. It was fine. I do not think I will ever forget it. He spoke about the Fourth Battalion of the Canadian Division and mentioned our comrades who are gone. He certainly brought the tears to My eyes, and I guess a good many others. I was a very touching speech. Have not heard anything about Harold, but hope he is all O.K. Saw him just before going into action last time. Please excuse this notepaper, as it is the best I have. You may expect most anything in the shape of paper while at the front—from a jam tin label, up. Have not received those cigarets you spoke of, but expect they may be on tomorrow's mail. Well as I cannot think of any more just now, only that it is raining outside, and rather dreary, I will finish this epology for a decent letter.

Your loving son,
EARL DOXSEE.

Winning---
In Sport or Business
is seldom a matter of luck, but the result of well directed effort.
Here's where food plays a big part. Not necessarily a large amount of food, but well-balanced, easily digested food in proper quantity.
Grape-Nuts
is that kind of food
Made of wheat and barley, it retains in correct proportion all the nutriment of these grains, and is particularly rich in the mineral elements—essential builders of brain, nerve and muscle.
Grape-Nuts comes ready to eat from the FRESH-SEALED package—crisp and delicious. The rich, nut-like flavour and wonderful nutriment of this concentrated, easily digested food have proved to thousands—
"There's A Reason" for Grape-Nuts
MADE IN CANADA —sold by Grocers everywhere.
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Bare Foot Sandals and Outing Shoes
Our New Summer Lines of Children's Sandles, Canvas Boots and Outing Shoes are now in stock.
Ladies' White Pumps
Ladies' White Canvas Colonials, $1.00, $1.50
Ladies' White Arabian Cloth Pumps, $1.50
Ladies' White Buck Pumps, $2.00
Ladies' White Buck Button Boots $3.50 and $4.00
Ladies' White Buck Button $5.00
Also a Beautiful Full Line of Children' White Shoes. See Them.
The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville — Napanee — Trenton — Smith's Falls

Clearance Sale
All This Week
On Whitewear, House Dresses, Infants and Girls in Their 'Teens Dresses. Middy Waists, etc., etc.
TUESDAY MORNING at this store will reveal some of the most startling bargains and values ever offered in Belleville. We are determined to make one grand clean-up sale that will clean these goods right off our counters in double quick time. Here's your opportunity to save money. These are not goods bought for the occasion, but the balance left after our great sale, which broke all previous records.
$1.00 to $1.25 MIDDIES FOR GIRLS IN THEIR 'TEENS, for 50c—worth double the money. All sizes, laced front in plain and striped goods, navy blue and red trimmed, only 50c. Come early for these.
$1.25 INFANTS, DRESSES, FOR 75c.
Special to mothers. We have dresses all ready to slip on baby made of nice fine material, neatly made, to clear at 75c. All sizes.
$1.25 LADIES' HOUSE DRESSES, 79c.
A few odd lines in several lines we are going to clean up at special prices. Be sure to see these.
McINTOSH BROS.

Fur Storage
Expert Furriers have special care and daily supervisions of your Furs while they are in OUR STORAGE DEPARTMENT.
Let us show you all that is Newest and Daintiest in CHILDREN'S HATS
G. T. WOODLEY,
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Bread
You might just as well have the best.
It's YEREX'S (wrappcd)
We Can Prove It.
At Grocers.
YEREX'S Bakery
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All kinds of Cakes

Farmers, Read This
We have an unusually large stock of Red Clover, Lucerne, Alsike and Timothy Seed of No. 1 quality. We invite you to inspect our goods and be convinced that we have something to make a noise about regarding quality. You can get just as good value here as you can be sent to Toronto, besides, you will be patronizing a man who buys your hay, grain and produce. We also have a car of seed grain of all kinds at reasonable prices. Also a car of Flour at rock bottom prices.
Call and inspect our goods before buying, as we can save you money.
H. E. Fairfield, 346 Front St.

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Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited), in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, No. 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
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Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
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Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.50 strictly in advance.

DELIGHTFUL UNANIMITY.

One for Peace, the Other for War.

Mr. M. J. Demers, Rouge M.P. for St. John's and Iberville, in the Province of Quebec, made a vigorous assault upon the Dominion Conservative Administration on the 26th May in a speech delivered by him to the Junior Liberal Association of his Riding in which he expressed the conviction that the Conservatives would put off a general election till the very end of their five years term of office, adding that when an election did come off, "the Liberals would have a sweeping majority." Happy thought, over which the young Liberals can sleep and dream!

This declaration of Mr. Demers that the Government would "put off" a general election through fear, until forced to appeal to the people, is not in accord with the ravings of the Liberal leaders in Ontario, who have been condemning the Government and members of the party, for seeking, as they say, an appeal to the people during the war.

Why should there be any surprise at this diversity of opinion? The policy of the Liberal party has for the past generation been different for each of the Provinces, catering to the different opinions as they existed at the time.

No partyism during the war has been the hypocritical cry of the party leaders, particularly in Ontario, except when any of them were addressing a gathering of their supporters. As a specimen of this non-partyism, an extract or two from speeches of this Laurierite supporter will suffice to show how far the stretching of truth and meaningless vaporings are indulged in for the purpose of misleading and deceiving the electors.

"Turning to the taxation imposed by the Borden administration, Mr. Demers declared that not only the taxes of last August, but also the war taxes on letters and financial paper had been due to extravagances on the part of the Government and not to any real necessity arising from the war. The war had only been used as a plausible excuse for raising money to make up for shortage in revenue due to entirely different causes."

Then follows the most choice morsel of all his charges of maladministration, particularly adapted, as it is, to hangers-on of every Liberal Government ever seeking place, and pickings at the expense of the taxpayers.

"As regards Government employees, twelve thousand of these had been made destitute, while they had been replaced by twenty-five thousand others, which increase in personnel had entailed the renting of thirty-six new buildings in Ottawa for departmental purposes."

Fancy 12,000 Grits deprived of office, and 25,000 Conservatives appointed to fill their places! What a whopper!

Mr. Demers next deplored the manner in which the new war taxes had been raised, saying that the tax on letters and on cheques was a hardship on the masses, on the poor man who went to the bank to draw $20 of his savings."

Fancy the hardships imposed upon the "poor man," having, when checking out of the Bank his surplus wealth, to pay a war tax. Shocking, truly!

This Liberal M.P. must be laboring under the delusion that the Conservative party is ruled, directed and governed by a Grit Kaiser, as is, and has been, the Liberal party, who tells them what they are to do, and not what to do.

"Premier Borden's public denunciation," he says, "of the two Conservative members of Parliament whose names had been involved in the abuse of Government contracts, could not be in good faith, when the Premier allowed Hon. J. K. Fleming, former Premier of New Brunswick, to be a candidate against Mr. Carvell, as Mr. Fleming himself had been involved in the New Brunswick Crown Lands scandal."

This is carrying the doctrine of a Premier's responsibility to an unlimited extent. The declaration of candidature by Mr. Fleming was his own, without, we venture the statement, any reference to Mr. Borden. Even had his opinion been sought, what power would he have to allow or disallow Fleming's being a candidate for a seat in Parliament?

Fortunately, the people—except those who are governed by race and creed, are too intelligent to be misled by ravings of the character of such politicians as Demers, of whom there are, unfortunately, too many in Canada.

Contrast Liberalism in Canada with that of England, and what a difference is discovered!

THE DOW ALES & PORTERS

A HUNDRED YEARS SUCCESS GUARANTEES THEIR EXCELLENCE

The National Breweries, Limited, Montreal

FOR SALE AT YOUR LEADING LIQUOR STORES

MR. ASQUITH EXPLAINS.

Premier Asquith has explained to his supporters the reason which induced him to form a Coalition Cabinet. The letter was no doubt intended to appease the rank and file of the party who are showing disapprobation of the course adopted. It was only because the conviction was forced upon me," says the Premier, "that a non-party Government would prove the most efficient instrument for the successful prosecution of the war that I have taken a step which has caused me infinite personal pain." Having made up his mind that the course he proposed was the best in the interests of the nation, why should Mr. Asquith feel "infinite personal pain" in bringing it into effect? Should he not rather have felt pleased that leaders of the Opposition were prepared to throw in their lot with him; to assist him to the utmost of their ability; and share in the responsibility which otherwise would fall upon him and his Cabinet?

Mr. Asquith's pain is probably caused because he believes his action will be regarded in the country—as, indeed, it must be—as a confession of failure. Had he approached the Opposition at the outbreak of the war and said that a "non-party Government would prove the most efficient instrument for the successful prosecution of the war" it would have been a very different matter. But he allows nearly ten months to elapse before he makes the proposition. While giving the Premier full credit for the conscientious belief that a non-party Government would be the best under the circumstances, there can be no doubt that he would not take the step which caused him so much pain until he was forced to. At the recent meeting of Unionists addressed by Lord Lansdowne and Mr. Bonar Law, the latter made an important statement which must be considered in this connection. "Just as the Unionists had decided that there must be a change," he said, "I received a letter from the Prime Minister suggesting coalition." This clearly shows that the Unionist party, considering the situation exceedingly grave, had decided to abandon their policy of non-criticism which they have followed all through the war. This had probably been intimated to Mr. Asquith, and if carried out would have placed the Premier in an exceedingly difficult position. So he took the wisest, and practically the only course open to him, although he admits it gave him pain.

A PATRIOTIC OPPOSITION.

The patriotic course taken by the Opposition in the British House of Commons is only what might be expected of the leaders of the great Conservative party. In all supreme moments of national danger they have always put principle before party. Time after time they might have defeated the present Government by going into the lobby with the Irish Nationalists; but to have done so would have been to abrogate some principle, and they have either supported the Government or refrained from voting. Had the Liberals adopted this attitude during the South African war its duration would have been shortened and thousands of lives would have been saved. But the Government were hampered in every possible way, and the inflammatory speeches of Mr. Lloyd George and others tended to encourage the Boers.

The Unionist leaders have refrained from criticising the Government, although—when the proper time comes—they will have a very strong case to place before the country as to the unpreparedness of the Government for war, notwithstanding the many warnings they received. "The Unionist leaders," said Lord Lansdowne at the Unionist meeting, "considered that a general election would have been a national disaster of the first magnitude." "Nothing but "a supreme effort on the part of the whole nation," he said, "will be sufficient to meet the difficulties and the opposition in front of us." It is in this patriotic spirit that the Unionist leaders have entered the new Cabinet; and their inclusion will help to dispel the feeling of unrest and dissatisfaction which unquestionably exists.

CURRENT COMMENT

Conditions in Mexico City have approached the famine stage. The only wonder is that this has been held off so long.

Mr. McKenna seems to be the handy man of the Asquith government. He has been First Lord of the Admiralty, Home Secretary, and Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Secretary Bryan's request that Arizona pardon five Mexicans who have been condemned to death for murder lest reprisals be made upon Americans in Mexico can be characterized by only one word.—Buffalo Express.

There would appear to be a good chance for a clash between hostile submarines under the waters of the Dardanelles. The straits are narrow. A fight between underwater craft would be something unique in war.

The entrance of Italy into the war will hurt Germany almost as much by the cutting off of her chief avenue for war supplies from abroad as by the operations of the Italian army and navy.

Billy Sunday shows good sense in declining an offer to go to England for an evangelistic campaign. There are more serious things to occupy attention in England just now than a campaign of the Billy Sunday type.—Hamilton Herald.

No more heroic fighting is being done anywhere in this war than the fighting of the Australians in the Gallipoli Peninsula. They are using their bayonets against machine guns and artillery, and though their losses are heavy, they are making good with the cold steel.

General satisfaction will be expressed that arrangements have been completed whereby the Pacific Great Eastern Railway will be able to continue construction. British Columbia is a province of magnificent distances, and while there have been many extravagances connected with railroad construction in that province it would be a serious matter were the Pacific Great Eastern unable to complete its line.

In the fiscal year ended March 31st, 1914, Canada's exports to Great Britain and to the United States were almost identically the same, the former comprising 43 per cent., and the latter 43.1 per cent. of our total exports. In our imports we took a much large proportion from the United States than we did from Great Britain, the comparative figures for 1914 being 64 per cent. of the former, and but 20.5 per cent. from the latter.

A leading American newspaper states that since the outbreak of war the output of ammunition factories in that country has been enormously increased. The capacity to make cartridges last summer amounted to ten millions a week; now they can make thirty millions a week, while the same ratio holds good for the manufacture of field guns, shrapnel and other munitions of war. Kaiser Wilhelm should kindly take note.

The Kingston Standard is crossing swords with the Toronto Globe over the respective merits of the two cities as summer resorts. "We are not overly anxious to get mixed up in any of these hot weather discussions now going the rounds," says the Journal of Commerce, "but would just to add that Montreal as a summer resort has both these Ontario towns beaten a mile." We should be sorry to disparage any of these charming Ontario cities; but when it comes to a matter of excellent fishing, Belleville can put all three resorts in the shade.

In Canada the railroads have only recently commenced to treat the ties with creosote or other preservatives. This is probably due to the impression that Canada had an unlimited supply of timber suitable for ties and other purposes. In the United States thirty per cent. of the ties used by the railroads are subjected to chemical treatment, while in Europe practically all ties are treated with creosote or some other form of preserving oil. In 1895 there were but fifteen creosoting plants in the United States. To-day there are one hundred and twenty-two which used last year seventy-nine million gallons of creosote oil, twenty-seven million pounds of dry zinc chloride, and two and a half million gallons of other preservatives. The plants treated one hundred and sixty million cubic feet of timber.—Journal of Commerce.

ST. LAWRENCE RIVER OLDEST IN THE WORLD

And Great V-shaped Portion of Canada Was First to Appear Above Surface of Globe-Circling Waters

The St. Lawrence is the oldest river in the world. It is also one of the few rivers that did not have to make its own bed, and has remained unchanged since the very beginning of the American continent.

Try to think of a time when the earth was covered by a mass of water, hot, steaming, and often tremendously disturbed by the throes of a globe beneath it that was shrinking because it was becoming cooler. As the globe shrunk, every particle of the outside was naturally pulled in toward the centre, and the hardening crust, which could not be packed any more solidly than it was, had to wrinkle, sinking down here, and bulging up somewhere else. After a time certain of these rising wrinkles, or folds, the thicker, or firmer, parts of the earth's crust, stood the strain, and became permanent ridges. The oldest of them that geologists know, and apparently the first that bulged up above the universal ocean and remained high and dry, was the broad mass on which Canada now rests. It is a part of the original crust of the earth, and we can see it to-day, wherever it is not covered by newer rocks or soil, just as it crystalized and cooled out of the primeval molten material.

"The Canadian Shield"

This mass formed a broad V from Labrador down to Lake Huron, and thence north-westward to Alaska; on account of its shape geologists call it the Canadian shield. It is the oldest land known, and apparently the strongest, for there are no signs of any extensive changes in it (except the wearing away of the surface) since it first rolled the ocean off its shoulders.

Off the eastern coast of this primitive continent lay a chain of lofty islands, about on the line of the Blue Ridge, the White Mountains, the Maine coast, and Nova Scotia. Between these islands and the mainland was a trough-like space that ran from eastern Quebec south-westward to Ohio. It was two or three hundred miles wide, and filled with a shallow sea; and just outside the island chain was the great hollow that held the Atlantic Ocean.

Time went on. For ages the straining and cracking of the shrinking globe, earthquakes, sun and frost, pounding surf, running water, blowing gales, ice—all labored to tear down the mountains and carry the wreckage of rocks and dust away into the valleys and seas. In this way vast masses of rock, in layers of shales, sandstones, and what not, were laid down in that narrow, trough-like sea between the chain of islands and the continent. All these "sedimentary" rocks were soft and weak, compared with the solid old granites deeply rooted on either side of them; and the trough itself, a sagging fold, was a line of weakness in the crust. As the load of deposits became heavier and heavier, the floor of this trough slowly yielded, and as it sank toward the heated region below, the under side melted, and grew thinner and thinner.

Gulf Formed at Later Period

That could not go on forever, and soon the continual shrinking of the globe and the enormous pressure of the weight of the ocean became irresistible. The Canadian Shield was immovable, so the rock in the trough began to bulge or crumple all along its length. Gradually, not all at once, but by slow and varying movements, those folds were squeezed up, which in their broken and worn-down form, we know as the Appalachian Mountains.

Toward the south there was room for this action to be rather gentle and regular, but in the far north-east the trough was narrow; and the soft rocks were set on edge, overturning and splintering against the solid continent. Very early in the struggle a great fracture of the earth's crust occurred here along a curving northeast and southwest line. It left a deep and broad trench between the crushed and displaced rocks of the trough and the granite shore of the Canadian Shield. Into this trench rushed all the interior waters of the continent, draining away to the sea, and the St. Lawrence River was born! There, no doubt, it will remain as long as the earth keeps its present form.

At that time there was no Gulf of St. Lawrence. The land extended out to a coast that stretched unbroken from Nova Scotia to Labrador. The present gulf is the result of a sinking of the coast region. Most of it is very shallow, but a chart of soundings shows the ancient river bed as a channel winding out between Newfoundland and Cape Breton to the deep ocean.

THE WAR IN AFRICA

Desperate Fighting in Waterless Desert—A Narrow Escape

How an attack on the enemy's position in the Namanga district had to be given up because of the lack of water is described in the following extracts from a letter written by an officer in the East African Mounted Rifles to his mother. Postal communication is difficult and the letter is now many weeks old:

Two days ago we attacked a very strong hill position of the enemy. We got up in the night and had our guns in position by daybreak; we fought from daylight till dark and then had to retire because we could not get water and the men were in a bad way with thirst, but we got our guns all away in good order, and then had to retire fifteen miles to the nearest water. Our casualties were fifty-two killed and wounded, and the enemy lost 135 dead. We don't know what the wounded were. Things were awfully hot at times, as we had fire on us from three quarters at once, and were on top of a bare ridge without a bit of cover.

I think you must have been praying for me because I had a marvelous escape. Lying down in the firing line on the brow of a ridge, a bullet struck me fair over the heart, boring a hole right through a bullet in my bandolier, then turned and piercing my skin in two or three places across my chest it just cut the skin below my last rib on the stomach, and came out through my water-bottle. I thought I was finished at first, but found I was only slighly bruised and cut over the stomach. I was in an awful funk, as I had cold tea in my bottle and when it started squirting out of the hole I made sure it was out of my stomach, and so did all the other men near me. But thanks be to God, I am as fit as a fiddle now if a little sore.

The Germans are seeing that their native troops are armed with saw-backed bayonets, and they use soft-nosed bullets and copper noses. They don't seem to understand the meaning of fair play or have any civilized decency in them. Imagine! we found one of their doctors dead in a trench with the Red Cross badge on his arm, a rifle loaded with copper-nosed bullets, and 120 more in his bandolier. So now we will just kill and give no quarter to the brutes. We had two regiments of Punjabs with us—they fought beautifully all day.

When this is all over I will send you the bullet that saved my life, but now I wear it as a mascot on my shirt where it was struck.

Pitfalls for Cavalry

A stratagem employed by the Scots at the Battle of Bannockburn has been frequently tried in the present war. The Scots, it will be remembered, dug numerous pits, placed pointed stakes in each, and covered them over with fallen leaves. When the English charged over the trap it was broken and they were cut to pieces. Immediately after the occupation of Brussels the Germans commandeered all the barrels in the city and sank them in the streets, it being almost impossible for cavalry to charge across these pitfalls.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

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July 2	Missanabie	July 15
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Connection for ST. JOHN. the Sydneys, Prince Edward I., Newfoundland

Apply Ticket Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, or to

E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto.

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TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on May 30th. Time Tables and full particulars on application to Agents.

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Georgian Bay — Algonquin Park
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Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature telling you all about these desirable summer resorts.

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CANADIAN NORTHERN

NIGHT TRAINS To Toronto and Ottawa
(Daily)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	3.40 a.m.
Ar. TORONTO	7.30 a.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.40 a.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.40 a.m.

(Central Station)

DAY TRAINS
(Daily except Sunday)

Lv. BELLEVILLE	5.10 p.m.
Ar. TORONTO	9.15 p.m.
Lv. BELLEVILLE	2.05 p.m.
Ar. OTTAWA	7.05 p.m.

(Central Station)

For tickets, parlor and sleeping car reservations, and all other information, apply J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent L. W. Buller Station Agent.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station. Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m. Mail train, daily.
No. 14—2.00 a.m. Fast train, Flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m. Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 30—9.30 p.m. Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West

No. 19—2.15 a.m. Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m. Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m. Local Passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.15 a.m. Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—1.50 p.m. International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m. Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro'
Mail	5.2 a.m.	8.0 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro'
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.9 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

EFFECTIVE JAN. 28, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.35 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.
Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.55 a.m., 12.55 noon, 8.25 p.m.
Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate stations—6.35 a.m.
Deseronto and Napanee—10.35 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.
For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—12.55 noon.
For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.05 p.m.
For Napanee, Tarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—2.40 a.m.*
Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.05 p.m., 2.40 a.m.*
From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 6.25 p.m., 2.00 p.m.
From Napanee, Deseronto and intermediate stations—12.55 noon, 5.10 p.m.
From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.25 p.m.
From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.35 a.m.
From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.*
Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.
*Daily.
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front St., Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING EAST
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE

	"Canadian"	"Wolverine"
Leave Toronto	9.00 a.m.	11.40 p.m.
Lv. Belleville	12.33 p.m.	3.12 a.m.
Ar. Montreal	6.10 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

Trenton-Smith's Falls—Local

Leave Trenton	8.00 a.m.
Leave Belleville	9.00 a.m.
Arrive Smith's Falls	2.40 p.m.

GOING WEST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian"	"Dominion"
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	3.53 a.m.
Arrive Toronto	5.40 p.m.	7.35 a.m.

Smith's Falls-Trenton—Local.

Leave Smith's Falls	7.45 a.m.
Leave Belleville	12.05 p.m.
Arrive Trenton	12.35 p.m.

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POINT-AU-BARIL
FRENCH & PICKEREL RIVERS
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GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME, MAY 30

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NEW LIQUOR LICENSE LAW OF ONTARIO

The Hearst-Hanna Policy Briefly Outlined

An interesting folder has been issued, setting forth in brief, concise and understandable terms the main provisions of the new legislation affecting the liquor traffic in Ontario, which is of interest to those who have taken part in Temperance Legislation, as well as to those who are affected by it in the trade:

The bill passed at the recent session of the Legislature was undoubtedly the most advanced piece of temperance legislation proposed in twenty years. It represents the accumulated experiences of a Government that has sought in all ways to minimize the evils of the liquor traffic, and has consistently been abreast of public sentiment with regard to the measures adopted towards that end. The new legislation in Ontario is most far-reaching. It accomplishes at a single stroke the complete divorcement of the administration of the Liquor License Law from the field of politics, and it confers upon the Commission appointed to administer that law powers so ample and so mandatory as to insure efficiency from every point of view.

The outstanding feature of the new legislation is the appointment of one Board of License Commissioners for the Province to supersede the one hundred and one local district boards that heretofor have been in existence. The new Board consists of five members each of whom must subscribe to an oath of office, whose authority in the administration of the Liquor License Law respecting tavern, ship and club licenses is supreme and independent of political control.

The Board shall have all the authority of the retiring License Commissioners with many additional and far-reaching powers, although these powers to be exercised by the Board are all of a restrictive nature.

Thus the Board may place such further restrictions upon the liquor traffic as it may deem advisable, but it cannot enlarge its privileges beyond what are now granted by the Act; and care has been taken in framing this legislation to provide machinery that will enable the Board to administer the law in harmony with public feeling in every locality.

The reorganization of the license districts of the Province is one of the first duties to which the Board will turn its attention. The Board must hold at least one meeting each year in every county town in the Province, where applications for license are made, and such meeting or meetings are to be open to the public. To enable the Board to visit every part of the Province and examine into local conditions the law provides that two members shall form a quorum, and to secure publicity, two weeks' notice of any meeting is required to be given.

At these meetings the Board shall:

1. Hear applicants and consider applications for licenses.
2. Hear representations from any source in opposition to the granting of any license.
3. Hear representations of any nature regarding the Liquor License Law or the enforcement of it.

The notice advertising the meeting must contain:

(a) The name of applicant for a license.
(b) The character of the license applied for.
(c) A description of the premises to be licensed.
(d) The total number of existing tavern and shop licenses in each municipality in the country.
(e) The total number of applications for tavern and shop licenses in each municipality in the county.

The far-reaching effect of the new law and the advantages that will follow along the lines of temperance reform from the extensive powers conferred upon the new Board will readily be appreciated when it is understood that the Board may:

1. Sub-divide the Province (as previously noted) into new license districts in such manner as experience and investigation may show to be advantageous to the better administration of the law.
2. Issue a restricted license such as a "beer license" in any locality.
3. Shorten the hours within which liquor may be sold in taverns or shops throughout the Province or in any portion of the Province, but cannot extend the hours of sale beyond what the law now provides.
4. In its discretion suspend or cancel any license.
5. Make regulations for improved hotel accommodation to meet the requirements in any locality, and enforce these regulations by either suspension or cancellation of the license if they are not carried out.

Note: This provision is important, as it will enable the Board to determine the standard of accommodation, the minimum number of rooms or other equipment any hotel should have in a particular locality to meet the requirements of the travelling public; thus six rooms in one place might be entirely inadequate in another.

6. Conduct an inquiry into any matter deemed necessary in connection with the administration of the law and require evidence to be given under oath.
7. Supersede the necessity for a vote on local option by prohibiting the sale of liquor in any portion of the Province, subject to ratification by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council:

(a) For all time.
(b) For any particular time.
(c) For any specified period.
(d) To any class of persons.
(e(During any special hours.

The new law further provides that all liquor shops throughout the Province shall be closed at seven o'clock every evening, and adds Labor Day to the list of "dry" days.

The Air Raid on Southend

Brilliant Moon Made Aluminum Sides of Zeppelin Visible to the Inhabitants

The Southend correspondent of the Westminister Gazette sends the following discription of the air raid at that seaside resort:

"About 10.45 p.m. the booming of guns echoed through the stillness of the night.

"'It's only gun practice at the Shoebury forts,' I told my wife, but she refused to be reassured. Our eldest boy was asleep alone in the rooms in Holland Road, and she insisted on returning there forthwith.

"As the front door slammed behind us the booming of guns grew more insistent and my ear distinguished as well the crackle of rifle fire. A moment or two later, looking inland toward the town, following a heavy thud, strangely unlike the firing of any gun, I ever heard, I saw a brilliant flash leap skyward from a place where I knew there were no guns; and high in the air, disappearing now and then behind the clouds, but unmistakeable was a long dark object. The brilliant moon lit up its aluminum sides so that they looked like streaks of silver in the sky—an airship without doubt.

"My wife had not seen it, so I said nothing. But we had barely reached the front gate, when a hundred signs proclaimed that we were in the war zone. The hubbub of anti-aircraft guns was reinforced by piercing blasts and a hundred police whistles and otherwise. With astonishing suddenness the lights of the town went out, so that the moon, without a rival made the sky very clear. A hapless and only partially clad man rushed past us toward the beach, shouting something unintelligible. On the whole, however, I thought how humiliated the Kaiser would feel could he see how serenely the bulk of the population watched his baby-killing visit.

"Outside each villa a little knot of weirdly-clad women with their eyes followed the progress of his gas bags in the sky, commenting freely meanwhile on the war lord's military methods.

"'E ought to be ashamed of himself,' I was assured by one young woman, garbed in a nightdress and counterplane. He has not the pluck to send his Zeppelins where the soldiers are. Oh, wait till me Bill gets at him.'

"As usual the victims of the Huns proved to be peculiarly defenceless non-combatants. There was about fifty bombs dropped in all, so far as one could gather, and the victims included a woman killed instantly as she got off a tram car—a terrible and never-to-be-forgotten spectacle, and two other helpless persons—a woman in one house and a seven-year-old-girl in another, both burned severely in their beds.

PREPARING TO USE GAS

LONDON, May 28.—The British Government is preparing to meet the use of asphyxiating gases by the Germans by employing the same methods. It is understood that two years ago an English inventor devised a scheme for the use of such gases in warfare. He submitted the plan to the British War Office, but received no encouragement. When the news of the use of gas by the Germans appeared, this man went to the War Office again and his plans were readily accepted. He was asked how much money he wanted for the method, but declined to accept a penny, turning over the chemical formula and the mechanical device without remuneration.

Two large factories, it is said, are now preparing the necessary chemicals and the other necessary parts.

In these days of enterprise it is better to get rooms on the ground floor than at the top.

If a man could read his own biography it would probably surprise him more than any one else.

Many a smart kid who has ruled his mother has found it a different proposition to govern a wife.

Woman's World

It Is Women's Business to Look After Europe's Civilization.

Photo by American Press Association.

MISS JANE ADDAMS.

Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, who is now giving so much of her time to promoting the work of the woman's peace party, was interviewed recently in regard to our responsibility in the present war.

"This war," said Miss Addams, "seems to me to be the most primitive war imaginable. It is as though the nations of the world had gone completely around the cycle of wars for freedom, for religion and all such causes and were now come back to the most primitive of all wars—the war for self defense.

"Each nation in the present struggle claims to be fighting for self defense. Each one shows a sort of tribal patriotism; it must defend its own tribe, its own property. And that is by far the lowest kind of patriotism. It harks back to the days when there were no courts of justice; when men settled difficulties by physical force; when tribes were separate units, each continually on the watch to defend itself from aggression or injury on the part of others.

"In those primeval days there was a distinct tribal appeal to women. They were not merely to stay at home and be protected; it was their business to bear children. The edicts of Europe's warring rulers today and the hosts of 'war brides' hark back to those early centuries when the chief duty of man was to fight and die and that of women to replace the dead.

"Now by this primitive warfare the work of long, long years is being destroyed. In France, for instance, the women were just beginning to get some improvements in the laws which concerned them, coguardianship of children, for one thing. The whole social fabric is distorted, the long years of struggle and sacrifice to attain a better civilization, to unite men and women and children, are gone for naught. It is our business to see that all the civilization of Europe shall not be destroyed.

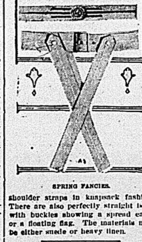
"It's difficult to say what the reconstruction will be," continued Miss Addams. "We can none of us prophesy that. But I'm inclined to think that it will be in many ways not unlike the reconstruction which followed the Napoleonic wars in France. Just traveling about there casually one is surprised at the many and varied things that women do, what an important part they play in industry and petty commerce, how they run hotels and keep shops and often act as cashiers for their husbands.

"Women will be in relatively the same position when this war is over, I believe, in political life. After all that they are doing now it will be possible for them to go into public affairs, semipolitical affairs at least."

CHIC MILITARY EFFECTS.

Smart New Belts Are Extremely Warlike In Their Appearance.

Military to an extreme degree are the smart new belts of the season, being built in cartridge effect or with



SPRING FANCIES.

shoulder straps in knapsack fashion. There are also perfectly straight belts with buckles showing a spread eagle or a floating flag. The materials may be either suede or heavy linen.

The coldest inhabited country is said to be the Province of Werchojansk in Siberia. The daily temperature of the entire year is 2.74 degrees below zero.

A Mysterious Disappearance

By MARJORIE CLOUGH

There was anxiety in the Maryweather family. Susan, the eldest daughter, aged eighteen, was missing. She had gone out during an afternoon, telling her mother that she would go to the library and do some shopping. She had not returned to supper, and her mother was very much worried about her. Mrs. Maryweather telephoned to various friends of Susie's, asking if she was with them, and received negative replies.

The next day an investigation was made as to where the girl had been during the previous afternoon. She had been to the library, where she had taken out a book, the name of which the librarian did not remember. She had not been at any store. The police were notified of the disappearance; inquiries were made at police stations in neighboring towns, but without eliciting any information.

Mellington, where the Maryweathers lived, was on the bank of a river. On the third day after Susie's disappearance, at a point on the river four miles above the town, where a boat was kept for ferriage, a book was found on the shore bearing the stamp of the Mellington library. It was returned to the library by a boy, who told how he had happened to find it and where. The librarian reported the matter to Mr. Maryweather, giving it as his opinion that it was the book his daughter had taken out of the library.

Beyond tracing Susie to this point on the river the find availed nothing, for there was no other clew by which she could be traced further.

Meanwhile every person who heard of the disappearance formed a theory concerning it. The greatest number believed that Susie had been kidnaped, but when a week had passed and no application for ransom had been received many doubted this explanation. Those who adhered to it were of opinion that the kidnapers had found it necessary to their safety to kill their victim. Another theory was that Susie had drowned herself under an attack of temporary insanity. No such mental ailing had appeared in the Maryweather family, and Susie had always been considered healthy in every respect. The only symptom that had been noticed was an apparent preoccupation.

Ten days passed and no clew to the disappearance, other than the book, was found. Then a man fishing in a boat near the middle of the river ten miles below Mellington caught his hook in something that he pulled to the surface and found it to be a plaid dress. The body of a woman was taken out of the water that had evidently been there a long while. It was very much swollen, and the features were unrecognizable. The hair—the only feature unchanged—was of the most ordinary color.

A portion of the dress was sent to Mrs. Maryweather, who at once identified it as one belonging to her daughter or had belonged to her. The mother was positive that Susie had not worn it the day she left home nor for a long while previous. She overhauled her daughter's old clothes, but did not find the dress indicated.

The police formed a theory that Susan Maryweather had gone away for some reason not known to her parents; had previous to her departure sent or taken certain clothing, by wearing which her identity could the better be concealed. While wearing the plaid dress she had committed suicide by drowning. This was a reasonable theory and disposed of the case, so that the police would not need to trouble themselves further about it.

Mr. Maryweather believed that the body found was that of his daughter; but, not wishing to destroy all hope in his wife, he did not press his opinion upon her. She took the ground that the theory of the police was absurd, but she was unable to account for the dress of the same pattern as one her daughter had owned being on the body found in the river. The only hope she had was that some other woman had worn a dress made of material of a similar pattern.

No claimant for the body appearing, Mr. Maryweather disposed of it without revealing what he had done with it. It was not treated as the body of his daughter—that is, no funeral was held since there was no certainty as to its identity.

The day after it had been put away a carriage drove up before the Maryweather home, and who should step out but Susie! She ran into the house, flung herself into the arms of her parents and announced that she had been married. Her husband was without, awaiting the result of her confession. Neither he nor she knew that she was supposed to be dead.

Susie's affair had been kept a secret because her lover's parents opposed his marriage. The day of her disappearance he had met her and persuaded her to go away with him and be married. They had crossed the ferry, and Susie had accidentally dropped the book there. As soon as their marriage had been confessed to the groom's parents and they had been forgiven they returned to Susie's home.

It turned out that Susie had long before given away the plaid dress, and it had found its way to a town some miles up the river and fallen into the hands of a girl who had committed suicide. The body had floated down with the current past Mellington before being recovered.

One charitable act will occasionally cause a man to pat himself on the back for many months.

About the only satisfactory substitute for wisdom is silence.

HIS BEST CHUM

By EUNICE BLAKE

Johnny Hoxey, aged fourteen, went to bed one night with a splitting headache. The next morning he remained in slumber, and no effort to awaken him availed. He did not seem to be in pain, sleeping tranquilly. He remained asleep week after week, month after month and year after year. He needed very little food, and that was given him by various methods devised by the doctors. He slept seven years in the same room, in which no change was made during that time.

When Johnny went to sleep a little girl thirteen years old was his "best chum," as he called her. They were in the same class in the same school and used to study their lessons together, for Lucy Treadwell lived directly across the street from Johnny, and they had not far to go to reach each other. Lucy grew from childhood to womanhood, seeing almost daily a person of the opposite sex who was in a perpetual slumber.

One day Johnny showed signs of waking. For a week there was hope that he would do so, but those about him had been so often disappointed that they had lost confidence in his recovery. But he did awaken, and when he came to himself he was alone.

He lay for some time, after becoming conscious, with closed eyes, thinking of his sufferings "the night before," as he supposed it was, and feeling much relieved to be out of pain. Then he attempted to turn on his other side. He was surprised to find himself very weak. Lying in bed without using his muscles had taken his strength. While on his back he opened his eyes, still seeing nothing but the ceiling. Hearing a step in the room, he turned so that he could see a young woman sitting beside a window reading. She was unknown to him. When Johnny as a boy had awakened in the morning and did not have to go to school he usually lay in bed reading.

"Is this Saturday?" he asked.

The girl started, and Johnny was astonished at the sound of his voice. The girl rose excitedly, came to his bedside, then ran immediately out of the room. Johnny in his amazement thrashed about and while doing so put his hand to his face. It was covered with hair.

"What in the world"— he began. And, sitting up in bed, he saw in a mirror the reflection of a man. He was dumfounded. He moved, and the reflection moved. After it had followed several of his movements he covered his face with the bedclothes and gave way to a nervous chill.

Hearing persons hurrying into the room, he threw off the clothes. His mother, looking much older than "the night before," ran into the room, followed by the young woman, who had gone out of it, and, taking him in her arms, sobbed:

"My dear boy! Heaven be thanked!"

"What is it, mother?" cried the affrighted John. "Something strange has happened! How big I am! How rough my voice! I seem to have grown to be a man overnight!"

"You have grown to be a man, dear, but not overnight. You went to bed one night when you were a boy and have slept continuously ever since."

There was silence for some time while a realization of this singular announcement was working its way into John's brain. Then he asked a dozen questions so rapidly that his mother found difficulty in answering one before another came forth. Finally he pointed to the girl, who seemed as much affected by his recovery as his mother, and asked who she was.

"She is—was—your best chum, Lucy Treadwell.

"Good gracious," exclaimed John wonderingly, "is that Lucy?"

"Yes, I'm Lucy. I've prayed for your waking ever since your long sleep began."

"She has been here nearly every day since your slumber began," said John's mother.

"And happened to be here when I woke," said John, and he put out both hands to her. "What a woman you're grown to be! How old are you—I mean how old am I?"

"You're twenty-one, and you know that I'm a year younger than you. That makes me twenty. Can you see any trace of your 'best chum' in me?"

"A trace only," replied John. "You were a pretty little girl then; you are a beautiful woman now."

Mrs. Hoxey said she must go and call the doctor at once. John must not get excited and take no action whatever till the doctor had seen him and given directions concerning him.

John obeyed the first injunction, but soon forgot all about the last. His mother had no sooner left the room than he reached for Lucy's hand and drew her to a seat beside him.

"So you have been here constantly since I have been in slumberland. Why did you come so regularly?"

Lucy turned away her head.

"You were my 'best chum,' and you have proved yourself worthy of the name. I don't seem to know whether I'm boy or man. I remember the kiss I gave you yesterday—I mean before I went to sleep. I wonder, should I kiss you now, would it taste the same?"

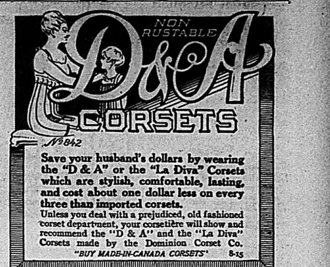
"I don't know," was the reply, the face still averted.

John put his arms about her, drew her down to him and kissed her.

"It's worth a thousand of the others," he said.

Our idea of a hustler is a man who can work as fast all day as he can dress in a cold room in the morning.

Most women would rather be grass widows than spinsters.



Points for Mothers

Regarding Environment.

A study of sound educational principles shows that the greatest perils as well as the greatest opportunities present themselves largely during A B C age and that therefore a careful study must be made of all requirements when providing a child's environment.

Specialists point out that at the start every child is greatly handicapped. Therefore he should be so nourished that every part of him works with a minimum amount of friction. We must rid ourselves of the idea that the youngest child requires the teacher of the least ability and skill. This is a viciously harmful idea. If children are wisely directed in the beginning there will be less cause for complaint afterward, less cause for men like Herbert Spencer to condemn the method upon which the advancement of the community rests.

Seguin tells us that we must educate the study of the senses, train the faculty of speech, the art of receiving, storing and expressing impressions, which is the natural gift of infants, and then we shall not need books to fill up the emptiness of our teaching until the child is at least seven years old.

If the education of the senses is neglected all after education partakes of a haziness, an insufficiency, which it is impossible to cure. Here, then, is a chain of reasoning that mothers and teachers of the very young child cannot escape. Examine the Montessori plan or Hillyer's or any one of the methods based upon the fundamental principles advanced by Froebel, Seguin—indeed by educators that reach back to the beginning of all things—and you will find in every instance that the greatest reliance is placed upon the sense training accompanying these methods. These students of education grasped the underlying principles and then worked out their own methods for action.

Night Terrors Are Serious.

Night terrors are due to fault in the nervous system which makes it easily excited by any slight irritation, even though that irritation be in some remote part of the body. The child awakens suddenly with violent screaming and gives abundant evidence of great fear. This may be repeated night after night or at less frequent intervals. Night terrors usually attack children between the ages of three and eight years, and in nearly every instance the attack comes on within two or three hours after the child has retired.

The face of the child shows the extreme terror which he is in. His eyes are widely opened and generally fixed upon one object. Sometimes a clew is given to what frightened the child by his crying out the name of the thing or person. During the attack the child will cling to others for protection. This period of extreme terror lasts usually only a few minutes, but it may be prolonged to nearly half an hour. Following this is a period during which the child recognizes persons and his surroundings, but for a considerable time he remains in a state of mild fear and dreads to be left alone.

Night terrors should never be allowed to continue untreated. They are indications that there is a serious fault in the nervous system, and this should receive the most careful and thorough consideration.

Hats and Parasols Match.

Throughout the past winter we became accustomed to the sets consisting of matching toque, muff and collar—of fur, chiffon, velvet and satin. Now we shall see matching hats and parasols to use with thin frocks. They are very pretty, and often figured chiffon is employed in their making—over silk for the parasol, over straw for the hat.

JEWELRY CHANGES.

Since so many of the spring fashions boast of peasant origin the jewelers have bethought themselves to put out copies of peasant antique brooches suitable to accompany the quaint frocks and blouses of the period. Many of these introduce a note of color, and the design is unusual in its metal combinations. Much of this jewelry has come direct from Europe, and others represent domestic copies of the same.

Quite new are the pearl and jet neckties represented in long, single strings of pearl beads not larger than the size of seed pearls and finished with cut jet beads or fringe or double twisted chains of alternate black and white with dainty pendant.

These neckties are designed to be fastened in front with a double twist like a man's cravat; hence the name. These are of unusual interest just now because of the dominant vogue of all manner of white and black things.

Points for Mothers

A Bad Habit Cured.

A delightful experience is told by a teacher that touches upon a child, an imaginative boy of seven, who was ideally polite and obedient to his parents, but who would, in spite of daily admonitions, insist on putting on his shoes and buttoning them every morning before putting on his trousers, which, of course, would not go on over the shoes. This daily blunder rendered him quite miserable as well as his parents. He would cry with shame and disappointment because he missed his breakfast with his father, promising to try to remember, but so regularly forgetting that his parents began to suspect some latent stubbornness if not deceit in the occurrence.

The teacher was a friend of the family and often visited them. On the occasion of one visit the boy's mother asked her whether she should chastise him for this annoying habit. The visitor said she would write to him, which she did, but the letter was in the form of a story of General Bad Habit, who was quartered in his house. The boy was very fond of military displays and stories, and just here she held his interest. She said she was sorry General Bad Habit was there and that she greatly feared her little friend would be reduced to the ranks if he did not make immediate resistance, and she asked him to use her letter as a flag of truce, to be placed in his shoe overnight, informing General Bab Habit that he proposed not only to resist him, but to take away his title, sword and shoulder straps.

The flag of truce was used in the shoe for two or three nights, then placed on the mantel and in less than a week entirely removed, and a letter from the triumphant child informed the teacher that Bad Habit was reduced to the ranks and the little friend was general and master of the situation. What an altogether charming way to help a child to overcome a failing!

Most Tactless of Men.

"Clarence unintentionally offended the aspiring young poetess."

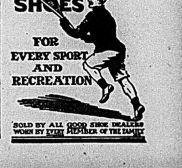
"In what way?"

"He sent her a gayly decorated wastebasket as a birthday present."—Philadelphia Record.

Then He Wouldn't Have It.

"How much of an income do you think you could live on comfortably?"

"I think I could manage to be very comfortable on about $10,000 a year until my wife found out that I was getting that much."



German Gases Most Fiendish Scheme Known

British General Says Worst Savages Have Never Used Such Scientific Torture

NEW YORK, May 29.—A letter from Major General Edward Stuart-Wortley commander of a British army corps in France, is made public here by his brother, Ralph Stuart-Wortley, of New York, giving this distinguished officer's tribute to the behavior of a Canadian division in France, and describing the horrors which resulted from the use of asphyxiating gases by the Germans.

The effect of these gases upon the men who inhale them, he says, has been to turn all the tissues of the lungs into liquid, and during the two days that it takes for the men to die, the victims are "the most hopeless, helpless, sickening sight imaginable."

Canadians Were Magnificent.

The letter follows:

"You will of course have read of the fighting that has been going on around Ypres just lately, and of the magnificent behavior of the Canadian division. In their attack on the Ypres salient the Germans made use of asphyxiating gas. This gas is disseminated, both in shells and in bombs, and also from cylinders which are buried in the trenches with their nozzles pushed through the parapets.

"The taps of the cylinders are turned on and the gas, which is, as far as we know, chlorine, is pumped out. The gas, which is heavier than air, and which is blown by the wind across our lines, sinks into our trenches and kill or incapacites any men who happen to be in them. The effect of the gas can also be felt as far back as fire or six miles and produces headache and a smarting of the eyes.

A Damnable Scheme

"The German papers which falsely accused us of making use of poisonous fumes, apparently defend their conduct by stating that the dissemination of this gas results in a swift and painless death for those with whom it comes in contact, and consequently is less barbarous than subjecting men to an inferno of shell fire from which great physical and mental torture must necessarily be endured.

"I am sure the public can not have as yet the slightest idea of this damnable effort on the part of the Germans to disregard all laws of humanity and civilization.

"I have seen our men in hospitals after having been brought back from the trenches. There is no need to ask for the ward in which they are as their groaning is quite sufficient a direction of its whereabouts.

"In one ward there are eight cases They are all sitting bolt upright or swaying back and forwards, gasping for breath; their faces, hands and neck a shiny grey-black color, their eyes glazed and unable absolutely to speak or feed.

Takes Two Days to Die

"It takes two days for these men to die. During these two days they are in the most acute agony, and if by the slightest chance they recover from the poison they will in all probability, be rendered useless for life, as the effect of the gas is to turn all the tissues of the lungs into liquid. The doctors and nurses are working day and night in attempts to give some relief. But there is nothing to be done. It is the most hopeless, helpless, sickening sight imaginable. Our medical officer, who has had a very large experience of the habits of African and Asiatic natives, tells us that in all his life he has never had to deal with such an example of scientific torture.

"At first I was inclined to disbelieve the accounts of the ill-treatment of our prisoners at the hands of the enemy, and to put them down to the inevitable exaggerations of warfare, but now that I have come face to face with the German methods in the field, my opinions have undergone gradual but permanent chance."

Was Formal Host to Kaiser

General Stuart-Wortley was formerly on terms of considerable intimacy with Emperor William of Germany. A few summers ago, when the Emperor was ordered by his physicians to spend some weeks at the English seashore, the general placed his country seat on the Hampshire coast at the Emperor's disposal.

DISMISSED ACTION AGAINST INSURANCE COMPANIES

The action of Mr. Dickson Anderson against the Scottish Union and the Norwich Union Fire Assurance Society, says the Journal of Commerce of Montreal, was dismissed by Mr. Justice MacLennan, Plaintiff, sued for $2,000 insurance on his house at Langueuil which was destroyed by fire while unoccupied. The court found that the risk had been increased by vacating the house without the consent of the companies, the policies thereby having become void. The plaintiff also failed to place any proof of loss inside of nine months.

Gallons of trouble may come out of a pint flask.

BECKER AS INFORMER

Condemned Policeman May Barter His Life for Revelations of Corruption in New York

NEW YORK, May 28.—Charles Becker, after a talk with his wife, decided that life was sweet, even though the balance of it might be spent behind bars.

On Tuesday Becker asserted he would not appeal to the United States Supreme Court for a new trial, and under no circumstances would he appeal to Gov. Whitman, who as District Attorney prosecuted him for the murder of Herman Rosenthal. But the prisoner changed his mind.

Will Make a Bitter Fight.

"I will fight to a finish," he told Father Cashin, who visited him soon after the departure of Mrs. Becker. "I have had a talk with my wife and now nothing can make me give up. I will carry my case to the highest court in the land and will appeal to the Governor."

Becker also has another plan. For the last six months he has been making voluminous notes of the graft situation in New York, outlining it with the conditions that led up to the murder of Rosenthal.

Friends of the former Police Lieutenant are using their persuasive powers to have him turn this over to the authorities, and it was said that he was inclined to try to trade this information for his life.

Will Expose "Higher Ups."

In other words, he will tell a story which will expose the names of men not before mentioned in graft exposures, and which will tell of the system of graft collections and the distribution—if the Governor will commute his sentence to death to life imprisonment.

Becker's note—and the source is almost as authoritative as though the story came from Becker—begin with this administration of Mayor Glaynor, when the latter ordered the cleaning of the town and the elimination of graft in the Police Department.

German Prisoners at Kingston

They Receive a Very Useful Lesson at the Hands of Mr. E. L. Luck

The interned German prisoners at Kingston do not know when they are well off. They were disatisfied with their rations; but after Mr. L. E. Luck, M.A., had talked with them for an hour in their own language they began to see matters in a different light, and probably no more complaints will be heard from them.

Mr. Luck was just the man for the occasion. Having spent some time in a German prison he was able to show those interned Germans that the difference in the treatment of English and German prisoners was all in favor of the latter. The meeting came about in this way. Mr. Luck had given a lecture at Kingston, and he was invited by Major Dawson to visit the prisoners, and was told that they had objected to their treatment, and more particularly to their food. Mr. Luck sampled the dinner given to the Germans, and found it quite an appetizing meal.

"Many families of British soldiers at the front would be very glad to have such a meal," said Mr. Luck to an Intelligencer representative.

Here is the menu given: tomato and beef soup; boiled pork; potatoes boiled in their jackets; turnips; white bread and tea.

"Supper and breakfast are correspondingly good," said Mr. Luck. "Each prisoner receives a pound and a quarter of bread a day; while soldiers are only allowed a pound. The British prisoners in Germany only get four ounces a day of black bread, and never see any meat. Everything the prisoners at Kingston wear is supplied by the Government. Several were having new boots the day I was there. In Germany the civilian prisoners have to supply everything themselves. In many cases I know of their clothes having gone to rags, and they were unable to replace them."

When Mr. Luck put these facts before the dissatisfied prisoners at Kingston, it can well be imagined that it occasioned some surprise, and there is reason to believe that it will mollify their behaviour in the future.

A WONDERFUL FORTRESS

Constantinople Comparable to Gibraltar—Became Great in Spite of Turk

Is Constantinople really worth while as a fortress? The answer is in its history and in its natural features. Situated at the southern entrance of the narrow straits of the Bosphorus where no ships can pass out of range of modern artillery, the city stands literally in the road of all comers. Further it is built on a high rocky promontory, not so high or as menacing in appearance as Gibraltar, but all the same high enough to frown down upon the greatest dreadnought imaginable. The V of this rock juts out into the Bosphorus and Marmora. It is garden and minaret-crowned but impregnable to assault. For the strength of its landward side history must speak. In 1912 the triumphant Balkan allies got within thirty miles of the city at the famous lines of Tchataldja—and stopped there. Contrary to everybody's expectations the victors of Kirk Kilisseh and Lule Burgas failed utterly to repeat. The secret was not only Turkish valor but the natural ruggedness of the country near the imperial city. In 1878 the Russian host swept right up to San Stefano, a suburb of Constantinople, and were ready in mind to celebrate Mass next Sunday in Saint Sophia for the first time since April, 1453. But they made a treaty with the holders of Constantinople, at San Stefano, just five miles from the prize. The hills and an inferior foe were too many for them. The Turks had their own troubles in taking the city. They crossed the Dardanelles, set up their capital at Adrianople and conquered much of Greece, Macedonia, Thrace and Bulgaria a generation before they could succeed in their repeated assaults by both land and sea upon the city which the wise general Constantine had selected as worthy to supersede Rome as the capital of the world. At the last they brought over 200,000 men and hundreds of ships to the attack, and a defence by army of only 9,000 held them out of the city for several weeks.

When Turkey Made Progress

Once they had taken Constantinople the advance of the Ottoman power into Europe really began. Within two generations the empire had reached over all of modern Greece, Albania, Bulgaria, Servia, Montenegro, Bosnia, Herzegovina, most of Hungary, and all of Roumania and even into Southern Russia. Twice the Turk was able to besiege Vienna and threaten the very existence of the Christian West. He could have done none of these things while that one city remained on his flank, menacing his commerce with the east, the transport of his troops from Asia, and every city which its fleet could reach. Before it could menace the east with its fleet Constantinople had to have a harbor which no enemy could reach without capturing the city itself. Constantinople had then and has still that sort of harbor. The so-called Golden Horn, the harbor of the city, is a natural harbor and one of the greatest and safest in the world, unimportant as it may look in modern shipping records. The character of this harbor is second in significance only to the situation of the city itself. The Horn is an inlet from the Bosphorus. It is six miles long and up to half a mile wide. So it is large enough for about 1,200 of the largest ships to ride at anchor at one time. The safety and availability of the harbor are absolutely natural. There are no great currents although the inlet receives the waters of the streams which the Turks call the Sweet Waters of Europe. There are no marshes, sandy flats, or rocks, for the deep water comes right up to the land everywhere. No extensive wharves are required. Most important of all, the high peninsula of Stamboul or the city proper curves around the port from the south and the high land of the two great suburbs of Galata and Pera protect it from the north and east. Without artillery far superior in range to that of the defending forts of the city no enemy could damage shipping in the harbor. The city's fleet can always skulk behind the city for safety. Danger from storms is out of the question.

A Great Harbor

With such a harbor the trade of their capital has thriven in spite of the Ottomans. Recent statistics show that in 1910 just 20,268 vessels called at this port and freight weighing 19,154,000 tons was handled. This was a great falling-off from a generation ago when other harbors of the Balkans and Asia Minor had not been modernized. Only the products of the country immediately around the city have been exported from it in recent years owing to disturbed political conditions in the Balkan peninsula. The exports are of such minor products as carpets, rugs, attar of roses, filigree work, lambskins, wool, and embroidery, most being the result of handicrafts or goods sent out before manufacture. With safe land routes to central Europe and with non-Turkish enterprise the importance of the manufactures and exports of the city should increase enormously.

By Hook or Crook

When an English peasant of the middle ages went to the forest to gather wood for the fire he carried a crook with which to gather up the dead boughs and sticks, and a hook to break off small boughs. The forestry laws were very severe, and anyone caught cutting down trees with an ax was punished. So the peasant gathered his firewood by "hook and by crook," and, though neither hook nor crook are now in use, the expression is as popular as it was in the middle ages.

EVERYDAY SCIENCE

Explanation of Phenomena We Sometimes Wonder About

Why does a whip crack? Why do bits of buff come off the end of the whip when you crack it Why does a baseball bat sting? One might ask dozens of such questions, dealing with little problems of everyday life, which would puzzle not a few people.

A whip cracks for the same reason that a bullet sings or a shell whistles or whines. It is a matter of speed or velocity. When a thing moves rapidly through the air, it reaches the velocity of sound, in other words, makes a noise by pushing the air aside. The speed at which a whip travels through the air when lashed is greater and greater throughout its entire length, and so great at the end that it comes to the velocity of sound. And this also explains why the fluff at the end of the whip is torn off by the friction of the air, and why the end of a wet towel or handkerchief hurts you so much when someone flicks you with it.

It is a popular belief that safety matches will not strike except on the box; but they will strike on anything that is very smooth, such as glass. The simple explanation is that if the match is rubbed on a smooth surface the friction is sufficient to make it hot, and it gets hotter and hotter until it ignites. In the case of safety matches, however, the surface on which they are struck must be perfectly smooth, otherwise the roughness will rub off the substance on the tip.

When a baseball bat is hit too near the end the hand is stung because the impact coming at that particular point drives the bat up.

Here is a simple trick which one can perform with an egg and yet, perhaps, not know how it is accomplished. Spin an uncooked egg on a plate, and then place the hand upon it, stopping the motion momentarily. Immediately the hand is removed the egg will resume its spinning motion, on account of the fluid contents of the shell, which first act as a brake, and afterwards continue their gyrations when the shell is stopped.

The kitchen provides many simple lessons in science. A loaf baked with only flour, water, and salt will be so heavy that it can hardly be cut, but the addition of yeast produces the loaf as we know it. This is explained by the fact that when yeast is employed carbonic acid gas is produced, which gives rise to the sponginess essential in the structure of good bread.

VEGETABLE GARDEN MEANS MUCH TO FARM

In the West the Garden Patch is Being Universally Adopted—Interests Whole Family in Agriculture

The vegetable garden is more and more becoming an established certainty in Western Canada, and, as each year passes, the "frozen waste" title applied to the West by the pessimists of early days, is increasingly becoming more and more of a joke.

Life on the farm is enhanced by the presence of a good vegetable garden and the meal table has been absolutely revolutionized thereby. Another purpose served by the cultivation of vegetables is that it initiates us into the possibilities that lie within the soil, which is our means of revenue. The farmer's wife and family get a taste for agriculture and share a common interest as co-tillers of the soil with the farmer in raising vegetables for the house.

Potatoes are preparing to leave the seclusion of the vegetable patch, and, by the aid of the digger and planter, will eventually become dignified under the classification of a field crop. It took years, one might say centuries, for the potato to be recognized in its true value as a food, but it has triumphed over prejudice and now stands as an essential for the tables of the civilized world.

What would our winters be like without the fruit we preserve during the fall months? The little currant patch on the farm is surely worth while when the sealers stand full on the shelf in the cellar and when their contents add a piquancy to the winter meals. There are numerous varieties of vegetables which can be grown with success and play an important part in helping to make the farm a self-supporting institution, and there are doubtless very many more waiting for a trial to prove themselves worthy of adoption.—Allan Campbell, in The Farmer's Advocate.

German Spies

An extraordinary story is told by William Le Queux in his latest book, "German Spies in England." The author managed to secure from a German of high position a report of a secret and bellicose speech by the Kaiser, delivered as long ago as 1908. Intending to make it the basis of a book pointing out that Germany meant war, Mr. Le Queux took it to Mr. Eveleigh Nash, the publisher, who locked it in a drawer in his private writing table. Two days later, when Mr. Nash opened the drawer, he found that the precious document had been stolen! Mr. Le Queux says that German Secret Agents undoubtedly committed the theft, and he has since learned that the manuscript is now in the archives of the Secret Service in Berlin.—From Beck's Weekly, Montreal.

A Tragedy of the Trenches

The Irish Guards were holding a position at Ypres, and lying bullets were the order of the day. The Germans endeavored to break through, and after a particularly brisk volley Private Flynn was heard to shout: "Murder of wars, I'm done now altogether!"

"Why, have you been hit?" shouted his Captain.

"Not entoirely hit, sir," shouts Flynn; "but I've been waiting this ten minutes for a smoke from Murtagh's pipe, and by the powers they've just shot it out iv his mouth."

COAT CLEARANCE

For cool evenings, motoring, boating, etc., a SPORT COAT HELPS TO MAKE THE TIME ENJOYABLE. We are clearing an assortment of

22 Sport Coats

of heavy materials, in Navy, New Blue, Tan and Tan Checks, in sizes from 16 years to 40 inches bust.

Reg. Prices $9.00, $9.50, $10.00, $12.50 and $13.50

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DRESS SILK.
36 inch Black Satin Duchesse, with our name on the selvedge, a guaranteed Dress Silk, selling at the old price .... $1.25 yard

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A large range of Black and White Shepherd's Checks, for Dresses, Suits and Coats, from 36 ins. to 56 ins. wide. Prices .... 35c. to $1.50 yd.

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Have you seen the New Puritan Collars? We have our first shipment of these, priced at ..... 40c., 50c., 65c. each.

COTTON WASH CREPES.
These Wash Crepes are among the season's best selling wash goods. Over 100 patterns and colors from which to choose a cheap and serviceable dress at 12½c. yard

CREAM SUITINGS.
Cream Wool Whipcord for Suits and Skirts, 54 inches wide .... $1.00 yard.
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We are showing many attractive novelties in Summer Waists and Dresses.
Dainty Voile Waists, neatly trimmed with lace or embroidery, from .... $1.00 to $7.00
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Concrete Sidewalks, Walls, Foundations, Sewer excavation and connections a specialty. Estimates given. Work promptly attended to, No. 3 Molsoms' Bank Apartments.

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The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column, or calling at The Intelligencer business office, full information may be obtained.

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Solicitor for Molsons Bank.
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Marriage Licenses issued by P Harrison at The Inteligencer Office, or at residence, Lewis Street.

COLLIER'S VICTORY OVER A SUBMARINE

Captain of Little "Thordis" Tells of His Adventure—Crashed Into Periscope and Conning Tower

"Bravo, captain! Accept heartiest congratulations to yourself and crew for splendid achievement."

Captain John W. Bell, master of the steamship Thordis, which rammed a German submarine off Beachy Head, received the above telegram from the delighted owners of the vessel.

The little collier's feat is described as follows in the ship's log:

"While proceeding from Blyth towards Plymouth observed periscope of submarine on starboard bow. Ordered all hands on deck in case of emergency. Then observed submarine pass across our bows to port beam, where it took up position thirty or forty yards off. Shortly after noticed wake of torpedo on starboard beam. Put helm hard over to starboard, and ran over periscope, when I and crew heard and felt a crash under the bottom. Did not see submarine after, but saw oil floating on the water. Proceeded on voyage."

Captain Bell told how, in a heavy sea, he pulled his little coasting steamer right over the top of the German submarine, caused his craft full of coal, to "sit down" forcibly on the pirate, and sent her to the bottom of the English Channel.

"I couldn't get away from the submarine pirate, and we thought the ship was doomed, so I put the helm over to starboard, hoping to hit her before we were sunk ourselves."

An Admiral's Tribute

Admiral Sir George Egerton, Commander-in-Chief at Plymouth, sent for Captain Bell to hear about his experiences at first hand. When the narrative was finished the admiral congratulated the shipmaster on his achievement.

"I think you did the right thing," he said.

Captain Bell and his officers and crew have no doubt that the submarine went straight to the bottom of the Channel, thirty fathoms deep.

"We took off her periscope," they say, "and if she didn't sink she would be bound to come to the surface, but there was no sign of her except a little oil on the water.

"I realized the danger we were in, and called all hands on deck to be prepared for an emergency. The boats were already slung out.

"I watched the submarine cross our bow, and the next time I saw her was on our port beam, where she took up a position abreast of us. The periscope at times stood well out of the water. It was reddish in color, but I could not see whether it was copper or painted red. I should think it would be four inches in diameter."

While the pirate was on the port beam of the Thordis all the crew clustered on the deck saw the wake of a torpedo speeding away from them towards the shore.

"Lord, she's missed!" cried the chief engineer, George Veitch, who had come up from below to join his comrades.

The men expected to hear and feel an explosion, and were ready to jump into the boats at the instant of shock. It was hard to realize that the submarine, so near the Thordis that one could nearly touch the periscope by leaning over the side, had actually missed. The torpedo had travelled right under the ship, and continued its flight on the other side in the direction of the shore.

The Captain's Inspiration

Then Captain Bell had the inspiration which made him famous.

"I knew that if I ported and threw my stern towards her I could have no chance of getting away," he said to an interviewer. "We can only do seven and a half knots in fine weather, and that is not of the slightest use.

"The engines were still running, giving the ship some way, so I put my helm hard over to starboard and we crashed right on top of the periscope.

"We all heard and felt the hard crunching of the collision. We knew we had got her. She disappeared entirely."

That is the victory of a 280-ton coast steamer over a German submarine. Captain Bell believes that not only was the periscope torn clean away, but that his keel crumpled the conning tower.

The Thordis suffered practically no damage. She tied up in Plymouth Sound, a drab harmless-looking craft and the only visible mark of her "engagement" was a long scratch on her port stern.

Captain Bell attributes his escape from the torpedo to the rough weather and the light draught of the Throdis

"We only drew 12 feet of water," he said, "and at the time of the attack we were plunging heavily. That must have been why the torpedo went right under us.

"It is not my first experience in the war. I was in the Scheldt as master of the Thornaby during the bombardment of Antwerp We had to clear and go to Zeebrugge, and where the last ship to leave Ostend before the Germans came. They arrived the morning after we went. We took Belgian refugees to Calais, and I was at that port when the Germans tried to torpedo a hospital ship."

DON'TS FOR THE BEGINNER IN THE CHICKEN BUSINESS

Don't go into the business too heavily at first; for you may not succeed.

Don't be afraid of a little hard work; it is good for you and will keep the pocketbook full.

Don't keep changing from one idea to another; be slow to change, but do not be the last.

Don't, if you want to be a success, start in with mongrels.

Don't go in for too many breeds at first; select a standard breed and get started; then if you want to, try some other kinds.

Don't think it will do you any harm to read some books and magazines on chickens; you will learn a few things.

Don't buy a cheap incubator or brooder; buy them from a reliable maker.

Don't take your neighbor's advice for the running of your incubator or brooder; follow the directions of the maker carefully.

Don't treat your chickens like machines.

Don't put your chickens in cold, damp houses, for they are apt to take cold.

Don't feed your chickens musty food. Give them plenty of food and green stuff.

Don't get discouraged if things do not go right at first.

—From Pacific Poultry Craft

Baked Onions

Select onions even in size. Cover with salted water and simmer 30 minutes without removing outside skin. When ready to bake carefully remove the thin skin, place onions close together in baking dish. Add 2 tablespoons of butter for 16 onions—and bake until tender. Baste often with melted butter. Onions must be thoroughly done, but should not lose their shape. Serve with fried rice ball.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers.

CITY COUNCIL

A regular meeting of the City Council will be held this evening. The matter of considering the tenders of the West Belleville sewer will no doubt be taken up

A FAMILY QUARREL

On Saturday night the police answered a call to a residence on Wharf street, where it was alleged a family quarrel was in progress. All was quiet when the police arrived upon the scene.

ALLEGED AEROPLANE FLIGHT

Last night Mr. John Darlington, who resides at Point Ann reported to the police here that shortly after 9 o'clock he saw two aeroplanes proceeding in a westerly direction. The message was imparted to the military authorities, here.

HORSE AND BUGGY STOLEN

The police here were notified that last night a horse and buggy was taken from under a shed in rear of the Quinte Hotel shed at Trenton. A description of the missing outfit has been furnished the local and other police forces in this district.

TROUT FISHING TRIP

Capt. Bothum and Mr. Daniel Grass have returned home after a successful trout fishing expedition in the northern portion of the County. They were accompanied on the trip by Mr. Harvey Gunter, who resides in that section of the County. The party were fortunate in securing a number of the finny tribe.

CITY MINISTER ILL

The many friends in this city of Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal church in this city, will regret to learn that he is ill. A few days ago he left here for New York City to attend a Synod meeting, and was taken ill with an attack of appendicitis. To-day he was operated upon in one of New York City hospitals and there is every prospect that he will soon be restored to health.

WOUNDED IMPROVING

Bombadier Blaylock who was wounded at the battle of Langemarck by being struck near the arm pit by a piece of shrapnel, is a son of Chas. Blaylock of this city, who is engineer on the G.T.R. local between Belleville and Brockville. Bombadier Blaylock was doing excellent work with the machine gun section of his company when a "Jack Johnson" shell burst nearby, killing several others. According to last reports received from him he was out of a hospital in England and was moving about assisted by crutches.

COLLISION OF MOTOR CARS

On Sunday afternoon a collision occurred between two automobiles at the junction of Front and Campbell street, but fortunately the damage done was not serious and no person was injured. A car driven by Mr. Edward J. Reed, of Thurlow Township, was proceeding up Front street when at the junction of Campbell street a collision occurred by a car, driven by Mr. John Moore. The result of the collision was that the wind shield of Mr. Reed's car was broken and the mud guard of the car, driven by Moore, was damaged. The occupants of the cars were not injured.

DEATH ROLL

MR. WM. NAYLOR

Mr. Wm. Naylor, who resided with his son, Mr. Frank B. Naylor, 152 Victoria Avenue, in this city was the victim of a stroke a few days ago, which proved fatal. He passed away at an early hour this morning. Deceased, who was 82 years of age, was born in Ireland, and came to Canada when at the age of 13 years. For upwards of half a century Mr. Naylor was a resident of Canifton, being by occupation a shoeman. He was a gentleman well known and highly respected. Deceased had been for many years a devout member of the Methodist church and occupied positions of trust in the church. Mrs. Naylor preceded him to the tomb four years ago. Surviving is one son and two daughters. The son, Frank B., resides in this city. The daughters are Mrs. W. S. Gilbert, who lives in Thurlow Township and Mrs. Alanzo Black of Canifton.

Robt. Edward Alfred Terry died this morning, aged 4 years and 8 months. Oldest son of Sergeant Edward Wm. Terry, who has gone with the 21st regiment to front. Resided on Catherine St. The remains will be taken to Salvation Army barracks and funeral from here to-morrow afternoon. Mrs. Terry has the sympathy of all.

Mrs. Frank Keirl, formerly a resident of Belleville, maiden name Miss Flagler. The remains come to Belleville tomorrow afternoon by C.P.R. Survived by husband, 3 daughters and one son.

WAR STORIES

Stirring Incidents of the Battlefield, Told by the Soldiers Themselves

A LETTER IN RHYME

A letter in rhyme comes in good time, from a soldier at the front; who tells with pride of the men who died, while bearing the battle's brunt. Private Cronie his name, from Toronto he came, of the 4th Battalion is he, who can write as well fight, as he did with his might, while with the D. Company. "The Answered Call," is the title—that's all; but it speaks of doings grand; of the brave men who fell in that earthly hell, where Canadians made a stand.

"List to the stand, by Canadians grand, fifteen thousand and four, who blocked the way that led to Calais, the outlet to England's shore. We were lying at ease, six miles from Ypres, laughing and joking quite gay, discussing if ever a blow we'd deliver at our enemy, cross the way. Night time came down, there wasn't a sound as we slept 'neath a starless sky, till at 2 a.m. a message came, 'Canadians Stand by.'

"We up and we dressed, prepared for the test, to avenge our dead who had fought and bled on the plains of Belgium. Eyes quite clear, devoid of fear, we marched to the battlefield, that living hell where poisonous shell had made our allies yield. We took our stand, the sight was grand, trained soldiers everyone—so calm, yet steady, alert and ready, for duty to be done.

"Way on the right, entrenched out of sight, we traced the enemy's line, where countless Huns and well-trained guns, were massed as one to nine. 'Onward, Canadians!' the colonel cried; 'Onward to victory and show these Huns how Canada's sons are ready for The Day.' Then morning broke, the cannon spoke, a hundred so—not less; while shot and shell around us fell, and mowed us down like grass. Through fields we swept, o'er furrows leapt, where Maxims hissed and screamed; comrades fell, but none could tell, if they were killed or maimed. Still on we sped, the colonel led, with but a riding cane, urging his men: 'Boys, at 'em again; victory we're sure to attain!' The cannon roared, the bullets poured; ten yards he kept ahead, through shrapnel and shell and a very hell, strewn thickly with the dead.

"He was wounded twice, and some say thrice, but to the end was game. A soldier brave, his best he gave, and died with a soldier's fame. 'Twas terrible now, but we made a vow, we'd stick till the last man fell; all true to the creed of your English breed, who fought at Neuve Chapelle, as each one thought of the havoc wrought if let loose these fiends of hell, to loot and destroy, ravage, kill and decoy, in the way their past deeds tell. They tried to break through, but we did subdue, driving them back to their line, where we kept them at bay six hours of that day, though in numbers they did us outshine. No shelter had we, not a bush nor a tree—only that vast open plain; a target to kill for them on a hill, from where their artillery did rain. Yet we stood side by side 'gainst that overwhelming tide, till darkness again had come down, when reinforcements strong, were brought along, to hold our well-won ground.

otaon ebe, -o! fpegh ½wpw aiern dl e left many dead in that sea of red, poor souls, they'd played their part, giving their lives, leaving their ... at home with a broken heart. They're a country's best, who've stood the test, a hero every one; not one was bought, but for honor fought, that duty might be done. They have fought like men and died like men—men of a fighting race. Who'll take their stand for a cause so grand, and never the flag disgrace?"

Continued on Page Eight.

After the Honeymoon

is the time when domestic help becomes pressing. A Want Ad. in our paper will solve the problem.

Desirable people who want employment appreciate its value and consult the "Help Wanted" ads.

Gas Water Heaters

Now that you have let the coal fires out, what about hot water for the bath, wash days etc.,

It dosen't cost much to have a "NINEX" installed. This heater is of the copper coil type and has been designed with an idea of permancy, efficiency in heating, and economy in fuel consumption.

If you are interested in gas water heaters it will pay you to let us show you the advantages of this heater.

The John Lewis Co.
Limited

Summer Millinery

A fresh shipment of New York Hats are being shown at our store, among the varied styles are sailors of medium size, in all white legal and black and white combinations of legal, velvet and satins.. For trimmings a smart feature of white Kid flowers, foliage, owl's heads, wings, fruit, in black and white.

Miss M. Campbell

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Good Pure Liquors
COME to the Uptown Store for Rye Whiskeys, Pure Gins, Creamy Beers, Smooth Cordials and Rare Wines of quality !

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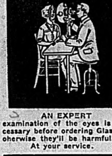

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examination of the eyes is necessary before ordering Glasses, oherwise they'll be harmful.
At your service.

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Belleville's
Exclusive Eye-Sight Specialist

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

The Arrival of the Much-Looked-For

Palm Beach Crash Suits

OUR first showing of these will without a doubt create quite some considerable excitement, considering the amount of enquiries we have had about them recently.

They have turned out splendidly, and are quite the prettiest Summer Suits we have shown for some time. The prices, too, are low—real low—$10.00, and the prettiest of styles. See them. It's worth your while.

KE Ketcheson & Earle
DIRECT IMPORTERS
DRY GOODS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS
The Glasgow Warehouse 210 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

MIDDIES, ARMY SERGE COLLARS
$1.75
All Sizes

JAPANESE SEA GRASS FURNITURE
Chairs, $5.60
Rockers, $6.15

WAR STORIES

Continued from Page Seven.

GERMANS NOT HUMAN BEINGS

Private H. R. Barfield, of Toronto, writing to his mother says: "I am just the same old boy, only been knocked about at bit. Cheer up; we are not downhearted. Hoping this war will soon end. The Germans are a bad lot. I will never forget that night. These Germans should never be called human beings. After this you should put your foot on all Germans."

CANADIANS CALLED SAVAGES

Lieutenant Eric Pepler, 3rd Field Company, Canadian Engineers, who was a student in the law office of McWhinrey & Brown, Toronto, before he enlisted, writes:

"The prisoners said our boys were savages. They didn't show any mercy; do you blame them? Since the sinking of the Lusitania, and having seen with my own eyes some of her other dastardly deeds, I have come to the conclusion Germany is a pagan country and has long ago put aside God and Christianity, and worships nothing by 'Ego' and 'Might,' or the God of war, and as one of the English papers said the other day, it is the world's duty to crush these civilized heathens."

THE GALLANT FIFTH

In the course of an interesting letter, Pte. T. A. Higgins, of the Black Devils (90th Winnipeg Rifles) says:—

"Every regiment, and every man, officer and private did his duty. One particularly gallant feat that will last long in the memory of every survivor of the 90th, was the attempt of the 5th Battalion to reinforce us by two companies on Saturday morning.

"After we were gassed, the 5th, as I said, tried to come to our assistance. They had been holding their line with three companies, retaining one company in support. The Germans being quiet in front of them, they withdrew one company from their trench and sent it with their support company to our assistance.

"They had to cross the open, sloping fields behind us in full view of the German artillery observer. The Germans fairly smothered the ground with shrapnel. But on came those gallant boys in extended order, platoon following platoon. They fell thick and fast, but never faltered. As long as these two regiments, the 90th Winnipeg Rifles and the 5th Western Cavalry fight side by side they will fight as one. We will never forget that magnificent dash to our assistance."

The 8th Battalion, to which the 90th Rifles belong, comprises also contingents of the 96th Lake Superior Regiment, the 98th Regiment, and the 99th Manitoba Rangers.

Store Hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RITCHIE'S

PHONE NUMBER
820 Connects All Departments.

STRAWS

FOR ALL HEADS
AT RITCHIE'S

These are opening days for Men's and Young Men's Straw Hats, and here will be found an almost endless array of the very latest shapes and straws—priced as follows:--

Men's English Sennit Braids—Straws with neat black silk band, leather sweat band, sizes 6¾ to 7¾ at............ $1.00

Soft Brim Split Straws—A very comfortable style with leather sweat and black silk band, special $1.00

Men's Large Shape Straw Hats—Soft brim with black silk band, extra values at 50c, 75c $1.00

Fancy Silk Hat Bands—A splendid collection in any color, combination ready to fasten on the hat.... .... 50c

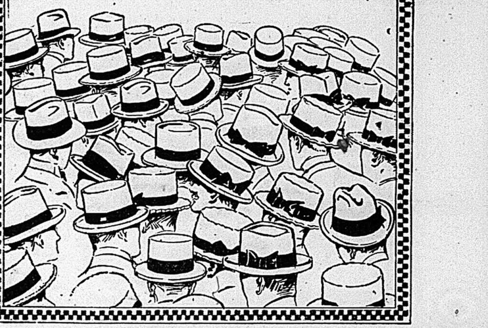
Men's Extra Quality Sennit Braid—With splendid quality black silk band and leather sweat band....$1.50 and $1.75

Christy's High Grade English Sennit Hats—Boater styles with raw edge, the very newest model for young men at..$2.00

Panamas—Ask to see our Panamas with the pencil curve brim, something different and entirely new $10.00

Boys Straw Hats—With soft brim and fancy band, excellent values at .... .25c and 50c

(See Display In Men's Window)



SEE WINDOWS | The Ritchie Co., Limited | SEE WINDOWS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FOR SALE

HORSE, HACKNEY BRED MARE 6 YEARS old, sound and in good condition, color light chestnut, all round good family horse for gentleman or lady. Price $250. Apply to C. J. Bowell at The Intelligencer Office, Belleville. d&wtf

POULTRY—13 WHITE ROCK HENS AND one fine Rooster. Most of these are laying. $13.00 for the lot. Apply at 161 Albert street, or at The Intelligencer Office dtf

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, CHIFFONier, writing desk, quarter cut oak buffet, bedroom set, Imperial Oxford Range with hot water attachment, only used four months. Apply 25 Forin street. m22-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED, AT ONCE, LATHE WORKERS. Apply Dixon Bridge Works, Campbellford, Ont. m11-dtf

WANTED

WOOL WANTED. FARMERS, WE WANT 40,000 of washed and unwashed wool, for which we will pay the highest cash price. Shipments from outside points will receive our prompt and careful attention. Belleville Produce Co. m28-d&wtf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED, A MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSE work. References required. Apply evenings to 215 Ann Street, city. m28-tf

WANTED, MAID, GENERAL. APPLY in evenings 279 William Street. 29-4td

TO RENT

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS TO RENT $1.00 per day. The Belleville Vulcanizing Co., 11 Moira St. Phone 661. a27-dtf

PERSONAL

ATKINS AND COCHRANE. PAINTERS, PAPER HANGERS AND GLAZERS. PHONE 743. m31-1m

The
Belleville Burial Co.
189 Front Street
South of Standard Bank
Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers.
CHARGES MODERATE
M. F. Armstrong, J. W. Imlah
Managers
Day and night calls promptly attended to
Phone 774

Over 80,000 women are employed in the steam laundries of the United States.

A Thackeray set of 106 volumes was sold at New York for $1,725; 56 of Chas. Reade's brought $312.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Eat
Clapp's
Fresh
Butter Scotch

RICH, CRISPY, BUTTERY,
and just flavored right with the very best Vanilla.

SOME FRESH TO-DAY
20c a lb.

Chas. S. Clapp

A SQUARE PEG in a Round Hole

You may be alright, but if you are in the wrong position you are like a square peg in a round hole. You want a position where you fit.

●This paper is read by intelligent business men, and a Want Ad. in our classified columns will reach them.

The Meaning of Calumet.

You will often run across the word calumet in connection with Indian tales of war, and unless you are familiar with its meaning you are apt to be puzzled by it.

Calumet is the name of the peace pipe used by the North American Indians. It consisted of a tobacco pipe having a large bowl, generally of polished red marble or sandstone, and a stem of reed or painted wood decorated with feathers and about two and one-half feet long. After a peace treaty had been signed the Indians used to fill the pipe with the best tobacco and present it to the representatives of the party with which they had made peace, themselves smoking it afterward. The Indians also presented the calumet to any visitor, and to refuse it was to declare war with those who proffered it. The word calumet is not in itself Indian; it is a Norman word meaning shepherd's pipe and was given by the early French settlers to the Indian pipe of peace because of its general resemblance to the musical instrument of the field.

Odd Marriage Customs.

An Arab wedding lasts seven days. The husband sees his wife's face after the ceremony is over. It is then proper for him to cry out in delight at its loveliness, and then, as in the Bible, "the friend of the bridegroom, who standeth and heareth him, rejoiceth greatly because of the bridegroom's voice." The people outside the tent raise an answering cry.

In Turkey the bride stands behind a screen during a part of the ceremony and is first seen at its conclusion. A Moorish wedding is also a seven day affair.

Streets Swept by Convicts.

The public streets in the towns of Java are daily swept and kept clean by native convicts. They go to work chained together in parties of twenty or thirty under the superintendence of barefooted native soldiers, clad in ill-fitting uniforms, who would instantly shoot their charges down if they tried to escape during their working time, when they are unchained.—Wide World Magazine.

The Wrong Chap.

"Young man, you call regularly to see my daughter?"

"I do."

"I want to know if your intentions are serious."

"You must have the wrong man, Mr. Wombat. I call to collect the payments on her piano."

To Use Motorcycles.

The postoffice in England intends to try the motorcycle for rural service. Orders have been placed for experimental machines.

THE BEAUTIFUL MOON.

Strange, Indescribable Fascination of a Dead World.

For as many years as the animal called man has lived on the planet named earth, the moon has been given credit for greater beauty and greater diablerie than any other of the celestial hosts.

The sun is our glorious source of light and heat and makes possible flower and fruitage, even in desert places, but the solar centre around which all things within our detached universe revolve has had no such potential influence on human fancy and imagination as has our splendid terrestrial satellite which reflects to us a light only less glorious than that of the sun. The sun had in other times its myriad of worshipers, but all mankind have been in another sense worshipers of the moon.

It is the orb of every lover of beauty as well as of the lover lunatic; and its strange, indescribable fascination has undoubtedly been responsible for an innumerable mania well named lunacy. "How sweet the moonlight sleeps upon that bank," were the murmured words of Lorenzo to Jessica in the Merchant of Venice, nicely expressing the effect of the mellow sheen on earthly objects.

Another effect is suggested by Byron, who wrote that "the devil's in the moon for mischief"; that "they who call her chaste began too soon their nomenclature"; and, further, that there is "not a day, the longest, not June 21," that is capable of the deviltry of "one hour of full moon." Shakespeare describes more than one kind of disloyalty as like that of the "inconstant moon that nightly changes in her circled orb."

And so on with the prose and poetry, satirical and worshipful, enough to fill the shelves of the greatest library building in the world. It is probable there might never have been a writer of romance had there never been a moon.

Prosaically, the moon is distant from the earth a little less than 240,000 miles, or less than 10 times the circumference of the earth. This is very close for a planetary neighbor, and especially one so powerful as this erratic satellite, the diameter of which is 2,162 miles and its mass being much greater than that of any satellite of any other planet of our solar system.

By what process the moon was brought into existence is yet a matter of friendly dispute among astronomers and theorizers, some holding that the lunar mass was once a part of the earth, but was separated from it by tremendous tidal operation of the sun; some others that it is a captured planet, it having come so within the earth's influence as its individual orbit to be forever within the double attraction of earth and sun. Let that be as it may, in the moon we have at our very doors a dead planet, twisted and torn by inconceivable upheavals which left mountains and valleys exceeding any on earth, having neither animal nor any other life, useless for anything we can use except as an illustration of a future condition of the earth millions of years hence, and to illuminate our nights with a light magical, according to the mental and spiritual conception of the beholder.

One of the beautiful phases of moonlight is that it not only shines upon us with the light of the sun, but also, in its crescent shape when it is "new," reflects back to us the light of earth, a faint, wondrous illumination of the otherwise dark part, which has been called "the old moon in the arms of the new." That is called "earthshine," and comparatively few who witness the advent of a "new moon" understand the source of the phenomenon, a very dreamlight emanating from our globe, and suggesting how grand might be that earthshine to lovers and others on the moon if there were such.

The "phases" of the moon, new moon, second and third quarters and full moon, are caused by the relation to sun and earth of the moon and by the slow revolution of the moon on its axis, which occupies the same time as its orbital revolution around the earth.

Zinc Ointment For Red Nose.

A red nose is often constitutional, or the sign of indigestion, but more often than not it is caused by a too thin skin. When the latter is the cause zinc ointment is a splendid remedy. You should apply it to the nose every night. You will find it does wonders in hardening the skin, and in this way the tendency to redness will gradually disappear.

CITY AND VICINITY

Gambling Among the Ancients.

Gambling with dice and cards has prevailed from the earliest times. We do not read of gambling houses in the classic literature of Greece, but there can be no doubt that the vice was very widely practiced in private houses. In Rome, under the emperors, gambling prevailed very extensively. Augustus and most of the succeeding sovereigns were passionately fond of the dice, and the Emperor Claudius wrote a book on the subject. A Roman would transport to a gaming resort his whole fortune—coins, papers and chattels—and, after losing all, would even seize the cloaks of his slaves to stake on a change of luck.

Basis For Exchange.

He had a drove of dispirited steeds and paused to give them a much needed rest. The storekeeper came out and looked them over casually.

"Want a horse?"

"Guess not."

"I'll take it out in goods," said the stranger. "I'll take it out in tobacco, in fact."

"Might do some business along those lines," responded the storekeeper, "if we kin agree on a basis."

"What's your basis?"

"Well, I'll trade with you, plug for plug."

Fiction and Fact.

In the novels the husband strolls into the conservatory for a little smoke before dinner. In real life he strolls into the kitchen and raises blue blazes with the light of his life because dinner isn't ready.

Really Sick.

"Beautiful nurse you have."

"Is she?" murmured the patient feebly. "I hadn't noticed."

"Great Scott, old man, I had no idea you were that sick!"

Sacred Choral Recital, Bridge St. church, Friday evening, June fourth. Choir and local Soloists. Silver collection. All are invited. 29,2t

If you want the very best Life or Accident Insurance, go to Burrows of Belleville. m29,dtf.

Special bargains in Furniture still continues at George Thompson's, 312 Front St. tf

NOTICE

No dance to-night at Oddfellow's New Hall.—Signed Albert Johnstone.

TENDERS FOR BAY BRIDGE

Tenders will be received up to 15th June inst., for lease of the tolls of The Belleville Prince Edward Bay Bridge for from one to five years, at a certain sum per year. For further particulars apply and address tenders to Porter & Carnew, Barristers, Belleville. 31,3t

The Novelty Studio has moved from 229 to 291, Front street. 31,d1t,w2t

PAYMENTS TO THE PATRIOTIC FUND

Payments will be received for the Patriotic Fund at any of the local banks. Subscribers to that fund will govern themselves accordingly.

Thirty officers were killed in the Princess Irene disaster.

All cameras which belong to members of the Expeditionary Force are ordered to be returned to England.